

ISEC/14/81

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# £40M FROM SOCIAL FUND FOR UK EMPLOYMENT TRAINING SCHEMES

# FIRST ALLOCATION FOR 1981

The European Commission has announced the first allocation of the 1981 Social Fund Grants for the UK, totalling about £40m. Money from the Fund is used to assist vocational training, retraining and resettlement schemes in the member states of the Community, with special emphasis on helping the unemployed and young people entering the labour market for the first time, especially in poorer regions.

The total allocated to member states in this first tranche is £205m (1) (377.35m EUA) The Fund is oversubscribed this year, so the Commission has been unable to issue decisions on all the applications made, and there are no announcements yet on grants to aid textile workers, migrant workers, women and groups of enterprises, all categories designated for special aid. Decisions on these are expected later in the year.

Under the latest allocation of grants to the UK, £13,331,740 is to be allocated under the Youth Opportunities Programme in Northern Ireland for various schemes for nearly 15000 young people. Another large allocation is to BSC (Industry) Ltd which has been granted the equivalent of £1000 per person to find training schemes in private firms for 2800 people who find themselves unemployed as a result of steel closures.

On a smaller scale, but nonetheless of great significance, is the allocation of grants for four schemes to help small businesses in rural areas of Scotland including the Highlands and Islands, in Wales and in assisted areas of England.

<sup>(1) 1</sup> unit of account = 0.543649 on the basis of March 1981

#### How the Social Fund works

In order to be eligible for assistance from the Social Fund, a training scheme must have financial support from a public authority. For schemes run by public authorities themselves, the Commission will meet up to half the cost of the project, while for schemes run by private organisations, the Commission may match public authority support.

Grants are made under Article 4 and 5 of the Social Fund.

## Article 4

Under this Article, the Fund can assist with training or retraining of particular groups of workers: people leaving agriculture, leaving the textile industry, or acquiring new skills in that area; migrant workers moving between member states or from third countries; young people under 25 years of age looking for their first job; or women over the age of 25 who are unemployed or seeking a return to work after having a family.

## Article 5

Under this Article, the Fund can help workers in regions of the Community where unemployment is particularly serious, such as Northern Ireland ('first priority regions'). For the UK, priority is also given to Scotland, Northern England and North-West England. Grants are also given for training or retraining required as a result of technical progress; to help workers who are the victims of changes in particular industries which lead to altered labour needs; and to rehabilitate and train the disabled to compete on the open labour market.

In the UK, most application for assistance from the Fund are submitted by the Department of Employment which has received support for the Youth Opportunities Programme, the Training Opportunities Programme (TOPS) and various other projects to help the disabled, workers faced with redundancy etc. Grants are also requested by other public bodies, such as the Industrial Training Boards and nationalised industries, and increasingly from private companies and voluntary bodies, involved in such schemes as training fishermen to cope with new equipment and safety requirements, and training print workers in the use of new technology in order to preserve jobs.

Details of individual grants in the latest allocation follow. These are for one year unless otherwise stated.

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530,310

2,800,000

450,000

3,000,000

176,000 ₩

199,500

284,000

76,800

214,590

2,583,518

2,583,518 ISEC/38/81 2,500,000

are beyond daily travelling distance of their homes. Manpower Services Commission, Employment Services Division (ESD)

