

ASSOCIATION

between

THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY

and

TURKEY

THIRTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT  
OF THE ASSOCIATION COUNCIL  
TO THE PARLIAMENTARY COMMITTEE OF THE ASSOCIATION

(1 January to 31 December 1977)

ASSOCIATION

between

THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY

and

TURKEY

THIRTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT  
OF THE ASSOCIATION COUNCIL  
TO THE PARLIAMENTARY COMMITTEE OF THE ASSOCIATION

(1 January to 31 December 1977)

C O N T E N T S

	<u>Page</u>
Letter from the President of the Association Council to the President of the Turkish Grand National Assembly and to the President of the European Parliament forwarding the Report	7
I. <u>Introduction</u>	8
II. <u>Questions relating to the application of the provisions of the Association Agreement concerning customs union</u>	10
A. Administrative co-operation	10
B. Problems with textile products between the Community and Turkey	10
III. <u>Agricultural questions</u>	12
A. Implementation of the Community concessions granted under the 2nd agricultural review	12
B. Wine	13
IV. <u>Generalized preferences</u>	15
V. <u>Application of Article 53 of the Additional Protocol (information/consultation)</u>	16
VI. <u>Social Questions</u>	17
A. Implementation of Article 36 of the Additional Protocol	17
B. Implementation of Article 39 of the Additional Protocol	17
VII. <u>Trade results</u>	18

	<u>Page</u>
VIII. <u>Financial questions</u>	26
A. Application of the Second Financial Protocol	26
B. Conclusion of the Third Financial Protocol	28
IX. <u>Other questions</u> (information)	30

°

°

°

LIST OF ANNEXES

	<u>Page</u>
<u>ANNEX A</u> : <u>STATISTICAL ANNEX</u>	31
<u>Chapter 1</u> : <u>Data on the application of the Association Agreement</u>	31
- <u>Table A I 1</u> : Turkish exports to the EEC of Turkey's four main agricultural export products - Figures for 1973/1977	32
- <u>Table A I 2</u> : Turkish exports to the EEC and the rest of the world of Turkey's four main agricultural export products - Figures for 1973/1977	33
- <u>Table A I 3</u> : Turkish exports to the EEC of the four industrial products for which concessions are granted within Community tariff quotas pursuant to Annexes 1 and 2 to the Additional Protocol - Figures for 1973/1977	34
- <u>Table A I 4</u> : Turkish exports to the EEC and the world of other agricultural and industrial products of importance to Turkey's foreign trade - Figures for 1973/1977	35
- <u>Table A I 5</u> : Second EEC-Turkey Financial Protocol (a) list of projects financed (b) Summary	36 39
<u>CHAPTER II</u> : <u>Data on economic trends in Turkey</u>	40
- <u>Table A II 1</u> : Turkey's foreign trade (1974/1977) - Trend in terms of value	41
- <u>Table A II 2</u> : Structure of exports and imports	42
- <u>Table A II 3</u> : Imports of specific products	43
- <u>Table A II 4</u> : Exports by product - Breakdown by sector	45

	<u>Page</u>
- <u>Table A II 5(a)</u> : Foreign trade by area (Exports by group of countries)	46
- <u>Table A II 5(b)</u> : Trend in Turkish exports to the Member States of the European Economic Community (1974/1977)	47
- <u>Table A II 5(c)</u> : Exports (by continent, special grouping, money area)	48
- <u>Table A II 5(d)</u> : Foreign trade by area (Imports by group of countries)	49
- <u>Table A II 5(e)</u> : Trend in Turkish imports from Member States of the Community	50
- <u>Table A II 5(f)</u> : Imports (by continent, special grouping, money area)	51
- <u>Table A II 6</u> : Balance of payments (1976/1977)	52
- <u>Table A II 7</u> : Gross national product at current factor prices, by branch of activity	53
- <u>Table A II 8</u> : Gross per capita national product	54
- <u>Table A II 9</u> : Number of Turkish workers entering EEC countries through official Turkish bodies (1973/1977) (cumulative figures)	55
- <u>Table A II 10</u> : Distribution by country of Turkish workers employed abroad at the end of 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976 and 1977	56
- <u>Table A II 11</u> : Transfer of Turkish workers' savings	57

	<u>Page</u>
<u>ANNEX B - COMPILATION OF THE ACTS ADOPTED IN 1977</u>	58
<u>I. Act adopted by the Association Council</u>	
- Decision No 1/77 on new concessions for imports of Turkish agricultural products into the Community	59
<u>II. Acts relating to the EEC-Turkey Association adopted by the Council and the Commission of the European Communities respectively</u>	75
- Council Regulation (EEC) No 125/77 of 18 January 1977 on the total or partial suspension of Common Customs Tariff duties on certain agricultural products originating in Turkey	76
- Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey	97
- Council Regulation (EEC) No 1181/77 of 17 May 1977 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Turkey	114
- Council Regulation (EEC) No 1182/77 of 17 May 1977 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for fresh or dried hazelnuts, shelled or otherwise, falling within subheading ex 08.05 G of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Turkey	117
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1401/77 of 28 June 1977 laying down detailed rules for the importation of olive oil originating in Turkey	120
- Council Regulation (EEC) No 1694/77 of 25 July 1977 extending for the sixth time the system of temporary partial suspension of the Common Customs Tariff duties on wine, originating in and coming from Turkey, provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 2823/71	123

- Council Regulation (EEC) No 2386/77 of 28 October 1977 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and Turkey fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Turkey, for the period 1 November 1977 to 31 October 1978 124
- Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and Turkey fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Turkey, for the period 1 November 1977 to 31 October 1978 125
- Council Regulation (EEC) No 2387/77 of 28 October 1977 amending Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey 127
- Council Regulation (EEC) No 2824/77 of 28 November 1977 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for fresh or dried hazelnuts, shelled or otherwise, falling within subheading ex 08.05 G of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Turkey (1978) 128
- Council Regulation (EEC) No 2756/77 of 5 December 1977 opening and providing for the administration of a Community preferential ceiling for certain petroleum products refined in Turkey and establishing Community supervision of imports thereof 132
- Council Regulation (EEC) No 2757/77 of 5 December 1977 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for certain textile products falling within heading Nos 55.05 and 55.09 and subheading ex 58.01 A of the Common Customs Tariff, coming from Turkey (1978) 135
- Council Regulation (EEC) No 2758/77 of 5 December 1977 on the total or partial suspension of Common Customs Tariff duties on certain agricultural products originating in Turkey 138

L E T T E R

FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE ASSOCIATION COUNCIL  
TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE TURKISH GRAND NATIONAL ASSEMBLY  
AND TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT  
FORWARDING THE REPORT

30 October 1978

In accordance with Article 2 of Association Council Decision No 1/65 on the Parliamentary Committee of the EEC-Turkey Association, I have pleasure in forwarding herewith the thirteenth annual report of the Association Council.

This report covers the period 1 January - 31 December 1977.

For the Association Council

Klaus von DOHNANY  
President-in-Office

## I. INTRODUCTION

1. This report covers 1977, the thirteenth year since entry into force of the Ankara Agreement. Two events during this year, one in which there was relatively little activity within the organs of the Association, are nonetheless deserving of particular mention: firstly the conclusion of the negotiations and signature of the third EEC-Turkey Financial Protocol on 12 May 1977, and secondly the actual implementation on 1 July 1977 of the Community concessions under the second agricultural review, on which the Association Council had reached substantive agreement at its meeting on 20 December 1976. This year also saw strenuous efforts to resolve the problems which had arisen for the two parties in the sphere of exports of cotton yarn from Turkey to the Community. During the year both sides maintained close contact with a view to finding appropriate solutions to the other problems arising in the context of the Association and raised by Turkey.
  
2. With regard to the activities of the Association bodies, it should be noted that in 1977, for the first time since the entry into force of the Agreement, neither the Association Council nor the Joint Parliamentary Committee met. The Association Committee, whose role it is to guarantee continuity of co-operation between Turkey and the Community, met on four occasions during the period in question. It was within this Committee that the negotiations on the Third Financial Protocol were concluded (3 February 1977). The other questions discussed within the Association Committee in 1977 concerned chiefly the difficulties which had arisen in the Community in the cotton textile sector and the finalization of the twelfth annual report to the Joint Parliamentary Committee.

The EEC-Turkey Customs Co-operation Committee met on 13 September 1977 to examine various questions coming within its terms of reference.

3. An examination of the developments in the trade sphere in 1977 shows that Turkish exports dropped as compared with 1976 and that imports continued to increase. In this context however it should be noted that, with regard to trade with the Community, this trend was relatively less unfavourable to Turkey given that the drop in Turkish exports amounted to 9.5% (as against 14.2% for the rest of the world) and the increase in imports amounted to 5.5% (as against 19.4% for the rest of the world).
4. The procedures for ratifying the Supplementary Protocol (enlargement) signed in Ankara on 30 June 1973 were concluded in all Member States of the Community; consequently on 28 November 1977 the Council of the Community adopted the Regulation concluding this Protocol.
5. The Third Financial Protocol between Turkey and the Community was signed on 12 May 1977. With reference to the Second Financial Protocol, it should be noted that the budgetary resources still available under this Protocol (6.3 MUA) were allocated at the end of 1977 to a loan for the paper sector in Turkey. It should also be noted that Article 8 of the Supplementary Protocol provides for an amount of 47 MUA to be made available to the Turkish economy.
6. In addition to the data concerning the application proper of the Association Agreement, this report - like its predecessors - includes, for information purposes, a set of statistics (see Annex A, II) on the development of the general economic situation in Turkey.

II. QUESTIONS RELATING TO THE APPLICATION OF THE PROVISIONS OF THE ASSOCIATION AGREEMENT CONCERNING CUSTOMS UNION

A. Administrative co-operation

7. At the end of 1977 the Association Committee received a preliminary draft decision of the Association Council amending Decision No 5/72 on methods of administrative co-operation for the application of Articles 2 and 3 of the Additional Protocol <sup>(1)</sup>. This text, drawn up within the EEC - Turkey Customs Co-operation Committee, is designed to replace the A. TR. 1 and A. TR. 3 movement certificates currently valid within the Association by models aligned on the formula drawn up in a wider context (Economic Commission for Europe - United Nations) <sup>(2)</sup>.

B. Problems with textile products between the Community and Turkey

8. Having noted the increasingly difficult circumstances besetting the Community textile market following in particular the substantial increase in low-priced imports from suppliers amongst which Turkey occupied pride of place as far as cotton yarn was concerned <sup>(3)</sup>, the Community sent Turkey a memorandum on this question at the beginning of 1977, stating its view that the incentives to Turkish exports infringed certain provisions of the Additional Protocol. Subsequently it asked for the Association Committee to be convened so that a solution might be sought with the Turkish delegation to the aforesaid difficulties. At two meetings held on 4 February and 15/16 March respectively, the Association Committee discussed this matter in great detail, assisted by Community and Turkish textile experts. Following the second of these

---

<sup>(1)</sup> See 8th Annual report, pages 68 et seq.

<sup>(2)</sup> This Decision was adopted by the Association Council by way of the written procedure on 18 July 1978.

<sup>(3)</sup> See 12th annual report, pages 16 and 17.

meetings, having taken note of the statements from the Turkish and Community delegations and having resolved to keep a close eye on the situation in this sector, the Association Committee noted with satisfaction the measures adopted by Turkey to help to resolve the Community's difficulties in the cotton yarn sector. These measures in fact involved a substantial reduction in export refunds and the adoption of a new system for fixing export prices <sup>(1)</sup> and were in line with the wishes expressed by the Community. The Committee welcomed the fact that, once again, both Turkey and the Community had shown that they were determined to consult each other and to co-operate in full application of the letter and the spirit of the Ankara Agreement.

The problems arising in the textile sector continued however to be the subject of certain steps culminating in talks between the Commission departments and representatives of the Turkish private textile sector. Through these talks it was possible to reach a clearer understanding of the importance of the interests of each side in this area and to give the question thorough discussion. As a result, the Commission stated, following the talks held in November 1977, that it had been agreed, after an objective and detailed study of textile trade patterns, that there was no call to lay down restrictions on textile imports from Turkey. It should be noted that Turkish exports of cotton yarn to the Community fell from 73,000 tonnes in 1976 to 48,000 tonnes in 1977 <sup>(2)</sup>.

---

<sup>(1)</sup> a system which resulted in a 10.2% price increase.  
<sup>(2)</sup> On 15 September 1978 at the request of a Member State the Commission was forced to resort to Article 60 of the Additional Protocol, thus suspending imports from Turkey of the said product to the market in question.

### III. AGRICULTURAL QUESTIONS

#### A. Implementation of the Community concessions granted under the second agricultural review

9. It should be noted that, at the Ministerial meeting on 20 December 1976, the Association Council reached agreement on the substance of the concessions to be made by the Community under the second agricultural review provided for in Article 35 of the Additional Protocol <sup>(1)</sup>.

Having completed the necessary internal Community work for the implementation of these concessions, on 17 May 1977 the EEC-Turkey Association Council adopted, by way of the written procedure, its Decision No 1/77 on new concessions for imports of Turkish agricultural products into the Community, which entered into force on 1 July 1977 <sup>(2)</sup>. Under this decision, the Community concessions for Turkish agricultural exports were increased for a whole series of products.

10. It should be noted that for tomato concentrates and prepared and preserved sardines this Decision provided that the tariff concessions laid down would apply only from the date determined and for the periods specified in exchanges of letters between Turkey and the Community in which certain conditions and technical implementing details would be stipulated.

---

(1) See 12th annual report, pages 18 to 24.

(2) This Decision is given in Annex B (pages 59 to 74) to this report.

With regard to prepared and preserved sardines, the Commission - following instructions given by the Council of the European Communities on 28 October 1977 - submitted proposals to Turkey regarding the minimum prices to be complied with by that country in order to benefit from the tariff reduction of 40% for its exports of these products to the Community. Turkey took the view that such a system of minimum prices was unacceptable in the absence of similar undertakings from the Community's other suppliers. Turkey proposed at that time that, pending the exchange of letters, it be granted this concession autonomously or that the tariff reduction enter into force following an exchange of letters in which no reference would be made to compliance with minimum prices. Since no agreement could be reached in this area, the question remained outstanding.

With reference to tomato concentrates, the Community was unable to submit proposals to Turkey for the remainder of 1977 regarding the voluntary restraint undertaking to be given by Turkey in order to qualify for the 30% tariff reduction laid down in the aforesaid Association Council Decision. Turkey had stated that it could not undertake to operate voluntary restraint below a threshold of 20,000 t. It subsequently expressed the hope that a satisfactory solution could be found for 1978 (<sup>1</sup>).

Consequently, at the end of 1977, the Turkish delegation forwarded two Memoranda to the Community setting out its position with regard to the tomato concentrates problem on the one hand and the prepared and preserved sardines question on the other.

11. As regards olive oil, it should be noted that on 28 October 1977 Turkey and the Community signed an agreement in the form of an exchange of letters whereby the additional amount (9 UA/100 kg) to be deducted from the import levy applicable in the Community to untreated olive oil originating in Turkey was extended for the 1977/1978 marketing year.

---

(<sup>1</sup>) For 1978 the Community proposed voluntary restraint at 8,600 t. Turkey did not accept this proposal.

B. Wine

12. It should be noted that, until such time as the Association Council is in a position to adopt, in accordance with Article 1<sup>1</sup> of Annex 6 to the Additional Protocol, the definitive preferential arrangements for imports into the Community of wine originating in Turkey, the Community is applying, and has been since 1 January 1972, provisional autonomous arrangements to this wine. These arrangements provide for a partial suspension of the CCT duties at 60% and no quantitative restrictions provided that Turkish wine complies with the Community reference price. While in the past the arrangements were extended on an annual basis, Council Regulation (EEC) No 1694/77 of 25 July 1977 (1) provides that these arrangements shall apply until the definitive preferential arrangements for the products in question are brought into force with respect to Turkey.

Finally, it should be noted that, in a Memorandum dated 13 December 1977, Turkey asked the Community for the tariff reduction applicable to wine originating in Turkey to be increased to at least 80% by autonomous measures. This Turkish request is still under examination within the Association bodies.

---

(1) See Annex B to this report, page 123



#### IV. GENERALIZED PREFERENCES

13. When, at the end of 1977, the Council of the Community adopted the Regulations on the arrangements to be applied in 1978 to imports of certain Turkish products into the Community, it took account of the fact that in 1973 Turkey had been given an assurance that, in practice, in the rare sectors where the Association arrangements were less favourable than those granted by the Community to the countries benefitting from the Community's generalized preferences scheme, Turkey would be granted equivalent advantages for its exports to the Nine.

With regard to the above-mentioned Community regulations for 1978, one point should receive special emphasis: in response to a request expressed on several occasions by Turkey, the Community decided to introduce a system of ceilings <sup>(1)</sup> for imports of Turkish petroleum products, to replace the Community tariff quota arrangements applicable within the Community since 1971 under Annex No 1 to the Additional Protocol. However the Community was unable to accept Turkey's request for a substantial raising of this ceiling, on the grounds that Turkish exports of these products were nowhere near the level of the ceiling.

---

<sup>(1)</sup> See Annex B to this report, pages 132 to 134.

V. APPLICATION OF ARTICLE 53 OF THE ADDITIONAL PROTOCOL (INFORMATION/  
CONSULTATION)

14. As in the past the Community ensured that, before it signed agreements or protocols with countries in the Mediterranean basin, the information and consultation procedure provided for in Article 53 of the Additional Protocol was implemented. In 1977 this was the case with regard to the Agreement with Lebanon (at the beginning of May) and the Protocols with Malta and Cyprus (in September).

The same procedure was applied in November 1977 with regard to the generalized preferences scheme which the Community intended to implement in 1978.

Throughout these consultations Turkey stressed the effects on its association treatment of the concessions granted by the EEC to other countries, and emphasized the need for the Community to take appropriate steps to compensate for the erosion of Turkey's established concessions.

VI. SOCIAL QUESTIONS

A. Implementation of Article 36 of the Additional Protocol

15. Actual implementation of Association Council Decision No 2/76 based on Article 36 of the Additional Protocol began in 1977. In 1977 Turkey notified the Commission of certain difficulties<sup>1</sup> regarding the application of this Decision. These difficulties have not yet been examined within the Association bodies.

B. Implementation of Article 39 of the Additional Protocol

16. In 1977 Turkey continued its approaches within the Community bodies with a view to having provisions governing social security for Turkish workers moving within the Community adopted as soon as possible. Turkey stated that, if solutions could be found to the following two points, the remaining differences of opinions could easily be resolved: extension of family allowances to members of the family residing in Turkey and consideration of periods completed in Turkey for the aggregation of insurance or employment periods. The Member States were not able to accede to this Turkish request which, in their view, went beyond the framework of Article 39 of the Additional Protocol.

---

(<sup>1</sup>) The first difficulty indicated by Turkey concerns the priority to be given to Turkish workers moving to another region or to another branch of activity within the same Member State. A second is the concept of region.

VII. TRADE RESULTS <sup>(1)</sup>

(a) Trend in Turkey's external trade

(Tables A II 1 and A II 2)

7. In 1977 Turkey's external trade was characterized by a drop in exports, from \$1,960 million to \$1,753 million (10.6% down on the previous year) combined with a 13% increase in imports which went up from \$5,129 million in 1976 to \$5,796 million in 1977. The result of this development was that the import/export cover rate fell yet again (from 38.2% in 1976 to 30.2% in 1977). Consequently, in 1977 Turkey's trade deficit reached an extremely high level: just over \$4,000 million (as against \$3,200 million in 1976).

18. In Turkey's trade with the Member States of the Community the trend was the same but less marked. If one compares the development of Turkish exports to the Nine with that towards the rest of the world, here as in the case of trade with the Nine a drop from \$958.9 million to \$868 million (9.5% down) while in the case of trade with third countries the rate of decrease reaches 14.2% (from \$1,031 million to \$885 million).

Turkish imports from the Nine increased slightly, from \$2,342 million in 1976 to \$2,470 million in 1977 (5.5% up). But imports from third countries rose more markedly, increasing from \$2,787 million in 1976 to \$3,326 million in 1977 (19.4% up).

---

<sup>(1)</sup> The assessments in this chapter are based on the statistics provided by the Turkish delegation and set out in Annex A to this report.

In trade with the Community the import/export cover rate dropped from 40.9% in 1976 to 35.1% in 1977: however, this drop was smaller than that seen in Turkey's trade relations with third countries, where the rate in 1977 was a mere 26.6% (as against 37% in 1976). By the end of 1977 Turkey's trade deficit with the Member States of the Community amounted to \$1,600 million (as against \$1,400 million in 1976 and \$1,700 million in 1975). With the rest of the world it reached almost 2,500 million dollars.

19. When one examines the data on the structure of Turkish exports and imports, it is evident that it is agricultural exports (including in particular cotton) which have dropped most markedly (falling from \$1,254 million in 1976 to \$1,041 million in 1977) while industrial exports fell by only 10 million dollars; mineral exports of mining products increased slightly (from \$110 million in 1976 to \$125.8 million in 1977).

As far as Turkish imports are concerned, imports of capital goods did not increase greatly compared with last year; they went up in fact from \$2,239 million to \$2,255 million. Imports of consumer goods also increased slightly, going from \$156.5 million in 1976 to \$178 million in 1977; however they failed to equal the 1975 level of \$203.2 million. In any event Turkish imports of these products continued to make up a modest share of Turkey's total imports (9%). On the other hand, Turkish imports of raw materials (including oil) increased yet again in 1977 - from a figure of \$2,700 million to nearly \$3,400 million (as against \$993 million in 1973).

Trend in Turkish exports of the four "traditional" agricultural products

(Tables A I 1 and A I 2)

20. With regard to the export trend for these four products in 1977, for tobacco there was a considerable drop in both volume and value of exports towards both the Nine and the rest of the world. As regards raisins, Turkish exports decreased in volume; this decrease was less marked in trade with the rest of the world than with the Community. Notwithstanding this decrease, export revenue from raisins increased. Finally Turkish exports of dried figs and hazelnuts developed very favourably in 1977. It should be noted that, in the case of hazelnuts, the Community's share in Turkish exports increased yet again while for the three other products it dropped slightly.

The share of these four products in Turkey's total agricultural exports remained the same as in 1976: \$527 million (\$283.6 million of which were intended for the Community) out of a total of \$1,041 million.

(c) Turkish exports of industrial products referred to in Annexes Nos 1 and 2 to the Additional Protocol (1)

(Tables A I 3 and A I 4)

21. As regards cotton yarn, Turkish exports to the Community dropped substantially; from a 1976 figure of 73,000 t they fell in 1977 to almost 48,000 t which represents a decrease of 35%. It should nonetheless be noted that this figure is still higher than the previous years' figures (1973: 22,000 t; 1974: 20,000 t; 1975: 31,000 t). Turkish exports of cotton fabric also dropped, in this case from the 1976 figure of 2,459 t to the 1977 figure of 1,957 t (down 20%).

As in the past there are no individual figures for machine-made carpets falling within heading ex 58.01 A. As far as petroleum products are concerned, Turkish exports in 1977 were nil.

(d) Trend in Turkish exports of other products of importance to Turkey's external trade  
(Table A I 4)

22. When one examines developments in exports of the products listed in the above-mentioned table, the first thing one notices is a substantial drop with regard to citrus fruits (from 161,000 to 139,000 t) and particularly to the Community where such exports dropped from 22,000 to 10,000 t). On the other hand, exports of fresh table grapes show a slight increase although the level of exports is still modest (a total of 6,400 t including almost 5,000 t to the Nine).

As regards olive oil - a product whose production and export are subject to substantial fluctuation from one year to another - results in 1977 were excellent: total exports of this product, which reached a mere 2,339 t in 1976 (1,178 t of which went to the Community), increased to 35,832 t in 1977 (33,336 t of which went to the Community).

Turkish exports of tomato concentrates also developed satisfactorily: from 22,671 t in 1976 to 28,114 t in 1977; the corresponding figures for exports to the Nine were 9,598 and 13,574 t respectively.

As far as Turkish exports of fruit and vegetable juices are concerned - a relatively insignificant heading amongst this group of products - these more than trebled in 1977 increasing from 272 t to 1,012 t; however exports of these products to the Nine decreased from 173 t to 94 t.

In the case of wine, total Turkish exports dropped from 3,098 t in 1976 to 2,563 t in 1977, although exports to the Nine more than trebled, increasing as they did from 460 t to 1,580 t.

Exports of petroleum products to the EEC and to the rest of the world were nil.

Turkish exports of cotton - the most significant product under this heading, but exports of which are traditionally subject to considerable fluctuation - fell substantially from 1976 to 1977; they went from around 380,000 t to around 100,000 t; the corresponding figures for the Community were 151,649 t and 48,072 t respectively.

Finally, as regards cotton yarn, it should be noted that the drop in Turkish exports of this product recorded in 1977 involved primarily exports to the Community; the latter takes far and away the major share of Turkish cotton yarn exports (in 1977 over 48,000 t out of a total of 57,676 t).

(e) Geographical distribution of Turkish external trade  
(Tables A II 5(a), (b), (d), (e))

23. It should be remembered that in 1977 - as Table A II shows - the Community absorbed 49.5% of total Turkish exports.

With regard to the development of Turkish exports to countries other than those of the Community, Table A II 5(a) shows that they fell by 36.4% to the United States (from \$191 to \$122 million) and by nearly 30% to the countries grouped under the heading "other OECD countries" (where they fell from \$297 to \$208 million). On the other hand, Turkish exports to Japan increased slightly (by 1.4%) from \$36 million to \$36.5 million.

Turkish exports also decreased (by 16.8%) to countries with bilateral clearing agreements, although they increased substantially (by 09%) as regards countries with free-exchange agreements, from \$200 million to \$210 million.

24. As is seen in Table A II 1, the Community's share of total Turkish imports increased to 42.6% in 1977. But the increase over 1976 (13%) was less marked than in the case of Turkey's other major trade partners such as the United States, from which imports increased by 14.8% (from \$438 million to almost \$503 million) and particularly Japan (+ 36.6%); in 1977 imports from Japan reached \$311 million, as against \$228 million in 1976.

