

EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

GREEN EUROPE NEWSLETTER

IN BRIEF

Common agricultural prices 1982/1983

— Council's decisions

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COMMON AGRICULTURAL PRICES 1982/83

COUNCIL'S DECISIONS

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I. INTRODUCTION

The Commission's proposals and the Council's decisions on agricultural prices for the marketing year 1982/83 have been undertaken in two phases :

- a preparatory phase of reflection and orientation
- a phase of concrete proposals, discussion and decisions.

Phase of reflection

During 1981 the Community institutions carried out a series of far-reaching reflections on the future development of the common agricultural policy.

During this phase, a number of reports and opinions were published :

- resolution by the European Parliament on 16 June 1981 on possible improvements to the Common agricultural policy;
- report of the Commission on 23 June 1981 on the Mandate of 30 May 1980, including an important section on agriculture;
- memorandum of the Commission on 23 October 1981 on Guidelines for European Agriculture;
- memorandum of the Commission on 23 October 1981 on lines of action for Mediterranean programmes;
- opinion of the Economic and Social Committee on 26 November 1981 on agricultural policy;
- deliberations of the Heads of State and Government, meeting in the European Council on 26-27 November 1981, followed by discussions at the level of Ministers of Foreign Affairs on 14-15 January 1982.

After twenty years of existence of the common agricultural policy, it is natural that there should be a debate about its adaptation to the **new realities** of general economic conditions and of the agricultural sector itself. Among other elements which were taken into account in these reflections were the difficult situation of the economy in the Community as a whole, the serious income problems arising in agriculture, the trends of production and consumption of agricultural products, and the situation of the Community budget.

Phase of proposals and decision

This phase was marked by protracted discussions and negotiations, and the beginning of the marketing years for a number of products (eg , milk, beef) were postponed until 20 May :

- proposals of the Commission on 23 January 1982 on prices for 1982/83 and related measures, completed by proposals of the Commission on 10 March 1982 on the coresponsibility levy for milk;
- first discussion in the Council of Ministers (Agriculture) on 15-16 february, followed by discussions at six further sessions of the Council, at which decisions were taken on a number of agri-monetary measures, in advance of the decisions on common prices;
- opinion of the Economic and Social Committee adopted on 23 March 1982;
- opinion of the European Parliament adopted on 26 March 1982;
- revised proposals of the Commission on 1 April 1982, in the light of the foregoing opinions and of discussions in the Council;
- compromise proposal presented to the Council by the Presidency on 29 April 1982, accepted by seven delegations;
- final revised proposals of the Commission on 11 May 1982, accepted by nine delegations;
- decisions of the Council of 18 May 1982, adopted by a vote.

The main decisions of the Council on agricultural prices and related measures for the 1982/83 marketing year, together with an evaluation and reasons justifying them from the point of view of the agricultural economy, are given in this number of the Newsletter.

II. GENERAL

1. The Commission's proposals

The proposals of the Commission for agricultural prices for 1982/83 and related measures were submitted to the Council on 23 January 1982 (COM(82) 10). The proposals are summarised in Green Europe Newsletter In Brief n°18.

The background information against which the proposals were made may be found in more detail in the Commission's publications :

- Guidelines for European Agriculture (COM(81) 608)
- The Situation of the Agricultural Markets, 1981 Report (COM(81) 822)
- The Agricultural Situation in the Community, 1981 Report (published in January 1982).

In the context of Mediterranean agriculture, and the modification of the "acquis communautaire" in the perspective of the enlargement of the Community to include Portugal and Spain, the Commission also made certain proposals in the autumn of 1981, some of which were the object of discussion and decision by the Council at the same time as the 1982/83 prices. These proposals concerned :

- Citrus fruit (COM(81) 402)
- Fruit and vegetables (COM(81) 403)
- Wine (COM(81) 408)
- Olive oil (COM(81) 610)

In accordance with the request of the Heads of State and Government, the Commission studied the particular problem for farm incomes arising from differential rates of inflation, and submitted a report on 11 March 1982 entitled :

- Differential rates of inflation and the common agricultural policy (COM(82) 98).

The Commission's proposals were submitted against a difficult economic background : a contraction of the Community's gross domestic product in real terms in 1981, rising unemployment, and a reduction in agricultural incomes in real terms for the third year in succession.

In 1979 agricultural incomes, as measured by net value added per unit of labour employed, fell by 3 % in real terms, in 1980 by 7 % and in 1981 by 2 %. The Commission therefore took into account in its proposals the need for a more satisfactory increase in agricultural incomes in 1982.

At the same time, the Commission considered that the trends of agricultural production and consumption required a long-term view of the future perspectives and better guidance of the agricultural policy in a multi-annual context. For this purpose the Commission envisaged the introduction of production objectives or "guarantee thresholds", with measures for the participation of producers in the cost of disposal if these thresholds are exceeded.

(a) Prices

The Commission's proposals included an increase in common prices of 9 % for most products, and between 6 % and 12 % for other products. In its modulation of the price increases it took account of the market situation of the individual products.

The most important product for which lower increases were proposed was cereals, for which an increase of about 6.5 % was proposed for most of the intervention prices, with 5.3 % for the price for bread-wheat of minimum quality. The lower increase for cereals represented the first step in a programme of reducing the gap between Community prices and those of its competitors. At the same time, the Commission made it clear that action should be taken to deal with the problem of imports of cereals substitutes which have increased rapidly in recent years.

The products for which more than 9 % was proposed were principally Mediterranean products, including rice, cotton, olive oil, sunflower seed and certain varieties of fruit and vegetables.

for milk the Commission proposed a price increase of 9 %, with the continuation of the coresponsibility levy at 2.5 % but a reduction of 1 % for the first 60,000 kg of milk delivered, as a measure to help small producers.

(b) MCAs

As a further significant step towards restoring the unity of the market, the Commission proposed the reduction of existing monetary compensatory amounts by means of a green devaluation for Italy and green revaluations for Germany, the United Kingdom and the Netherlands. In the light of further movements in currency rates, the Commission subsequently proposed also green devaluations for Belgium, Luxembourg, Denmark, France and Greece

(c) Guarantee thresholds

In line with its long-term objectives for the guidance of Community production, the Commission proposed the fixing of guarantee thresholds for milk, cereals, colza and processed tomatoes for the 1982/83 marketing year. The thresholds proposed for these sectors took account of the objectives suggested by the Commission for the long-term horizon 1988.

In the period 1980-82, the budgetary situation as regards the Guarantee Section of the EAGGF considerably improved, with an average growth of expenditure of around 9.5 % a year compared with an annual growth rate of about 11 % in the Community's own resources. The Commission's proposals were made in conformity with the aim that agricultural expenditure should continue to grow at a slower rate than own resources, making it possible to release additional resources to reinforce Community solidarity in other sectors.

2. Average increases in prices

In its decisions, the Council adopted :

- increases of 10.5 % for the principal animal products (10.5 % for milk, sheepmeat and pigmeat, 11 % for beef in two stages) and 11 % for wine and olive oil
- lower increases for several crop products : 8.5 % for cereals (but only 7.5 % for bread-wheat of minimum quality) 8.5 % for colza and 9.5 % for sugar
- higher increases for many Mediterranean products, including 13 % for cotton, 12% for most fruit and vegetables, 8-16 % for tobacco and 11-14 % for protein products and oilseeds.

The price decisions therefore, although representing an increase of between 1 % and 2 % as compared with the original proposals, retained the structure and hierarchy proposed by the Commission.

In the milk sector, the Council decided to reduce the coresponsibility levy to 2.0 % for 1982/83, and in addition to distribute an aid of 120 million ECU for the benefit of small milk producers, on the basis of criteria to be determined.

