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8/9-1976



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PART 1

NEWS ITEMS

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#### STATISTICAL PROGRAMME OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES, 1977-1979

At the end of July the Commission approved a programme of statistical work covering the period 1977, 1978 and 1979, drawn up by the Statistical Office. It has been sent to Council with a request that Council should give its decision on the general lines of the programme. Simultaneously it has been sent, for information, to the Parliament and to the Economic and Social Committee.

This programme is the second in a series begun in July 1974 by the publication of a memorandum by the Statistical Office of the European Communities (EUROSTAT) setting out a work programme for the years 1975-1978. The first programme was circulated for information only.

The programme is divided into two parts. The first part describes the objectives and the general lines of the programme, the major sectors of activity in the next three years, the priorities and the resources. To underline the dynamic nature of these programmes, an indication is given of those projects, which on current form are likely to be the subject of proposals for development or revision in the next programme in the series. Finally, in order to set the present programme in a slightly longer-term context and to facilitate the discussion of the planning of the future workload of the statistical services of the Community, there is an indicative timetable for the major Community statistical surveys as far ahead as 1981.

The second part takes the form of an annex which sets out the detailed elements of the EUROSTAT programme - nearly 250 separate projects are listed. Many of these are inter-related and are summarised in some 30 principal themes. Alongside these details of the work of EUROSTAT there is information about projects of other Directorates General which are of statistical interest. The annex also includes an indicative programme of the statistical publications planned by EUROSTAT for the years 1977-1979.

Copies of the programme may be obtained on request from the Statistical Office.

#### Wages of permanent workers in agriculture in 1974

There are some 590 000 permanent workers in agriculture in the European Economic Community as a whole (1). This is one of the principal findings of a Community survey carried out for the first time in 1974 to obtain comparable information on the effective earnings of these wage-earners (2).

If the average hourly earnings of these workers are expressed in a common monetary unit, the Eur (3), a clear difference is apparent between the level of such earnings in the Federal Republic of Germany, the Netherlands and Denmark (2.03 to 2.33 Eur) and in France, Italy and the United Kingdom (1.08 to 1.24 Eur). The level in Belgium takes up an intermediate position (1.70 Eur), while in Luxembourg it is only 0.75 Eur (cf table 1) but the number of workers in Luxembourg is very small indeed.

- Permanent workers are defined as manual employees who are not members of the family and who are employed on a permanent basis on the holding, i.e. who can expect to be retained, full-time, continously and regularly for the whole year.
- (2) See Eurostat publication "Earnings of permanent workers in agriculture 1974" (Social statistics Nº 5/1975).
- (3) Cf Eurostat, Monthly bulletin of general statistics, Table 753.

#### <u>Table 1</u>

Number employed, hourly earnings and number of hours paid of permanent workers in agriculture in 1974 \*

		Average hour	l <b>y</b> earnings	Average monthly
	Number employed	in national currency	in Eur	number of hours paid
Federal Republic of Germany	44.863	6,53 DM	2,03	201
France	179.647	6,48 Ffr	1,08	204
Italy	126.981	931 Lit	1,15	187
Netherlands **	19.275	7,16 F1	2,13	201
Belgium	4.731	82,64 FD	1,70	177
Luxembourg	372	36,67 F1x	0,75	229
United Kingdom	178.360	66 <b>£</b>	1,24	207
Denmark	16 <b>.16</b> 1	16,93 Dkr	2,23	182

\* in April, except in the case of Germany and Italy where the data are for September

\*\* skilled workers only

For a correct appreciation of these discrepancies, it must be remembered that the structural characteristics of this type of labour may differ considerably from one country to another, and that the calculations into Eur had to be made on the basis of official exchange rates. Nevertheless, the information available on parities in terms of purchasing power for 1975 makes it reasonable to suppose that if it had been possible to include these in the 1974 calculations, the results and the conclusions would not have been fundamentally different.

It is also possible to compare within one and the same country the earnings of these agricultural workers with those of workers in industry (1), comparing as far as possible like with like (sex, size of holdings and undertakings, exclusion of benefits in kind). Compared in this way, the effective earnings of permanent workers in agriculture amount to 70 to 90 %, depending on the country, of the earnings of workers in industry (cf.Table 2).

