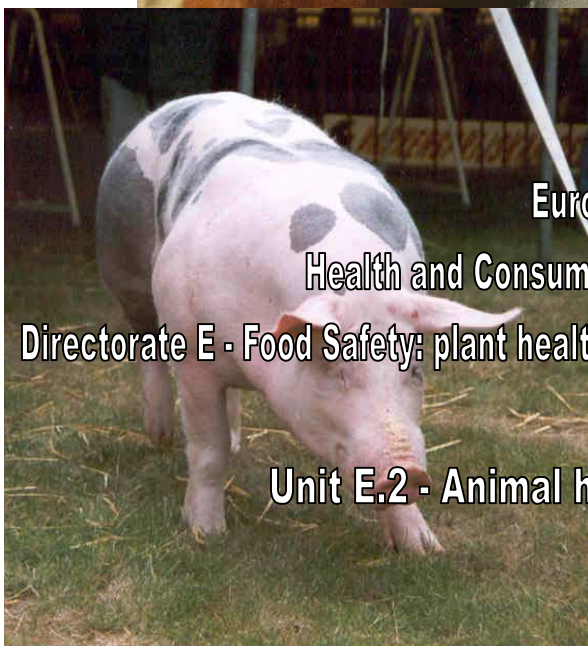




Animal Health, Animal Welfare and Zootechnics

Activity Report 2002

SANCO/E2



European Commission

Health and Consumer Protection Directorate-General

Directorate E - Food Safety: plant health, animal health and welfare, International questions

Unit E.2 - Animal health and Welfare, zootechnics

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1. INTRODUCTION

The mission of SANCO E.2 is twofold. The main objective is the responsibility for the conception, study and management of the legislation that pertains to:

- a) health policy regarding the trade and import of live animals and their products;
- b) animal disease surveillance and eradication programmes;
- c) animal welfare;
- d) zootechnical measures;
- e) veterinary expenditure.

Furthermore, it serves as the common Secretariat of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health (for certain sections formally the Standing Veterinary Committee) and the Standing Committee on Zootechnics.

During the year 2002, a large number of activities were carried out within the area of animal health, animal welfare and zootechnics for further development of the Internal Market. These activities related in particular to the preparation and adoption of both primary and secondary Community legislation.

The purpose of this report is primarily to provide information on:

- the adoption and implementation of legislation in the field of animal health, animal welfare and zootechnics,
- the work carried out by the Unit SANCO E.2, as related to other Units within the European Commission, other EU Institutions and International Organisations heavily engaged in animal health and animal welfare policy work,
- the animal disease situation in the European Union,
- staff and budget allocations.

The report also contains information, in brief, about the European Parliament, the Council, the European Commission, the advisory Scientific Committees and the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health to assist readers not familiar with preparation and adoption of veterinary legislation.

2. SPECIFIC ACTIVITIES IN THE AREA OF ANIMAL HEALTH, ANIMAL WELFARE AND ZOOTECHNICS IN 2002

2.1 Animal Health, Animal Welfare and Zootechnics Legislation

The EU has a comprehensive set of legislation in the area of animal health, animal welfare and zootechnics, with more than 600 Directives and Decisions in force. During 2002, the Unit has been engaged in the preparation of both primary and secondary Community legislation, which is based on article 37 (agricultural matters) and on article 152 of the Treaty, (public health matters).

Acts submitted to other EU institutions

In relation to the Unit's work, the Council has adopted 2 pieces of legislation (Directives, Decisions, Regulations) and a common position with a view to adopting a joint European Parliament and Council Regulation (see Annex 5.2). A total of 10 communications (proposals for legislation, coordinated position and reports) were presented to the Council and the European Parliament (see Annex 5.3 & 5.4). With regard to legislation prepared and adopted by the European Commission the total number of Decisions and Regulations was 135 (see Annex 5.5.).

Autonomous acts of the Commission

During 2002 the Animal Health and Welfare section of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health (SCFCAH) met 14 times and gave favourable opinions on 124 draft proposals presented under the responsibility of SANCO E.2. One draft (Annex 5.5-7) had to be submitted to the Council due to the absence of opinion of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health. Details about these activities are given in Annex 5.5.

In addition to providing secretariat functions for the animal health and welfare section of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health, the common secretariat within the unit also dealt with the administration of the two SCFCAH sections (14 meetings) relating to Biological Safety and Controls & Import conditions. The unit also organised all the other meetings (approximately 150) in Units SANCO E.2, E.3, D.2 and partially D.3.

Information on the decision-making procedures in relation to the above legislation is provided in sections 3.1, 3.2 and 5.1.

2.2 Activities in Relation to the White Paper

The White Paper on Food Safety was adopted by the Commission in January 2000¹. In an *Action Plan on Food Safety*, annexed to the White Paper, 84 actions are listed which are to be carried out by the Commission services in order to improve food safety (under the stable to table approach).

Three actions fall within the responsibility of Unit E.2: Actions N° 28, N° 29 and N° 84.

Action N° 28

This action foresaw a proposal for a Regulation on animal health requirements for products of animal origin with the objective of recasting existing animal health rules for products of animal origin. These specific rules are contained in the following Directives:

- Council Directive 72/461/EEC on health problems affecting intra-Community trade in fresh meat,
- Council Directive 80/215/EEC on animal health problems affecting intra-Community trade in meat products,
- Council Directive 91/67/EEC concerning the animal health conditions governing the placing on the market of aquaculture animals and products,
- Council Directive 91/494/EEC on animal health conditions governing intra-Community trade in and imports from third countries of fresh poultry meat,

¹ COM (1999) 719 of 12.01.2000

- Council Directive 91/495/EEC concerning public health and animal health problems affecting the production and placing on the market of rabbit meat and farmed game meat,
- Council Directive 92/45/EEC on public health and animal health problems relating to the killing of wild game and the placing on the market of wild-game meat,
- Council Directive 92/46/EEC laying down the health rules for the production and placing on the market of raw milk, heat treated milk and milk-based products,
- Council Directive 92/118/EEC laying down animal health and public health requirements governing trade in and imports into the Community of products not subject to the said requirements laid down in specific Community rules referred to in Annex A(I) to Directive 89/662/EEC and, as regards pathogens, to Directive 90/425/EEC.

The aim of these Directives is to prevent the spread of animal diseases resulting from the placing on the market of products of animal origin coming from a holding or area infected by epizootic diseases. The common provisions contained in these Directives can be harmonised, thereby removing certain inconsistencies introduced when the specific animal health rules were adopted and ensuring uniform implementation of these rules throughout the Community as well as greater transparency in the structure of Community legislation. A proposal for a Council Regulation ((Com(2000)483 final/2000/0181 (CNS)) laying down the animal-health rules governing the production, placing on the market and importation of products of animal origin intended for human consumption was transmitted in 2000 to the Council and the European Parliament. It was agreed in December 2002 in the Council and published as directive 2002/99/EC of 16 December 2002 laying down the animal health rules governing the production, processing, distribution and introduction of products of animal origin for human consumption.

Action N° 29

This action foresees an increase of budgetary allocation for actions provided for in Council Decision 90/424/EEC on expenditure in the veterinary field with the objectives:

- To enable actions necessary to improve animal disease eradication (tuberculosis, brucellosis etc.)
- To create a Task Force for monitoring disease eradication in the Member States.

The Task Force met for the first time in March 2000. All Member States are represented in the Task Force and the aim is that all Community co-financed diseases are closely monitored. In addition, subgroups of the Task Force were created: one for bovine brucellosis, one for sheep and goat brucellosis and one for bovine tuberculosis. In the subgroups, nominated members from some Member States evaluate the disease situation of the relevant disease in countries with Community co-financed eradication programmes. In the year 2002 the following meetings took place:

Meetings of the Task Force and its subgroups

Two Task Force meetings took place in Brussels in 2002. The dates and the main points on the agenda of these meetings are summarised in the table below.

Date of meeting	Main subject
06/05/2002	Implementation of eradication/control measures. Review of the work of the Task Force and its subgroups during the first months of 2002 Bovine brucellosis RB51 vaccine Priority criteria for 2003 on animal disease eradication programs Reporting system: amendment of Commission Decision 2002/322
02/12/2002	Review of the work of the Task Force and its subgroups during the second part of 2002 Guidelines for the reimbursement by the Community to MS of expenditure in 2002 Information on « animals taking part in cultural and sporting events » and health status of its herds Ring trial in sheep and goat brucellosis Follow-up of the recommendations of the Task Force Bovine brucellosis RB51 vaccine

The meetings of the three sub-groups of the Task Force took place in 2002 as follows:

Subgroup	Date	Location
Bovine tuberculosis	06-07 February 2002	Naples (IT)
	17-18 October 2002	Salamanca (ES)
Bovine brucellosis	14-15 May 2002	Belfast (UK)
	16-17 December 2002	Cork (IE)
Sheep and goat brucellosis	03-04 July 2002	Ioannina (EL)
Brucellosis technical meetings	12-13 February 2002	Brussels
	26-27 September 2002	Brussels

The Task Force and its subgroups have agreed several conclusions and recommendations with regard to the disease situation and the eradication campaigns.

The objective of the recommendations is to improve and accelerate disease eradication. These recommendations have to be taken into consideration by the Member States for the programmes submitted for the year 2004. In the longer term eradication of the diseases will be accelerated and the cost-benefit ratio will be improved.

Action N° 84

This action foresees the accession of the European Community to the OIE with the objective to reinforce the participation of the European Union in the elaboration of international animal health standards. Work on a draft recommendation from the Commission to the Council in order to authorise the Commission to open negotiations with the OIE with a view to the Community becoming a member of this organisation was not further developed, as it is necessary to await the completion of a similar action for Codex Alimentarius. However further discussion took place in relation to this issue during 2002.

2.3 Animal Disease Notification System (ADNS)

Member States have to notify the Commission and the other Member States of outbreaks of specific animal diseases found on their territory. For this purpose, ADNS is in place.

This system enables the Central Veterinary authority of each Member State, Norway and Andorra to notify the Commission and the other Member States of new outbreaks according to specific procedures and a codified system (region concerned, name of the disease, number of animals affected, date of confirmation of outbreak etc.) which avoids the difficulty caused by the use of different languages.

This year 2,609 were notified via the web interface. The Commission dispatched each week to all Member States information on the current animal health situation in the EU as reported via the ADNS (see Appendix 5.7).

The new web-based ADNS which gives access to more detailed pre-prepared reports and simplifies input via the web by drop down menus on structured input screens.

The Candidate Countries have been given access on a voluntary basis and have received and sent information during 2002. During this year Switzerland joined the system as well.

Details of the disease situation in the Community, Candidate Countries, Norway, Andorra and Switzerland can be found at Appendix 5.8. All information is based on reports received by the Member States.

2.4 Animal Health

2.4.1 Animal Health Situation in the Community

2.4.1.1 Foot-and-Mouth Disease (FMD)

No outbreaks of FMD were recorded in the Community in the year 2002.

Following the major FMD epidemic in 2001, the Temporary FMD Committee of the European Parliament was assigned to assess the impact of the 2001 crisis and give consideration to mechanisms to prevent and control FMD in the future. The Committee considered a large body of evidence from a range of experts. The Commission, and particularly E2, also played a central role in the discussions.

A report of the Committee's conclusions was completed in November 2002. The report was subsequently adopted by the European Parliament at plenary in December 2002. Details can be found at the following web address:

http://www.europarl.eu.int/meetdocs/committees/fiap/default_en.htm

A proposal for a new FMD Directive was also adopted by the Commission in December 2002. This large policy initiative had originally begun before the epidemic in 2001, but had to be suspended while attention was focused on tackling the outbreak. The new proposal outlines action to control and eradicate FMD in the event of an outbreak, and takes account of the experience gained during the 2001 epidemic. The proposed Directive will be considered by the Council with the view to adoption during 2003.

A full account of all activity in the field of FMD during 2002 is given in the chronology at Annex 7.7

2.4.1.2 Classical swine fever (CSF)

On 1st November 2002, the new Directive on Community measures for the control of CSF (Council Directive 2001/89/EC) came into force in all Member States. The provisions within the Directive provide better disease control mechanisms for CSF. These are based on the experience gained during previous years and also take account of recent scientific developments, particularly in regard to vaccination.

In addition, a diagnostic manual establishing diagnostic procedures, sampling methods and criteria for the evaluation of laboratory tests for the conformation of CSF was approved (CD 2002/106/EC).

There have been 40 outbreaks of CSF in pigs in 2002. These were in: Spain (16 outbreaks); Germany (11 outbreaks); Luxembourg (11 outbreaks); and France (1 outbreak).

In Spain, the outbreaks were related to the introduction of virus during 2001, while in Germany, Luxembourg and France, they were directly or indirectly related to the presence of disease in local feral pigs (wild boar). However, those outbreaks were quite successfully controlled and have not led to any major consequences.

However, the occurrence and persistence of CSF in the wild boar population has still been a cause for concern in some areas of Germany, Luxembourg and France.

In Germany, the Member State where in the past the occurrence and persistence of CSF has caused several outbreaks in many different areas, the situation has generally improved, except in Rheinland-Pfalz. Indeed, during 2000-2002 the disease spread from this region to Saarland, North-Rhine Westfalia, Luxembourg, Moselle in France and the Province of Liege in Belgium. However, during 2002 oral vaccination of the feral pigs has been carried out in certain areas of Rheinland-Pfalz, Saarland and North-Rhine Westfalia, in the context of Directive 2001/89/EC. This has led to a very significant improvement in the situation, which became even more evident in early 2003. However the disease continued to spread in the south-eastern part of Rheinland-Pfalz, where vaccination has, therefore, started in early 2003.

The Commission has closely followed this situation, promoting co-operation between the concerned Member States and adopting a total of 16 Decisions, to ensure that the Member States apply the most appropriate control measures and regulate trade from the affected areas to prevent any further disease spread.

CSF also seems to be able to persist in certain areas of Sardinia in Italy, whilst in Lombardy (in the north of Italy) and in an area close to Vienna in Austria, the disease has completely faded out (restrictions lifted in early 2003).

2.4.1.3 African Swine Fever (ASF)

On 27 June 2002 the Council adopted the new Directive on Community measures for the control of ASF (Council Directive 2002/60/EC). The new Directive will serve as a basis to ensure better controls should ASF arise in the vast part of the Union which is ASF-free, and possible measures for its complete eradication from the whole of the European Union. In addition due to the diminishing threat from Teschen disease (contagious swine paralysis), the new Directive removes Teschen disease from the list of diseases in Directive 92/119/EEC where specific control measures are laid down.

ASF still occurs in the internal areas of Sardinia (11 outbreaks in 2002), where free ranging pigs live in contact with the wild boar. A combined CSF-ASF surveillance and eradication program is in place on this island.

2.4.1.4 Swine Vesicular Disease (SVD)

171 outbreaks of this disease have been confirmed in some regions of Italy, mainly in the South of the Country. It is worthy to remark that all these outbreaks were sub-clinical and detected only to due the surveillance carried out in the context of an on-going eradication programme.

2.4.1.5 Bluetongue (BT)

In 2000, when a slow virus circulation was still persisting in certain parts of the Greek territory, the disease appeared in Spain (Balearic Islands), France (Corsica), and Italy (Sardinia, Sicily and Calabria).

In Greece the viruses involved (serotypes 4, 9 and 16) originated from Turkey, and the virus isolated in Corsica and Sardinia (serotype 2) originated from northern Africa. In the south of Italy two serotypes were present (9 and 2).

a) Spain

Background

The vaccination campaign undertaken in 2000 (October to December) covered all the sheep population of the Islands. 301,000 animals over one month of age were vaccinated with vaccine from the Community BT vaccine bank. Animals too young to be vaccinated at this stage were vaccinated later in 2001.

The disease did not reoccur in 2001 and the conclusion is that the vaccination policy has been a complete success.

Evolution in 2002

The epidemiological programme undertaken in the Balearic islands and on continental main land has shown no circulation of the virus in 2002 on the entire Spanish territory.

b) France

Background

49 outbreaks were notified in 2000. A vaccination campaign had been performed on 80,850 sheep during winter 2000-2001.

The disease reappeared in August 2001, and at the end of the year 335 outbreaks had been identified in Corsica, mainly in the lowlands all around the island.

This apparent setback of the vaccination campaign is the result of the reluctance of farmers to vaccinate because of the debate about the safety of the live-attenuated vaccine produced by Onderstepoort.

As a consequence of this controversy, only a quarter of the sheep population had been vaccinated during winter 2000-2001 when the virus had been present all around the lowlands in 2000. This situation led to a persistence of the virus circulation during the winter and a new explosion in summer 2001.

Even if the vaccine did not give 100% protection after a single shot and a 4.8% mortality occurred, as has been registered in vaccinated herds, it should be noted that a 37% mortality is the average in non-vaccinated animals.

Evolution in 2002

All the sheep population of the Island (300.000) has been vaccinated during the winter 2001-2002. As a result of this action no outbreak has been notified in 2002

c) Italy

Background

During the epidemic in 2000, about 6,000 outbreaks were registered in Sardinia, 16 in Sicily, and 563 in Calabria.

The controversy on the use of vaccination has not permitted the Central Authorities, who were in favour of vaccination, to impose their view on the industry and local lobbies (despite vaccine from the Community bank having been delivered to Italy by the Commission in time and in sufficient quantity). Decision 2001/141/EC and subsequent restocking of vaccine bans – (see CDs 2001/69, 2001/433 and 2001/693)

The result of this opposition to vaccination probably resulted in an important new epidemic in 2001.

5,982 outbreaks were registered in 2001, 5,356 in Sardinia, 345 in Calabria, 159 in Tuscany, 61 in Basilicate, 58 in Lazio and 3 in Sicily. Financial assistance was given to Italy. (CD 2001/486)

Evolution in 2002:

Vaccination campaigns have been launched during winter 2001-2002.

About 6.6 millions sheep and cattle have been vaccinated (4.6M with serotype 2 vaccine, 2 million with 2 and 9 and the remaining with 9 only, on the base of the epidemiological data available)

The result of this campaign is that the number of outbreaks dropped to 429 during the year.

It must be noted that most of the outbreaks have been observed in regions where the vaccination coverage has not been satisfactory due to different reasons (Campania :251, Basilicate :59, Sicilia :50)

In Sardinia where the vaccination coverage has been above 80% the number of outbreaks was 25 in 2002 (5,356 in 2001)

d) Greece

Background

Scattered outbreaks were registered, most of them along the Albanian border and on Lesbos Island.

Evolution in 2002

The epidemiological surveillance programme has shown a stable situation on the Greek territory as no virus circulation has been recorded during the year.

2.4.1.6 Avian Influenza (AI)

In 2002 no outbreaks of highly pathogenic avian influenza (HPAI) occurred within the Community.

In May 2002, the vaccination programme (approved by Decision 2000/721/EC) following the severe epidemic of AI in Italy during 1999/2000 was phased out after 1½ years.

In light of the opinion of the Scientific Committee on Animal Health and Welfare in June 2000 regarding the definition for AI and the use of vaccination, an EC wide monitoring programme for AI subtypes H5/H7 in poultry and wild birds was drawn up and a financial contribution of 500.000

Eurosurveillance was decided by Decision 2002/649/EC. The first programme, in Italy, was approved by Decision 2002/673/EC. During this survey, low pathogenic avian influenza (LPAI), but of different subtype (H7N3), was detected in the regions of Veneto and Lombardia in October 2002. The Italian authorities took appropriate measures to remove the infected flocks and control the spread of disease to other areas, but in view of the continuing potential threat, Italy requested permission to begin a vaccination programme to contain any further infection that may be circulating. The Commission approved the vaccination programme in December 2002 (Commission Decision 2002/975/EC).

2.4.1.7 Newcastle Disease (ND)

A total of 135 outbreaks of ND were recorded in Denmark in 2002. These were confined to central and southern Jutland, with a single outbreak on Sejerø Island. The vast majority of outbreaks were in backyard flocks with only 9 commercial flocks affected. The Danish Authorities took appropriate control measures including the culling of infected flocks, introducing surveillance and protection zones around infected premises, and restricting movements of poultry. Approximately 175,000 birds were culled during the outbreak.

With the agreement of the Commission, the Danish authorities also introduced regionalisation to ensure poultry and poultry products from unaffected areas could continue to be exported.

2.4.1.8 Sheep pox (SP)

No cases of sheep pox have been detected in 2002 in the Community.

2.4.1.9 West Nile Virus (WNV)

No cases of West Nile fever have been detected in 2002 in the Community.

2.4.1.10 Diseases in Aquaculture animals

List I diseases (Infectious salmon anaemia)

The ISA virus (infectious salmon anaemia) was detected for the first time in Ireland in rainbow trout in 2 marine sites of aquaculture farms: virus isolated, no clinical sign. Pursuant to Directive 93/53/EEC, and Decision 2001/872/EC, the Irish authorities withdrew the fish according to their "withdrawal scheme for ISA".

List II diseases

Infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN), Viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (VHS), Bonamia ostrea (Bonamiosis), and Marteilia refringens (Marteiliosis)

The disease situation as concerns list II-diseases within the Community is variable. The diseases are present, and even considered as endemic, in certain parts of Europe, while being absent in other areas.

VHS and IHN

The entire territories of the UK including Guernsey and the Isle of Man, Ireland (excluding Cape Clear Island as regards VHS), and Sweden (except for a defined part of the West Coast as regards VHS) are approved areas as regards VHS and IHN. Furthermore, several zones in Spain, France and Italy and a few in Germany are approved for VHS and IHN. The entire territory of Denmark is recognised as an approved zone with regard to IHN and certain areas are approved also with regard to VHS. Similarly, in Germany, France, Italy and Denmark a

number of farms are recognised as approved for one or both diseases although they are situated in non-approved zones. There has been a steady increase in the number of approved zones and approved farms in non-approved zones.

Bonamiosis and Marteilirosis

The whole coastline of Ireland (except four defined areas), and United Kingdom is approved as regards Bonamiosis and Marteilirosis (except some areas in Great Britain as regards Bonamiosis and parts of Jersey as regards Marteilirosis). For several years, successful programmes intended to achieve approved status with regard to Bonamiosis and Marteilirosis have been applied in large areas of France.

In 2002, the lists of approved zones and approved farms in non-approved zones as regards VHS and IHN was collated into one Decision 2002/308/EC. Decisions for VHS- and IHN programmes for certain farms and zones in the Community was collated in Decision 2002/304. (Decisions adopted are listed in Annex 5.5).

IHN was notifiable through the ADNS during whole 2002, while ISA and VHS were made notifiable during 2002.

During 2002 IHN outbreaks were reported via ADNS from Germany (10), France (6), Italy (9) and Austria (1). No cases were in approved zones or farms. France reported one outbreak of VHS through ADNS.

2.4.2 Community Approved Animal Disease Surveillance and Eradication Programmes

Member States may, in the context of Article 24 of Council Decision 90/424/EEC, submit programmes for the eradication, control and monitoring of animal disease in order to receive financial support for these programmes from the Community in the following year. Together with the Member States, the programmes are evaluated by the Commission and, if eligible, approved.

Priorities for programmes for co-financing in 2003 have been laid down and were discussed and agreed at the meeting of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health in May 2002. The highest priority has been given to animal diseases which might be transmissible to humans (Brucellosis, Tuberculosis, Rabies, Salmonellosis etc.). The second priority was the eradication of diseases mentioned in list A of the OIE (African and classical swine fever, swine vesicular disease) or to diseases which create barriers to trade. The control of scrapie (including the use of genotyping and culling of positive animals) has also been included. In addition the Community decided to co-finance TSE (BSE and Scrapie) testing.

The Commission, within the context of the provisions of Council Decisions 90/424/EEC and 90/638/EEC, studied the submitted programmes. For this purpose a number of bilateral meetings involving all Member States took place in June 2002. 65 animal disease eradication, control and monitoring programmes submitted by Member States were approved for 2002. A total of approximately 155M EUR was allocated to these programmes from the Commission's budget for 2002.

2.4.3 Status of Member States or parts thereof

Commission Decision 2002/482/EC, amending Decision 93/52/EEC recording the compliance by certain Member States or regions with the requirements relating to brucellosis (*Brucella melitensis*), approved the province of Bolzano, Italy as achieving the status of being officially free of the disease.

2.4.4 Community Reference Laboratories

A network of Community Reference Laboratories (CRL) was foreseen in 1983 and has been gradually established to ensure technical co-ordination between Member States laboratories and provide harmonised diagnosis of some of the diseases for which Community legislation is in place. This network plays an important role in the implementation and development of the Community policy on animal diseases.

The functions and duties of the nine CRLs in operation from the beginning of 2002 were in particular related to harmonisation of diagnostic methods for the control of classical swine fever, African horse sickness, avian influenza, Newcastle disease, bluetongue, rabies, swine vesicular disease, fish diseases and diseases of bivalve molluscs. Community finance was given under CD 2002/230/EC.

In addition, during 2002, the CRL for African swine fever was official designated for the first time following the adoption of the new Directive on community measures for the control of African swine fever.

All CRLs organised inter-laboratory comparative tests for the National Reference Laboratories of the Member States.

Disease	Community Reference Laboratory
Classical Swine Fever	Institut für Virologie, der Tierärztlichen Hochschule Hannover, Bünteweg 17, D-30559 Hannover, Germany
Swine vesicular disease	AFRC Institute for Animal Health, Pirbright Laboratory, Ash Road, Pirbright, Woking, Surrey GU24 0NF, United Kingdom
African Swine Fever (<i>New in 2002</i>)	Centro de Investigación en Sanidad Animal, 28130 Valdeolmos, Madrid, Spain.
Avian Influenza	Central Veterinary Laboratory, New Haw, Weybridge, Surrey KT 15 3NB, United Kingdom
Newcastle disease	Central Veterinary Laboratory, New Haw, Weybridge, Surrey KT 15 3NB, United Kingdom
Bluetongue	AFRC Institute for Animal Health, Pirbright Laboratory, Ash Road, Pirbright, Woking, Surrey GU24 0NF, United Kingdom
Rabies	AFSSA, Nancy Laboratoire d'études sur la rage et la pathologie des animaux sauvages Domaine de Pixérécourt BP 9 F - 54220 Malzéville, France
Diseases of fish	Staten Veterinære Serum laboratorium, Landbrugsministeriet, Høngevej 2, 8200 Aarhus N, Denmark
Diseases of bivalve molluscs	IFREMER, Boite Portale 133, 17390 La Tremblade, France
African Horse Sickness	Lab. Central de Veterinaria, Ctra de Algete Km8, 28110 Algete, Madrid, Spain

2.4.5 National Reference Laboratories

Disease	Directive/Decision
Foot and Mouth Disease	85/511/EEC (OJ No. L 355, p. 11, No. L 14/1996, p.1)
Classical Swine Fever	2001/89/EC (OJ No. L 316, 01/12/2001, p.5)
African Swine Fever (<i>new in 2002</i>)	2002/60/EC (OJ No. L 192, 20/7/2002, p.27)
Swine vesicular disease	92/119/EEC (OJ No. L 62, 15/03/1993, p.69)
Avian Influenza	92/40/EEC (OJ No. L 167, 22/06/1992, p.1)
Newcastle disease	92/66/EEC (OJ No. L 260, 05/09/1992, p.1)
Bluetongue	2000/75/EC (OJ No. L 327, 22/12/2000, p.74)
Rabies	2001/296 (OJ No. L 102, 12/04/2001, p.58)
Diseases of fish	2001/288/EC (OJ No. L 99, 10/04/2001, p. 11)

Diseases of bivalve molluscs	2001/293/EC (OJ No. L 100 11/04/2001 p.30)
African Horse Fever	92/35/EEC (OJ No. L 157 10/06/1992, p. 19)

The National reference laboratories within the Member States for each disease are listed in Annex 6

2.4.6 Animal Vaccines

FMD Vaccines

The Community FMD vaccine bank contains approximately 39 million doses of vaccine across a range of FMD viral strain types. Further stocks continue to be procured to extend the protective range of the vaccines available to include emerging new strains and variants.

Bluetongue Vaccines

In 2002, for the implementation of the vaccination campaign in Italy, the financial support of the community covered the purchase of 4.200.000 doses of monovalent vaccine serotype 2 and 2.300.000 doses of monovalent serotype 9 (Decision 2002/545/EC).

300.000 doses from the EU bank have been delivered to France.

2.5 Trade

2.5.1 Intra-Community Trade

The general animal health requirements applicable to trade of animals are laid down in a number of Council Directives. A health certificate must accompany all animals being moved. This makes the Animal Health Certificate a very important part of the legislation as it puts requirements on the veterinarian signing the certificate and on the veterinary administration in the Member State of origin.

The use of veterinary frontier controls relating to intra-Community trade in live animals and animal products was phased out in 1993 and replaced by the following measures being implemented by the Member States:

- Identification and registration of animals in accordance with EU legislation,
- Application of harmonised control and eradication measures in relation to diseases of major economic importance,
- Check on the farm of origin or place of dispatch in line with current legislation governing the pre-movement tests and examinations to be carried out,
- The use of a computer system, ANIMO, which links local offices through the EU by computer. ANIMO enables notification of animal movements to be made from origin to destination.

During 2002 473,834 ANIMO messages were sent and received from veterinary services in Member States when animals were moved (*see Annex 7.1*)

With regard to large animal livestock movements these are recorded in the ANIMO database (*see Annexes 7.2 - 7.5*).