The level of common prices for each product, and the increases compared with the preceding year, are set out in detail in sections VI and VII of this document. The average increase in common prices in ECU for the Community as a whole is 10.4 %. The effective increases in national money in each member state differ according to the agri-monetary decisions (higher prices in national money in countries for which green devaluations were decided, lower prices in countries for which there are green revaluations) and the details of these adjustments are given in section III of this document. The average increase in national prices in the Community as a whole, taking account of all the agri-monetary adjustments adopted since the 1981/82 price decisions, is 12.2 %.

The impact of these increases on consumer food prices (in national currencies) is estimated at between 4.5 and 5 % for the Community as a whole, which corresponds to about 1 % on the cost of living. The effect on retail prices will vary from one product to another, and from one member state to another, depending on the adjustments of green rates and the market situation prevailing for the different products. In recent years agriculture has made a contribution to the restraint of inflation, since between 1978 and 1981 agricultural producer price rose at a yearly rate of 8.7 %, food prices at 10.1 % and consumer prices in general by 12.2 %.

The average increases in support prices differ according to the member states, according to the importance of different products in their agricultural production, and the adjustments of green rates.

Average increase in common agricultural prices as compared with the preceding year

	1981/82			1982/83		
	Common prices in ECU (1)	Prices in national money (2)	Inflation 1981 (3)	Common prices in ECU (1)	Prices in national money (2)	Inflation 1982 (3)
Germany	9.5	5.7	4.0	10.3	6.9	4.0
France	8.9	11.6	12.0	10.1	13.8	12.9
Italy	9.3	15.8	15.5	10.5	16.1	17.9
Netherlands	9.7	10.5	6.7	10.5	8.2	5.8
Belgium	9.8	10.6	5.1	10.4	16.3	8.7
Luxembourg	9.7	10.5	6.2	10.6	16.5	10.0
United Kingdom	8.9	8.9	11.7	10.1	10.1	9.1
Ireland	9.7	14.0	18.9	10.5	10.5	20.9
Denmark	9.4	12.2	10.4	10.2	13.7	11.5
Greece (4)	9.3	12.5	19.6	13.4	19.7	25.3
EUR 10	9.2	10.9	9.6	10.4	12.2	10.1

- (1) Common prices in ECU (intervention prices or equivalent prices) weighted according to national agricultural production.
- (2) Common prices in ECU converted into national money at green rates, taking account of all adjustments of green rates included in the price decisions or adopted since the preceding year's price decisions.
- (3) Rate of inflation for the economy as a whole as indicated by the GDP deflator (implicit price of gross domestic product) for the calendar year in question. For 1982, forecast.
- (4) Includes alignment of Greek prices on common prices due to accession arrangements.

In most member states the increases in agricultural support prices in national money compare favourably with the rate of inflation.

These decisions should therefore help to protect the incomes and living standards of the 8 million persons employed in agriculture, and of their families.

The decisions concerning the coresponsibility levy for milk and the distribution of an aid equivalent to 120 million ECU will be of special assistance to milk producers. For those member states with a relatively high level of inflation (Greece, Ireland, Italy) the Council adopted a number of measures of special assistance. For Greece, the prices of several products were aligned immediately on the common prices, and there will be an examination of further possible measures if there are problems of agricultural income. The calf premium previously paid in Italy was extended to Greece, Ireland and Northern Ireland.

3. Guarantee thresholds

In its proposals the Commission declared that only with the modulation of guarantees, with producer participation in budgetary cost resulting from the cost of disposal of production in excess of guarantee thresholds, could a price fixing be achieved which is correct from the point of view of development of farm incomes and coherent with the Community's other objectives.

In its decisions, the Council adopted the main elements of the Commission's proposals for guarantee thresholds :

Cereals

A guarantee threshold of 119.5 million tons is fixed for 1982/83. If average production for the three marketing years 1980/81 - 1982/83 exceeds this level, intervention prices in 1983/84 will be reduced. However, if imports of cereals substitutes in the marketing year 1982/83 exceed 15 million tons, the guarantee threshold will be increased accordingly.

Colza

A guarantee threshold of 2.15 million tonnes is fixed for 1982/83. If average production for the three marketing years 1980/81 - 1982/83 exceeds this level, intervention prices in 1983/84 will be reduced.

Milk

If deliveries of milk in 1982 exceed those in 1981 by more than the guarantee threshold of 0.5 % the Council will adopt appropriate measures to offset the additional expenditure. The Commission has indicated that for this purpose it would propose a reduction of the intervention prices for 1983/84.

Processed tomatoes

A guarantee threshold of 4.5 million tons of fresh fruit processed is fixed for 1982. If production exceeds this level, the Council will take appropriate measures.

4. Financial Consequences

The EAGGF Guarantee appropriations in the budget adopted for 1982 were 13,671 million ECU; however, in the rectifying budget proposed by the Commission, these credits are to be reduced by 500 million ECU as a result of the economies made possible because of the more favourable conjuncture of markets than could be foreseen at the time the budget was drawn up. With this adjustment, the EAGGF Guarantee Section in 1982 will represent only 60% of the total budget, compared with 62 % in 1981.

The financial implications of the Commissions original price proposals for 1982/83 would have been an extra budgetary cost of 522 million ECU by comparison with the original 1982 budget. The final decisions of the Council represent an extra cost of 770 million ECU by comparison with the original 1982 budget.

However, in view of the economies which can be expected in 1982 as a result of the favourable market situation, the Commission considers that the extra cost of the Council's price decisions can be covered within the 1982 budget appropriations, even after taking account of the proposed reduction of 500 million ECU. Thus the measures adopted will entail no increase in the 1982 budget, and the rate of increase in expenditure from the Guarantee Section in the period 1980-82 will have been maintained below the rate of increase in own resources.

Over a full period of 12 months, the Council's price decisions imply an increase in budgetary expenditure of 1,434 million ECU. This should still allow agricultural expenditure to grow less rapidly than own resources in the longer term.

III. AGRI-MONETARY MEASURES

In its proposals for the 1982/83 prices the Commission included agri-monetary adjustments with a view to further progress towards reunification of the common agricultural market. At the beginning of 1982 there existed a negative MCA of 1.8 % for Italy and positive MCAs of 4.3 % for the Netherlands, 8.0 % for the United Kingdom and 8.3 % for Germany. Therefore the Commission proposed the abolition of the MCA for Italy and significant reductions of the MCAs for the Netherlands by 3 points, for the United Kingdom by 4 points and for Germany by 4.5 points.

Already in the autumn of 1981 certain agri-monetary adjustments had been decided by the Council, following the realignment of currencies within the European Monetary System on 4 October 1981 (revaluation of the German and Dutch currencies, devaluation of the French and Italian currencies). The Council accordingly decided a devaluation of the green rate for France, thus avoiding the introduction of a negative MCA for that country, and a devaluation of the green rate for Italy.

On 22 February 1982 a further realignment of currencies within EMS (devaluation of Belgian, Luxembourg, and Danish currencies) led to the introduction of negative MCAs for Belgium, Luxembourg, Denmark and (after a period of suspension of the "non-cumulation" rule) for France. Therefore the Commission also proposed on 1 April 1982 the devaluation of the green rates for these four countries, so as to abolish the MCAs for Denmark and France and to reduce the MCAs for Belgium and Luxembourg to 2.5 %. Subsequently, in view of the depreciation of the drachma, the Commission proposed the devaluation of the green rate for Greece so as to avoid the introduction of a negative MCA for that country.