(1) Cf. Eurostat, "Hourly earnings - hours of work", Nº 1/1976

#### Table 2

#### Hourly earnings of manual workers in agriculture and in industry in 1974 \*

	Industry	Agricul	ture
	in national currency	in national currency	as % of the hour- ly earnings of the worker in industry
Federal Republic			
of Germany	9,84 DM	8,09 DM	82,2
France	10,00 Ffr	8,20 Ffr	82,0
Italy	1.315 Lit	1.010 Lit	76,8
Netherlands	8,67 Fl	7,82 F1	90,2
Belgium	120,49 Fb	93,23 Fb	77,4
Luxembourg	140,32 F1x	72,14 F1x **	51,4
United Kingdom	(98 £) **	68 <b>£</b>	(70) **
Denmark	25,26 Dkr **	21,98 Dkr	87,0

- \* Wages of male manual workers employed in holdings or industrial undertakings with at least 10 wage-earners; the figures are for April 1974 except in the case of Germany and Italy where they are for September/ October.
- \*\* Agricultural holdings with at least 3 wage-earners.

\*\* Estimate.

\*\* Average hourly earnings of workers (men and women) in undertakings employing at least six wage-earners.

There are a number of other interesting findings from the survey, such as, for example :

- relatively few women are found in this type of work (between 4 % in Denmark and 13 % in the Federal Republic of Germany) and in almost all cases the difference in wages between men and women of equivalent qualifications is less than 13 %;
- the level of remuneration increases with the size of the holding (number of wage-earners employed), and the difference varies between 10 % (United Kingdom) and 40 % (Germany and Denmark);

- the hourly earnings of workers employed exclusively on animal breeding or the growing of special crops are higher than those of workers employed in general agriculture or in mixed activities;
- the maximum earning level is achieved between the ages of 30 and 44 and begins to decrease from this age onwards.

The survey also makes it possible to appreciate the effects on cash earnings of the provision or non-provision of benefits in the form of accomodation or food, as well as certain regional disparities. The Council decided that the survey should be repeated in respect of 1975 and 1976.

#### LABOUR COSTS IN INDUSTRY 1972-1975

The Statistical Office of the European Communities, with the assistance of national statistical services, has recently completed calculations for 1973 to 1975 to update the results of the Community survey on labour costs which was held in 197? (1973 in Denmark and the United Kingdom) (1).

Tables 1 and 2 show the development in Community countries of labour costs per hour for all employees in manufacturing industries. The data in national currencies indicate the development of costs within each country. For comparisons of earnings between the countries, the data were converted into a single monetary unit, in this case the "unit of account of the European Communities (Eur)" (2); since establishments do compete with each other in the market for their products, and the official exchange rates are used in trade transactions, it is appropriate to use the same exchange rates for labour costs, which represent a more or less considerable part of production costs.

Analysis of the data shows that in the Federal Republic of Germany labour costs rose considerably less than in the other Community countries. Between 1973 and 1975 (the period for which comparisons with the United Kingdom and Denmark are possible) the annual increase was only 10 % in the Federal Republic of Germany, compared with between 17 % (Netherlands and Luxembourg) and 24 % (United Kingdom) in the other countries.

Looking at the situation in the original six Member States from 1972 to 1975, it will be seen that labour costs increased most in Belgium (70 %), which is equivalent to a mean annual increase of 19 %, compared with 17 % in France, 16 % in the Netherlands and Luxembourg and 11 % in the Federal Republic of Germany. It is also clear that since 1973 the rate at which labour costs have increased has accelerated in all countries except for the Federal Republic of Germany.

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Detailed results of this survey are published in Eurostat, Social Statistics Nº 6/1975 - "Labour costs in industry 1972-1975"

<sup>(2)</sup> The conversion rates are published in Eurostat, General Statistics, Nº 12/75.

To a certain extent, the increase in labour costs is obviously linked with price increases. If one compares the indexes for the increase in labour costs per hour with the price indexes for the gross domestic product at market prices, it will be seen that prices have increased over this three-year period by 20% in Germany and by 30 - 50% in the other countries, and that if the labour costs indexes are deflated by the price indexes, the real increase in labour costs was greater in Belgium (25\%) than in the Netherlands (21%), France (20%), Germany (15%) and Luxembourg (14%).

Table ? shows that the figure for labour costs per hour in the Federal Republic of Germany, which was still the highest in October 1973, was overtaken in April 1974 by that for the Netherlands, in October 1974 by that for Luxembourg and in April 1975 by those for Belgium and for Denmark. The competitiveness of German labour costs in industry has therefore improved compared with all other Community countries except Italy, where the drop in the exchange rate of the lira has led to an appreciable drop in the relative export prices of goods and services. The position of France has also improved over that of several countries, particularly the Benelux countries.

