COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

COM(76) 461 endelig udg. Brussels, 8 September 1976

Proposal for a REGULATION (EEC) OF THE COUNCIL

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for dried figs falling within subheading ex 08.03 B of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Spain (1977)

Proposal for a REGULATION (FEC) OF THE COUNCIL

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for dried grapes falling within subheading ex 08.04 B I of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Spain (1977)

(submitted to the Council by the Commission)

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EXPLANATORY MEMORATIONA

1. Article 2 of the Agreement at present in force between the European Community and Spain, read with Articles 2 and 9 of Annex I thereto, provides for the opening of Community tariff quotas for the importation into the Community of the following products, originating in Spain, at the quota duties specified below:

CCT Heading	No	Product	Annual	Volume	Quota Duty
ex 08.03 B		Cortain dried figs		800 t	30% of the CCT duty
08.04 В	.	Cortain dried grapes	1	700 t	Exempt

2. The Community opened negotiations with Spain with a view to concluding an additional Protocol to the Agreement of 1970.

However, in view of the present state of these negotiations, it is by no means certain that the Protocol could enter into force on 1 January 1977 but rather on a later date which might well be within the first half of 1977.

3. In view of the foregoing, the Commission believes that the possible necessity should be provided for of opening tariff quotas, for 1977, for the goods in question, in favour of Spain. Consequently, the tariff quotas for these products should be opened by 1 January 1977 and therefore approved by the Council before 1 November 1976. Accordingly, it is necessary to initiate immediately the procedure for opening the relevant tariff quotas.

However, in view of the possible entry into force of this Protocol it is proposed to confine the period of validity of theme Community tariff quotas for the year 1977 to the period not covered by the Protocol.

Economic as regards agricultural products, the Regulations opening the relevant Community tariff quotas must be based on Article 43 of the Economic Treaty, which means that the European Parliament must be consulted. The time which the procedure for approving these Regulations will take must therefore be borne in mind.

This is the object of the proposals annexed hereto.

- 4. The Regulations provide, in the usual way, for the splitting up of the tariff volumes into two parts, the first of which will be allocated among the Nember States as quota shares and the second will be kept as a reserve.
- 5. The ellocation of the first part of the quota for dried grapes (08.04 B I) has been undertaken according to the rules generally applied hithorto. The total imports of each Hember State for 1973 to 1975 have been expressed as a proportion of total Community imports over the same period. The resulting percentages have been applied State by State to the volume of the first part, the last digit of the number of metric tons being rounded off.
- 6. However, it does not seem appropriate to apply this rule to the tariff quota for dried figs (ex 08.03 B) since:
 - (a) there have been no more than minimal imports into a single Member State and that only in one year;
 - (v) other Member States imported none at all;
 - (a) total Community imports are lower than the agreed tariff quota volume;
 - (d) it is difficult to forécest future imports.

