

COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

COM(80) 727 final

Brussels, 11th November 1980

DRAFT COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC)
TEMPORARILY SUSPENDING THE AUTONOMOUS COMMON CUSTOMS
TARIFF DUTIES ON CERTAIN INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS

(presented by the Commission to the Council)

COM(80) 727 final

1

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

1. The subject of the following draft regulation is the temporary suspension of duties in the Common Customs Tariff for a number of industrial items, as requested by the Member States.
It is partly a prolongation and partly a new measure.

2. It seems appropriate to the Commission that a duty suspension is justified for the goods listed in the annex to this regulation. The Commission proposes a total suspension for those products for which Community production does not exist or is minimal. A partial suspension is proposed in cases where the Community production covers only a part of the requirements. The rate of the partially suspended duty depends on the extent of the possible Community supply to the Community users. The Commission is also always looking for the right balance between the interests of the suppliers, users and the consumers in the Community.
It also takes into account the need to protect employment.

3. The proposed measures are confined to six months because of the difficulties of estimating the evolution of the basic factors.

4. For a number of items for which the Member States also requested duty suspensions the Commission does not propose a tariff measure because the necessary conditions are not fulfilled. This concerns the following items :

CCT heading No	Description
ex 28.42 A V	Cobalt carbonates containing by weight : - not less than 46.5% of cobalt - not more than 0.001% of copper " " " 0.01% of iron " " " 0.002% of lead " " " 0.003% of manganese " " " 0.15% of nickel " " " 0.26% of sodium " " " 0.08% of sulphate " " " 0.0015% of zinc
ex 29.02 B	1,6,7,8,9,14,15,16,17,17,18,18-Dodecachloropenta- cyclo <u>12.2.1.1</u> ^{6.9} . <u>0</u> ^{2.13} . <u>0</u> ^{5.10} <u>7</u> octadeca-7,15- diene, for use in the manufacture of polypropylene
ex 29.13 G II	2-Oxobornane-10-sulphonic acid
ex 29.19 C	2,2-Bis(chloromethyl)trimethylene tetrakis (2- chloroethyl)bis(phosphate)
ex 29.19 C and ex 38.19 U	Tetrakis(2-chloroethyl) ethylene bis(phosphate)
ex 29.23 D V	Iminodi (acetic acid)
ex 29.35 Q	Fluphenazine (INN)
ex 30.02 A	Rabies immunoplasma

ex 35.05 A

Maize starch slightly oxidised, having

- ... a dextrose equivalent not greater than 3.5% by weight
- ... an optical rotation, calculated on the dry matter and when determined by the modified Ewer's procedure as set out in DIR/72/199/EEC, of
 - (a) a total in degrees (P) greater than or equal to + 7.75 and less than or equal to + 8.4
 - (b)* the substances soluble in 40% ethanol, degrees (P'), greater than or equal to + 1.0 and less than or equal to + 4.5

* Note: In order to mix thoroughly with the ethanol it is necessary to add the ethanol slowly, to form a slurry, and to shake continuously for one hour 7

ex 38.19 U

Flame-retardant reaction products of acetaldehyde, ethylene oxide and phosphorus trichloride

ex 44.28 C

Match splints manufactured from aspen (Populus tremuloides) for the manufacture of "strike-anywhere" matches, (that is, not requiring a specific striking surface)

ex 69.09 B

Nozzles and bottom plates made from binder-free silicon carbide, for use in atomisers

ex 74.05 B

Sheets and plates of polytetrafluoroethylene, filled with aluminium oxide or reinforced with glass-fibre fabric, laminated on both sides with copper foil

ex 77.01 A

Unwrought magnesium containing 99.95% by weight of pure magnesium (extra pure magnesium) with an iron content not exceeding 60 ppm, intended for the nuclear industry

ex 81.04 M		Waste and scrap of uranium depleted in U 235
ex 95.08 B		Artificial honey combs

5. Attention is drawn to the fact that the Council Resolution of 27.6.1974 simplifying the task of the customs administrations (O.J. C 79/80) requires the publication of the attached Regulation at least six weeks before its entry into force.