| 1.  | Scheme to provide linked work and training for 600 people under 25 threatened with unemployment. Manpower Services Commission, Training Services Division (TSD).   | 200,000              | 5•  | Scheme to provide training for 2 720 new entrants to become guards, shunters, signalmen, mechanics and technicians in areas of British Rail within assisted areas of Great Britain. British Rail.  |
|-----|--|----------------------|-----|--|
| 2.  | Engineering Industry Training Board (EITB) technician training for women under 18 in engineering as a skill in which women are underrepresented. Manpower Services Commission (TSD)  | 75,000               | 6.  | Training programmes in private firms designed to ensure re-employment for 2 800 unemployed or threatened with unemployment in areas affected by steel closures. British Steel Corporation (Industry) Limited.  |
| 3•  | Vocational training in vehicle servicing for 15 unemployed women under 25 to facilitate their access to an occupation in which women are underrepresented. Bradford College, Yorkshire.  | <b>15,60</b> 5       | 7•  | Scheme to help small firms in Merseyside employing fewer than 25 people to create additional jobs for 1 700 unemployed. Merseyside County Council through County Help for Small Enterprises (CHASE).   |
| 4.  | Engineering Industry Training Board (EITB) and Construction Industry Training Board (CITB) skilled training linked to the labour market in Northern Ireland for 372 first job seekers under 25. Northern Ireland Training Executive.                     | 158,006              | 8.  | Various training and retraining programmes to assist 3 600 people in schemes operated by private firms in development and special development areas of Great Britain particularly those affected by major redundancies in steel, shipbuilding and other declining  |
| 5•  | Road Transport Industry Training Scheme (RTITB) scheme for 300 first job seekers under 25 to train as motor mechanics. Northern Ireland Training Executive.  | 505,634              |     | industries. Department of Employment on behalf of employers receiving training assistance under Section 7 of the Industry Act 1972.  |
| 6.  | scheme to select and recruit young people; and training in management skills for 90 first job seekers under 25. Northern   | 20.515               | 9.  | Four schemes to provide financial, technical and management services to small business units in:   |
| 7•  | Ireland Training Executive.  Various schemes under the Youth Opportunities Programme in Northern Ireland for 14 610 unemployed young persons. Department of Manpower Services, Northern Ireland.   | 30,515<br>13,331,740 |     | (a) Scotland: to help 870 people through the Scottish Development Agency to provide training in welding, wrought iron and farriery, and machine tools; business management training in bookkeeping and basic accountancy; industrial engineering advice to improve efficiency and production; and financial and advisory help to trainees and new entrants to the Scottish |
| 8.  | Under the Youth Opportunities Programme in Northern Ireland, job creation for 951 unemployed persons under 19 organised by Community Service volunteers (Young Help Scheme) and by the National Trust. Department of Manpower Services Northern Ireland. | 207,141              |     | (b) The Highlands and Islands: to help 2 060 people through the Highlands and Islands Development Board to aid organizations which engage in retraining for added skills and to provide training and retraining for workers whose skills do not match  |
| REG | IONS (Article 5)   |                      |     | the needs of industry in that area.  |
| 1.  | Three year scheme aimed at providing training programmes for firms in North West and South West England, the Midlands, Scotland and Wales willing to recruit and train 600 unemployed persons over and   |                      |     | (c) Wales: to help 600 people through the Welsh Development Agency and its Small Business Unit, to provide advice and training to small businesses.  |
|     | above their normal recruitment in 29 occupations. Distributive Industry Training Board, Manchester.  | 360,000              |     | (d) Assisted areas in England to help 1 050 people through the Council for Small Industries in Rural Areas (CoSIRA) to provide training for unemployed persons in rural areas  |
| 2.  | Three year scheme to encourage employers in areas with no training facilities to provide training for 120 young people to gain skills as clothing machine engineers. Clothing and Allied Products Industry Training Board, Leeds.                        | 60,000               | 10. | as well as those threatened with unemployment.  Training of 150 unemployed persons in an experimental assessment training unit (MATU) in Merseyside. Manpower Services Commission (TSD)  |
| 3•  | Basic building and civil engineering training for 480 people in high unemployment areas in West Central Scotland. Construction Industry Training Board's Glasgow Training Centre.  | 109,500              | 11. | Training programmes of work preparation courses for 3 080 unemployed adults vis: Wider opportunity courses, Vocational Assessment Course and preparatory courses. Manpower Services  |
| 4•  | Three year scheme to provide training for 10 unemployed people at<br>the Dinorwig pumped storage power station now under construction in<br>North Wales. Central Electricity Generating Board.   | 47,391               | 12. | Commission (TSD). 2 Under the Employment Transfer Scheme, transfer of 5 245 unemployed   |
|     |  |                      |     | or redundant workers to assured jobs in regional locations which   |

behalf by the British Printing Industries Federation).

26,950

10. Training in manufacture and use of micro-chip electronic equipment for 310 employees of firms in the Hereford and Worcester area and undertaken in both private firms and at public authority training facilities. Hereford and Worcester County Training Cooperative (Worcester Chamber of Commerce and Industry) 425,000 THE HANDICAPPED (Article 5) 1. Open workshop for the educationally sub-normal demonstration project for 200 handicapped. City of Bradford Metropolitan Council. 129,130 Various rehabilitation and vocational training programmes for 2. 561 disabled people in Northern Ireland. Department of Manpower 646,121 Services. Functional rehabilitation at the Joss Cardwell Centre in Belfast 3. for 150 persons suffering from physical handicaps to prepare them for open employment. Department of Health and Social Security (DHSS) Northern Ireland. 95,150 Training for 75 mentally ill people at the Tamar Street Workshop 4. in Belfast to prepare them for open employment. DHSS Northern Ireland. 82,392 Functional rehabilitation for 1005 mentally ill persons to prepare 5. them for open employment. DHSS Northern Ireland. 677,779 Rehabilitation and training for 240 people in preparation for open 6. employment. Southern Health and Social Services Board Northern Ireland. 304,623 7. Rehabilitation and training for 383 handicapped persons in preparation for open employment. Western Health and Social Services Board Northern Ireland. 347,195 8. Rehabilitation and Training of 310 psychiatrically handicapped persons for open employment. Industrial Therapy Organisation (Ulster) Ltd. 95,700 Rehabilitation at the Balmoral Work Centre in Belfast for 90 physically 9.

handicapped persons in preparation for employment in the open market.

Northern Ireland Council for Orthopaedic Development.