2.5.2 Imports

The general animal health requirements applicable to the imports of animals are laid down in a number of Council Directives. In addition to the general health requirements, specific requirements for individual animals and their products may also be required which take into account such issues as evolving disease situations in exporting countries that may pose a risk to animal health in the EU. These additional requirements are set out in the health certificate which must be signed by the competent authorities in the third country. This signifies that the exporting country verifies compliance with all the requirements within the health certificate prior to dispatch.

Animal health situation and measures taken

A number of measures were taken affecting third countries and a complete list of the decisions may be found at Annex 5.5

Southern Africa

Following an outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease in January 2002 in Botswana the importation into the EC of fresh de-boned and matured meat from this country was automatically and immediately suspended. When the situation had stabilised, the country was regionalised and imports of fresh de-boned meat of bovine, ovine and caprine species and farmed and wild ungulates were allowed from that part of the territory which had been recognised by the EC as officially free from foot-and-mouth disease without vaccination (CDs 2002/219/EC, 2002/646/EC).

Argentina

Argentina, after being free of FMD with vaccination since 1994 and free without vaccination from 1997 reported outbreaks of A₂₄ type FMD on 13th March 2001.

A mission inspection of the FVO has been carried out in November 2001 and the outcome of this mission allowed the resumption of export of de-boned and matured bovine meat from some Argentinean regions. (CD 2002/45/EC). Following the notification of a suspected outbreak, the province of Cordoba was withdrawn from the list of provinces authorised for exportation of bovine de-boned and matured bovine meat (CD 2002/68/EC). However the provinces of Cordoba, Santiago del Estero and La Pampa were later re-listed for exportation of bovine de-boned and matured bovine meat following improvements in the FMD situation (CD 2002/198/EC).

The O.I.E. recognised the Argentinean territories south of 42nd parallel as “FMD free without vaccination”. This part of the country was thus authorised to export bovine, ovine and caprine fresh meat into the Community (CD 2002/338/EC).

Paraguay

A Commission inspection mission to Paraguay between 21 to 31 January 2002 brought to light serious shortcomings. The Paraguayan veterinary authorities immediately suspended exports of boned and matured bovine meat to the Community and produced an action plan to remedy the shortcomings.

After being notified by the Paraguayan authorities of the plan's implementation, the Commission carried out another inspection mission from 15 to 19 July 2002.

Following this last inspection, Paraguay have been authorised to export deboned and matured bovine meat from the two regions of Chaco Central and S.Pedro (CD 2002/793/EC 12.10.02).

Brazil

The Commission has been informed by the Paraguayan veterinary authorities of an outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease located outside the area allowed for export into the EU but close to the border with Brazil. The surveillance area around the outbreak included an area of Brazilian territory. The Brazilian veterinary authorities immediately put in place measures to avoid the spread of the disease into the Brazilian territory, including the introduction of vaccination and movement controls for animals along the border area. In view of the potential risk of disease in this border area, and of the action taken by the competent veterinary authorities of Brazil, the Commission suspended importation of de-boned and matured bovine meat into the EU from the concerned municipality of Sete Quedas (CD 2002/908/EC 16.11.02).

Other Decisions specifically relating to certain live animals and associated products

Sheep and goats

Following the positive result of a mission, and in light of guarantees provided by the central competent authority, **Romania** was recognised as fulfilling the conditions to be officially free of *Brucellosis melitensis* for the import of sheep and goats. Decision 97/232/EC was amended accordingly (CD 2002/3/EC).

CD 2002/261/EC established a complete and consolidated set of animal health conditions and model certificates for the importation of live sheep and goats from third countries.

Bovines and Pigs

Poland was added to the third countries listed under 97/222/EC from which Member States can authorise the importation of pig meat products following previous authorisation to import fresh pig meat into the Community. (Imports of poultry meat and farmed feather game from Latvia were included in the same Decision- see below)

Following the positive result of a mission to assess control measures against classical swine fever in domestic pigs, certain districts of the **Slovak Republic** were authorised to import fresh pig meat into the Community (CD 2002/940/EC).

CD 2002/199/EC established a complete and consolidated set of animal health conditions and model certificates for the importation of live bovines and pigs from third countries. This was subsequently amended by CD 2002/578/EC in recognition of EU-equivalent surveillance programmes and disease-free assurance schemes for enzootic bovine leukosis in **Canada** and the **Czech Republic**.

Horses

African Horse Sickness

Annex D to Council Directive 90/426/EEC concerning animal health conditions governing the movement and import from third countries of equidae was amended to take account of improved ELISA techniques, revised international standards for the diagnosis of African horse sickness and the advice of the African horse sickness and bluetongue symposium

organised by the Community reference laboratory for AHS in Spain in November 2000 (CD 2002/160/EC).

Importation

Following action taken by **Turkish** authorities to improve veterinary supervision and certification for exporting horses into the Community, and the completion of a surveillance programme for glanders and other notifiable equine diseases, the temporary admission and re-entry after temporary export of Community registered horses from the six provinces in Turkey listed in Decision 92/160/EEC was re-established and the authorisation to import was extended to permanent imports of registered horses under the animal health conditions established for registered horses from areas of similar epidemiological situation, (CD 2002/635/EC).

Health conditions and veterinary certification for the temporary admission of registered horses are laid down in Commission Decision 92/260/EEC. In order to allow certain male horses to compete at the World Equestrian Games in Jerez de la Frontera in Spain in September 2002 (CD 2002/636/EC), and similarly, in order to allow certain male horses to compete at the pre-Olympic test event in Athens, Greece, in August 2003 (CD 2003/13/EC), derogation for the requirement for uncastrated male horses older than 180 days to show proof of the absence of the equine viral arteritis virus in the semen was authorised.

Kyrgyzstan was unintentionally omitted from the list of third countries from which Member States can authorise imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production. Therefore, Kyrgyzstan was reinstated in the list. In addition, the time to complete certain health tests prior to export from countries using certificate E as defined in Decision 93/197/EEC was extended from 10 to 21 days (CD 2002/766/EC).

Poultry, Ratites etc

Following the re-occurrence of a virulent strain of Newcastle disease in **Australia** in May 2002, 2002/537/EC prohibited the importation in the EU of live poultry, ratites and hatching eggs, fresh meat of poultry, ratites, farmed and wild feathered game and poultrymeat products. Following the confirmation of an additional outbreak in October, 2002/942/EC prolonged the measures initially put in place.

2002/607/EC suspended the import into the EU of live poultry, ratites and hatching eggs, fresh meat of poultry, ratites, farmed and wild feathered game from **Chile** following the confirmation of an outbreak of highly pathogenic avian influenza. Chile was subsequently regionalised and the provision for imports from non-affected areas was laid down in 2002/796/EC.

Botswana was listed and authorised for importation into the EU for live ratites following the introduction of legislation making AI a notifiable disease (CD 2002/789/EC).

Following the positive result of a mission, **Bulgaria** was authorised to import of live poultry and hatching eggs into the Community. Live poultry imports were also authorised from the whole territory of **Croatia** (CD 2002/183/EC).

Following the positive result of a mission, **Latvia** was authorised to export meat products from domestic poultry and farmed feather game (CD 2002/184/EC).

2002/279/EC establishes a list of approved quarantine facilities and centres for the importation of birds other than poultry. This list of approved centres is accessible on the web at <http://forum.europa.eu.int/irc/sanco/vets/info/data/quarantine/list.htm>

2002/542/EC reducing the isolation period for imported poultry used for breeding and production to 21 days provided birds are subject to appropriate testing with favourable results.

Fish

During 2002, Norway and Faeroe Islands reported further outbreaks of Infectious Salmon Anaemia (ISA). Despite the protective measures taken by the respective Veterinary Authorities, a rapid eradication of the disease cannot be envisaged. A prolongation of the protective measures regarding imports of salmonids and their products from Norway and Faeroe Islands was adopted by Decisions 2002/109/EC and 2002/110/EC respectively).

Semen and embryos

A number of modifications to the lists of approved bovine and porcine semen collection centres and bovine embryo transfer teams in third countries were made and published on the DG Health and Consumer Protection website² in accordance with Commission Decision 2001/106/EC.

A list of horse semen collection centres in certain third countries was established for the first time in 2000 (CD 2000/284/EC). This was amended five times in 2002 (CDs 2002/73/EC, CD/2001/297/EC, 2002/339/EC, 2002/416/EC and 2002/776/EC).

Others

Following recent major outbreaks of list A exotic diseases, including FMD, and in light of recommendations to reinforce controls on **personal imports** of animal products by the International Conference on the Prevention and Control of foot-and-mouth disease in 2001, and the European Parliament's Temporary Committee on FMD in 2002, derogations that allow travellers to carry amounts of meat and milk, and associated products, in personal luggage and via mail are suspended. Hence, from 1 January 2003, all personal imports of meat and milk from third countries (except Andorra, the Faeroe Islands, Greenland, Norway, Iceland, Switzerland, San Marino, Bulgaria, Romania and the 10 acceding countries) will no longer be permitted into the EU (with a small number of limited exceptions) unless such products carry an appropriate veterinary certificate, and are presented at a BIP in the same way as commercial consignments (2002/995/EC).

Posters in 34 languages giving details of the new rules on personal imports for display at all points of entry into the EU have been produced as part of a publicity campaign to coincide with the introduction of the new Decision. Further information on the new rules on personal imports, and the accompanying publicity campaign can be found at the following webpage:

http://europa.eu.int/comm/food/fs/ah_pcad/ah_pcad_importposters_en.html

²

www.forum.europa.eu.int/Public/irc/sanco/vets/information

2.6 Animal welfare

Year 2002 for animal welfare was the one dedicated in particular to the development of the future strategy of the Commission to raise consensus and awareness on the issue internationally.

The initiatives in this area include the adoption of a report from the Commission to the Council and to the European Parliament on farm animal welfare legislation in third countries and the implications for the EU as well as active support to the work of the OIE in this field.

Meanwhile the development of the Commission proposal for future legislation on the protection of animals during transport continued, in particular collecting information from different stakeholders and assessing the impact of future measures. Additionally, in December, DG SANCO web-site hosted a public consultation on the different aspects of the proposal.

Main initiatives on animal welfare 2002:

1) Development of the international dimension of animal welfare:

a). In May 2002 the OIE adopted a Resolution on Animal Welfare. The 158 nations members of the OIE have accepted to start the development of policies and guiding principles to provide a sound foundation from which to elaborate specific recommendations and standards. As a consequence, an official from SANCO E2 has been nominated as a member of the OIE working Group on animal welfare. The first meeting of the Working Group was held from 16 to 18 October 2002 in Paris. In particular it examined the best options for incorporating the views of non-governmental organisations (NGOs), including industry, in its work on animal welfare. A work program on animal welfare for the next 5 years was then developed including the organisation of the first OIE global conference on animal welfare.

b) In November 2002 the Commission adopted a Communication to the Council and European Parliament comparing animal welfare standards in the European Union with standards in third country trading partners. The Report analyses ways to avoid potential competitive disadvantages and subsequent deterioration in animal welfare standards in the EU as a result of disparities in measures. Starting from the assumption that competitive distortions (whether to the advantage or disadvantage of EU producers) arising from differences in standards have the clear potential to undermine higher animal welfare aims, the report investigates a number of channels to prevent such a development.

c) Following an invitation by the administrations from Australia and New Zealand an official from the Unit spent two weeks in those Countries in order to discuss animal welfare issues. Meetings were organised with the colleagues in the administrations and the different stakeholders involved in the agricultural sector. The visit included the participation to an international symposium on animal welfare.

d) Assistance has been given to colleagues working on EU enlargement in relation to animal welfare matters, in particular concerning the enforcement of EU rules on the protection of laying hens in the Candidate Countries. In relation to this, officials have also participated in TAIEX meetings.

2) The protection of animals during transport:

a) elaboration of the proposal for a Council Regulation

b) organisation of a stakeholders meeting and a public web consultation concerning the main elements to be included in the proposal

c) conclusion of the negotiation of the Council of Europe Convention for the Protection of Animals during International Transport (ETS 65 – Council of Europe) on behalf of the Community.

d) SANCO officials were involved in upgrading the Community rules for the payment of export refunds for livestock in relation to the respecting of animal welfare conditions.

3) The protection of animals on the farm:

a) Consultation with experts from Member States and stakeholders for the elaboration of a legislative proposal on the protection of chicken kept for the production of meat. Several expert working groups have been organised in Brussels.

b) Assistance to DG Agriculture in relation to the development of animal welfare requirements within the action plan for organic farming.

4) A constant stream of letters and parliamentary questions have been answered on several topics. A great volume of correspondence was related to the import in the EU of furs from cats and dogs and in relation to the future proposal on animal transport. The animal welfare web site was further developed to include more international issues.

5) Participation to seminars, workshops and congress at international level by the different officials of E2 dealing with animal welfare, both inside and outside the EU.

2.7 Zootechnics

Satisfactory results in animal production depend to a large extent on the use of breeding animals of high genetic quality. The Community's zootechnical legislation aims at the promotion of free trade in breeding animals and their genetic material considering the sustainability of breeding programs and preservation of genetic resources. This is reached by harmonised rules for

- Recognition of breeding organisations,
- Pedigree certificates,
- Entry in herdbooks,
- Performance testing and genetic evaluation,
- Acceptance for breeding.

The general requirements are laid down in a number of Council Directives and implementing Decisions.

The main emphasis of work with the Member States in 2002 focused on

- cross-border activities of breeding organisations,
- several questions concerning the identification of equidae,
- non-discrimination in horse-competitions,
- studbooks of origin for individual breeds.

Furthermore special rules for genetic identification of pure-bred breeding animals of the bovine species were laid down by Commission Decision 2002/8/EC.

A meeting of the Standing Committee on Zootechnics took place on 21-22 February 2002 and a working group with representatives of all Member States on 5 November 2002.

2.7.1 Community Reference Laboratory

The Community continued to grant financial assistance to the Interbull Centre, Uppsala, Sweden for genetic evaluation and co-ordination of the various methods of performance testing for pure-bred breeding animals of the bovine species. Community finance was given under CD 2002/230/EC.

2.7.2 Identification and registration of animals

Bovines- Regulation (EC) No 1760/2000

With the adoption of Regulation (EC) No 1760/2000 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 July 2000 establishing a system for the identification and registration of bovine animals and regarding the labeling of beef and beef products and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 820/97, the Commission continued the process of recognition of the fully operational character of the national databases for bovine animals (CD 2002/67/EC- recognition of the operational character of the German database for bovine animals).

Sheep and Goats- Proposal COM(2002)729

In December 2002, the European Commission adopted a proposal for a Regulation with the aim of strengthening the system of identification and registration of ovine and caprine animals. Pending the development of electronic identification to such a stage that it can be applied on a Community scale, it is proposed to introduce a reinforced system comprised individual identification by means of two eartags. This will be supplemented with the introduction of the recording of individual animal movements for sheep and goats. In addition, it is proposed that the central authorities should also establish a computerised database containing as a first step data on farms (keeper, species, number of animals) and as a second step entries in the database for each movement.

3. EUROPEAN COMMISSION

3.1 Standing Committee on the food chain and Animal Health (SCFCAH)

During the procedure for the adoption of its autonomous legal acts, the European Commission is supported by the “regulatory committees”, which take part in designing and implementing the Union's policies. To assist the Commission concerning policies within the area of animal health and animal welfare, the Standing Veterinary Committee was established in 1968.

Following the adoption of Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 January 2002 setting out the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety, the regulatory committees (including the Standing Veterinary Committee) were reorganised within a single new structure. This new structure, the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health is divided into the following sections:

- General food law
- Biological safety of the food chain
- Toxicological safety of the food chain
- Controls and import conditions
- Animal nutrition
- Phytopharmaceuticals
- Animal health and animal welfare.

The Committee comprises representatives of the Member States. The Section on animal health and animal welfare (for which the Unit is responsible) meets at least once a month. Before presenting a draft measure to the Committee, the Director-General for Health and Consumer Protection consults the Legal Service and other Directorates-General concerned such as Agriculture, Fisheries, Trade and External Relations. Following the presentation of the draft measure, the Committee may express a favourable or an unfavourable opinion, or may fail to deliver an opinion. The weighting of votes for the Committee is as shown below:

Member States	Votes
France, Germany, Italy, United Kingdom	10
Spain	8
Belgium, Greece, Netherlands, Portugal	5
Austria, Sweden	4
Denmark, Ireland, Finland	3
Luxembourg	2
Total	87

Favourable opinion	62 or more in favour
No opinion	fewer than 62 in favour and fewer than 62 against
Unfavourable opinion	62 or more against

The Committee's opinion is binding on the Commission, which cannot adopt the measures unless the Committee's opinion is favourable. When the Committee delivers an unfavourable opinion on the Commission's proposed measures, or when no opinion is delivered, the Commission cannot take any decision, even a provisional one; it must pass the proposal to the Council immediately. The proposal follows then the normal procedure in the Council. However, if after 3 months (or 15 days in case of urgency) the Council did not act (qualified majority in favour), the Commission adopts its proposal, unless the Council confirm a simple majority against.

More information on the Standing Committee on Animal Health and the Food Chain, including the latest reports and opinions, can be found on the Internet

http://europa.eu.int/comm/food/fs/rc/scfcah/index_en.html

3.2 Relationship with Scientific Advisory Committees

In the preparatory work on health legislation, the Commission is also assisted by the Scientific Committees, whose objective is to prepare scientific advice based on the principles of independence, transparency and excellence. The Scientific Committees include a Committee on Animal Health and Animal Welfare.

During 2002, The secretariats of the Scientific Committees were managed by SANCO Directorate C, which works in close co-ordination with the services responsible for the preparation of legislation, including Unit E.2.

Following the formal establishment of the new European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) in January 2002, the future provision of independent Scientific advice in the areas of food safety will be the responsibility of EFSA. It is anticipated that the EFSA will begin formal management of the relevant independent scientific advisory committees, including the scientific panel on animal health and welfare and the overarching scientific committee, during 2003.

Reports of the Scientific Committee on Animal Health and Animal Welfare adopted in 2002:

- The welfare of animals during transport (details for horses, pigs, sheep and cattle)
- Avian Chlamydiosis as a zoonotic disease and risk reduction strategies
- The oral vaccination of foxes against rabies
- The welfare of non-human primates used in research

Work continues on the following:

- Welfare of animals during transport (part 2- this report considers the welfare of animal species not considered in the first report).
- Welfare of animals at the time of slaughter and killing
- Risks of disease transmission through the use of fish by-products in aquaculture

More information on the Scientific Committee on Animal Health and Animal Welfare, including the latest reports and opinions, can be found on the Internet (http://europa.eu.int/comm/food/fs/sc/scah/index_en.html).

3.3 Relationship with the Food and Veterinary Office

The Food and Veterinary Office (Directorate F of DG Health and Consumer Protection (SANCO)) carries out a major role in the control function of the Commission in relation to the implementation of the Community legislation on health matters.

The mission reports issued by the Food and Veterinary Office are an element of major importance for SANCO E2 in its preparatory work for the adoption of Community legislation.

A very close level of co-operation exists between SANCO E2 and SANCO F2 when outbreaks of OIE list A Diseases occur in mammals in the EU and between SANCO E2 and SANCO F3 when

list A Diseases are confirmed in poultry and fish. The information received from these units is very valuable in particular when safeguard measures are proposed to the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health.

3.4 Activities of Unit E2 in relation to the European Parliament, the Council, the Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions

Staff Members of Unit SANCO E2 participate in meetings of the European Parliament (agriculture, environment and budget committees), the Council, the Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of Regions when requested in relation to draft legislation.

During 2002, there was high level of commitment from E2 staff in the discussions reviewing FMD in the aftermath of the 2001 FMD crisis. This input was primarily directed to the Temporary Committee on FMD of the European Parliament, but also involved discussions with the Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions.

With regard to the European Parliament, staff members were also requested to be present during hearings and petitions concerning animal health and animal welfare issues.

In relation to questions raised by Members of the European Parliament to the European Commission the Unit has prepared replies to 43 *questions*, 8 of them were *priority questions*.

The majority of the questions raised have been related to topics within the area of animal welfare.

Furthermore the Unit has provided contributions to questions for which the Unit was not Chef de File. (*See Appendix 5.1 for a short description of the EU institutions*).

3.5 International Affairs

3.5.1 OIE

The Commission carried out its co-ordination work on documents from the OIE for a possible vote at the Annual General Meeting (AGM) in Paris in May 2002. A position paper sent to the Council in April was agreed and the Spanish Presidency presented the Community position during the meeting. Work started on the documents for the May 2003 AGM with a Community working document being sent to the Council in November.

Work on a draft recommendation from the Commission to the Council in order to authorise the Commission to open negotiations with the OIE with a view to the Community becoming a member of this organisation as required by the White Paper continued to be suspended.

3.5.2 FAO

The secretariat of the European Commission for the control of foot-and mouth disease (EUFMD Commission) is located at the Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations (FAO) in Rome. E2 works in close co-operation with EUFMD in the area of FMD research and field operations on the base of an Implementing Agreement on "EC funded permanent activities carried out by the FAO European Commission for the Control of FMD (Contract No SANCO/162/2000). The financial support for joint activities has been made available partly by a Trust Fund established by the EU at the FAO.

The operation of this long-existing Trust Fund has been formalised in accordance with Commission Decision 2001/300/EC. The permanent activities include *inter alia* the support of a vaccination programme in Turkish Thrace. In addition, in 2002, the Commission, EUFMD, OIE and FAO,

together with the CVO's of Armenia, Azerbaijan and Georgia, agreed a programme to establish a vaccination belt to enhance the protection of the Community from FMD. The Community gave an additional contribution to the Trust Fund to carry forward this programme as laid down in Commission Decision 2002/953/EC.

3.5.3 **WHO**

The World Health Organisation (WHO) is a specialised agency of the United Nations with primary responsibility for international health matters and public health. The Unit works in close co-operation with WHO collaborating centres for Rabies located at Nancy, France and at Wusterhausen, Germany. The collaborating centres for Rabies at Nancy was designated as a Community Reference Laboratory and it is responsible for standardisation of measures of serological titration on carnivores vaccinated against Rabies.

3.5.4 **TAIEX**

The Technical Assistance Information Exchange Office (TAIEX) is a part of DG ENLARGEMENT and its function is to provide technical aid and information to the Associated Countries.

The unit took part in or helped in arranging a number of meetings organised by TAEIX as follows:

Date	Title	Place	E2 Expert
26/2/2002	Training on certification in particular implementation of the Directives on animal health conditions affecting I/C trade in bovine, swine, caprine and ovine animals	Brussels	HB, AEF
7/3/2002	Seminar on the control of classical swine fever	Pulawy - Poland	AL
8/4/2002	Training on certification in particular implementation of the Directives on animal health conditions affecting I/C trade in bovine, swine, caprine and ovine animals	Brussels	HB
10/4/2002	ANIMO training	Brussels	CD
7/6/2002	1 st meeting of the Chief Veterinary Officers sub-group on laboratories	Brussels	AL
5/7/2002	Food Legislation week in Lithuania – Certification requirements	Vilnius – Lithuania	HB
4/9/2002	Workshop on the quality assessment in pig production	Wels – Austria	
12/9/2002	Advisory visit on bovine databases	Bucharest – Romania	SA
8/10/2002	Seminar on Rabies control in wildlife in the Candidate Countries	Brussels	JF
8/11/2002	Training on certification in particular implementation of the Directives on animal health conditions affecting I/C trade in bovine, swine, caprine and ovine animals – Estonia	Brussels	HB
8/11/2002	Training on certification in particular implementation of the Directives on animal health conditions affecting I/C trade in bovine, swine, caprine and ovine animals – Slovenia	Brussels	HB
21/11/2002	Seminar on the protection of animals at the time of slaughter or killing	Brussels	AG

The unit participated in several peer reviews organised by TAIEX in the candidate countries. Peer review missions carried out by the unit's staff are included in the list of unit's missions in Annex 5.9

Vetlex (inter-active database providing consolidated veterinary legislation) continues to be provided by TAIEX to the Commission services from the web site. The unit continues to use the system and

provides feedback to TAIEX to ensure it is kept fully and accurately as up to date as possible. Work is in hand to provide French, as well as English and German versions.

3.5.5 Council of Europe

The Council of Europe, to which 32 countries including all EU Member States and the Community belong, has drawn up and continues to develop five Conventions on various aspects of animal welfare. In particular in relation to farm animal protection the most relevant are:

- The European Convention for the protection of animals during international transport (Paris, 13/12/68),
- The European Convention for the protection of animals kept for farming purposes (Strasbourg, 10/03/76),
- The European Convention for the protection of animals for slaughter (Strasbourg, 10/05/79),

In particular, in the framework of the “European Convention for the protection of animals kept for farming purposes”, a Standing Committee is in charge to elaborate specific recommendations for the protection of the main species of farmed animals.

The Community has ratified the European Convention for the protection of animals for farming purposes and the European Convention for the protection of animals for slaughter.

The Unit participated in the Sessions organised by the Council of Europe on animal welfare.

In particular one official of the Unit has been re-elected vice chairman of the Standing Group of the European Convention for the protection of animals kept for farming purposes.

Based on the mandate of the Agriculture Council of October 2001, the Commission negotiated on behalf of the Community the revised European Convention for the Protection of Animals during International Transport. The scope of the negotiations was to ensure that a high level of animal protection was extended to international animal transportation outside the borders of the European Union, and that the provisions of the new convention reflect existing Community legislation. Subsequent scientific developments and practical experience acquired in this field have to be taken into account.

The draft rules of the new Convention were agreed in June 2002. The Convention will be opened to signature in November 2003. The necessary instruments for ratification and signature will be prepared during 2003.

3.6 Information to the Public

In accordance with the Commission’s policy to improve transparency:

Staff Members have frequently been invited to participate in and to present papers at international seminars, workshop and meetings concerning animal health and animal welfare policy. Information on these activities is given in Appendix 5.9.

- the chronology of the 2001 Foot and Mouth disease epidemic in the Community and subsequent follow-up work carried out in 2002 following the crisis can be found on page http://europa.eu.int/comm/food/fs/ah_pcad/ah_pcad_47_en.pdf

- the animal health and animal welfare areas of the DG SANCO website have been undergoing further development during 2002.
(http://www.europa.eu.int/comm/dgs/health_consumer/index_en.htm)
- reports of the SCFCAH (formally SVC) meetings are regularly published on the web and provided to the European Parliament. (http://europa.eu.int/comm/food/fs/rc/svc/index_en.html)
- <http://forum.europa.eu.int/Public/irc/sanco/vets/information> provides information and details of staging points, assembly centres, quarantine facilities or centres for importation of birds, semen collection centres and embryos collection teams, and third countries establishments that have been approved for exports into the EU.
- http://europa.eu.int/comm/food/fs/inspections/special_topics/index_en.html provides information concerning “General guidance for third country authorities on the procedures to be followed when importing live animals and animal products into the European Union”.

4. FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND STAFF

4.1 Financial resources

The budget allocated for actions within the area of animal health, animal welfare and zootechnics were given under three different budget lines:

B1 - 3300 - Animal disease eradication and control programmes

Community financial measures can be introduced for the monitoring and eradication of a number of infectious animal diseases (see section 2.4). Following the entry into force of Council Regulation (EC) No 1258/99, eradication and surveillance programmes approved in 2002 for implementation in 2003: The budget for these measures was 38.8 M. EURO (for the eradication and control programmes). In addition, a special budget was made available for BSE and Scrapie monitoring (purchase of test kits).

B1 - 3310 - Other actions in the veterinary field

Community financial contributions are available for a number of different activities within the framework of Council Decision 90/424/EEC. These contributions have been used for:

- the operation of 8 Community Reference Laboratories covering infectious diseases including: Avian influenza, African horse sickness, classical swine fever, Infectious haematopoietic necrosis, Newcastle Disease, rabies, swine vesicular disease and certain diseases of molluscs,
- the purchase of antigens for the Community FMD vaccine bank and for the maintenance of the bank,
- consultants.

The budget for these measures was 7.95 M EURO

B1 - 3320 - Emergency veterinary measures

Following the occurrence of a number of infectious diseases such as classical swine fever, Newcastle disease and others listed in Chapter 1 of Council Decision 90/424/EEC the Member States shall obtain financial assistance from the Community for the eradication of the disease on the conditions that certain measures have been implemented. These measures include:

- the slaughter and destruction of animals of the susceptible species,
- the destruction of contaminated feeding-stuff and equipment,
- the cleaning and disinfection of holdings,
- swift and adequate compensation of livestock farmers.

From the budget of 2002 an amount of 85.43 million € has been committed for the reimbursement of Member States for the measures mentioned above.

4.2 Staff

For the year 2002 The Unit was allocated posts within the different staff categories as follows:

Grade		Number
A	-	19
B	-	2
C	-	13
D	-	1

Trainees - Six trainees were attached to the Unit during the reporting period.

Information on functions of individual staff members is given in Appendix 5.6.

The missions carried out by the unit have primarily been associated with the seminars, workshops and meetings referred to above. The total number of missions carried out was 117 (see Appendix 5.9. for details).