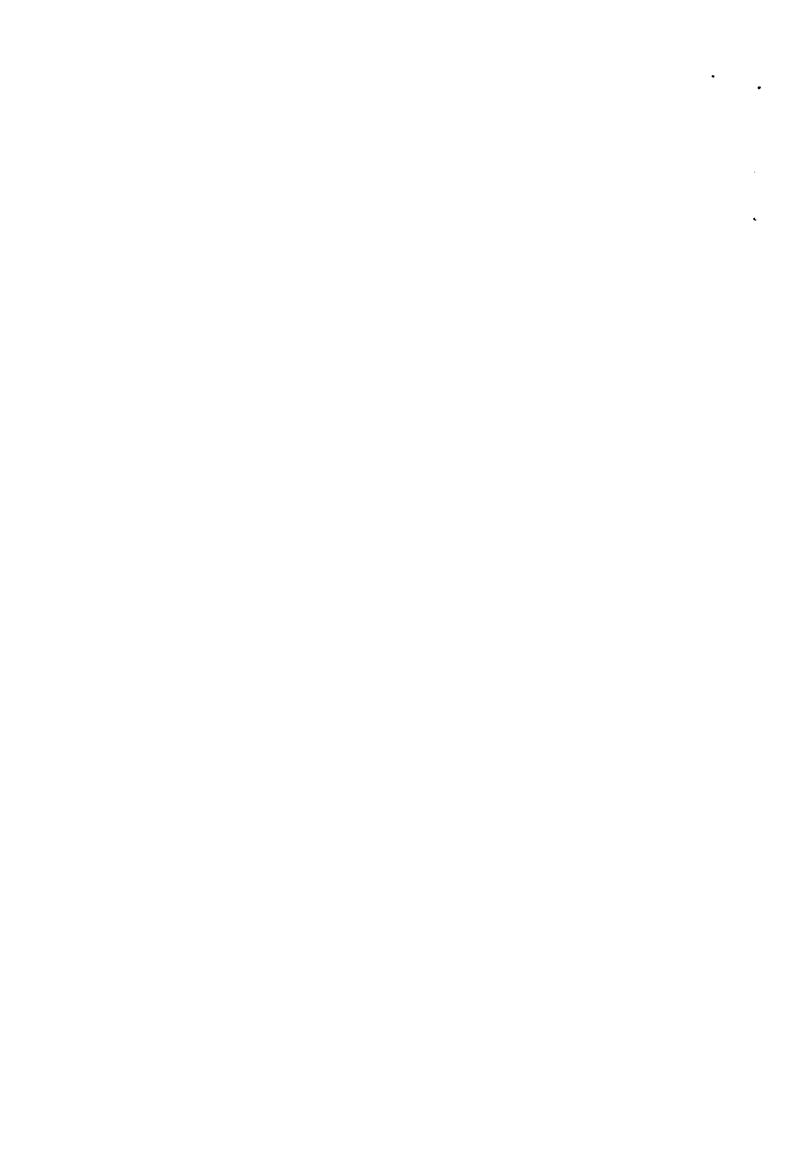
In order nevertheless to allocate the quota volume fairly among the former States according to their respective sizes, the Commission works on the assumption that in this exceptional case the Momber States should participate equally in the tariff quota. This participation aims to balance the Hember States' advantages and liabilities as far as possible.

- 7. The mota duties are already fixed in the EEC/Spain Agreement itself.
- 8. The proposed Regulations provide for a single method of administration to be applied by all Member States, namely the "as and when" method.
 - 9. The Member States' experts who participated in the consultative meeting of the "Economic Tariff Problems" Group (26/27 April 1976) expressed agreement in principle to the scheme for allocation of shares proposed by the Commission in the framework of the regulation annexed.

If the case should arise that the negotiations with Spain result in a new regime coming into effect on 1 January 1977, the Commission would present new proposals.

Annexes:

^{- 2} proposals for regulations of the Council.



Proposal for a REGULATION (EEC) No OF THE COUNCIL

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for dried figs falling within subheading ex 08.03 B of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Spain (1977)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament (1);

Whereas the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain, signed at Luxembourg on 29 June 1970, provides in Article 2(1) together with Article 9 of Annex I for the opening by the Community of an annual Community tariff quota of 200 metric tons of dried figs falling within subheading ex 08.03 B of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Spain and imported in immediate packings of a net capacity of 15 kg or less; whereas, pursuant to Article 9 of the said Annex, the quota duty is equal to 30 % of the Common Customs Tariff duty in respect of the product concerned;

Whereas the Community tariff quota in question should be opened for the year 1977; whereas, however, because of the possibility of implementing other preferential arrangements

it is necessary to limit the quota period to the date on which the new arrangement enters into force;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure to all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the product concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the principles mentioned above, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect more accurately the actual development of the market in the product concerned, such allocation should be in proportion to the needs of the Member States, assessed by reference to both the statistics of each State's imports of the said goods from Spain over a representative period and the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