On the other hand, Turkish imports from the USSR (\$82 million in 1977) dropped by 7.8%; those from other countries with bilateral clearing agreements, although increasing significantly (by 57.6%), reached only a modest level (approximately \$3 million in 1977).

Finally with regard to the countries classified under the heading of "countries with free-exchange agreements," imports increased by over 19% between 1976 and 1977 (\$1,300 million to \$1,600 million).

25. An examination of Tables A II 5(b) and A II 5(e), which give a breakdown by Community Member State of Turkish exports and imports, shows that Germany remains Turkey's major customer and major supplier of the Nine. Turkish exports to this country - unlike those to the other Member States, except Ireland - increased slightly (by 3%) in 1977 to reach a figure of almost \$389 million, which constituted 45% of all Turkish exports to the Community. At the same time Germany's part in Turkish imports stayed to all intents and purposes the same (around \$945 million in 1976 and 1977) which corresponds to 38% of Turkish imports from the Community.

Turkish exports to France decreased from \$108 million in 1976 to \$94 million in 1977 (down 13%); France's share of Turkish exports to the Community remained unchanged: 11%. Turkish imports from France increased by 6% (from \$309 million to \$328 million) and the share of such imports in Turkish imports from the Community also remained static: 13%.

Turkish exports to Italy decreased by just under 5%, from \$172 million in 1976 to \$163 million in 1977. Italy's share of Turkish exports to the Community reached 19% (as against 18% in 1976). Turkish imports of Italian products increased by 18% to \$454 million in 1977 (as against \$386 million in 1976). The share of such imports in Turkish imports from the Community was 18.4% (as against 16.5% in 1976).

Turkish exports to the Netherlands decreased by 10% in 1977 compared with 1976 (from \$64 to 57 million). The Netherlands' share of Turkish exports to the Community remained at 7%. Turkish imports of Dutch products also decreased (by 8%); in 1977 they reached only \$154 million, compared with \$168 million in 1976. The share of such imports in Turkish imports from the Nine also decreased (from 7 to 6%).

Turkish exports to the BLEU fell by 35% between 1976 and 1977 (from \$86 million to \$56 million). These two countries' share in Turkish exports to the Community consequently fell from 9% to 6%. On the other hand, Turkish imports from the BLEU increased considerably; from the 1976 figure of \$103 million, they increased to almost \$160 million in 1977 (+ 55%) and the share of such imports in Turkish imports from the Nine went from 4% to 6.5%.

Of the three new Member States of the Community, the United Kingdom remains by far Turkey's best trade partner. But Turkish exports to the United Kingdom dropped significantly in 1977, by 31% (from \$138 million to \$94 million); consequently the part occupied by these exports in total Turkish exports to the Nine fell from 14.4% to 11%. As regards Turkish imports of United Kingdom products, these also decreased but only slightly (by 2%) from \$410 million in 1976 to \$403 million in 1977. The share of such imports in Turkish imports from the Community fell from 17.5% to 16.3%.

An examination of the development of Turkish exports to Denmark since the enlargement of the Community in 1973 shows that they have been continually decreasing since that date. This trend continued in 1977 and the drop was a substantial one (28%); in fact Turkish exports to Denmark decreased from \$12 million in 1976 to \$8.7 million in 1977. Turkish exports to the Danish market constituted only 1% of Turkey's exports to the Community. On the other hand, Turkish imports of Danish products increased by 13% from a 1976 figure of \$19 million to almost \$22 million in 1977. The share of such imports in Turkish imports from the Nine still remain below 1%.

Finally, as far as Ireland is concerned, Turkish exports, while still relatively minor in absolute value terms, have shown a remarkable progression: from the 1976 figure of \$3 million they increased to a 1977 level of \$5.1 million (increase of 64%). Similarly Turkish imports of Irish products showed a vast improvement and reached a level of \$4.5 million in 1977, as against \$1 million in 1976. The share of such imports in Turkey's total imports from the Nine is however still very low (0.18%).

VII. FINANCIAL QUESTIONS

A. Application of the Second Financial Protocol

(a) Soft loan for an industrial project SEKA - Dalaman

26. In 1977 only 6.3 MUA were still available out of the 195 MUA for soft loans to be granted by the Community (the Six) to Turkey under the Second Financial Protocol.

27. In December 1977, the European Investment Bank's Board of Directors authorized it to channel these funds towards financing a project in the paper sector as a loan to the Turkish Government for a term of 30 years, including an 8-year grace period, and at a rate of interest of 4.5% p.a. (1).

This project entails the installation at the Dalman paper mill on the Aegean coast (2) of a plant to produce coated paper and board together with a plant to treat effluent from the whole mill complex. The production unit for the manufacture of coated paper and board is to have an effective capacity of 36,000 t.p.a. and the effluent treatment plant will be equipped to treat 4,500 m<sup>3</sup> per hour of liquid effluent.

The project will be implemented and operated by SEKA-Dalaman, an independent public establishment, subsidiary of the SEKA Turkish Cellulose and Paper Mills Operating company, a kind of holding company embracing all the state-owned pulp, paper and board concerns and accounting for by far the largest part of Turkish paper production.

---

(1) The relevant financing contract was signed on 21 February 1978.  
(2) The EIB helped to finance this mill in 1967 with a loan of 14 MUA provided under the First Financial Protocol (see Third Annual Report, paragraph 25, pp. 27 to 29).

This project is expected to cost 23.7 MUA. Once completed it will give direct rise to some 60 new jobs.

The coated paper and board unit will turn out quality products such as labels, packaging, magazines and brochures, all of which are very much sought after on the domestic market where demand is increasing rapidly in line with Turkey's improving standard of living. The importance of the effluent treatment unit is self-evident as part of action needed to protect the environment and particularly to avoid pollution in the Mediterranean in accordance with the Barcelona Convention to which Turkey is a party.

(b) Allocations from previous soft loans

28. In 1977 the EIB approved seven allocations totalling 3.6 MUA from the 5 MUA global loan granted in 1975 for financing small and medium-scale private sector projects through SYKB, Turkey's Industrial Investment and Credit Bank. Funds were drawn down for ventures manufacturing a variety of products: industrial gases, small engines and transformers, construction materials, vegetable oils, pharmaceutical products. These sub-loans exhausted the global loan.

29. The Bank also made its first allocation (375,000 UA) from a second global loan of 1,015,000 UA granted to the Turkish Government for pre-investment expenditure <sup>(1)</sup>. This allocation went towards financing a feasibility study concerning a second structure across the Bosphorus.

(c) Disbursements

30. At 31 December 1977 the EIB had made the following soft loan disbursements under the two Financial Protocols:

---

<sup>(1)</sup> see 3rd annual report, paragraph 49, page 49.

(in MUA)

	<u>Loans granted</u>	<u>Disbursements</u>	
		<u>1977</u>	<u>Total</u>
First Financial Protocol	75.0	-	175.0
Second Financial Protocol	<u>188.7</u> <sup>(1)</sup>	<u>37.8</u>	<u>149.9</u>
	363.7	37.8	324.9

B. Conclusion of the Third Financial Protocol

31. At the meeting of the Association Committee on 3 February, 1977, the two sides managed to resolve the few problems outstanding with regard to the Third Financial Protocol following the ministerial Association Council meeting on 20 December 1976 at which agreement had been reached on the substance of this question <sup>(2)</sup>.

This Protocol was signed on 12 May 1977. It is currently undergoing ratification and approval procedures with the various contracting parties. It will enter into force on the first day of the second month following the date on which the contracting parties have notified one another that the aforesaid procedures have been completed. It should be noted that in one Member State of the Community this ratification took place at the end of June 1977 and that the European Parliament delivered a favourable Opinion on 14 October 1977.

32. The Third Financial Protocol has the following characteristics as compared with the Second Financial Protocol which expired in May 1976:

<sup>(1)</sup> Excluding the loan for 6.3 MUA for the SEKA-Dalaman project (mentioned on pages 26 and 27 above) which was not signed until January 1978.  
<sup>(2)</sup> 12th annual report, page 56, footnote.

- the global amount provided for under this Protocol - which covers a period ending on 31 October 1981 - amounts to 310 MUA (as against 267 MUA provided for under the Second Financial Protocol as supplemented by the Supplementary "Enlargement" Protocol, signed on 30 June 1973). This amount breaks down into 220 MUA granted from budgetary resources in the form of soft loans and 90 MUA in the form of ordinary loans from EIB own resources, for normal return projects;
  
- the conditions under which the loans from budgetary resources are granted have been improved as follows compared with the conditions under the Second Financial Protocol: the term has been increased from 30 to 40 years and the grace period from 8 to 10 years; there is a single interest rate (2.5% per annum) while under the Second Financial Protocol two different interest rates (4.5% and 2.5%) were stipulated, one for projects showing a normal return and one for projects showing an indirect or long-term return.

IX. OTHER QUESTIONS (INFORMATION)

33. As in previous reports, the purpose of this last chapter is to present, for the attention of the Parliamentary Committee, information on certain activities which, although not directly based on explicit provisions of the Association Agreement, are nonetheless connected with the relations between Turkey and the Community.
34. In the sphere of information it should be noted that, as in previous years, the Press and Information Office of the Commission of the European Communities in Ankara continued its activities. In addition to its monthly Bulletin entitled "Avrupa Toplulugu", it published detailed brochures for the interested circles in Turkey on specific topical questions such as, for instance the Community's common agricultural policy and trade unions in Europe.
35. Among the visits made by prominent Turkish figures to the Community Institutions in Brussels in 1977 special mention should be made of the visit of Mr Kamran INAN, Turkish Minister for Energy, on 28 October 1977. From the Community side, several delegations visited Turkey, including a delegation of energy experts (17 and 18 November 1977).
-

Annex A (1)

STATISTICAL ANNEX

Chapter I

Data on the application of  
the Association Agreement

---

(1) Data provided by the Turkish delegation.

TABLE A I 1

TURKISH EXPORTS TO THE EEC  
OF TURKEY'S FOUR MAIN AGRICULTURAL  
EXPORT PRODUCTS (1)

- Figures for 1973/1977 -

(in tonnes)

PRODUCT	DESTINATION	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977
<u>TOBACCO</u> (24.01)	BLEU	3,119	5,034	2,010	2,638	2,588
	Germany	9,938	23,209	7,613	8,643	5,089
	France	12,684	4,071	835	3,285	329
	Italy	1,944	1,712	763	434	406
	Netherlands	2,251	2,861	1,208	270	863
	United Kingdom	26	196	248	60	127
	Denmark	101	546	375	134	813
	Ireland	2	-	-	-	-
	<u>EEC TOTAL</u>	<u>30,065</u>	<u>37,629</u>	<u>13,052</u>	<u>15,464</u>	<u>10,215</u>
<u>RAISINS</u> (ex 08.04)	BLEU	3,294	2,218	2,608	3,719	2,795
	Germany	10,027	11,196	10,119	14,037	18,613
	France	5,266	3,362	3,242	3,665	4,194
	Italy	11,269	7,730	11,722	14,561	13,425
	Netherlands	10,804	10,880	10,918	19,070	11,659
	United Kingdom	21,956	16,054	18,298	24,885	18,813
	Denmark	220	50	200	139	81
	Ireland	3,286	2,730	3,790	5,517	5,383
	<u>EEC TOTAL</u>	<u>66,121</u>	<u>55,020</u>	<u>60,897</u>	<u>85,613</u>	<u>74,963</u>
<u>DRIED FIGS</u> (ex 08.03)	BLEU	1,189	714	631	988	825
	Germany	4,615	3,611	3,387	3,880	3,401
	France	8,698	6,205	7,131	7,498	8,205
	Italy	3,352	1,873	2,034	2,352	12,145
	Netherlands	288	327	367	430	390
	United Kingdom	1,394	1,311	1,002	1,268	1,389
	Denmark	849	646	728	722	553
	Ireland	10	-	-	-	-
	<u>EEC TOTAL</u>	<u>20,392</u>	<u>14,687</u>	<u>15,280</u>	<u>17,138</u>	<u>26,888</u>
<u>HAZEL NUTS</u> (ex 06.05)	BLEU	802	1,054	458	374	260
	Germany	47,983	62,343	50,358	71,999	86,040
	France	4,865	6,299	4,565	10,014	10,603
	Italy	860	1,674	579	1,902	2,143
	Netherlands	3,656	5,042	3,354	6,885	5,120
	United Kingdom	2,816	3,669	984	6,859	4,460
	Denmark	20	43	52	310	55
	Ireland	25	-	-	33	25
	<u>EEC TOTAL</u>	<u>61,027</u>	<u>80,124</u>	<u>60,350</u>	<u>96,376</u>	<u>108,706</u>

(1) These are the four products which have enjoyed advantages since the Association Agreement entered into force in 1964 (under Article 2 of the Provisional Protocol)

Source: Ministry of Trade, Ankara

Table A I 2

TURKISH EXPORTS TO THE EEC AND THE REST OF THE WORLD  
OF TURKEY'S FOUR MAIN AGRICULTURAL EXPORT PRODUCTS

- Figures for 1973-1977 -

PRODUCT	YEAR	WORLD		EEC		EEC'S SHARE IN TOTAL EXPORTS (%) <sup>(1)</sup>
		in tonnes	in 1,000 t	in tonnes	in 1,000 \$	
<u>TOBACCO</u>	1973	108,410	132,874	30,065	20,560	15
	1974	112,371	204,475	37,631	66,018	32
	1975	65,638	183,213	13,052	34,506	18.8
	1976	75,173	251,291	15,464	42,524	16.9
	1977	61,835	175,819	10,215	29,164	16.6
<u>RAISINS</u>	1973	89,641	58,243	66,121	48,633	83.5
	1974	62,292	53,905	55,017	48,206	89.0
	1975	72,435	45,527	60,898	37,824	83.0
	1976	98,882	52,629	85,612	45,406	86.2
	1977	94,237	74,965	74,963	60,320	80.5
<u>DRIED FIGS</u>	1973	33,773	16,089	20,395	10,426	64.8
	1974	24,588	17,244	14,687	10,747	62.3
	1975	29,906	18,919	15,281	11,290	59.6
	1976	28,535	20,614	17,139	12,892	62.5
	1977	40,894	25,205	26,888	15,236	60.4
<u>HAZEL NUTS</u>	1973	94,445	121,685	61,048	80,380	66.0
	1974	113,876	182,049	80,130	125,421	68.8
	1975	92,567	165,274	60,361	99,724	60.3
	1976	138,385	203,161	96,377	142,663	70.2
	1977	156,853	251,035	108,706	178,867	71.2

(<sup>1</sup>) In terms of value.

Source: Ministry of Trade, Ankara.

Table A I 3

TURKISH EXPORTS TO THE EEC OF THE FOUR INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS  
FOR WHICH CONCESSIONS ARE GRANTED WITHIN COMMUNITY TARIFF QUOTAS PURSUANT TO  
ANNEXES 1 AND 2 TO THE ADDITIONAL PROTOCOL

- Figures for 1975/1977 - (1)

(in tonnes)

PRODUCTS	1975			1976			1977		
	The Six	The Three	The Nine	The Six	The Three	The Nine	The Six	The Three	The Nine
	Cotton yarn (55.05)	28,823	2,419	31,242	68,290	4,617	72,907	44,577	3,369
Woven fabrics of cotton (55.09)	1,328	41	1,369	2,363	96	2,459	1,850	107	1,957
Machine-loomed carpets (ex 58.01 A)	(n.k.)	(n.k.)	(n.k.)	(n.k.)	(n.k.)	(n.k.)	(n.k.)	(n.k.)	(n.k.)
Petroleum products (ex 27.10 to 27.14)	160,018	18,000	178,018	71,120	19,760	90,880	-	-	-

(1) For figures prior to 1975 see 12th annual report, Table A I 3, page 63.

Source: Ministry of Trade, Ankara.

Table A I 4

TURKISH EXPORTS TO THE EEC AND THE WORLD  
OF OTHER AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS  
OF IMPORTANCE TO TURKEY'S FOREIGN TRADE

- Figures for 1973/1977 -

Products	year	W O R L D		EEC (The Nine)	
		tonnes	\$1,000	tonnes	\$1,000
Citrus fruits (08.02)	1973	113,370	25,548	31,371	7,903
	1974	110,453	26,416	25,253	6,155
	1975	105,240	28,441	22,587	6,883
	1976	161,474	47,846	21,704	6,565
	1977	138,872	42,231	10,043	3,095
Fresh table grapes (08.04.10)	1973	9,201	1,565	6,250	1,063
	1974	4,975	1,122	3,681	852
	1975	3,959	1,143	3,017	885
	1976	5,601	1,834	4,395	1,421
	1977	6,404	2,304	4,948	1,774
Olive oil (15.07.12)	1973	44,390	47,825	38,221	40,807
	1974	11,062	15,106	5,472	8,453
	1975	9,342	17,704	170	343
	1976	2,339	2,807	1,178	1,201
	1977	35,832	35,259	33,336	32,349
Tomato concentrates (20.02.11)	1973	17,509	8,334	10,487	4,861
	1974	12,260	10,324	6,515	5,681
	1975	16,690	11,311	4,594	2,732
	1976	22,671	11,917	9,598	4,410
	1977	28,114	16,047	13,574	7,961
Fruit and vegetable juices (20.07)	1973	564	765	107	80
	1974	406	492	62	20
	1975	344	177	214	104
	1976	272	512	173	83
	1977	1,012	846	94	56
Wines (22.05)	1973	3,952	529	677	158
	1974	6,940	1,093	678	216
	1975	5,046	906	486	210
	1976	3,098	669	460	256
	1977	2,563	530	1,580	364
Petroleum products (27.10)	1973	846,649	47,402	403,440	17,241
	1974	720,952	85,861	257,453	28,870
	1975	320,633	35,972	178,018	20,682
	1976	133,489	16,148	90,880	11,498
	1977	-	-	-	-
Cotton (55.01)	1973	322,019	300,902	130,781	122,338
	1974	145,179	235,303	60,449	95,965
	1975	241,700	225,224	99,938	94,752
	1976	380,742	434,245	151,649	178,880
	1977	100,356	210,061	48,072	66,731
Cotton yarn (55.05)	1973	27,757	49,155	22,223	37,611
	1974	26,384	67,799	20,355	52,030
	1975	35,689	59,384	31,242	51,898
	1976	78,212	159,008	72,906	146,223
	1977	57,676	144,552	47,946	117,841

Source: Ministry of Trade, Ankara.

SECOND EEC - TURKEY FINANCIAL PROTOCOL

(a) List of projects financed

(i) Soft loans from budget funds

<u>Description of the Project and Promoter</u>	<u>Date</u>	(in MUA) <u>EIB loan</u>
1. Construction, near Izmit, of a factory to produce synthetic rubber (SER and CBR) Promoter: Petkim Kauçuk AS	12.02.73	6.40
2. Electrification of the railway line between Istanbul and Adapazari (140 km) and acquisition of 15 electric locomotives Promoter: Türkiye Cumhuriyeti Devlet Demir Yolları İşletmesi - TCDD (Republic of Turkey Railways)	12.02.73	4.35
3. Global loan for financing private industrial ventures through the intermediary of Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası - TSKB (Industrial Development Bank of Turkey)	12.02.73	6.00
4. Global loan to the Turkish Government for financing pre-investment expenditure in the public sector	12.02.73	2.00
5. Implementation of a second stage of the programme for dieselization of the Turkish railways Promoter: Türkiye Cumhuriyeti Devlet Demir Yolları İşletmesi - TCDD (Republic of Turkey Railways)	29.03.73	23.50
6. Extension of a cement works located at Eskişehir Promoter: Eskişehir Çimento Fabrikası AŞ	27.06.73	2.00
7. Modernization of the Turkish civil airlines through the purchase of Fokker F 28 aircraft Promoter: Türk Hava Yolları AŞ-THY (Turkish Airlines)	13.09.73	8.65

8. Extension of a factory producing synthetic fibres at Bursa Promoter: Sifaş Sentetik Iplik Fabrikalari AŞ	13.09.73	3.28
9. Forestry development, construction of a sawmill and a factory to produce paper pulp, paper and cardboard at Silifke (Mediterranean) Promoters: Turkish Ministry of Forestry and the State Economic Enterprise SEKA, Türkiye Selüloz ve Kâğıt Fabrikalari İşletmesi (Turkish Paper Industry Authority)	29.12.73	20.00
10. Land reclamation in the Gediz valley, north of Izmir Promoter: Department of State Hydraulic Works (DSI) and Department of Land Reclamation and Development (TOPRAKSU)	20.02.74	10.00
11. Construction of a cotton-textile mill at Edirne in Thrace Promoter: Kartaltepe Mensucat Fabrikasi TAŞ	3.05.75	1.98
12. Addition to TSKB global loan	21.06.74	0.40
13. Construction of a porcelain tableware factory at Kütahya (Western-Central Region) Promoter: Kütahya Porselen ve Gıda Sanayi AŞ	27.06.74	1.12
14. Mining of a lignite deposit and construction of a thermal power station at Elbistan in the North-East of Adana (1st loan) Promoters: Turkish Coal Enterprises (TKİ) and Turkish Electricity Authority (TEK)	30.12.74	58.00
15. Ditto: second loan	29.01.75	19.00
16. Irrigation in the Berdan valley in Southern Anctolia Promoters: Department of State Hydraulic Works (DSI), Department of Land Reclamation and Development (TOPRAKSU) and the Advisory Service of the Ministry of Agriculture	30.12.75	11.00
17. SYKB II Global Loan to finance small and medium-scale industrial ventures in the private sector	30.12.75	5.00

18. Forestry development, construction of a sawmill and a factory to produce paper pulp, paper and cardboard at Silifke (Mediterranean) Promoters: Turkish Ministry of Forestry and the State Economic enterprise SEKA, Türkiye Selüloz ve Kâğıt Fabrikaları İşletmesi (Turkish Paper Industry Authority). Additional loan	25.11.76	5.00
19. Second global loan to the Turkish Government for financing pre-investment expenditure in the public sector	25.11.76	1.02
20. Installation at the SEKA-Dalaman paper mill (Aegean coast) of a plant to produce coated paper and board together with a plant to treat effluent from the whole mill complex Promoter: SEKA-Dalaman (Müessesesi)	-	6.30
		<hr/> 195.00

(ii) Loans from ordinary resources of the European Investment Bank

1. TEKB framework contract for financing industrial projects in the private sector	18.07.74	20.00
2. SYKB global loan for financing small and medium-scale industrial ventures in the private sector	18.07.74	5.00

Table A I 5 b

(b) Summary

	(MUA)
(i) <u>Soft loans (195 MUA)</u>	
granted in 1973	76.2
granted in 1974	71.5
granted in 1975	35.0
granted in 1976	6.0
approved in 1977	<u>6.3</u>
comprising	TOTAL: <u>195.0</u>
- 57.5 (29.5%) for projects showing a normal return	
- 137.5 (70.5%) for projects showing an indirect or long-term return	
(ii) <u>Loans from ordinary resources (25 MUA)</u>	
granted in 1974	<u>25.0</u>

---

Chapter II

Data on

economic trends

in Turkey

## TURKEY'S FOREIGN TRADE

(1974/1977)

- Trend in terms of value -

	EXPORTS					IMPORTS					IMPORT/EXPORT COVER AS %			
	EEC	Rest of the world	World	EEC's share	EEC	Rest of the world	World	EEC's share	EEC	Rest of the world	World	EEC	Rest of the world	World
1974	The Six	619.9	912.2	1,532.1	40.5%	1,419.4	2,358.1	37.6%	43.6%	38.6%	40.6%	43.6%	38.6%	
	The Nine	717.2	814.9		46.8%	1,708.1	2,069.4	45.2%	41.9%	39.3%		41.9%	39.3%	
1975	The Six	530.0	871.0	1,401.0	37.8%	1,962.4	2,776.1	41.4%	27.0%	31.4%	29.6%	27.0%	31.4%	
	The Nine	615.1	785.9		43.9%	2,338.2	2,400.3	49.3%	26.3%	32.7%		26.3%	32.7%	
1976	The Six	806.2	1,154.0	1,960.2	41.1%	1,911.7	3,216.9	37.3%	42.2%	35.8%	38.2%	42.2%	35.8%	
	The Nine	958.9	1,031.3		48.9%	2,342.0	2,786.6	45.7%	40.9%	37.0%		40.9%	37.0%	
1977	The Six	759.9	993.1	1,753.0	43.3%	2,040.7	3,755.5	35.2%	37.2%	26.4%	30.2%	37.2%	26.4%	
	The Nine	868.0	885.0		49.5%	2,470.1	3,326.1	42.6%	35.1%	26.6%		35.1%	26.6%	
change from 1976 to 1977	The Six	- 5.8%	- 14%	- 10.6%		+ 6.7%	+ 16.7%	+ 13.0%						
	The Nine	- 9.5%	- 14.2%			+ 5.5%	+ 19.4%							

Source: Ministry of Trade, Ankara

Table A II 2

## STRUCTURE OF EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

(in million \$)

YEAR	AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS (1)	MINING PRODUCTS	INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS	TOTAL
1963	292.3	10.8	64.9	368.0
1964	319.0	14.9	75.9	410.8
1965	361.8	21.0	80.9	463.7
1966	389.8	23.3	77.4	490.5
1967	426.7	20.7	74.9	522.3
1968	405.0	26.0	65.3	496.3
1969	405.0	34.8	97.0	536.8
1970	442.6	42.7	103.2	588.5
1971	491.3	40.1	145.2	676.6
1972	607.4	35.0	242.5	884.9
1973	832.0	41.7	443.4	1,317.1
1974	851.9	79.8	600.4	1,532.1
1975	792.6	105.6	502.9	1,401.1
1976	1,254.4	110.0	595.8	1,960.2
1977	1,041.4	122.8	565.8	1,753.0
YEAR	CAPITAL GOODS	RAW MATERIALS	CONSUMER PRODUCTS	TOTAL
1963	314.9	335.9	36.9	687.6
1964	245.5	265.7	26.2	537.4
1965	241.2	305.9	24.8	572.0
1966	341.2	341.2	35.8	718.3
1967	323.5	327.6	33.5	684.6
1968	366.6	360.7	36.3	763.6
1969	350.9	395.6	54.7	801.2
1970	446.0	454.3	47.3	947.6
1971	511.2	600.7	58.9	1,170.8
1972	782.7	707.1	72.8	1,562.6
1973	1,002.8	993.0	90.4	2,086.2
1974	1,289.0	2,331.4	157.0	3,777.5
1975	1,961.1	2,574.3	203.2	4,738.6
1976	2,239.2	2,732.9	156.5	5,128.6
1977	2,255.1	3,363.2	178.0	5,796.3

(1) Agricultural products also include industrial plants, such as cotton.  
Source: Ministry of Trade, Ankara.