In anticipation of its final decisions on agricultural prices, the Council adopted in April and May 1982 a series of decisions for the green devaluations for Denmark, France, Belgium, Luxembourg, Italy and Greece.

As a result of these decisions, the agricultural support prices in national money in the six member states concerned were increased, in addition to the increase in common prices in ECU.

In its final price decisions, the Council adopted certain green revaluations, so as to reduce the positive MCAs, but it did not go so far as the Commission had proposed. There was no green revaluation for the United Kingdom, but the MCAs for Germany were reduced by 2.9 points and for the Netherlands by 2.0 points; as a result, the increase in agricultural support prices in national money in these latter two countries was lower than the increase in common prices in ECU.

The table in section II of this document shows the average increase in agricultural support prices for each member state in national money, taking account both of the increase in common prices for 1982/83 and the agri-monetary adjustments which took place since the 1981/82 price decisions.

The following tables indicate :

- the development of the MCAs applied during the period from the coming into force of the 1981/82 price decisions to the coming into force of the 1982/83 price decisions,
- the successive adaptations of the green rates during the same period, with the effect of these adjustments on the "institutional" prices.

Monetary compensatory amounts

MCA's effectively applied (per cent)

	Germany	France	Nether-lands	Italy (1)	Belgium and Luxembourg	Denmark	United Kingdom
6.4.81	+ 3.2			- 1.0			+ 12.9
4.10.81	+ 8.3		+ 4.3	- 3.9			+ 3.5
31.12.81	+ 8.3		+ 4.3	- 1.8			+ 8.0
23.2.82	+ 8.0		+ 4.0	- 2.3	- 8.1	- 1.8	+ 8.1
15.4.82	+ 8.0	- 1.0	+ 4.0	- 2.3	- 8.1		+ 8.1
20.5.82 (2)	+ 5.1		+ 2.0	- 1.4	- 2.5		+ 6.9

(1) A higher MCA was applied for Italy for sugar, cereals, eggs and poultry

(2) For Germany, the Netherlands and Italy, these are the monetary compensatory amounts for the new marketing year.

Adaptation of green rates

Revaluations (+) and devaluations (-) of green rates (in per cent) decided by the Council since the 1981/82 price decisions and in the context of the 1982/83 price decisions.

Figures in brackets give the effect of the adaptations in terms of percentage increase (+) or decrease (-) in agricultural prices expressed in national money.

	Germany	France	Nether-lands	Italy	Belgium and Luxembourg	Denmark	Greece
12.10.81		- 1.500 (+1.5)					
30.11.81				- 2.464 (+2.5)			
5.4.82						- 1.782 (+1.8)	
6.5.82		- 1.761 (+1.8)		- 2.405 (+2.5)	- 5.069 (+5.3)	- 1.478 (+1.5)	- 3.636 (+3.8)
17.5.82							- 1.690 (+1.7)
20.5.82	+ 3.159 (-3.1)		+ 2.088 (-2.0)				
Total	+ 3.159 (-3.1)	- 3.235 (+3.3)	+ 2.088 (-2.0)	- 4.810 (+5.1)	- 5.069 (+5.3)	- 3.234 (+3.3)	- 3.636 (+5.6)

IV. ACQUIS COMMUNAUTAIRE

The Council's efforts in this sphere centred mainly on the adjustment of the common organization of the market in wine. The Council also took a decision on citrus fruit and urged the Special Committee on Agriculture to speed up its work on fruit, vegetables and olive oil.

I - Wine

The Council attaches importance to two principles : a) the balance of the table wine market must be maintained; b) if the measures adopted for this purpose prove insufficient, the desirable balance must be restored. It is therefore making a number of changes to the common organization of the market in table wine, the principal of which are as follows :

- a. There is to be a guaranteed minimum price for table wines, equal to 82 % of the guide price for each type of table wine;
- b. In years of abundant harvest the Commission will organize compulsory distillation of table wines so as to bring foreseeable end-of-year stocks down to between five and six months' utilization. The purchase price of wine delivered for compulsory distillation will be equal to 60 % of the guide price for each type of table wine (65 % for 1982/83);
- c. Between the start of the wine year and a decision on compulsory distillation as referred to above the Commission may introduce preventive distillation at a purchase price equal to 60 % of the guide price for each table wine (65 % for 1982/83);
- d. Provided that they abide by their obligations under the revised common organization of the market in wine, table wine producers and associations thereof will receive a purchase price equal to 82 % of the guide price if compulsory distillation measures are applied. If no such measures are applied, the Commission may also decide that the purchase price will be equal to 82% of the guide price.

However, the quantities of wine purchased at this price level may not exceed a total of 5 million hl in the course of a marketing year. Nevertheless, the Council, acting on a proposal from the Commission, may decide to introduce distillation at a purchase price equal to 82 % of the guide price for each table wine;

- e. As regards disposal of the products of distillation, the Council took some decisions so as to avoid any disturbance of the market in alcohol and spirituous beverages produced in the Community. The alcohol produced in the event of compulsory distillation may be delivered to an intervention agency and the losses incurred will be the subject of financial compensation by the EAGGF. For 1982/83, however, compensation is limited to 70 % of the net loss. In the event of other kinds of distillation, the present aid arrangements for distillers will be maintained.

All the measures decided on by the Council are linked to the application and, where possible, improvement of the structural measures for rationalizing production and to speeding up the establishment of a wine cultivation register. Not later than 31 December 1983, the Council will review progress on the basis of a report to be drawn up by the Commission.

II - Fruit, vegetables and olive oil

a. Citrus fruit : The Council approved the Commission proposal amending Regulation 2511/69 on citrus fruit. The main decisions consisted in restricting the geographical scope of the medium-term measures for the restructuring of citrus-fruit growing to those Member States where there are major problems as regards the varietal make-up of production and in confining the marketing premium to vendors in those Member States which are implementing a plan of medium-term measures. Other decisions involved extending the scope of the medium-term measures to cover lemons, relaxing

the conditions for the receipt of additional aid, raising the amount of such aid, and adding measures for structural improvement which were not based solely on conversion.

b. Other fruit, vegetables and olive oil : the Council has asked the Special Committee on Agriculture to speed up the examination of the Commission proposals and communications concerning these products and to submit its conclusions to the Council by 31 July 1982. The Council will then take the necessary decisions by 31 October 1982. The Council has taken note of the Commission's insistence on the binding nature of this deadline.

V. DECISIONS ON THE COMMON STRUCTURAL POLICY

1. The Council decided to extend until 31 December 1983 the period of application of the measures provided for in Directives 72/159/EEC, 72/160/EEC and 72/161/EEC and in Directive 75/268/EEC on mountain and hill farming and farming in certain less-favoured areas.
2. The Council decided to raise the maximum rate of the interest rate subsidy provided for in Directive 72/159/EEC on the modernization of farms from 5 % to 8 %; this increase applies to aid for development plans approved up to 31 December 1983 and covers an initial loan period of 10 years. For Italy the present maximum rate of subsidy is extended until 31 December 1983.
3. The Commission stated that it intended to present the Council with proposals aimed at extending to certain regions of Greece the same favourable terms enjoyed by certain regions of southern Italy in connection with the application of the structural measures provided for in Directives 75/268/EEC and 72/159/EEC and in Regulation (EEC) N°355/77 concerning the processing and marketing of agricultural products. The Council agreed to reach a decision on these proposals by 31 December 1982.
4. The Commission also pointed out that, in accordance with the memorandum on "Guidelines for European agriculture" and in the context of the action programme to assist Mediterranean agriculture, it would be making proposals to the Council before the end of 1982 involving aid not only from the EAGGF but also from other Community funds for structural purposes.

