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May-June 1996 cattle population survey

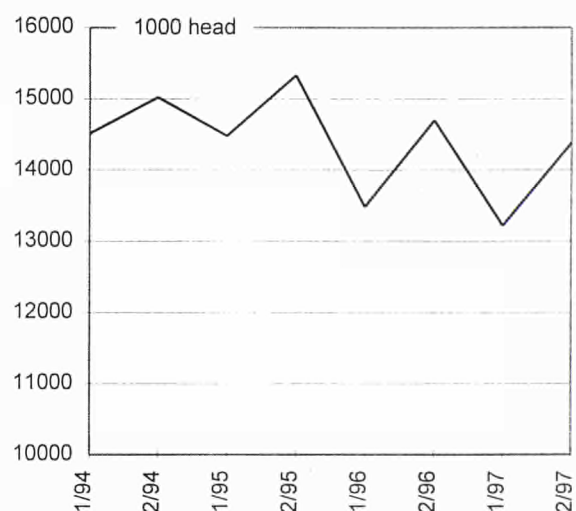
Modest growth in the cattle population but meat supply on the market would appear to have dropped by 5% as a result of culling

At Community level, the results of the cattle population survey reflect a continuation of the trend observed for the past two years, even though the survey was carried out at the height of the BSE (bovine spongiform encephalopathy) crisis. The dairy herd continued to shrink slowly (- 0.8%) and the rearing of bull calves showed a further decline (-2%) offset by the more extensive meat production resulting from greater numbers of suckler cows (+1.8%). In overall terms, the cattle population increased slightly (+0.7%). However, the supply of meat for human consumption appeared to have dropped in 1996 by 5% in relation to 1995 as a result of the health measures designed to remove from the food chain any animal likely to pass on the disease.

The cattle population survey of May-June 1996 was carried out between the sixth and the fourteenth week following the outbreak of "mad cow disease", at a point in time when beef and veal consumption had already started to recover in many countries after falls sometimes exceeding 30%.

The Community intervention measures aimed at supporting demand via the public purchase and storage of bovine carcasses were already in place. In the United Kingdom a start had been made on implementing the slaughter programmes for animals likely to be affected by - or pass on - the disease, and the results of this survey have to be seen in this context. The level of livestock in this phase of the crisis represents a snapshot view which perhaps reflects momentary effects as much as underlying trends.

Semi-annual evolution of the gross indigenous production of cattle in the EU



* Forecasts for 1996 and 1997



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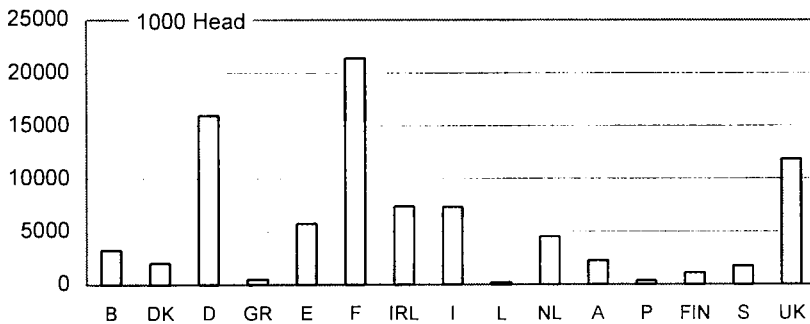
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The cattle livestock in the EU in May-June 1996



However, it is worth noting that according to the surveys carried out previously, the cattle population at Union level stabilised in 1994 after a period of extended decline. In 1995, this stabilisation was confirmed but there were no signs of an increase in the Community herd.

Despite the scale of the crisis in the beef and veal sector, the results of the survey of May-June 1996 are pretty much in line with the pattern of the previous surveys. Compared with June 1995, total livestock numbers in the Union rose slightly (+0.7%) while the number of **cows** remained almost stable. To comply with the quota regulation the downward trend in dairy cows continued compensating for the milk yield increase. Meanwhile the herd of suckler cows for extensive beef meat production is going up.

Less bull calves

As far as **animals for slaughter aged under 2 years** (excluding calves) are concerned, the trends observed since 1994 continued. This was the case both for male bovines, whose number fell still further by some 270 000 (-2%) after a fall of 200 000 between June 1994 and June 1995, and for heifers for slaughter, whose number dropped by a further 1%.

By contrast, **bovines for slaughter aged over 2 years** increased fairly substantially in number, with the number of both bulls and bullocks rising by 4.6 and 5.5% respectively. This therefore points to slaughter deferrals, with certain breeders apparently preferring to postpone the sale of animals for slaughter until the market rates increased. It is worth noting the

increase in the number of calves for slaughter (+4.4%), which was almost entirely attributable to Belgium and Germany, while in the main calf-producing countries (France, the Netherlands and Italy) trends remained.