Draft
COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No .../80
of
temporarily suspending the autonomous Common Customs Tariff duties on
certain industrial products

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community, and in particular Article 28
thereof,

Having regard to the draft Regulation submitted by
the Commission,

Whereas production of the products referred to in this
Regulation is at present inadequate or non-existent
within the Community and producers are thus unable
to meet the needs of user industries of the Commu-
nity;

Whereas it is in the Community's interest in certain
cases to suspend the autonomous Common Customs
Tariff duties only partially, particularly because of the
existence of Community production, and in other
cases to suspend them completely;

Whereas, taking account of the difficulties involved in
accurately assessing the development of the economic
situation in the sectors concerned in the near future,
these suspension measures should be taken only
temporarily, by fixing their period of validity by refer-
ence to the interests of Community production,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 1 January to 30 June 1981 the autonomous
Common Customs Tariff duties for the products listed
in the Annex hereto shall be suspended at the level
indicated in respect of each of them.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January
1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council
The President



ANNEX

6

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of autonomous duty(%)
ex 28.21	Chromium dioxide	0
ex 28.24	Cobalt hydroxides	0
ex 28.24	Cobalt oxides for the manufacture of cobalt salts (a)	0
ex 28.40 B II	pentaCalcium hydroxide tris(orthophosphate) for use in non-ferrous metallurgy (a)	0
ex 28.47 F	Calcium wolframate, for the manufacture of ferro-alloys or deca-ammonium 41-oxododeca= wolframate (ammonium paratungstate) (a)	0
ex 28.55 A	Iron phosphides (ferro-phosphorus) containing 15% or more by weight of phosphorus, for use exclusively in the manufacture of refined phosphorus iron or steel (a)	0
ex 29.03 B II	1-Nitropropane	0
ex 29.03 B II	2-Nitropropane	0
ex 29.03 B II	Nitroethane	0
ex 29.11 C II	A mixture of 3- <u>o</u> -cumenyl-2-methylpropion= aldehyde and 3- <u>p</u> -cumenyl-2-methylpropion= aldehyde (cyclamen aldehyde)	0
ex 29.13 A I	3,3-Dimethylbutanone	0
ex 29.15 C III	Tetrabromophthalic anhydride	0
ex 29.21 B II	<u>o</u> , <u>o</u> '-Dioctadecyl pentaerythritol bis(phosphite)	0
ex 29.23 A II	(+)-4-Dimethylamino-3-methyl-1,2-diphenylbutan-2-ol	0
ex 29.23 A II	1-Deoxy-1-(octylamino)- <u>D</u> -glucitol	0
ex 29.25 A II	2-Acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulphonic acid	0
ex 29.25 B III b)	Bendiocarb (ISO)	0
ex 29.26 B II c)	1,1,3,3-Tetramethylguanidine	0
ex 29.30	Methylenedicyclohexyl di-isocyanate, mixed isomers	0
ex 29.31 B	Captafol (ISO)	0
ex 29.34 C	Trichloronat (ISO)	0
ex 29.34 C	2-Chloroethylphosphonic acid	0

(a) Control of the use for this special purpose shall be carried out pursuant to the relevant Community provisions.