VI. RESULTS BY SECTOR

A. Milk and milk products

EC	D	E	I	NL	B/L	UK	IRL	DK	GR
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ECU/ tonne	%	Percentage increase in national currency (1)								
increase (1)										

Milk - Target price

1982/83	268,1	10,5	7,1	14,2	16,1	8,2	16,4	10,5	10,5	14,2	16,6
1981/82	242,6	9,0	4,1	11,8	15,5	9,2	9,2	9,0	13,3	11,7	12,1

Butter - Intervention price

1982/83	3497,0	10,0	6,7	13,7	15,8	7,8	15,9	10,0	10,0	13,7	16,1
1981/82	3178,4	9,0	4,1	11,8	15,5	9,2	9,2	9,0	13,3	11,8	12,1

Skimmed-milk powder - Intervention price

1982/83	1462,3	10,4	7,0	14,1	16,0	8,1	16,3	10,4	10,4	14,1	16,5
1981/82	1324,5	9,0	4,1	11,8	15,5	9,2	9,2	9,0	13,3	11,8	12,2

(1) The percentage increase in ECU reflects the relationship between Community prices at the start of the marketing year in question and Community prices at the start of the previous marketing year. The percentage increase in national currency adds to this the effects of adjustments in the green rates over the same period.

Milk and milk products

The target price for milk and the intervention prices for butter and skimmed-milk powder are raised by 10 % to 10.5 %; intervention prices for Italian cheeses are raised from 11.3 % to 12.0 % according to type.

Principal measures

The co-responsibility levy for 1982/83 is fixed at 2% of the target price (2.5 % in 1981/82). As in the previous year, milk producers in Greece, southern Italy and mountain regions are exempted from payment of the co-responsibility levy.

The Council decided that 120 million ECU will be distributed to Member States in proportion to the volume of milk delivered to dairies in 1981 by all their producers, up to a maximum of 60 000 kg of milk per producer. The sum will be allocated as follows (in million ECU) :

D	34,9	L	0,3
F	39,6	UK	7,0
I	13,4	IRL	6,5
NL	8,0	DK	4,8
B	4,7	GR	0,8

Detailed rules for the distribution of the aid by the Member States will be approved by the Commission on the basis of objective criteria it will determine.

By 31 January 1983 the Commission will present the Council with a report on the application of this measure, accompanied if necessary by proposals for other equivalent methods of aiding small milk producers.

The Council fixed the production threshold : if milk deliveries in 1982 exceed 1981 deliveries by 0.5% the Commission will propose an appropriate reduction in intervention prices which will take effect on 1 April 1983.

Subsidies for butter consumption :

- retained in Ireland, Denmark and Luxembourg. The Community contribution is limited to 45 ECU/100 kg (40 ECU in 1981/82),
- Community contribution limited to 45 ECU/100 kg for United Kingdom also (45.94 ECU in 1981/82).

The Council took note that the Commission intended reintroducing aid for concentrated butter and that the additional expenditure resulting from this measure would be financed by the yield of the co-responsibility levy.

The Council approved the Commission's statement that the additional expenditure on aid for school milk (the Member States' contribution has been reduced from 25 % to 12.5 %) would also be financed by the yield of the co-responsibility levy.

The limits for the application of aid for skimmed-milk powder were fixed at 54 to 68 ECU/100 kg.

B. Cereals

EC					D	F	I	NL	B/L	UK	IRL	DK	GR
Target price ECU/t	% increase (1)	Common single intervention price (ECU/t)	% increase (1)	Percentage increase in target prices in national currency (1)									
<u>Durum wheat</u>													
1982/83	339,20	8,9	298,36	8,5	10,6	12,5	14,4	6,7	14,7	8,9	8,9	12,5	15,0
1981/82	311,48	5,7	274,99	5,6	2,0	8,4	12,0	6,4	6,4	5,7	9,8	8,4	8,7
<u>Common wheat (2)</u>													
1982/83	250,61	8,7	179,27	8,5	5,4	12,3	14,2	6,5	14,5	8,7	8,7	12,3	14,7
1981/82	230,55	7,7	165,23	6,0	4,0	10,5	14,2	8,5	8,5	7,7	12,0	10,5	10,8
<u>Barley and maize</u>													
1982/83	228,27	8,7	179,27	8,5	5,4	12,3	14,2	6,5	14,5	8,7	8,7	12,3	14,7
1981/82	210,00	8,1	165,23	6,0	4,3	10,8	14,5	8,8	8,8	8,1	12,3	10,8	11,2
<u>Rye</u>													
1982/83	228,27	8,7	179,27	5,95	5,4	12,3	14,2	6,5	14,5	8,7	8,7	12,3	14,7
1981/82	210,00	6,4	169,20	3,3	2,8	9,1	12,8	7,2	7,2	6,4	10,6	9,1	9,5

(1) The percentage increase in ECU reflects the relationship between Community prices at the start of the marketing year in question and Community prices at the start of the previous marketing year. The percentage increase in national currency adds to this the effects of adjustments in the green rates over the same period.

(2) The reference price for breadmaking wheat of average quality was fixed at 209.10 ECU/t for 1982/83 (an increase of 8.5 %). The price is reduced by 10.40 ECU/t where special intervention measures are applied for breadmaking wheat of minimum quality.

Cereals

Generally speaking, target prices for cereals were increased by 8.7 % and intervention prices by 8.5 % (1). One exception is the increase in the intervention price for rye : because the common intervention price applies to rye from the 1982/83 marketing year the increase for the product is 5.95 %. The other exception concerns durum wheat, whose target price goes up by 8.9 %.

The intervention price for paddy rice is up by 12 % and the target price for husked rice by 10.2 %. The Mediterranean regions of the Community thus receive an increase in excess of the average applicable to cereals produced in the other Community regions. In line with this policy, the target and intervention price for durum wheat and the reference price for common breadmaking wheat will already be fully applied in Greece from the 1982/83 marketing year.

Principal measures

The Council accepted the Commission's proposal to introduce the guarantee threshold into the common organization of the market in cereals (except for durum wheat).

If average production in the three most recent marketing years exceeds the guarantee threshold of 119.5 million tonnes the single intervention prices and the reference price for the following marketing year will be reduced by 1 % for each million tonnes by which the threshold is exceeded (subject to a limit of 5 %). The Council added arrangements for imported cereal substitutes to the Commission's original proposal : if, during the year prior to the application of the guarantee threshold, total imports of substitutes (e.g. manioc, corn gluten feed) exceeded 15 million tonnes the Community guarantee threshold will be increased by the difference between 15 million tonnes and the quantity actually imported.

(1) The reference price for breadmaking common wheat of average quality was increased by 8.5 % and the special intervention price for common wheat of minimum quality by 7.5 %.

As regards durum wheat, the Council decided not to limit the aid to the first 10 ha on all farms, but to confine it to those regions where durum wheat is a traditional and important crop. From 1983/84 the aid will be granted in mountain areas and less-favoured areas within the meaning of Directive 75/268/EEC in Italy, Greece and France and in other limited administrative areas of those Member States. Also from 1983/84, the marketing year for durum wheat will begin on 1 July (at present 1 August).

The Council also took note of Commission statements concerning : the presentation of the proposals on intervention for breadmaking wheat during the first three months of 1982/83; alignment of the threshold price for sorghum, oats and other coarse grains on the threshold price for barley; its intention of examining the functioning of the common organization for rice.

As regards starch, the Council increased the amounts to be paid in the form of production refunds for potatoes, maize, wheat and broken rice by 8 % compared with the previous year.