In 1972, labour costs per hour in four countries out of six were "high" and very similar to each other (maximum difference of 10 %); these countries contrasted with France and Italy, where labour costs were approximately 3/4 as high as those in Germany and the Netherlands. This situation was relatively unchanged in 1975 - a fifth country (Denmark) had been added to the countries with "high" levels and the maximum difference between them is still in the region of 10 %. Labour costs per hour are still considerably lower in France and Italy, and labour costs in the United Kingdom are equivalent to only 50 %, or even less, of those in Belgium, Germany and the Netherlands.

#### Table 1

#### LABOUR COSTS PER HOUR IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES - 1972-1975 (1)

		Federal Republic of Germany	France	Italy	Nether- lands	Belgium	Luxem- bourg	United Kingdom	Denmark	
	In stional currency									
		DM	Ffr	Lit	I FI	Fb	Flux	L I	Dkr	
	1972	12,16	14,96	1702	12,12	155,63	171,89		•	
тv. х.	1973 1973 1973	13,50 13,90 13,70	16,90 17,70 17,30	1940 2100 2020	13,50 14,30 13,80	175,00 183,00 179,00	192,00 196,00 194,00	106,45	28,16	
ту. х.	197 <b>4</b> 1974 1974	15,10 15,50 15,30	19,70 21,20 20,40	2400 2560 2480	16,00 17,10 16,50	205,00 232,00 219,00	229,00 244,00 236,00	137,00 127,00	33,50 33,60 34,50	
IV. X.	1975 1975 1975	16,60 16,80 16,70	23,20 24,70 23,90	•	18,50 19,60 19,00	257,00 274,00 265,00	263,00 271,00 267,00	187,00 163,00	39,50 41,10 40,40	
					In E	ur				
	1972	3,48	2,69	2,70	3,44	3,20	3,53		•	
IV. X.	1973 1973 1973	4,00 4,30 4,10	3,00 3,20 3,10	2,70 2,80 2,80	3,80 4,30 4,00	3,60 3,80 3,70	4,00 4,00 4,00	2,08	3,72	
IV. X.	197 <b>4</b> 197 <b>4</b> 197 <b>4</b>	4,70 4,80 4,70	3,20 3,60 3,40	3,00 3,10 3,10	4,80 5,00 4,90	4,20 4,80 4,50	4,70 5,00 4,90	2,60 2,40	4,40 4,70 4,60	
TV. X.	1975 1975 1975	5,10 5,20 5,20	4,00 4,50 4,20	•	5,50 5,80 5,70	5,30 5,60 5,50	5,40 5,60 5,50	3,10 2,70	5,20 5,40 5,30	

(1) The costs per hour are calculated by dividing the total labour costs (expenditure for manual and non-manual workers) by the sum of the number of hours worked by manual workers and the contractual or standard number of hours for non-manual workers.

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#### Table 2

#### DEVELOPMENT OF LABOUR COSTS PER HOUR IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES

		Federal Republic of Germany	France	Italy	Nether- lands	Belgium	Luxem- bourg	United Kingdom	Denmark
	1972 = 100 (1)								
IV. X.	1973 1973 1973	111 114 113	113 118 116	114 123 119	111 118 114	112 118 115	112 114 113	100	100
IV. X.	1974 1974 1974	124 127 126	132 142 136	141 150 146	132 141 136	132 149 141	133 142 137	129 120	119 126 123
IV. X.	1975 1975 1975	137 138 137	155 165 160	• •	153 162 157	165 176 170	153 158 155	176 154	140 146 143
			Feder	al Reput	olic of Ge	rmany = 10	D		
	1972	100	<b>7</b> 7	78	99	92	101	• •	
IV. X.	1973 1973 1973	100 100 100	75 74 76	68 65 68	95 100 98	90 88 90	100 93 98	51	91
IV. X.	1974 1974 1974	100 100 100	68 75 72	64 65 66	102 104 104	89 100 96	100 104 104	54 51	9 <b>4</b> 98 98
IV. X.	1975 1975 1975	100 100 100	78 87 81	•	108 112 110	104 108 106	106 108 106	60 52	102 104 102

(1) For the United Kingdom and Denmark, 1973 = 100

#### BALANCES OF PAYMENTS 1975

The Statistical Office of the European Communities has recently published the yearbook "Balances of payments - Global data 1961-1975" which supplies the most up-to-date annual data available for each of the Member States and for all of them together (EUR 9), as well as for the United States and Japan.