Sectors within the unit have been created to maximise efficiency and co-ordination in all the areas in which the unit has responsibility. Each sector is headed by a senior official:

Sector	Head of Sector
Animal Health- Trade and Zootechnics	Dr Alf-Eckbert Füssel
Animal Health- Imports	Dr Howard Batho
Eradication and Epidemiology	Dr Alberto Laddomada
Animal Welfare and Identification	Dr Andrea Gavinelli

5. APPENDICES

5.1 EU Institutions

5.1.1 European Parliament

The European Parliament is elected every five years by direct elections. Brought together within pan-European political groups, the major political parties operating in the Member States are represented. The three essential functions of the Parliament are that:

- 1) It shares with the Council the power to legislate, i.e. to adopt European laws (directives, regulations, and decisions). Its involvement in the legislative process helps to guarantee the democratic legitimacy of the texts adopted;
- 2) It shares budgetary authority with the Council, and can therefore influence EU spending. At the end of the procedure, it adopts the budget in its entirety;
- 3) It exercises democratic supervision over the Commission. It approves the nomination of Commissioners and has the right to censure the Commission. It also exercises political supervision over all the institutions.

5.1.2 Council

The Council is the EU's main decision-making body. It is the embodiment of the Member States, whose representatives it brings together regularly at ministerial level.

According to the matters on the agenda, the Council meets in different compositions: foreign affairs, agriculture, public and animal health etc.

The Council has a number of key responsibilities:

- 1) It is the Union's main legislative body; for a wide range of EU issues, it exercises that legislative power in co-decision with the European Parliament;
- 2) It co-ordinates the broad economic policies of the Member States;
- 3) It concludes, on behalf of the EU, international agreements with one or more Countries or international organisations;
- 4) It shares budgetary authority with the Parliament;
- 5) It takes the decisions necessary for framing and implementing the common foreign and security policy, on the basis of general guidelines established by the European Council.

5.1.3 Economic and Social Committee

The Economic and Social Committee advises the Parliament, the Council and the Commission on issues such as employment, operation of the single market and animal and public health. It consists of representatives of the various categories of economic and social activity.

5.1.4 Committee of the Regions

The Committee of the Regions ensures that regional and local identities and prerogatives are respected. It has to be consulted on matters concerning regional policy. In this context the region

will examine and express its wishes on proposed animal health legislation. It is composed of representatives of regional and local authorities.

5.1.5 Court of Auditors

Set up in 1977, the European Court of Auditors has its headquarters in Luxembourg.

The Treaty establishing the European Community confers upon the European Court of Auditors the main task of auditing the accounts and the implementation of the budget of the European Union with the dual aim of improving financial management and the reporting to the citizens of Europe on the use made of public funds by the authorities responsible for their management. The European Court of Auditors consists of 15 Members originating from the 15 Member States and appointed for a term of six years. They are independent and have specific experience in the audit of public finances. The Court Members elect their President for a term of three years.

<http://wbln0018.worldbank.org/EURVP/web.nsf/Pages/Brussels+HOME+PAGE>

5.1.6 Court of Justice

The Court of justice

The Court of Justice in particular is responsible for maintaining the balance, on the one hand, between the respective powers of the Community institutions and, on the other, between the powers transferred to the Community and those retained by the Member States. In exercising its powers of judicial review, the Court is often called upon to settle questions of a constitutional nature or of major economic significance. Moreover, when the European Parliament acquired new powers, the Court recognised, that certain acts of the Parliament could be the subject of an action before the Court and, conversely, that the Parliament could challenge acts of the other institutions if they compromised the institutional balance.

The Court has also contributed to defining the European Community as a community governed by the rule of law by laying down two essential rules:

- the *direct effect* of Community law in the Member States; and
- the *primacy* of Community law over national law.

Finally, the important place given to fundamental principles for the protection of individuals in the case-law of the Court of Justice must be emphasised.

Cases have been followed by SANCO E2 officials in relation to payments to a Member State of costs for eradication of CSF and FMD.

<http://curia.eu.int/en/index.htm>

5.2 Legislation and/or common positions adopted during 2002 by the Council and/or the European Parliament

No.	Directive / Regulation / Decision	Official Journal	Resp.
1.	Council Directive 2002/60/EC of 27 June 2002 laying down specific provisions for the control of African swine fever and amending Directive 92/119/EEC as regards Teschen disease and African swine fever	L 192/27	AL
2.	Council Decision 2003/67/EC of 28 January 2003 concerning protection measures relating to Newcastle disease in the United States of America	L 26/48	MP

Common position	Resp.
COMMON POSITION (EC) No 57/2002 of 27 June 2002 adopted by the Council, acting in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 251 of the Treaty establishing the European Community, with a view to adopting a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the animal-health requirements applicable to the non-commercial movement of pet animals and amending Council Directive 92/65/EEC	JF

5.3 Propositions from the Commission to the Council

No.	COM/SEC	Title	RESP.
1.	COM(2002)414	Proposal for a Council Regulation amending Council Regulation (EC) no 1255/97 as regards the use of staging points	DS
2.	COM(2002)504	Proposal for a Council Directive amending Directive 91/68/EEC as regards reinforcement of controls on movements of ovine and caprine animals	AEF
3.	COM(2002)527	Proposal for a Council Directive amending Directive 88/407/EEC laying down the animal health requirements applicable to intra-Community trade in and imports of semen of domestic animals of the bovine species	HK
4.	COM(2002)626	Communication to the Council and Parliament on Animal Welfare Legislation on farmed animals in Third Countries and the Implications for the EU	AG
5.	COM(2002)729	Proposal for a Council Regulation establishing a system for the identification and registration of ovine and caprine animals and amending Regulation (EEC) No 3508/92	SA

No.	COM/SEC	Title	RESP.
6.	COM(2002)736	Proposal for a Council Directive on Community measures for the control of Foot-and-Mouth Disease and amending Directive 92/46/EEC	AEF
7.	COM(2003)3	Proposal for a Council Decision concerning protection measures relating to Newcastle disease in the United States of America	MP
8.	SEC(2002)332	Written comments of the Community on the Report of the meeting of the Bureau of the OIE [Office International des Epizooties] International Animal Health Code Commission (Paris, 16-19 January 2002), the Fish Diseases Commission (Paris, 14-17 January 2002), the draft Chapters for the Manual of Standards, draft Chapters for the Diagnostic Manual for Aquatic Animal Diseases and the Submissions by Argentina (part of the territory), Bosnia and Herzegovina, and the Philippines (part of the territory) concerning freedom from foot and mouth disease to be submitted for adoption and consideration in the 70th General Session in 2002	HB
9.	SEC(2002)1141	Written comments of the Community on the report of the meeting of the Bureau of the OIE [Office International des Epizooties] International Animal Health Code Commission [Paris July 2002] and the Fish Diseases Commission [Paris June 2002] to be submitted for adoption and consideration in the 71st General Session to be held in May 2003	HB

5.4 Co-Decision procedures – Commission Opinion

No.	COM/SEC	Title	RESP.
1.	COM(2002)710	COMMISSION OPINION pursuant to point (c) of the third subparagraph of Article 251(2) of the EC Treaty on the European Parliament amendments to the Council common position on the proposal for a European Parliament and Council Regulation on the animal-health requirements applicable to the non-commercial movement of pet animals and amending Council Directive 92/65/EEC	MPD

5.5 Commission Decisions, Directives and Regulations adopted concerning animal health, welfare and zootechnics by applying the Standing Veterinary Committee procedure

Decisions drafted by E2

No.	COMMISSION DECISION	Official Journal	Drafted by:
1.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/3/EC of 28 December 2001 amending Decision 97/232/EC drawing up lists of third countries from which the Member States authorise imports of sheep and goats	L 2/17	hb
2.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/4/EC of 27 December 2001 on financial assistance from the Community for storage in France, Italy and the United Kingdom of antigen for production of foot-and-mouth disease vaccine	L 2/19	aef
3.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/7/EC of 28 December 2001 amending Decision 98/371/EC as regards the animal health certificate for certain imports of fresh meat	L 3/50	hb
4.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/8/EC of 28 December 2001 laying down the methods for the genetic identification of pure-bred breeding animals of the bovine species and amending Decisions 88/124/EEC and 96/80/EC	L 3/53	aef
5.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/29/EC of 8 January 2002 on financial assistance from the Community for storage in France, Italy and the United Kingdom of antigens for production of foot-and-mouth disease vaccines	L 13/25	aef
6.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/31/EC of 14 January 2002 concerning certain protection measures relating to classical swine fever in Spain and amending Decision 2001/925/EC	L 13/31	al
7.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/32/EC of 14 January 2002 on marking and use of pigmeat in application of Article 11 of Council Directive 2001/89/EC concerning Spain	L 13/32	al

No.	COMMISSION DECISION	Official Journal	Drafted by:
8.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/33/EC of 14 January 2002 on the use of two slaughterhouses, in accordance with Article 10(1)(b) of Council Directive 2001/89/EC, by Spain	L 13/35	al
9.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/35/EC of 16 January 2002 amending Decision 2001/783/EC as regards the protection and surveillance zones in relation to bluetongue in Italy	L 15/31	jf
10.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/36/EC of 16 January 2002 amending Decision 93/693/EC as regards the list of semen collection centres approved for the export to the Community of semen of domestic animals of the bovine species from third countries	L 15/32	jf
11.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/37/EC of 15 January 2002 amending for the sixth time Decision 2001/740/EC concerning certain protection measures with regard to foot-and-mouth disease in the United Kingdom	L 15/37	aef
12.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/41/EC of 21 January 2002 concerning certain further detailed conditions for the granting of authorisation for the removal of pigs from holdings located within the protection and surveillance zones established in Spain in relation to classical swine fever	L 19/47	al
13.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/45/EC of 22 January 2002 amending Decision 93/402/EEC concerning animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of fresh meat from South American countries, in particular as regards from Argentina	L 20/7	hb
14.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/46/EC of 21 January 2002 amending Decision 92/452/EEC as regards the lists of embryo collection teams and embryo production teams approved in third countries for export of bovine embryos to the Community	L 21/21	jf
15.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/48/EC of 23 January 2002 amending for the seventh time Decision 2001/740/EC concerning certain protection measures with regard to foot-and-mouth disease in the United Kingdom	L 21/28	aef
16.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/49/EC of 23 January 2002 amending for the second time Decision 2001/304/EC on marking and use of certain animal products in relation to Decision 2001/172/EC concerning certain protection measures with regard to foot-and-mouth disease in the United Kingdom	L 21/30	aef
17.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/67/EC of 28 January 2002 recognising the fully operational character of the German database for bovine animals	L 26/17	sa
18.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/68/EC of 30 January 2002 amending Decision 93/402/EEC concerning animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of fresh meat from South American countries and in particular as regards to Argentina	L 30/47	hb

No.	COMMISSION DECISION	Official Journal	Drafted by:
19.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/73/EC of 30 January 2002 amending for the seventh time Decision 2000/284/EC establishing the list of approved semen collection centres for imports of equine semen from third countries	L 33/18	aef
20.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/106/EC of 1 February 2002 approving a Diagnostic Manual establishing diagnostic procedures, sampling methods and criteria for evaluation of the laboratory tests for the confirmation of classical swine fever	L 39/71	al
21.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/108/EC of 11 February 2002 for restocking the bluetongue vaccine Community bank	L 40/11	jf
22.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/109/EC of 11 February 2002 amending for the third time Decision 1999/766/EC on certain protective measures in respect of infectious salmon anaemia in salmonids in Norway	L 40/12	lb
23.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/110/EC of 11 February 2002 amending for the second time Decision 2000/574/EC on certain protective measures in respect of infectious salmon anaemia in salmonids in the Faroe Islands	L 40/13	lb
24.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/153/EC of 20 February 2002 concerning certain protection measures with regard to foot-and-mouth disease in the United Kingdom, repealing Decision 2001/740/EC and amending for the eighth time Decision 2001/327/EC	L 50/98	aef
25.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/160/EC of 21 February 2002 amending Annex D to Council Directive 90/426/EEC with regard to diagnostic tests for African horse sickness	L 53/37	aef
26.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/161/EC of 22 February 2002 approving the plans submitted by Germany for the eradication of classical swine fever in feral pigs in Saarland and the emergency vaccination against classical swine fever in feral pigs in Rhineland-Pfalz and Saarland	L 53/43	al
27.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/162/EC of 22 February 2002 amending Decisions 2001/925/EC, 2002/33/EC and 2002/41/EC to prolong certain protection measures and detailed conditions in relation to classical swine fever in Spain	L 53/45	al
28.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/163/EC of 22 February 2002 concerning certain protection measures relating to classical swine fever in Luxembourg	L 53/46	al
29.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/181/EC of 28 February 2002 approving the plan presented by Luxembourg for the eradication of classical swine fever in feral pigs in certain areas of Luxembourg	L 61/54	al
30.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/182/EC of 28 February 2002 approving the amended plan presented by Austria for the eradication of classical swine fever in feral pigs in Lower Austria	L 61/55	al

No.	COMMISSION DECISION	Official Journal	Drafted by:
31.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/183/EC of 28 February 2002 amending Decisions 95/233/EC and 96/482/EC as regards the importation of live poultry from third countries with respect to Bulgaria and repealing Decision 96/483/EC	L 61/56	mp
32.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/184/EC of 28 February 2002 amending Decision 97/222/EC as regards imports of meat products from Latvia and Poland	L 61/61	mp
33.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/189/EC of 5 March 2002 amending Decision 2001/783/EC as regards the protection and surveillance zones in relation to bluetongue in Italy	L 63/26	jf
34.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/198/EC of 7 March 2002 amending Decision 93/402/EEC concerning animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of fresh meat from South American countries in particular as regards to Argentina	L 66/21	pb/hb
35.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/199/EC of 30 January 2002 concerning animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of live bovine and porcine animals from certain third countries	L 71/1	hb
36.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/208/EC of 11 March 2002 on marking and use of pigmeat in application of Article 11 of Council Directive 2001/89/EC concerning Germany	L 68/36	al
37.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/209/EC of 11 March 2002 updating the conditions for the granting of authorisation for the removal of pigs from holdings located within the protection and surveillance zones established in Spain in relation to classical swine fever and establishing conditions for the marking and use of pigmeat in application of Article 11 of Council Directive 2001/89/EC	L 68/40	al
38.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/219/EC of 7 March 2002 amending Decision 1999/283/EC laying down the animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of fresh meat from certain African countries and in particular as regards Botswana and amending Decision 2000/585/EC laying down the animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of wild and farmed game meat and rabbit meat from third countries	L 72/27	hb
39.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/225/EC of 15 March 2002 laying down detailed rules for the implementation of Council Directive 91/492/EEC as regards the maximum levels and the methods of analysis of certain marine biotoxins in bivalve molluscs, echinoderms, tunicates and marine gastropods	L 75/62	pca

No.	COMMISSION DECISION	Official Journal	Drafted by:
40.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/226/EC of 15 March 2002 establishing special health checks for the harvesting and processing of certain bivalve molluscs with a level of amnesic shellfish poison (ASP) exceeding the limit laid down by Council Directive 91/492/EEC	L 75/65	pca
41.	COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 535/2002 of 21 March 2002 amending Annex C to Council Directive 64/432/EEC and amending Decision 2000/330/EC	L 80/22	aef
42.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/242/EC of 25 March 2002 amending for the ninth time Decision 2001/327/EC concerning restrictions to the movement of animals of susceptible species with regard to foot-and-mouth disease	L 82/18	aef
43.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/243/EC of 25 March 2002 amending Decisions 2001/925/EC and 2002/33/EC to prolong and to adapt certain protection measures and detailed conditions in relation to classical swine fever in Spain	L 82/19	al
44.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/252/EC of 26 March 2002 amending Decision 92/452/EEC establishing lists of embryo collection teams approved in third countries for export of bovine embryos to the Community, as regards Canada	L 86/42	hk
45.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/261/EC of 25 March 2002 amending Decision 93/198/EEC laying down a model for the animal health conditions and veterinary certification for the import of domestic ovine and caprine animals from third countries and amending Annex E of Council Directive 91/68/EEC laying down the animal health conditions governing intra-Community trade in ovine and caprine animals	L 91/31	hb
46.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/270/EC of 9 April 2002 amending Decisions 93/24/EEC, 93/244/EEC and 2001/618/EC as regards the list of Member States and regions free of Aujeszky's disease and regions where approved Aujeszky's disease eradication programmes are in place	L 93/7	al
47.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/278/EC of 10 April 2002 amending Decision 2001/393/EC as regards the certification for the import of specified pathogen-free eggs from third countries	L 99/14	mp
48.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/279/EC of 12 April 2002 amending Decision 2000/666/EC and Decision 2001/106/EC as regards the establishment of a model for lists of approved quarantine facilities or centres for imports of birds in the Member States	L 99/17	mp
49.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/297/EC of 10 April 2002 amending for the eighth time Decision 2000/284/EC establishing the list of approved semen collection centres for imports of equine semen from third countries	L 101/46	aef

No.	COMMISSION DECISION	Official Journal	Drafted by:
50.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/300/EC of 18 April 2002 establishing the list of approved zones with regard to <i>Bonamia ostreae</i> and/or <i>Marteilia refringens</i>	L 103/24	lb
51.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/301/EC of 18 April 2002 on the use of three slaughterhouses, in accordance with the provisions of Annex II(7) to Council Directive 92/119/EEC, by Italy	L 103/27	al
52.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/302/EC of 18 April 2002 concerning certain protection measures relating to classical swine fever in Germany	L 103/28	al
53.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/304/EC of 19 April 2002 approving programmes with a view to obtaining the status of approved zones and of approved farms in non-approved zones with regard to one or more of the fish diseases viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (VHS) and infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN)	L 104/37	lb
54.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/308/EC of 22 April 2002 establishing lists of approved zones and approved farms with regard to one or more of the fish diseases viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (VHS) and infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN)	L 106/28	lb
55.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/313/EC of 26 April 2002 amending Decisions 2001/925/EC, 2002/33/EC and 2002/209/EC to prolong certain protection measures and detailed conditions in relation to classical swine fever in Spain	L 112/45	al
56.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/338/EC of 2 May 2002 amending Decision 93/402/EEC concerning animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of fresh meat from South American countries, in particular as regards to Argentina	L 116/60	pb
57.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/339/CE of 2 May 2002 amending for the ninth time Decision 2000/284/EC establishing the list of approved semen collection centres for imports of equine semen from third countries	L 116/63	aef
58.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/341/EC of 3 May 2002 amending Decision 2001/296/EC as regards the list of approved laboratories for checking the effectiveness of vaccination against rabies in certain domestic carnivores	L 117/13	jf
59.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/382/EC of 23 May 2002 amending Decisions 2001/925/EC, 2002/33/EC and 2002/209/EC to prolong certain protection measures and detailed conditions in relation to the evolution of classical swine fever in Spain in April 2002	L 136/20	al
60.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/383/EC of 23 May 2002 concerning certain protection measures relating to classical swine fever in France, Germany and Luxemburg and repealing Decision 2002/302/EC	L 136/22	al

No.	COMMISSION DECISION	Official Journal	Drafted by:
61.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/416/EC of 6 June 2002 amending for the 10th time Decision 2000/284/EC establishing the list of approved semen collection centres for imports of equine semen from third countries	L 150/56	aef
62.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/456/EC of 13 June 2002 amending Decision 92/452/EEC establishing lists of embryo collection teams approved in third countries for export of bovine embryos to the Community, as regards Hungary	L 155/60	hk
63.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/459/EC of 4 June 2002 listing the units in the animo computer network and repealing Decision 2000/287/EC	L 159/27	dc
64.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/464/EC of 13 June 2002 amending Decision 97/222/EC laying down the list of third countries from which the Member States authorise the importation of meat products, as regards Argentina, Chile and Uruguay	L 161/16	pb
65.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/482/EC of 21 June 2002 amending Decision 93/52/EEC recording the compliance by certain Member States or regions with the requirements relating to brucellosis (<i>B. melitensis</i>) and according them the status of a Member State or region officially free of the disease	L 166/23	hb
66.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/526/EC of 28 June 2002 repealing Decision 94/141/EC approving the plan presented by France for the eradication of classical swine fever in feral pigs in the northern Vosges	L 170/85	al
67.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/530/EC of 28 June 2002 amending Decision 2001/925/EC to prolong certain protection measures in relation to the evolution of classical swine fever in Spain in May 2002	L 172/61	al
68.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/531/EC of 28 June 2002 amending Decision 2002/161/EC to approve the plans submitted by Germany for the eradication of classical swine fever and the emergency vaccination of feral pigs in North Rhine-Westfalia	L 172/63	al
69.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/535/EC of 28 June 2002 on the use of three slaughterhouses, in accordance with the provisions of point 7 of Annex II to Council Directive 92/119/EEC, by Italy	L 173/15	al
70.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/536/EC of 28 June 2002 amending Decision 2002/308/EC establishing lists of approved zones and approved farms with regard to one or more of the fish diseases viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (VHS) and infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN)	L 173/17	lb
71.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/537/EC of 2 July 2002 concerning protection measures relating to Newcastle disease in Australia	L 173/33	mp

No.	COMMISSION DECISION	Official Journal	Drafted by:
72.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/538/EC of 28 June 2002 amending Decision 2002/383/EC concerning certain protection measures relating to classical swine fever in France, Germany and Luxembourg	L 173/39	al
73.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/542/EC of 4 July 2002 amending Decision 96/482/EC as regards the length of the isolation period for imports of live poultry and hatching eggs from third countries and the animal health measures to be applied after such importation	L 176/43	mp
74.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/543/EC of 4 July 2002 amending Decision 2001/783/EC as regards the protection and surveillance zones in relation to bluetongue in Italy	L 176/45	jf
75.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/544/EC of 4 July 2002 recognising the system of surveillance networks for bovine holdings implemented in Belgium in accordance with Council Directive 64/432/EEC	L 176/46	hk
76.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/545/EC of 5 July 2002 for the implementation of a Bluetongue vaccination programme in Italy and the purchase of vaccine for this purpose	L 177/23	jf
77.	COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1226/2002 of 8 July 2002 amending Annex B to Council Directive 64/432/EEC	L 179/13	fr
78.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/548/EC of 8 July 2002 amending Decision 2002/230/EC on financial aid from the Community for the operation of certain Community reference laboratories in the field of animal health and live animals 2002 with regard to avian influenza	L 179/30	mp
79.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/551/EC of 9 July 2002 repealing Decision 2000/721/EC on introducing vaccination to supplement the measures to control avian influenza in Italy and on specific movement control measures	L 180/22	mp
80.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/552/EC of 9 July 2002 on restrictive measures related to vaccination against avian influenza in Italy	L 180/24	mp
81.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/577/EC of 10 July 2002 on financial aid from the Community towards the eradication of classical swine fever in Germany in 1999	L 183/60	lvdb/al
82.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/578/EC of 10 July 2002 amending Decision 2002/199/EC concerning animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of live bovine and porcine animals from certain third countries	L 183/62	hb

No.	COMMISSION DECISION	Official Journal	Drafted by:
83.	COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1282/2002 of 15 July 2002 amending Annexes to Council Directive 92/65/EEC laying down animal health requirements governing trade in and imports into the Community of animals, semen, ova and embryos not subject to animal health requirements laid down in specific Community rules referred to in Annex A(1) to Directive 90/425/EEC	L 187/3	hb
84.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/588/EC of 11 July 2002 amending Decision 1999/466/EC establishing the officially brucellosis-free status of bovine herds of certain Member States or regions of Member States	L 187/52	hk
85.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/598/EC of 15 July 2002 approving vaccines against bovine brucellosis within the framework of Council Directive 64/432/EEC	L 194/45	fr
86.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/607/EC of 23 July 2002 concerning protection measures relating to avian influenza in Chile	L 195/86	mp
87.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/613/EC of 19 July 2002 laying down the importation conditions of semen of domestic animals of the porcine species	L 196/45	hk
88.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/615/EC of 22 July 2002 amending Decision 92/486/EEC establishing the form of cooperation between the ANIMO host centre and the Member States	L 196/60	dc
89.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/625/EC of 25 July 2002 amending for the second time Decision 2002/383/EC concerning certain protection measures relating to classical swine fever in France, Germany and Luxembourg	L 200/35	al
90.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/626/EC of 25 July 2002 approving the plan submitted by France for the eradication of classical swine fever from feral pigs in Moselle and Meurthe-et-Moselle	L 200/37	al
91.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/635/EC of 31 July 2002 amending Decisions 92/160/EEC, 92/260/EEC and 93/197/EEC with regard to importation of registered horses from Turkey and repealing Decision 98/404/EC	L 206/20	aef
92.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/636/EC of 31 July 2002 on the temporary admission of horses participating in the World Equestrian Games in Spain in 2002	L 206/27	aef
93.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/637/EC of 31 July 2002 amending Decision 92/452/EEC establishing lists of embryo collection teams and embryo production teams approved in third countries for export of bovine embryos to the Community as regards Canada	L 206/29	hk

No.	COMMISSION DECISION	Official Journal	Drafted by:
94.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/645/EC of 31 July 2002 amending Decision 93/693/EC as regards semen collection centres approved for the export to the Community of semen of domestic animals of the bovine species from the Slovak Republic	L 211/21	hk
95.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/646/EC of 31 July 2002 amending Decision 1999/283/EC laying down the animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of fresh meat from certain African countries and in particular as regards Botswana and amending Decision 2000/585/EC laying down the animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of wild and farmed game meat and rabbit meat from third countries	L 211/23	hb
96.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/649/EC of 5 August 2002 on the implementation of surveys for avian influenza in poultry and wild birds in the Member States	L 213/38	mp
97.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/673/EC of 22 August 2002 approving the programmes for the implementation of Member States' surveys for avian influenza in poultry and wild birds	L 228/27	mp
98.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/677/EC of 22 August 2002 laying down standard reporting requirements for programmes of eradication and control of animal diseases co-financed by the Community and repealing Decision 2000/322/EC	L 229/24	fr
99.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/776/EC of 3 October 2002 amending for the 11th time Decision 2000/284/EC establishing the list of approved semen collection centres for imports of equine semen from third countries	L 267/30	aef
100.	COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1802/2002 of 10 October 2002 correcting Regulation (EC) No 1282/2002 amending Annexes to Council Directive 92/65/EEC laying down animal health requirements governing trade in and imports into the Community of animals, semen, ova and embryos not subject to animal health requirements laid down in specific Community rules referred to in Annex A(1) to Directive 90/425/EEC	L 274/21	hb
101.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/788/EC of 10 October 2002 amending Council Directive 82/894/EEC on the notification of animal diseases within the Community	L 274/33	hb
102.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/789/EC of 10 October 2002 amending Decision 2001/751/EC as regards imports of live ratites and hatching eggs from Botswana	L 274/36	mp
103.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/790/EC of 10 October 2002 amending for the third time Decision 2002/383/EC, concerning certain protection measures relating to classical swine fever in France, Germany and Luxembourg	L 274/38	al

No.	COMMISSION DECISION	Official Journal	Drafted by:
104.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/791/EC of 10 October 2002 amending for the second time Decision 2002/161/EC as regards the emergency vaccination of feral pigs against classical swine fever in North Rhine-Westphalia and Rheinland-Pfalz	L 274/40	al
105.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/793/EC of 11 October 2002 amending Decision 93/402/EEC as regards imports of fresh meat from Paraguay	L 276/62	pb
106.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/796/EC of 14 October 2002 amending Decision 2002/607/EC concerning protection measures relating to avian influenza in Chile	L 277/21	mp
107.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/799/EC of 14 October 2002 on the list of programmes for the eradication and monitoring of animal diseases and on the list of programmes of checks aimed at the prevention of zoonoses qualifying for a financial contribution from the Community in 2003	L 277/27	fr
108.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/807/EC of 15 October 2002 amending Decision 2000/807/EC laying down the codified form and the codes for the notification of animal diseases pursuant to Council Directive 82/894/EEC	L 279/50	hb
109.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/839/EC of 24 October 2002 amending for the fourth time Decision 2002/383/EC, concerning certain protection measures relating to classical swine fever in France, Germany and Luxembourg	L 287/39	al
110.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/841/EC of 24 October 2002 amending Decision 93/197/EEC on animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production	L 287/42	aef
111.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/878/EC of 6 November 2002 establishing the sampling plans and diagnostic methods for the detection and confirmation of the presence of the mollusc diseases Bonamiosis (<i>Bonamia ostreae</i>) and Marteilirosis (<i>Marteilia refringens</i>)	L 305/57	lb
112.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/879/EC of 4 November 2002 amending Decision 2002/304/EC as regards programmes applied in Finland with a view to obtaining the status of approved zones with regard to the fish diseases viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (VHS) and infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN)	L 305/59	lb
113.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/906/EC of 15 November 2002 amending Decision 2001/783/EC as regards the protection and surveillance zones in relation to bluetongue in Italy	L 313/30	jf
114.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/907/EC of 15 November 2002 temporarily recognising the surveillance network system for bovine holdings introduced in France under Council Directive 64/432/EEC	L 313/32	hk