C. Sugar

EC	D	F	I	NL	B/L	UK	IRL	DK	GR
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Sugar beet

	Minimum price (ECU/t) "A"	% increase (1)	Percentage increase in national currency (1)									
1982/83	38,53	9,5	6,1	13,2	14,4(2)	7,3	15,3	9,1(2)	9,1(2)	13,2	15,6	
1981/82	35,19	6,3	2,6	9,0	12,2(2)	7,1	7,0	6,0(2)	10,2(2)	9,0	9,4	

White sugar

	Inter-vention price (ECU/t)	% increase (1)										
1982/83	514,1	9,5	6,1	13,2	14,6(2)	7,3	15,3	9,3(2)	9,3(2)	13,2	15,6	
1981/82	469,5	8,5	4,8	11,3	14,6(2)	9,3	9,3	8,3(2)	12,5(2)	11,3	11,6	

(1) The percentage increase in ECU reflects the relationship between Community prices at the start of the marketing year in question and Community prices at the start of the previous marketing year. The percentage increase in national currency adds to this the effects of adjustments in the green rates over the same period.

(2) Derived prices.

Sugar

The basic price for sugar beet and the intervention price for white sugar are raised by 9.5 % for 1982/83. The Commission has published an issue (N°180) in the Green Europe series on the new common organization of the market in sugar, which entered into force on 1 July 1981.

Principal measures

The Council has requested that a report be forwarded to it by 30 September 1982 on the results of the consideration of the Italian Government's request concerning Italian sugar quotas and possible additional measures better reflecting the differences in beet harvests in the north and south of the Community.

D. Meat

EC	D	F	I	NL	B/L	UK	IRL	DK	GR
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Beef and veal

	Target price (ECU/t)	% increase (1)									
(2) 1982/83	1.962,9	11,0	7,6	14,7	16,6	8,7	16,9	11,0	11,0	14,7	17,2
(3) 1981/82	1.768,4	10,0	6,2	12,8	16,6	10,8	10,8	10,0	14,3	12,8	13,2

Pigmeat

	Basic price (ECU/t)	% increase									
1982/83	1.946,8	10,5	7,1	14,2	16,1	8,2	16,4	10,5	10,5	14,2	16,6
1981/82	1.761,8	11,0	7,2	13,8	17,6	11,8	11,8	11,0	15,4	13,8	14,2

Sheepmeat

	Basic price (ECU/t)	% increase									
1982/83	4.098,2	10,5	7,3	14,4	16,3	8,5	16,7	10,7	10,7	14,4	16,9
1981/82	3.708,8	7,5	3,6	10,0	13,7	8,0	8,0	7,3	11,5	10,0	10,4

(1) The percentage increase in ECU reflects the relationship between Community prices at the start of the marketing year in question and Community prices at the start of the previous marketing year. The percentage increase in national currency adds to this the effects of adjustments in the green rates over the same period.

(2) Applicable from 6.12.1982

(3) Applicable from 7.12.1981

Beef and veal

The guide price and intervention price are being increased in two steps : 8.5 % at the start of the 1982/83 marketing year and 2.5 % with effect from 6 December 1982, making a total of 11 %.

Principal measures

The Community scale for the classification of carcasses of the various categories of animals will be applied to intervention purchases from 4 April 1983. With effect from 28 June 1982 Member States are required to record market prices in accordance with the current provisions and, in parallel, on the basis of the Community scale.

The Council has taken note of the Commission's intention to forward proposals for the revision of the present premium systems, replacing them, where appropriate, by more uniform direct income support for producers. Such aid would in future enable prices to be adjusted so as to sustain consumption. Pending these proposals, the Council has decided to keep the calf premium payable in Italy at its present level (32 ECU) and to extend its application to Ireland, Northern Ireland and Greece for 1982/83 only.

Pigmeat

The basic price for pigmeat is increased by 10.5 % with effect from 1 November 1982.

Principal measures

The Commission is to endeavour to manage the market, using the instruments available, in such a way that the increase in the basic price is actually reflected in market prices.

Sheepmeat

The basic price is increased by 10.5 % with effect from 19 May 1982.

Principal measures

The Council has decided to raise the reference price applicable in Greece to the level applicable in Italy (427.64 ECU/100 kg) straight away

The provision concerning the waiving of the amount equivalent to the variable slaughter premium for shee upon exportation from the Community is to be applied as in the past, by the Management Committee procedure clawback.

With the aim of preventing smuggling between Ireland and Northern Ireland, the latter is now regarded as a region (Region 6) and as such separate from Region 5 (Great Britain) to which it previously belonged.

The consequences of this decision are as follows :

- in Northern Ireland support for producers will consist of the premium for ewes, and the variable premium will no longer be granted;
- the clawback on exports from Northern Ireland is also abolished.

E. Wine

EC	F	I	D	GR
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Type A I (white)

	Guide price ECU/°hl	% increase (1)				
1982/83	3,02	11,0	14,7	16,7	7,6	17,2
1981/82	2,72	8,4	11,2	14,8	4,6	11,5

Type R I (red)

	Guide price ECU/°hl	% increase (1)				
1982/83	3,27	11,0	14,5	16,4	7,4	27,4
1981/82	2,95	10,1	12,9	16,7	6,4	15,7

Wine

The guide price for all table wines is increased by 11 %.

Principal measures

The Council has adopted a set of measures proposed by the Commission in October 1981 (see page 14 of this Newsletter).

(1) The percentage increase in ECU reflects the relationship between Community prices at the start of the marketing year in question and Community prices at the start of the previous marketing year. The percentage increase in national currency adds to this the effects of adjustments in the green rates over the same period.

F. Oilseeds and olive oil

(a) Olive oil

EC			Italy	Greece
	Production target price (ECU/100 kg)	% increase (1)	Percentage increase in national currency (1)	
1982/83	302,77	11,0	14,6	17,2
1981/82	272,77	10,0	16,6	13,2

EC			Italy	Greece
	Intervention price (ECU/100 kg)	% increase (1)	Percentage increase in national currency (1)	
1982/83	217,93	11,0	16,6	23,0
1981/82	196,33	9,0	15,5	12,6

(b) Colza and rape seed

EC			D	F	I	NL	B/L	UK	DK
	Target price (ECU/100 kg)	% increase (1)	Percentage increase in national currency (1)						
1982/83	46,39	9,0	5,7	12,6	14,5	6,8	14,8	9,0	12,6
1981/82	42,56	10,0	6,2	12,8	16,6	10,8	10,8	10,0	12,8

EC			D	F	I	NL	B/L	UK	DK
	Basic intervention price (ECU/100 kg)	% increase (1)	Percentage increase in national currency (1)						
1982/83	42,13	8,5	2,8	9,6	11,5	3,9	11,8	6,1	9,6
1981/82	39,71	8,0	4,3	10,7	14,5	8,7	8,7	8,0	10,7

(1) The percentage increase in ECU reflects the relationship between Community prices at the start of the marketing year in question and Community prices at the start of the previous marketing year. The percentage increase in national currency adds to this the effects of adjustments in the green rates over the same period.

Oilseeds and olive oil

The price rises decided by the Council reflect the production situation : the increases in the target prices for olive oil (11%) and sunflower (14%) are more substantial than the increase for colza and rape (9 %).

Principal measures

The Council has fixed a production threshold for colza seed, which stands at 2.15 million t. for the 1982/83 marketing year. If average production for the last three years exceeds this figure, measures will be applied from 1983/84 onwards aiming to reduce colza prices.

A special intervention premium will be fixed by the Commission for "double zero" quality colza as an incentive to production of this variety of seed.

The so called "subsidy of the day" system for colza is abolished.

The Council will re-examine the Commission proposal concerning determination of the areas under olives qualifying for the aid for the production of olive oil; it intends to adopt a decision before the start of the olive oil marketing year (1 November 1982).