These figures - expressed in an identical unit of account and presented in a balance of payments scheme derived from that of the IMF - revealed a trend in 1975 representing a clear improvement on that of the previous year, which had been affected by the sluggishness of the economic situation in the Community countries and by the general increase in the price of oil decided on by the producer countries.

Unfortunately, the improvement in the balance of payments in 1975 did not reflect an economic recovery, but rather the general stagnation in production which in particular slowed down imports.

The principal headings of the balance of payments give rise to the following remarks :

#### "Current" operations (goods, services and transfers)

The balance of thèse operations for EUR 9 as a whole, moving from -9754 mill Eur in 1974 to 1330 mill Eur in 1975, showed a spectacular recovery of a magnitude - more than 11 000 mil Eur - without precedent in Community history. This improvement is due in virtually its entirety to the development under the heading "Merchandise", as the exchange of services worsened by around 480 mill Eur during 1975 and the talance under the heading "Transfers" - its pattern negative for the Community zone - was only slightly reduced.

All the Member States except the Netherlands and Germany contributed to this result, either by an increase in their surpluses or by a reduction in their deficits. The Netherlands and Germany nevertheless retained a largely positive balance in "current" operations.

#### Capital of non-monetary sectors

Even though almost all the balances of the Member States in 1975 showed a deterioration under this heading by comparison with the preceding year, the Community zone still remained a net importer of capital. This was largely due to the fact that Germany, having in 1974 recorded significant net outflows of capital (in particular at short term) returned to being a magnet for foreign capital as it had been since the beginning of the 70's.

#### Capital and gold of the monetary sector

The remarkable recovery over 1974 in the balance of "current" operations had direct repercussions on the balance of movements of capital and gold of the monetary sector, where a 6 822 mill Eur net increase in assets for the whole Community was recorded in 1975.

Within the monetary sector, the net increase in assets related essentially to the commercial trade banks rather than the monetary authorities. In terms of liabilities, however, the net external position of the latter appears to have improved by more than 10 % as compared with 1974, essentially as a result of the revaluation of the price of gold decided on by France.

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PART 2

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This volume presents the most recent available data on the global balance of payments (annual flows) and on the external position of the monetary authorities (at period-end exchange rates) for each European Community country, the United States and Japan.

The balances of the European Community countries are also given in the form of totals relating to the nine Member States (EUR 9) as a whole.

The data, expressed in millions of units of account of the European Community and presented according to the EUROSTAT balance of payments scheme, cover the period 1961 to 1975. Most of the tables also contain the figures for 1958 for comparison purposes.

#### Regional statistics : population, employment, living conditions

TIVING CONTUINS	Price	:	£	1,70
295 pages Format A 4				23,50
Multilingual edition published in June 1976	5		Fb 1	-,

This publication contains the most recent statistics on social conditions in the 140 regions of the European Communities :

- Total population and population growth, births, deaths, trends in birth and death rates, age structure, trend of population over the last three censuses, interregional movement of population.
- Employment and structure of employment broken down by sex, age, categories of activity, branches of activity (with comparative statistics for 1968-1973 in respect of the principal data).
- Registered unemployment.
- Indicators of the quality of life : physical environment, housing, education, health, miscellaneous indicators and standard of living.

The yearbook includes a folding map of the regions and 10 maps illustrating the main topics.

<u>Violet series</u> : <u>Regional Statistics: the Community's Financial Participation in</u> Investments

> Price : £ 3,10 137 pages Format A 4 DK 39,30 US\$ 7,20 Multilingual edition published in June 1976 Fb 250

The present publication gives a survey of the different financial participations of the Community in favour of the investments in the Community regions.

The published figures represent the amounts of financial participations and the corresponding amounts of investments; they are given annually for 1972, 1973 and 1974 and cumulatively, for the period ending 31 December 1974.

Regional accounts : main economic aggregates - 1970

Price	: :	£	1,70
		DK	23,50
Approximately 250 pages Format A 4		US\$	3,60
Multilingual edition to be published in August 19	76	Fb	150

First publication of the main aggregates of regional accounts drawn up according to the European system of integrated economic accounts at the level of the Community's basic administrative units (110).

The introduction defines regional accounts according to the European system of integrated economic accounts (ESA), and introduces in particular the branch nomenclature (NUTS), applied at regional level.