Country-specific overview

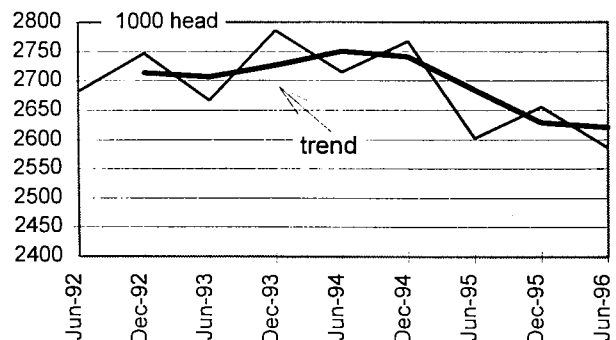
Livestock numbers rose most sharply in **Ireland** (almost 4%), with almost all categories

affected. This marked a continuation of the uninterrupted growth of Ireland's bovine herd from its 1988 level of 6.45 million to its current level of 7.4 million. The sharp increase in numbers in relation to December 1995 (+900.000 head of cattle) should not come as a surprise, since this is a regular feature in this country where extensive meat production means that large numbers of animals are removed from pasture in the autumn. In **Greece**, the trend is inverse, since livestock - which barely exceeds 540 000 head of cattle - would once again appear to be in decline after a respite in 1995. This trend is probably attributable to animal-health problems (other than BSE) affecting certain regions. Some ten years ago Greece's bovine herd stood at approximately 800 000.

Other noteworthy trends include a very substantial drop in the number of bull calves in **Belgium, Denmark, Germany** and the **Netherlands** and the development of an export-flow from Denmark to Germany of calves no longer fattened on the spot. It would seem that



Evolution of the dairy herd in the United Kingdom



German breeders, like their Belgian counterparts, are to some extent focusing on the rearing of calves for slaughter, which would explain the very pronounced increases in this category (33% and 48% respectively). As regards dairy cows, numbers fell in Belgium (-5.3%) and the Netherlands (-3.5%), as well as in the three countries which acceded to the Union in 1995. In **Austria**, this trend (-4.8%) was more than offset by an increase in the number of suckler cows, so that today one in four of Austria's cows is classed as a suckler compared with one in ten at the time of Austrian accession.

UK livestock deserves a special mention due to the ban on beef and veal from the **United Kingdom** and to the culling programmes set up to eradicate the disease. One such programme covers calves and the other adult bovines aged over 30 months regarded as unsuitable for consumption and destroyed after slaughter. Up to the end of June, 240 000 animals were affected by these measures. Since the introduction of these programmes only really took effect as from May, it was not possible to make up all the delays in slaughter. This explains the fairly marked increases in livestock, particularly as regards animals for slaughter aged over 2 years (+12%). It is also probable that under normal circumstances the number of dairy cows would have fallen further as part of the decapitalization of the dairy herd started in 1994.

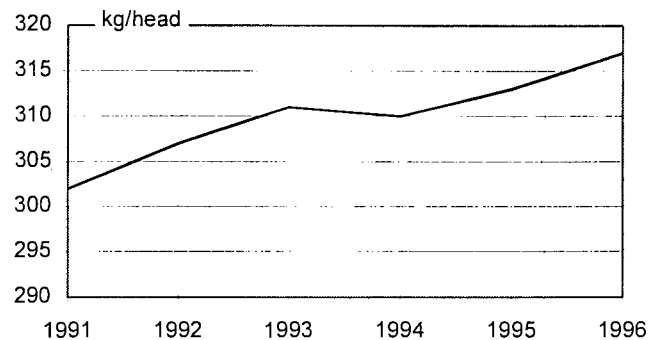
Apparent drop of 5% in gross domestic production of bovine animals in 1996

The current crisis in the bovine sector makes production forecasting even more difficult than usual. Bearing in mind livestock levels and currently available statistics on slaughtering, a fall of 5.5% in beef and veal production at Community level (assessed in terms of head of cattle) can be expected in relation to 1995. In tonnage terms the fall will probably be less pronounced, since the anticipated drop is likely to affect calves more than adult bovines (-8.1% and -4.8% respectively). Also, since slaughtering was subject to

many deferrals at the height of the crisis, the final weight of animals slaughtered was higher (possibly up to 4 kg for adult bovines).



Carcasse weigh of adult cattle



Overall, the drop in production would seem to amount to 1.6 million head of cattle, of which 1.4 million for the United Kingdom alone. It should also be noted that in no other country of the Union is the fall likely to exceed 3%, while in some countries an increase is expected. Falls in production of between 2 and 3% are anticipated in Ireland, Italy, Portugal and Sweden, while in Germany and the Netherlands a fall of between 1 and 2% is expected. In Belgium and Austria the indications are that there will be an increase of about 6%. Elsewhere the results are likely to show that production has remained stable overall, although no recent estimate for Spain is available.

1997 looks set to see a stabilisation of beef meat production in most of the countries. The decrease of -1.2% in terms of head at EU level might be offset by a further increase of carcasse weights. As in 1996 the production of 1997 for human consumption is likely to be down some 5% on 1985 level. At the same time, the large-scale health-related culling programmes, which are not included in production accounting since they are outside the food chain, are likely to continue.

Methodology

In **Spain** the collected data have not yet been completely processed and the final results of the survey might be different. Furthermore no estimation of the cattle GIP is available for Spain at the moment. In **Portugal** only one survey on the cattle herd is carried out each year in december.