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Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Spain of the products concerned:

			_
	1973	1974	1975
Germany		_	- 82,4 (=60t)
Benclux		l —	1,4
France	_	100	16,2
	·	(= 1 metric ton)	
Italy			, -

Whereas, in view of these factors and of the estimates submitted by certain Member States as well as the practical need to ensure that the obligations contracted under the Agreement concerned are allocated fairly among all the Member States, initial quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Germany	25
Benelux	25
France	25
Italy	25

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the different Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two tranches, the first tranche being allocated among the Member States, and the second forming a reserve intended ultimately to cover the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial shares; whereas, in order to ensure a certain degree of security to importers in each Member State, the first tranche of the Community quota should be determined at a level which, under present circumstances, may be 80 % of the quota amount;

Whereas, the initial shares of the Member States may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, it is important that any Member State having used up almost the whole of its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas, this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost entirely used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be available for use until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration calls for close cooperation between Member States and the Commission, which must, in particular, be able to observe the extent to which the quota amount is used and inform Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a specified date in the quota period, a considerable balance remains in one or other Member State it is essential that that Member State pays a large amount of it back into the reserve, in order to avoid a part of the Community quotas remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, all transactions concerning the administration of shares granted to the abovementioned Economic Union may be carried out by any one of its methoers,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 January 197 7until the date of entry into force of a new arrangement

but not later than 31 December 1977 the Common Customs Tariff duty in respect of dried figs falling within subheading ex 08.03 B, originating in Spain and imported in immediate packings of a net capacity not exceeding 15 kg shall be partially suspended at 3 % within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 200 metric tons.

Article 2

1. A first tranche, amounting to 160 metric tons of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1, shall be shared among the Member States; the proportions which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid from 1 January until the end of the period specified in Article 1, shall be as follows:

Germany	40
Benelux	40
France	40
Italy	40

2. The second tranche of 40 metric tons shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

- 1. If 90 % or more of the initial share of a Member State, as laid down in Article 2(1), on 90 % of that share less the amount returned into the reserve, where the provisions of Article 5 have been applied, has been exhausted, that Member State shall proceed without delay, by notifying the Commission, to draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up to the next unit where appropriate, to the extent that the amount in the reserve allows.
- 2. If, after its initial share has been exhausted, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used, that Member State shall proceed without delay, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, to draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up to the next unit where appropriate, to the extent that the amount in the reserve allows.
- 3. If, after its second share has been exhausted, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used, that Member State shall proceed, in the same way, to draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall be applied until the reserve is exhausted.

4. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, the Member States may proceed to draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs, if there is reason to believe that those shares might not be used up. They shall inform the Commission of the reasons which led them to apply this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until the end of the period stipulated in Article 1.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1977, the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 September 1977, is in excess of 20 % of the initial amount. They shall return a larger quantity if there is reason to believe that such quantity might not be used.

The Member States shall, not later than 1 October. 1977, notify the Commission of the total imports of the product concerned effected up to 15 September 1977 inclusive, and charged against the Community quota and, where appropriate, the proportion of their initial share that is being returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep account of the shares opened by Member States in accordance with Articles 2 and 3 and shall inform each of them of the extent to which the reserve has been used as soon as it receives the notifications.

The Commission shall, not later than 5 October 1977, notify Member States of the amount in the reserve after the return of shares pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that any drawing which uses up the reserve is limited to the balance available and, for this purpose, shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State which makes the final drawing.

Article 7

- 1. The Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that, when additional shares are drawn pursuant to Article 3, it is possible for charges to be made without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.
- 2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the said goods established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

- 3. The Member States shall charge imports of the product concerned against their shares as and when the goods are entered for home use.
- 4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

Member States shall inform the Commission at regular intervals of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is observed.