IMPORTS OF SPECIFIC PRODUCTS (1)

	1975	1976	% Change	1977	% Change
TOTAL	4,738.559	5,128.647	+ 8.2	5,796.278	+ 13.0
I. AGRICULTURAL GROUP	202.471	78.723	- 61.1	112.554	+ 43.0
II. MINING AND QUARRYING GROUP	495.244	1,090.357	+ 37.1	1,262.393	+ 15.8
III. INDUSTRY GROUP	3,740.843	3,959.567	+ 5.8	4,421.330	+ 11.7
11. Vegetable products	154.847	35.233	- 77.3	50.729	+ 44.0
12. Animal products	38.794	34.154	- 14.2	53.584	+ 55.0
13. Fishery products	-	-	-	-	-
14. Forestry products	7.830	9.335	+ 19.2	8.241	- 11.7
21. Non-metallic quarrying	67.452	56.104	- 16.8	48.887	- 12.0
22. Mineral ores	7.646	13.055	+ 70.7	28.773	+ 120.4
23. Fuels	719.770	1,020.470	+ 41.8	1,183.501	+ 16.0
24. Other mining products	0.376	0.490	+ 30.3	1.233	+ 151.4
31. Processed agricultural products	229.707	146.793	- 36.1	58.743	- 60.0
32. Processed petroleum products	88.147	104.102	+ 18.1	284.532	+ 173.3
33. Industrial products	3,422.988	3,708.670	+ 8.3	4,078.055	+ 10.0
11. Agricultural Group - Vegetable products	154.847	35.233	- 77.3	50.729	+ 43.9
11.01 Cereals	141.172	5.425	- 96.2	8.317	+ 53.3
02 Leguminous vegetables	-	-	-	0.139	+ 0.0
03 Oil seeds	2.538	7.175	+ 182.7	0.065	- 99.1
04 Industrial plants	10.444	22.195	+ 112.5	41.629	+ 87.6
05 Fruits	0.381	0.156	- 59.1	0.297	+ 90.4
06 Vegetables	0.080	0.023	- 71.2	0.132	+ 473.9
07 Seeds	0.143	0.132	- 7.7	0.103	- 22.2
08 Other vegetable products	0.088	0.127	+ 44.3	0.048	- 62.2

(1) Based on the latest available data and classifications.

Table A II.3  
(continued)

	1975	1976	% Change	1977	% Change
12. AGRICULTURAL GROUP - ANIMAL PRODUCTS					
12.01. Live animals	39,794	34,154	- 14.2	53,584	56.9
01. Wool and other animal hair	5,368	2,758	- 48.7	1,858	32.6
02. Raw hides and fur skins	25,204	26,760	+ 6.1	44,403	65.9
03. Other animal products	7,987	3,639	- 54.5	5,786	58.9
04. Other animal products	1,236	0,997	- 19.4	1,536	54.1
13. AGRICULTURAL GROUP - FISHERY PRODUCTS					
13.01. Edible fishery products	-	-	-	-	-
02. Other fishery products	-	-	-	-	-
14. AGRICULTURAL GROUP - FORESTRY PRODUCTS					
14.01. Wood stripped of its bark or merely roughed down	7,830	9,335	+ 19.2	8,241	11.7
02. Other forestry products	6,906	8,117	+ 17.5	7,387	9.0
02. Other forestry products	0,924	1,218	+ 31.8	0,854	- 29.9
31. INDUSTRY GROUP - PROCESSED AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS					
31.01. Food industry products	229,707	146,794	- 36.1	58,743	60.0
02. Food industry by-products	191,005	106,529	- 44.2	26,534	75.1
03. Processed tobacco products	0,312	0,336	+ 7.6	0,691	105.6
04. Processed forestry products	-	-	-	-	-
05. Processed textile fibres	13,240	18,562	+ 40.2	19,321	4.1
	25,151	21,368	- 15.1	12,196	- 43.0
	88,147	104,102	+ 18.1	284,532	173.3
32. INDUSTRY GROUP - PROCESSED PETROLEUM PRODUCTS					
33. INDUSTRY GROUP - INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS					
33.01. Cement	2,422,988	3,708,670	+ 8.3	4,078,055	9.9
02. Products of the chemical industry	0,272	0,113	- 58.4	0,196	73.4
03. Products of rubber and plastic industries	580,861	653,587	+ 12.5	768,798	17.6
04. Products of raw hides, skins and leather	182,683	183,510	+ 20.1	266,900	45.4
05. Manufactured forestry products	0,617	0,470	- 23.8	0,227	- 51.7
06. Textile products	1,944	2,216	+ 22.6	7.1	- 7.1
07. Glass and ceramics	66,578	58,436	- 12.2	51,499	11.9
08. Products of iron and steel industry	26,099	25,185	- 3.5	25,464	1.1
09. Products of non-ferrous metals industry	679,764	546,919	- 19.5	693,163	26.7
10. Metallic articles	101,901	89,525	- 12.1	97,039	8.3
11. Machinery	15,211	28,288	+ 85.9	15,742	- 44.3
12. Electrical and non-electrical equipment	998,727	1,090,084	+ 9.1	1,082,627	- 0.7
13. Parts and accessories of motor vehicles	278,302	278,415	+ 0.04	295,776	6.2
14. Other industrial products	400,440	615,232	+ 53.6	635,135	3.2
	119,589	136,336	+ 14.0	143,273	5.0

## EXPORTS BY PRODUCT (1) (2)

Breakdown by sector -

PRODUCT	1975			1976			1977		
	Value (in 1,000 \$)	% of total exports	% growth as compared with previous year	Value (in 1,000 \$)	% of total exports	% growth as compared with previous year	Value (in 1,000 \$)	% of total exports	% growth as compared with previous year
TOTAL	1,401,075	100.00	- 8.6	1,960,214	100.00	+ 39.9	1,753,026	100.00	- 10.2
AGRICULTURAL AND STOCKBREEDING PRODUCTS	742,631	56.57	- 7.0	1,254,408	63.99	+ 58.3	1,041,401	59.41	17.0
INDUSTRIES	658,565	7.54	+ 32.2	110,016	5.61	+ 4.2	125,851	7.18	14.4
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS	902,679	35.89	16.2	595,790	30.40	+ 18.5	585,774	33.41	1.7
AGRICULTURAL AND STOCKBREEDING PRODUCTS:									
Cereals and leguminous plants	28,162	2.01	+ 10	70,579	3.60	+ 150.4	120,437	6.87	+ 70.0
Fruit and vegetables	275,431	19.66	- 6.1	375,278	19.14	+ 36.3	430,965	25.10	+ 17.2
Industrial plants	435,095	31.05	- 5.8	733,561	37.42	+ 68.6	432,228	24.66	- 41.2
Stockbreeding and products of animal origin	4,380	2.93	- 27.3	62,724	3.20	+ 52.7	37,172	2.12	- 41.2
Fisheries products	12,881	0.92	12.7	12,666	0.63	- 4.8	11,600	0.66	- 9.4
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS:									
Food and beverages	116,658	8.33	- 10.6	86,758	4.43	- 25.6	127,444	7.27	+ 46.9
Textiles	132,477	9.45	- 10.4	272,695	13.91	+ 105.8	265,499	15.17	- 2.7
Forestry products	9,095	0.65	57.2	5,620	0.29	- 37.9	3,873	0.22	- 37.2
Skins and hides	64,809	4.63	+ 12.2	59,895	3.06	- 7.7	52,304	2.97	- 13.4
Chemical products	37,713	2.69	+ 3.9	46,741	2.38	+ 23.9	36,359	2.07	- 22.2
Petroleum products	16,092	2.57	- 58.0	16,162	0.82	- 55.2	7	0.00	100.0
Comest	24,215	1.73	+ 203.0	16,299	0.83	- 32.7	3,179	0.52	- 43.2
Glass and ceramics	17,874	1.28	+ 42.6	20,864	1.07	+ 16.8	17,448	1.57	- 31.2
Non ferrous metals	12,682	0.90	- 66.7	16,888	0.86	+ 33.2	2,730	0.15	- 83.8
Articles of metal and machinery	3,922	0.59	- 13.6	16,454	0.84	+ 18.2	14,022	0.79	- 14.8
Electrical machinery	806	0.06	- 19.6	1,097	0.06	+ 36.1	1,023	0.06	- 6.7
Other industrial products	36,535	2.61	+ 25.5	36,297	1.85	- 0.7	358	0.02	- 98.8

(1) Based on the latest available data and classifications.

(2) For figures prior to 1975 see 12th annual report, Table A II 4, page 75.

Source: Ministry of Trade, Ankara.

Table A II 5(a)

FOREIGN TRADE BY AREA (1) (\*)

- EXPORTS -

(in million \$)

DESTINATION	1975	1976	1977	1977	1977
	1975	1976	1977	1977	1977
OECD countries					
EEC (The Six)	530,093	806,234	759,940	+ 52.09	- 5.7
EEC (The Three)	81,046	152,695	108,091	+ 79.54	- 29.2
EEC (The Nine)	611,139	958,929	868,031	+ 55.89	- 9.5
USA	147,118	191,408	121,821	+ 30.10	- 36.4
Japan	28,665	36,000	36,506	+ 25.59	1.4
Other OECD countries	194,129	296,909	208,339	+ 52.94	- 29.8
Total for OECD countries	985,051	1,483,246	1,234,697	+ 50.58	- 16.8
Countries with bilateral clearing agreements					
JSSP	73,641	80,991	80,407	+ 9.98	- 0.7
Other countries with bilateral clearing agreements (3)	43,358	15,762	0,438	- 63.65	- 99.8
Total for countries with bilateral clearing agreements	116,999	96,753	80,445	- 17.30	- 16.8
Free-exchange agreement countries					
European countries with free-exchange agreements (4)	11,779	85,752	93,937	+ 629.01	9.5
Other countries (5)	38,165	35,476	50,777	- 7.05	43.1
Total for countries with free-exchange agreements	101,245	109,025	201,795	+ 7.68	85.0
Total for countries with free-exchange agreements	151,189	230,253	346,509	+ 52.29	50.5
Other countries	147,833	140,971	91,374	+ 1.45	- 39.1
Total for other countries and countries with free-exchange agreements	249,078	258,996	437,883	+ 3.98	69.0
Total exports	1,401,072	1,960,223	1,753,021	+ 39.91	- 10.6

(1) Based on most available data and classifications.

(2) Percentage change as compared with previous year.

(3) In 1977, this group consisted of East Germany, Albania, Bulgaria, Romania and Yugoslavia.

(4) For 1977, Yugoslavia comes under the heading of "Other countries with free-exchange agreements".

(5) Egypt case under the heading of "Free-exchange agreement countries".

(6) OECD members: Turkey, Iran, Pakistan.

Source: Ministry of Trade, Ankara.

(\*) For figures prior to 1975 see 12th annual report, Table A II 5(a), page 76.

.../...

Table A II 5(b)

Trend in Turkish exports to the Member States of the EEC

(1974 to 1977)

DESTINATION	1974	1975	1976	1977	% change 1976 - 1977	(in million \$)	
						Share of total Turkish exports to the EEC	(in %)
<u>THE SIX</u>	<u>619.923</u>	<u>530.094</u>	<u>806.234</u>	<u>759.940</u>	<u>- 6</u>		<u>88</u>
GERMANY	342.988	304.934	376.720	388.809	3		45
FRANCE	66.601	61.934	108.350	94.117	- 13		11
ITALY	90.332	82.120	171.511	163.286	- 5		19
NETHERLANDS	52.438	50.830	63.741	57.485	- 10		7
BLEU	67.564	30.276	85.912	56.243	- 35		6
<u>NEW MEMBER STATES</u>	<u>97.346</u>	<u>85.048</u>	<u>152.695</u>	<u>108.090</u>	<u>- 29</u>		<u>12</u>
UNITED KINGDOM	81.603	70.078	137.599	94.323	- 31		11
DENMARK	12.759	12.083	11.985	8.667	- 28		1
IRELAND	2.984	2.887	3.111	5.100	- 64		0.6
<u>THE NINE</u>	<u>717.269</u>	<u>615.142</u>	<u>958.929</u>	<u>868.030</u>	<u>- 9</u>		<u>100</u>

Source: Ministry of Trade, Ankara

Table A II 5 (c)

## - EXPORTS - (1)(2)

DESTINATION	(in million \$)			
	1975	1976	1977	% (3)
<u>CONTINENTS</u>				
Europe	933.889	1,426.239	1,257.264	- 11.85
Asia	269.919	291.424	302.043	3.64
America	151.496	198.701	139.509	- 29.79
Africa	43.504	41.962	50.854	21.19
Oceania	2.264	1.897	3.353	76.75
<u>SPECIAL GROUPINGS</u>				
Arab countries	197.533	212.553	184.978	- 12.97
Developed countries other than the EEC	355.907	496.189	357.388	- 27.97
Socialist countries	131.489	179.913	195.002	8.39
East European Countries	122.338	166.743	174.344	4.56
EMU	802.710	1,246.264	1,061.849	- 14.80
EFTA	250.785	409.129	280.195	- 31.51
<u>MONEY AREAS</u>				
Dollar area	150.776	198.419	140.160	- 29.36
Sterling area	127.586	185.591	153.276	- 17.41
French franc area	66.259	120.629	112.265	- 6.93

(1) Based on the latest available data and classifications.

(2) For figures prior to 1975 see 12th annual report, Table A II 5 (a), page 78.

(3) Percentage change as compared with previous year.

Source: Ministry of Trade, Ankara

Table A II 5(d)  
FOREIGN TRADE BY AREA (\*) (\*)  
IMPORTS

	(In million \$)			
	1975	1976	1977	% (2)
<b>DESTINATIONS</b>				
OECD Countries	1,962,418	1,911,700	2,040,799	6.7
EEC (The Six)	375,801	430,330	429,285	0.2
EEC (The Three)	2,338,219	2,342,030	2,470,084	5.2
EEC (The Nine)	425,750	437,880	502,781	14.8
USA	211,351	227,792	311,160	36.6
Japan	526,086	557,722	682,466	24.4
Other OECD countries	3,501,406	3,565,424	3,966,491	11.1
<b>Total for OECD countries</b>				
Countries with bilateral clearing agreements	73,655	88,956	81,969	- 1.8
USSR	135,893	929	3,040	57.7
Other countries with bilateral clearing agreements (*)	207,548	90,804	85,009	0.2
<b>Total for countries with bilateral clearing agreements</b>				
Free exchange agreement countries	37,644	230,026	259,325	12.3
East European countries with free-exchange agreements (*)	29,871	114,147	174,434	52.8
RCD countries (*)	790,688	977,115	1,140,286	16
Other countries with free-exchange agreements	858,204	1,321,288	1,573,045	19.1
<b>Total for countries with free-exchange agreements</b>				
Other countries	171,400	151,050	171,733	44.6
Total for other countries and countries with free-exchange agreements	962,088	1,128,165	1,744,778	54.7
<b>TOTAL IMPORTS</b>	4,738,557	5,286,647	5,796,278	13.0

1) Based on the latest available data and classifications.

2) Percentage change as compared with 1975.

3) Up until 1971 this group consisted of East Germany, Albania, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Egypt, Poland, Romania and Yugoslavia. From 1971 onwards, Yugoslavia comes under the heading of "East European countries with free-exchange agreements", as do East Germany and Czechoslovakia from 1975. In 1976 only the USSR, Albania and Egypt still came within the category of "countries with bilateral clearing agreements". In 1977, Egypt came under the heading of "free-exchange agreement countries".

(4) RCD members: Turkey, Iran, Pakistan.

Source: Ministry of Trade, Ankara.

(\*) for figures prior to 1975 see 12th annual report, Table A II 5(d), page 10.

Table A II 5(e)

Trend in Turkish imports from Member States of the Community <sup>(1)</sup>  
(1974 to 1977)

SOURCE	(in million \$)					Share of total Turkish imports from the Community (%)
	1974	1975	1976	1977	% change 1976-1977	
<u>THE SIX</u>	1,419.433	1,962.418	1,911.700	2,040.798	7	82.62
GERMANY	680.931	1,057.713	945.589	944.868	- 0.1	38.25
FRANCE	244.868	278.641	308.694	327.661	6	13.27
ITALY	270.783	357.940	388.119	454.407	18	18.40
NETHERLANDS	116.200	138.877	168.024	154.185	- 8	6.24
BLEU	106.651	129.247	103.274	159.675	55	6.45
<u>NEW MEMBER STATES</u>	288.742	375.801	430.328	429.286	- 0.2	17.38
<u>UNITED KINGDOM</u>	266.914	344.264	409.875	402.838	- 2	16.31
DENMARK	20.676	29.027	19.443	21.996	13	0.89
IRELAND	1.152	2.510	1.010	4.452	341	0.18
<u>THE NINE</u>	1,708.175	2,338.219	2,342.030	2,470.084	5	100

(<sup>1</sup>) Based on the latest available data and classifications.

Source: Ministry of Trade, Ankara

Table A II 5 (f)

- IMPORTS - (1)(2)

(in million \$)

SOURCE	1975	1976	% (3)	1977	% (3)
<u>CONTINENTS</u>					
Europe	3,056.542	3,169.777	+ 3.70	3,456.812	9.05
Asia	1,003.400	1,099.033	+ 9.53	1,341.264	22.04
America	522.045	564.438	+ 8.12	644.006	14.10
Africa	132.915	280.180	+100.25	319.741	14.12
Oceania	16.655	15.219	- 8.62	34.440	26.30
<u>SPECIAL GROUPINGS</u>					
Arab countries	814.710	977.753	+ 20.01	1,078.306	10.28
Developed countries other than the EEC	1,180.130	1,206.873	+ 2.27	1,482.984	22.88
Socialist countries	284.317	340.944	+ 19.92	386.986	13.50
East European countries	244.109	318.982	+ 30.67	340.294	6.68
EMA	2,777.824	2,809.798	+ 1.15	3,045.848	8.40
EFTA	781.266	837.187	+ 7.16	917.287	9.57
<u>MONEY AREAS</u>					
Dollar area	494.082	508.839	+ 2.99	568.795	11.78
Sterling area	510.446	731.129	+ 43.23	812.938	11.19
French franc area	334.288	346.715	+ 3.72	357.558	3.13

(1) Based on the latest available data and classifications.  
 (2) For figures for period prior to 1975, see 12th annual report, Table A II 5 (f), page 81.  
 (3) Percentage change as compared with previous year.

Source: Ministry of Trade, Ankara.

**Table A II 6**

**BALANCE OF PAYMENTS**  
(1976/1977)

	(In million \$)	
	1976	1977
<b>I. CURRENT ACCOUNT</b>		
<b>A. Foreign Trade</b>		
(1) Exports (fob)	1,960.2	1,753.0
(2) Imports (cif)	- 5,128.6	- 5,796.3
Trade balance	- 3,168.4	- 4,043.3
<b>B. Invisibles</b>		
(1) Interest on loans	- 217.3	- 360.3
(2) Tourism and foreign travel	- 274.4	- 63.7
(3) Transfers from Turkish workers	982.7	982.0
(4) Transfers from abroad	- 82.5	- 10.8
(5) Payments for servicing project credits	- 27.8	- 23.6
(6) Other invisibles (net)	217.8	237.6
Balance of invisibles (net)	653.3	605.7
<b>C. Infrastructure and offshore receipts (net)</b>	14.6	12.5
<b>BALANCE OF CURRENT OPERATIONS</b>	- 2,300.5	- 3,425.1
<b>II. CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS</b>		
(1) External debt payments	- 119.1	- 214.0
(2) Foreign private capital	570.0	486.6
(3) Credits for projects		
(imports not requiring currency transfers)	135.5	102.4
(imports with waiver)	5.7	3.4
(5) Credits for programmes	619.5	457.5
Balance of capital transactions	- 1,681.0	- 2,967.6
<b>OVERALL BALANCE</b>		
<b>III. RESERVE FLOWS (+ = increase)</b>	111.8	550.8
<b>IV. SEE</b>	149.0	13.9
<b>V. SHORT TERM CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS</b>	1,520.0	2,327.6
<b>VI. ERRORS AND OMISSIONS (net)</b>	- 99.8	75.3

Source: Ministry of Finance, Ankara.

**GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT CURRENT FACTOR PRICES,  
BY BRANCH OF ACTIVITY**

Table A II 7

(in million TL)

	1975	1976	1977
1. <u>AGRICULTURE</u>	17,958.0	18,086.0	196,451.0
(a) Agriculture and livestock production	14,255.0	17,400.0	191,010.0
(b) Forestry	2,755.0	2,850.0	4,068.0
(c) Fisheries	947.0	1,201.0	1,368.0
2. <u>INDUSTRY</u>	97,205.7	119,794.4	149,493.4
(a) Mining and quarrying industries	6,241.9	7,875.0	14,378.3
(b) Manufacturing industries	82,953.6	101,998.5	120,990.3
(c) Gas, water, electricity	8,010.2	9,920.9	14,124.8
3. <u>CONSTRUCTION</u>	25,244.4	31,844.7	41,183.3
4. <u>TRADE</u> (wholesale and retail)	66,781.7	83,783.3	101,855.3
5. <u>TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATIONS</u>	43,571.7	54,881.0	66,313.3
6. <u>BANKS, INSURANCE AND OTHER FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS</u>	12,777.7	17,055.4	22,802.9
7. <u>ACCOMODATION</u>	18,140.1	22,237.7	30,055.1
8. <u>COMMERCIAL AND PERSONAL SERVICES</u>	25,156.8	31,727.5	38,221.6
9. <u>(LESS) EXPENDITURE RELATING TO BANKING SERVICES</u>	9,000.9	11,797.5	15,906.6
10. <u>SUB-TOTAL (1 - 9)</u>	417,835.8	528,213.1	630,469.6
11. <u>PUBLIC SERVICES</u>	50,546.6	66,477.5	96,878.0
12. <u>GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AT FACTOR COSTS (10 + 11)</u>	468,382.4	594,690.6	727,347.6
13. <u>INCOME FROM ABROAD, NET OF FACTORS</u>	16,597.7	11,042.8	10,302.8
14. <u>GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT FACTOR COSTS (12 + 13)</u>	484,980.1	605,733.4	737,650.4
15. (LESS) <u>SUBSIDIES</u>	2,500.8	5,042.5	12,543.0
16. <u>INDIRECT TAXATION</u>	53,291.7	69,340.9	92,292.6
17. <u>GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT (at market prices) (14 - 15 + 16)</u>	535,771.0	670,037.8	817,400.0

Source: State Statistical Institute, Ankara

<sup>(1)</sup> For figures prior to 1975 see 12th annual report, Table A II 7, page 83

GROSS PER CAPITA NATIONAL PRODUCT

(in TL)

Year	at 1968 prices	at current prices
1962	2639	1991
1963	2839	2151
1964	2883	2346
1965	2901	2463
1966	3168	2863
1967	3220	3099
1968	3350	3350
1969	3443	3626
1970	3551	4184
1971	3816	5318
1972	3999	6485
1973	4110	8138
1974	4304	10941
1975	4532	13386
1976	4760	16327
1977	4874	19426

Source: State Statistical Institute, Ankara

Table A II 9

NUMBER OF TURKISH WORKERS ENTERING EEC COUNTRIES  
THROUGH OFFICIAL TURKISH BODIES

(1973 - 1977)

(cumulative figures)

COUNTRY	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977
Germany	648,029	649,257	649,897	649,091	651,504
Belgium	15,309	15,864	15,923	15,964	16,009
France	45,366	55,943	55,968	55,970	55,985
Netherlands	23,359	24,862	24,894	24,943	25,026
<b>EEC (The Six)</b>	<b>732,062</b>	<b>745,926</b>	<b>746,682</b>	<b>745,968</b>	<b>748,524</b>
Denmark	4,921	5,081	5,119	- (1)	- (1)
United Kingdom	2,062	2,175	2,273	2,292	2,292
<b>EEC (The Nine)</b>	<b>739,046</b>	<b>753,182</b>	<b>754,074</b>	<b>748,260 (2)</b>	<b>750,816 (2)</b>

(1) Figures not available.

(2) Provisional figures.

Source: Ministry of Labour, Ankara.

N.B. The number of workers who have returned to Turkey is not included in these figures

Table A II 10

DISTRIBUTION BY COUNTRY OF TURKISH  
WORKERS EMPLOYED ABROAD AT THE  
END of 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976 AND 1977 (1)

COUNTRY	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977
Germany	648,029	649,257	649,897	526,272	514,000
Netherlands	23,359	24,862	24,894	38,580	40,500
Belgium	15,309	15,864	15,923	12,000	12,000
France	45,366	55,943	55,968	40,000	41,000
<u>EEC (The Six)</u>	<u>732,063</u>	<u>745,926</u>	<u>746,682</u>	<u>616,852</u>	<u>607,500</u>
Denmark	4,921	5,081	5,119	5,175	5,400
United Kingdom	2,062	2,175	2,273	-	2,300
<u>EEC (The Nine)</u>	<u>739,046</u>	<u>753,182</u>	<u>754,076</u>	<u>622,027</u>	<u>615,200</u>
Austria	34,459	36,960	37,186	27,272	28,500
Switzerland	6,360	7,130	7,359	16,487	16,500
Australia	4,668	5,806	6,207	12,000	14,000

(1) Provisional figures.

(2) Figures not available.

Source: Ministry of Labour, Ankara.

