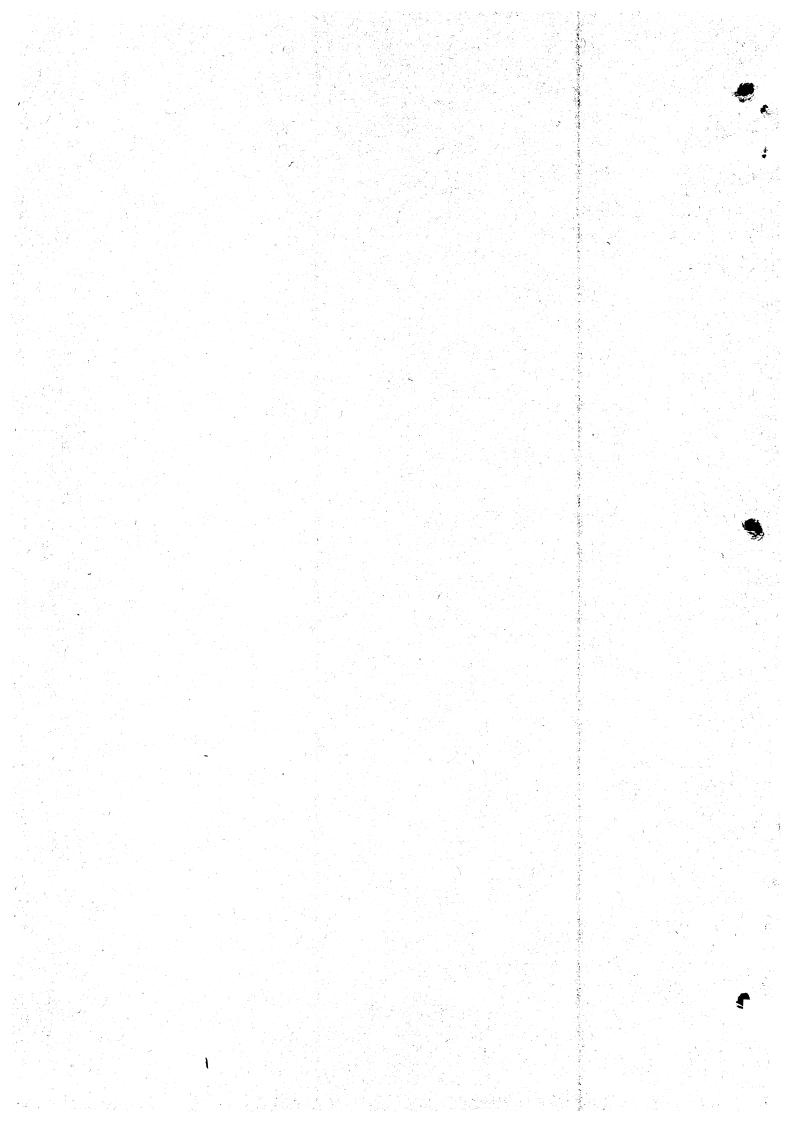
COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

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Brussels, 31st October 1979

PROPOSAL FOR A COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC)
ON THE OPENING, ALLOCATING AND ADMINISTRATION
OF TARIFF QUOTAS FOR CERTAIN TYPES OF PAPER AND
PAPERBOARD, FALLING WITHIN SUBHEADINGS
EX 48.01 C II AND 48.01 F OF THE COMMON
CUSTOMS TARIFF ORIGINATING IN PORTUGAL (1980)

(presented by the Commission to the Council)



- 1. On 26 eptember 1978 the European Economic Community signed an additional Protocol with the Portuguese Republic. Article 4 of the Protocol stipulates that for kraft paper and kraft board for wrapping, known as Kraftliner, and for paper and paperboard, other, of tariff subheadings ex 48.01 C II and 48.01 F, originating in Portugal, the Community, as originally constituted, and Ireland, shall open, for the period from 1 January 1976 to 31 December 1983, annual zeroduty tariff quotas of 42 000 tonnes and 1 500 tonnes respectively. These quotas should be increased yearly by 5%. The tariff quotas for 1980 should nowbe opened. (1)
- 2. The draft regulation opening the tariff quotas provides as is customery in this field for the division of each quota volume into two instalments, the first being allocated among the Member States as quota shares and the second being held as a reserve.

The allocation of the volume of the first instalment of the quota should be based on the rules generally applied. These involve calculating each Member State's total imports over the last three years as a proportion of total Community imports during the same period and applying, for each Member States, the percentages thus obtained to the volume of the first instalment.

3. The foregoing is the subject of the proposal for a regulation.

ANNEX: 1 proposal for a Regulation.