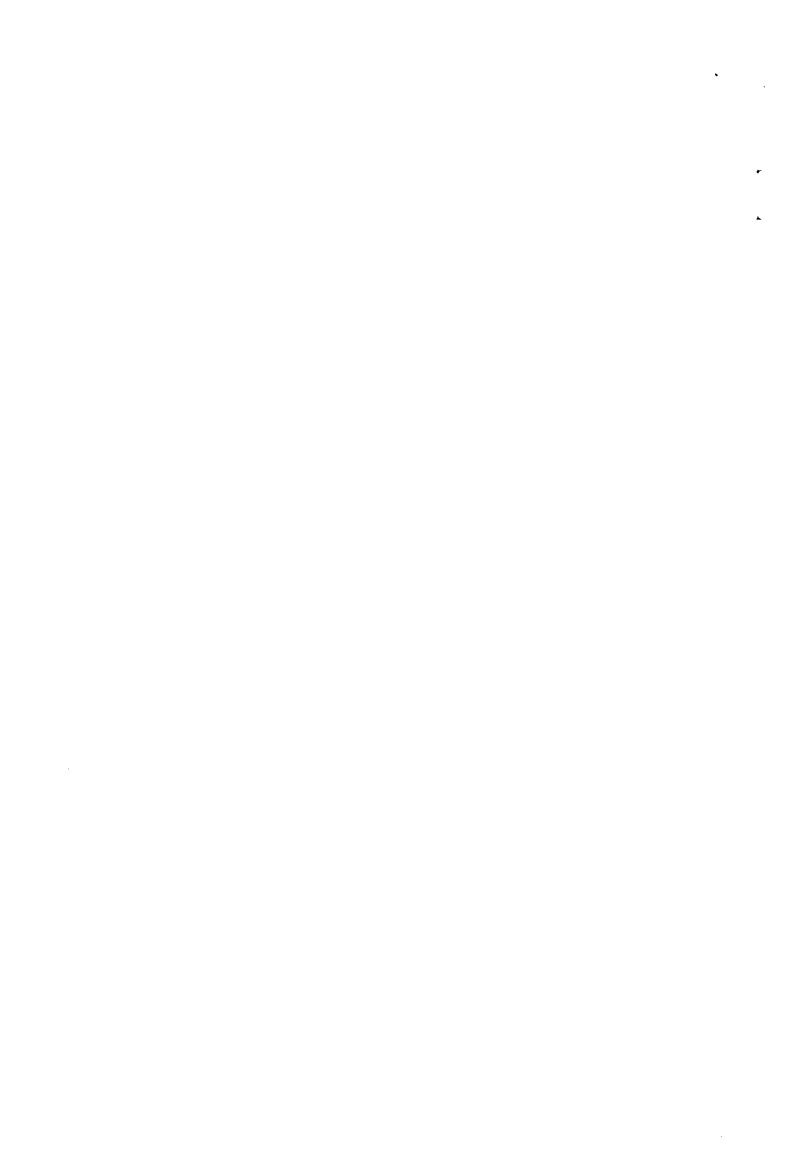
Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council
The President



Proposal for a REGULATION (EEC) No OF THE COUNCIL

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for dried grapes falling within subheading 08.04 B I of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Spain (1977)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the Opinion of the European Parliament (1);

Whereas the Agreement between the European Economic Community and Spain, signed at Luxembourg on 29 June 1970, provides in Article 2 (1) together with Article 9 of Annex I for the opening by the Community of an annual duty-free Community tariff quota of 1 700 metric tons of dried grapes falling within subheading 08.04 B I of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Spain and imported in immediate containers of a net capacity of 15 kg or less;

Whereas the Community tariff quota in question should be opened for the year 1977; whereas, however, because of the possibility of implementing other preferential arrangements

, it is necessary to limit the quota period to the date on which the new arrangement enters into force;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure to all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the product concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the principles mentioned above, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect more accurately the actual development of the market in the product concerned, such allocation should be in proportion to the needs of the Member States, assessed by reference to both the statistics of each State's imports of the said products from Spain over a