No.	COMMISSION DECISION	Official Journal	Drafted by:
115.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/908/EC of 15 November 2002 amending Decision 93/402/EEC as regards imports of fresh meat from Brazil	L 313/34	pb
116.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/940/EC of 27 November 2002 amending Decision 98/371/EC as regards imports of fresh pig meat from the Slovak Republic	L 325/40	hb
117.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/942/EC of 29 November 2002 amending Decision 2002/537/EC concerning protection measures relating to Newcastle disease in Australia	L 325/49	mp
118.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/943/EC of 28 November 2002 approving programmes for the eradication and monitoring of certain animal diseases and for the prevention of zoonoses presented by the Member States for the year 2003	L 326/12	fr
119.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/944/EC of 28 November 2002 amending Decision 2001/729/EC on the list of programmes for the eradication and monitoring of animal diseases and on the list of programmes of checks aimed at the prevention of zoonoses qualifying for a financial contribution from the Community in 2002 and Decision 2001/853/EC approving the programmes for the eradication and monitoring of animal diseases and for the prevention of zoonoses presented by the Member States for the year 2002	L 326/20	jpv
120.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/953/EC of 5 December 2002 on a Community financial contribution to emergency measures to control foot-and-mouth disease in Armenia, Azerbaijan and Georgia and amending Decision 2001/300/EC	L 330/39	aef
121.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/975/EC of 12 December 2002 on introducing vaccination to supplement the measures to control infections with low pathogenic avian influenza in Italy and on specific movement control measures	L 337/87	mp
122.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/1004/EC of 23 December 2002 amending for the 10th time Decision 2001/327/EC concerning restrictions to the movement of animals of susceptible species with regard to foot-and-mouth disease	L 349/108	aef
123.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/1005/EC of 23 December 2002 amending for the second time Decision 2002/308/EC establishing the lists of approved zones and approved farms with regard to one or more of the fish diseases viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (VHS) and infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN)	L 349/109	yt
124.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/1009/EC of 27 December 2002 concerning protection measures relating to classical swine fever in Belgium, France, Germany and Luxembourg	L 351/112	al

No.	COMMISSION DECISION	Official Journal	Drafted by:
125.	COMMISSION DECISION 2002/995/EC of 9 December 2002 laying down interim safeguard measures with regard to imports of products of animal origin for personal consumption	L 353/1	mc
126.	COMMISSION DECISION 2003/11/EC of 10 January 2003 amending Council Directive 85/511/EEC as regards the lists of laboratories authorised to handle live foot-and-mouth disease virus	L 7/82	aef
127.	COMMISSION DECISION 2003/12/EC of 10 January 2003 amending Decision 92/452/EEC establishing lists of embryo collection teams and embryo production teams approved in third countries for export of bovine embryos to the Community as regards the United States of America and Switzerland	L 7/84	hk
128.	COMMISSION DECISION 2003/13/EC of 10 January 2003 on the temporary admission of horses participating in the pre-Olympic test event in Greece in 2003	L 7/86	aef
129.	COMMISSION DECISION 2003/14/EC of 10 January 2003 amending Decision 2001/783/EC as regards the bluetongue protection and surveillance zones and conditions for movements of animals for immediate slaughter	L 7/87	jf
130.	COMMISSION DECISION 2003/15/EC of 10 January 2003 amending Decision 2002/613/EC as regards the approved semen collection centres of Slovenia	L 7/90	hk
131.	COMMISSION DECISION 2003/21/EC of 30 December 2002 amending Decision 2002/673/EC approving the programmes for the implementation of Member States' surveys for avian influenza in poultry and wild birds	L 8/37	mp
132.	COMMISSION DECISION 2003/22/EC of 30 December 2002 for the purchase by the Community of classical swine fever vaccine and the establishment of a Community stock of that vaccine	L 8/40	al
133.	COMMISSION DECISION 2003/24/EC of 30 December 2002 concerning the development of an integrated computerised veterinary system	L 8/44	dc
134.	COMMISSION DECISION 2003/44/EC of 17 January 2003 amending Decision 93/52/EEC recording the compliance by certain Member States or regions with the requirements relating to brucellosis (<i>B. melitensis</i>) and according them the status of a Member State or region officially free of the disease	L 13/37	hk
135.	COMMISSION DECISION 2003/60/EC of 24 January 2003 amending Decision 2000/258/EC designating a specific institute responsible for establishing the criteria necessary for standardising the serological tests to monitor the effectiveness of rabies vaccines, as regards the approval of laboratories in third countries	L 23/30	jf


5.6 UNIT SANCO E2- ANIMAL HEALTH AND WELFARE, ZOOTECHNICS (Situation at 31/12/02)

Address: The European Commission
 DG Health & Consumer Protection
 Directorate E, Unit E2
 Rue Froissart 101
 Office F101 3/56
 B-1049 Brussels, Belgium

Head of Unit:

NAME	TELEPHONE	E-MAIL	LANGUAGES
 Dr. Bernard Van Goethem Head of Unit F101 3/52	32-2-295.31.43 or 32-2-295.35.86	Bernard.Van-Goethem@cec.eu.int	FR-EN-DE




Directly attached to the Head of Unit:

 Marie-Pierre Darchy (A) Legal and financial advice Administrative Support F101 3/66	32-2-298.41.69	Marie-Pierre.Darchy@cec.eu.int	FR-EN
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Section Animal Health - Trade and Zootechnics

NAME		TELEPHONE	E-MAIL	LANGUAGES
	<p>Dr. Alf-Eckbert Füßel (A)</p> <p>Head of Section</p> <p>Bovines; Horses</p> <p>Trade and disease control</p> <p>FMD</p> <p>F101 3/64</p>	32-2-295.08.70	Alf-Eckbert.Fuessel@cec.eu.int	DE-EN-FR-RUS
	<p>Dr. Jacques Fevrier (AT)</p> <p>Rabies, Bluetongue, Pet animals, Semen embryos</p> <p>F101 3/67</p>	32-2-296.58.72	Jacques.Fevrier@cec.eu.int	FR-EN
	<p>Dr. Hélène Klein (A)</p> <p>Semen, embryos</p> <p>Directive 64/432/EEC</p> <p>F101 3/86</p>	32-2-298 46 97	Helen.Klein@cec.eu.int	FR-EN
	<p>Kai-Uwe Sprenger (AT)</p> <p>Identificatrion Zootechnics</p> <p>F101 2/86</p>	32-2-296.09.35	Kai-Uwe.Sprenger@cec.eu.int	DE-EN
	<p>Dr. Didier Carton (AT)</p> <p>ANIMO</p> <p>Enlargement</p> <p>F101 2/58</p>	32-2-295 18 04	Didier.Carton@cec.eu.int	FR-EN





Section Animal Health – Imports

NAME	TELEPHONE	E-MAIL	LANGUAGES
 <p>Dr. Howard Batho (A)</p> <p>Head of Section</p> <p>Trade & import; disease notification; OIE</p> <p>F101 3/76</p>	32-2-296.29.59	Howard.Batho@cec.eu.int	EN-FR
 <p>Dr. Pierangelo Bernorio (A)</p> <p>Meat & meat products</p> <p>Milk and milk products</p> <p>F101 3/82</p>	32-2-298-4882	Pierangelo.Bernorio@cec.ue.int	IT-EN
 <p>Dr. Yngve Torgersen (END)</p> <p>Fish</p> <p>Molluscs</p> <p>Aquaculture</p> <p>F101 3/78</p>	32-2-298.49.54	Yngve.Torgersen@cec.eu.int	EN-NO
<p><i>Ex-Catalan</i></p> <p><i>CATALAN Manuel (A)</i></p> <p>F101 3/72</p>	<p><i>Imports of live animals and animal products (Dir 72/462)</i></p> <p><i>Imports of sheep and goats (Dir 91/68)</i></p>		

Section Eradication and Epidemiology

NAME		TELEPHONE	E-MAIL	LANGUAGES
	<p>Dr. Alberto Laddomada (A)</p> <p>Head of Section</p> <p>-Porcines</p> <p>-Disease control</p> <p>F101 3/60</p>	32-2-299.58.35	Alberto.Laddomada@cec.eu.int	IT-EN-ES-FR
	<p>Dr. Francisco Reviriego (A)</p> <p>Eradication Programmes</p> <p>F101 3/88</p>	32-2-298.47 99	Francisco.Reviriego-Gordejo@cec.eu.int	ES-EN
	<p>Jean-Pierre Vermeersch (END)</p> <p>Eradication Programmes</p> <p>F101 3/84</p>	32-2-296.48.32	Jean-Pierre.Vermeersch@cec.eu.int	EN-FR-NL-DE
	<p>Dr. Maria Pittman (AT)</p> <p>Poultry</p> <p>Trade and disease control</p> <p>F101 3/80</p>	32-2-296.95.94	Maria.Pittman@cec.eu.int	DE-EN-FR-IT

Section Animal Welfare and Identification

NAME		TELEPHONE	E-MAIL	LANGUAGES
	Dr. Andrea Gavinelli (A)			
	Head of Section	32-2-296.64.26	Andrea.Gavinelli@cec.eu.int	IT-EN-FR
	Animal Welfare			
	F101 2/54			
	Dr. Denis Simonin (END)			
	Animal Welfare	32-2-296.31.09	Denis.Simonin@cec.eu.int	FR-EN
	F101 2/48			
	Dr. Cornelius Rhein (END)			
	Animal Welfare	32-2-295 65 13	Cornelius.Rhein@cec.eu.int	DE-EN-FR
	F101 2/50			
	Dr. Susanne Ammendrup (AT)			
	Identification of animals	32-2-295.59.24	Susanne.Ammendrup@cec.eu.int	DA-EN-SV-FR
	Enlargement			
	F101 2/62			

Cross-unit teams with responsibility for specific issues:

1. Enlargement : S. Ammendrup, D. Carton

2. Identification : S. Ammendrup, K-U Sprenger, F. Reviriego





**Joint Secretariat of the Standing Committee on Zootechnics and the
“Animal Health and Welfare”, “Biological Safety of the Food Chain” and
“Controls and Import Conditions” Sections of the Standing Committee on
the Food Chain and Animal Health**

NAME	TELEPHONE	E-MAIL	LANGUAGES
 <p>Rene Danau (B) F101 2/68</p>	32-2-299.53.64	Rene.Danau@cec.eu.int	NL-EN-FR
 <p>Benjamin Desurmont (BT) F101 2/64</p>	32-2-298.42.36	Benjamin.Desurmont@cec.eu.int	FR-EN-ES
 <p>Annemarie Olsen (C) F101 2/84</p>	32-2-296.01.53	Annemarie.Olsen@cec.eu.int	DK-EN-FR
 <p>Rui Manuel Lopes (C) F101 2/84</p>	32-2-296.01.55	Rui-Manuel.Lopes@cec.eu.int	PT-EN-FR-SP
 <p>Ian McConnell (C) F101 2/76</p>	32-2-296.54.35	Ian.Mcconnell@cec.eu.int	EN-FR
 <p>Dimitrios Karkalakis (C) F101 2/78</p>	32-2-296.43.21	Dimitrios.Karkalakis@cec.eu.int	GK-FR




Secretariat

NAME		TELEPHONE	E-MAIL	LANGUAGES
	Christina Karlsson (C) Secretary of the Head of Unit F101 3/56	32-2-296.01.54	Christina.Karlsson@cec.eu.int	SV-EN
	Rita Dedola (C) F101 3/56	32-2-296.23.35	Rita.Dedola@cec.eu.int	IT-ES-FR-EN
	Gay Potticary (C) F101 2/66	32-2-296.36.36	Gay.Potticary@cec.eu.int	EN-FR
	Valerie Brown (C) F101 2/80	32-2-296.52.07	Valerie.Brown@cec.eu.int	EN-FR-NL
	Antonio Sabo (D) F101 2/56	32-2-296.94.06	Antonio.Sabo@cec.eu.int	FR-IT

Typing Pool

NAME		TELEPHONE	E-MAIL	LANGUAGES
	Annette Hoffmann (C) F101 Tower 3/174	32-2-295.76.34	Annette.Hoffmann@cec.eu.int	FR-EN-DE-NL
	Christos Angelis (C) F101 Tower 3/174	32-2-295.21.52	Christos.Angelis@cec.eu.int	GR-FR-EN
	Lene Pedersen (C) F101 Tower 3/174	32-2-295.61.19	Lene.Pedersen@cec.eu.int	DA-EN-FR
	Martine Uyttersprot (C) F101 Tower 3/174	32-2-296.27.83	Martine.Uyttersprot@cec.eu.int	NL-FR-EN-DE
	Lesley Heyward (Cint) F101 Tower 3/174	32-2-299.68.05		
	Maria-Jose Dominguez Luna (CAux) F101 Tower 3/174	32-2-299.68.05		

Stagiaires

	<p>Brigitte Fastrez</p> <p>Internet</p> <p>Webpages</p> <p>(Fridays from June 2002)</p> <p>F101 3/91</p>	32-2-299 97 23	Brigitte.fastrez@cec.eu.int	
	<p>Howard Needham</p> <p>FMD-follow up of EP</p> <p>From 3/5/02-15/11/02</p> <p>F101 3/90</p>	32-2-299.96.16	Howard.Needham@cec.eu.int	
	<p>Roswitha Pöchhacker</p> <p>from 10/02 until 12/02</p> <p>F101</p>	32-2-299.87.47		
	<p>BROUW Aart</p> <p><i>Detached National Expert</i></p> <p><i>(Mon to Wed, July until October 2002)</i></p> <p>- Eradication programmes</p> <p>- FMD</p> <p>F101 2/87</p>	32-2-299.87.47		
	<p>BRIEDIS Tadas</p> <p><i>Stagiaire from 14/1/02 until 5/4/02</i></p> <p>- Importations</p> <p>F101 2/86</p>			
	<p>CERF Caroline</p> <p><i>Stagiaire until 28/02/2002</i></p> <p>- SANCO/E2 Web-site</p> <p>F101 3/66</p>	32-2-299.87.47		
	<p>CRABBE Simon</p> <p><i>Stagiaire until 28/02/2002</i></p> <p>- FMD – Follow up of EP</p> <p>- Enlargement</p> <p>F101 3/90</p>	32-2-296.80.22		

5.7 Animal Disease Notifications – tabulated

Introduction

The following diseases are the subjects of the notification within the framework of Council Directive 82/894/EEC:

- Foot-and-mouth disease
- Rinderpest (cattle plaque)
- Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia
- Bluetongue
- Swine vesicular disease
- Classical swine fever
- African swine fever
- Teschen disease (contagious swine paralysis)
- Avian Influenza
- Newcastle disease
- African Horse Sickness
- Vesicular Stomatitis
- Peste des Petits Ruminants
- Rift Valley Fever
- Lumpy Skin Disease
- Sheep and Goat Pox (Capripox)
- Infectious Haematopoietic Necrosis
- Bovine spongiform encephalopathy
- Infectious salmon anaemia (**new in 2002**)
- viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (**new in 2002**)

During the period 2000-2002 none of the Member States have reported outbreaks of Rinderpest, Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia, African horse sickness, Sheep and goat pox, Teschen disease, Vesicular Stomatitis, Peste des Petits Ruminants, Rift Valley Fever and Lumpy Skin Disease.

In addition, Infectious salmon anaemia and viral haemorrhagic septicaemia were included in the list of notifiable diseases to facilitate prompt action at Community level when outbreaks occur on farms and areas approved as being free (CD 2002/788/EC).

Information on reported outbreaks of compulsory notifiable diseases during 1990-2002 is given in tabulated format in the following pages:

- Overview of diseases reported during 2002
- Avian Influenza
- Newcastle Disease
- African Swine Fever
- Classical Swine Fever
- Swine Vesicular Disease
- Infectious Haematopoietic Necrosis
- Foot and Mouth Disease
- Sheep and Goat Pox
- Bluetongue
- Contagious Bovine Pleuropneumonia
- Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy
- Rabies in wild animals (without bats)
- Rabies in domestic animals
- Classical Swine Fever 1980-1990

5.8 Overview of diseases reported during 2002

COUNTRY	DISEASES REPORTED DURING 2002																			
	FMD	SVD	RINDERPEST	CBPP	BT	CSF	ASF	ND	AI	PEE	VES. STOM	PPR	LSD	CAPRIPOX	AHS	RVF	IHN	BSE	ISA	VHS
AUSTRIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
BELGIUM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	38	0	0
BULGARIA	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CZECH REPUBLIC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
DENMARK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	135	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
FRANCE	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	239	0	1
GERMANY	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	106	0	0
IRELAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	325	0	0
ITALY	0	171	0	0	11	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	3	0	0
LUXEMBURG	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
NETHERLANDS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	0	0
NORWAY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0
PORTUGAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	86	0	0
ROMANIA	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SLOVAKIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
SLOVENIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

5.8.1 Number of outbreaks of Avian Influenza reported by Member States, 1990-2002

COUNTRY	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Austria	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Belgium	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Denmark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Finland	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
France	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Germany	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Greece	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ireland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Italy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	1	30	351	0	0
Luxembourg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Netherlands	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Portugal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sweden	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Kingdom	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	7	1	30	351	0	0

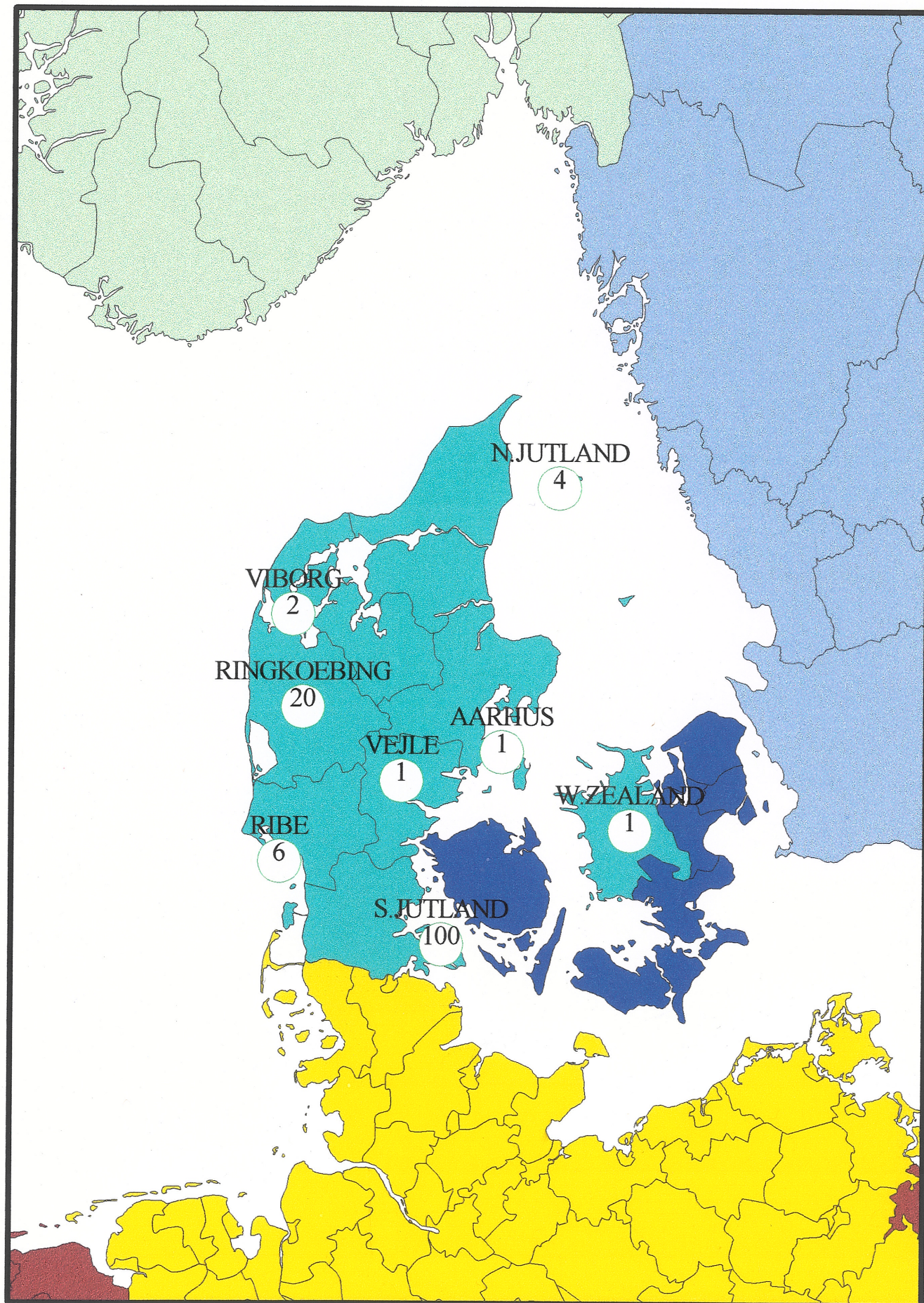
5.8.2 Number of outbreaks of Newcastle disease reported by Member States, 1990-2002

COUNTRY	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Austria	-	-	-	-	0	0	4	1	6	4	0	0	0
Belgium	0	0	26	41	1	11	7	2	14	0	0	0	0
Denmark	0	0	0	0	0	14	4	0	2	0	0	0	135
Finland	-	-	-	-	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
France	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Germany	0	1	3	44	173	28	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Greece	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ireland	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Italy	5	1	0	2	42	2	4	2	2	1	257	1	0
Luxembourg	0	0	2	6	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Netherlands	0	1	38	21	8	5	2	1	0	1	0	0	0
Portugal	4	7	1	21	12	2	3	10	0	0	0	0	0
Spain	0	0	0	2	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sweden	-	-	-	-	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
United Kingdom	0	6	0	0	0	0	2	38	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	11	18	83	137	236	65	30	58	25	6	257	2	035

5.8.3 Newcastle disease in 2002

COUNTRY	NUMBER OF OUTBREAKS												TOTAL
	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	
GERMANY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRANCE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ITALY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NETHERLANDS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BELGIUM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LUXEMBOURG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UNITED KINGDOM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IRELAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DENMARK	0	0	0	0	0	0	76	59	0	0	0	0	135
GREECE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SPAIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PORTUGAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AUSTRIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FINLAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORWAY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SWEDEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTALS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	135

OUTBREAKS OF NEWCASTLE DISEASE DENMARK 2002



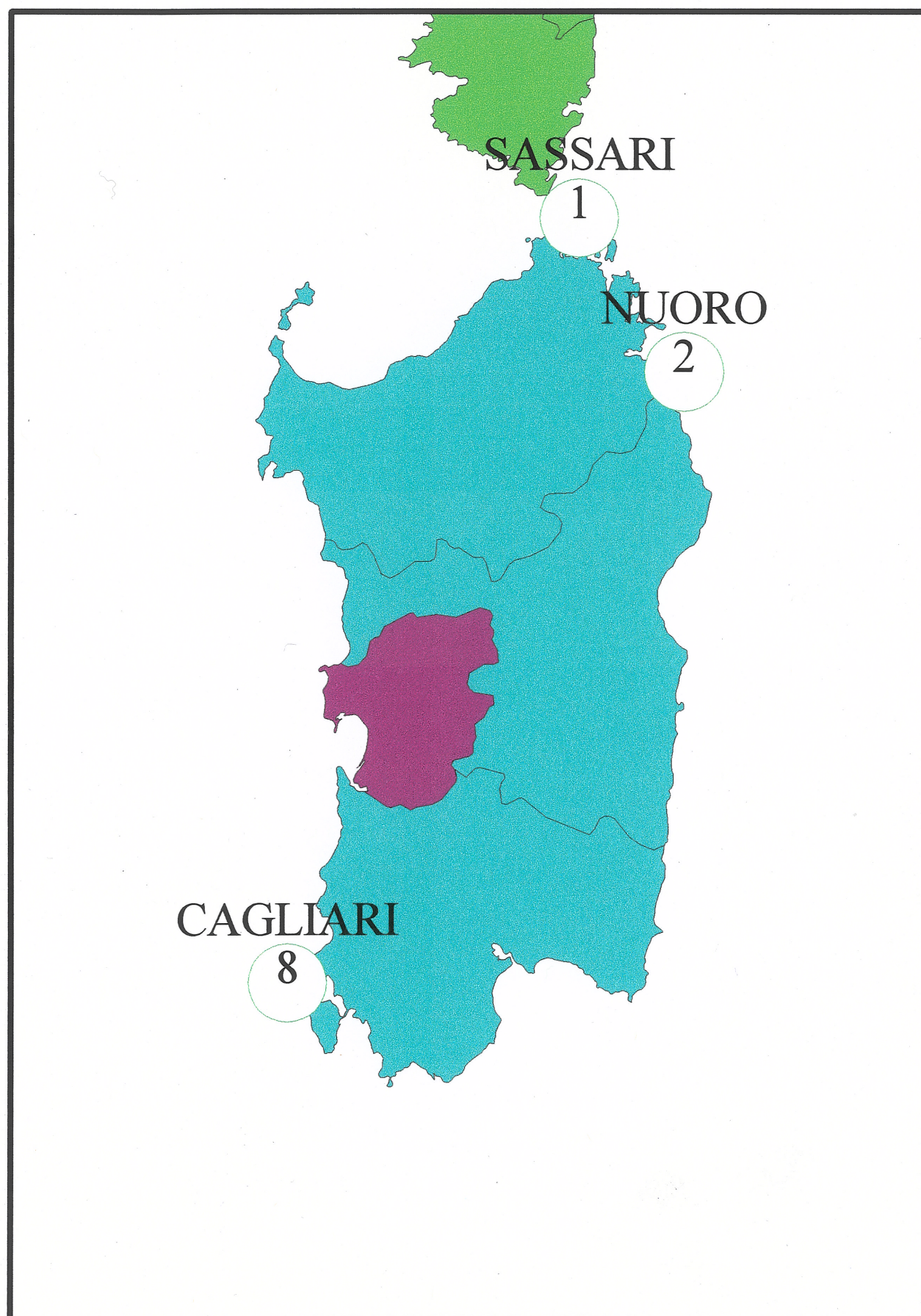
5.8.4 Number of outbreaks of African Swine Fever reported by Member States, 1990-2001

COUNTRY	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Austria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Belgium	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Denmark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Finland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
France	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Germany	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Greece	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ireland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Italy*	29	64	93	96	91	145	65	23	28	21	11	9	11
Luxembourg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Netherlands	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Portugal	33	15	2	10	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Spain	351	210	83	37	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sweden	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Kingdom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	413	289	178	143	104	145	65	23	28	22	11	9	11

* - Sardinia only

OUTBREAKS OF AFRICAN SWINE FEVER

SARDINIA – ITALY 2002



5.8.5 Number of outbreaks of Classical Swine Fever reported by Member States, 1990-2002

COUNTRY	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Austria	-	-	-	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Belgium	113	0	0	7	48	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	1
Denmark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Finland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
France	4	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Germany	118*	6	13	100	117	54	4	44	11	6	2	5	11
Greece	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ireland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Italy	15	15	20	12	24	42**	49	55	18	9	3	5	0
Luxembourg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11
Netherlands	2	0	5	0	0	0	0	429	5	0	0	0	0
Portugal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	78	21	0	0	33	16
Sweden	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Kingdom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	0	0
TOTAL	252	22	39	121	190	97	55	613	55	15	21	43	40

* Domestic pigs: 40; wild boar: 78.

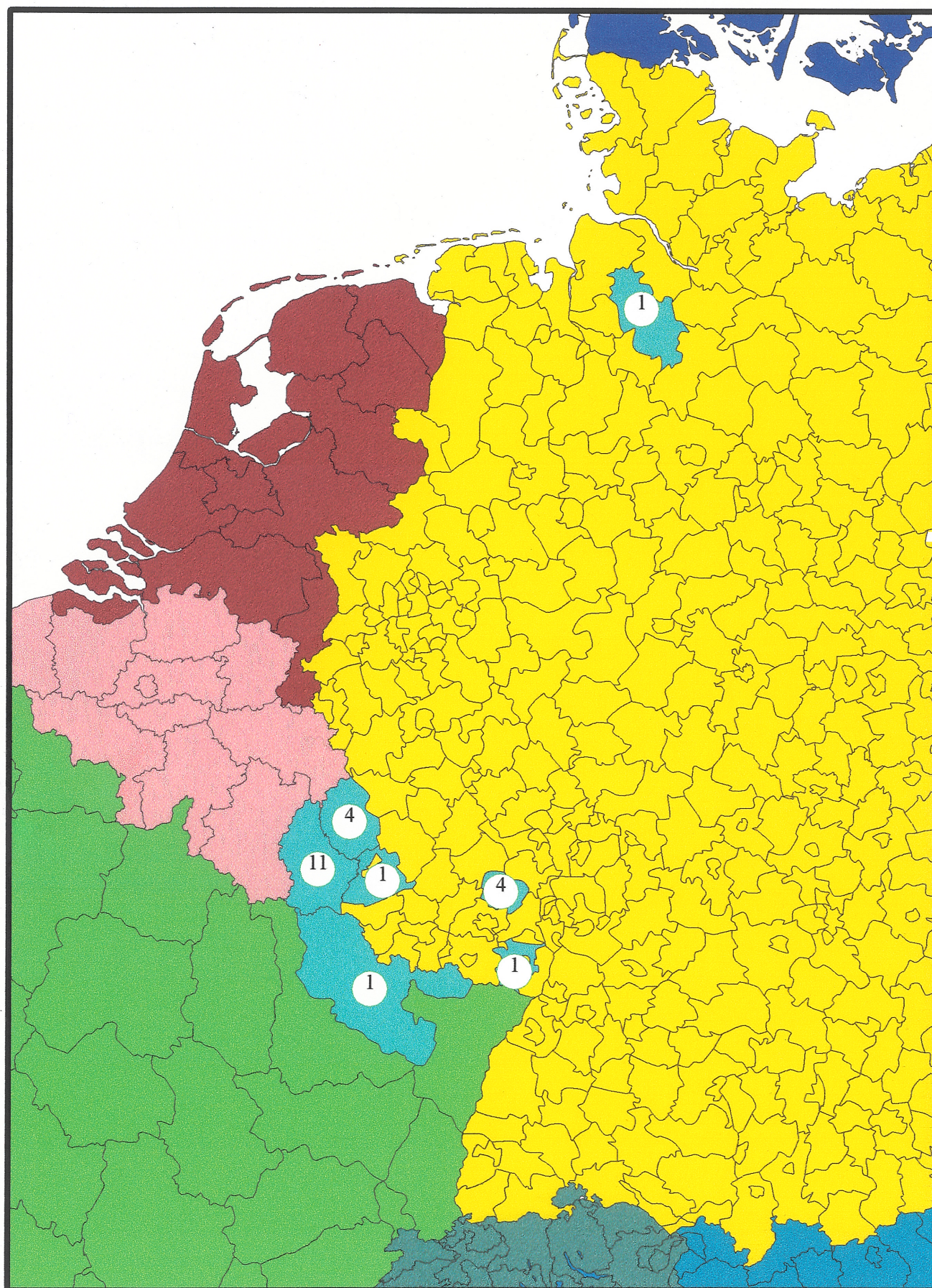
** Domestic pigs: 38; wild boar: 4.

