## **EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT**

## Working Documents

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MOTION FOR A RESOLUTION

tabled by Mr CARIGLIA, Mr FERRI, Mr ORLANDI and Mr PULETTI

pursuant to Rule 25 of the Rules of Procedure on the violations of international law and the charter of human rights in Iran

**English Edition** 

## The European Parliament,

- whereas democracies should not react faintheartedly to the arrogance of dictators,
- whereas an effort must be made to boost solidarity between the democratic nations of the West and the USA as an essential means of reviving the process of detente that will restore peace to the world and at the same time respect the freedom and national sovereignty of all peoples,
- considering the gravity of the attitude adopted by the leaders of the Republic of Iran in refusing to release the staff of the United States Embassy in Teheran, in violation of international law and the Charter of Human Rights,
- considering the moderation with which the United States has responded to the provocation by the Iranian leaders, which has led to the destabilization of an area vital to the economy of the West with grave implications for relations between the United States and the USSR,
- considering that oil blackmail will, in all probability have to be regarded by the western industrialized world, and Europe in particular, as a challenge and constant threat to its own economy and in view of the fact that, given the interdependence of the economic factors involved, the European Community, the United States and Japan cannot but assume joint responsibility,

Invites the Council and Commission of the European Communities to adopt:

- (a) a series of measures in agreement with the United States and Japan to ensure that the Republic of Iran complies with international law and liberates the hostages currently held in the American Embassy in Teheran.
- (b) an economic and financial plan to cope with the current as well as any future threat to the energy supplies of the western industrialized countries. Such a plan should take account of the major difficulties confronting those countries which have no energy sources of their own as well as the economic capacity of individual countries in order to ensure the sacrifices are fairly shared.