Table A II 11

TRANSFER OF  
TURKISH WORKERS' SAVINGS

(in dollars)

<u>Year</u>	
1964	8,114,000
1965	69,781,884
1966	115,334,365
1967	92,436,246
1968	107,355,811
1969	140,636,057
1970	273,020,778
1971	471,370,427
1972	740,205,694
1973	1,183,255,037
1974	1,426,306,906
1975	1,299,666,913
1976	982,722,880
1977	981,824,173

Source: Ministry of Labour, Ankara

---

Annex B

COMPILATION OF THE ACTS ADOPTED IN 1977

I.

Act adopted by the Association Council

DECISION OF THE ASSOCIATION COUNCIL No 1/77

on new concessions for imports of  
Turkish agricultural products  
into the Community

THE ASSOCIATION COUNCIL,

Having regard to the Agreement establishing an Association between  
the European Economic Community and Turkey,

Having regard to the Additional Protocol signed on 23 November 1970,  
and in particular Article 35(3) thereof,

Having regard to the Supplementary Protocol signed on 30 June 1973,  
and in particular Article 6 thereof,

Having regard to the Interim Agreement signed on 30 June 1973, and  
in particular Article 10 thereof,

Whereas under Article 35(3) of the Additional Protocol the Association Council may decide on any improvements in the preferential treatment applicable to Turkish agricultural products which prove to be necessary for progressive attainment of the objectives of the Association Agreement,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

1. The products listed in Annex I shall be imported into the Community under the arrangements laid down in that Annex.
2. Until 31 December 1977 and by way of derogation from paragraph 1, Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom shall be authorized to apply duties not lower than those listed in Annex II to imports of fresh oranges falling within subheading 08.02 ex A of the Common Customs Tariff and of fresh mandarins, including tangerines and satsumas, clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids falling within subheading 08.02 ex B of the Common Customs Tariff.

Article 2

1. Provided that Turkey levies a special charge on exports of olive oil, other than olive oil having undergone a refining process, falling within subheading 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff and provided also that this special charge is reflected in the import price, the Community shall take the necessary measures to ensure that:
  - (a) the levy on imports into the Community of the said olive oil, wholly obtained in Turkey and transported direct from that country to the Community, is the import levy calculated in accordance with Article 13 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats, less 0.5 units of account per 100 kilograms;
  - (b) the amount of the levy calculated in the manner described under (a) is reduced by an amount equal to that of the special charge paid but not exceeding 9 units of account per 100 kilograms.
2. If Turkey does not levy the charge referred to in paragraph 1, the Community shall take the necessary measures to ensure that the levy on imports into the Community of olive oil, other than olive oil having undergone a refining process, falling within subheading 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff, is the import levy calculated in accordance with Article 13 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats, less 0.50 units of account per 100 kilograms.
3. Each Contracting Party shall take the measures necessary for implementation of paragraph 1 and, in the event of difficulties and at the request of the other Contracting Party, shall supply the information required for the proper operation of the system.
4. Consultations on the functioning of the system provided for in this Article may be held within the Association Council.

Article 3

Without prejudice to the collection of the variable component of the levy calculated in accordance with Article 14 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC, the fixed component of the said levy shall be reduced by 80% on imports into the Community of olive oil having undergone a refining process, falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff, wholly obtained in Turkey and transported direct from that country to the Community.

Article 4

1. For prepared and preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Turkey, the customs duty on imports into the Community shall be reduced by 40% subject to observance of the minimum prices fixed in accordance with the following paragraphs.
2. Until 30 June 1978 the minimum prices referred to in paragraph 1 shall be those specified in Annex III. The prices for the period beginning 1 July 1978 shall be not lower than those specified in the said Annex as updated by exchange of letters between the Contracting Parties in order to take account of the trend of costs for the products in question.
3. From 1 July 1979 the minimum prices referred to in paragraph 1 shall be agreed by annual exchanges of letters between the Contracting Parties.
4. The reduction of customs duty referred to in paragraph 1 shall apply only from the date and for the periods determined by exchanges of letters laying down the technical rules for applying this Article.

Article 5

The Contracting Parties shall take the measures necessary to implement the provisions of this Decision.

Article 6

Annexes I, II, III and IV shall form an integral part of this Decision.

Article 7

This Decision shall enter into force on 1 July 1977.

Done at Brussels, 17 May 1977

For the Council of Association  
The President

T. SARAÇOĞLU

The Secretaries

U. APAYDIN      G.L. GIOLA

---

Common Customs Tariff Heading No	Description	Rate of reduction %
01.01	Live horses, asses, mules and hinnies A. Horses: II. For slaughter (a)	80
02.01	Meat and edible offals of the animals falling within heading No 01.01, 01.02, 01.03 or 01.04, fresh, chilled or frozen: A. Meat: ex I. Of horses, asses, mules and hinnies - of horses	80
03.01	Fish, fresh (live or dead), chilled or frozen: B. Saltwater fish: I. Whole, headless or in pieces: e) Sharks f) Redfish ( <i>Sebastes marinus</i> ) g) Halibut ( <i>Hippoglossus vulgaris</i> , <i>Hippoglossus reinhardtius</i> ) h) Cod ( <i>Gadus morhua</i> or <i>Gadus callarias</i> ) i) Coalfish ( <i>Pollachius virens</i> or <i>Gadus virens</i> ) k) Haddock l) Whiting ( <i>Merlangus merlangus</i> ) m) Mackerel o) Flaiice p) Sea-bream of the species <i>Dentex dentex</i> and <i>Pagellus</i> q) Other	80 (b) 80 (b) 80 (b) 80 (b) 80 (b) 80 (b) 80 (b) 80 (b) 80 (b) 80 (b) 80 (b) 80 (b)
03.02	Fish, dried, salted or in brine; smoked fish, whether or not soaked before or during the smoking process	80

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

(b) Subject to compliance with the reference price

Common Customs Tariff Heading No	Description	Rate of reduction %
07.01	<p>Vegetables, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>F. Leguminous vegetables, shelled or unshelled:</p> <p>II. Beans (of the species Phaseolus):</p> <p>ex a) from 1 October to 30 June:</p> <p>- from 1 November to 30 April</p> <p>ex H. Onions, shallots and garlic:</p> <p>- Onions, from 15 February to 15 May</p> <p>ex T. Other:</p> <p>- Aubergines, from 15 January to 30 April</p> <p>- Marrows and pumpkins, from 1 December to end February</p> <p>- Celery in sticks, from 1 January to 30 April</p>	<p>60</p> <p>60</p> <p>60</p> <p>60</p> <p>50</p>
07.05	<p>Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split:</p> <p>A. For sowing:</p> <p>ex I. Peas (including chick peas) and beans (of the species Phaseolus):</p> <p>- Peas</p> <p>II. Lentils</p> <p>ex III. Other</p> <p>- Broad beans and field beans</p>	<p>60</p> <p>80</p> <p>60</p>
08.02	<p>Citrus fruit, fresh or dried:</p> <p>ex A. Oranges:</p> <p>- fresh</p> <p>ex B. Mandarins (including tanger- ines and satsumas); clemen- tines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids</p> <p>- fresh</p>	<p>60</p> <p>60</p>

Common Customs Tariff Heading No	Description	Rate of Reduction %
08.02 (continued)	D. Grapefruit	80
08.04	Grapes, fresh or dried: A. fresh: I. table grapes: ex a) from 1 November to 14 July: - from 15 November to 30 April	60
08.05	Nuts other than those falling within heading No 08.01, fresh or dried, shelled or not: ex G. other: - Hazelnuts	(a)
08.07	Stone fruit, fresh: D. Plums: ex II. from 1 October to 30 June: - from 1 May to 15 June	60
ex 08.09	Other fruit, fresh: - Melons, from 1 November to 31 May - Water melons, from 1 April to 15 June	50 50
08.12	Fruit, dried, other than that falling within heading No 08.01, 08.02, 08.03, 08.04 or 08.05: A. Apricots	75
12.03	Seeds, fruit and spores, of a kind used for sowing: A. Beet seeds (b)	30

- (a) Preferential duty of 2.5% under an annual Community tariff quota of 25,000 tonnes.
- (b) This concession applies only to seeds which satisfy the provisions of the Directives on the marketing of seeds and plants.

Common Customs Tariff Heading No	Description	Rate of reduction %
16.04	<p>Prepared or preserved fish, including caviar and caviar substitutes:</p> <p>ex F. Bonito (Sarda sp.p.) mackerel and anchovies: - Bonito (Sarda sp. p.) and mackerel</p>	16
16.05	Crustaceans and molluscs, prepared or preserved.	60
20.01	<p>Vegetables and fruit, prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid, with or without sugar, whether or not containing salt, spices or mustard:</p> <p>ex B. other: - with sugar, excluding gherkins</p>	60
20.02	<p>Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid:</p> <p>ex C. Tomatoes: - Peeled tomatoes - Tomato concentrates</p> <p>D. Asparagus E. Capers and olives G. Peas; beans in pod</p> <p>ex H. Other, including mixtures: - Carrots, excluding mixtures</p>	<p>30 30 (b) 20 70 20 20</p>

- (b) This tariff reduction shall be applicable only from the date and during the periods specified in exchanges of letters to be concluded each year between the Community and Turkey to define the conditions and rules governing such reduction and, in particular, determine the quantities to be subject to voluntary restraint.

Common Customs Tariff Heading No	Description	Rate of Reduction %
20.06	<p>Fruit otherwise prepared or pre-served, whether or not containing added sugar or spirit:</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p>II. not containing added spirit:</p> <p>a) containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity of more than 1 kg:</p> <p>2. Grapefruit segments 80</p> <p>7. Peaches and apricots:</p> <p>ex aa) with a sugar content exceeding 13% by weight:</p> <p>- Apricots 20</p> <p>ex bb) Other 20</p> <p>- Apricots 20</p> <p>ex 8. other fruits:</p> <p>- Grapefruit 80</p> <p>b) containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity of 1 kg or less:</p> <p>2. Grapefruit segments 80</p> <p>ex 8. other fruits: 80</p> <p>- Grapefruit 80</p> <p>c) not containing added sugar in immediate packings of a net capacity:</p> <p>1. of 4.5 kg or more:</p> <p>ex aa) Apricots:</p> <p>- Apricot halves 20</p> <p>- Apricot pulp 30 (1)</p>	

(1) Under an annual Community tariff quota of 90 tonnes





III. UNITED KINGDOM

United Kingdom Customs Tariff heading No.	Description	Rate of duty
		1.1.1977
1	2	
09.02	<p>Citrus fruit, fresh or dried:</p> <p>A. Oranges:</p> <p>I. Sweet oranges, fresh:</p> <p>a) From 1 April to 30 April</p> <p>b) From 1 May to 15 May</p> <p>c) From 16 May to 15 October</p> <p>d) From 16 October to 31 March:</p> <p>1. From 16 October to 30 November</p> <p>2. From 1 December to 31 March</p> <p>II. Other:</p> <p>a) From 1 April to 15 October:</p> <p>1. Fresh</p> <p>b) From 16 October to 31 March:</p> <p>1. Fresh:</p> <p>aa) From 16 October to 30 November</p> <p>bb) From 1 December to 31 March</p> <p>B. Mandarins (including tangorins and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids:</p> <p>I. Fresh:</p> <p>a) From 1 April to 30 November</p> <p>b) From 1 December to 31 March</p>	<p>2-6% with minimum charge of £0.0688/100 kg</p> <p>1-2% with minimum charge of £0.0688/100 kg</p> <p>0-8% with minimum charge of £0.0688/100 kg</p> <p>4% with minimum charge of £0.0688/100 kg</p> <p>4-6%</p> <p>3% with minimum charge of £0.0688/100 kg</p> <p>4% with minimum charge of £0.0688/100 kg</p> <p>4-6%</p> <p>4% with minimum charge of £0.0688/100 kg</p> <p>4-6%</p>

ANNEX III

until 30.6.1978

Size		Net Weight		Semi-gross Weight	Capacity	Coefficients	Minimum prices customs duties included n.s. per carton of 100 tins	
Trade specifications	Total height cm	Ounces	g	g	Cubic cm		Country	
							in olive oil	other
Rectangular bottom								
1/10 club	20	2	58	95	53	0,60	11,70	14,00
1/8 club	25	2 3/4	80	120	75	0,70	13,65	12,00
1/4 reduced	18	2 5/8	74	130	73	0,77	15,02	13,85
1/8 club	30	3 1/4	90	140	93	0,63	15,80	14,40
1/4 special	25	3 1/8	80	140	80	0,65	14,50	16,30
1/8 low plate	24	3 3/8	95	145	96	0,60	17,55	14,20
1/4 club	30	4 3/8	125	180	125			
1/4 P 25				176	125	1,08		
1/4 usual	22	3 3/4	105	180	103		19,50	18,00
1/8 (club 30)				198	138			
1/4 usual	24	4 3/8	125	155	125	1,10	21,45	19,80
1/4 usual	30	5 1/4	150	240	140			
1/4 club	40	6 1/4	175	250	178	1,30	23,35	23,40
1/4 P 30				250	187			
1/4 American	30	7	200	300	207	1,60	31,20	29,80
1/4 usual	40	8 1/4	200	328	250			
1/3 P				337	250	1,80	35,10	32,40
1/4 club long	40	8 3/4	248	320	241			
1/2 low	30	9 1/4	280	370	245	2,20	42,00	38,00
1/4 usual long	40	11 1/2	325	423	313	2,50	44,75	45,00
1/4 usual	48	11	310	380	297	2,60	50,70	46,80
1/2 large	40	11 1/2	325	460	320	2,70	52,85	48,00
1/2 P				476	375			
1/1				502	750	4,65	99,88	88,70
1/4	80	27 1/2	780	950	771			
oval bottom								
1/2 oval	40	15	425	595	452	3,40	68,30	61,30

from 1.7.1978 to 30.6.1979

Size		Net Weight		Net-gross Weight	Capacity	Coefficients	Retail prices customs duties included U.S. per carton of 100 tins	
Trade specifications	Total Weight in	Ounces	g	g	Cubic cm		Commodity	
						in olive oil	other	
Rectangular bottom								
1/10 club	20	2	58	95	53	0,58	12,30	11,40
1/8 club	25	2 3/4	80	120	75	0,70	14,35	13,30
1/4 reduced	18	2 5/8	74	130	73	0,77	15,79	14,63
1/8 club	30	3 1/4	90	140	93	0,80	16,40	15,20
1/4 special	25	3 1/8	80	140	90	0,85	17,43	16,15
1/8 low plat	24	3 3/8	95	145	96	0,90	18,45	17,10
1/4 club	30	4 3/8	125	190	125			
1/8 P 25					178	1,00		
1/4 usual	22	3 3/4	105	160	105		20,50	19,60
1/8 (club 30)					168			
1/4 usual	24	4 3/8	125	195	125	1,10	22,55	20,90
1/4 usual	30	5 1/4	150	240	168			
1/4 club	40	6 1/4	175	250	178	1,30	26,85	24,70
1/4 P 30					250			
1/4 American	30	7	200	300	267	1,60	32,80	30,40
1/4 usual	40	8 1/4	260	328	250			
1/3 P					337	1,80	39,90	34,20
1/4 club long	40	8 3/4	248	320	241			
1/2 low	30	9 1/4	260	370	245	2,20	45,10	41,60
1/4 usual long	40	11 1/2	325	423	313	2,50	51,25	47,50
1/4 usual	48	11	310	350	237	2,60	53,30	49,40
1/2 large	40	11 1/2	325	450	330	2,70		
1/2 P					478		55,35	51,30
1/1					902	4,65		
5/1	80	27 1/2	780	950	771		95,33	88,35
Oval bottom								
1/2 oval	40	15	425	555	452	3,49	69,70	64,80

ANNEX IV

ANNEX IV concerning olive oil, other than  
olive oil having undergone a refining process,  
falling within subheading 15.07 A II of the CCT

1. In order to take account of:

- the importance of olive oil for the Turkish economy;
- the traditional trade flows in this product between Turkey and the European Economic Community,

the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 2(1)(b) of the Decision concerning olive oil, other than olive oil having undergone a refining process, falling within subheading 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff, may be increased by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of Article 2(1)(b) of the Decision.

2. The additional amount provided for in paragraph 1, if any, shall be fixed for each year of application by an exchange of letters between the Community and Turkey in the light of conditions on the olive oil market.

3. In view of the exceptional conditions currently affecting the olive oil market, the additional amount shall be fixed at 9 units of account for the period ending on 31 October 1977.

---

II.

Acts relating to the EEC-Turkey Association  
adopted by the Council and the Commission of  
the European Communities respectively

**COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 125/77**

of 18 January 1977

**on the total or partial suspension of Common Customs Tariff duties on certain agricultural products originating in Turkey  
(OJ No L 21, 25.1.1977)**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1059/69 of 28 May 1969 laying down the trade arrangements applicable to certain goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products<sup>(1)</sup>, as last amended by Council Regulation (EEC) No 3058/75<sup>(2)</sup>, and in particular Article 12 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament<sup>(3)</sup>,

Whereas, under Annex 6 of the Additional Protocol laying down the conditions, procedures and timetables for implementing the transitional phase pursuant to Article 4 of the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and Turkey, and under Article 1 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and Turkey consequent on the accession of new Member States to the Community, the Community must totally or partially suspend the Common Customs Tariff duties applicable to certain products; whereas it also appears necessary on a provisional basis to adjust or supplement some of these tariff advantages provided for in the abovementioned Annex 6, whereas the Community should with regard to the products originating in Turkey contained in the list annexed to this Regulation suspend, until 31 December 1977, either the fixed component of the charge applicable to the goods coming under Regulation (EEC) No 1059/69 or the customs duty applicable to the other products, at the levels indicated for each of them.

Whereas, for certain products in Chapters 1 to 24 of the Common Customs Tariff, these arrangements would, however, involve the application in 1977 in the new Member States of customs duties higher than or very close to those which are applied by the new Member States to non-member countries in general on the basis of the Act of Accession, whereas, in

order to maintain an equivalent preferential margin, reduced customs duties should be applied also to these products, in accordance with the procedures designed to maintain a preference in the new Member States proportional to that which exists between the duties of the Common Customs Tariff and the duties shown in Annex A to this Regulation; whereas, with a view to granting to Turkey the best possible treatment, in accordance with the objectives of the preference scheme, the duties given in Annex A should also be applied wherever the duties calculated according to the above procedures prove to be higher than them,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

1. Until 31 December 1977, the products originating in Turkey listed in Annex A shall be admitted for import into the Community at the customs duties indicated for each of them.

On importation into Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom, there shall be applied to the abovementioned products the customs duties determined by multiplying, by a coefficient equal to the margin of preferences existing between the duties given in Annex A and the Common Customs Tariff duties applicable, the duties obtained by reducing the difference between the lowest duty applied on 1 January 1972 to the developing countries and the Common Customs Tariff by 80 % throughout 1977 in respect of the products mentioned in Annex B and by 80 % until 30 June 1977 in respect of the other products given in Annex A.

However, the duties given in Annex A shall be applied where the duties resulting from the above calculation are higher than those in Annex A. From 1 July 1977 the duties given in Annex A shall be applied for the products not mentioned in Annex B.

2. For the purposes of application of this Regulation, 'originating products' shall mean those products which fulfil the conditions laid down in Association Council Decision No 4/72 of 29 December 1972 annexed to Regulation (EEC) No 428/73<sup>(4)</sup>.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 141, 12. 6. 1969, p. 1.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 306, 26. 11. 1975, p. 3.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No C 6, 10. 1. 1977, p. 163.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 59, 5. 3. 1973, p. 73.

The methods of administrative cooperation which ensure that the products listed in the Annexes benefit from the total or partial suspension shall be those laid down in Association Council Decision No 5/72 of 29 December 1972 annexed to Regulation (EEC) No 428/73, as amended by Association Council Decision No 2/73 of 17 December 1973 annexed to Regulation (EEC) No 3573/73 (1).

*Article 2*

When the imports of products benefiting from the arrangements provided for in Article 1 come into the Community in quantities or at prices which cause or threaten to cause serious loss to the Community producers of similar products or directly competitive products, the Common Customs Tariff duties may be partially or wholly reintroduced for the products in question. These measures may also be taken in the event of serious loss or the threat of serious loss limited to a single region of the Community.

*Article 3*

1. In order to ensure the application of Article 2, the Commission may decide by means of a Regula-

tion to reintroduce Common Customs Tariff duties for a limited period.

2. Where the Commission has been requested by a Member State to take action, it shall take a decision within a maximum period of 10 working days from receipt of the request and shall inform the Member States of the action taken

3. Any Member State may refer the Commission's action to the Council within a period of 10 working days following the day of its notification. The intervention of the Council shall not have a suspensory effect. The Council shall meet without delay. It may by a qualified majority amend or annul the measure taken.

*Article 4*

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States

Done at Brussels, 18 January 1977.

*For the Council*  
*The President*  
Anthony CROSLAND

---

(1) OJ No L 359, 28. 12. 1973, p. 1



CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
1	2	3
06.03	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared : A. Fresh : ex I. From 1 June to 31 October : — Orchids (family Orchidaceae) and anthurium ex II. From 1 November to 31 May : — Orchids (family Orchidaceae) and anthurium	           15 %           15 %
07.01	Vegetables, fresh or chilled ex T. Other : — Okra ( <i>Hibiscus esculentus</i> L. or <i>Abelmoschus esculentus</i> L. Moench) . . . . .	           Free
07.03	Vegetables provisionally preserved in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions, but not specially prepared for immediate consumption : ex E. Other vegetables : — Okra ( <i>Hibiscus esculentus</i> L. or <i>Abelmoschus esculentus</i> L. Moench) . . . . .	           Free
07.04	Dried, dehydrated or evaporated vegetables, whole, cut, sliced, broken or in powder but not further prepared : ex B. Other : — Mushrooms, excluding cultivated mushrooms . . . . . — Horse-radish ( <i>Cochlearia armoracia</i> ) . . . . .	           8 %           Free
07.06	Manioc, arrowroot, salep, Jerusalem artichokes, sweet potatoes and other similar roots and tubers with high starch or inulin content, fresh or dried, whole or sliced, sago pith : B. Other . . . . .	           Free
08.01	Dates, bananas, coconuts, Brazil nuts, cashew nuts, pineapples, avocados, mangoes, guaves and mangoosteens, fresh or dried, shelled or not : ex B. Bananas : — Dried . . . . .	           10 %
08.05	Nuts other than those falling within heading No 08.01, fresh or dried, shelled or not : D. Pistachios . . . . . E. Pecans . . . . . F. <i>Arca</i> (or betel) and cola . . . . . ex G. Other (excluding hazelnuts) . . . . .	           Free Free Free Free

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
1	2	3
08.07	Stone fruit, fresh :	
	E. Other . . . . .	7 %
08.08	Berries, fresh :	
	F. Other . . . . .	6 %
ex 08.09	Other fruit, fresh :	
	— Rose-hips . . . . .	Free
	— Other, excluding melons and watermelons . . . . .	6 %
08.10	Fruit (whether or not cooked), preserved by freezing, not containing added sugar :	
	ex A. Bilberries, blackberries (brambleberries), mulberries and cloudberries . . . . .	9 %
	ex B. Other :	
	— Quinces . . . . .	11 %
	— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.02 D, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons . . . . .	8 %
08.11	Fruit provisionally preserved (for example, by sulphur dioxide gas, in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions), but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption :	
	C. Papaws . . . . .	Free
	D. Bilberries . . . . .	4 %
	ex E. Other :	
	— Quinces . . . . .	4 %
	— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.02 D, 08.08 B, and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons . . . . .	Free
08.12	Fruit, dried, other than that falling within heading No 08.01, 08.02, 08.03, 08.04 or 08.05 :	
	E. Papaws . . . . .	Free
	ex G. Other :	
	— Tamarind (pods, pulp) . . . . .	Free
08.13	— Peel of melons and citrus fruit, fresh, frozen, dried or provisionally preserved in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions . . . . .	Free
09.01	Coffee, whether or not roasted or free of caffeine; coffee husks and skins; coffee substitutes containing coffee in any proportion :	

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
1	2	3
09.01 (cont'd)	<p>A. Coffee</p> <p>I. Unroasted</p> <p>b) Free of caffeine</p> <p>II. Roasted:</p> <p>a) Not free of caffeine</p> <p>b) Free of caffeine</p> <p>B. Husks and skins</p> <p>C. Coffee substitutes containing coffee in any proportion . . .</p>	<p>10 %</p> <p>12 %</p> <p>15 %</p> <p>10 %</p> <p>15 %</p>
13.03	<p>Vegetable saps and extracts: pectic substances, pectinates and pectates; agar-agar and other mucilages and thickeners, derived from vegetable products:</p> <p>B. Pectic substances, pectinates and pectates:</p> <p>ex I. Dry, excluding apple, pear and quince, pectates . . .</p> <p>ex II. Other, excluding apple, pear and quince, pectates and pectins</p>	<p>12 %</p> <p>7 %</p>
15.04	<p>Fats and oil, of fish and marine mammals, whether or not refined:</p> <p>A. Fish-liver oil</p> <p>I. Of a vitamin A content not exceeding 2 500 international units per gram</p>	<p>Free</p>
15.07	<p>Fixed vegetable oils, fluid or solid, crude, refined or purified</p> <p>B. China-wood and oiticica oils; myrtle wax and Japan wax</p> <p>C. Castor oil:</p> <p>II. Other</p> <p>D. Other oils</p> <p>1 For technical or industrial uses other than the manufacture of foodstuffs for human consumption (a)</p> <p>a) Crude</p> <p>    Palm oil</p> <p>ex 1 Other, excluding linseed oil, groundnut oil, sunflower seed oil and colza oil</p> <p>b) Other</p> <p>ex 2 Other:</p> <p>    Palm kernels and coconut oil</p>	<p>Free</p> <p>6 %</p> <p>2.5 %</p> <p>2.5 %</p> <p>6.5 %</p>