The results are presented in two types of table :

- Summary tables (1 to 4) :
  - Dispersion index of value added per inhabitant, illustrated by a map showing the wide differences between the more favoured and less favoured regions of the EC.
  - Principal regional global economic aggregates (value added, disposable income, final consumption, total employment and paid employment), related to the population or to employment. These results are statistically analysed and commented upon.
  - Value added by groups of branches and localization quotient for value added, showing regional structural disparities.
- Detailed tables (5 to 11) :
  - Gross value added at market prices, value added at factor cost, employees' earnings, gross operating surplus, total employment, paid employment. This data is based on NACE-CLIO RR 17.
  - Gross fixed capital formation, broken down by 4 groups of investing branches and 4 producer branches (NACE RI 5).

Yellow series : Earnings in agriculture 1974

Lanningo in agricarvare 1)14	Price	: £	2,80
		DK	39,15
108 pages Format A 4		US\$	6,0
Multilingual edition published in June 1976		FЪ	250

This publication contains the methodology and detailed results of the first Community survey of earnings of permanent workers in agriculture in 1974.

These results cover labour forces, earnings and monthly duration of paid work, broken down by sex, age, training, type of work, relative size of holding and the provision or not of payment in kind. In the case of certain countries, these data are also broken down by major region.

Green series :	Selling prices for vegetable products Price	: £	2,80
			39,15
	Approximately 180 pages, Format A 4	US\$	6,0
	Multilingual edition, published in July 1976	<b>F</b> b 2	50
	This special number of "Agricultural statistics"	comprise	

This special number of "Agricultural statistics" comprises information on the prices of all the important vegetable products including the flowers and the prices of a certain number of processed products as well. It is intended for completion of the former publication "Agricultural prices - Fruit, vegetable and potatoes" S 8/1973.

Its part I is treating the prices from 1969 to 1974 for EUR 9. These figures will be updated in the current publications. The part II, as usual, contains the description of the price series in the "Catalogue of the Characteristics which determine prices".

## Selling prices for animals and animal products (1969-1974)

(1) Price :	: £	2,80
	DK	39,15
113 pages Format A 4	US\$	6,0
Multilingual edition, published in July 1976	Fb	250

This special number of "Agricultural statistics" covers a new field and is intended for completion of the prior publication "Agricultural prices - Animals and animal products" S 5/1973. It is essentially devoted to the prices of milk, of eggs and of dairy products as well.

Its part I is treating the prices from 1969 to 1974 for EUR 9. These figures will be updated in the current publications. The part II, as usual, contains the description of the price series in the "Catalogue of the characteristics wich determine prices".

<u>Green series</u>	:	<u>Agricultural prices - Fruit, vegetables</u>	
		and potatoes 1975	Draf

Price : gratis

Approximately 100 pages Format A 4

Multilingual edition to be published in August 1976

This edition is bringing up to date the prices published together with their descriptions in the special issue "Agricultural prices - Fruit, vegetables and potatoes" S 8/1973, amended already under the same title in 1974 (with prices for 1972 and 1973).

The new edition contains the definite prices of fruit, vegetables and potatoes for 1973 and provisional figures for 1974.

Feed balance sheets : Resources

	Price : £ DK	7, <u>30</u> 94,50
Approximately 144 pages Format A 4	US \$ Fb	17 <b>,</b> 20 600
Multilingual edition to be published	in August 1976	5

This is the first EUROSTAT publication devoted to animal feed in the form of feed balance sheets. In this first volume are given data relating to the "Resources" section of the feed balance sheets : the principal feed products, quantities, composition of the ressources, origin of the ressources, and a comparison of livestock/feed ressources. These data will be up-dated periodically.

Community survey of orchard fruit trees

	Pr	ice : £	7,30
		DK	94,50
Approximately 180 pages	Format A 4	US \$ Frb	17,20 600
Multilingual edition to	be published in		

This publication contains the most recent statistics on the 500 000 hectares of commercial orchards under apples, pears, peaches and oranges in the EEC. The tables provide details of age of orchard and density of plantation for the main fruit varieties of each species in individual Member States and production zones. The information was collected by special surveys under Directive 71/286/EEC (which is reprinted in the annex). A description of the survey methods for each country, together with some historical statistics, is given.

Ruby series :

Utilization of nuclear power stations, 1975

					Price	: £	1,45
Approximately	64 pages	oblong	Format	A 4		ЭK	13 <b>,90</b>
E/F bilingual		be pub August					3,50 120

This publication gives characteristic data on the utilization last year of each nuclear power station in the Community. Summary tables show changes in the production and structure of the nuclear capacity. The reliability of the power stations as a function of their age and technical characteristics is analysed.