RINDERBESTAND IM MAI-JUNI

BOVINE LIVESTOCK IN MAY-JUNE

EFFECTIFS BOVINS EN MAI-JUIN

	1000 STÜCK				1000 HEAD								1000 TETES					
	EUR 15	EUR 12	B	DK	D	GR	E	F	IRL	I	L	NL	A	P	FIN	S	UK	
	1 INSGESAMT (Büffel einbegriffen)				TOTAL (buffaloes included)								TOTAL (buffles compris)					
1995	86553	81282	3286	2089	16098	573	5724	21242	7122	7207	214	4657	2318	1337 !	1150	1802	11733	1995
1996	87115 *	81822 *	3303 *	2053 *	15965 *	546 *	5811 !	21394 *	7403 *	7363 *	217 *	4552 *	2320	- :	1151 *	1782 *	11911 *	1996
% 96/95	0.7 *	0.7 *	0.5 *	-1.7 *	-0.8 *	-4.7 *	1.5 !	0.7 *	3.9 *	2.2 *	1.4 *	-2.3 *	0.1	- :	0.0 *	-1.1 *	1.5 *	% 96/95
	1.1 Rinder von weniger als 1 Jahr				Bovines less than 1 year old								Bovins de moins d'un an					
1995	25605	23925	1043	755	5216	182	1782	5694	1748 *	2180	58	1656	702	375 !	423	555	3236	1995
1996	25757 *	24063 *	1091 *	735 *	5152 *	159 *	1844 !	5749 *	1848 *	2215 *	59 *	1642 *	691	- :	425 *	535 *	3235 *	1996
% 96/95	0.6 *	0.6 *	4.6 *	-2.6 *	-1.2 *	-12.6 *	3.5 !	1.0 *	5.7 *	1.6 *	2.2 *	-0.8 *	-1.6	- :	0.4 *	-3.5 *	0.0 *	% 96/95
	1.1.1 Schlachtkälber				Calves for slaughter								Veaux de boucherie					
1995	3835	3502	171	6	153	60	1214	819	0	330	2	669	59	63 !	248	25	16	1995
1996	4005 *	3658 *	226 *	6 *	227 *	60 *	1248 !	806 *	0 *	342 *	2 *	678 *	58	- :	248 *	23 *	16 *	1996
% 96/95	4.4 *	4.4 *	32.6 *	0.0 *	47.8 *	0.0 *	2.8 !	-1.6 *	0.0 *	3.6 *	3.3 *	1.3 *	-1.9	- :	-0.1 *	-9.2 *	0.0 *	% 96/95
	1.1.2 Andere männliche				Other male								Autres mâles					
1995	9677	9096	334	336	2390	61	155	2052	910	934	21	233	319	157 !	3	259	1514	1995
1996	9549 !	8975 !	326 *	308 *	2278 *	46 *	155 !	2077 *	963 *	947 *	21 *	205 *	308	- :	3 *	230 *	1526 !	1996
% 96/95	-1.3 !	-1.3 !	-2.3 *	-8.3 *	-4.7 *	-24.6 *	0.1 !	1.2 *	5.8 *	1.4 *	3.2 *	-12.0 *	-3.4	- :	6.9 *	-11.1 *	0.8 !	% 96/95
	1.1.3 Andere weibliche				Other female								Autres femelles					
1995	12094	11327	538	413	2673	61	414	2823	838	916	35	754	323	156 !	172	271	1706	1995
1996	12204 *	11431 *	539 *	421 *	2647 *	53 *	441 !	2866 *	885 *	926 *	36 *	759 *	324	- :	174 *	283 *	1694 *	1996
% 96/95	0.9 *	0.9 *	0.1	1.9	-1.0	-13.1	6.6 !	1.5	5.5	1.1	1.6	0.7	0.3	- :	0.9	4.2	-0.7 *	% 96/95
	2.2 Rinder von 1 bis unter 2 Jahren				Bovines aged between 1 and 2 years								Bovins de moins de 2 ans					
1995	18656	17362	699	405	3818	87	631	4244	1750	1571	48	953	556	232 !	273	465	2924	1995
1996	18726 *	17428 *	699 *	383 *	3773 *	89 *	641 !	4198 *	1810 *	1639 *	49 *	917 *	555	- :	275 *	472 *	2993 *	1996
% 96/95	0.4 *	0.4 *	-0.1 *	-5.4 *	-1.2 *	2.3 *	1.6 !	-1.1 *	3.5 *	4.3 *	1.4 *	-3.8 *	-0.1	- :	0.7 *	1.6 *	2.4 *	% 96/95
	2.2.1 Männliche				Males								Mâles					
1995	7094	6536	225	52	1523	48	109	1459	995	708	15	203	262	112 !	106	190	1087	1995
1996	6955 *	6408 *	204 *	30 *	1467 *	48 *	109 !	1364 *	1035 *	753 *	16 *	177 *	254	- :	106 *	177 *	1104 *	1996
% 96/95	-2.0 *	-2.0 *	-9.3 *	-42.3 *	-3.6 *	0.0 *	0.4 !	-6.5 *	4.0 *	6.4 *	5.6 *	-12.8 *	-3.1	- :	-0.2 *	-6.8 *	1.6 *	% 96/95
	2.2.2 Weibliche Schlachttiere				Female for slaughter								Femelles de boucherie					
1995	2211	2132	65	14	266	6	41	326	380	154	4	67	33	25 !	19	27	785	1995
1996	2194 *	2116 *	70 *	14 *	272 *	8 *	41 !	324 *	369 *	157 *	3 *	60 *	33	- :	19 *	18 *	782 *	1996
% 96/95	-0.7 *	-0.7 *	8.2 *	0.0 *	2.2 *	33.3 *	0.5 !	-0.6 *	-2.8 *	1.9 *	-19.2 *	-10.4 *	-0.5	- :	-1.0 *	-32.6 *	-0.4 *	% 96/95
	2.2.3 Andere weibliche				Other female								Autres femelles					
1995	9351	8694	410	339	2029	33	481	2459	374	709	29	683	261	96 !	148	248	1052	1995
1996	9577 *	8904 *	425 *	339 *	2034 *	33 *	491 !	2510 *	406 *	729 *	30 *	680 *	269	- :	150 *	277 *	1107 *	1996
% 96/95	2.4 *	2.4 *	3.7 *	0.0 *	0.2 *	0.0 *	2.0 !	2.1 *	8.4 *	2.8 *	2.0 *	-0.4 *	2.8	- :	1.6 *	11.7 *	5.2 *	% 96/95