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
1	2	3
15.07 (cont'd)	II. Other a) Palm oil 1 Crude 2 Other b) Other: 1. Solid, in immediate packings of a net capacity of 1 kg or less 2. Solid, other; fluid: ex aa) Crude: — Palm kernel and coconut oil ex bb) Other: — Palm kernel and coconut oil	4 % 12 % 18 % 7 % 13 %
15.12	Animal or vegetable oils and fats, wholly or partly hydrogenated, or solidified or hardened by any other process, whether or not refined, but not further prepared: A. In immediate packings of a net capacity of 1 kg or less B. Other	16 % 11 %
15.17	Residues resulting from the treatment of fatty substances or animal or vegetable waxes: B. Other: I. Oil foots and dregs; soapstocks II. Other	Free Free
16.02	Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal: A. Liver: I. Goose or duck liver B. Other: II. Game or rabbit meat or offal: — Game — Rabbit III. Other b) Other ex 1 Containing bovine meat or offal — Prepared or preserved bovine tongue 2. Not specified: aa) Ovine meat or offal bb) Other	14 % 9 % 14 % 17 % 18 % 16 %

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
1		3
16.04	<p>Prepared or preserved fish, including caviar and caviar substitutes:</p> <p>A. Caviar and caviar substitutes</p> <p>    I Caviar (sturgeon roe) 12 %</p> <p>    II Other 16 %</p> <p>B. Salmonidae 4 %</p> <p>ex F Bonito (<i>Sarda sp. p.</i>) and mackerel 19 %</p> <p>G. Other</p> <p>    I Fillets, raw, coated with batter or breadcrumbs, deep frozen 0 %</p> <p>    II Other 0 %</p>	
16.05	<p>and molluscs, prepared or preserved</p> <p>A. Crabs 6.5 %</p> <p>ex B. Other, excluding shrimps of the <i>Crangon sp. p.</i> type and snails 6 %</p>	
18.06	<p>Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa:</p> <p>A. Cocoa powder, not otherwise sweetened than by the addition of sucrose 3 % + ve</p> <p>C. Chocolate and chocolate goods, whether or not filled sugar confectionery and substitutes therein made from sugar substitution products, containing cocoa 10 % + ve with a min. of 27 % + adv.</p>	
ex 19.04	<p>Tapioca and sago, excluding tapioca and sago substitutes obtained from potato or other starches</p>	4 % + ve
20.01	<p>Vegetables and fruit, prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid, with or without sugar, whether or not containing salts, spices or mustard</p> <p>ex B Other, prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid, with or without salt, spices or mustard but with sugar, except for gherkins, cucumbers, 'mixed pickles' or sweet peppers</p>	15 %
20.02	<p>Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid:</p> <p>B. Truffles 14 %</p> <p>D. Asparagus 20 %</p> <p>E. Sauerkraut 16 %</p>	
20.03	<p>Fruit preserved by freezing, containing added sugar</p> <p>ex A With a sugar content exceeding 13 % by weight</p> <p>    Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.02 D, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09 excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</p>	2 % + (L)



CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
1	2	3
20.06	<p>Fruit, otherwise prepared or preserved, whether or not containing added sugar or spirit:</p> <p><b>B. Other:</b></p> <p><b>I. Containing added spirit:</b></p> <p>a) Ginger . . . . . 10 %</p> <p>b) Pineapples, in immediate packings of a net capacity:</p> <p>1. Of more than 1 kg:</p> <p>aa) With a sugar content exceeding 17 % by weight . . . . . 10 % + (L)</p> <p>bb) Other . . . . . 10 %</p> <p>2. Of 1 kg or less:</p> <p>aa) With a sugar content exceeding 19 % by weight . . . . . 10 % + (L)</p> <p>bb) Other . . . . . 10 %</p> <p>c) Grapes:</p> <p>1. With a sugar content exceeding 13 % by weight . . . . . 25 % + (L)</p> <p>2. Other . . . . . 25 %</p> <p>d) Peaches, pears and apricots, in immediate packings of a net capacity:</p> <p>1. Of more than 1 kg:</p> <p>aa) With a sugar content exceeding 13 % by weight . . . . . 25 % + (L)</p> <p>bb) Other . . . . . 25 %</p> <p>2. Of 1 kg or less:</p> <p>aa) With a sugar content exceeding 15 % by weight . . . . . 25 % + (L)</p> <p>bb) Other . . . . . 25 %</p> <p>e) Other fruits:</p> <p>ex 1. With a sugar content exceeding 9 % by weight, excluding cherries . . . . . 25 % + (L)</p> <p>ex 2. Other, excluding cherries . . . . . 25 %</p> <p>f) Mixtures of fruit:</p> <p>1. With a sugar content exceeding 9 % by weight . . . . . 25 % + (L)</p> <p>2. Other . . . . . 25 %</p> <p><b>II. Not containing added spirit:</b></p> <p>a) Containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity of more than 1 kg:</p> <p>2. Grapefruit segments . . . . . 11 % + (L)</p> <p>3. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids . . . . . 19 % + (L)</p> <p>4. Grapes . . . . . 18 % + (L)</p>	

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
1	2	3
<p>20.06 (cont'd)</p>	<p>ex 8. Other fruits</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</li> <li>— Tamarind (pods, pulp)</li> </ul> <p>b) Containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity of 1 kg or less:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. Grapefruit segments</li> <li>3. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas): clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids</li> <li>4. Grapes</li> </ul> <p>ex 8. Other fruits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</li> </ul> <p>c) Not containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Of 4.5 kg or more</li> </ul> <p>ex dd) Other fruits</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. Of less than 4.5 kg:</li> </ul> <p>ex bb) Other fruit and mixtures of fruit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</li> </ul>	<p>8 % + (L)</p> <p>8 % + (L)</p> <p>11 % + (L)</p> <p>20 % + (L)</p> <p>19 % + (L)</p> <p>8 % + (L)</p> <p>8 %</p> <p>8 %</p>
<p>20.07</p>	<p>Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices, whether or not containing added sugar, but unfermented and not containing spirit:</p> <p>A. Of a specific gravity exceeding 1.33 at 15 °C</p> <p>III. Other</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ex a) Of a value exceeding 30 u.s. per 100 kg net weight.</li> <li>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelon</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>b) Of a value not exceeding 30 u.s. per 100 kg net weight</li> </ul>	<p>15 %</p>

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
1	2	3
20.07 (cont'd)	<p>ex 1. With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight :</p> <p>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons .</p> <p>ex 2. Other :</p> <p>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons ..</p>	<p>15 % + (L)</p> <p>15 %</p>
	<p>B. Of a specific gravity of 1.33 or less at 15°C :</p>	
	<p>II. Other :</p>	
	<p>a) Of a value exceeding 30 u.s. per 100 kg net weight :</p>	
	<p>2. Grapefruit juice</p>	<p>8 %</p>
	<p>3. Lemon juice or other citrus fruit juices :</p>	
	<p>ex aa) Containing added sugar, excluding lemon juice</p>	<p>13 %</p>
	<p>ex bb) Other, excluding lemon juice</p>	<p>13 %</p>
	<p>6. Other fruit and vegetable juices .</p>	
	<p>ex aa) Containing added sugar :</p>	
	<p>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons . . .</p>	<p>10 %</p>
	<p>— Other, excluding apricot and peach juices . . . . .</p>	<p>17 %</p>
	<p>ex bb) Other :</p>	
	<p>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons . . .</p>	<p>10 %</p>
	<p>— Other, excluding apricot and peach juices . . . . .</p>	<p>18 %</p>
	<p>7. Mixtures :</p>	
	<p>ex bb) Other, excluding mixtures containing either separately or together, over 25 % of grape, citrus fruit, pineapple, apple, pear tomato, apricot or peach juice</p>	
	<p>11. Containing added sugar</p>	<p>17 %</p>
	<p>22. Other . . . . .</p>	<p>18 %</p>

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
1	2	3
20.07 (cont'd)	b) Of a value of 30 u.a. or less per 100 kg net weight :	
	2. Grapefruit juice	
	aa) With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight . . . . .	8 % + (L)
	bb) Other . . . . .	8 %
	4. Other citrus fruit juices :	
	aa) With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight . . . . .	14 % + (L)
	bb) With an added sugar content of 30 % or less by weight . . . . .	14 %
	cc) Not containing added sugar . . . . .	15 %
	7. Other fruit and vegetable juices :	
	ex aa) With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight :	
	— Of fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons . . . . .	10 % + (L)
	— Other, excluding apricot and peach juices . . . . .	17 % + (L)
	ex bb) With an added sugar content of 30 % or less by weight :	
	— Of fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons . . . . .	10 %
	— Other, excluding apricot and peach juices . . . . .	17 %
	ex cc) Not containing added sugar :	
	— Of fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons . . . . .	10 %
	— Other, excluding apricot and peach juices . . . . .	18 %
	8. Mixtures :	
	ex bb) Other, excluding mixtures containing, either separately or together, over 25 % of grape, citrus fruit, pineapple, apple, pear, tomato, apricot or peach juice :	
	11. With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight . . . . .	17 % + (L)
	22. With an added sugar content of 30 % or less by weight . . . . .	17 %
	33. Not containing added sugar . . . . .	18 %

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
1	2	3
21.07	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included : A. Cereals in grain or ear form, pre-cooked or otherwise prepared . . . . .	4% + ve
23.01	Flours and meals, of meat, offals, fish, crustaceans or molluscs, unfit for human consumption ; greaves : B. Flours and meals of fish, crustaceans or molluscs . . . . .	Free

ANNEX B

List of products in respect of which the difference between the lowest duties applied on 1 January 1972 to the developing countries by Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom and the Common Customs Tariff duties must be reduced in accordance with Article 1 of this Regulation

CCT heading No	Description
1	2
06.03	<p>Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared :</p> <p>A. Fresh :</p> <p>ex I. From 1 June to 30 October :</p> <p>— Orchids (family Orchidaceae) and anthurium</p> <p>ex II. From 1 November to 31 May :</p> <p>— Orchids (family Orchidaceae) and anthurium</p>
07.01	<p>Vegetables, fresh or chilled :</p> <p>ex T. Other :</p> <p>— Okra (<i>Hibiscus esculentus</i> L. or <i>Abelmoschus esculentus</i> L. Moench)</p>
07.03	<p>Vegetables provisionally preserved in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions, but not specially prepared for immediate consumption :</p> <p>ex E. Other vegetables</p> <p>— Okra (<i>Hibiscus esculentus</i> L. or <i>Abelmoschus esculentus</i> L. Moench)</p>
07.04	<p>Dried, dehydrated or evaporated vegetables, whole, cut, sliced, broken or in powder but not further prepared :</p> <p>ex B. Other :</p> <p>— Whole mushrooms, excluding cultivated mushrooms</p> <p>— Horse-radish (<i>Cochlearia armoracia</i>)</p>
08.05	<p>Nuts other than those falling within heading No 08.01, fresh or dried, shelled or not</p> <p>D. Pistachios</p> <p>E Pecans</p> <p>F Arca (or betel) and cola</p> <p>ex G. Other (excluding hazelnuts)</p>

CCT heading No	Description
	2
08.07	Stone fruit, fresh E. Other
08.08	Berries, fresh : F. Other
ex 08.09	Other fruit, fresh — Rose-hips — Other, excluding melons and watermelons
08.10	Fruit (whether or not cooked), preserved by freezing, not containing added sugar : ex A. Bilberries, blackberries (brambleberries), mulberries and cloudberries ex B. Other : — Quinces — Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.02 D, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons
08.11	Fruit provisionally preserved (for example, by sulphur dioxide gas, in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions), but unseasoned in that state for immediate consumption C. Papaws D. Bilberries ex E. Other : — Quinces — Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.02 D, 08.08 B, and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons
08.12	Fruit, dried, other than that falling within heading No 08.01, 08.02, 08.03, 08.04 or 08.05 : E. Papaws ex G. Other :  — Tamarind (pods, pulp)
08.13	Peel of melons and citrus fruit, fresh, dried or provisionally preserved in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions
16.02 (a)	Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal : B. Other : III. Other

(a) This heading is to be deleted from this Annex from the beginning of the first and second marketing year

CCT heading No	Description
1	2
16.02 (cont'd)	<p>b) Other</p> <p>ex 1. Containing bovine meat or offal:</p> <p>— Prepared or preserved bovine tongue</p>
20.01	<p>Vegetables and fruit, prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid, with or without sugar, whether or not containing salt, spices or mustard:</p> <p>ex B. Other, prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid, with or without salt, spices or mustard but with sugar, except for gherkins, cucumbers, 'mixed pickles' or sweet peppers</p>
20.02	<p>Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid:</p> <p>B. Truffles</p> <p>D. Asparagus</p> <p>E. Sauerkraut</p>
20.03	<p>Fruit preserved by freezing, containing added sugar:</p> <p>ex A. With a sugar content exceeding 13 % by weight:</p> <p>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.02 D, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</p> <p>ex B. Other:</p> <p>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.02 D, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</p>
20.04	<p>Fruit, fruit-péel and parts of plants, preserved by sugar (drained, glacé or crystallized):</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p>ex I. With a sugar content exceeding 13 % by weight:</p> <p>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.02 D, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</p> <p>ex II. Other:</p> <p>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.02 D, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</p>
20.05	<p>Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit purée and fruit pastes, being cooked preparations, whether or not containing added sugar</p> <p>B. Jams and marmalades of citrus fruit:</p> <p>ex I. With a sugar content exceeding 30 % weight, excluding orange jam and marmalade</p> <p>ex II. With a sugar content exceeding 13 % but not exceeding 30 % by weight, excluding orange jam and marmalade</p> <p>ex III. Other, excluding orange jam and marmalade</p>

CCT heading No	Description
1	2
20.05 ( <i>fruit</i> )	<p>C. Other :</p> <p>I. With a sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight :</p> <p>ex b) Other :</p> <p>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</p> <p>ex II. With a sugar content exceeding 13 % but not exceeding 30 % by weight :</p> <p>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</p> <p>ex III. Other :</p> <p>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</p>
20.06	<p>Fruit, otherwise prepared or preserved, whether or not containing added sugar or spirit :</p> <p>B. Other :</p> <p>I. Containing added spirit :</p> <p>a) Ginger</p> <p>b) Pineapples, in immediate packings of a net capacity :</p> <p>1. Of more than 1 kg :</p> <p>aa) With a sugar content exceeding 17 % by weight</p> <p>bb) Other</p> <p>2. Of 1 kg or less :</p> <p>aa) With a sugar content exceeding 19 % by weight</p> <p>bb) Other</p> <p>c) Grapes :</p> <p>1 With a sugar content exceeding 13 % by weight</p> <p>2. Other</p> <p>d) Peaches, pears and apricots, in immediate packings of a net capacity :</p> <p>1 Of more than 1 kg :</p> <p>aa) With a sugar content exceeding 13 % by weight</p> <p>bb) Other</p> <p>2. Of 1 kg or less :</p> <p>aa) With a sugar content exceeding 15 % by weight</p> <p>bb) Other</p> <p>e) Other fruits :</p> <p>ex 1. With a sugar content exceeding 9 % by weight, excluding cherries</p> <p>ex 2. Other, excluding cherries</p> <p>f) Mixtures of fruit :</p> <p>1. With a sugar content exceeding 9 % by weight</p> <p>2. Other</p>

CCT heading No	Description
1	2
<p>20.06 (cont'd)</p>	<p>II. Not containing added spirit</p> <p>a) Containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity of more than 1 kg:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. Grapefruit segments</li> <li>3. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids</li> <li>4. Grapes</li> </ol> <p>ex 8. Other fruits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</li> <li>— Tamarind (pods, pulp)</li> </ul> <p>b) Containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity of 1 kg or less:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. Grapefruit segments</li> <li>3. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids</li> <li>4. Grapes</li> </ol> <p>ex 8. Other fruits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</li> </ul> <p>c) Not containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Of 4.5 kg or more:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ex dd) Other fruits:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Of less than 4.5 kg:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ex bb) Other fruit and mixtures of fruit:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ol>
<p>20.07</p>	<p>Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices, whether or not containing added sugar, but unfermented and not containing spirit</p> <p>A. Of a specific gravity exceeding 1.33 at 15 °C</p> <p>III. Other.</p> <p>ex a) Of a value exceeding 30 u.a. per 100 kg net weight</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</li> </ul>

CCT heading No	Description
1	2
20.07 (cont'd)	<p>b) Of a value not exceeding 30 u.s. per 100 kg net weight</p> <p>ex 1. With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and water-melons</li> </ul> <p>ex 2. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and water-melons</li> </ul> <p>B. Of a specific gravity of 1.33 or less at 15 °C</p> <p>II. Other:</p> <p>a) Of a value exceeding 30 u.s. per 100 kg net weight</p> <p>2. Grapefruit juice</p> <p>3. Lemon juice or other citrus fruit juices:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ex aa) Containing added sugar, excluding lemon juices</li> <li>ex bb) Other, excluding lemon juice</li> </ul> <p>6. Other fruit and vegetable juices</p> <p>ex aa) Containing added sugar:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and water-melons</li> <li>— Other, excluding apricot and peach juices</li> </ul> <p>ex bb) Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and water-melons</li> <li>— Other, excluding apricot and peach juices</li> </ul> <p>7. Mixtures:</p> <p>ex bb) Other, excluding mixtures containing either separately or together, over 25 % of grape, citrus fruit, pineapple, apple, pear, tomato, apricot or peach juice</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>11. Containing added sugar</li> <li>22. Other</li> </ul> <p>b) Of a value of 30 u.s. or less per 100 kg net weight</p> <p>2. Grapefruit juice</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>aa) With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight</li> <li>bb) Other</li> </ul> <p>4. Other citrus fruit juices</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>aa) With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight</li> <li>bb) With an added sugar content of 30 % or less by weight</li> <li>cc. Not containing added sugar</li> </ul>

CCT heading No	Description
1	2
20.07 (cont'd)	<p>7. Other fruit and vegetable juices :</p> <p>ex aa) With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Of fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</li> <li>— Other, excluding apricot and peach juices</li> </ul> <p>ex bb) With an added sugar content of 30 % or less by weight :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Of fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09 excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</li> <li>— Other, excluding apricot and peach juices</li> </ul> <p>ex cc) Not containing added sugar :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Of fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F, and 08.09 excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</li> <li>— Other, excluding apricot and peach juices</li> </ul> <p>8. Mixtures :</p> <p>ex bb) Other, excluding mixtures containing, either separately or together, over 25 % of grape, citrus fruit, pineapple, apple, pear, tomato, apricot or peach juice :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>11. With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight</li> <li>22. With an added sugar content of 30 % or less by weight</li> <li>33. Not containing added sugar</li> </ul>

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1180/77

of 17 May 1977

on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey

(OJ No L 142, 9.6.1977)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament <sup>(1)</sup>,

Whereas, in Decision No 1/77, the EEC-Turkey Association Council, pursuant to Article 35 (3) of the Additional Protocol, as amended by Article 10 of the Interim Agreement signed on 30 June 1973, established the arrangements to be applied to imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey;

Whereas the implementation of that Decision involves the adaptation of Community Regulations;

Whereas the provisions regarding imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey have been amended on a number of occasions following Association Council Decisions; whereas the texts in question, since they are to be found in various Official Journals, are difficult to use and therefore lack the necessary clarity which any Regulation must have; whereas it is therefore necessary to consolidate them;

Whereas, moreover, in order to bring together in a single Regulation all the provisions regarding imports into the Community of agricultural products originating in Turkey, it is desirable to incorporate in this Regulation the provisions laid down by Council Acts in implementation of the provisions of the Additional Protocol to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and Turkey;

Whereas Article 4 of Annex 6 to the Additional Protocol to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and Turkey provides for

a tariff reduction for imports into the Community of fresh lemons originating in Turkey; whereas, during the period of application of the reference prices this reduction is subject to the observance of a given price on the internal market of the Community; whereas the implementation of these arrangements requires the adoption of detailed rules for their application;

Whereas the proposed arrangements must be included in the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables; whereas it is therefore necessary to take account of the provisions of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables <sup>(2)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 795/76 <sup>(3)</sup>, and of those adopted pursuant to that Regulation;

Whereas Article 12 of Annex 6 to the Additional Protocol to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and Turkey stipulates that the levy on imports of durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey and transported direct from that country into the Community shall be the levy calculated in accordance with Article 13 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals <sup>(4)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3138/76 <sup>(5)</sup>, less 0.5 unit of account per tonne;

Whereas Article 13 of the abovementioned Annex stipulates that, on condition that Turkey applies a special charge on exports of rye into the Community, the levy on imports into the Community of that product, calculated in accordance with Article 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, shall be reduced by an amount equal to that of the charge paid up to a maximum of eight units of account per tonne;

Whereas it is necessary to stipulate, in accordance with the Additional Protocol, that the special charge referred to above shall be reflected in the price of rye imported into

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 93, 8. 4. 1976, p. 6.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 354, 24. 12. 1976, p. 1.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ No C 118, 16. 5. 1977, p. 68.

the Community; whereas, in order to ensure that the arrangements in question are properly implemented, it is necessary to adopt the necessary measures so that, on importing rye, the importer supplies proof that the special export charge has been paid by the exporter,

Customs Tariff and of fresh mandarins including tangerines and satsumas, clementines, satsumas and similar citrus hybrids falling within subheading 08.02 B of the Common Customs Tariff

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

**Article 1**

1. The customs duties applicable to imports into the Community of products listed in Annex I and originating in Turkey shall be reduced to the extent indicated for each of them.

2. Until 31 December 1977 and by way of derogation from paragraph 1, Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom shall be authorized to apply duties not lower than those listed in Annex II to imports of fresh oranges falling within subheading 08.02 ex A of the Common

**Article 2**

The fixed component of the duty charged on importation into the Community of the products listed in Annex III originating in Turkey shall be reduced to the extent indicated for each of them.

**Article 3**

For the products listed below originating in Turkey the customs duties on imports into the Community shall be reduced to the extent indicated for each of them provided that the reference prices fixed or to be fixed pursuant to Article 19 of Regulation (EEC) No 100/76 (1) are observed.

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of reduction %
03.01	Fish, fresh (live or dead), chilled or frozen.	
	B. Saltwater fish.	
	i. Whole, headless or in pieces.	
	e) Sharks	80
	f) Redfish ( <i>Sebastes marinus</i> )	80
	g) Halibut ( <i>Hippoglossus vulgaris</i> , <i>Hippoglossus reinhardtii</i> )	80
	h) Cod ( <i>Gadus morrhua</i> or <i>Gadus callarias</i> )	80
	ij) Coalfish ( <i>Pollachius virens</i> or <i>Gadus virens</i> )	80
	k) Haddock	80
	l) Whiting ( <i>Merlangus merlangus</i> )	80
	m) Mackerel	80
	o) Plaice	80
	p) Sea-bream of the species <i>Dentex dentex</i> and <i>Pagellus</i>	80
	q) Other	80

**Article 4**

1. For fresh lemons of subheading 08.02 ex C of the Common Customs Tariff, the tariff reduction provided for in Article 4 (3) of Annex 6 to the Additional Protocol shall be applicable where the quotations recorded on the representative Community markets at the importer/wholesaler stage, or converted to this stage, remain, for the product in question, at least as high as the price defined in paragraph 4

The quotations referred to in the first subparagraph shall be taken into consideration after customs clearance and deduction of import charges other than customs duties, the charges being those stipulated for the calculation of the entry price referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72

(1) OJ No L 20, 28.1.1976, p. 1

The product in question shall, where appropriate, be converted to Quality Class I pursuant to the third indent of the second subparagraph of Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72.

2. With respect to the deduction of the import charges other than customs duties which are referred to in the third indent of paragraph 3 of Article 24 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72, in so far as the prices disclosed to the Commission by Member States include the incidence of such charges, the sum to be deducted shall be calculated by the Commission so as to avoid difficulties which may result from the incidence of such charges on entry prices being dependent on the origin of the products concerned. In such cases an average amount corresponding to the arithmetic mean between the lowest and highest incidence of such taxes shall be taken into account in this calculation.

3. The representative markets for the purposes of paragraph 1 are the Community markets used for recording quotations on the basis of which the entry prices referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are calculated.

4. The price referred to in paragraph 1 shall be equal to the reference price in force during the period in question, plus the incidence on this price of the customs duties applicable to imports coming from non-member countries and a standard amount of 1.20 units of account per 100 kilograms.

5. Where the quotations referred to in paragraph 1, after customs clearance and deduction of import charges other than customs duties, remain, on the representative markets of the Community with the lowest quotations, lower than the price defined in paragraph 4 on three consecutive market days, the customs duties in force in respect of non-member countries on the date of import shall be applied to the product concerned.

These arrangements shall apply until the said quotations remain, on the representative markets of the Community with the lowest quotations, at least as high as the price defined in paragraph 4 on three consecutive market days.

6. The Commission, on the basis of the quotations recorded on the representative markets of the Community disclosed by the Member States, shall follow regularly the movement of prices and shall ascertain the levels referred to in paragraph 5.

The measures required shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 with regard to the application of countervailing duties on fruit and vegetables.

7. Articles 23 to 28 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 shall continue to apply.

#### Article 5

1. The following products, originating in Turkey, shall be allowed into the Community at a 2.5% *ad valorem* customs duty within the limit of an annual tariff quota of 25 000 tonnes.

CCT heading No	Description
08.05	Nuts, other than those falling within heading No 08.01, fresh or dried, shelled or not: ex G. Other: — Hazelnuts

2. Should paragraph 1 not apply to a full calendar year the quota shall be opened on a *pro rata* basis.

#### Article 6

The levies applied to Community imports of durum wheat and canary seed, produced in Turkey and transported direct from there to the Community, which fall within sub-headings 10.01 B and 10.07 ex D of the Common Customs Tariff respectively, shall be those calculated in accordance with Article 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, each minus 0.50 unit of account per tonne.

#### Article 7

1. The levy on imports of rye falling within heading No 10.02 of the Common Customs Tariff which is produced in Turkey and transported direct from there to the Community, shall be that calculated in accordance with Article 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 minus an amount equal to the special export charge levied by Turkey on exports to the Community of the said product but not exceeding eight units of account per tonne.

2. The provisions of paragraph 1 shall apply to all imports in respect of which the importer supplies proof of payment by the exporter of the special export charge, up to an amount exceeding neither the levy fixed in accordance with Article 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 on imports of rye into the Community nor eight units of account per tonne.