ex 29.34 C	2-Diphenylphosphinobenzoic acid	0
ex 29.35 Q	2-Chlorodibenz [b,f] [1,4] oxazepin-11(10H)-one	0
ex 29.35 Q	2,3,5,6-Tetrachloropyridine	0
ex 29.35 Q	Diltiazem hydrochloride (INN)	0
ex 29.35 Q	3-Acetoxyethyl-7- β -(R)-2-formyloxy-2-phenylacetoamido-8-oxo-5-thia-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]oct-2-ene-2-carboxylic acid and its salts and esters	0
ex 29.38 A	Nicotinic acid (INN)	0
ex 29.38 B V	Nicotinamide (INN)	0
ex 29.35 Q and ex 30.03 A II b)	Buspirone hydrochloride (INN)	0
ex 29.35 Q and ex 30.03 A II b)	Encainide hydrochloride (INN)	0
ex 29.41 D	Purified mixture of glycosides from the fermentation of <u>Streptomyces Avermitilis</u>	0
ex 29.42 C VII	Vindesine sulphate (INN)	0
ex 29.43 B	Ribose	0
ex 29.43 B	Sucralfate (INN)	0
29.44 C	Netilmicin sulphate (INN)	0
ex 32.01 A IV	Tanning extracts of eucalyptus	3.2
ex 32.09 A II and ex 39.01 C V	Polyurethane of 2,2'-(tert-butylimino) diethanol and 4,4'-methylenedi(cyclohexyl isocyanate), dissolved in N,N-dimethylacetamide, with a copolymer content of not less than 48% by weight	0
ex 32.09 A II ex 39.02 C XIV a)	Copolymer of p-cresol and divinylbenzene, dissolved in N,N-dimethylacetamide, with a copolymer content of not less than 48% by weight	0
ex 38.03 B	Acid activated montmorillonite which, when examined by X-ray powder diffraction, shows four principal lines corresponding to crystal interplaner spacing (d values) of 0.44, 0.40, 0.33 and 0.25 nm, the line corresponding to 0.40 nm being the most intense	4
38.07 A	Gum spirits of turpentine	3
ex 38.08 C	Rosin hydrogenated, polymerized, dimerized or oxidized	4

ex 38.19 G	Catalysts in the form of spherical grains with a diameter of not less than 1.4 mm and not more than 1.8 mm consisting of boron trifluoride on an aluminium oxide support	0
ex 38.19 G	Catalysts in the form of rodlets having a length of not more than 5.0 mm and a diameter of not more than 3.6 mm, consisting of copper oxide and dichromium trioxide	0
ex 38.19 G	Catalysts, in the form of granules or rings having a diameter of not less than 3 mm and not more than 10 mm, consisting of silver supported on aluminium oxide, the silver content being not less than 10 % and not more than 20 % by weight	0
ex 38.19 G	Catalysts consisting of copper chloride supported on aluminium oxide for the preparation of dichloroethane from ethylene, hydrochloric acid and oxygen, with a surface area of less than 90 m ² /g (a)	0
ex 38.19 U	Cholic acid and 3- <i>alpha</i> , 12- <i>alpha</i> -dihydroxy-5- <i>beta</i> -cholan-24-oic acid (deoxycholic acid), crude	0
ex 38.19 U	Crude bile acids	0
ex 39.01 C II a)	Polycondensation products of formaldehyde and a mixture of toluene-2-sulphonamide and toluene-4-sulphonamide	0
ex 39.01 C III a)	Reflecting polyester sheeting whether or not in rolls	0
ex 39.01 C III b)	Polyester of a mixture of isophthalic acid and terephthalic ^{acid} with 4,4-isopropylidenediphenol	0
ex 39.01 CV	Polyurethane polymers in one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) to Chapter 39, based on a mixture of 2-methyl and 4-methyl- <i>m</i> -phenylene di-isocyanates and branched chain triols with an average molecular weight of not less than 6 000, and containing terminal epoxy groups	12
ex 39.01 CV	Polyurethane reflecting sheeting whether or not in rolls	0
ex 39.01 CVII	Poly[oxy (2,6-dibromo-1,4-phenylene)] for use in the manufacture of polypropylene (a)	0
ex 39.01 C VII	Poly(oxy-1,4-phenylenesulphonyl-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneisopropylidene-1,4-phenylene), in one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 b) to Chapter 39	0
ex 39.02 C II	Microporous polytetrafluoroethylene film coated on one side with a polymer permeable to water vapour, not less than 30 cm in width and weighing not more than 50 g/m ² , whether or not in rolls	0
ex 39.02 C VI a)	Copolymer of maleic anhydride and styrene, whether or not containing a styrene-butadiene block copolymer in one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (b) to Chapter 39	0
ex 39.02 C VI a)	An A-B-A block copolymer of polystyrene ethylene-butylene copolymer and polystyrene containing not more than 35 % by weight of styrene, in one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (b) to Chapter 39	0
ex 39.02 C VII b)	Reflecting polyvinyl chloride sheeting wholly embossed on one side in a regular pyramidal pattern, whether or not in rolls	0

(a) Control of the use for this special purpose shall be carried out pursuant to the relevant Community provisions.