	EUR 15	EUR 12	B	DK	D	GR	E	F	IRL	I	L	NL	A	P	FIN	S	UK	
1.3 Rinder von 2 Jahren und darüber			Bovines of 2 years and over										Bovins de 2 ans et plus					
1995	42251	39955	1544	929	7064	304	3310	11304	3624	3416	108	2048	1061	730 !	454	782	5573	1995
1996	42590 *	40289 *	1513 *	935 *	7040 *	298 *	3326 !	11447 *	3745 *	3467 *	109 *	1993 *	1074	- :	451 *	774 *	5683 *	1996
% 96/95	0.8 *	0.8 *	-2.0 *	0.6 *	-0.3 *	-2.0 *	0.5 !	1.3 *	3.3 *	1.5 *	1.0 *	-2.7 *	1.3	- :	-0.7 *	-1.0 *	2.0 *	% 96/95
1.3.1 Männliche			Male										Mâles					
1995	2302	2251	50	9	176	6	99	592	768	85	5	20	26	32 !	3	22	411	1995
1996	2409 *	2355 *	49 *	9 *	168 *	7 *	99 !	611 *	800 *	95 *	5 *	20 *	28	- :	5 *	19 *	461 *	1996
% 96/95	4.6 *	4.6 *	-2.3 *	0.0 *	-4.2 *	16.7 *	0.3 !	3.2 *	4.1 *	11.8 *	2.4 *	0.0 *	9.3	- :	61.3 *	-13.6 *	12.2 *	% 96/95
1.3.2 Färsen			Heifers										Génisses					
1995	6046	5780	319	96	993	19	173	2176	534	465	24	173	132	54 !	23	110	755	1995
1996	6246 *	5972 *	326 *	92 *	998 *	18 *	177 !	2276 *	537 *	471 *	25 *	179 *	136	- :	24 *	122 *	808 *	1996
% 96/95	3.3 *	3.3 *	2.3 *	-4.2 *	0.5 *	-5.3 *	2.8 !	4.6 *	0.7 *	1.3 *	3.5 *	3.5 *	3.0	- :	4.3 *	10.9 *	7.0 *	% 96/95
1.3.2.1 Färsen zum schlachten			Heifers for slaughter										Génisses de boucherie					
1995	999	985	82	6	59	0	6	330	212	30	3	48	6	9 !	1	7	200	1995
1996	1055 *	1040 *	79 *	6 *	67 *	2 *	9 !	345 *	208 *	32 *	3 *	54 *	6	- :	2 *	5 *	227 *	1996
% 96/95	5.5 *	5.5 *	-4.4 *	0.0 *	14.4 *	0.0 *	34.9 !	4.5 *	-1.8 *	6.7 *	11.6 *	12.5 *	9.3	- :	53.8 *	-31.4 *	13.5 *	% 96/95
1.3.2.2 Andere Färsen			Other heifers										Autres génisses					
1995	5046	4795	237	90	934	19	166	1846	322	435	21	125	127	45 !	22	103	555	1995
1996	5191 *	4932 *	248 *	86 *	930 *	16 *	169 !	1931 *	329 *	439 *	22 *	125 *	130	- :	22 *	117 *	581 *	1996
% 96/95	2.9 *	2.9 *	4.6 *	-4.4 *	-0.4 *	-15.8 *	1.6 !	4.6 *	2.3 *	0.9 *	2.5 *	0.0 *	2.7	- :	1.4 *	13.8 *	4.7 *	% 96/95
1.3.3 Kühe			Cows										Vaches					
1995	33903	31923	1175	824	5896	279	3039	8536	2323	2866	80	1855	902	644 !	428	650	4407	1995
1996	33936 *	31961 *	1138 *	834 *	5874 *	273 *	3050 !	8560 *	2408 *	2901 *	80 *	1794 *	910	- :	422 *	633 *	4414 *	1996
% 96/95	0.1 *	0.1 *	-3.2 *	1.2 *	-0.4 *	-2.2 *	0.4 !	0.3 *	3.7 *	1.2 *	0.1 *	-3.3 *	0.8	- :	-1.4 *	-2.6 *	0.2 *	% 96/95
1.3.3.1 Milchkühe			Dairy										Vaches laitières					
1995	22264	20654	673	702	5233	180	1247	4389	1298	2150	49	1764	725	368 !	399	487	2602	1995
1996	22089 *	20492 *	637 *	712 *	5194 *	177 *	1285 !	4337 *	1317 *	2180 *	48 *	1702 *	690	- :	391 *	468 *	2587 *	1996
% 96/95	-0.8 *	-0.8 *	-5.3 *	1.4 *	-0.7 *	-1.7 *	3.1 !	-1.2 *	1.4 *	1.4 *	-2.2 *	-3.5 *	-4.8	- :	-2.0 *	-3.9 *	-0.6 *	% 96/95
1.3.3.2 Andere Kühe			Other cows										Autres vaches					
1995	11639	11269	503	122	663	99	1793	4147	1025	716	31	91	178	276 !	29	163	1805	1995
1996	11846 *	11470 *	501 *	122 *	680 *	96 *	1765 !	4223 *	1091 *	721 *	32 *	92 *	220	- :	31 *	165 *	1827 *	1996
% 96/95	1.8 *	1.8 *	-0.3 *	0.0 *	2.6 *	-3.0 *	-1.5 !	1.8 *	6.5 *	0.7 *	3.8 *	1.1 *	23.6	- :	6.5 *	1.2 *	1.2 *	% 96/95