Analytical tables of EC external trade Red series : (NIMEXE) 1974 Price (13 volumes) Series : £ 49,50 704,25 DK US \$ 4.500 Fh + 6 ooo pages DIN A 4 published in August 1976 Multilingual edition Statistics of the external trade of the European Community and of its Member States, expressed in NIMEXE nomenclature. In the first 12 volumes (A-L) external trade is broken down, in product order, by country of origin or destination, applying the NIMEXE 6-figure nomenclature. In the 13th volume it is broken down, in order of country of origin or destination, by product, applying the NIMEXE 2-figure classification. The volumes cover the following groups of products : Price : Vol. A : chapt. 1-24 Agricultural products £ 6,60 DK 93,90 US\$ 14,50 Fb 600 **Vol. B** : chapt. 25-27 £ 1,20 DK 15,75 US\$ 2,90 Fb Mineral products 100 £ 6,60 DK 93,90 US\$ 14,50 Fb Vol. C : chapt. 28-38 Chemical products 600 **Vol.** D : chapt. 39-43 Artificial materials, £ 3,10 DK 39,30 US\$ 7,20 Fb
 £ 3,10 DK 39,30 US\$ 7,20 Fb leather 250 **Vol.** E : chapt. 44-49 Wood, cork, paper ... 250 **Vol.** F : chapt. 50-67 £ 8,60 DK110,00 US\$ 20,10 Fb Textiles, footwear ... 700 **Vol.** G : chapt. 68-72 Stone, plaster, glass, ceramics £ 3,10 DK 39,30 US\$ 7,20 Fb 250 Vol. H : chapt. 73 Iron and steel £ 3,90 DK 54,80 US\$ 8,45 Fb 350 **Vol. I :** chapt. 74-83 Other base metals £ 3,10 DK 39,30 US\$ 7,20 Fb 250 **Vol. J** : chapt. 84-85 Machinery, appliances £ 11,00 DK 156,50 US\$ 24,10 Fb 1000 **Vol.** K : chapt. 86-89 Transport equipment £ 1,95 DK 27,40 US\$ 4,20 Fb 170 **Yol.** L : chapt. 90-99 Optical precision, instruments £ 5,00 DK 70,45 US\$ 10,90 Fb 450 ¥ol. £ 6,60 DK 93,90 US\$ 14,50 Fb : chapt. Countries-products 600 Special edition of the monthly external trade bulletin Annual external trade figures 1958-1975 Price : £ 1,85 DK 27,60 49 pages Format A 4 US § 0°, ۵ E/F bilingual edition published in June 1976 150 F۲

This annual special issue of the monthly external trade bulletin provides annual figures for the period 1258-1275 covering principally :

- feneral summary of European Community trade by country and by product;
- indices of average value, terms of trade and value ratios;
- changes in European Community trade by country and by product;
- changes in the trade of the main non-EEC countries

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Violet series : The Input - Output Tables 1970

	]	Price :	
comp	lete series	per	volume
£	30,50	£	4,25
DK	393,50	DK	55,-
USS	71,60	US\$	10,10
Fb	2500	Fb	350

Special 9-volume series, Format A 4

to be published in August 1976 :

Volume I - Methodology 1970-1975 : approximately 36 pages French

This publication describes the methodology used by EUROSTAT to draw up the input-output tables produced from 1970 onwerds according to Community standards. A general description of the input-output tables is given, noting the principal concepts defined in the European System of Integrated Economic Accounts (ESA).

The different types of tables published by EUROSTAT are illustrated : annual tables, more detailed five-yealy tables, annual summary tables at constant prices.

In addition, the three main components of an input-output table (intermediate consumption, final uses, primary inputs) are described in detail in the various possible evaluations (approximate factor prices, producers' prices, purchasers' prices) and relations of identity between these various components are given. Numerous references are made to ESA definitions.

A final chapter summarizes, using a simple mathematical formulation, the principal relationships expressing the balances between the figures in the various tables. After some additional assumptions have been made, the way in which the information in the tables may be used in economic models is demonstrated. Thus, for example, direct and indirect input or import requirements induced by a given final demand, can be estimated. An example is also given of an application to the study of the effects of variations in price and costs of primary inputs on domestic prices.