#### Article 8

The fixed component charged on importation into the Community of products listed below originating in Turkey shall be reduced by 50%.

CCT heading No	Description
11.07	A. Malt, roasted or not:
	II. Other:
	a) In the form of flour
	B. Roasted

**Article 9**

1. Where Turkey applies the special charge on exports of olive oil, other than refined olive oil falling within sub-heading 15.07 A II of the Common Customs Tariff, obtained entirely in Turkey and transported direct from that country to the Community, the levy on imports into the Community of that oil shall, according to the case, be the levy referred to in Article 13 of Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1707/73 (2), or that resulting from application of the tendering procedure provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 2843/76 (3), less:

- (a) 0.50 unit of account per 100 kilograms;
- (b) an amount equal to the special export charge imposed by Turkey on such oil within a limit of nine units of account per 100 kilograms, that amount being increased, until 31 October 1977, by nine units of account per 100 kilograms.

2. The arrangements set out in paragraph 1 shall be applied to all imports of olive oil for which the importer supplies proof upon importation that the special export charge referred to in the said paragraph has been reflected in the import price.

3. Where Turkey does not apply the special export charge, the levy imposed on imports into the Community of the oil as defined in paragraph 1, shall, according to the case, be the levy referred to in Article 13 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC or that resulting from application of the tendering procedure provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 2843/76, less 0.50 unit of account per 100 kilograms.

**Article 10**

1. Without prejudice to the collection of the variable component, the fixed component of the levy shall be re-

(1) OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66

(2) OJ No L 175, 29. 6. 1973, p. 5

(3) OJ No L 327, 26. 11. 1976, p. 4.

duced by 80% on imports into the Community of olive oil having undergone a refining process, falling within sub-heading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff, wholly obtained in Turkey and transported direct from that country to the Community

2. The levy referred to in paragraph 1 shall be fixed by the Commission.

**Article 11**

1. For prepared and preserved sardines falling within sub-heading 16.04 F of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Turkey, the customs duty on imports into the Community shall be reduced by 40% subject to observance of the minimum prices fixed in accordance with the following paragraphs.

2. Until 30 June 1978 the minimum prices referred to in paragraph 1 shall be those specified in Annex IV. The prices for the period beginning 1 July 1978 shall not be lower than those specified in the said Annex, as updated by exchange of letters between the Contracting Parties in order to take account of the trend of costs for the products in question.

3. From 1 July 1979 the minimum prices referred to in paragraph 1 shall be agreed by annual exchanges of letters between the Contracting Parties.

4. The reduction of the customs duty referred to in paragraph 1 shall apply only from the date and for the periods determined by exchanges of letters laying down the technical rules for applying this Article.

**Article 12**

1. For the products listed below originating in Turkey the customs duty on imports into the Community shall be reduced as follows, subject to the terms agreed by exchange of letters being observed.

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of reduction %
20.02	Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid: ex cl. tomatoes Tomat. concentrates	30

2. The tariff reduction referred to in paragraph 1 applies only from the date and for the periods determined by ex-

changes of letters to be concluded each year between the Contracting Parties in order to fix the terms and detailed rules.

### Article 13

For the products listed below originating in Turkey the customs duty on imports into the Community shall be reduced by 30% within the limit of an annual Community tariff quota of 90 tonnes.

CCT heading No	Description
20.06	Fruit otherwise prepared or preserved, whether or not containing added sugar or spirit:  B. Other:  II. Not containing added spirit:  c) Not containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity:  1. Of 4.5 kg or more: ex aa) Apricots: — Apricot pulp

### Article 14

Where necessary, detailed rules for the application of this Regulation shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 26 of Regulation (EEC) No

2727/75 or, according to the case, in the corresponding Articles in other Regulations on the common organization of agricultural markets.

### Article 15

1. The following are repealed:

- Council Regulation (EEC) No 1233/71 of 7 June 1971 on imports of citrus fruit originating in Turkey <sup>(1)</sup>;
- Council Regulation (EEC) No 1235/71 of 7 June 1971 on imports of olive oil from Turkey <sup>(2)</sup>;
- Council Regulation (EEC) No 2754/75 of 29 October 1975 on imports of certain cereals from Turkey <sup>(3)</sup>;
- Council Regulation (EEC) 2755/75 of 29 October 1975 on the importation into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey <sup>(4)</sup>;
- Council Regulation (EEC) No 113/76 of 19 January 1976 on imports into the Community of fishery products originating in Turkey <sup>(5)</sup>.

2. References to the Regulations repealed under paragraph 1 shall be understood as applying to this Regulation.

Citations and references relating to the Articles of the said Regulations are to be read in accordance with the table of equivalence given in Annex V.

### Article 16

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 17 May 1977.

For the Council

The President

J. SILKIN

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 130, 16. 6. 1971, p. 51.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 130, 16. 6. 1971, p. 55.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 95.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 97.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ No L 20, 28. 1. 1976, p. 55.

ANNEX I

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of reduction %
01.01	Live horses, asses, mules and hinnies: A. Horses: II. For slaughter (a)	80
02.01	Meat and edible offals of the animals falling within heading No 01.01, 01.02, 01.03 or 01.04, fresh, chilled or frozen: A. Meat: ex I. Of horses, asses, mules and hinnies: — Of horses	80
03.01	Fish, fresh (live or dead), chilled or frozen: A. Freshwater fish: II. Eels B. Saltwater fish: I. Whole, headless or in pieces: c) Tunny	70    100
03.02	Fish, dried, salted or in brine; smoked fish, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process	60
03.03	Crustaceans and molluscs, whether in shell or not, fresh (live or dead), chilled, frozen, salted, in brine or dried; crustaceans in shell, simply boiled in water: A. Crustaceans: I. Crawfish II. Lobsters ( <i>Homarus</i> sp. p.) III. Crabs and freshwater crayfish IV. Shrimps and prawns B. Molluscs: IV. Other	100 100 100 100   60
06.01	Bulbs, tubers, tuberous roots, corms, crowns and rhizomes, dormant, in growth or in flower: B. In growth or in flower	50

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.



CCT heading No	Description	Rate of reduction %
08.02	Citrus fruit, fresh or dried: ex A. Oranges: — Fresh ex B. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clem- tines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids: — Fresh D. Grapefruit	       60      60  80
08.03	Figs, fresh or dried: A. Fresh	60
08.04	Grapes, fresh or dried: A. Fresh: I. Table grapes: ex a) From 1 November to 14 July: — From 15 November to 30 April	60
08.05	Nuts, other than those falling within heading No 08.01, fresh or dried, shelled or not: D. Pistachios E. Pecans ex G. Other: — Pine seeds	60 60 60
08.06	Apples, pears and quinces, fresh: C. Quinces	60
08.07	Stone fruit, fresh: D. Plums: ex II. From 1 October to 30 June: — From 1 May to 15 June	60
ex 08.09	Other fruit, fresh: — Melons, from 1 November to 31 May — Watermelons, from 1 April to 15 June	50 50
08.12	Fruit, dried, other than that falling within heading No 08.01, 08.02, 08.03, 08.04 or 08.05: A. Apricots B. Peaches, including nectarines D. Apples and pears E. Papaws F. Fruit salads: I. Not containing prunes G. Other	75 60 60 60 60 60 60

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of reduction %
12.03	<p>Seeds, fruit and spores, of a kind used for sowing:</p> <p>A. Beet seeds (a) <span style="float: right;">30</span></p> <p>C. Grass and other herbage seeds:</p> <p>ex I. Meadow fescue (<i>Festuca pratensis</i>) seed; vetch seed; seeds of the genus <i>Poa</i> (<i>Poa palustris</i>, <i>Poa trivialis</i>, <i>Poa pratensis</i>); rye grass (<i>Lolium perenne</i>, <i>Lolium multiflorum</i>); timothy grass (<i>Phleum pratense</i>); red fescue (<i>Festuca rubra</i>); cocksfoot grass (<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>); bent grass (<i>Agrostis</i>):</p> <p>— Vetch seed (b) <span style="float: right;">50</span></p>	
16.04	<p>Prepared or preserved fish, including caviar and caviar substitutes:</p> <p>ex F. Bonito (<i>Sarda</i> sp. p.) mackerel and anchovies:</p> <p>— Bonito (<i>Sarda</i> sp. p.) and mackerel <span style="float: right;">16</span></p>	
16.05	<p>Crustaceans and molluscs, prepared or preserved <span style="float: right;">60</span></p>	
20.01	<p>Vegetables and fruit, prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid, with or without sugar, whether or not containing salt, spices or mustard:</p> <p>ex B. Other:</p> <p>— Excluding gherkins <span style="float: right;">60</span></p>	
20.02	<p>Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid:</p> <p>ex C. Tomatoes:</p> <p>— Peeled tomatoes <span style="float: right;">30</span></p> <p>D. Asparagus <span style="float: right;">20</span></p> <p>F. Capers and olives <span style="float: right;">70</span></p> <p>G. Peas; beans in pod <span style="float: right;">20</span></p> <p>ex H. Other, including mixtures:</p> <p>— Excluding carrots and mixtures <span style="float: right;">60</span></p> <p>— Carrots, excluding mixtures <span style="float: right;">20</span></p> <p>— 'Türli' mixtures containing French beans, aubergines, courgettes and various other vegetables <span style="float: right;">50</span></p>	
20.05	<p>Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit purée and fruit pastes, being cooked preparations, whether or not containing added sugar:</p> <p>C. Other:</p> <p>ex III. Other:</p> <p>— Fig purée <span style="float: right;">60</span></p>	

(a) This concession is solely for seeds complying with the provisions of the Directives on the marketing of seeds and plants.  
 (b) This concession is solely for commercial seed within the meaning of Article 2 D of Council Directive 66/401/EEC of 14 June 1966 (O) No 125, 11. 7. 1966).

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of reduction %
20.06	<p>Fruit otherwise prepared or preserved, whether or not containing added sugar or spirit:</p> <p>A. Nuts (including groundnuts), roasted</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p>II. Not containing added spirit:</p> <p>a) Containing added sugar in immediate packings of a net capacity of more than 1 kg:</p> <p>2. Grapefruit segments</p> <p>7. Peaches and apricots:</p> <p>ex aa) With sugar content exceeding 13% by weight:</p> <p>— Apricots</p> <p>ex bb) Other:</p> <p>— Apricots</p> <p>ex 8. Other fruits:</p> <p>— Grapefruit</p> <p>b) Containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity of 1 kg or less:</p> <p>2. Grapefruit segments</p> <p>ex 8. Other fruits:</p> <p>— Grapefruit</p> <p>c) Not containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity:</p> <p>1. Of 4.5 kg or more:</p> <p>ex aa) Apricots:</p> <p>— Apricot halves</p> <p>ex dd) Other fruits:</p> <p>— Grapefruit</p> <p>2. Of less than 4.5 kg:</p> <p>ex bb) Other fruits and mixtures of fruit:</p> <p>— Grapefruit</p>	<p>60</p> <p>80</p> <p>20</p> <p>20</p> <p>80</p> <p>80</p> <p>80</p> <p>20</p> <p>80</p> <p>80</p>
20.07	<p>Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices, whether or not containing added sugar, but unfermented and not containing spirit:</p> <p>A Of a specific gravity exceeding 1.33 at 15 °C:</p> <p>III. Other:</p> <p>ex a) Of a value exceeding 30 u.s. per 100 kg net weight:</p> <p>— Grapefruit</p> <p>ex b) Of a value not exceeding 30 u.s. per 100 kg net weight:</p> <p>— Grapefruit</p>	<p>70</p> <p>70</p>



ANNEX II

Minimum residual duties which may be applied under the terms of Article 1 (2)

I. DENMARK

Danish Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Rate of duty 1. 1. 1977
1	2	3
08.02	<p>Citrus fruit, fresh or dried:</p> <p>A. Oranges:</p> <p>I Sweet oranges, fresh:</p> <p>a) From 1 to 30 April</p> <p>b) From 1 to 15 May</p> <p>c) From 16 May to 15 October</p> <p>d) From 16 October to 31 March</p> <p>II. Other:</p> <p>ex a) From 1 April to 15 October:</p> <p>— Fresh</p> <p>ex b) From 16 October to 31 March:</p> <p>— Fresh</p> <p>ex B. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids:</p> <p>1. Fresh</p>	<p>2.6%</p> <p>1.2%</p> <p>0.8%</p> <p>4%</p> <p>3%</p> <p>4%</p> <p>4%</p>

II. IRELAND

Irish Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Rate of duty 1. 1. 1977
1	2	3
08.02	<p>Citrus fruit, fresh or dried:</p> <p>A. Oranges:</p> <p>I. Sweet oranges, fresh:</p> <p>a) From 1 to 30 April</p> <p>b) From 1 to 15 May</p> <p>c) From 16 May to 15 October</p> <p>d) From 16 October to 31 March</p> <p>ii. Other:</p> <p>a) From 1 April to 15 October:</p> <p>1. Fresh</p> <p>b) From 16 October to 31 March:</p> <p>1. Fresh</p> <p>B. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids:</p> <p>1. Fresh</p>	<p>2.6%</p> <p>1.2%</p> <p>0.8%</p> <p>4%</p> <p>3%</p> <p>4%</p> <p>4%</p>

III. UNITED KINGDOM

United Kingdom Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Rate of duty 1. 1. 1977
08.02	<p>Citrus fruit, fresh or dried:</p> <p>A. Oranges:</p> <p>I. Sweet oranges fresh:</p> <p>a) From 1 to 30 April</p> <p>b) From 1 to 15 May</p> <p>c) From 16 May to 15 October</p> <p>d) From 16 October to 31 March:</p> <p>1. From 16 October to 30 November</p> <p>2. From 1 December to 31 March</p> <p>II. Othe.:</p> <p>a) From 1 April to 15 October:</p> <p>1. Fresh</p> <p>b) From 16 October to 31 March:</p> <p>1. Fresh:</p> <p>aa) From 16 October to 30 November</p> <p>bb) From 1 December to 31 March</p> <p>B. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids:</p> <p>I. Fresh:</p> <p>a) From 1 April to 30 November</p> <p>b) From 1 December to 31 March</p>	<p>2.6% with minimum charge of £ 0.0688/100 kg</p> <p>1.2% with minimum charge of £ 0.0688/100 kg</p> <p>0.8% with minimum charge of £ 0.0688/100 kg</p> <p>4% with minimum charge of £ 0.0688/100 kg</p> <p>4.4%</p> <p>3% with minimum charge of £ 0.0688/100 kg</p> <p>4% with minimum charge of £ 0.0688/100 kg</p> <p>4.4%</p> <p>4% with minimum charge of £ 0.0688/100 kg</p> <p>4.4%</p>

ANNEX III

CCT heading No	Description	Amount of reduction %
19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products	75
21.07	<p>Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included:</p> <p>A. Cereals in grain or ear-form, pre-cooked or otherwise prepared</p> <p>E. Cheese fondues</p> <p>F. Other:</p> <p>ex I b) 2 cc)</p> <p>ex I c) 2 cc) — Crushed maize grains, pressure-cooked in water, containing added malt extracts, sugar and salt, intended for use as intermediary products in the manufacture of cornflakes and similar preparations</p> <p>ex I a) 2 bb)</p> <p>ex I a) 2 cc) — Products known as 'Bulgar wheat groats' namely partially husked, coarsely ground grains with a small quantity of whole grains, having undergone pre-cooking</p> <p>ex I a) 2 aa)</p> <p>ex I a) 2 bb)</p> <p>ex I b) 2 aa)</p> <p>ex I b) 2 bb) — Sweet potatoes for human consumption, prepared or preserved otherwise than by sugar or syrup</p> <p>ex I e) 1</p> <p>ex I e) 2</p> <p>ex I f) — Food preparations consisting of natural honey enriched with royal jelly</p>	<p>50</p> <p>50</p> <p>50</p> <p>50</p> <p>50</p> <p>50</p> <p>50</p>

ANNEX IV

(Until 30 June 1978)

Size		Net weight		semi-gross weight	Capacity	Coefficients	Minimum prices (customs duties included) in U.S. per carton 100 units	
Trade specifications	Total height (mm)	Ounces	Grams	Grams	cm <sup>3</sup>		Comments	
							no olive oil	with olive oil
Rectangular base								
1/16 club	20	2	56	95	53	0-60	11-70	10-80
1/8 club	25	2 3/8	80	120	75	0-70	13-65	12-60
1/4 reduced	18	2 3/8	74	130	73	0-77	15-02	13-86
1/8 club	30	3 1/4	90	140	93	0-80	15-60	14-40
1/8 special	25	3 1/8	90	140	90	0-85	16-58	15-30
1/8 low flat	24	3 3/8	95	145	96	0-90	17-55	16-20
1/4 club	30	4 3/8	125	190	125			
1/8 P 25				176	125			
1/4 usual	22	3 3/4	105	180	106	1-00	19-50	18-00
1/8 (club 30)				188	130			
1/4 usual	24	4 3/8	125	195	125	1-10	21-45	19-80
1/4 usual	30	5 1/4	150	240	169			
1/4 club	40	6 1/4	175	250	178	1-30	25-35	23-40
1/8 P 30				250	187			
1/4 American	30	7	200	300	207	1-60	31-20	28-80
1/4 usual	40	9 1/4	260	326	250			
1/8 P				337	250	1-80	35-10	32-40
1/4 club long	40	8 3/8	248	320	241			
1/2 low	30	9 1/4	260	370	245	2-20	42-90	39-60
1/4 usual long	40	11 1/8	325	423	313	2-50	48-75	45-00
1/4 usual	48	11	310	390	297	2-60	50-70	46-80
1/8 large	40	11 1/8	325	460	330	2-70	52-65	48-60
1/8 P				476	375			
1/4				902	750	4-65	90-68	83-70
3/4	80	27 1/4	780	950	771			
Oval base:								
1/8 oval	40	15	425	555	452	3-40	66-30	61-20

(From 1 July 1978 to 30 June 1979)

Size		Net weight		Semi-gross weight	Capacity	Coefficients	Minimum prices (customs duties included) in u.s. per carton 100 tins	
Trade specifications	Total height (mm)	Ounces	Grams	Grams	cm <sup>3</sup>		Community:	
							in olive oil	other
<b>Rectangular base:</b>								
1/10 club	20	2	56	95	53	0-60	12-30	11-40
1/8 club	25	2 1/2	80	120	75	0-70	14-35	13-30
1/4 reduced	18	2 1/2	74	130	73	0-77	15-79	14-63
1/8 club	30	3 1/2	90	140	93	0-80	16-40	15-20
1/4 special	25	3 1/2	90	140	90	0-85	17-45	16-15
1/8 low plat	24	3 1/2	95	145	96	0-90	18-45	17-10
1/8 club	30	4 1/2	125	190	125			
1/8 P 25				176	125			
1/4 usual	22	3 1/2	105	180	106	1-00	20-50	19-00
1/8 (club 30)				188	130			
1/4 usual	24	4 1/2	125	195	125	1-10	22-55	20-90
1/4 usual	30	5 1/2	150	240	169			
1/4 club	40	8 1/2	175	250	178	1-30	26-65	24-70
1/8 P 30				250	187			
1/8 American	30	7	200	300	207	1-60	32-80	30-40
1/4 usual	40	9 1/2	260	326	250			
1/8 P				337	250	1-80	36-90	34-20
1/4 club long	40	8 1/2	248	320	241			
1/8 low	30	9 1/2	260	370	245	2-20	45-10	41-80
1/8 usual long	40	11 1/2	325	423	313	2-50	51-25	47-50
1/8 usual	48	11	310	390	297	2-60	53-30	49-40
1/8 large	40	11 1/2	325	460	330	2-70		
1/8 P				476	375		55-35	51-30
1/4				902	750			
1/8	80	27 1/2	780	950	71	4-65	95-33	88-35
<b>Oval base:</b>								
1/8 oval	40	15	425	555	452	3-40	69-70	64-60

ANNEX V

TABLE OF EQUIVALENCE

<b>Regulation (EEC) No 1233/71</b>	<b>This Regulation</b>
<i>Article</i>	<i>Article</i>
1	4 (1) <sup>(1)</sup>
2 (1)	4 (1)
2 (2), first subparagraph	4 (2)
2 (2), second subparagraph	14
2 (3)	4 (3)
3	4 (4)
4	4 (5)
5	4 (6)
6	4 (7)
<b>Regulation (EEC) No 2754/75</b>	<b>This Regulation</b>
<i>Article</i>	<i>Article</i>
1	6
2	7 (1)
3	7 (2)
4	14
<b>Regulation (EEC) No 2755/75</b>	<b>This Regulation</b>
<i>Article</i>	<i>Article</i>
2	8
3	2
4	5 <sup>(2)</sup>
<b>Annex II</b>	<b>Annex II</b>
<b>Regulation (EEC) No 113/76</b>	<b>This Regulation</b>
<i>Article</i>	<i>Article</i>
1	Article 1 (1) and Annex I <sup>(2)</sup>

---

<sup>(1)</sup> Only for lemons of subheading 08.02 ex C of the Common Customs Tariff.

<sup>(2)</sup> This equivalence applies only for a quantity of 21 700 tonnes of products falling within subheading ex 08.05 G of the Common Customs Tariff.

<sup>(3)</sup> This equivalence applies only for the products referred to in the corresponding Article of the repealed Regulation.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1181/77

of 17 May 1977

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Turkey

(OJ No L 142, 9.6.1977)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament (1),

Whereas Article 13 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey (2) provides for the opening by the Community of an annual Community tariff quota of 90 tonnes for apricot pulp, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Turkey; whereas the customs duties applicable within the limits of that tariff quota correspond to 70% of the customs duties actually applied in respect of non-member countries; whereas the tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for the abovementioned volume for the period 1 July 1977 to 30 June 1978; whereas, with regard to the new Member States, it should be noted that Article 2 of the Interim Agreement concluded pending the entry into force of the Additional Protocol signed at Ankara on 30 June 1973 (3) lays down that the reductions in customs duties which are provided for pursuant to the Association Agreement shall be applicable in the new Member States, in accordance with the percentages and timetable laid down, upon the entry into force of that Agreement; whereas the rates to which the new Member States shall apply those reductions shall be those which they apply at any given moment to non-member countries;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to guarantee all importers of the Community equal and uninterrupted access to the quota and uninterrupted application of the rates

laid down for that quota to all imports of the product in question into the Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas having regard to the above principles the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, to reflect most accurately the actual development of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, assessed by reference both to the statistics relating to imports from Turkey over a representative reference period and to the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports of each Member State from Turkey have been negligible or non-existent; whereas those data cannot therefore be considered as representative to serve as a basis for allocation of the quota volume among the Member States; whereas it is difficult to estimate imports by Member States for 1977 because of the absence of truly representative figures for previous years; whereas, consequently, the only solution seems to be to allocate a large part of the quota volume to the Community reserve and to allocate one seventh of the balance to the Benelux countries, Denmark, Germany, France, Ireland, Italy and the United Kingdom;

Whereas the initial shares may be used up fairly quickly; whereas, therefore, to avoid disruption of supplies any Member State which has almost used up its initial share, shall draw a supplementary share from the Community reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as each one of its supplementary shares is almost used up, and as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and supplementary shares must be valid until the end of the quota period, whereas this form of administration requires close collaboration between the Member States and the Commission, and the Commission must be in a position to follow the extent to which the tariff quota has been used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas it, at a given date in the quota period, a considerable quantity of a share remains in any Member State, it is essential that that State should return a significant propo-

1) OJ No C 118, 16. 5. 1977, p. 67.

2) See page 10 of this Official Journal.

3) OJ No L 277, 3. 10. 1973, p. 2

tion to the reserve in order to avoid part of the Community quota remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any measure concerning the administration of the shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

ing the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15% of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90% or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions imposed by paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5% of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90% or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the same conditions, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue to apply until the reserve is used up

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1 to 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there are grounds for believing that those fixed may not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

#### *Article 1*

1. From 1 July 1977 until 30 June 1978, a Community tariff quota of 90 tonnes shall be opened in the Community for apricot pulp, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Turkey.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota, the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be partially suspended at a rate of 11.9%.

3. Within the limits of this tariff quota, the new Member States shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Act of Accession, the Interim Agreement and Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77.

#### *Article 2*

1. A first instalment of 35 tonnes shall be allocated among the Member States; the respective shares of the Member States, which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid from 1 July 1977 to 30 June 1978, shall be as follows:

Benelux	5 tonnes,
Denmark	5 tonnes,
Germany	5 tonnes,
France	5 tonnes,
Ireland	5 tonnes,
Italy	5 tonnes,
United Kingdom	5 tonnes.

2. The second instalment of 55 tonnes shall be held as the Community reserve.

#### *Article 3*

1. If 90% or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 is applied, has been used up, that Member State shall without delay, by notify-

#### *Article 4*

Supplementary shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 30 June 1978.

#### *Article 5*

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 April 1978, the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 March 1978, is in excess of 20% of the initial amount. They may return a larger quantity if there are reasons to believe that such quantity might not be used.

Member States shall, not later than 1 April 1978, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the said goods imported up to and including 15 March 1978 and charged against the Community tariff quota and any quantities of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

#### *Article 6*

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3

and shall, as soon as it has been notified, inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States not later than 5 April 1978, of the amount still in reserve after amounts have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which uses up the reserve is limited to the balance available and to this end shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State making the last drawing.

*Article 7*

1. Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that supplementary shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares in the Community tariff quota.
2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the said goods established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. Member States shall charge imports of the said goods against their shares as and when such goods are entered for home use.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

*Article 8*

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

*Article 9*

Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is observed.

*Article 10*

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 17 May 1977.