* VORLÄUFIGE ODER GESCHÄTZTE ANGABE

-: NICHT VERFÜGBAR

! EUROSTAT SCHÄTZUNG

* PROVISIONAL OR ESTIMATED DATA

-: NON AVAILABLE

! ESTIMATED BY EUROSTAT

* DONNEE PROVISoire OU ESTIMEE

-: NON DISPONIBLE

! ESTIMATION EUROSTAT



BRUTTOEIGENERZEUGUNG AN RINDERN

GROSS INDIGENOUS PRODUCTION OF CATTLE

PRODUCTION INDIGENE BRUTE DE BOVINS

	1000 STÜCK			1000 HEAD													1000 TETES				
	EUR 15	EUR12	B	DK	D	GR	E	F	IRL	I	L	NL	A	P	FIN	S	UK				
1 INSGESAMT			TOTAL																TOTAL		
1 06	14479 *	13676 *	516	395	2544	137 *	918	3520	922	1739	12	913	360	178 *	183	261	1881	1 06			
7-12	15327 *	14459 *	625 *	383	2817 *	152 *	1041	3749	949 *	1580	15 *	1024	384	207 *	214	271	1917	7-12			
1995	29806 *	28134 *	1141 *	778	5361 *	289 *	1959	7269	1871 *	3319	27 *	1938	743	385 *	396	532	3798	1995			
1 06	13484 !	12734 !	601 *	371	2525 *	135	- :	3474 *	815 *	1524	12 *	929 *	385	171 *	191 *	248 *	1252 !	1 06			
7-12	14697 !	13865 !	605 *	406 *	2755 *	155	- :	3800 *	1002 *	1714	15 *	982 *	405 *	205 *	207 *	273 *	1152 !	7-12			
1996	28181 !	26599 !	1206 *	777 *	5280 *	290	- :	7274 *	1817 *	3238	27 *	1911 *	790 *	376 *	397 *	521 *	2404 !	1996			
% 1-06	-6.9 !	-6.9 !	16.5	-6.1	-0.7	-1.5	- :	-1.3	-11.6	-12.4	0.0	1.7	7.2	-3.9	4.5	-5.0	-33.4 !	% 1-06			
% 7-12	-4.1 !	-4.1 !	-3.2	6.0	-2.2	1.6	- :	1.4	5.6	8.5	0.0	-4.1	5.6	-1.0	-3.3	0.7	-39.9 !	% 7-12			
%96/95	-5.5	-5.5	5.7	-0.1	-1.5	0.2	-	0.1	-2.9	-2.4	0.0	-1.4	6.4	-2.3	0.3	-2.1	-36.7	%96/95			
1 06	13219 !	12481 !	575 *	382 *	2545 *	136 *	- :	3457 *	872 *	1580 *	12 *	904 *	382 *	175 *	191 *	254 *	1142 !	1 06			
7-12	14384 !	13571 !	599 *	391 *	2715 *	152 *	- :	3790 *	1012 *	1557 *	15 *	975 *	388 *	209 *	202 *	270 *	1205 !	7-12			
1997	27602 !	26051 !	1174 *	773 *	5260 *	288 *	- :	7247 *	1884 *	3137 *	27 *	1879 *	770 *	384 *	393 *	524 *	2348 !	1997			
% 1-06	-0.2 !	-0.2 !	-4.3	3.0	0.8	0.6	- :	-0.5	7.0	3.7	0.0	-2.7	-0.9	2.3	-0.1	2.4	-8.8 !	% 1-06			
% 7-12	-2.1 !	-2.1 !	-1.0	-3.7	-1.5	-1.4	- :	-0.3	1.0	-9.2	0.0	-0.7	-4.2	2.0	-2.1	-1.1	4.6 !	% 7-12			
%97/96	-1.2	-1.2	-2.7	-0.5	-0.4	-0.4	-	-0.4	3.7	-3.1	0.0	-1.7	-2.6	2.1	-1.1	0.6	-2.3	%97/96			
1.1 Kälber			Calves																Veaux		
1 06	2991 *	2883 *	170	43	363 *	26	7	1289	46	293	1	410	88	30 *	5	15	206	1 06			
7-12	3102 *	2991	205	40	334	30	6	1404	5	130	1	481	89	40	7	15	315	7-12			
1995	6093 *	5874	375	83	697	56	13	2693	51	423	2	891	177	70	11	30	521	1995			
1 06	2767 !	2667 !	215 *	47	370 *	21	- :	1211 *	18 *	250	1 *	413 *	85	35 *	6 *	15 *	74 !	1 06			
7-12	2832 !	2731 !	208 *	46 *	365 *	29	- :	1405 *	5 *	142	1 *	453 *	90 *	44 *	8 *	15 *	15 !	7-12			
1996	5598 !	5397 !	423	93	735	50	- :	2616	23	392	2	866	175	79	14	30	89 !	1996			
% 1-06	-7.5 !	-7.5	26.5	9.3	1.9	-19.2	-	-6.0	-60.9	-14.7	0.0	0.6	-3.0	16.7	22.9	0.0	-64.1	% 1-06			
% 7-12	-8.7 !	-8.7	1.5	15.0	9.3	-2.0	-	0.1	0.0	9.2	0.0	-5.8	1.0	10.0	15.2	0.0	-95.2	% 7-12			
%96/95	-8.1	-8.1	12.8	12.0	5.5	-10.0	-	-2.9	-54.9	-7.3	0.0	-2.9	-1.0	12.9	18.4	0.0	-83.0	%96/95			
1 06	2725 !	2626 !	212	47	385	21	- :	1176	45	270	1	410	85	34	7	15	11 !	1 06			
7-12	2822 !	2721 !	214 *	48 *	375 *	29 *	- :	1394 *	10 *	135 *	1 *	445 *	85 *	43 *	8 *	14 *	15 !	7-12			
1997	5547 !	5348 !	426 *	95 *	760 *	50 *	- :	2570 *	55 *	405 *	2 *	855 *	170 *	77 *	15 *	29 *	26 !	1997			
% 1-06	-1.5 !	-1.5 !	-1.4	0.0	4.1	0.0	- :	-2.9	150.0	8.0	0.0	-0.6	-0.5	-2.9	10.2	0.0	-85.1 !	% 1-06			
% 7-12	-0.3 !	-0.3 !	2.9	4.3	2.7	0.0	- :	-0.8	100.0	-4.9	0.0	-1.8	-5.6	-2.3	7.9	-6.7	0.0 !	% 7-12			
%97/96	-0.9 !	-0.9 !	0.7 *	2.2 *	3.4 *	0.0 *	- :	-1.8 *	139.1 *	3.3 *	0.0 *	-1.2 *	-3.1 *	-2.5 *	8.9 *	-3.3 *	-70.7 !	%97/96			