5.8.6 Classical swine fever- Domestic swine in 2002

COUNTRY	NUMBER OF OUTBREAKS												TOTAL
	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	
GERMANY	1	2	1	2	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	11
FRANCE	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ITALY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NETHERLANDS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BELGIUM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LUXEMBOURG	0	3	1	0	1	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	11
UNITED KINGDOM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IRELAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DENMARK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREECE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SPAIN	6	2	3	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16
PORTUGAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AUSTRIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FINLAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORWAY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SWEDEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ROMANIA	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BULGARIA	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
TOTALS	7	7	6	10	3	3	2	1	4	0	0	0	43

OUTBREAKS OF CLASSICAL SWINE FEVER IN DOMESTIC PIGS 2002

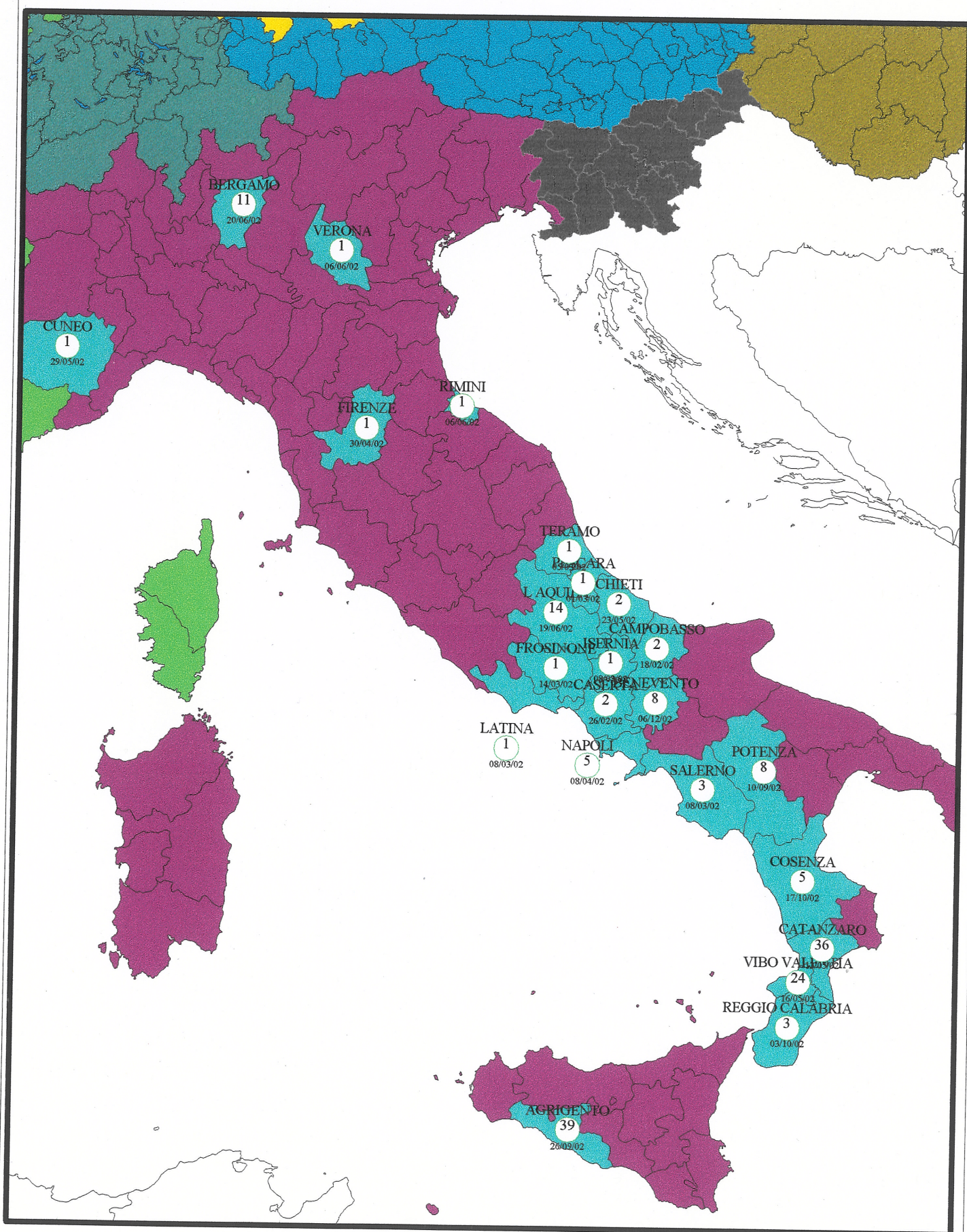
GERMANY, FRANCE, ITALY



5.8.7 Number of outbreaks of Swine Vesicular Disease reported by Member States, 1990-2002

COUNTRY	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Austria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Belgium	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Denmark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Finland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
France	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Germany	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Greece	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ireland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Italy	0	6	31	11	28	18	4	16	21	14	6	12	171
Luxembourg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Netherlands	0	0	6	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Portugal	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spain	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sweden	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Kingdom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	6	38	15	31	19	4	16	21	14	6	12	171

OUTBREAKS OF SWINE VESICULAR DISEASE ITALY 2002

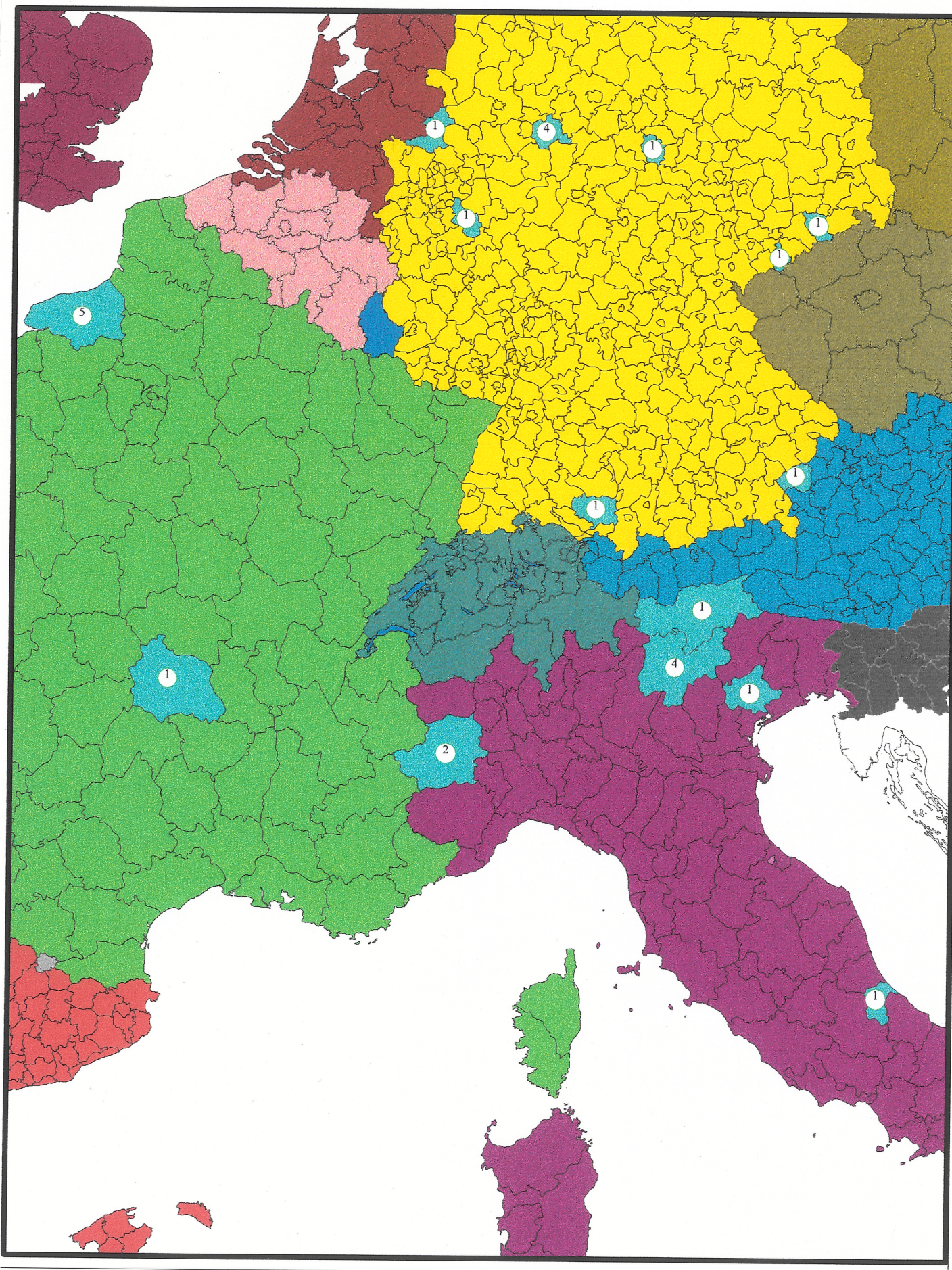


5.8.8 *Number of outbreaks of Infectious Haematopoietic Necrosis reported by Member States, 1990-2002*

COUNTRY	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Austria	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
Belgium	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	8	1	0	0	0	0
Denmark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Finland	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
France	0	1	0	1	1	2	0	3	1	15	21	8*	6
Germany	0	0	2	0		13	14	11	6	8	7	11	10
Greece	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ireland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Italy	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	7	9
Luxembourg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Netherlands	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Portugal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sweden	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Kingdom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	3	1	2	5	1	17	14	22	8	24	33	27	26

* - Not included in ADNS

OUTBREAKS OF INFECTIOUS HEMORRAGIC NECROSIS IN 2002 GERMANY, FRANCE, ITALY



5.8.9 Number of outbreaks of Foot-and-mouth disease reported by Member States, 1990-2002

COUNTRY	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Austria	-	-	-	-								0	
Belgium												0	
Denmark												0	
Finland												0	
France												2	
Germany												0	
Greece					95		39				14	0	
Ireland												1	
Italy				57								0	
Luxembourg												0	
Netherlands												26	
Portugal												0	
Spain												0	
Sweden												0	
United Kingdom												2030*	
TOTAL	0	0	0	57	95	0	39	0	0	0	14	2059	0

* - Not included in ADNS

5.8.10 Number of outbreaks of Sheep and Goat Pox reported by Member States, 1990-2002

COUNTRY	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Austria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Belgium	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Denmark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Finland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
France	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Germany	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Greece	0	0	0	0	1	9	118	60	7	0	1	0	0
Ireland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Italy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Luxembourg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Netherlands	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Portugal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sweden	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Kingdom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	1	9	118	60	7	0	1	0	0

5.8.11 Number of outbreaks of Bluetongue reported by Member States, 1990-2002

COUNTRY	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Austria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Belgium	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Denmark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Finland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
France	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	323	0
Germany	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Greece	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	84	1 254	0	172	0
Ireland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Italy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6744	6221*	11
Luxembourg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Netherlands	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Portugal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	505	0	0
Sweden	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Kingdom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	84	1 254	7298	6716	11

* - Not included in ADNS

5.8.12 Number of outbreaks of Contagious Bovine Pleurpneumonia reported by Member States, 1990-2002

COUNTRY	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Austria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Belgium	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Denmark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Finland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
France	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Germany	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Greece	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ireland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Italy	7	43	34	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Luxembourg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Netherlands	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Portugal	1 111	1 024	610	390	69	23	18	63	12	1	0	0	0
Spain	13	2	2	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sweden	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Kingdom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1 131	1 069	646	403	72	23	18	63	12	1	0	0	0

5.8.13 *Number of outbreaks of Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy reported by Member States, 1990-2002*

COUNTRY	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Austria	-	-	-	-							0	1	0
Belgium								1	6	2	9	41	38
Denmark			1								1	6	3
Finland											0	1	0
France		5		1	3	3	11	6	18	31	156	271	239
Germany					4			2			7	123	106
Greece											0	1	0
Ireland	11	17	18	16	19	16	73	77	79	91	145	233	325
Italy					1						0	48*	3
Luxembourg								1			0	0	1
Netherlands								2	2	2	2	18	24
Portugal				1	7	14	29	30	104	168	136	98	86
Spain											2	81	127
Sweden											0	0	0
United Kingdom	10 080	23 057	35 160	36 531	26 028	14 893	9 623	4 923	3 498	2 702	1 583	1075	1210
TOTAL	10 091	23 079	35 179	36 549	26 062	14 926	9 736	5 042	3 707	2 996	2 041	1997	2162

* - Not included in ADNS

5.8.14 *Bovine spongiform encephalopathy in 2002*

COUNTRY	NUMBER OF OUTBREAKS												TOTAL
	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	
GERMANY	16	13	10	6	5	4	4	14	11	5	8	10	106
FRANCE	33	21	28	18	21	21	18	22	13	14	16	14	239
ITALY	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
NETHERLANDS	2	2	2	1	3	1	2	1	1	4	4	1	24
BELGIUM	5	3	5	3	1	1	3	1	3	5	3	5	38
LUXEMBOURG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
UNITED KINGDOM	138	159	139	95	112	76	60	94	68	77	119	73	1210
IRELAND	41	42	31	14	34	18	26	20	22	30	27	20	325
DENMARK	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	3
GREECE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SPAIN	9	12	11	11	12	6	14	9	13	13	8	9	127
PORTUGAL	2	9	7	13	9	9	5	6	3	10	5	8	86
AUSTRIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FINLAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CZECH REPUBLIC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
SLOVENIA	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SLOVAKIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
SWITZERLAND	3	1	4	0	1	1	2	2	0	6	2	2	24
SWEDEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTALS	253	262	237	161	199	137	135	171	134	167	193	142	2191

5.8.15 Number of outbreaks of rabies in wild animals (without bats) reported by Member States, 1990-2001 (Information from WHO)

COUNTRY	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Austria	2 441	2 336	1 057	618	229	93	14	7	3	0	2	0	22
Belgium	65	19	17	1	43	138	30	6	1	1	0	0	0
Denmark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Finland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
France	2 521	1 775	1 067	220	99	27	10	1	1	0	0	4	0
Germany	4 472	2 972	1 146	698	1 142	700	110	75	96	44	166	47	33
Greece	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ireland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Italy	0	4	22	80	36	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Luxembourg	38	8	0	1	1	9	11	2	0	0	0	0	0
Netherlands	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	9	0
Portugal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	7
Sweden	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Kingdom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	9 537	7 114	3 309	1 618	1 530	978	175	91	101	44	171	72	62

5.8.16 Number of outbreaks of rabies in domestic animals reported by Member States, 1990-2001 (Information from WHO)

COUNTRY	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Austria	73	124	60	57	25	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	2
Belgium	79	10	17	1	18	75	14	3	0	1	0	0	0
Denmark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Finland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
France	463	390	217	41	20	12	7	0	2	0	0	1	1
Germany	1 082	624	274	141	234	155	32	8	8	12	16	3	2
Greece	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ireland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Italy	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Luxembourg	26	8	2	0	0	6	6	0	0	1	0	0	0
Netherlands	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Portugal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spain	6 ¹	8 ¹	12 ¹	5 ¹	2	6 ²	1 ¹	5 ³	7 ¹	3 ¹	2	0	0
Sweden	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Kingdom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1 729	1 164	583	247	299	257	60	17	20	18	18	5	6

¹ All dogs from North Africa.

² 5 dogs and 1 cat from Africa.

³ 4 dogs from North Africa.

5.8.17 Number of outbreaks of Classical Swine Fever reported by Member States, 1980-1990

COUNTRY	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990
Austria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Belgium	7	37	102	26	9	67	80	83	2	8	113
Denmark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Finland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
France	19	6	8	13	17	2	20	5	15	0	4
Germany	18	4	19	535	1 041	351	46	41	3	64	118
Greece	0	20	4	2	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
Ireland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Italy	0	5	34	48	13	25	28	13	12	11	115
Luxembourg	0	8	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Netherlands	0	11	65	161	176	36	1	1	0	0	2
Portugal	-	171	43	19	10	-	0	0	0	0	0
Spain	40	84	24	7	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Sweden	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Kingdom	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	1	0	0	0
TOTAL	84	346	300	812	1 272	486	185	145	32	83	252

5.9 Missions carried out by SANCO E.2 staff in 2002

No.	Departure date	Initials	Duration	City	Purpose
1.	30/1	ES	1,5	Berlin	Rabies programme for Germany in coordination with Poland and the Czech Republic
2.	5/2	FR	2	Naples	Task Force – subgroup on bovine tuberculosis
3.	5/2	ES	2	Naples	Task Force – subgroup on bovine tuberculosis
4.	6/2	AEF	1,5	Rome	NSP test, CIS programme, bioterrorism
5.	6/2	JF	1,5	Rome	NSP test, CIS programme, bioterrorism
6.	12/2	AEF	1	London	Meeting on FMD vaccines
7.	19/2	FR	1	London	Meeting on tuberculosis in badgers and cattle
8.	20/2	SA	2	Milan	IDEA Project – meeting to discuss IDEA final report
9.	26/2	AG	2,5	Paris	Standing Committee of the European Convention for the protection of animals kept for farming purposes
10.	26/2	SA	3	Manchester	Demonstration of sheep identification in the field
11.	26/2	FR	3	Manchester	Demonstration of sheep identification in the field
12.	4/3	DS	0.5	Scheveningen	Inauguration of the livestock vessel M/V Brahman Express
13.	5/3	AL	2	Warsaw	Control of CSF and the evaluation of the intelaboratory comparison 2001
14.	11/3	AEF	1	London	FMD – Vaccines
15.	19/3	JF	3	Sofia	Regional Workshop on FMD and Bluetongue diagnosis
16.	20/3	DS	2	Liege	Animal welfare during transport – visit to markets of St. Truiden and Ciney
17.	26/3	FR	1.5	Paris	Programmes de rechrrches vétérinaires
18.	1/4	AG	3	Paris	Ad Hoc group on Animal Welfare
19.	8/4	BVG	1	Strasbourg	Temporary Committee on FMD
20.	8/4	AS	3	Madrid	Demonstration of sheep identification in the field
21.	8/4	FR	3	Madrid	Demonstration of sheep identification in the field
22.	11/04	AEF	1.5	Vienna	EC imports on infectious diseases in ruminants and ewuidae and imports
23.	13/4	MP	4	Atlanta	Participation in a symposium on Avian Influenza
24.	15/4	CR	2	Bonn	Discussion and visits to broiler breeding organisations

No.	Departure date	Initials	Duration	City	Purpose
25.	15/04	DS	4	Strasbourg	8 th Meeting of the working party for the preparation of the 3 rd multilateral consultation of parties to the European Convention for the Protection of animals during international transport
26.	16/04	AG	2.5	Strasbourg	8 th Meeting of the working party for the preparation of the 3 rd multilateral consultation of parties to the European Convention for the Protection of animals during international transport
27.	17/04	AEF	3	Newcastle	Temporary Committee on FMD
28.	18/04	CR	2	Cork	Assemblée générale 2002
29.	22/4	BVG	0.5	Luxemburg	2422 nd Session of the Council of Europe (Agriculture)
30.	24/4	AL	1	Wageningen	Member of the Committee for the examination of M-J. J. Mangen, MSc
31.	24/4	AEF	2	Budapest	67 th Session of the executive Committee
32.	3/5	AEF	1	London	Working Group on FMD vaccines
33.	7/05	AG	0.5	London	Animal Welfare Taskforce Meeting
34.	13/5	AS	3.5	Nicosia	Peer Review on the bovine database
35.	13/5	ES	3	Belfast	Task Force – Subgroup Meeting on bovine brucellosis
36.	13/5	FR	4	Belfast	Task Force – Subgroup Meeting on bovine brucellosis
37.	14/5	HB	1.5	Strasbourg	EP Plenary session
38.	15/5	AL	4.5	Lanzarote	Extraordinary General Meeting of Directors/Heads of Veterinary Services
39.	21/5	SA	2	Valetta	Peer review on the bovine database
40.	23/5	AEF	2	Zwolle/ Leeuwarden	EU FMD control measures
41.	26/5	AEF	0.5	Paris	Measures to control FMD in CIS countries
42.	25/5	BVG	4.5	Paris	70 th General Session of the OIE International Committee
43.	26/5	CR	1	Berlin	World Meat Congress
44.	27/5	HB	3.5	Paris	70 th General Session of the OIE International Committee
45.	27/5	JF	1.5	Paris	70 th General Session of the OIE International Committee
46.	27/5	AG	0.5	Paris	70 th General Session of the OIE International Committee
47.	27/5	DC	4	Larnaca	Peer Reviews – Border Inspection Posts
48.	27/5	SA	2	Budapest	Peer Review – Bovine database

No.	Departure date	Initials	Duration	City	Purpose
49.	28/5	AEF	1	Paris	70 th General Session of the OIE International Committee
50.	29/5	LB	1	Paris	70 th General Session of the OIE International Committee
51.	29/5	AG	1.5	Strasbourg	43 rd Meeting on the Standing Committee of the European Convention for the Protection of Animals Kept for Farming Purposes
52.	29/5	AL	1.5	Paris	70 th General Session of the OIE International Committee
53.	2/6	AEF	3,5	Lyon	FMD control strategies
54.	5/6	DS	0,5	Paris	Transport et bien être des animaux – réalité enjeux et perspectives
55.	9/6	DC	4	Riga	Peer Review – Bovine database
56.	10/6	BVG	1	Strasbourg	Temporary Committee on FMD
57.	10/6	AEF	1	Fulda	Tagesseminar des Bundes der beamteten Tierärzte
58.	12/6	DS	1	Strasbourg	187 th Session of the Intergroup on the Welfare and Conservation of Animals
59.	13/6	AEF	1	Strasbourg	Oral debate on FMD
60.	13/6	SA	1.5	Sofia	EU-Bulgaria sub-Committee No 1 on Agriculture and Fisheries
61.	13/6	AG	1	Cagliari	Lecture on animal welfare legislation in the EU
62.	17/6	DS	3	Strasbourg	Multilateral Consultation of the Parties to the European Convention for the Protection of Animals During International Transport
63.	19/6	MP	2.5	Padova	Annual Meeting of the AI/ND National Laboratories
64.	19/6	BVG	3	Birmingham	Temporary Committee on FMD
65.	21/6	AG	14	Hamilton/ Melbourne	Conference on animal welfare and behaviour/ Meetings on animal welfare
66.	24/6	DC	4.5	Kosice	Peer review on veterinary establishments
67.	25/6	SA	1.5	Prague	Peer review on the bovine database
68.	27/6	AL	0.5	Luxembourg	AGRI Council meeting
69.	1/7	AEF	1	Strasbourg	Temporary Committee on FMD - FIAP
70.	1/7	AS	3	Sofia	Peer review on the bovine database
71.	2/7	FR	3	Ioannina	Task Force – subgroup on sheep and goat brucellosis
72.	4/7	HB	1	Vilnius	Food Safety Week
73.	7/7	DC	11.5	Budapest/ Ljubljana	Peer reviews on the bovine database

No.	Departure date	Initials	Duration	City	Purpose
74.	8/7	AL	1	Amsterdam	Veterinary Workshop ASEM/TFAP on trade issues in red meat
75.	8/7	SA	2	Ljubljana	Peer review on the bovine database
76.	15/7	SA	2	Tallinn	Peer review on the bovine database
77.	22/7	AEF	1	Strasbourg	Meeting on FMD Anti-sera
78.	2/9	AEF	1	Strasbourg	Meeting Temporary Committee on FMD
79.	3/9	KUS	2	Linz	Workshop on Zootechnics
80.	9/9	HB	3.5	Rvaniemi	20 th OIE Regional European Conference
81.	10/9	SA	2.5	Bucharest	Peer review on the bovine database
82.	15/9	AL	5	Des Moines	Invitation to speak at List A vaccines
83.	16/9	AEF	5.5	Izmir	Meeting Research Group
84.	18/9	AG	2.5	Strasbourg	Standing Committee of the European Convention for the Protection of Animals Kept for Farming Purposes
85.	24/9	CR	1	Birmingham	NFU/ADAS 2002 National Poultry Meat Conference
86.	24/9	LB	3	Bordeaux	Annual Meeting for the EU National Reference Laboratories for Mollusc Diseases
87.	24/9	YT	3	Bordeaux	Annual Meeting for the EU National Reference Laboratories for Mollusc Diseases
88.	25/9	JPV	2.5	Kosice	WHO Meeting of Rabies control in Middle and East European Countries
89.	26/9	AG	1.5	Catania	Il trasporto degli animali da reddito nel contesto europeo: presente e futuro
90.	15/10	AG	3	Paris	Meeting of the OIE Working Group on Animal Welfare
91.	16/10	JPV	3	Salamanca	Meeting of the Task Force for Monitoring National Eradication Programmes
92.	16/10	FR	4	Salamanca	Meeting of the Task Force for Monitoring National Eradication Programmes
93.	21/10	JF	1.5	Strasbourg	Plenary/Animal-Health requirements applicable to non commercial movements of pets
94.	21/10	MPD	1.5	Strasbourg	Plenary/Animal-Health requirements applicable to non commercial movements of pets
95.	22/10	AEF	1	Strasbourg	Meeting Temporary Committee on FMD
96.	23/10	KUS	2	Rouen	Horses, a motor for the agricultural and rural environment
97.	24/10	AEF	2.5	Athens	Tripartita meeting Greece-Bulgaria-Turkey on FMD and BT

No.	Departure date	Initials	Duration	City	Purpose
98.	24/10	BVG	1.5	Grange	Management Seminar
99.	28/10	CR	2	Hannover	Internationales Symposium uber Mindestanforderungen an die Haltung von Schweinen un von Pelztieren
100.	29/10	SA	2	Herning	Invited speaker at the congress for pig producers held in Herning "Animal Health Contingency in the EU"
101.	5/11	AEF	1	Paris	FMD in Transcaucasia
102.	6/11	AEF	3.5	Vilnius	68 th executive committee of the European Commission for the control of Foot-and-Mouth Disease
103.	18/11	SA	1	Bucharest	EU-Romania sub-committee N.1 on Agriculture and Fisheries
104.	18/11	BVG	1	Strasbourg	Meeting Temporary Committee on FMD
105.	19/11	AEF	1	Strasbourg	Meeting Temporary Committee on FMD – Adoption of final report
106.	19/11	HN	1	Strasbourg	Meeting Temporary Committee on FMD – Adoption of final report
107.	3/12	AG	3.5	44eme	Réunion du comité permanent de la convention européenne sur la protection des animaux dans les élevages
108.	3/12	DC	2	Valetta	Food Safety
109.	3/12	SA	2	Rome	EU JRC/OIE CC-IZSAM Workshop on Electronic Identification of Animals / Invited Speaker
110.	9/12	HB	1.5	Luxembourg	Special Session on the rapid alert system
111.	10/12	SA	2	Larnaca	Food safety mission. DG SANCO high level meeting in the framework of Accession.
112.	15/12	FR	3	Cork	Veterinary Legislation – Task Force Subgroup on bovine brucellosis
113.	15/12	JPV	3	Cork	Veterinary Legislation – Task Force Subgroup on bovine brucellosis
114.	16/12	AEF	1	Strasbourg	FMD Temporary Committee report
115.	16/12	BVG	1	Strasbourg	FMD Temporary Committee report
116.	17/12	JF	1	Strasbourg	Movement of pets
117.	17/12	MPD	1	Strasbourg	Movement of pets

6. NATIONAL REFERENCE LABORATORIES

6.1 National reference foot-and-mouth disease laboratories

Country	Laboratory
Belgium	CODA-CERVA-VAR, Groeselenberg 99, 1180 Uccle.
Denmark	Statens veterinære institut for Virusforskning, Lindholm DK 4771, Klavehave
Federal Republic of Germany	Bundesforschungsanstalt für Viruskrankheiten der Tiere, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Anstaltsteil Tübingen Paul Ehrlich Strasse D-72076 Tübingen Anstaltsteil Friedrich Loeffler Institute, Insel Riems
Greece	Instituto Afthódoy Pyretoý, Agía Paraskeví Attikís
Spain	Centro de Investigación en Sanidad Animal, 28130 Valdeolmos Madrid
France	Agence Française de Sécurité Sanitaire des Aliments (AFSSA) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Laboratoire d'études et de recherches en pathologie bovine et hygiène des viandes, Lyon Laboratoire d'études et de recherches en pathologie animale et zoonoses, Maison-Alfort
Ireland	See UK
Italy	Istituto zooprofilattico sperimentale della Lombardia e dell'Emilia Romagna, Brescia. Istituto superiore della Sanità, Roma
Luxembourg	See Belgium
The Netherlands	ID-Lelystad Institute for Animal Health POBox 65, NL- 8200 AB Lelystad
Austria	Bundesanstalt für Veterinäruntersuchungen Mödling Robert Koch-Gasse 17, A-2340 Mödling
Portugal	Laboratório Nacional de Investigação Veterinária, Lisboa
Finland	Eläinlääkintä- ja elintarviketutkimuslaitos, 00231 Helsinki/Anstalten för veterinärmedicin och livsmedel, 00231 Helsingfors
Sweden	Statens veterinärmedicinska anstalt, 75189 Uppsala
United Kingdom	Animal Health Institute, Pirbright, Woking, Surrey