*For the Council*

*The President*

J. SILKIN

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1182/77

of 17 May 1977

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for fresh or dried hazelnuts, shelled or otherwise, falling within subheading ex 08.05 G of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Turkey

(OJ No L 142, 9.6.1977)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament <sup>(1)</sup>,

Whereas Article 5 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey <sup>(2)</sup>, which enters into force on 1 July 1977, provides for the opening by the Community of a Community tariff quota of 25 000 tonnes at a duty rate of 2.5% for fresh or dried hazelnuts, shelled or otherwise, falling within subheading ex 08.05 G of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Turkey; whereas under paragraph 2 of the said Article, the *pro rata temporis* clause is applicable; whereas by Regulation (EEC) No 3055/76 <sup>(3)</sup>, the Council opened and allocated among the Member States, for 1977, for the products in question originating in Turkey, a Community tariff quota of 21 700 tonnes at a duty rate of 2.5%; whereas, for 1977, the volume of the tariff quota is fixed at 23 350 tonnes; whereas, with regard to the customs duty applicable in the new Member States, it should be noted that Article 2 of the Interim Agreement concluded pending the entry into force of the Additional Protocol signed at Ankara on 30 June 1973 <sup>(4)</sup> lays down that the reductions in customs duties which are provided pursuant

to the Association Agreement shall be applicable in the new Member States in accordance with the percentages and timetable laid down, upon the entry into force of that Agreement; whereas the rates to which the new Member States apply those reductions are those which they apply at any given moment to non-member countries; whereas the rates fixed as a result of the reductions regarding the products listed, in particular, in Annex 6 to the Additional Protocol — and which include hazelnuts — may in no case be lower than those applied by the new Member States with reference to the Community as originally constituted; whereas the reduction to be applied by the new Member States within the framework of the tariff quota under consideration must therefore, in certain cases, be limited to 80%; whereas, consequently, the tariff quota in question should be opened as laid down above for 1977 and provision should be made for charging against this quota the quantities imported from 1 January to 30 June 1977 and charged against the quota opened by Regulation (EEC) No 3055/76;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to guarantee all importers of the Member States equal and uninterrupted access to the said quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into the Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quotas can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, to reflect most accurately the actual development of the market in the products concerned, such allocation should be in proportion to the needs of the Member States, assessed by reference both to the statistics relating to imports from Turkey over a representative period, and to the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas, on the basis of the statistics at present available, imports into the Member States in 1973, 1974 and 1975 of the product concerned originating in Turkey have developed as follows and represent the following percentages of total imports into the Community:

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No C 133, 6. 6. 1977, p. 45.

<sup>(2)</sup> See page 10 of this Official Journal.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 350, 20.12.1976, p. 111.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 277, 3.10.1973, p. 2.

Member States	1973		1974		1975	
	tonnes	%	tonnes	%	tonnes	%
Germany	39 133	70.16	34 515	64.29	35 154	65.47
Benelux	3 323	5.96	4 500	8.38	5 284	9.84
France	6 170	11.06	5 680	10.58	6 084	11.33
Italy	2 062	3.70	2 473	4.61	1 653.5	3.08
Denmark	975	1.75	875	1.63	899	1.67
Ireland	201	0.36	619	1.15	30	0.06
United Kingdom	3 910	7.61	5 026	9.36	4 590	8.55
<b>Total</b>	<b>55 774</b>		<b>53 688</b>		<b>53 694.5</b>	

Whereas, taking into account these figures and the foreseeable development of the product concerned during 1977 and, in particular, the forecasts made by some Member States, the initial shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Germany	65.93
Benelux	10.14
France	8.20
Italy	0.25
Denmark	2.67
Ireland	1.66
United Kingdom	11.15

Whereas in order to take into account the import trends for the product concerned in the Member States, the quota volume should be divided into two instalments, the first instalment being allocated to the Member States and the second forming a reserve intended ultimately to cover the requirements of the Member States, should their initial share be used up; whereas, in order to ensure a certain degree of security to importers, the first instalment of the Community quota should be determined at a relatively high level, which under present circumstances could be approximately 80% of the quota volume;

Whereas the initial shares may be used up fairly quickly; whereas, therefore, to avoid disruption of supplies, any Member State which has almost used up its initial share, shall draw a supplementary share from the Community reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as each one of its supplementary shares is almost used up, and as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and supplementary shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this form of administration requires close collaboration between the Member States and the Commission, and the Commission must be in a position to follow the extent to which the tariff quota has been used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a specified date in the quota period, a considerable quantity of the initial share remains in any Member State, it is essential that the Member State should return a certain proportion thereof to the reserve, in order to avoid part of the Community quota remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others; whereas, taking into account the seasonal nature of imports, it seems appropriate to fix the quantity which may be returned at 40% of the initial share;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any measure concerning the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

#### Article 1

1. Until 31 December 1977, a Community tariff quota of 23 350 tonnes shall be opened in the Community for fresh or dried hazelnuts, shelled or otherwise, falling within subheading ex 08.05 G of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Turkey.
2. Within this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty shall be partially suspended at 2.5 %.
3. The new Member States shall apply within this Community tariff quota, the customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Act of Accession, the Interim Agreement and Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77.
4. This tariff quota shall be allocated and administered in accordance with the following provisions.

### Article 2

1. The tariff quota referred to in Article 1 (1) shall be divided into two instalments.
2. A first instalment, amounting to 19 000 tonnes, shall be shared among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1977, shall be as follows:

Germany	12 527 tonnes,
Benelux	1 927 tonnes,
France	1 558 tonnes,
Italy	48 tonnes,
Denmark	507 tonnes,
Ireland	315 tonnes,
United Kingdom	2 118 tonnes.

3. The second instalment of 4 350 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.
4. Imports of hazelnuts effected during the period 1 January to 30 June 1977 and charged against the tariff quota opened by Regulation (EEC) No 3055/76 shall be deducted from the shares allocated to the Member States and, where necessary, from the additional shares drawn from the Community reserve.

### Article 3

1. If 90% or more of any Member State's initial share, as laid down in Article 2 (2), or 90% of that share less the amount returned to the reserve, where Article 5 has been applied, has been exhausted, that Member State shall without delay, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15% of its initial share, rounded up to the next unit where appropriate, to the extent that the amount in the reserve allows.
2. If, after its initial share has been exhausted, 90% or more of the second share drawn by that Member State has been used, it shall, in the manner provided for in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5% of its initial share.
3. If, after its second share has been exhausted, 90% or more of the third share drawn by that Member State has been used, it shall, in the manner provided for in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall be applied until the reserve is exhausted.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, Member States may draw smaller shares than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that those

shares might not be used up. They shall inform the Commission of their reasons for applying this paragraph.

### Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1977.

### Article 5

Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1977, the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 September 1977, is in excess of 40% of the initial amount. They may return a greater portion if there are grounds for believing that such portion may not be used in full.

The Member States shall, not later than 1 October 1977, notify the Commission of the total imports of the products concerned effected under the Community quota up to 15 September 1977 inclusive and, where appropriate, the proportion of their initial shares that they are returning to the reserve.

### Article 6

The Commission shall keep account of the shares opened by Member States in accordance with Articles 2 and 3, and shall inform each of them of the extent to which the reserve has been used as soon as it receives the notifications.

The Commission shall, not later than 5 October 1977, notify the Member States of the state of the reserve after the return of shares pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that any drawing which uses up the reserve is limited to the balance available and, for this purpose, shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State which makes the final drawing.

### Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that supplementary shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that charges may be made without interruption against their accumulative shares of the Community quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the said products established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them or drawn from the reserve.

3. The Member States shall charge imports of the said goods against their shares as and when the goods are entered for home use.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

*Article 8*

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports of the products in question actually charged against their shares.

*Article 9*

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure the correct application of this Regulation.

*Article 10*

Council Regulation (EEC) No 3055/76 shall be repealed on the entry into force of this Regulation.

*Article 11*

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 17 May 1977

*For the Council*

*The President*

J. SILKIN

---

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1401/77  
of 28 June 1977

laying down detailed rules for the importation of olive oil originating in Turkey  
(OJ No L 158, 29.6.1977)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN  
COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European  
Economic Community,

*Article 1*

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey (1), and in particular Article 14 thereof,

Whereas by the said Regulation the Council adopted the rules for the application of the special arrangements for imports of olive oil from Turkey provided for in the Additional Protocol to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and Turkey, whereas detailed rules must be adopted for the application of those rules,

Whereas Article 9(1) thereof provides that when Turkey applies the special export charge on olive oil other than that which has undergone a refining process the levy applicable shall be reduced by 0.50 unit of account per 100 kilograms and by an amount equal to the special charge imposed, within a limit of nine units of account per 100 kilograms, such amount being increased, until 31 October 1977, by nine units of account per 100 kilograms,

Whereas, under Article 9(2) thereof, the arrangements for reducing the levy shall be applied to all imports in respect of which it can be proved that the special charge has been reflected in the import price; whereas, for the purpose of applying these arrangements, the importer must supply proof that he has refunded the charge concerned to the exporter;

Whereas, in order to ensure that these arrangements function properly, the importer must be able to inform the exporter of the amount both of the levy and of the charge refunded, which are applicable to the product imported,

Whereas Commission Regulations (EEC) No 1938/75 (2) and (EEC) No 1394/76 (3) laying down detailed rules for the importation of olive oil from Turkey, should be repeated,

Whereas the measures provided for in the Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Oil and Fat

1. The arrangements provided for in Article 9(1) and (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 shall apply where proof is supplied by the importer that he has refunded to the exporter, subject to the maximum referred to in paragraph 1 (b) thereof, the special export charge deductible at the time of importation into the Community.

2. For the purposes of this Regulation, 'the exporter' means the person indicated on certificate ATR 1.

3. The proof referred to in paragraph 1 may only be supplied by the submission of a receipt issued by a bank approved for the purpose into which the sum referred to in paragraph 1 has been paid by way of refund of the charge; such receipt must contain at least the following:

- the designation of the exporter,
- the number of the document ATR 1 relating to the transaction,
- the amount of the sum paid.

During the period 1 July to 31 October 1977, the receipt referred to above may also be issued by a bank established in the importing Member State with which Turkey has opened a special account for the purpose of refunding the charge in the currency of the abovementioned Member State. In this case, Turkey shall notify the Commission, which shall inform the importing Member State thereof without delay, of all relevant particulars concerning the opening of this account.

*Article 2*

The bodies responsible in the Member States for collecting the import levy shall issue to the importer a document containing the following information:

- (a) details of the export document as given under the heading 'Customs endorsement' on the document ATR 1 relating to the product concerned, or the number of that certificate,

(1) OJ No L 142, 8.6.1977, p. 10.

(2) OJ No L 198, 29.7.1975, p. 30.

(3) OJ No L 157, 18.6.1976, p. 23.

- (b) the net weight of the olive oil as recorded by the competent authorities at the time of completing the customs import formalities;
- (c) the rate of the levy calculated in accordance with Article 13 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC, or that resulting from the application of the tendering procedure provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 2843/76, applicable to the product concerned, less 0.50 unit of account per 100 kilograms;
- (d) the amount refunded by the importer to the exporter.

*Article 3*

Regulations (EEC) No 1938/75 and (EEC) No 1394/76 are hereby repealed.

*Article 4*

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1977.

**This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States**

Done at Brussels, 28 June 1977.

*For the Commission*

Finn GUNDELACH

*Vice-President*

---

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1694/77  
of 25 July 1977

extending for the sixth time the system of temporary partial suspension of the Common Customs Tariff duties on wine, originating in and coming from Turkey, provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 2823/71 (OJ No L 188, 28.7.1977)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament<sup>(1)</sup>,

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1847/76<sup>(2)</sup> extended, for the fifth time, the system of temporary partial suspension of the Common Customs Tariff duties on wine originating in and coming from Turkey, already provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 2823/71<sup>(3)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2916/75<sup>(4)</sup>; whereas, since the definitive system has not yet been adopted for Turkey, the provisional system should be extended under the same conditions as those under which it was set up, so as to avoid any interruption which might harm wine exports from that country to the Community; whereas its period of validity should end only on the date of the implementation of the definitive system,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION

*Article 1*

1. The customs duties on imports into the Community of wine of fresh grapes falling within heading No ex 22.05 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in and coming from Turkey, shall amount to 60 % of the Common Customs Tariff duties applicable on the date of importation.

2. Paragraph 1 shall apply only if the conditions set out in the first indent of the second subparagraph of Article 9 (3) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 816/70 of 28 April 1970 laying down additional provisions for the common organization of the market in wine<sup>(5)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 528/77<sup>(6)</sup>, are satisfied.

*Article 2*

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1977.

It shall be applicable until the implementation for Turkey of a definitive tariff system for the products in question.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 25 July 1977.

*For the Council*

*The President*

H. SIMONET

<sup>(1)</sup> Opinion delivered 8 July 1977 (not yet published in the Official Journal).

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 204, 30. 7. 1976, p. 4.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 285, 29. 12. 1971, p. 51.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 290, 8. 11. 1975, p. 1.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ No L 99, 5. 5. 1970, p. 1.

<sup>(6)</sup> OJ No L 69, 16. 3. 1977, p. 1

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2386/77

of 28 October 1977

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and Turkey fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Turkey, for the period 1 November 1977 to 31 October 1978

(OJ No L 278, 29.10.1977)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and Turkey fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A 1 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Turkey, for the period 1 November 1977 to 31 October 1978, is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

Having regard to Decision No 1/77 of the EEC-Turkey Association Council of 17 May 1977 on new concessions for imports of Turkish agricultural products into the Community, and in particular Annex IV thereto.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

*Article 2*

Whereas it is necessary to approve the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and Turkey fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A 1 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Turkey, for the period 1 November 1977 to 31 October 1978,

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

*Article 3*

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 28 October 1977.

*For the Council*

*The President*

G. SPITAELS

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community - Turkey fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Turkey, for the period 1 November 1977 to 31 October 1978

*Letter No 1*

Sir,

Annex IV to Decision No 1/77 of the EEC-Turkey Association Council of 17 May 1977 on new concessions for imports of Turkish agricultural products into the Community stipulates that for untreated olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A 1 of the Common Customs Tariff, the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 2 of that Decision is increased, in order to take account of certain factors and of the situation on the olive-oil market, by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of the said Article.

I have the honour to inform you that, having regard to the criteria specified in the aforementioned Annex IV, the Community will take the necessary steps to maintain the additional amount at nine units of account per 100 kilograms for the period 1 November 1977 to 31 October 1978.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm your Government's agreement to its content.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council  
of the European Communities*

*Letter No 2*

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today's date, which reads as follows:

'Annex IV to Decision No 1/77 of the EEC-Turkey Association Council of 17 May 1977 on new concessions for imports of Turkish agricultural products into the Community stipulates that for untreated olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A 1 of the Common Customs Tariff, the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 2 of that Decision is increased, in order to take account of certain factors and of the situation on the olive-oil market, by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of the said Article.

I have the honour to inform you that, having regard to the criteria specified in the aforementioned Annex IV, the Community will take the necessary steps to maintain the additional amount at nine units of account per 100 kilograms for the period 1 November 1977 to 31 October 1978.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm your Government's agreement to its content.'

I confirm the agreement of my Government to the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*For the Government  
of the Republic of Turkey*

---

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2387/77

of 28 October 1977

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey

(OJ No L 278, 29.10.1977)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament <sup>(1)</sup>,

Whereas Annex IV to Council Decision No 1/77 of the EEC-Turkey Association Council on new concessions for imports of Turkish agricultural products into the Community stipulates that the additional amount, if any, to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, falling within sub-heading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Turkey, is to be fixed for each year of application by an exchange of letters between the Community and Turkey;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 <sup>(2)</sup> implemented the abovementioned Decision, in particular as regards olive oil;

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 28 October 1977.

Whereas the Contracting Parties have agreed, by an exchange of letters, to fix the additional amount in question at nine units of account per 100 kilograms for the period 1 November 1977 to 31 October 1978;

Whereas Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 should accordingly be amended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

In Article 9 (1) (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77, the date '31 October 1977' is hereby replaced by '31 October 1978'.

*Article 2*

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

*For the Council*

*The President*

G. SPITAELS

---

<sup>(1)</sup> Opinion delivered on 14 October 1977 (not yet published in the *Official Journal*).

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2824/77

of 28 November 1977

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for fresh or dried hazelnuts, shelled or otherwise, falling within subheading ex 08.05 G of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Turkey (1978)

(OJ No L 331, 23.12.1977)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament (1),

Whereas under Article 5 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on the importation into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey (2), fresh or dried hazelnuts, shelled or otherwise, falling within subheading ex 08.05 G of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Turkey, are admitted on importation into the Community at a duty of 2.5 %, within the limit of a Community tariff quota of 25 000 tonnes; whereas the Community tariff quota concerned should therefore be opened for 1978;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure to all importers of the Member States equal and uninterrupted access to the said quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, to reflect most accurately the actual development of the market in the products concerned, such allocation should be in proportion to the needs of the Member States, assessed by reference both to the statistics relating to imports from Turkey over a representative period, and to the economic outlook for the quota period concerned

Whereas, on the basis of the statistics at present available, imports into the Member States in 1974, 1975 and 1976 of the product concerned originating in Turkey have developed as follows and represent the following percentages of total imports into the Community:

Member States	1974		1975		1976	
	tonnes	%	tonnes	%	tonnes	%
Germany	34 515	64.25	35 154	65.47	43 936	64.15
Benelux	4 500	8.38	5 284	9.84	5 662	8.27
France	5 680	10.58	6 084	11.33	9 543	14.93
Italy	2 473	4.61	1 653.5	3.06	2 065	3.07
Denmark	875	1.54	899	1.67	1 161	1.70
Ireland	619	1.15	30	0.06	140	0.20
United Kingdom	5 026	9.36	4 590	8.55	5 978	8.73
	53 688		694.5		68 485	

(1) OJ No C 241, 10. 10. 1977, p. 46

(2) OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10

Which, taking into account these figures and the foreseeable development of the product concerned during 1978 and, in particular, the forecasts made by some Member States, the initial shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Germany	65.93 %
Benelux	10.14 %
France	8.20 %
Italy	0.25 %
Denmark	2.67 %
Ireland	1.66 %
United Kingdom	11.15 %;

Whereas in order to take into account the import trends for the product concerned in the Member States, the quota volume should be divided into two instalments, the first instalment being allocated to the Member States, and the second forming a reserve intended ultimately to cover the requirements of the Member States, should their initial share be used up; whereas, in order to ensure a certain degree of security to importers, the first instalment of the Community quota should be determined at a relatively high level, which under present circumstances could be approximately 80 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the initial shares may be used up sooner or later; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and to avoid any break in continuity, it is important that any Member State which has used up almost all its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done as and when each of its additional shares in the quota is almost entirely used up, and repeated as often as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be available for use until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration calls for close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, which must in particular be able to observe the extent to which the quota volume is used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a specified date in the quota period, a considerable balance remains in any Member State, it is essential that the Member State should return a certain proportion thereof to the reserve, in order to avoid part of the Community quota remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others; whereas, taking into account the seasonal nature of imports, it seems appropriate to fix the transfer limit of 40 % of the initial share;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, all transactions concerning the administration of the shares granted to the abovementioned economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

1. During the period 1 January to 31 December 1978 a Community tariff quota of 25 000 tonnes shall be opened in the Community for fresh or dried hazelnuts, shelled or otherwise, falling within subheading ex 08.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Turkey.
2. Within this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty is suspended at 2.5 %.
3. This tariff quota shall be allocated and administered in accordance with the following provisions.

*Article 2*

1. The tariff quota referred to in Article 1 (1) shall be divided into two instalments.
2. The first instalment, amounting to 20 000 tonnes, shall be shared amongst the Member States; the shares which, subject to Article 3, shall be valid until 31 December 1978, shall be as follows:

Germany	13 186 tonnes,
Benelux	2 028 tonnes,
France	1 640 tonnes,
Italy	50 tonnes,
Denmark	534 tonnes,
Ireland	332 tonnes,
United Kingdom	2 230 tonnes.

3. The second instalment, amounting to 5 000 tonnes, shall constitute the reserve.

*Article 3*

1. If 90 % or more of any Member State's initial share, as laid down in Article 2 (2) — or 90 % of that share less the amount returned into the reserve,

where Article 5 has been applied — has been exhausted, that Member State shall without delay, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share in the quota equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up to the next unit where appropriate, to the extent that the amount in the reserve allows.

2. If after its initial share has been exhausted 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used, that Member State shall, in the manner provided for in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share

3. If after its second share has been exhausted 90 % or more of the third share drawn by that Member State has been used, it shall, in the manner provided for in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall be applied until the reserve is exhausted.

4. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, Member States may draw smaller shares than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that those shares might not be used up. They shall inform the Commission of their reasons for applying this paragraph

#### Article 4

Additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1978.

#### Article 5

Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1978, the unused portion of their initial shares which, on 15 September 1978, is in excess of 40 % of the initial amount. They may return a greater portion if there are grounds for believing that such portion may not be used in full

The Member States shall, not later than 1 October 1978, notify the Commission of the total imports of the products concerned effected under the Community quota up to 15 September 1978 inclusive and

where appropriate, the proportion of their initial shares that they are returning to the reserve.

#### Article 6

The Commission shall keep account of the shares opened by Member States in accordance with Articles 2 and 3, and shall inform each of them of the extent to which the reserve has been used as soon as it receives the notifications.

The Commission shall, not later than 5 October 1978 notify the Member States of the state of the reserve after the return of shares pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that any drawing which uses up the reserve is limited to the balance available and, for this purpose, shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State which makes the final drawing.

#### Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that supplementary shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that changes may be made without interruption against their accumulative shares of the Community quota

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the said products established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them or drawn from the reserve.

3. The Member States shall charge imports of the said goods against their shares as and when the goods are entered with customs authorities for home use.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

#### Article 8

On receipt of a request from the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports of the products in question actually charged against its shares

*Article 9*

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure the correct application of this Regulation.

*Article 10*

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 28 November 1977.

*For the Council*

*The President*

L. OUTERS

---

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2756/77

of 5 December 1977

opening and providing for the administration of a Community preferential ceiling for certain petroleum products refined in Turkey and establishing Community supervision of imports thereof  
(OJ No L 319, 14.12.1977)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas, pending the entry into force of the Supplementary Protocol signed in Ankara on 30 June 1973 containing the adjustments to be made to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and Turkey and to the Additional Protocol<sup>(1)</sup> consequent on the accession of new Member States, the Community has undertaken, in an Interim Agreement<sup>(2)</sup> which runs only for a limited period prior to the entry into force of this Supplementary Protocol, which is applicable until 31 December 1974 but which has been extended for 1978 in accordance with the terms laid down in Article 13 thereof, to implement certain provisions of the Supplementary Protocol relating to trade in goods, whereas under Article 6 of the Interim Agreement amending the first paragraph of the Sole Article of Annex 1 to the Additional Protocol, the Community must totally suspend the customs duties applicable to certain petroleum products falling within Chapter 27 of the Common Customs Tariff, refined in Turkey, within the limit of an annual Community tariff quota of 340 000 tonnes; whereas, for the products concerned, a provisional adjustment should be made to these tariff preferences, consisting essentially of substituting for the Community tariff quota a Community ceiling which amounts, after successive increases, to 391 000 tonnes, above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be reintroduced;

Whereas the application of the ceiling requires that the Community should be regularly informed of the trend of imports of these products refined in Turkey; whereas imports of these products should therefore be subject to a system of supervision;

Whereas this objective may be attained by means of an administrative procedure based on setting off imports of the products in question against the ceiling, at Community level, as and when these products are submitted to the customs authorities under cover of declarations that they have been made available for home use, whereas this administrative procedure must make provision for the reintroduction of the Common Customs Tariff duty as soon as the said ceiling has been reached at Community level;

Whereas this administrative procedure requires close and very rapid cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, which must be able to monitor the amounts set off against the ceiling and keep the Member States informed thereof; whereas this cooperation must be all the closer to enable the Commission to take adequate measures to reintroduce the Common Customs Tariff duty whenever the ceiling is reached,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION.

*Article 1*

1 From 1 January to 31 December 1978, the Common Customs Tariff duties shall, subject to Article 2 be totally suspended for the petroleum products, refined in Turkey, specified below, within a limit of a Community ceiling of 391 000 tonnes.

(1) OJ No L 293, 29.12.1973, p. 5  
(2) OJ No L 277, 3.10.1973, p. 2

CCF heading No.	Description
27.10	<p>Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals other than crude preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oil or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparation:</p> <p>A. Light oils</p> <p>    III For other purposes</p> <p>B. Medium oils</p> <p>    III For other purposes</p> <p>C. Heavy oils</p> <p>    I Gas oils:</p> <p>        c) For other purposes</p> <p>    II. Fuel oils:</p> <p>        c) For other purposes</p> <p>    III Lubricating oils, other oils</p> <p>        c) To be mixed in accordance with the terms of Additional Note 7 to Chapter 27 (a)</p> <p>        d) For other purposes</p>
27.11	<p>Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons</p> <p>B. Other</p> <p>    I Commercial propane and commercial butane</p> <p>        c) For other purposes</p>
27.12	<p>Petroleum jelly</p> <p>A. Crude</p> <p>    III. For other purposes</p> <p>B. Other</p>
27.13	<p>Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured</p> <p>B. Other</p> <p>    I Crude</p> <p>        c) For other purposes</p> <p>    II Other</p>
27.14	<p>Petroleum bitumen, petroleum coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals</p> <p>C. Other</p>

\* Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

2. Imports of the petroleum products referred to in paragraph 1 shall be subject to Community supervision.

3. Imports of the products shall be set off against the ceiling as and when they are submitted to the customs authorities under cover of a declaration that they have been made available for home use.

4. The extent to which the ceiling has been used shall be determined at Community level on the basis of the imports set off against it in the manner defined in paragraph 3.

5. Member States shall inform the Commission at the intervals and within the time limits specified in Article 3 of any imports effected in accordance with the above rules.

*Article 2*

As soon as the ceiling referred to in Article 1 (1) has been reached at Community level, the Commission

may issue a Regulation re-introducing the Common Customs Tariff duties applicable to third countries until the end of the calendar year.

*Article 3*

Member States shall forward to the Commission not later than the 15th day of each month a statement of the imports effected during the preceding month. If the Commission so requests, they shall forward this statement, in respect of 10-day periods, within five clear days of the expiry of each such 10-day period.

*Article 4*

The Commission shall take all necessary measures for the implementation of this Regulation in close cooperation with the Member States.

*Article 5*

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 December 1977.