Appended to the publication is a definition of the nomenclature used (NACE/CLIO - R 44), based on NACE/CLIO groups, and the relationship between this nomenclature and those used by EUROSTAT for the 1959 and 1965 tables is also explained.

<u>Violet series</u> : <u>Some Figures : Public expenditure on Research and</u> Development in the Community countries, 1974-1975

Price : gratis

37 pages Format A 5 F/E/D editions published in July 1976

This booklet contains the most important data on the money allocated to R and D in the budgets of member states. The breakdown by the objectives of the research is made on the basis of the Nomenclature for the analysis and the comparison of scientific programmes, and budgets (NABS). Some charts show the trends since 1970, and give a comparison with the U.S.A.

Yellow series :	Survey of the structure and distribution of
	earnings in industry in 1972

Price	Price			
complete series	per volume			
£ 49,50 DK 704,25 Fb 4.500 US \$ 108,50	6 5,50 DK 78,30 Fb 500 US \$ 12,10			
Special series in 10 volumes				
Published : Volume 1 Methods 30	08 pages			
	57 pages 12 pages			
	2 pages 6 pages			
	5 pages 5 pages			
	7 pages 5 pages			
To be published in August :				
	. 900 pages . 860 pages			

This survey was carried out simultaneously and using the same methods in the six founder Member States of the Common Market.

The main aim of the survey was to measure variations in real earnings according to personal characteristics (sex, age,

qualifications, length of service, etc.) and structural characteristics (employment sector, size and geographical location of the firm or the enterprise) and to show the correlation between employment structures and the scale of earnings.

The results have been published in the form of two separate volumes for each country containing the following :

- <u>Volume A</u>: Analysis of general results followed by a résumé of these results in the form of a statistical annex.
- <u>Volume B</u> : Detailed statistical tables covering each of the 71 headings of the NACE (General industrial classification of economic activities within the European Communities) used in the breakdown of the results.

Before publication of the results for each country a methodological volume was issued.

#### Green series : Agricultural price statistics 1969-1975

	Price	: £	5,-
Approximately 180 pages Format A 4		DK	63,-
Multilingual edition			11,50 400
To be published in September 1976			4

This publication, biennial from now on, replaces the annual editions covering prices and price indices in the former series "Agricultural Statistics".

It gives annual averages of prices of the principal products sold and bought by farmers, the monthly trends of which are published in the statistical bulletins "Selling prices of agricultural products" and "Agricultural purchase prices".

The information covers the nine countries of the Community for the period 1969-1975.

This publication includes some new price series and several diagrams.

	EUROSTAT PERIODICALS	
Orange series :	Monthly bulletin of general statistics	
	price 15,25 individual issue : £ Subscription : £ 15,25 individual issue : £ DK 197 DK US \$ 36 US Fb 1.250 Fb	1,85 23,50 \$ 4,25 150
	180 DIN A 4 pages monthly	
	Principal data on the short-term economic development o European Community in the following sectors : employmen external trade, services, wages and salaries, finance a of payments.	t, industry,
Yellow series :	Statistics of labour costs and hours of work	
	subscription: £ 5,50 individual issue: £ DK 71 DK US \$ 12,90 US Fb 450 Fb	3,75 47,25 \$ 8,75 300
	230 DIN A 4 pages 6-monthly	
	Harmonized data on workers' hourly wages and weekly hou plus indices of developments in employees' monthly sala data are broken down according to NACE, and, for certai by region.	ries. These
Green series :	Crop production	
	subscription:         £         21,50         individual issue:         £           DK         275,50         DK         DK         US \$         50         0         50         50         0         50         10         50         10         50         10         50         10	2,50 31,50 \$5,75 200
	<u>+</u> 100 DIN A 4 pages 10-12 issues per year	
	The most recent information on 1) Crop production of arable land (area, yield, produ	uction)
	<pre>or Fruit and vegetable production ( " " " 2) Areas sown (twice a year) 3) Stocks and deliveries of cereals and potatoes 4) Meteorological report 5) Supply balances for crop products (3 or 4 per year)</pre>	")
	Monthly statistics on the production of meat	
	subscription: £ 24,50 individual issue: £ DK 314,50 DK US \$ 57,50 US \$ Fb 2.000 Fb	3,25 41 \$ 7,50 260
	100 DIN A 4 pages 10-12 issues per year	
	Information on slaughterings, on foreign trade in live a	animals,

on production by species and by country. In addition, it may also give information on head structure, comments (red pages) and information about supply balances.