6.2 National reference classical swine fever laboratories

Country	Laboratory
Belgium	CODA-CERVA-VAR, Groeselenberg 99, 1180 Uccle.
Denmark	Statens Veterinære Institut for Virusforskning, Lindholm, 4771 Kalvehave
Germany	Bundesforschungsanstalt für Viruskrankheiten der Tiere, 17498 Insel Riems
Greece	Veterinary Institute of Infectious and Parasitic Diseases, 15310 Ag. Paraskevi
Spain	Centro de Investigación en Sanidad Animal, 28130 Valdeolmos (Madrid)
France	AFSSA-Ploufragan, Zoopole des Côtes d'Armor, 22440 Ploufragan
Ireland	Veterinary Research Laboratory, Abbotstown, Castleknock, Dublin 15
Italy	Istituto Zooprofilattico Sperimentale dell'Umbria e delle Marche, 06100 Perugia
Luxembourg	Laboratoire de Médecine Vétérinaire de l'Etat, 1020 Luxembourg
The Netherlands	Instituut voor Veehouderij en Diergezondheid (ID-Lelystad), 8200 AB Lelystad
Austria	Bundesanstalt für Vet. Med. Untersuchungen in Modling, Robert Koch-Gasse 17, 2340 Modling
Portugal	Laboratório Nacional de Investigação Veterinária, 1500 Lisboa
Finland	Eläinlääkintä- ja elintarviketutkimuslaitos, 00231 Helsinki/Anstalten för veterinärmedicin och livsmedel, 00231 Helsingfors
Sweden	Statens veterinärmedicinska anstalt, 75189 Uppsala
United Kingdom	Veterinary Laboratories Agency, New Haw, Weybridge, Surrey KT153NB

6.3 National reference African swine fever laboratories

Country	Laboratory
Belgium	Centre d'étude et de recherche vétérinaires et agrochimiques, 1180 Bruxelles
Denmark	Danmarks Veterinære Institut- Afdeling for Virologi, Lindholm, 4771 Kalvehave
Germany	Bundesforschungsanstalt für Viruskrankheiten der Tiere, 17498 Insel Riems
Greece	Veterinary Institute of Infectious and Parasitic Diseases, 15310 Ag. Paraskevi
Spain	Centro de Investigación en Sanidad Animal, 28130 Valdeolmos (Madrid)
France	AFSSA-Ploufragan, Zoopole des Côtes d'Armor, 22440 Ploufragan
Ireland	Veterinary Research Laboratory, Abbotstown, Castleknock, Dublin 15
Italy	Istituto Zooprofilattico Sperimentale dell'Umbria e delle Marche, 06100 Perugia
Luxembourg	Laboratoire de Médecine Vétérinaire de l'Etat, 1020 Luxembourg
The Netherlands	Central Institute for animal disease control, P.O. Box 2004, 8203 AA Lelystad
Austria	Bundesanstalt für Vet. Med. Untersuchungen in Modling, Robert Koch-Gasse 17, 2340 Modling
Portugal	Laboratório Nacional de Investigação Veterinária, 1500 Lisboa
Finland	Eläinlääkintä- ja elintarviketutkimuslaitos, 00231 Helsinki/Anstalten för veterinärmedicin och livsmedel, 00231 Helsingfors
Sweden	Statens veterinärmedicinska anstalt, 75189 Uppsala
United Kingdom	Institute for Animal Health, Pirbright, Woking, Surrey GU24 0NF

6.4 National reference swine vesicular disease laboratories

Country	Laboratory
Belgium	CODA-CERVA-VAR, Groeselenberg 99, 1180 Uccle.
Denmark	Statens Veterinære Institut for Virusforskning, Lindholm, 4771 Kalvehave
Germany	Bundesforschungsanstalt für Viruskkrankheiten der Tiere, Anstaltsteil Tübingen Paul Rhrlich Strasse D-72076 Tübingen
Greece	Institoyto Loimodon kai Parasitikon Nosimaton, Neapoleos 21, Agia Paraskevi
Spain	Centro de Investigación en Sanidad Animal, 28130 Valdeolmos (Madrid)
France	Laboratoire central de recherche vétérinaire, Maisons-Alfort
Ireland	Institute for Animal Health, Pirbright, Woking, Surrey
Italy	Istituto zooprofilattico sperimentale della Lombardia e dell'Emilia Romagna, Brescia
Luxembourg	Institut national de recherches vétérinaires, Groeselenberg 99, B-1180 Bruxelles
The Netherlands	Centraal Diergeneeskundig Institut, Lelystad.
Austria	Bundesanstalt für Virusseuchenbekämpfung bei Haustieren, Wien-Hetzendorf
Portugal	Laboratório Nacional de Investigação Veterinária, 1500 Lisboa
Finland	Eläinlääkintä- ja elintarvikelaitos, Helsinki/Anstalten för veterinärmedicin och livsmedel, Helsingfors
Sweden	Statens veterinärmedicinska anstalt, Uppsala
United Kingdom	Institute for Animal Health, Pirbright, Woking, Surrey

6.5 National avian influenza laboratories

Country	Laboratory
Belgium	CODA-CERVA-VAR, Groeselenberg 99, 1180 Uccle.
Denmark	National Veterinary Laboratory, Poultry Disease Division, Hangoevej 2, DK-8200 Aarhus N
Germany	Institut fuer Kleintierzucht der Bundesforschungsanstalt fuer Landwirtschaft, Braunschweig-Voelkenrode, Postfach 280, D-3100 Celle
Greece	Institute of Infections and Parasitological Diseases, 66, 26th October Street, 546 27 Thessaloniki
Spain	Centro Nacional de Referencia para la Peste Aviar es el Laboratorio Nacional de Sanidad y Producción Animal de Barcelona, Zona Franca Circunvalación-Tramo 6, Esquina Calle 3, Barcelona
France	Centre National d'Etudes Vétérinaires et Alimentaires - Laboratoire Central de Recherches Avicoles et Porcines, B.P. 53, F-22440 Ploufragan
Ireland	Veterinary Research Laboratory, Abbotstown, Castleknock, Dublin 15
Italy	Istituto Patologie Aviare, Facoltà di Medicina Veterinaria, Università di Napoli, via Aniezzo, Falcone 394, I-80127 Napoli F Delpino 1
Luxembourg	Institut national de recherches vétérinaires, Groeselenberg 99, B-1180 Bruxelles
The Netherlands	Centraal Diergeneeskundig Instituut, Vestiging Virologie, Houtribweg 39, NL-8221 RA Lelystad
Austria	Bundesanstalt für Virusseuchenbekämpfung, Wien-Hetzendorf
Portugal	Laboratório Nacional de Investigaçao Veterinária (LNIV), Estrada de Benfica 701, P-1500 Lisbon
Finland	Eläinlääkintä ja elintarveketaitos, Helsinki/ Anstalten för veterinärmedicin och livsmedel, Helsingfors
Sweden	Statens veterinärmedicinska anstalt, Uppsala
United Kingdom	Central Veterinary Laboratory, New Haw, UK-Weybridge, Surrey KT15 3NB

6.6 National Newcastle disease laboratories

Country	Laboratory
Belgium	CODA-CERVA-VAR, Groeselenberg 99, 1180 Uccle.
Denmark	National Veterinary Laboratory, Poultry Disease Division, Hangoevej 2, DK-8200 Aarhus N
Germany	Bundesforschungsanstalt fuer Viruskrankheiten der Tiere Anstaltsteil Riems (Friedrich-Loeffler-Institut), D-O-2201 Insel Riems
Greece	Ινστιτούτο Λοιμωδών και Παρασιτικών Νοσημάτων, Νεαπολεως 25, Αγ. Παρασκευη–Αθηνά, Ελλάς
Spain	Laboratório de Sanidad y Producción Animal Zona Franca, Circunvalación - Tramo 6 Esquina Calle 3 E-08004 Barcelona
France	Centre national d'études vétérinaires et alimentaires, Laboratoire central de recherches agricoles et porcines BP 53 F-22440 Ploufragan
Ireland	Veterinary Research Laboratory, Abbotstown, Castleknock, Dublin 15
Italy	Istituto Zooprofilattico Sperimentale di Padova Via G. Orus n. 2 I-35100 Padova
Luxembourg	Institut national de recherches vétérinaires, Groeselenberg 99, B-1180 Bruxelles
The Netherlands	Centraal Diergeneeskundig Instituut, Vestiging Virologie, Houtribweg 39, NL-8221 RA Lelystad
Austria	Bundesanstalt für Virusseuchenbekämpfung, Wien-Hetzendorf
Portugal	Laboratório Nacional de Investigaçao Veterinária (LNIV), Estrada de Benfica 701, P-1500 Lisbon
Finland	Eläinlääkintä ja elintarveketaitos, Helsinki/ Anstalten för veterinärmedicin och livsmedel, Helsingfors
Sweden	Statens veterinärmedicinska anstalt, Uppsala
United Kingdom	Central Veterinary Laboratory, New Haw, UK-Weybridge, Surrey KT15 3NB

6.7 National Bluetongue laboratories

Country	Laboratory
Belgium	CODA-CERVA-VAR, Groeselenberg 99, 1180 Uccle Tel: (32-2) 375 44 55 Fax: (32-2) 375 09 79.
Denmark	Statens Veterinære Institut for Virusforskning Lindholm DK - 4771 Kalvehave. Tel: (45) 55 86 02 00 Fax: (45) 55 86 03 00.
Germany	Bundesforschungsanstalt für Viruskrankheiten der Tiere, Anstaltsteil Tübingen Paul Rhrlich Strasse D-72076 Tübingen. Tel: (49) 70 71 96 72 55 Fax: (49) 70 71 96 73 03.
Greece	Ministry of Agriculture, Centre of Athens Veterinary Institutions Virus Department Neapoleos Str. 25 GR - 15310 Ag. Paraskevi Athens. Tel. (30-1) 601 14 99/601 09 03 Fax (30-1) 639 94 77
Spain	Centro de Investigación en Sanidad Animal, 28130 Valdeolmos (Madrid
France	CIRAD-EMVT Campus international de Baillarguet BP 5035 F - 34032 Montpellier Cedex 1 Tel. (33-4) 67 59 37 24 Fax (33-4) 67 59 37 98 E-mail: bastron@cirad.fr
Ireland	Central Veterinary Research Laboratory Abbotstown, Castleknock Dublin 15 Ireland Tel. (353-1) 607 26 79 Fax (353-1) 822 03 63 E-mail: reillypj@indigo.ie
Italy	CESME presso IZS Via Campo Boario I - 64100 Teramo Tel. (39) 0861 33 22 16 Fax (39) 0861 33 22 51 E-mail: Cesme@IZS.it
Luxembourg	Centre d'études et de recherches vétérinaires et agrochimiques (CERVA) Rue Groeselenberg 99 B - 1180 Bruxelles Tel. (32-2) 375 44 55 Fax (32-2) 375 09 79 E-mail: piker@var.fgov.be
The Netherlands	ID-DLO Edelhertweg 15 8219 PH Lelystad Nederland Tel. (0031-0320) 23 82 38 Fax (0031-0320) 23 80 50 E-mail: postkamer@id.dlo.nl
Austria	Bundesanstalt für Virusseuchenbekämpfung bei Haustieren Robert Kochgasse 17 A - 2340 Mödling Tel. (43-2) 236 466 40-0 Fax (43-2) 236 466 40-941 E-mail: BATSB VetMoedling@compuserve.com
Portugal	Laboratório Nacional de Investigação Veterinária Estrada de Benfica, 701 P - 1549-011 Lisboa Tel. (351) 21 711 52 00 Fax (351) 21 711 53 836 E-mail: dir.Inlv@mail.telepac.pt
Finland	Danish Institute for Virus Research Lindholm DK - 4771 Kalvehave Tlf. (45) 55 86 02 00 Fax (45) 55 86 03 00 E-mail: sviv@vetvirus.dk
Sweden	Statens veterinärmedicinska anstalt, SVA S - 751 89 Uppsala Tfn (00-46) 18 67 40 00 Fax (00-46) 18 30 91 62 E-post: sva@sva.se
United Kingdom	Institute for Animal Health Pirbright Laboratory Ash Road Pirbright, Woking, Surrey GU24 ONF United Kingdom Tel. (44-1483) 23 24 41 Fax (44-1483) 23 24 48 E-mail: philip-mellor@bbsrc.ac.uk

6.8 National fish diseases laboratories

Country	Laboratory
Belgium	CODA-CERVA-VAR, Groeselenberg 99, 1180 Uccle.
Denmark	Statens Veterinære Serumlaboratorium, Fødevareministeriet, Hangøvej 2, DK-8200 Århus N
Germany	Bundesforschungsanstalt für Viruskrankheiten der Tiere, Boddenblick 5a, D-17498 Insel Riems
Greece	Laboratory of Fish Pathology and Bio-Pathology of Aquatic Organisms, Centre of Athens Veterinary Institutes, Institute of Infectious and Parasitic Diseases, 25 Neapoleos ST., GR-153 10 Ag. Paraskevi Attiki
Spain	Laboratorio Central de Veterinaria de Algete, Madrid
France	Agence française de sécurité sanitaire des aliments (AFSSA), Laboratoire d'études et de recherches en pathologie des poissons (LERPP), Technopôle Brest Iroise — BP 70, F-29280 Plouzane
Ireland	Fisheries Research Centre Abbotstown, Castleknock, Dublin15, Ireland
Italy	Istituto zooprofilattico sperimentale delle Venezie, Via Romea 14/A, I-35020 Legnaro, Padova
Luxembourg	CODA — Centrum voor Onderzoek in Diergeneeskunde en Agrochemie, CERVA — Centre d'étude et de recherches vétérinaires et agrochimiques, Groeselenberg 99, B-1180 Brussel/Bruxelles
The Netherlands	Fish Diseases Laboratory, ID-Lelystad, Institute for Animal Science and Health, Edelhertweg 15, PO Box 65, 8200 AB Lelystad, Nederland
Austria	Institut für Hydrobiologie, Fisch- und Bienenkunde, Veterinärmedizinische Universität Wien, Veterinärplatz 1, A-1210 Wien
Portugal	Laboratório Nacional de Investigação Veterinária, Estrada de Benfica 701, P-1500 Lisboa
Finland	Eläinlääkintä- ja elintarvikelaitos (EELA), PL 368, FIN-00231 Helsinki
Sweden	Statens Veterinärmedicinska Anstalt (SVA), S-751 89 Uppsala
United Kingdom	CEFAS Weymouth Laboratory, Barrack Road, Weymouth DT4 8UB, United Kingdom. The Marine Laboratory, PO box 101, Victoria Road, Aberdeen AB9 8DB, United Kingdom

6.9 National reference laboratories for diseases of bivalve molluscs

Country	Laboratory
Belgium	None
Denmark	Danish Institute for Fisheries Research, Department of Marine Ecology and Aquaculture, Fish Disease Laboratory, Stigbøjlen 4, DK-1870 Frederiksberg C
Germany	Bundesforschungsanstalt für Viruskrankheiten der Tiere, Boddenblick 5a, D-17498 Insel Riems
Greece	Centre of Thessaloniki Veterinary Institutions, Department of Pathology of Aquatic Organisms, 80, 26th Octovriou str., GR-54627 Thessaloniki
Spain	Instituto de Investigaciones Marinas, CSIC, Eduardo Cabello, 6, E-36208 Vigo
France	Laboratoire de Génétique et Pathologie, Ifremer, Ronce les bains, F-17390 La Tremblade
Ireland	Fish Health Unit, Marine Institute, Abbotstown, Castleknock, Dublin 15, Ireland
Italy	Area Ittiopatologia Laboratorio Patologia Molluschi, Istituto Zooprofilattico Sperimentale delle Venezie, Via della Roggia, 94, I-33030 Basaldella di Campoformido (UD)
Luxembourg	None
The Netherlands	Fish Diseases Laboratory, ID-Lelystad, Institute for Animal Science and Health, Edelhertweg 15, PO box 65, 8200 AB Lelystad, Nederland
Austria	None
Portugal	None
Finland	None
Sweden	None
United Kingdom	<p>England: CEFAS Weymouth Laboratory, Barrack road, The Nothe, Weymouth, Dorset DT4 8UB, United Kingdom</p> <p>Scotland: Fisheries Research Services Marine Laboratory, PO box 101 Victoria Road, Aberdeen AB11 9DB, United Kingdom</p>

6.10 National rabies laboratories

Country	Laboratory
Belgium	Institut Pasteur de Bruxelles 642 Rue Engeland B - 1180 Bruxelles
Denmark	Danish Veterinary Institute for Virus Research Lindholm DK - 4771 Kalvehave
Germany	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Institut für Virologie, Fachbereich Veterinärmedizin, Justus-Liebig-Universität Giessen Frankfurter Straße 107 D - 35392 Giessen 2. Eurovir Hygiene-Institut Dr. Thraenhart Biotechnologiepark D - 14943 Luchenwalde 3. Landesuntersuchungsamt für das Gesundheitswesen Südbayern Veterinärstraße 2 D - 85764 Oberschleißheim
Greece	Centre of Athens Veterinary Institutions Virus Department 25, Neapoleos Str GR - 153 10 Ag. Paraskevi, Athens
Spain	Laboratorio Central de Veterinaria de Santa Fe Camino del Jau s/n E - 18320 Santa Fe (Granada)
France	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. AFSSA Nancy Domaine de Pixérécourt B.P. 9 F - 54220 Malzeville 2. Laboratoire Vétérinaire Départemental de Haute Garonne 78 rue Boudou F - 31140 Launaguet 3. Laboratoire Départemental de la Sarthe 128 rue de Beaugé F - 72018 Le Mans CEDEX 2
Italy	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Istituto Zooprofilattico Sperimentale delle Venezie Via Romea 14/A I - 35020 Legnaro (PD) 2. Istituto Zooprofilattico Sperimentale dell'Abruzzo e del Molise Via Campio Boario I - 64100 Teramo
Austria	Bundesanstalt für Veterinärmedizinische Untersuchung Mödling Robert-Koch-Gasse 17 A - 2340 Mödling
Finland	National Veterinary and Food Research Institute PL 368 (Hämeentie 57) FIN - 00231 Helsinki
Sweden	National Veterinary Institute BMC, Box 585 S - 751 23 Uppsala
United Kingdom	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Veterinary Laboratories Agency Virology Department Woodaan Lane, New Haw, Addelstone Surrey, KT15 3NB United Kingdom 2. Biobest Pentland Science Park, Bush Loan Penicuik, Midlothian EH26OPZ United Kingdom

6.11 National reference for African Horse Sickness laboratories

Country	Laboratory
Belgium	CODA-CERVA-VAR, Groeselenberg 99, 1180 Uccle.
Denmark	Statens Veterinære Institut for Virusforskning Lindholm DK - 4771 Kalvehave
Germany	Bundesforschungsanstalt für Viruserkrankheiten der Tiere, Anstaltsteil Tübingen Paul Rhrilich Strasse D-72076 Tübingen.
Greece	Ministry of Agriculture, Centre of Athens Veterinary Institutions Virus Department Neapoleos Str. 25 GR - 15310 Ag. Paraskevi Athens
Spain	Laboratorio de sanidad y producción animal (Ministerio de Agricultura, Pesca y Alimentación) Carretera de Algete SP-28110 Algete Madrid
France	Laboratoire d'études et de recherche en pathologie animale et zoonoses 22 rue Pierre Curie B.P. 67 F- 94703 Maisons-Alfort
Ireland	Central Veterinary Research Laboratory Abbotstown, Castleknock Dublin 15 Ireland
Italy	CESME presso IZS Via Campo Boario I - 64100 Teramo
Luxembourg	Laboratoire de Médecine Vétérinaire de l'Etat 54, Avenue Gaston Didrich Luxembourg
The Netherlands	Centraal Instituut voor Dierziekte Controle CIDC-Lelystad Houtribweg 39 PO Box 2004 NL - 8203 AA Lelystad
Austria	Bundesanstalt für Veterinäruntersuchungen Mödling Robert Koch-Gasse 17 A-2340 Mödling
Portugal	Laboratório Nacional de Investigação Veterinária Estrada de Benfica, 701 P - 1549-011 Lisboa
Finland	Danish Institute for Virus Research Lindholm DK - 4771 Kalvehave
Sweden	Statens veterinärmedicinska anstalt, SVA S - 751 89 Uppsala
United Kingdom	Institute for Animal Health Pirbright Laboratory Ash Road Pirbright, Woking, Surrey GU24 0NF United Kingdom

7. ANNEXES

7.1 ANIMO Messages per Country in 2002

7.2 Bovine Movements within EU for 2002

7.3 Sheep Movements within EU for 2002

7.4 Goat Movements within EU for 2002

7.5 Pig Movements within EU for 2002

7.6 Graphical views of ANIMO messages in 2002

7.7 Chronology of Activity in the field of Foot and Mouth disease in 2002

7.1 ANIMO Messages per Country in 2002

ANIMO Messages Sent in 2002

	DE	FR	IT	NL	BE	LU	UK	IE	DK	GR	ES	PT	AT	FI	NO	SE	IS	AD	SM	CY	SI	MT	CH	Totals
Jan	6224	7401	829	6987	4094	365	2666	719	1497	127	1946	411	1634	24	199	298		1	9		1002	4		36437
Feb	5220	6332	1078	6901	3744	295	2933	1183	1493	276	1866	503	1559	17	200	335	1	3	1		725			34665
Mar	5098	7482	1100	7444	4558	457	3204	1472	1510	402	2109	540	1785	20	199	417	1	1	1		857			38657
Apr	5971	7733	1176	7417	4382	441	2938	1663	1573	448	2291	571	1836	12	287	524		1	1		879			40144
May	5987	7398	1521	8333	4128	370	2597	1654	1542	438	2147	581	1808	33	286	581		2			900			40306
Jun	6149	6028	1564	7340	4320	279	2143	1398	1301	407	2016	407	1463	17	313	639		2		1	785		229	36801
Jul	5953	6381	1130	8212	5008	338	2805	1123	1362	363	2466	344	1419	10	272	678		2	2	1	880		250	38999
Aug	5584	6519	1581	6871	5370	331	2545	1186	1171	324	1590	334	1562	19	214	575	2	1		2	813		368	36962
Sep	5971	7570	1875	8020	4958	391	2761	1489	1315	291	1879	342	2049	20	258	624	6	6	2		1006		453	41286
Oct	6401	8587	1909	8803	5218	409	3384	1779	1522	239	2662	364	2249	12	254	567	13	21		3	1032		705	46133
Nov	5783	7990	1341	7614	4489	413	3109	1705	1454	394	2191	426	1819	14	101	59	1	38	3	1	881		112	39938
Dec	4970	7108	1124	7741	4010	306	2325	1910	1185	342	2164	298	1398	7	72	11		15	1	6	696		16	35705
Totals	69311	86529	16228	91683	54279	4395	33410	17281	16925	4051	25327	5121	20581	205	2655	5308	24	93	20	14	10456	4	2133	466033

	DE	FR	IT	NL	BE	LU	UK	IE	DK	GR	ES	PT	AT	FI	NO	SE	IS	AD	SM	CY	SI	MT	CH	Totals
01	6370	3256	7465	3731	4129	172	1496	1082	518	543	3056	1462	1794	181	164	440		7			555	16		36437
02	6376	3006	6449	3106	3730	197	1680	1318	497	683	3256	1264	1679	156	180	543	6	10		1	523	5		34665
03	6588	3164	7614	3454	4013	170	2387	1759	595	822	3184	1386	1944	231	188	535	2	10		3	604	4		38657
04	7368	3307	7594	3650	4106	172	2786	986	676	843	3193	1610	2174	246	202	586	2	17		1	618	7		40144
05	7263	3277	7428	3927	4760	197	3019	637	639	809	2901	1528	2180	235	247	665	2	8		6	566	12		40306
06	6857	3038	6324	4095	3916	200	2303	730	607	717	2713	1369	2075	255	329	620	1	11		2	605	6	28	36801
07	7380	3214	6486	4438	5044	235	2100	563	724	678	2572	1626	2044	257	373	604	4	12		4	611	7	23	38999
08	6809	3062	7617	4277	4044	300	2054	651	555	625	2417	1086	1868	227	427	387	6	2		2	518	7	21	36962
09	7295	3268	8909	3970	4846	213	2553	637	604	790	3263	1149	1948	213	441	433	4	7		2	590	10	141	41286
10	8139	3982	9960	4616	5048	229	2731	801	846	731	3518	1427	2178	229	437	440	7	9		2	668	11	124	46133
11	7293	3459	8349	3704	4473	233	2609	684	602	898	3234	1154	1991	148	90	400	5	5		8	514	9	76	39938
12	6884	3055	6650	3236	4403	216	2021	836	422	782	3318	1224	1699	84	104	222	3	11		3	456	7	69	35705
Totals	84622	39088	90845	46204	52512	2534	27739	10684	7285	8921	36625	16285	23574	2462	3182	5875	42	109	0	34	6828	101	482	466033

7.2 Bovine Movements within EU for 2002

Intra-Community Bovine Movements for 2002

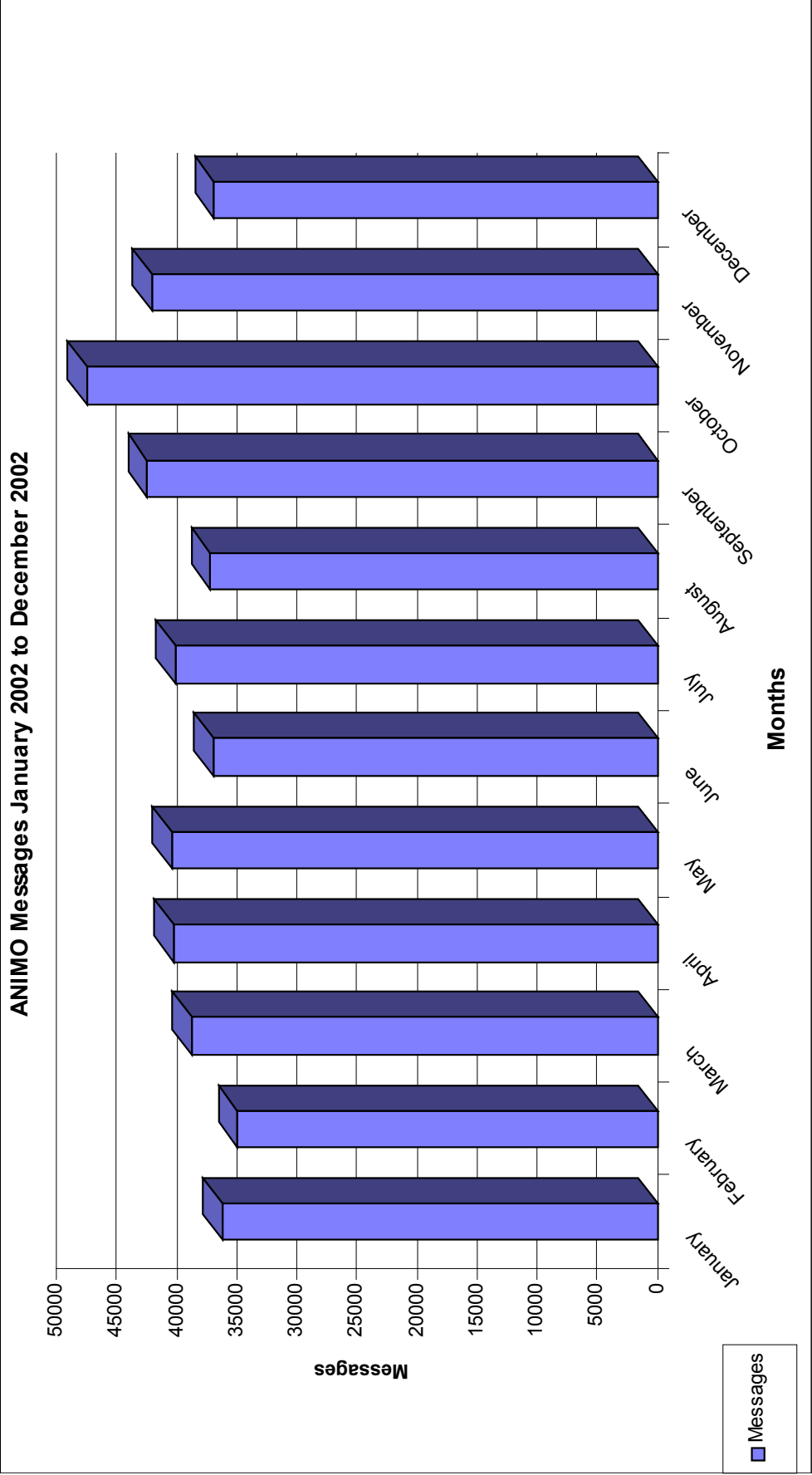
	Country To																			
Country From	ANDORRA	AUSTRIA	BELGIUM	DENMARK	FINLAND	FRANCE	GERMANY	GREECE	IRELAND	ITALY	LUXEMBOURG	MALTA	NETHERLANDS	PORTUGAL	SLOVENIA	SPAIN	SWEDEN	SWITZERLAND	UNITED KINGDOM	Totals
ANDORRA						24										220				244
AUSTRIA		13		4		19582	16852			98306			216			1671				136644
BELGIUM		35	109		17	39269	4445	1653	121	49878	2448		142832	10		11712			254	252783
DENMARK		154	33		78	63	4675	140	6	1175	3		39305	746		228	18	10	1896	48530
FRANCE	43	156	10094	21	3		261833	28900	2336	1102849	2705		32642	41329		474835		57	1197	1959000
GERMANY		14415	11506	22	10	43725		4901	860	140743	508		435909	546	63	152247		7	1897	807359
IRELAND						135	8	588	2852	8435			4496			55091			45821	117426
ITALY		152	42			1953	329	10346	21				3	114		31929			14	44903
LUXEMBOURG		3	14098			6269	4851	24		3016			12317			144				40722
NETHERLANDS		3039	50530	280	2	14917	39173	2453	1525	14965	293			3933		28181			6426	165717
PORTUGAL						130								317		751				1198
SAN MARINO										2										2
SPAIN	359		333			29927	25	1605		41972		1	899	5824		139				81084
SWEDEN			2	72	99		1						851							1025
SWITZERLAND							185													213
UNITED KINGDOM									1600										4701	6301
Totals	402	17995	86747	399	209	155994	332377	50610	9321	1461341	5957	1	669470	52819	63	757148	18	74	62206	366315