*For the Council*

*The President*

A. HUMBLET

---

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2757/77

of 5 December 1977

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for certain textile products falling within heading Nos 55.05 and 55.09 and subheading ex 58.01 A of the Common Customs Tariff, coming from Turkey (1978)

(OJ No L 319, 14.12.1977)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas, pending the entry into force of the Supplementary Protocol signed in Ankara on 30 June 1973 containing the adjustments to be made to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and Turkey and to the Additional Protocol (1) consequent on the accession of new Member States, the Community has undertaken, in an Interim Agreement (2) which runs only for the period prior to the entry into force of this Supplementary Protocol which is applicable until 31 December 1974 but which has been extended for 1978 in accordance with the terms laid down in Article 13 thereof, to implement certain provisions of the Supplementary Protocol relating to trade in goods; whereas, under Article 6 of this Interim Agreement amending Article 1 of Annex 2 to the Additional Protocol, the Community must reduce by 75 % the customs duties on imports from Turkey of certain textile products falling within heading Nos 55.05 and 55.09 of the Common Customs Tariff, within the limit of annual Community tariff quotas of 390 tonnes for cotton yarn and 1 390 tonnes for woven fabrics of cotton; whereas the above-mentioned Article 6 allocates these Community tariff quotas as follows:

— for cotton yarn:

300 tonnes to the Community as originally constituted, 40 tonnes to Denmark, 10 tonnes to Ireland and 40 tonnes to the United Kingdom.

— for woven fabrics of cotton:

1 000 tonnes to the Community as originally constituted, 20 tonnes to Denmark, 10 tonnes to Ireland and 360 tonnes to the United Kingdom;

Whereas Article 14 of the said Supplementary Protocol only provides for such an allocation of tariff quotas between the Community as originally constituted and the three new Member States until 1 July 1977; whereas, moreover, following the end of the transitional period laid down in Article 39 of the Act of Accession, it is necessary to create a common system of administration of the tariff quotas concerned, consisting in each case of the opening of a single quota divided between all the Member States according to the usual criteria and the creation of a single Community reserve, open to all Member States;

Whereas it is desirable to provide for a provisional adjustment of the tariff advantages for these goods consisting of a total suspension of the customs duties of the Common Customs Tariff and an increase in the quotas, whereas the volumes of the quotas to be opened for 1978 are therefore 1 026 tonnes for cotton yarn and 2 415 tonnes for other woven fabrics of cotton

Whereas pursuant to Article 1 of Annex 2 to the Additional Protocol together with Article 2 of the Interim Agreement, for the duration of 1978 in particular, the Community must partially reduce the duties applicable in respect of third countries to carpets, carpeting and rugs, knotted (made up or not) of wool or of fine animal hair, (excluding hand-made carpets, carpeting and rugs) imported from Turkey, whereas it also appears advisable to improve this tariff advantage provisionally by means of a total suspension of the duties applicable to the products in question within a Community tariff quota fixed at a provisional level of 185 tonnes for 1978 and allocated in accordance with the same percentages as those adopted for 1977;

Whereas, it is necessary to guarantee to all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the above-mentioned quotas and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for those quotas to all imports of the product concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas in the light of the principles mentioned above, the Community

(1) OJ No L 293, 29. 12. 1972, p. 4.

(2) OJ No L 277, 3. 10. 1973, p. 2.

nature of the quotas can best be respected by allocating the Community tariff quotas among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect most accurately the actual development of the market in the product concerned, such allocation shall be in proportion to the needs of the Member States, assessed by reference both to the statistics of each State's imports from Turkey over a representative period and to the economic outlook for the quota period concerned; whereas, in spite of the limited need for imports from

Turkey of the products concerned, as shown by the statistics for the majority of the Member States the Community character of the tariff quotas concerned should be safeguarded by making provisions to cover needs which might arise in these Member States.

Whereas imports into the various Member States from Turkey were as follows during the last three years for which complete statistics are available:

	1974		1975		1976	
	tonnes	%	tonnes	%	tonnes	%
<i>Cotton yarn</i>						
Benelux	7 000	27.76	4 255	14.13	13 648	18.31
Denmark	0	0	127	0.42	13	0.02
Germany	6 333	25.11	14 196	47.15	25 000	33.54
France	1 806	7.16	1 044	3.47	2 389	3.21
Ireland	34	0.13	0	0	145	0.19
Italy	6 690	26.53	7 999	26.57	30 019	40.28
United Kingdom	3 357	13.31	2 485	8.26	3 319	4.45
	25 220		30 106		74 533	
<i>Other woven fabrics of cotton</i>						
Benelux	1 000	53.70	948	64.33	535	17.38
Denmark	2	0.11	11	0.75	36	1.17
Germany	456	24.49	151	10.25	1 100	35.74
France	194	10.42	95	6.45	481	15.63
Ireland	0	0	0.5	0.03	1	0.03
Italy	210	11.28	244	16.56	835	27.13
United Kingdom	0	0	24	1.63	90	2.92
	1 862		1 473.5		3 078	

Whereas, in view of these figures and foreseeable market trends for the products concerned during 1978, the initial shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

	Cotton yarn	Other woven fabrics of cotton
Benelux	16.16	20.08
Denmark	8.71	1.80
Germany	35.86	15.05
France	4.29	22.55
Ireland	2.27	0.92
Italy	23.99	7.50
United Kingdom	8.72	32.10

Whereas, in order to take into account the uncertainty of the import trends for the products concerned in the Member States, the quota volumes should be divided

into two tranches, the first tranche being allocated to the Member States, and the second held as a reserve intended ultimately to cover the requirements of those Member States which have used up their initial shares; whereas, in order to ensure a certain degree of security to importers, the first tranche should be determined at a relatively high level, which, under present circumstances, may be about 80 % of each quota volume;

Whereas the initial quota shares of the Member States may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, it is important that any Member State having used up almost the whole of one of its initial quota shares should draw an additional quota share from the corresponding reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional quota shares is almost entirely used up, and repeated as many times as each of the reserves allows;

whereas each of the initial and additional quota shares must be available for use until the end of the quota period, whereas this method of administration calls for close cooperation between Member States and the Commission, which must, in particular, be able to observe the extent to which the quota amount is used and inform Member States thereof;

Whereas, if at a specified date in the quota period a considerable balance remains in one or other Member State, it is essential that that Member State pays a percentage of it back into the corresponding reserve, in order to prevent a part of one or other of the Community quotas from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others.

Whereas since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any measure concerning the administration of the shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1978, Community tariff quotas shall be opened for the following products coming from Turkey:

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Quota
55.05	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale	1 026
55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton	2 415
58.01	Carpets, carpeting and rugs, knotted (made up or not)	
	A. Of wool or of fine animal hair:	
	II. Other, excluding hand-made carpets, carpeting and rugs	185

2. The Common Customs Tariff duties are totally suspended within these tariff quotas.

*Article 2*

1. A first tranche of each of the quotas referred to in Article 1, which shall be 792 tonnes for cotton yarn not put up for retail sale, 1 947 tonnes for other woven fabrics of cotton and 151 tonnes for carpets, carpeting and rugs of wool or fine animal hair, shall be shared among the Member States, the shares

which, subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1978, shall be as follows:

(tonnes)

Member States	CCT heading No		
	55.05	55.09	ex 58.01 A II
Benelux	128	391	14
Denmark	69	35	14
Germany	284	293	36
France	34	439	26
Ireland	18	18	2
Italy	190	146	18
United Kingdom	69	625	41
	792	1 947	151

2. The second tranche of each quota, amounting to 234, 468 and 34 tonnes respectively, shall make up the corresponding reserve.

*Article 3*

1. If 90% or more of one of any Member State's initial shares, as laid down in Article 2 (1) or 90% of that share less the amount returned to the corresponding reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, that Member State shall without delay, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share in the quota equal to 15% of its initial share, rounded up to the next unit where appropriate, to the extent that the amount in the reserve allows.

2. If, after one or other of its initial shares has been used up, 90% or more of the second share drawn by one of the Member States has been used up, that Member State shall, in the manner provided for in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5% of its initial share.

3. If, after one or other of its second shares has been used up, 90% or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, the latter shall, in the same manner, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This procedure shall be followed until the reserve has been exhausted.

4. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, Member States may draw smaller shares than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that those shares might not be used up. They shall inform the Commission of their reasons for applying this paragraph.

*Article 4*

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1978.

*Article 5*

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1978, the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 September 1978, is in excess of 20 % of the initial amount. They may return a greater portion if there are grounds for believing that such portion may not be used in full.

Member States shall, not later than 1 October 1978 notify the Commission of the total imports of the products concerned effected under the Community quotas up to and including 15 September 1978, and, where appropriate, the proportion of each of their initial shares that they are returning to each of the reserves.

*Article 6*

The Commission shall keep account of the shares opened by Member States in accordance with Articles 2 and 3, and shall inform each of them of the extent to which the reserves have been used as soon as it receives the notifications.

It shall, not later than 5 October 1978, notify the Member States of the state of each of the reserves after the return of shares pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that any drawing which uses up a reserve is limited to the balance available and, for this purpose, shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State which makes the final drawing.

*Article 7*

1. Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that, when additional shares are drawn

pursuant to Article 3, it is possible for imports to be counted without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community tariff quotas.

2. Member States shall ensure for importers of the products concerned established in their territory free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. Member States shall charge imports of the said goods against their shares as and when the goods are entered with customs authorities for home use.

4. The extent to which the Member States' shares have been used up shall be established on the basis of imports counted in accordance with paragraph 3.

*Article 8*

On receipt of a request from the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

*Article 9*

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure that the provisions of this Regulation are complied with.

*Article 10*

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 December 1977.

*For the Council*  
*The President*  
A. HUMBLET

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2758/77

of 5 December 1977

on the total or partial suspension of Common Customs Tariff duties on certain agricultural products originating in Turkey  
(OJ No L 319, 14.12.1977)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 44 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1059/69 of 28 May 1969 laying down the trade arrangements applicable to certain goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products<sup>(1)</sup>, as last amended by Council Regulation (EEC) No 3058/75<sup>(2)</sup>, and in particular Article 12 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament<sup>(3)</sup>,

Whereas, under Annex 6 of the Additional Protocol laying down the conditions, procedures and timetables for implementing the transitional phase pursuant to Article 4 of the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and Turkey, and under Article 1 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and Turkey consequent on the Accession of new Member States to the Community, the Community must totally or partially suspend the Common Customs Tariff or duties applicable to certain products whereas it also appears necessary on a provisional basis to adjust or supplement some of these tariff advantages provided for in the abovementioned Annex 6, whereas the Community should, with regard to the products originating in Turkey contained in the list annexed to this Regulation, suspend until 31 December 1978 either the fixed component of the charge applicable to the goods coming under Regulation (EEC) No 1059/69 or the customs duty applicable to the other products, at the levels indicated for each of them,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION

*Article 1*

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1978, the products originating in Turkey listed in the Annex hereto shall be admitted for import into the Community at the customs duties indicated for each of them

2. For the purposes of application of this Regulation, 'originating products' shall mean those products

which fulfil the conditions laid down in Association Council Decision 4/72 of 29 December 1977 annexed to Regulation (EEC) No 428/73<sup>(4)</sup>, amended by Decision 1/75 of 26 May 1975 annexed to Regulation (EEC) No 1431/75<sup>(5)</sup>.

The methods of administrative cooperation which ensure that the products listed in the Annexes benefit from the total or partial suspension shall be those laid down in Association Council Decision 5/72 of 29 December 1972 annexed to Regulation (EEC) No 428/73

*Article 2*

When the imports of products benefiting from the arrangements provided for in Article 1 come into the Community in quantities or at prices which cause or threaten to cause serious loss to Community producers of similar products or directly competitive products, the Common Customs Tariff duties may be partially or wholly reintroduced for the products in question. These measures may also be taken in the event of serious loss or the threat of serious loss limited to a single region of the Community.

*Article 3*

1. In order to ensure the application of Article 2, the Commission may decide by means of a Regulation to reintroduce Common Customs Tariff duties for a limited period.

2. Where the Commission has been requested by a Member State to take action it shall take a decision within a maximum period of 10 working days from receipt of the request and shall inform the Member States of the action taken.

3. Any Member State may refer the Commission's action to the Council within a period of 10 working days following the day of its notification. The intervention of the Council shall not have a suspensory effect. The Council shall meet without delay. It may by a qualified majority amend or annul the measure taken.

*Article 4*

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1978.

(1) OJ No L 141, 12. 6. 1969, p. 1.

(2) OJ No L 306, 26. 11. 1975, p. 3.

(3) OJ No C 299, 12. 12. 1977, p. 54.

(4) OJ No L 59, 5. 3. 1973, p. 73.

(5) OJ No L 142, 4. 6. 1975, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 December 1977.

*For the Council*

*The President*

A. HUMBLET

---



CCI heading No	Description	Rate of duty
07.03	Vegetables provisionally preserved in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions, but not specially prepared for immediate consumption  ex E Other vegetables - Okra ( <i>Hibiscus esculentus</i> L. or <i>Abelmoschus esculentus</i> (L.) Moench)	Free
07.04	Dried, dehydrated or evaporated vegetables, whole, cut, sliced, broken or in powder but not further prepared  ex B Other - Mushrooms, excluding cultivated mushrooms - Horse-radish ( <i>Cochlearia armoracia</i> )	8 % Free
07.06	Manioc, arrowroot, salep, Jerusalem artichokes, sweet potatoes and other similar roots and tubers with high starch or inulin content, fresh or dried, whole or sliced; sago pith:  B. Other	Free
08.01	Dates, bananas, coconuts, Brazil nuts, cashew nuts, pineapples, avocados, mangoes, guaves and mangosteens, fresh or dried, shelled or not  ex B Bananas Dried	10 %
08.02	Citrus fruit, fresh or dried  ex E Other - Limes and limettes ( <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> , var. <i>Lumia</i> and var. <i>Limetta</i> )	9.6 %
08.05	Nuts other than those falling within heading No 08.01, fresh or dried, shelled or not  D. Pistachios E. Pecans ex G. Other (excluding hazelnuts)	Free Free Free
08.07	Stone fruit, fresh:  E. Other	7 %
08.08	Berries, fresh:  F. Other	6 %
ex 08.09	Other fruit, fresh:  - Rose-hips fruit - Watermelons, from 1 November to 31 March - Other (excluding melons and watermelons)	Free 6.5 % 6 %

CCT heading No.	Description	R. %
08.10	Fruit (whether or not cooked), preserved by freezing, not containing added sugar : ex A. Bilberries (fruit of the <i>Vaccinium myrtillus</i> ), blackberries (brambleberries), mulberries and cloudberrries ex B. Other — Quinces — Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.02 D, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons	9 %        11 %  8 %
08.11	Fruit provisionally preserved (for example, by sulphur dioxide gas, in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions), but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption): C. Papaws D. Bilberries (fruit of the <i>Vaccinium myrtillus</i> ) ex E. Other: — Quinces — Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.02 D, 08.08 B and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons	Free 4 %   4 %  Free
08.12	Fruit, dried, other than that falling within heading No 08.01, 08.02, 08.03, 08.04 or 08.05: E. Papaws ex G. Other — Tamarind (pods, pulp)	Free   Free
08.13	Peel of melons and citrus fruit, fresh, frozen, dried or provisionally preserved in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions	Free
09.01	Coffee, whether or not roasted or free of caffeine, coffee husks and skins; coffee substitutes containing coffee in any proportion: A. Coffee: I. Unroasted: b) Free of caffeine II. Roasted: a) Not free of caffeine b) Free of caffeine B. Husks and skins C. Coffee substitutes containing coffee in any proportion	10 %   12 % 15 %  10 % 15 %
13.03	Vegetable saps and extracts; pectic substances, pectinates and pectates; agar-agar and other mucilages and thickeners, derived from vegetable products: B. Pectic substances, pectinates and pectates ex I. Dry, excluding apple, pear and quince pectic substances ex II. Other, excluding apple, pear and quince pectic substances	12 %  7 %

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
15.04	<p>Fats and oils, of fish and marine mammals, whether or not refined.</p> <p>A. Fish-liver oil:</p> <p>I. Of a vitamin A content not exceeding 2 500 international units per gram . . . . .</p>	<p>Free</p>
15.07	<p>Fixed vegetable oils, fluid or solid, crude, refined or purified:</p> <p>B. China-wood and oiticica oils, myrtle wax and Japan wax . . . . .</p> <p>C. Castor oil:</p> <p>II. Other . . . . .</p> <p>D. Other oils:</p> <p>I. For technical or industrial uses other than the manufacture of foodstuffs for human consumption (a):</p> <p>a) Crude:</p> <p>1. Palm oil . . . . .</p> <p>ex 3. Other, excluding linseed oil, groundnut oil, sunflower seed oil and colza oil . . . . .</p> <p>b) Other:</p> <p>ex 2. Other:</p> <p>— Palm kernel and coconut oil . . . . .</p> <p>II. Other:</p> <p>a) Palm oil:</p> <p>1. Crude . . . . .</p> <p>2. Other . . . . .</p> <p>b) Other:</p> <p>1. Solid, in immediate packings of a net capacity of 1 kg or less . . . . .</p> <p>2. Solid, other; fluid:</p> <p>ex aa) Crude:</p> <p>— Palm kernel and coconut oil . . . . .</p> <p>ex bb) Other:</p> <p>— Palm kernel and coconut oil . . . . .</p>	<p>Free</p> <p>6 %</p> <p>2.5 %</p> <p>2.5 %</p> <p>6.5 %</p> <p>4 %</p> <p>12 %</p> <p>18 %</p> <p>7 %</p> <p>13 %</p>
15.12	<p>Animal or vegetable oils and fats, wholly or partly hydrogenated, or solidified or hardened by any other process, whether or not refined, but not further prepared</p> <p>A. In immediate packings of a net capacity of 1 kg or less . . . . .</p> <p>B. Other . . . . .</p>	<p>16 %</p> <p>11 %</p>

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
15.17	Degras ; residues resulting from the treatment of fatty substances or animal or vegetable waxes : B. Residues resulting from the treatment of fatty substances or animal or vegetable waxes : II. Other : a) Oil foots and dregs , soapstocks b) Other	Free Free
16.02	Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal A. Liver : I. Goose or duck liver . . . . . B. Other : II. Game or rabbit meat or offal : — Game . . . . . — Rabbit . . . . . III. Other : b) Other : 1. Containing bovine meat or offal ex bb) Other : — Prepared or preserved bovine tongue 2. Other : aa) Ovine meat or offal . . . . . bb) Other . . . . .	14 % 9 % 14 % 17 % 18 % 16 %
16.04	Prepared or preserved fish, including caviar and caviar substitutes : A. Caviar and caviar substitutes : I. Caviar (sturgeon roe) II. Other . . . . . B. Salmonidae . . . . . ex F. Bonito ( <i>Sarda</i> spp) and mackerel . . . . . G. Other : I. Fillets, raw, coated with batter or breadcrumbs, deep frozen . . . . . II. Other . . . . .	12 % 16 % 4 % 19 % 10 % 10 %
16.05	Crustaceans and molluscs, prepared or preserved : ex B. Other, excluding shrimps of the <i>Crangon</i> spp type and snails . . . . .	6 %
18.06	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa : A. Cocoa powder, not otherwise sweetened than by the addition of sucrose . . . . . C. Chocolate and chocolate goods, whether or not filled ; sugar confectionary and substitutes therefor made from sugar substitution products, containing cocoa . . . . .	3 % + vc 10 % + vc with a max of 27 % + ads

CC7 Heading No	Description	Rate of duty
ex 19.04	Tapioca and sago, excluding tapioca and sago substitutes obtained from potato or other starches	4 % + vc
20.02	Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid	
	B Truffles	14 %
	E Sauerkraut	16 %
	ex H. Other, including mixtures Moringa oleifera (drumsticks)	Free
20.03	Fruit preserved by freezing, containing added sugar	
	ex A With a sugar content exceeding 13 % by weight Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.02 D, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons	12 % + (L)
	ex B. Other: — Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.02 D, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons	12 %
20.04	Fruit, fruit-peel and parts of plants, preserved by sugar (drained, glacé or crystallized)	
	B. Other	
	ex I With a sugar content exceeding 13 % by weight Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.02 D, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons	8 % + (L)
	ex II Other Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.02 D, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons	8 %
20.05	Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit purée and fruit pastes, being cooked preparations, whether or not containing added sugar.	
	B. Jams and marmalades of citrus fruit:	
	ex I. With a sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight, excluding orange jam and marmalade	19 % + (L)
	ex II. With a sugar content exceeding 13 % but not exceeding 30 % by weight, excluding orange jam and marmalade	19 % + (L)
	ex III Other, excluding orange jam and marmalade	19 %
	C. Other	
	I. With a sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight	
	ex b) Other — Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons	12 % + (L)



CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
20.06 (cont'd)	f) Mixtures of fruit:	
	1. With a sugar content exceeding 9 % by weight . . . . .	25 % + (L)
	2 Other . . . . .	25 %
	II Not containing added spirit	
	a) Containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity of more than 1 kg	
	3 Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas), clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids . . . . .	19 % + (L)
	4. Grapes . . . . .	18 % + (L)
	ex 8. Other fruits:	
	— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons . . . . .	8 % + (L)
	— Tamarind (pods, pulp) . . . . .	8 % + (L)
	9. Mixtures of fruit:	
	ex aa) Mixtures in which no single fruit exceeds 50 % of the total weight of the fruits:	
	— Mixtures of two or more fruits falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding melons and watermelons . . . . .	12 % + (L)
	b) Containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity of 1 kg or less	
	3 Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids . . . . .	20 % + (L)
	4. Grapes . . . . .	19 % + (L)
	ex 8. Other fruits:	
	— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons . . . . .	8 % + (L)
	9. Mixtures of fruit:	
	ex aa) Mixtures in which no single fruit exceeds 50 % of the total weight of the fruits:	
	— Mixtures of two or more fruits falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding melons and watermelons . . . . .	12 % + (L)

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
20.06 (cont'd)	<p>c) Not containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity :</p> <p>1. Of 4.5 kg or more :</p> <p>ex dd) Other fruits :</p> <p>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</p> <p>ex ee) Mixtures of fruit</p> <p>— Mixtures of two or more fruits falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding melons and watermelons, in which no single fruit exceeds 50 % of the total weight of the fruits</p> <p>2. Of less than 4.5 kg :</p> <p>ex bb) Other fruit and mixtures of fruit :</p> <p>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</p> <p>— Mixtures of two or more fruits falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding melons and watermelons, in which no single fruit exceeds 50 % of the total weight of the fruits</p>	<p>8 %</p> <p>12 %</p> <p>8 %</p> <p>12 %</p>
20.07	<p>Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices, whether or not containing added sugar, but unfermented and not containing spirit :</p> <p>A. Of a specific gravity exceeding 1.33 at 15 °C :</p> <p>III. Other :</p> <p>ex a) Of a value exceeding 30 u.a. per 100 kg net weight :</p> <p>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</p> <p>b) Of a value not exceeding 30 u.a. per 100 kg net weight :</p> <p>ex 1. With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight :</p> <p>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</p> <p>ex 2. Other :</p> <p>— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons</p>	<p>15 %</p> <p>15 % + (L)</p> <p>15 %</p>

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
20.07 (cont'd)	B. Of a specific gravity of 1.33 or less at 15 °C:	
	II. Other:	
	a) Of a value exceeding 30 u.a. per 100 kg net weight:	
	3. Lemon juice or other citrus fruit juices	
	ex aa) Containing added sugar:	
	— Excluding lemon juice . . . . .	13 %
	ex bb) Other:	
	— Excluding lemon juice . . . . .	13 %
	6. Other fruit and vegetable juices:	
	ex aa) Containing added sugar:	
	— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons	10 %
	— Other, excluding apricot and peach juices . . . . .	17 %
	ex bb) Other:	
	— Fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and watermelons	10 %
	— Other, excluding apricot and peach juices . . . . .	18 %
	7. Mixtures	
	ex bb) Other, excluding mixtures containing either separately or together, over 25 % of grape, citrus fruit, pineapple, apple, pear, tomato, apricot or peach juice:	
	11. Containing added sugar . . . . .	17 %
	22. Other . . . . .	18 %
	b) Of a value of 30 u.a. or less per 100 kg net weight:	
	4. Other citrus fruit juices:	
	aa) With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight: . . . . .	14 % + (L)
	bb) With an added sugar content of 30 % or less by weight . . . . .	14 %
	cc) Not containing added sugar . . . . .	15 %
	7. Other fruit and vegetable juices	
	ex aa) With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight:	
	— Of fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and water- melons	10 % + (L)
	— Other, excluding apricot and peach juices . . . . .	17 % + (L)

CCT heading No	Description	Rate
20.07 (cont'd)	<p>ex bb) With an added sugar content of 30 % or less by weight :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Of fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and water-melons . . . . .</li> <li>- Other, excluding apricot and peach juices . . . . .</li> </ul> <p>ex cc) Nor containing added sugar :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Of fruit falling within heading Nos 08.01, 08.08 B, E and F and 08.09, excluding pineapples, melons and water-melons . . . . .</li> <li>- Other, excluding apricot and peach juices . . . . .</li> </ul> <p>8. Mixtures :</p> <p>ex bb) Other, excluding mixtures containing, either separately or together, over 25 % of grape, citrus fruit, pineapple, apple, pear, tomato, apricot or peach juice :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>11. With an added sugar content exceeding 30 % by weight : . . . . .</li> <li>22. With an added sugar content of 30 % or less by weight . . . . .</li> <li>33. Not containing added sugar . . . . .</li> </ul>	<p>10 %</p> <p>17 %</p> <p>10 %</p> <p>18 %</p> <p>17 % + (L)</p> <p>17 %</p> <p>18 %</p>
21.07	<p>Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included :</p> <p>A. Cereals in grain or ear form, pre-cooked or otherwise prepared . . . . .</p>	<p>4 % + vc</p>
23.01	<p>Flours and meals, of meat, offals, fish, crustaceans or molluscs, unfit for human consumption ; greaves :</p> <p>B. Flours and meals of fish, crustaceans or molluscs . . . . .</p>	<p>Free</p>