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representative period and the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Spain of the products concerned:

	1973	1974	- 1975
Germany	2.3	4.6	3.9
Benelux	11-1	13.7	13.9
France	70-2	66-3	73.4
Italy	16.4	15.4	8.3

Whereas, in view of these factors and of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Germany	4
Benelux	13
France	64
Italy ·	19

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the product concerned in the different Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two tranches, the first tranche being allocated among the Member States, and the second forming a reserve intended ultimately to cover the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to ensure a certain degree of security to importers in each Member State, the first tranche of the Community quota should be determined at a level which, under present circumstances, may be 80 % of the quota amount;

Whereas the initial quota shares of the Member States may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, it is important that any Member State having used up almost the whole of its initial quota share should draw an additional quota share from the reserve; whereas, this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional quota shares is almost entirely used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional quota shares must be available for use until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration calls for close cooperation between Member States and the Commission, which must, in particular, be able to observe the extent to which the quota amount is used and inform Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a specified date in the quota period, a considerable balance remains in one or other Member State it is essential that that Member State pays a large amount of it back into the reserve, in order to avoid a part of the Community quota remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, all transactions concerning the administration of shares granted to the abovementioned Economic Union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 January 1977 until the date of entry into force

of a new arrangement but not later than 31

December 1977, the Common Customs Tariff duty in respect of dried grapes falling within subheading 08.04 B I, originating in Spain and imported in immediate containers of a net capacity not exceeding 15 kg shall be entirely suspended within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 1700 metric tons.

Article 2

1. A first tranche, amounting to 1 360 metric tons of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be shared among the Member States; the proportions which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until the end of the period specified in Article 1, shall be as follows:

Germany 55 metric tons
Benelux 177 metric tons
France 870 metric tons
Italy 258 metric tons

2. The second tranche of 340 metric tons shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

- 1. If 90 % or more of the initial share of a Member State, as laid down in Article 2(1), or 90 % of that share less the amount returned into the reserve, where the provisions of Article 5 have been applied, has been exhausted, that Member State shall proceed without delay, by notifying the Commission, to draw a second share equal to 15% of its initial share, rounded up to the next unit where appropriate, to the extent that the amount in the reserve allows.
- 2. If, after its initial share has been exhausted, 90% or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used, that Member State shall proceed without delay, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, to draw a third share equal to 7.5% of its initial share, rounded up to the next unit where appropriate, to the extent that the amount in the reserve allows.
- 3. If, after its second share has been exhausted, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used, that Member State shall proceed, in the same way, to draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall be applied until the reserve is exhausted.

4. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, the Member States may proceed to draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs, if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. They shall inform the Commission of the reasons which led them to apply this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until the end of the period stipulated in Article 1.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1977, the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 September 1977, is in excess of 20% of the initial amount. They shall return a larger quantity if there is reason to believe that such quantity might not be used.

The Member States shall, not later than 1 October 1977 notify the Commission of the total imports of the product concerned effected up to 15 September 1977 inclusive and charged against the Community quota and, where appropriate, the proportion of their initial share that is being returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep account of the share opened by Member States in accordance with Articles 2 and 3 and shall inform each of them of the extent to which the reserve has been used as soon as it receives the notifications.

The Commission shall, not later than 5 October 1977, notify Member States of the amount in the reserve after the return of shares pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that any drawing which uses up the reserve is limited to the balance available and, for this purpose, shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State which makes the final drawing.

Article 7

- 1. The Member States shall take all measures appropriate to ensure that, when additional shares are drawn pursuant to Article 3, it is possible for charges to be made without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.
- 2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the said goods established in their territory have free access to the share allocated to them.

- 3. The Member States shall charge imports of the product concerned against their shares as and when the goods are entered for home use.
- 4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

Member States shall inform the Commission at regular intervals of imports actually charged against their quota shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is observed.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council
The President