7.3 Sheep Movements within EU for 2002

Intra-Community Sheep Movements for 2002

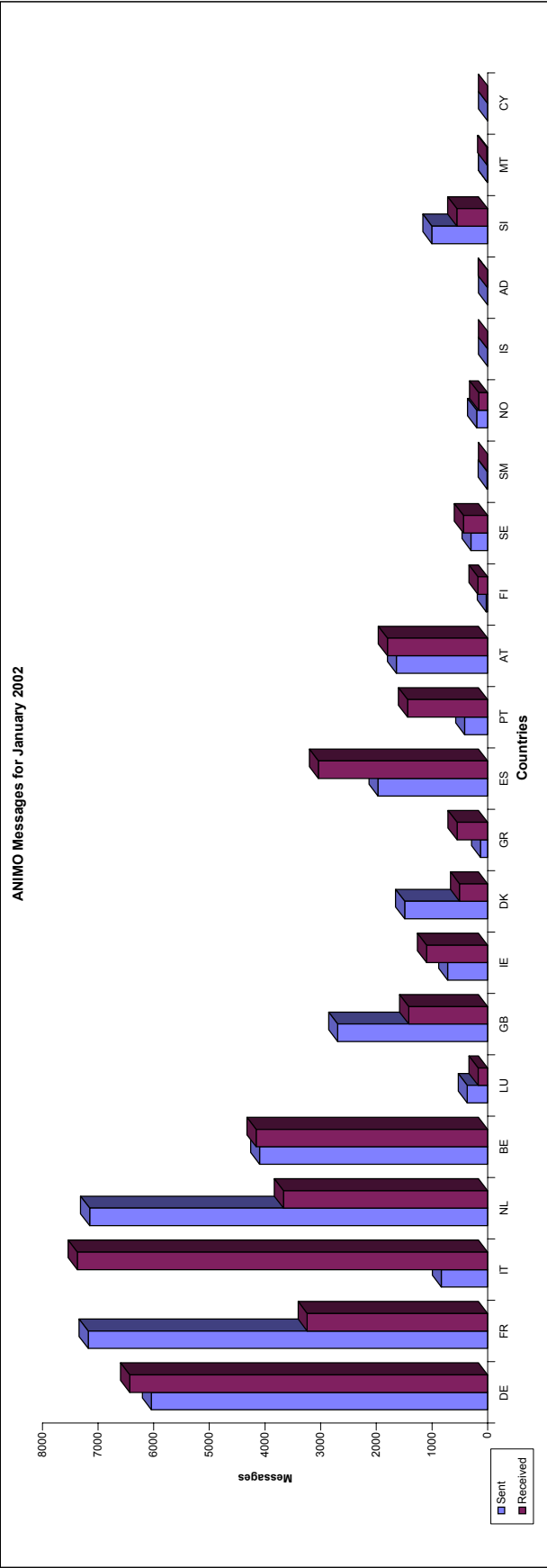
	Country To																			
Country From	ANDORRA	AUSTRIA	BELGIUM	DENMARK	FINLAND	FRANCE	GERMANY	GREECE	IRELAND	ITALY	LUXEMBOURG	MALTA	NETHERLANDS	PORTUGAL	SLOVENIA	SPAIN	SWEDEN	SWITZERLAND	UNITED KINGDOM	Totals
ANDORRA						567										2183				2750
AUSTRIA		3	116				787			14016										14922
BELGIUM						2355	32			6	37		3844			13			942	7229
DENMARK							11791						660				2		45	12498
FRANCE	240	1	4635				3821	12817	25	161999	22		10494	10980		340370		18	14	545436
GERMANY		6280	146	995		33855		83		34020	896		13674	1		701				90651
IRELAND			344			2001			41	570									32428	35384
ITALY		74				216	10													300
LUXEMBOURG			1			17	188						14	21						241
NETHERLANDS		4	47559	54	27	165712	12462			1305	161					4412			768	232464
PORTUGAL						8685										199500				208185
SLOVENIA										38										38
SPAIN	1007		405	128		145597	30124	148804		468982			500	49587						845134
SWEDEN				606			558						2							1166
UNITED		22	549			99507	6419		261948	34036			526						70006	473013
Totals	1247	6384	53755	1783	27	458512	66192	161704	262014	714972	1116		29714	60589	0	547179	2	18	104203	2469411

7.6 Graphical views of ANIMO messages in 2002



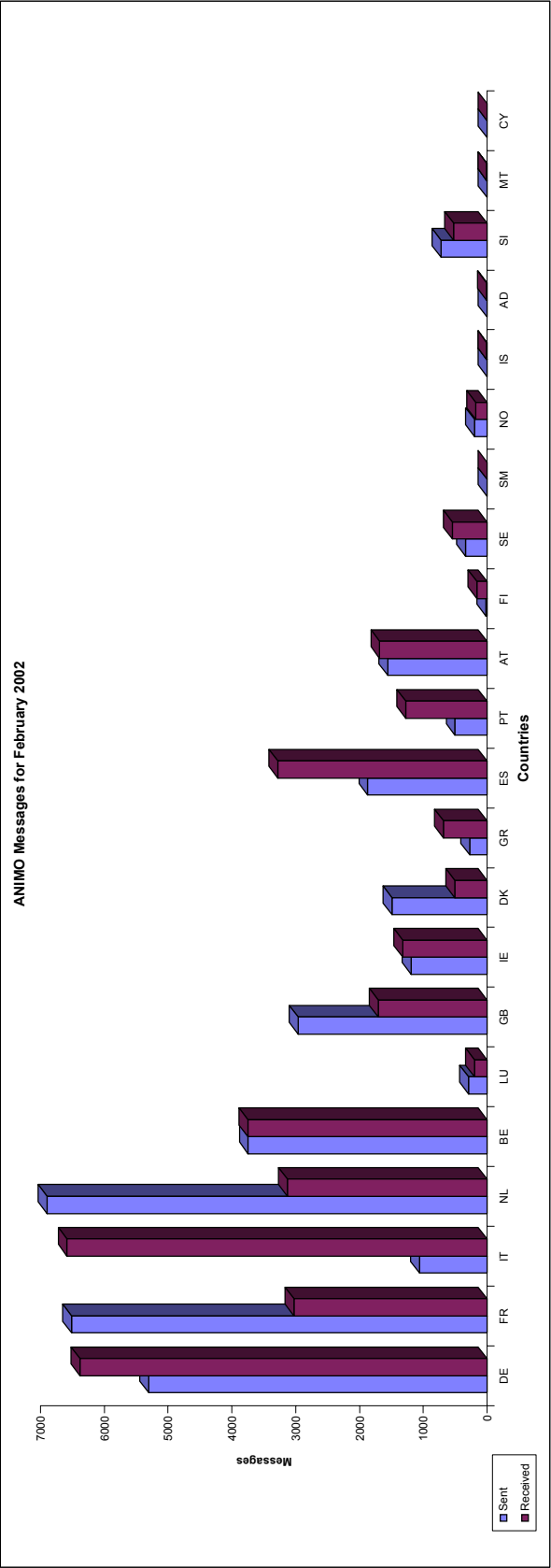
Tabular and Graphical View of ANIMO Message Statistics
January 2002

	DE	FR	IT	NL	BE	LU	GB	IE	DK	GR	ES	PT	AT	FI	SE	SM	NO	IS	AD	SI	MT	CY	Totals
Sent	6040	7176	831	7151	4095	365	2694	719	1490	129	1970	412	1639	24	298	9	199	0	1	1003	4	0	36249
Received	6431	3242	7372	3670	4161	172	1419	1097	507	549	3040	1438	1802	174	435	0	162	0	7	555	16	0	36249



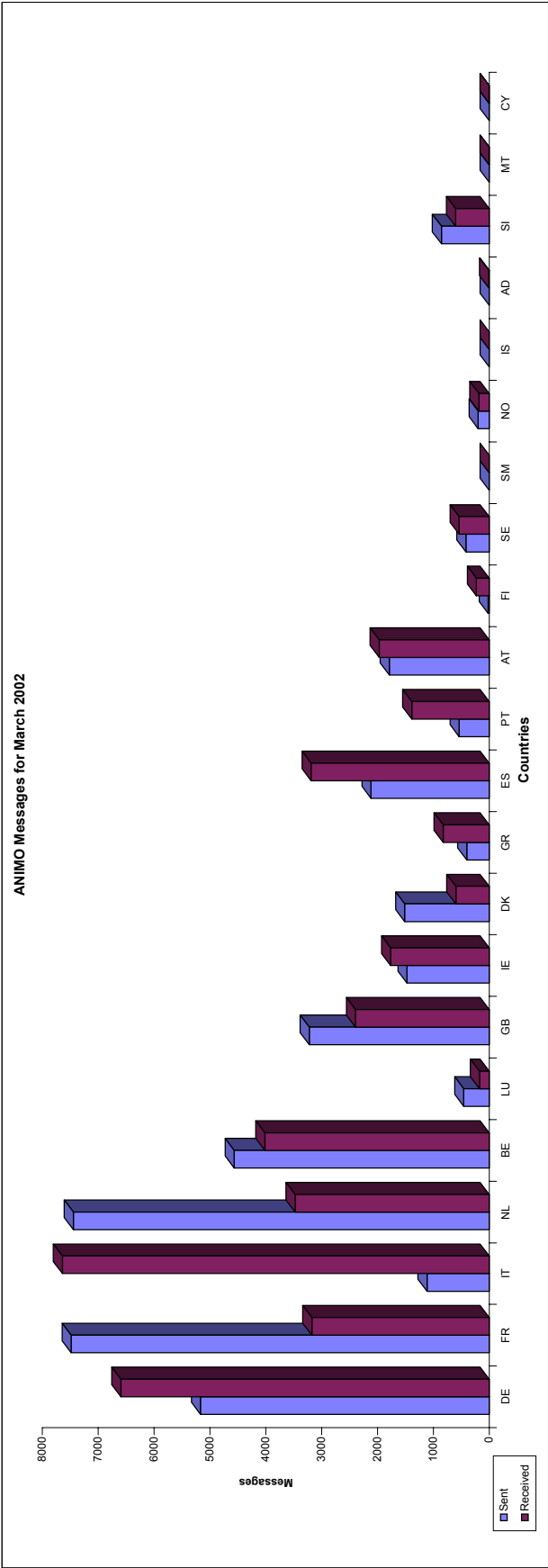
Tabular and Graphical View of ANIMO Message Statistics
February 2002

Sent Received	DE	FR	IT	NL	BE	LU	GB	IE	DK	GR	ES	PT	AT	FI	SE	SM	NO	IS	AD	SI	MT	CY	Totals
	5307 6379	6512 3024	1063 6582	6898 3128	3743 3751	296 196	2961 1709	1192 1323	1493 507	274 683	1871 3283	503 1276	1559 1683	17 157	335 546	1 0	200 181	1 6	3 10	725 523	0 5	0 1	34953 34953



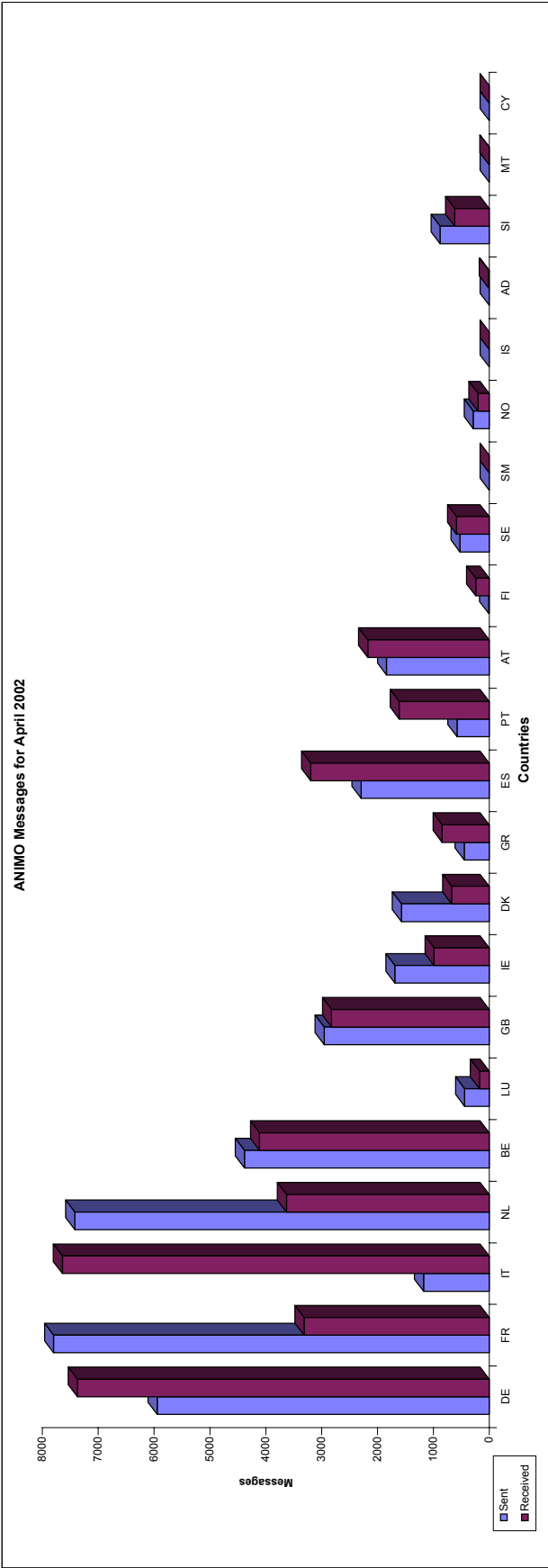
Tabular and Graphical View of ANIMO Message Statistics
March 2002

	2007																						Totals
	DE	FR	IT	NL	BE	LU	GB	IE	DK	GR	ES	PT	AT	FI	SE	SM	NO	IS	AD	SI	MT	CY	
Sent	5167	7481	1113	7444	4564	457	3222	1473	1514	402	2116	539	1789	20	418	1	200	1	1	857	0	0	
Received	6591	3176	7637	3475	4015	175	2394	1766	598	824	3189	1386	1971	231	540	0	188	2	10	604	4	3	



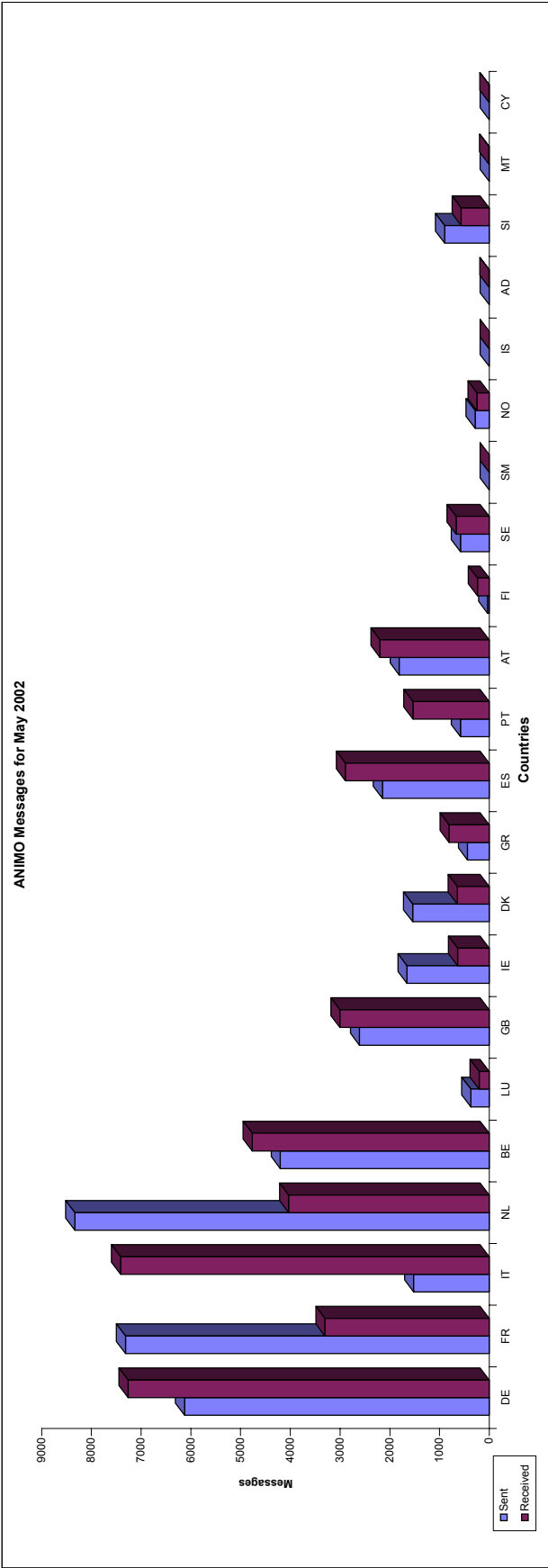
Tabular and Graphical View of ANIMO Message Statistics
April 2002

	DE	FR	IT	NL	BE	LU	GB	IE	DK	GR	ES	PT	AT	FI	SE	SM	NO	IS	AD	SI	MT	CY	Totals
Sent	5943	7796	1176	7417	4381	441	2953	1688	1573	448	2294	578	1839	12	524	1	287	0	1	879	0	0	40231
Received	7370	3314	7640	3630	4111	177	2823	988	673	844	3196	1612	2177	244	585	0	202	2	1	618	7	1	40231



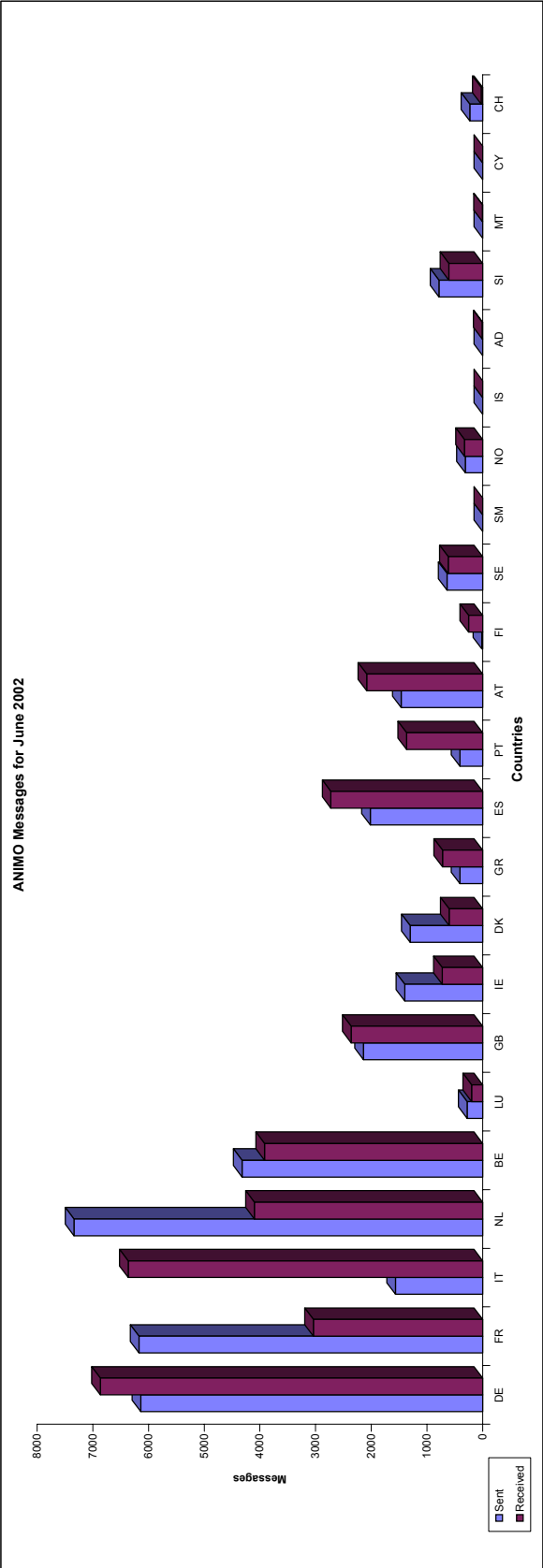
Tabular and Graphical View of ANIMO Message Statistics
May 2002

	Totals																					
	DE	FR	IT	NL	BE	LU	GB	IE	DK	GR	ES	PT	AT	FI	SE	SM	NO	IS	AD	SI	MT	CY
Sent	6126	7314	1521	8333	4201	370	2809	1654	1541	438	2151	580	1810	33	581	0	286	0	2	899	0	
Received	7263	3305	7412	4034	4765	203	3003	638	644	808	2894	1537	2199	238	666	0	247	2	8	565	12	6



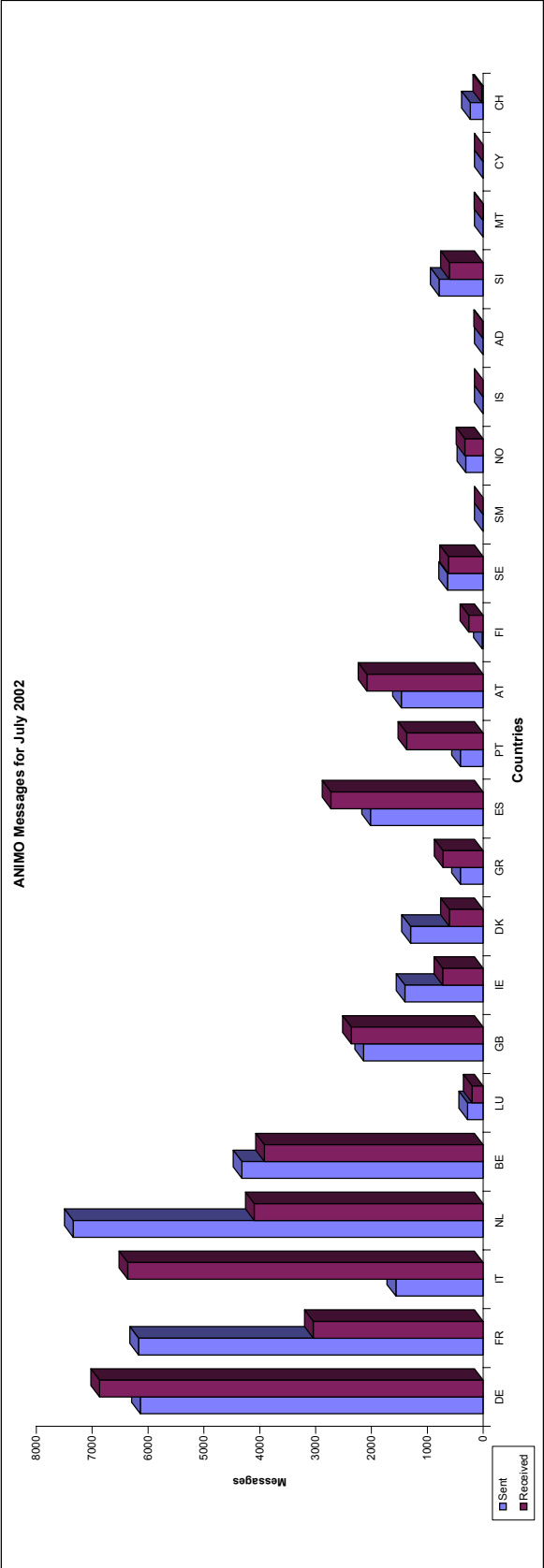
Tabular and Graphical View of ANIMO Message Statistics
June 2002

Sent Received	DE	FR	IT	NL	BE	LU	GB	IE	DK	GR	ES	PT	AT	FI	SE	SM	NO	IS	AD	SI	MT	CY	CH	Totals
	6136 6866	6169 6364	1564 6364	7340 4101	4320 3915	279 200	2139 2360	1399 725	1301 605	407 720	2018 2725	410 1368	1463 2084	17 255	639 620	0 0	313 329	0 1	2 11	786 606	0 6	1 2	229 28	36932 36932



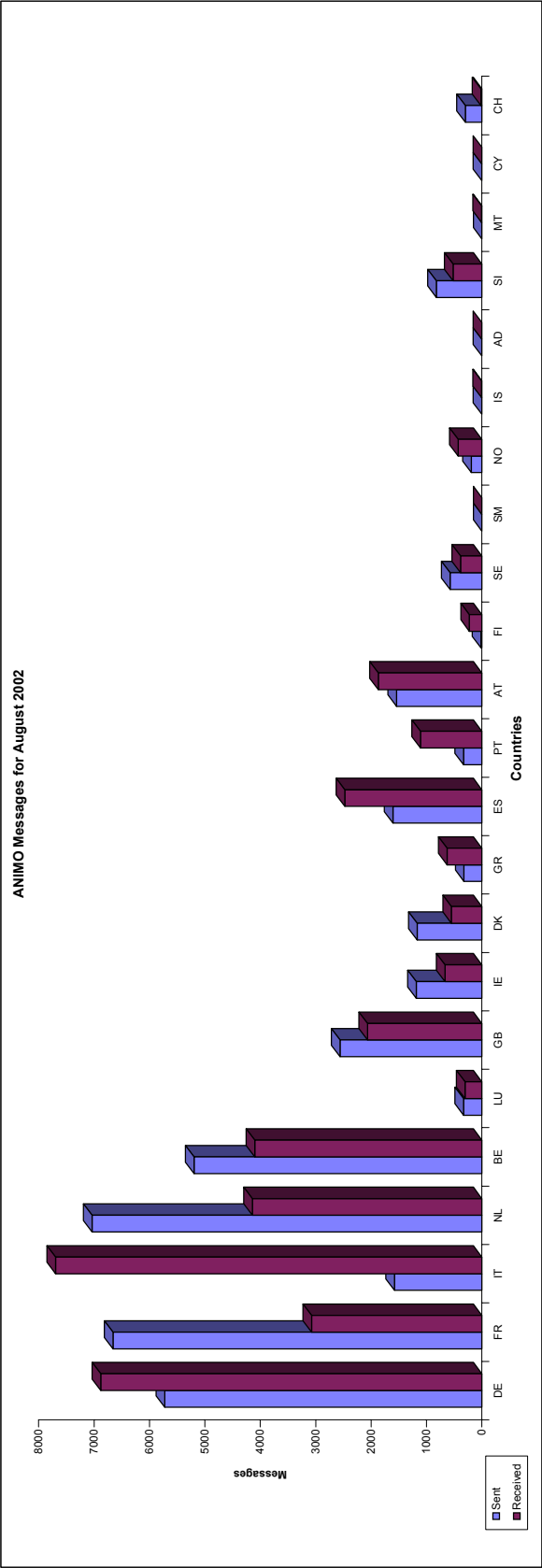
Tabular and Graphical View of ANIMO Message Statistics
July 2002

Sent Received	DE	FR	IT	NL	BE	LU	GB	IE	DK	GR	ES	PT	AT	FI	SE	SM	NO	IS	AD	SI	MT	CY	CH	Totals
	5816 7687	6635 3258	1133 6646	8585 4260	5165 5135	338 235	2815 2201	1144 570	1363 735	363 691	2921 2685	348 2066	1418 2065	10 258	680 606	2 0	272 373	0 4	2 12	869 608	0 7	1 4	249 23	40129 40129