G. Fruit and vegetables

	EC		D	F	I	NL	B/L	UK	IRL	DK	GR
	Basic price (ECU/100kg)	% increase (1)									
<u>Tomatoes</u>											
1982/83	28,60	7,9	4,6	11,5	13,3	5,7	13,6	7,9	7,9	11,5	22,8
1981/82	26,51	6,9	2,3	9,6	13,3	7,7	7,7	6,9	11,1	9,7	10,0
<u>Cauliflowers</u>											
1982/83	19,52	12,2	8,8	15,9	17,9	9,9	18,2	12,2	12,2	15,9	18,4
1981/82	17,40	18,0	13,9	21,0	25,0	20,8	20,8	18,0	22,6	21,0	21,4
<u>Peaches</u>											
1982/83	45,22	12,2	8,1	19,6	17,1	9,2	17,4	11,5	11,5	15,2	25,4
1981/82	40,56	10,5	6,7	9,1	17,1	11,2	11,2	10,5	14,8	13,3	13,7
<u>Apples</u>											
1982/83	25,36	12,5	9,1	16,3	18,2	10,2	18,5	12,5	12,5	16,3	18,8
1981/82	22,54	10,4	6,6	13,2	17,0	11,1	11,1	10,4	14,7	13,2	13,6
<u>Sweet oranges</u>											
1982/83	39,63	11,5									27,7
1981/82	35,53	10,5									

(1) The percentage increase in ECU reflects the relationship between Community prices at the start of the marketing year in question and Community prices at the start of the previous marketing year. The percentage increase in national currency adds to this the effects of adjustments in the green rates over the same period.

Fruit and vegetables

The buying-in price and the basic price for tomatoes have been increased by 8 % and those for apples, cauliflowers, peaches and sweet oranges by about 12 % in terms of ECU.

Principal measures

In view of the trend of surplus production of tomatoes for processing, the Council has fixed a production threshold of the order of 4.5 million t. of fresh tomatoes. If this threshold is exceeded, the Council will take appropriate action, acting on a proposal from the Commission.

The marketing premium for oranges and mandarins has been increased by 12 %, while that for clementines and lemons has been maintained at the level applicable in 1981/82.

In Greece the price for lemons has been aligned with the Community price in one go.

The Council has also taken note of the statements by the Commission that when calculating the increase in the minimum prices for dried grapes and figs, it will take into account the average increase in the prices of other processed fruit and vegetables and the national aid currently granted in Greece.

The Council has fixed a basic price and a buying-in price for aubergines and apricots.

Table of price decisions for individual products

Product	Category of price or amount	1981/82		1982/83		Period of application of the proposed prices	Greece (a)	
		Amounts ECU/tonne	% increase	Amounts ECU/tonne	% increase		Amounts fixed 1981/82 ECU/tonne	Amounts fixed 1982/83 ECU/tonne
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Common wheat	Target price	230.55	7.73	250.61	8.70	1.8.82 - 31.7.83	C.P.	C.P.
	Common single intervention price	165.23	6	179.27	8.50		C.P.	C.P.
	Reference price for bread-wheat - average quality	192.72	7.5	209.10	8.50		182.44	C.P.
	- minimum quality	184.84	7.5	198.70(b)	7.5(b)		174.56	C.P.
Durum wheat	Target price	311.48	7.73	339.20	8.90	1.8.82 - 31.7.83	C.P.	C.P.
	Intervention price	274.99	7.50	298.36	8.50		251.79	C.P.
	Aid	85.18	7.50	92.85	9.00		57.23	66.14(c)
Barley	Target price	210.00	8.07	228.27	8.70	1.8.82 - 31.7.83	C.P.	C.P.
	Common single intervention price	165.23	6	179.27	8.50		C.P.	C.P.
Rye	Target price	210.00	6.43	228.27	8.70	1.8.82 - 31.7.83	C.P.	C.P.
	Intervention price	169.20	3.28	179.27	5.95		163.04	C.P.
Maize	Target price	210.00	8.07	228.27	8.70	1.8.82 - 31.7.83	C.P.	C.P.
	Common single intervention price	165.23	6	179.27	8.50		C.P.	C.P.
Rice	Target price-husked rice	450.50	10.37	498.49	10.7	1.9.82 - 31.8.83	C.P.	C.P.
	Intervention price - paddy rice	259.42	11	291.85	12.5		C.P.	C.P.
Sugar	Basic price for sugarbeet	35.91	8.5	39.32	9.5	1.7.82 - 30.6.83	C.P.	C.P.
	Intervention price for white sugar	469.50	8.5	514.10	9.5		C.P.	C.P.

Product	Category of price or amount	1981/82		1982/83		Period of application of the proposed prices	Greece (a)	
		Amounts ECU/tonne	% increase	Amounts ECU/tonne	% increase		Amounts fixed 1981/82 ECU/tonne	Amounts fixed 1982/83 ECU/tonne
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Olive oil	Production target price	2 727.70	10	3 027.70	11	1.11.82-31.10.83	C.P.	C.P.
	Intervention price	1 963.30	9	2 179.30	11		1 869.70	C.P.
	Production aid	600	7.5	666.00	11		120.00	256.50
Oilseeds	Target price							
	- Colza and rape seed	425.60	10	463.90	9.0	1.7.82-30.6.83	C.P.	C.P.
	- Sunflower seed (1)	477.50	12	544.40	14	1.9.82-31.8.83	C.P.	C.P.
	Basic intervention price							
	- Colza and rape seed	397.10	8	421.30	8.5(1)	1.7.82-30.6.83	C.P.	C.P.
	- Sunflower seed	440.60	10	497.30	14(1)	1.9.82-31.8.83	C.P.	C.P.
	Guide price							
	- Soya seed	462.60	10	527.40	14	1.11.82-31.10.83	C.P.	C.P.
	- Flax seed	464.00	10	515.00	11	1.8.82-31.7.83	C.P.	C.P.
	- Castor seed	598.10	10	663.90	11	1.10.82-30.9.83	C.P.	C.P.
Minimum price soya seed	416.30	7.6	464.10	11.5	1.11.82-30.9.83	C.P.	C.P.	
Minimum price castor seed	569.60	10	632.30	11	1.10.82-30.9.83	C.P.	C.P.	
Dried fodder	Fixed rate aid	7.03	8	8.01	14	19.5.82-31.3.83	C.P.	C.P.
	Guide price	148.08	10	168.81	14	1.7.82-30.6.83	140.93	162.70
	Aid for dehydrated potatoes	13.41	8	14.89	11		2.68	5.73
Peas & beans	Activating price	418.30	11.3	476.00	13.8	1.7.82-30.6.83	C.P.	C.P.
	Guide price	x	x	314.00	x			
	Minimum price	244.70	8	274.10	12			
Flax and hemp	Fixed rate aid (per ha)							
	- Fibre flax	296.48	12	335.02	13	1.8.82-31.7.83	59.30	83.76
	- Hemp	269.26	12	304.26	13		53.85	76.07

(1) Replacement of regionalised intervention system with a single intervention price system, the increases of 8.5% and of 14% refer to the lowest intervention price under the old system.