⁽¹⁾ Depending on what happens to the Commission's proposals in this sector which are being considered by the Council.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC)

on the opening, allocation and administration of tariff quotas for certain types of paper and paperboard, falling within subheadings ex 48.01 C II and 48.01 F of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Portugal (1980)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission, Whereas Article 4 of the additional Protocol to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Portuguese Republic (1) lays down that the Community as originally constituted and Ireland should open annual duty-free tariff quotas for kraft liner and for other paper and paperboard falling within subheadings ex 48.01 C II and 48.01 F of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Portugal, of 42 000 and 1 500 tonnes respectively, which should be increased yearly by 5% as from 1 January 1977; whereas the tariff quotas concerned should be opened for 1960;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quotas and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for these quotas to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quotas have been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quotas can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quotas among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Portugal over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports into each of the Member States represent the following percentages of total imports of the product in question, originating in Portugal:

	Subheading ex 48.01 C II			Subheading 48.01 P		
	1976	1977	1978	1976	1977	1978
Benelux Germany France Ireland Italy	25·2 28·1 18·2 6·7 21·8	31·4 32·1 21·7 — 14·8	31.0 30.3 22.0 16.2	28·7 54·0 8·0 9·3	20·7 79·3	100

Whereas, in view of these factors and of market forecasts for the products concerned during the quota period in question, the percentage shares in the quota volumes may be expressed roughly as follows:

	Subheading cx 48.01 C II	Subheading 48.01 F	
Benelux	32.6	6.5	
Germany	31.3	10.0	
France	21.9	62.5	
Ireland	5.8	16.5	
Italy	8.4	4.5	

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 27-4 29. 9. 1978, p. 8

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, each of the quota amounts should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quotas might under the circumstances be fixed at 75 % and 50 % respectively of the quota volumes;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota shares should draw an additional share from the corresponding reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volumes have been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the corresponding reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to the economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the period 1 January to 31 December 1980, duty-free tariff quotas shall be opened in the Community as originally constituted and Ireland for products originating in Portugal and within the following limits:

CCT heading . No	Description	Tariff quota (tonnes)
48.01	Paper and paperboard (including cellulose wadding), in rolls or sheets:	
	C. Kraft paper and kraft board:	·
	ex II. Other:	
	- Kraft liner (1)	51.051
	F. Other	. 1 822

Article 2

be divided into two instalments.

- The tariff quotas provided for in Article 1 shall
- 2. A first instalment of each quota, of 38 300 and 910 tonnes respectively, shall be shared among the Member States; the respective shares which, subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1980, shall be as follows:
- Subheading Subheading Member States cx 48.01 C II 48.01 F 500 Benelux 12 12 000 8 400 90 Germany 570 France 200 200 23 150 Ireland Italy 40

(tonnes)

3. The second instalment of each quota, of 12 751 and 12 tonnes respectively, shall constitute the corresponding reserve.

Article 3

- 1. If 90 % or more of one of the Member State's initial shares as specified in Article 2 (2), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the corresponding reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.
- 2. If, after one of its initial shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the second' share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.
- 3. If, after one of its second shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1980.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1980, those unused portions of their initial shares which, on 15 September 1980, are in excess of 20 % of the initial volumes. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1980, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1980 and charged against the tariff quotas and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserves.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserves have been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1980, of the amount in each reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts any reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

- 1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.
- 2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.
- 3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered for free circulation.
- 4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged under the conditions set in paragraph 3:

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at

For the Council
The President

ANNEX

Definition

Subheading ex 48.01 C II Kraft liner

Kraft liner means machine-finished or machine-glazed paper or paper-board, in rolls, containing not less than 80 % of chemical sulphate softwood pulp calculated on total fibre content, weighing not more than $115g/m^2$ and having a Mullen burst ratio of not less than 35.

exemption

- 1. Ligne budgétaire concernée : Chap. 12 art. 120
- 2. Base juridique: Art. 113
- 3. Intitulé de la mesure tarisaire :

Proposition de règlement (CEE) du Conseil portant ouverture, répartition et mode de gestion de contingents tarifaires de certains papiers et cartons des sous-positions ex 48.01 C II et 48.01 F du tarif douanier commun, originaires du Porjugal (année 1980).

4. Objectif :

Execution d'une obligation contractuelle (Accord CEE-Portugal)

5. Mode de calcul:

- N° du T.D.C. : ex 48.01 C II 48.01 F

- Volume du/des contingent(s) : 51.051 tonnes 1.822 tonnes

: exemption

- - Droits à appliquer

- Droits du T.D.C. 8% 11,6%

6. Perte de recettes :

La même mesure tarifaire est appliquée en 1979.

Il y a donc pas de perte de recettes à inscrire pour l'exercice 1980.

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