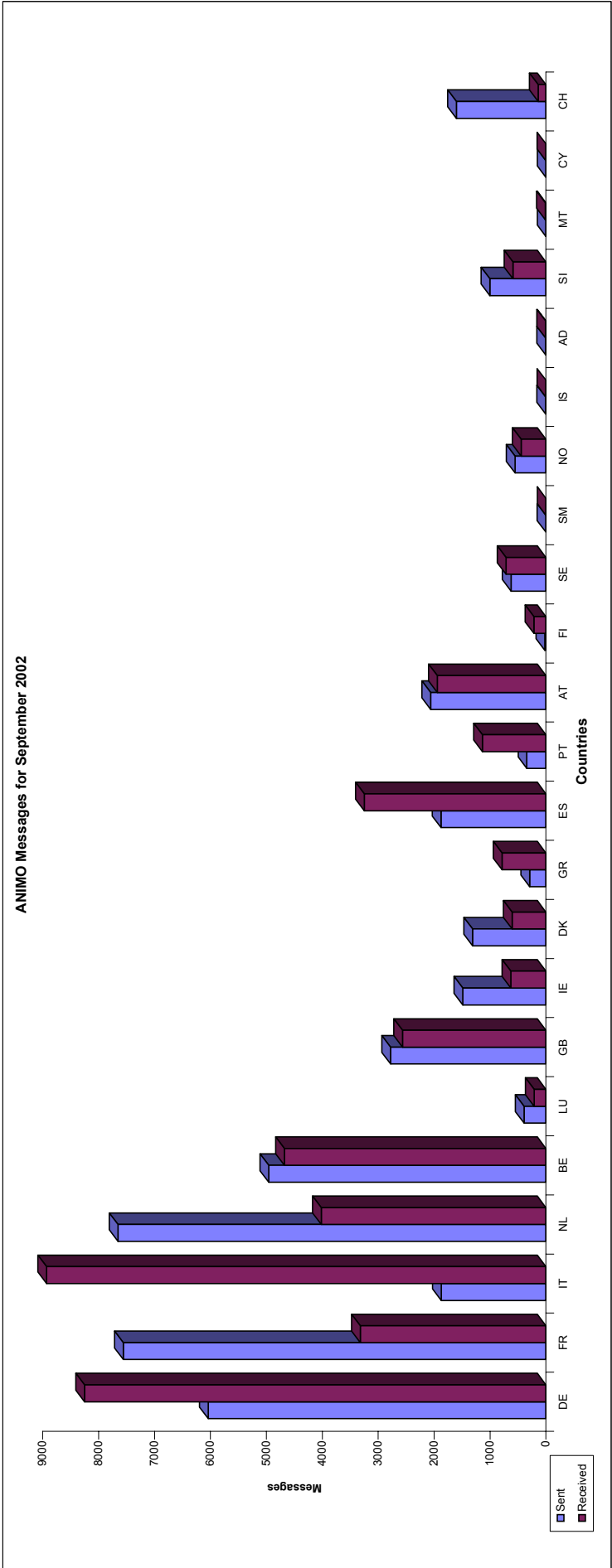
Tabular and Graphical View of ANIMO Message Statistics
August 2002

Sent Received	DE	FR	IT	NL	BE	LU	GB	IE	DK	GR	ES	PT	AT	FI	SE	SM	NO	IS	AD	SI	MT	CY	CH	Totals
	5723 6878	6660 3076	1580 7694	7037 4141	5196 4102	331 307	2561 2065	1186 667	1168 551	324 628	1604 2476	334 1109	1541 1870	19 227	575 384	0 0	194 428	2 6	1 2	823 521	0 7	2 2	300 20	37161 37161



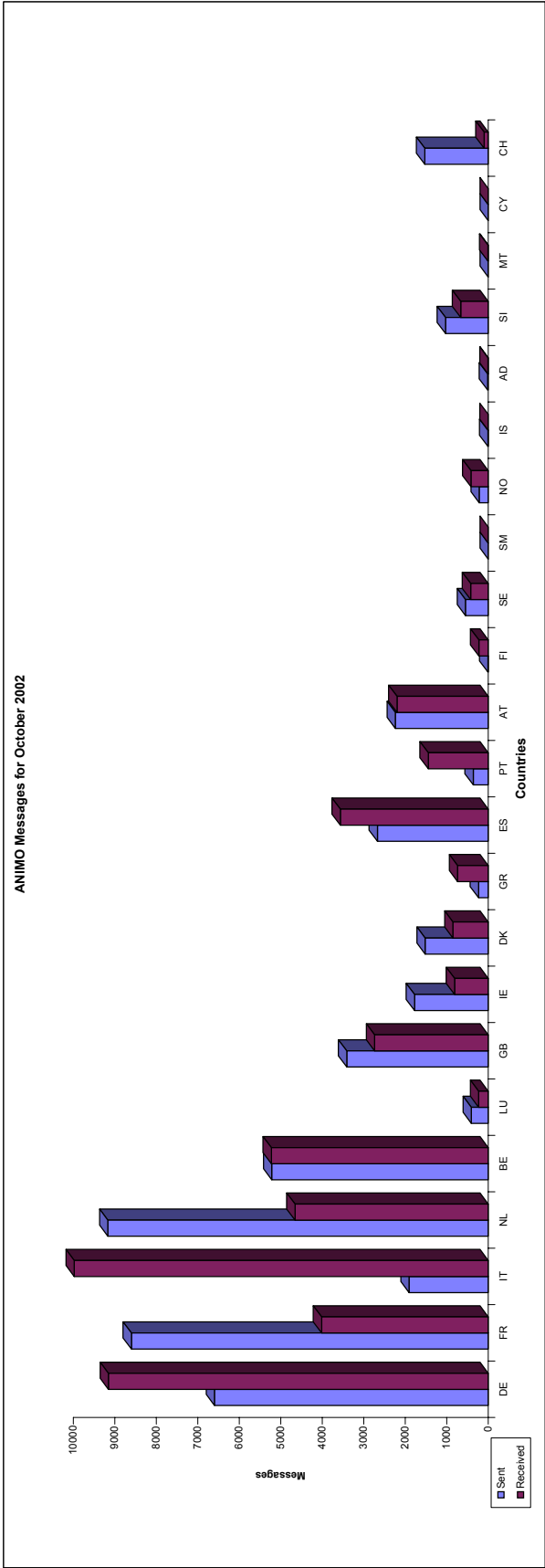
Tabular and Graphical View of ANIMO Message Statistics
September 2002

	DE	FR	IT	NL	BE	LU	GB	IE	DK	GR	ES	PT	AT	FI	SE	SM	NO	IS	AD	SI	MT	CY	CH	Totals
Sent	6041	7558	1875	7656	4958	391	2780	1489	1315	291	1879	342	2064	20	624	2	552	6	6	1006	0	0	1604	42459
Received	8253	3322	8932	4018	4676	211	2564	630	605	784	3250	1139	1943	218	715	0	444	4	7	590	10	2	142	42459



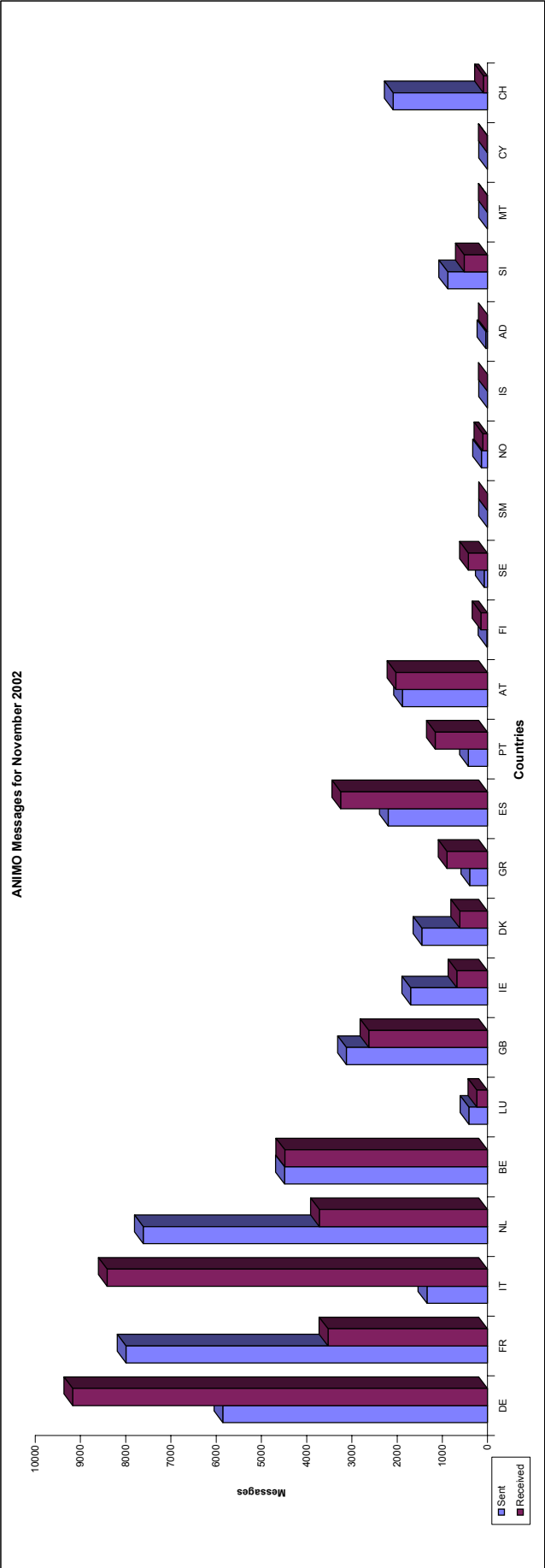
Tabular and Graphical View of ANIMO Message Statistics
October 2002

	DE	FR	IT	NL	BE	LU	GB	IE	DK	GR	ES	PT	AT	FI	SE	SM	NO	IS	AD	SI	MT	CY	CH
Sent	6597	8601	1909	9167	5218	409	3412	1779	1521	239	2673	364	2239	12	550	0	221	13	21	1032	0	3	1534
Received	9155	4017	9876	4659	5230	233	2740	814	852	742	3568	1447	2200	232	426	0	422	6	9	688	11	2	105



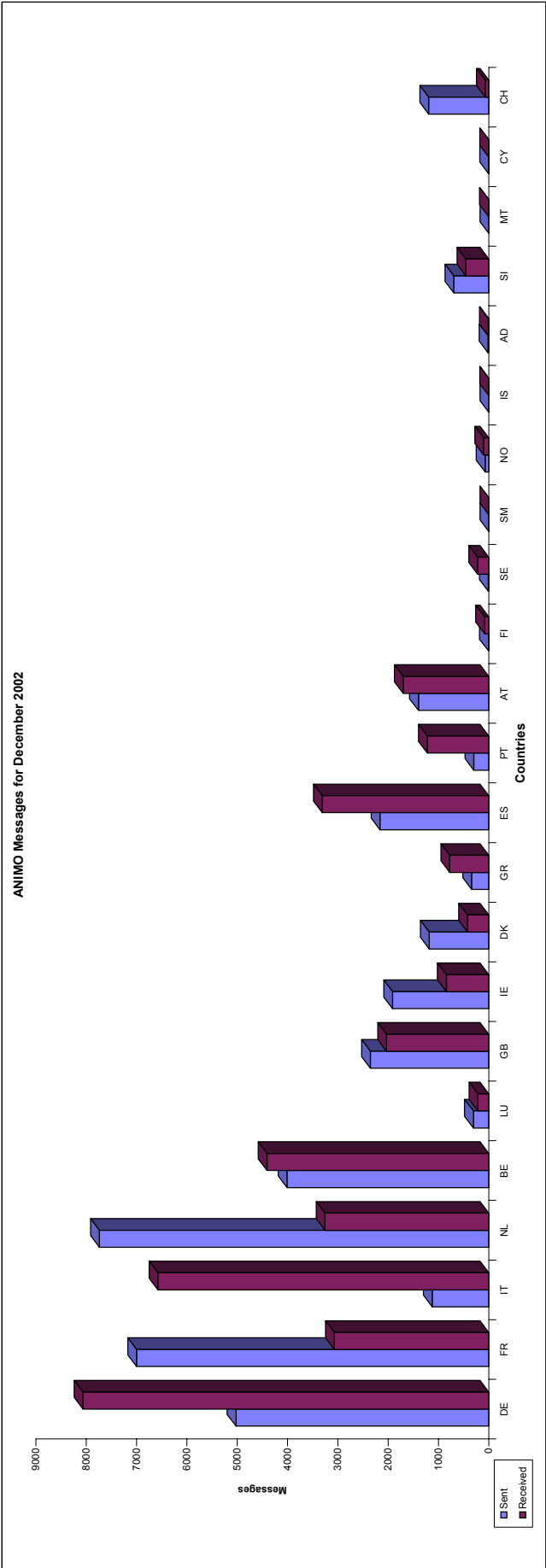
Tabular and Graphical View of ANIMO Message Statistics
November 2002

	DE	FR	IT	NL	BE	LU	GB	IE	DK	GR	ES	PT	AT	FI	SE	SM	NO	IS	AD	SI	MT	CY	CH	Totals
Sent	5854	7990	1341	7613	4490	413	3122	1702	1454	395	2198	426	1880	14	76	3	134	1	38	882	0	1	2088	42115
Received	9171	3528	8409	3720	4484	237	2624	677	616	899	3247	1157	2029	149	425	0	106	5	5	515	9	8	95	42115



Tabular and Graphical View of ANIMO Message Statistics
December 2002

Sent Received	DE	FR	IT	NL	BE	LU	GB	IE	DK	GR	ES	PT	AT	FI	SE	SM	NO	IS	AD	SI	MT	CY	CH	Totals
	5024 8065	7000 3070	1124 6577	7741 3254	4010 4408	306 217	2354 2032	1911 844	1185 425	342 778	2163 3311	300 1222	1399 1701	7 84	11 222	1 0	72 104	0 3	15 11	695 456	0 7	6 3	1197 69	36863 36863



7.7 Chronology of Activity in the field of Foot and Mouth disease in 2002

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE CRISIS

CHRONOLOGY OF MAIN EVENTS –2002

DG SANCO.E2: Animal health and welfare, zootechnics

Date	Main event	Action by the European Commission	Action by the Member States	Miscellaneous
Tue 8/1	Meeting of the SVC	Opinion of the SVC on draft Commission decision 2002/37/EC amending Commission Decision 2001/740/EC ³ to allow the export of live pigs and cattle, and fresh pig meat, sheep meat and beef, from all of Great Britain apart from Northumberland. This follows successful completion of serological testing in Cumbria, North Yorkshire and Durham. However, the export of live cattle is still restricted because of BSE measures. Wild game meat may also be exported from Great Britain, except from Northumberland and its surrounding counties which act as a buffer zone (Galashiels, Cumbria, Durham and Tyne and Wear).		See brief press release

³ For the sixth time

Tue 15/1	Meeting of the SVC	<p>The UK delegate gave a short report on the situation in Great Britain. All serological testing has now been completed. Northumberland was declared free of FMD by the UK authorities at midnight on 14/15 January.</p> <p>Opinion of the SVC on draft Commission Decision 2002/48/EC amending Commission Decision 2001/740/EC⁴ to allow the export of live pigs and cattle, and fresh pig meat, sheep meat and beef from all of Great Britain. (However, the export of live cattle is still restricted because of BSE measures.) Wild game meat may also now be exported from the whole of Great Britain.</p> <p>Adoption of Commission Decision 2002/37/EC (see SVC of 8/1).</p>		See brief press release
Mon 21/1	OIE declares United Kingdom has regained FMD-free status without vaccination.			
Wed 23/1		Adoption of Commission Decision 2002/48/EC (see SVC of 15/1).		
Mon 28/1 – Fri 1/2		Mission to the UK to inspect financial controls and records during the FMD crisis.		

⁴ For the seventh time

Tue 5/2	Meeting of the SVC	<p>Opinion of the SVC on draft Commission Decision 2002/153/EC repealing Commission Decision 2001/740/EC and amending Commission Decision 2001/327/EC to apply to the whole of the EU. Following recognition of the UK as being, once again, a country free of FMD without vaccination, by the OIE on 21 January, this decision would release all Community restrictions currently applying to the UK by repealing Decision 2001/740/EC. This means that there would be no restrictions due to FMD on the dispatch from the UK to Member States or third countries of any FMD-susceptible animals or their meat or products. (However, restrictions due to BSE still apply to cattle). The amendment of Decision 2001/327/EC would apply its provisions to the UK as well as all other Member States, and therefore all Member States would be treated in the same way by EU legislation.</p> <p>The Commission confirmed its intention to maintain the amended provisions of Decision 2001/327/EC until Directive 91/68 has been amended to treat sheep and goats in the same way as pigs and cattle.</p> <p>The Commission concluded that this closed the book on the 2001 outbreak of FMD in the EU, thanked the UK for its hard work over the previous 12 months, and thanked the other members of the SVC for their support during the crisis.</p>		See short press release
Thurs/ Fri 7-8/2				E.U.F.M.D. meeting in Rome. Discussion of NSP test use in future, re-gaining of FMD-free status in a shorter period of time, FMD entering the EU from Turkey and bio-terrorism.
Wed 20/2		Adoption of Commission Decision 2002/153/EC (see SVC of 5/2).		

Thurs 21/2				Inaugural meeting of the European Parliament Temporary Committee on FMD (Brussels).
Tue 26/2				Second meeting of the EP Temporary Committee on FMD (Brussels): discussion of work programme.
Tue 5/3	Meeting of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health (SCoFCAH) established by Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 .	Opinion of the SCoFCAH on draft Commission Decision 2002/242/EC amending Commission Decision 2001/327/EC prolonging the measures (European standstill) until the end of 2002.		
Mon 18/3 – Fri 22/3		Mission to the UK to inspect financial controls and records during the FMD crisis.		

<p>Mon 25/3</p>		<p>Adoption of Commission Decision 2002/242/EC (see SCoFCAH 5/3/2002)</p> <p>Evidence submitted to the EP Temporary Committee on FMD (Brussels);</p> <p>The role of the EC institutions: Address of Commissioner Byrne to the EP Temporary Committee on FMD</p> <p>Evidence given by the Food and Veterinary Office</p> <p>FAO- European Commission for the control of FMD- 67th Session of the Executive Committee- Budapest, Hungary</p>		<p>Third meeting of the EP Temporary Committee on FMD: first evidence-taking session.</p>
<p>Tue 26/3</p>		<p>Evidence submitted to the EP Temporary Committee on FMD (Brussels);</p> <p>The experience in the UK (Part I)</p> <p>1st Session-Evidence given by UK-Minister N. Brown and CVO of the UK J. Scudamore.</p> <p>2nd Session- Evidence given by Keith Sumpton, & Alayne Addy</p> <p>FAO- European Commission for the control of FMD- 67th Session of the Executive Committee- Budapest, Hungary</p>		<p>Third meeting of the EP Temporary Committee on FMD: second evidence-taking session</p>

Mon 8/4		<p>Evidence submitted to the EP Temporary Committee on FMD (Strasbourg)</p> <p>The experience in the UK (Part II)</p> <p>1st Session- Evidence given by Lord Whitty, Ben Gill (UKNFU), Guy Evarard, Alan Richardson.</p> <p>2nd Session- Evidence given by Elliot Morley, Keith Baker, Prof. Dower & William Moyes</p>		<p>Fourth meeting of EP Temporary Committee:</p> <p>Third evidence-taking session</p>
Weds 17/4- Sat 20/4		<p>EP Temporary Committee on FMD- First visit to the UK</p> <p>The Northern Regions of the UK (Scotland, Northumberland, Cumbria)</p>		
Thurs 25/4		<p>The EP Temporary Committee on FMD (Brussels);</p> <p>Exchange of views with Commissioner Fischler</p> <p>See Commissioner Fischler's speech to the Committee (En)</p> <p>Assessment of visit to the UK</p>		<p>Fifth meeting of EP Temporary Committee on FMD:</p>

<p>Fri 3/5</p>	<p>Publication of the Committee of the Regions' Resolution on Tackling Foot and Mouth Disease</p> <p>This was original ratified at the 38th Plenary Session of the COR on 5 April 2001</p>			
<p>Tues 21/5</p>		<p>The EP Temporary Committee on FMD (Brussels)</p> <p>Public hearing on 'Epidemiological Aspects'</p> <p>1st Session- Evidence from Prof Anderson, Dr Yubero, Mrs Chmitelin and Mr Moutou</p> <p>2nd Session- Evidence from Prof Osterhaus, Prof Bartling & Prof Zwingmann</p>		<p>Sixth meeting of EP Temporary Committee</p>
<p>Thurs23/5- Sat 25/5</p>		<p>EP Temporary Committee on FMD- Visit to the Netherlands</p> <p>The provinces of Gelderland (Oene) and Friesland</p>		

Tues 28/5- Fri 31/5	70 th General Session of the OIE International Committee	Amendment to the OIE code for the attainment of FMD-free status. It was agreed to reduce the waiting period to acquire FMD-free status to 6 months following an outbreak controlled without the slaughter of vaccinated animals, providing serological surveillance using an appropriate diagnostic test had shown no evidence of circulating virus (the waiting period remained at 3 months after the slaughter of the last confirmed case where stamping out is applied, or 3 months after the slaughter of the last vaccinated animal where stamping out and emergency vaccination is applied)		
Thurs 30/5		<p>The EP Temporary Committee on FMD (Brussels)</p> <p>Public Hearing on ' The economic and social repercussions of the crisis (tourism, transport, animal welfare)'</p> <p>1st Session- Evidence from Lord Haskins, Mr Bolweg & Prof Midmore</p> <p>2nd Session- Evidence from Mrs Guitard & Mr Wilkinsr</p> <p>In a separate session, Prof King, the Chief Scientific Advisor to the UK government, gave evidence on Epidemiology and vaccination.</p>		Seventh meeting of the EP Temporary Committee on FMD

<p>Sun 2/6- Wed 5/6</p>	<p>Foot and Mouth Disease Control Strategies-</p> <p>An International Symposium organised by the Mérieux Foundation, IABs and OIE</p> <p>Lyons, France</p>			
<p>Mon 3/6</p>		<p>The Committee of the Regions- Commission for Sustainable Development</p> <p>The Rapporteur of the EP FMD Temporary Committee and representatives from the European Commission attended the meeting of the COR's Commission for Sustainable Development to discuss FMD.</p>		
<p>Thurs 6//6</p>		<p>Visit of officials from the Court of Auditors to DG SANCO regarding FMD.</p>		

<p>Mon 10/6</p>		<p>The EP Temporary Committee on FMD (Strasbourg)</p> <p>Committee Meeting- ‘The experiences of France and Ireland’</p> <p>1st Session- (Republic of Ireland) Mr Walsh & Mr Gaynor</p> <p>2nd Session- (Northern Ireland) Mrs Rodgers & Mr McCracken</p> <p>3rd Session- (France) Mrs Chmitelin & Mr Gremillet</p> <p>4th Session- (Equestrian sports) Mr Sluyter</p>		<p><u>Eighth meeting of the EP Temporary Committee on FMD</u></p>
<p>Mon 17/6</p>		<p>The EP Temporary Committee on FMD (Brussels)</p> <p>Committee meeting on ‘The issue of Vaccination’</p> <p>1st Session- Prof Brown, Mr Donaldson, Prof Thein & Dr Le Fourban</p> <p>2nd Session- Dr Pearson, Dr Pluimers, Dr De Clercq & Dr Little</p>		<p><u>Ninth meeting of the EP Temporary Committee</u></p>

Tues 18/6		<p>The EP Temporary Committee on FMD (Brussels)</p> <p>Public Hearing ‘The policy on foot-and-mouth disease in non-affected Member States- The indirect cost of the crisis.’</p> <p>1st Session- Mr Mortenson, Dr Sanchez Trujillano, Dr Schuller</p> <p>2nd Session- Prof Lodetti, Mr Panagiotatos, Dr Schwabenbauer</p>		
Wed 19/6- Sat 22/6		<p>EP Temporary Committee on FMD- Second visit to the UK</p> <p>The Western and Southern Regions (Wales, Devon & Gloucestershire)</p>		
Thurs 20/6			<p>Publication of a report by the UK’s Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA) on The origin of the UK FMD epidemic in 2001</p>	

Mon 1/7		<p>The EP Temporary Committee on FMD (Strasbourg)</p> <p>Extraordinary meeting</p> <p>1st Session- Exchange of views with Mr Jones, Welsh Minister for Rural Affairs</p> <p>2nd Session- Exchange of views with Mr Finnie, Scottish Minister for the Environment and Rural Affairs</p> <p>3rd Session- Exchange of views with Mr Lennon, Director responsible for budgetary matters at DG SANCO, European Commission</p>		Tenth meeting of the EP Temporary Committee
Tues 9/7		<p>The EP Temporary Committee on FMD (Brussels)</p> <p>Public Hearing 'Meat imports and import inspection' and 'Marketing of products from vaccinated animals'</p> <p>1st Session- (Imports) Mr Checchi Lang, Dr Eysing, Mr Lawrence & Mr Young</p> <p>2nd Session (Marketing of vaccinated animals) Mr Checchi Lang, Mr Peel & Mr Mackereth</p>		Eleventh meeting of the EP FMD Temporary Committee

Tues 16/7		<p>The EP Temporary Committee on FMD (Brussels)</p> <p>Morning</p> <p>The veterinary services in the Member States and contingency planning</p> <p>1st Session- Mr Laoide, Mr Hutchins, Mr Lengelé</p> <p>2nd Session- Brigadier Birtwistle, Mr Holden, Mr Davies</p> <p>Afternoon</p> <p>a) The experiences in the Netherlands and Belgium</p> <p>1st Session- Mr L.J. Brinkhorst</p> <p>2nd Session- Mr Hanemayer, Mr Cuijpers, Mr Bolwerk, Mr De Winter</p> <p>b) Epidemiological aspects</p> <p>Dr P Kitching</p>		Twelfth meeting of the EP Temporary Committee on FMD
			Publication of UK Royal Society Inquiry into team's report into Infectious Diseases in Livestock, chaired by Sir Brian Follett FRS.	

Mon 22/7			Publication of the UK Inquiry report on the lessons to be learned from the FMD outbreak in 2001, chaired by Dr Anderson	
Mon 26/8		<p>The EP Temporary Committee on FMD (Brussels)</p> <p>Hearing on</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 'Insurance against the Financial risks of animal disease' – Prof Huirne, Mr Genden, Mr Batza; and 2. A report of the UK national audit office (NAO) on the costs of the FMD epidemic in the UK- Mr Eales 		Thirteenth meeting of the EP Temporary Committee on FMD

<p>Mon 2/9</p>		<p>The EP Temporary Committee on FMD (Strasbourg)</p> <p>Extraordinary meeting to exchange views with a range of experts regarding a number of issues and statements including;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Meat imports and border inspection posts- Mr Sheesley • Insurance against the financial risks of animal disease- Mr Moreno • Control and eradication of FMD in South America- Dr Sutmoeller • Diagnostics- Dr Watkins • Health and social-welfare consequences of UK FMD epidemic - Mrs Baxter 		<p><u>Fourteenth meeting of the EP Temporary Committee on FMD</u></p>
<p>Thurs 12/9</p>		<p>The EP Temporary Committee on FMD (Brussels)</p> <p>Morning- Committee meeting</p> <p>1st Session- Exchange of views with Commissioner Byrne</p> <p>2nd Session- Exchange of views with Mrs Beckett (DEFRA, UK)</p> <p>Afternoon- Visit to the port of Rotterdam</p>		<p><u>Fifteenth meeting of the EP Temporary Committee on FMD</u></p>

<p>Mon 30/9</p>		<p>The EP Temporary Committee on FMD (Brussels)</p> <p>Afternoon- Committee meeting</p> <p>1st Session- Statement and Exchange of views with Professor Ian McConnell, member of the drafting committee of The Royal Society (UK) report on Infectious Diseases in Livestock.</p> <p>2nd Session- Consideration of the initial working document on Committee conclusions prepared by the Rapporteur</p>		<p>Sixteenth meeting of the EP Temporary Committee on FMD</p>
<p>Thurs 10/10</p>		<p>The EP Temporary Committee on FMD (Brussels)</p> <p>Afternoon- Committee meeting</p> <p>Consideration of the Temporary Committee's draft report on FMD: Lessons to be learned from the 2001 crisis and proposals for the future (Deadline for amendments-15/10)</p>		<p>Seventeenth meeting of the EP Temporary Committee on FMD</p>

Tues 22/10		The EP Temporary Committee on FMD (Strasbourg) Extraordinary meeting to consider the amendments to the Temporary Committee's draft report on FMD: Lessons to be learned from the 2001 crisis and proposals for the future		Eighteenth meeting of the EP Temporary Committee on FMD
Wed 6/11			Publication of UK Government's response to the UK FMD Inquiry reports	
Thurs 7/11		The EP Temporary Committee on FMD (Brussels) Afternoon- Committee meeting Consideration of initial amendments and compromise amendments to the Temporary Committee's draft report on FMD: Lessons to be learned from the 2001 crisis and proposals for the future		Nineteenth meeting of the EP Temporary Committee on FMD
Wed 20/11 (post. from 18/11)		The EP Temporary Committee on FMD (Strasbourg) Extraordinary meeting to adopt the Temporary Committee's draft report on FMD: Lessons to be learned from the 2001 crisis and proposals for the future After voting, approximately 100 amendments were passed for inclusion in the report (from a total of 237). The Committee agreed unanimously to accept the final report		Twentieth meeting of the EP Temporary Committee on FMD

<p>Tues 17/12</p>	<p>Plenary Session of the European Parliament</p>	<p>At the plenary Session, the EP agrees a Resolution (2002/2153) on measures to control FMD in the EU in 2001 and future measures to prevent and control animal diseases in the EU. This takes account of the various Inquiry's, testimonies and other relevant information from within the individual Member States, and the conclusions of the final report from the EP's Temporary Committee on FMD.</p> <p>Press Release from Commissioner Byrne welcoming the new recommendations from the EP</p>		
<p>Wed 18/12</p>		<p>The European Commission adopts a new Proposal for a Council Directive (2002/0299(CNS)) to revise and improve legislation on EU measures to control future outbreaks of foot-and-mouth disease. This extensive document takes account of the experience of the 2001 epidemic, and outlines a host of improved measures to maintain or, in the event of an outbreak, quickly regain the 'FMD-free' status.</p> <p>The Proposal is submitted to the Council and the European Parliament.</p> <p>Press release outlining the content of the new proposal.</p>		