Product	Category of price or amount	1981/82		1982/83		Period of application of the proposed prices	Greece (a)	
		Amounts ECU/tonne	% increase	Amounts ECU/tonne	% increase		Amounts fixed 1981/82 ECU/tonne	Amounts fixed 1982/83 ECU/tonne
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Cotton	Guide price	760.00	x	858.80	13	1.8.82 - 31.7.83	C.P.	C.P.
	Minimum price	722.00	x	815.90	13		C.P.	C.P.
Table wine								
Type RI	Guide price	2.95	10	3.27	11	16.12.82-15.12.83	2.71	3.27 =C.P.
RII	(per degree/hl or per hl according to type)	2.95	10	3.27	11		2.71	3.27 =C.P.
RIII		45.97	10	51.03	11		C.P.	C.P.
AI		2.72	8.5	3.02	11		C.P.	C.P.
AII		61.26	10	68.00	11		C.P.	C.P.
AIII		69.96	10	77.66	11		C.P.	C.P.
Raw tobacco	Guide price		8		(x)	1982 harvest	C.P.	C.P.
	Intervention price		average					
Fruit & vegetables	Basic price		8 to 11		9-12(d)	1982 - 1983	(d)	(d)

(x) Increase of 8-16% but change in the relationship with the guide price.

Product	Category of price or amount	1981/82		1982/83		Period of application of the proposed prices	Greece (a)	
		Amounts ECU/tonne	% increase	Amounts ECU/tonne	% increase		Amounts fixed 1981/82 ECU/tonne	Amounts fixed 1982/83 ECU/tonne
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Milk	Target price for milk	242.60	9	268.10	10.5	19.5.82-31.3.83))
	Intervention price))
	- for butter	3 178.40	9	3 497.00	10.0))
	- for skimmed-milk powder	1 324.50	9	1 462.30	10.4))
	- for cheese))
	. Grana padano 30-60 days	3 172.00	9.53	3 530.40	11.3))
	. Grana padano 6 months	3 842.70	9.84	4 295.10	11.8))
. Parmigiano-Reggiano 6 months	4 188.70	10.01	4 693.00	12.0))	
Beef and veal	Guide price for adult bovines (live weight)	1 728.00	7.5	1 918.70	8.5	19.05.82- 5.12.82))
		1 768.40	10.0))
	Intervention price for adult bovines (live weight)	1 555.40	7.5	1 726.80	8.5	6.12.83- 4.04.83))
		1 591.60	10.0	1 766.60	11	19.05.82- 5.12.82))
Sheep-meat	Basic price (slaughter weight)	3 708.80	7.5	4 098.20	10.5	6.12.83- 4.04.83))
						19.5.82-4.4.83	C.P.	C.P.
Pigmeat	Basic price (slaughter weight)	1 761.80	11.0	1 946.80	10.5	1.11.82-31.10.83	C.P.	C.P.
Silk-worms	Aid per box of silk seed	85.00	19.4	100.00	17.6	1.4.82-31.3.83	64.03	73.02

Footnotes

- (a) Greek prices are shown only where they differ from the common prices.
C.P. = common price.
- (b) The price is reduced by 10.40 ECU per tonne where special intervention measures are applied to the minimum breadmaking quality.
- (c) For Greek regions which did not receive national aid before accession : 23.21 ECU per tonne.
- (d) Products in Annex II of the Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 and periods of application.

Greece

	<u>1981/82</u>	:	<u>1982/83</u>	:	<u>1982/83</u>	
		:		:		
Cauliflowers	+ 11 %	:	+ 12 %	:	C.P.	: 17. 5.1982 to 30. 4.1983
Tomatoes	8 %	:	9 %	:	17.1 %	: 11. 6.1982 to 30.11.1982
Peaches	11 %	:	12 %	:	19.6 %	: 1. 6.1982 to 30. 9.1982
Lemons	11 %	:	12 %	:	21%=C.P.	: 1. 6.1982 to 31. 5.1983
Pears	11 %	:	12 %	:	- 1.8 %	: 1. 7.1982 to 30. 4.1983
Table grapes	11 %	:	12 %	:	9.6%=C.P.	: 1. 8.1982 to 31.10.1982
Apples	9 %	:	11 %	:	C.P.	: 1. 8.1982 to 30. 6.1983
Mandarins	11 %	:	11 %	:	15.9 %	: 16.11.1982 to 28. 2.1983
Sweet oranges	11 %	:	12 %	:	21.7 %	: 1.12.1982 to 31. 5.1983
Apricots	-	:	-	:	C.P.	: 1. 6.1982 to 31. 7.1982)
Aubergines	-	:	-	:	C.P.	: 1. 7.1982 to 31.10.1982)

Prices calculated pursuant to Art.16 of Reg. 1035/72

- (x) Increases in 1982/83 in Guide Prices and Premiums for tobacco varieties

<u>Variety</u>	<u>Guide Price</u>	<u>Premium</u>
Basmas	16%	12%
Katerini, Kabakoulak classic, Zychro Myrodata	14%	12%
Myrodata Agrinion	12%	12%
Kentucky	9%	15%
Paraguay	9%	13%
Xanti-Yaka, Perustitza, Erzegovina, Round tip	8%	13%
Others	8 - 11%	9 - 15%