	EUR 15	EUR12	B	DK	D	GR	E	F	IRL	I	L	NL	A	P	FIN	S	UK			
1.2 Grossrinder			Adult cattle															Gros bovins		
1-6	11488 *	10793	346	352	2181	111 *	911	2232	876	1446	11	503	272	148 *	178	246	1676	1-6		
7-12	12225 *	11468	420	343	2483	122	1035	2345	944	1450	14	543	294	167	207	256	1602	7-12		
1995	23713 *	22260	766	695	4664	233	1946	4576	1820	2896	25	1047	566	315	385	502	3277	1995		
1-6	10717 !	10067 !	386 *	324	2155 *	114	- :	2263 *	797 *	1274	11 *	516 *	300	136 *	185 *	233 *	1179 !	1-6		
7-12	11866 !	11134 !	397 *	360 *	2390 *	125	- :	2395 *	997 *	1572	14 *	529 *	315 *	161 *	199 *	258 *	1137 !	7-12		
1996	22583 !	21202 !	783	684	4545	239	- :	4658	1794	2846	25	1045	615	297	384	491	2315 !	1996		
% 1-06	-6.7 !	-6.7 !	11.6	-8.0	-1.2	2.7	- :	1.4	-9.0	-11.9	0.0	2.6	10.5	-8.1	4.1	-5.3	-29.7 !	% 1-06		
% 7-12	-2.9 !	-2.9 !	-5.5	5.0	-3.7	2.5	- :	2.1	5.6	8.4	0.0	-2.6	7.0	-3.6	-3.9	0.8	-29.0 !	% 7-12		
%96/95	-4.8 !	-4.8 !	2.2	-1.6	-2.6	2.6	- :	1.8	-1.4	-1.7	0.0	-0.1	8.7	-5.7	-0.2	-2.2	-29.4 !	%96/95		
1-6	10494 !	9854 !	363	335	2160	115	- :	2281	827	1310	11	494	297	141	184	239	1131 !	1-6		
7-12	11561 !	10849 !	385 *	343 *	2340 *	123 *	- :	2396 *	1002 *	1422 *	14 *	530 *	303 *	166 *	194 *	256 *	1190 !	7-12		
1997	22055 !	20703 !	748 *	678 *	4500 *	238 *	- :	4677 *	1829 *	2732 *	25 *	1024 *	600 *	307 *	378 *	495 *	2322 !	1997		
% 1-6	0.2 !	0.2 !	-6.0 *	3.4 *	0.2 *	0.7 *	- :	0.8 *	3.8 *	2.8 *	0.0 *	-4.3 *	-1.0 *	3.7 *	-0.4 *	2.6 *	-4.0 !	% 1-6		
% 7-12	-2.6 !	-2.6 !	-3.0 *	-4.7 *	-2.1 *	-1.7 *	- :	0.0 *	0.5 *	-9.5	0.0 *	0.2 *	-3.8 *	3.1 *	-2.5 *	-0.8 *	4.7 !	% 7-12		
% 97/96	-1.3 !	-1.3 !	-4.5 *	-0.9 *	-1.0 *	-0.5 *	- :	0.4 *	2.0 *	-4.0 *	0.0 *	-2.0 *	-2.4 *	3.4 *	-1.5 *	0.8 *	0.3 !	% 97/96		
1.2.1 Färsen			Heifers															Génisses		
1-6	2184 *	2088	34	33	335	15 *	284	334	261	247	3	44	45	26 *	24	27	471	1 06		
7-12	2243 *	2142	40 *	23	401 *	15 *	307	351	268 *	201	4 *	44	47	25 *	28	25	463	7-12		
1995	4427 *	4230	74 *	56	736 *	30 *	591	685	529 *	448	7 *	88	93	51 *	52	52	934	1995		
1-6	1964 !	1877 !	33 *	27	345 *	15 -	:	349 *	212 *	196	3 *	41 *	51	24 *	25 *	26 *	361 !	1 06		
7-12	2242 !	2141 !	33 *	30 *	390 *	17 -	:	393 *	260 *	225	4 *	44 *	55 *	24 *	27 *	26 *	407 !	7-12		
1996	4206 !	4019 !	66 *	57 *	735 *	32 -	:	742 *	472 *	421	7 *	85 *	106 *	48 *	52 *	52 *	768 !	1996		
% 1-06	-10.1 !	-10.1 !	-2.9 *	-18.2	3.0 *	-1.3 *-	:	4.4 *	-18.8 *	-20.6	0.0 *	-6.6 *	13.2	-7.7 *	4.6 *	-3.7 *	-23.3 !	% 1-06		
% 7-12	0.0 !	0.0 !	-17.5 *	30.4 *	-2.7 *	15.3 *-	:	12.0 *	-3.0 *	11.9	0.0 *	-0.5 *	15.8 *	-4.0 *	-5.3 *	4.0 *	-12.1 !	% 7-12		
%96/95	-5.0 !	-5.0 !	-10.8 *	1.8 *	-0.1 *	7.0 *-	:	8.3 *	-10.8 *	-6.0	0.0 *	-3.5 *	14.5 *	-5.9 *	-0.8 *	0.0 *	-17.8 !	%96/95		
1-6	1808 !	1728 !	33 *	30 *	360 *	15 *-	:	347 *	230 *	200 *	3 *	42 *	52 *	25 *	24 *	26 *	394 !	1 06		
7-12	2254 !	2153 !	33 *	27 *	400 *	14 *-	:	404 *	260 *	200 *	4 *	45 *	55 *	25 *	26 *	26 *	427 !	7-12		
1997	4062 !	3881 !	66 *	57 *	760 *	29 *-	:	751 *	490 *	400 *	7 *	87 *	107 *	50 *	50 *	52 *	821 !	1997		
% 1-6	4.3 !	4.3 !	0.0 *	11.1 *	4.3 *	0.0 *-	:	-0.6 *	8.5 *	2.0 *	0.0 *	1.7 *	1.3 *	4.2 *	-2.8 *	0.0 *	9.1 !	% 1-06		
% 7-12	0.6 !	0.6 !	0.0 *	-10.0 *	2.6 *	-17.3 *-	:	2.8 *	0.0 *	-11.1 *	0.0 *	2.3 *	0.0 *	4.2 *	-3.7 *	0.0 *	4.8 !	% 7-12		
% 97/96	2.3 !	2.3 !	0.0 *	0.0 *	3.4 *	-9.3 *-	:	1.2 *	3.8 *	-5.0 *	0.0 *	2.0 *	0.6 *	4.2 *	-3.3 *	0.0 *	6.9 !	%97/96		