Monthly statis	tics c	on the produ	action of milk and			
milk products				•		
subscription :	£	17	individual issue	: £		2,25
	DK	220,50		DK		28,50
	US 💲	40		US	8	5,25
	Fb	1.400		Fb		180

66 DIN A 4 pages 10 issues per year

Weekly data of butter and milkpowder production. Monthly data relating to cowsmilk collected and production of processed products by the dairy industry. From time to time the bulletin may contain a commentary on the supply balance sheets and information on dairy structure.

#### Monthly statistics on the production of ergs for incubation and chicks

subscription	: £	17	individual issue	e : £		2,25
	DK	220,50		DK		28,50
70 DIN A4 p.	US \$	40		US	2	5,25
10 iss./year	FЪ	1.400		FЪ		180

Data on the commercialisation of hatching eggs and farmyard chicks, on the selection, multiplication and the uses by species as well as trade with third countries. In addition the bulletin may contain data on structure of hatcheries, commentaries (pink pages) and information on supply balance sheets.

#### Selling prices of agricultural products

subscription :	£	24,50	individual	issue	:	£	3,25
	DK	314,50				DK	41
153 DIN A4 p.	US	\$ 57,50				US	\$ 7,50
10 iss./year	FЪ	2.000				Fb	260

Up-dated monthly and annual prices for the main crop and livestock products as well as for certain products by the food industry. The prices of 75 products, for EUR-9, are given in national currencies and in Eur. Percentage variations on the previous month and on the same period of the year before are also given. The monthly development in Eur is set out in graph form for almost every product.

#### Purchasing prices of the agriculture

subscription : & Dk US Ft	\$	8,75 110 20 700	individual	issue		£ DK US \$ Fb	3 37,75 7 240
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#### 121 DIN A 4 pages quarterly

Up-dated monthly and ennual figures for the principal products bought by farmers. The series for EUR-9 cover animal feed, fertilizers, transport and heating fuels, seeds and pesticides. Blue series : Quarterly bulletin of industrial production

2 1 2 - 1 2	subscription :		7,25 94,50 17 600	individual issue	DK US \$	2,50 31,50 5,75 200
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146 DIN A 4 pages quarterly

Annual and quarterly indices of industrial production in the countries of the Community and certain third countries. Data on production within the Community of certain raw materials and finished or semi-finished products.

Quarterly	bul	letin	of	iron	and	steel	statistics

subscription :		18,25	individual issue		6,25
	DK	236		DK	78 <b>,</b> 75
	US 💲	43		US	\$ 14,50
	FЪ	1,500		Fb	500

304 DIN A 4 pages guarterly

Annual, quarterly and monthly statistics on production, new orders, inward and outward stock movements and external trade in iron and manganese ore, cast iron, raw steel and rolled steel products, on the consumption of raw materials in the iron and steel industry and inward and outward movements in the stocks of dealers in iron and steel products and scrap, and on workers employed, hours worked, wages and salaries in the iron and steel industry and iron mines.

Ruby series : Quarterly bulletin of energy statistics

subscription :	DK US \$	11 142 26	individual	issue	DK US	3,75 47,25 8,75
	Fb	90 <b>0</b>			FЪ	300

150 DIN A 4 pages quarterly

Quarterly data on the overall energy balance sheet covering the major locations supplying energy to the Community and to each Member State, plus data on the quarterly balance sheet and principal monthly series available for each energy source. The most recent annual data are updated both for the balance sheets and the various series supplied.

Red series : Monthly external trade bulletin

subscription :	£	16,50	individual	issue	: £		1,85
-	DK	213			DK		23,50
	US 💲	39			US	8	4,25
	FЪ	1.350			FЪ		150

± 100 DIN A 4 pages monthly

General summary of external trade of the European Community by countries and by products. Trends in EC trade by countries and by products. Indices. Trade of the main non-EC countries. Trade flows

subscription	: £ DK US Fb	\$ 43	individual	issue	DK	4 52 \$ 9,50 330
<u>+</u> 30 DIN A 4	pages	bi-monthly				

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Analysis of the external trade and related statistics of trading

partners of the Community, particularly state-trading countries

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subscription: £ 7,25 individual issue: £ 7,25 individual issue: £ 7,25 individual issue: £ 7,25 individual issue f 10 DK 11 US \$ 17 US \$ 2 US \$ 17 US \$ 2 Fb 600 Fb 70	,85\$
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20 DIN A 4 pages monthly

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