PRODUIT	CATEGORIE	PAR CWT	DM	FI	LIT	HL	FF/CFE	YPL	IFL	DFE	DEA
BLE TENDRE	PRIX INDICATIF	174.27	645.31	1032.59	3230.25	64.25	10770.5	159.241	171.714	2054.95	1224.4.5
	PRIX INTERVENTION UNIQUE COMMUN	174.27	461.66	1110.69	2310.79	494.00	7704.5	110.906	122.226	1467.11	11627.4
	PRIX DE REF DU BLE PANIFIABLE :										
BLE DUR	QUALITE MOTEUR	229.10	523.48	1293.51	2695.50	576.20	8985.5	129.361	143.264	1711.24	13562.2
	QUALITE MINIMUM	190.70	511.70	1131.07	2501.24	547.54	5539.6	120.927	136.130	1626.13	12357.6
	PRIX INDICATIF	239.20	573.52	21.1.56	4372.29	934.71	14577.9	239.249	232.401	2775.91	22000.4
ORGE	PRIX INTERVENTION UNIQUE	250.30	705.39	1240.53	3245.26	222.17	12822.7	184.552	204.420	2441.72	19351.5
	AIDE (HA)	92.83	239.11	575.27	1196.64	255.26	3990.4	57.442	65.616	759.27	4289.8
	PRIX INDICATIF	221.27	567.25	1414.28	2942.40	629.03	9810.4	141.220	156.398	1861.12	14903.5
SEIGLE	PRIX INTERVENTION UNIQUE COMMUN	179.27	461.66	1110.69	2310.79	494.00	7704.5	110.906	122.226	1467.11	11627.4
	PRIX INDICATIF	224.27	587.55	1414.28	2942.40	629.03	9810.4	141.220	156.398	1861.12	14305.5
	PRIX INTERVENTION UNIQUE	179.27	461.66	1110.69	2310.79	494.00	7704.5	110.906	122.226	1467.11	11627.4
MAIS	PRIX INDICATIF	223.27	587.85	1414.28	2942.40	629.03	9810.4	141.220	156.398	1861.12	14305.5
	PRIX INTERVENTION UNIQUE	179.27	461.66	1110.69	2310.79	494.00	7704.5	110.906	122.226	1467.11	11627.4
	PRIX INDICATIF DU RIZ DECOPTIQUE	496.59	1279.10	3077.31	6462.33	1365.69	21346.2	337.220	340.305	4064.52	22215.2
RIZ	PRIX INTERVENT. UNIQUE PADDY	290.55	745.24	1200.14	3745.19	800.65	12487.0	179.750	199.069	2377.81	18845.0
	PRIX MIN. DE LA BETTERAVE SUCR.										
	PRIX DE BASE DE LA BETTERAVE	39.32	101.26	243.61	506.5	108.35	1689.9	24.322	26.940	321.79	2551.3
HUILE OLIV	PRIX INTERVENTION DU SUCRE BLANC	314.11	1323.93	3185.16	6626.75	1410.67	22094.6	318.051	352.233	4207.30	33344.4
	PRIX INDICATIF A LA PRODUCTION	3027.70	7797.05	18756.54	39027.05	8343.22	130122.1	1873.102	2074.414	24778.15	196375.7
	PRIX INTERVENTION	2179.30	5612.22	13502.16	28091.5	6005.34	93660.2	1348.235	1493.136	17835.00	141348.7
GR. OLEAG.	AIDE A LA PRODUCTION	666.30	1715.11	4126.30	8584.74	1835.25	28022.8	412.024	456.307	5450.42	16636.5
	PRIX INDICATIF :										
	COLZA ET NAVETTE	463.93	1194.65	2874.16	5974.67	1275.34	19937.1	266.094	317.839	3746.47	30088.4
FOURR. DES.	TOURNESOL	544.40	1401.96	3372.91	7017.32	1500.16	23396.6	336.796	372.493	4455.27	35309.0
	PRIX INTERVENTION DE BASE :										
	COLZA ET NAVETTE	421.30	1084.95	2610.22	5430.56	1160.95	18106.3	260.629	221.652	3447.84	27325.4
POMMES DE TERRE	TOURNESOL	497.30	1280.67	3081.09	6410.20	1370.37	21372.6	337.657	340.723	4069.81	32254.7
	PRIX D'OBJECTIF										
	SOJA	527.40	1358.18	3267.58	6798.19	1453.32	22666.2	326.279	361.345	4316.15	34207.0
POIS FEVES	LIN	515.20	1326.25	3190.75	6636.35	1419.15	22133.3	318.607	352.850	4214.67	33402.7
	RICIN	663.90	1709.70	4113.29	8557.67	1829.46	28532.6	410.725	454.868	5433.24	43060.4
	AIDE FIXE (PAR HA)										
SEMENCES	PRIX MINIMUM SOJA	464.10	1195.17	2875.40	5982.25	1278.89	19945.7	287.118	317.976	3796.11	30101.4
	PRIX MINIMUM RICIN	632.30	1528.32	3917.50	8150.35	1742.35	27174.5	391.176	433.217	5174.63	41011.8
	AIDE FIXE	8.01	20.63	49.63	103.25	22.67	344.2	4.955	5.488	65.55	519.5
COTON	PRIX ORIENTATION	168.81	434.73	1043.89	2175.96	465.18	7255.0	104.435	115.659	1361.51	10552.7
	PRIX ORIENTATION	14.89	38.35	92.25	191.93	41.03	639.9	9.212	10.202	121.86	371.6
	PRIX DE DECLENCHEMENT	476.00	1225.81	2949.12	6135.64	1311.68	20457.1	294.480	320.129	3895.50	30873.2
VIN TABLE	PRIX ORIENTATION	314.00	808.63	1945.43	4047.46	865.27	13494.8	194.258	215.136	2509.72	20365.9
	PRIX MINIMUM	274.10	705.87	1698.22	3533.15	755.32	11780.1	169.573	187.796	2242.19	17772.0
	AIDE FIXE (PAR HA)										
SEMENCES	LIN TEXTILE	335.02	862.76	2075.66	4316.41	923.19	14398.2	207.262	229.537	2741.74	5432.6
	CHANVRE	304.26	783.54	1885.09	3921.91	638.43	13076.2	188.232	208.462	2490.01	44933.9
	AIDE (PAR 100 KG)										
COTON	CHANVRE MONDRIQUE										
	LIN TEXTILE										
	SEMENCE DE LIN										
COTON	GRAMINEES MINIMUM										
	GRAMINEES MAXIMUM										
	LEGUMINEUSES MINIMUM										
COTON	LEGUMINEUSES MAXIMUM										
	RIZ										
	PRIX ORIENTATION	858.80	2211.62	5320.82	11069.93	2366.54	36902.8	531.301	588.403	7026.26	55701.5
VIN TABLE	PRIX MINIMUM	815.90	2101.14	5055.02	10516.95	2248.32	35065.1	504.761	559.010	6677.15	52919.0
	TYPE RI	3.27	8.42	20.26	42.15	9.01	140.5	2.023	2.240	26.76	212.1
	TYPE RII (PAR DEGRE/HL OU PAR HL)	3.27	8.42	20.26	42.15	9.01	140.5	2.023	2.240	26.76	212.1

DU VI/AN

PRIX FIXES FAP LE CONSEIL EN LCU ET EN MN (DEBUT DE CAMPAGNE) 1982/83

PRODUIT	CATEGORIE	PRIX LCU/T	LM	FF	LIT	MFL	BFR/LFR	UKL	IRL	DKR	DRA
	TYPE RIII SELON LE TYPE)	51.93	131.41	215.16	65776	146.62	2193.1	31.570	34.963	417.62	3309.8
	TYPE AI	3.02	7.76	16.71	5693	6.32	129.6	1.868	2.069	24.72	195.9
	TYPE AII	67.00	175.12	421.36	87652	187.58	2922.4	42.069	46.590	556.50	4410.5
	TYPE AIII	77.66	199.99	481.15	101104	214.00	3337.6	48.645	53.208	635.56	5037.0
TAOAC BRUT	PRIX ORIENTATION										
LAIT	PRIX INDICATIF	268.10	690.42	1661.05	345581	736.78	11522.2	165.861	183.687	2194.06	17388.9
	PRIX INTERVENTION :										
	DU BEURRE	3497.01	9005.61	21666.15	4507633	9636.44	150291.3	2163.437	2395.952	28618.82	226614.4
	DU LAIT ECREME EN Poudre	1462.30	3785.77	9659.88	1884905	4029.56	62845.6	904.659	1001.888	11967.20	94844.3
	DU FROMAGE :										
	GRANA-PADANO-36 A 60 JOURS	3536.40	9091.63	21673.39	4550686	9726.46	151726.7	2164.100	2418.836	28892.16	228986.7
	GRANA-PADANO-6 MOIS	4295.10	11020.91	26610.39	5536364	11225.71	184591.4	2657.185	2942.766	35150.33	278578.9
	PARMIGIANO-REGGIANO-6 MOIS	4693.00	12085.60	29076.14	6049277	12932.17	201692.0	2903.348	3215.365	38406.67	304386.6
VIANDE	PRIX ORIENTATION DES GROS BOVINS	1916.70	4941.11	11627.57	2473204	5267.23	82460.4	1137.013	1314.585	15702.30	124446.3
		1961.90	5054.94	12161.42	2520176	5409.03	84359.9	1214.358	1344.671	16064.02	127313.1
EOVINE	PRIX INTERVENT. DES GROS BOVINS	1726.80	4446.92	10692.63	2225645	4752.42	74213.0	1068.293	1183.108	14131.82	111999.7
		1766.60	4549.42	10945.22	2277147	4868.10	75923.5	1092.916	1210.377	14457.54	114581.1
	AIDE VACHES ALLAITANTES										
	AIDE AUX GROUPEM. DE PRODUCTEURS										
VIANDE											
OVINE	PRIX DE BASE (POIDS ABATTU)	4098.20	10353.85	25390.97	5222580	11293.12	176129.2	2535.372	2607.661	33538.93	265808.0
VIANDE	PRIX DE BASE (POIDS ABATTU)	1946.80	5013.48	12061.67	2509425	5364.66	83668.0	1204.395	1333.840	15932.26	126266.9
PORCINE											
VERS SOLE	AIDE PAR BOITE DE GRAINES DE VIKS	106.00	257.52	619.56	122900	275.56	4297.7	61.666	62.515	818.36	4736.1