Kühe, Bullen und Ochsen: Seite 8

Cows, bulls and bullocks: page 8

Vaches, taureaux et boeufs: page 8

* VORLAUFIGE ODER GESCHÄTZTE ANGABE
- NICHT VERFÜGBAR
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BRUTTOEIGENERZEUGUNG AN RINDERN

GROSS INDIGENOUS PRODUCTION OF CATTLE

PRODUCTION INDIGENE BRUTE DE BOVINS

	1000 STÜCK			1000 HEAD									1000 TETES					
	EUR 15	EUR12	B	DK	D	GR	E	F	IRL	I	L	NL	A	P	FIN	S	UK	
	1.2.2 Kühe			Cows									Vaches					
1-6	3626 *	3414 *	159	138	759	16 *	187	929	170	325	3	313	65	26 *	56	92	389	1 06
7-12	3875 *	3602 *	187 *	149	849 *	18 *	212	912	167 *	341	5 *	344	75	25 *	81	117	393	7-12
1995	7501 *	7016 *	346 *	287	1608 *	34 *	398	1841	337 *	666	8 *	657	139	51 *	137	209	782	1995
1-6	3450	3248	193 *	131	800 *	16	- :	938 *	139 *	294	3 *	318 *	78	23 *	62 *	87 *	191	1 06
7-12	3460	3216	163 *	158 *	825 *	17	- :	931 *	186 *	347	5 *	330 *	85 *	24 *	75 *	124 *	0	7-12
1996	6910	6464	356 *	289 *	1625 *	33	- :	1869 *	325 *	641	8 *	648 *	163 *	47 *	137 *	211 *	191	1996
% 1-06	-4.9	-4.9	21.4 *	-5.1	5.4 *	0.6 *	- :	1.0 *	-18.2 *	-9.5	0.0 *	1.3 *	21.0	-11.5 *	10.5 *	-5.4 *	-51.0	% 1-06
% 7-12	-10.7	-10.7	-12.8 *	6.0 *	-2.8 *	-3.9 *	- :	2.1 *	11.4 *	1.8	0.0 *	-4.0 *	13.8 *	-4.0 *	-6.9 *	6.0 *	0.0	% 7-12
%96/95	-7.9	-7.9	2.9 *	0.7 *	1.1 *	-1.8 *	- :	1.5 *	-3.6 *	-3.8	0.0 *	-1.5 *	17.1 *	-7.8 *	0.2 *	1.0 *	-75.6	%96/95
1-6	3290	3097	160 *	140 *	820 *	16 *	- :	946 *	151 *	315 *	3 *	312 *	80 *	24 *	63 *	91 *	0	1 06
7-12	3451	3208	166 *	157 *	820 *	17 *	- :	946 *	181 *	352 *	5 *	330 *	83 *	25 *	73 *	123 *	0	7-12
1997	6741	6305	326 *	297 *	1640 *	33 *	- :	1892 *	332 *	667 *	8 *	642 *	163 *	49 *	137 *	214 *	0	1997
% 1-6	-4.6	-4.6	-17.1	6.9	2.5	0.0 *	- :	0.9	8.6	7.1	0.0	-1.8	2.4	4.3	2.3	4.6	0.0	% 1-06
% 7-12	-0.3	-0.3	1.8	-0.6	-0.6	0.0 *	- :	1.6	-2.7	1.4 *	0.0	0.0	-2.4	4.2	-2.9	-0.8	0.0	% 7-12
% 97/96	-2.4	-2.5	-8.4 *	2.8 *	0.9 *	0.0 *	- :	1.2 *	2.2 *	4.1 *	0.0 *	-0.9 *	-0.1 *	4.3 *	-0.6 *	1.4 *	0.0	%97/96
	Bullen und Ochsen			Bulls and bullocks									Taureaux et boeufs					
1-6	5678 *	5291 *	153	181	1087	80 *	440	969	445	874	5	146	162	96 *	98	127	816	1 06
7-12	6107 *	5724 *	193 *	171	1233 *	89 *	516	1081	509 *	908	5 *	155	172	117 *	98	114	745	7-12
1995	11785 *	11015 *	346 *	352	2320 *	169 *	957	2050	954 *	1782	10 *	301	334	213 *	195	241	1561	1995
1-6	5303	4942	160 *	166	1010 *	83	- :	976 *	446 *	784	5 *	157 *	171	89 *	98 *	120 *	627	1 06
7-12	6164	5777	201 *	172 *	1175 *	91	- :	1071 *	551 *	1000	5 *	155 *	175 *	113 *	97 *	108 *	730	7-12
1996	11467	10719	361 *	338 *	2185 *	174	- :	2047 *	997 *	1784	10 *	312 *	346 *	202 *	195 *	228 *	1357	1996
% 1-06	-6.6	-6.6	4.6 *	-8.3	-7.1 *	3.9 *	- :	0.7 *	0.2 *	-10.3	0.0 *	8.0 *	5.5	-7.3 *	0.2 *	-5.5 *	-23.1	% 1-06
% 7-12	0.9	0.9	4.1 *	0.6 *	-4.7 *	1.7 *	- :	-1.0 *	8.3 *	10.1	0.0 *	-0.2 *	1.6 *	-3.4 *	-0.9 *	-5.3 *	-2.1	% 7-12
%96/95	-2.7	-2.7	4.3 *	-4.0 *	-5.8 *	2.7 *	- :	-0.2 *	4.5 *	0.1	0.0 *	3.8 *	3.5 *	-5.2 *	-0.4 *	-5.4 *	-13.1	%96/95
1-6	5397	5029	170 *	165 *	980 *	84 *	- :	988 *	446 *	795 *	5 *	140 *	165 *	92 *	97 *	122 *	737	1 06
7-12	5856	5488	186 *	159 *	1120 *	91 *	- :	1046 *	561 *	870 *	5 *	155 *	165 *	116 *	95 *	107 *	763	7-12
1997	11253	10518	356 *	324 *	2100 *	175 *	- :	2034 *	1007 *	1665 *	10 *	295 *	330 *	208 *	192 *	229 *	1501	1997
% 1-6	1.8	1.8	6.3	-0.6	-3.0	1.0 *	- :	1.2	0.0	1.4	0.0	-11.0	-3.3	3.4	-1.5	1.7	17.6	% 1-06
% 7-12	-5.0	-5.0	-7.5	-7.6	-4.7	1.0 *	- :	-2.3	1.8	-13.0 *	0.0	0.0	-5.7	2.7	-1.8	-0.9	4.6	% 7-12
% 97/96	-1.9	-1.9	-1.4 *	-4.1 *	-3.9 *	1.0 *	- :	-0.6 *	1.0 *	-6.7 *	0.0 *	-5.5 *	-4.5 *	3.0 *	-1.6 *	0.4 *	10.6	%97/96

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