

COOPERATION

between the European Economic Community
and the State of Israel

COLLECTED ACTS
(beginning 1980...)

SECRETARIAT OF THE COUNCIL
OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES, *Bruno 2*

Information, Publications,
Documentation

NOTE D'INFORMATION

aux destinataires des Recueils d'Actes :

- Association CEE-CHYPRE
- Association CEE-MALTE
- Association CEE-TURQUIE
- Coopération CEE-ALGERIE
- Coopération CEE-MAROC
- Coopération CEE-TUNISIE
- Coopération CEE-EGYPTE
- Coopération CEE-JORDANIE
- Coopération CEE-SYRIE
- Coopération CEE-LIBAN
- Coopération CEE-ISRAEL

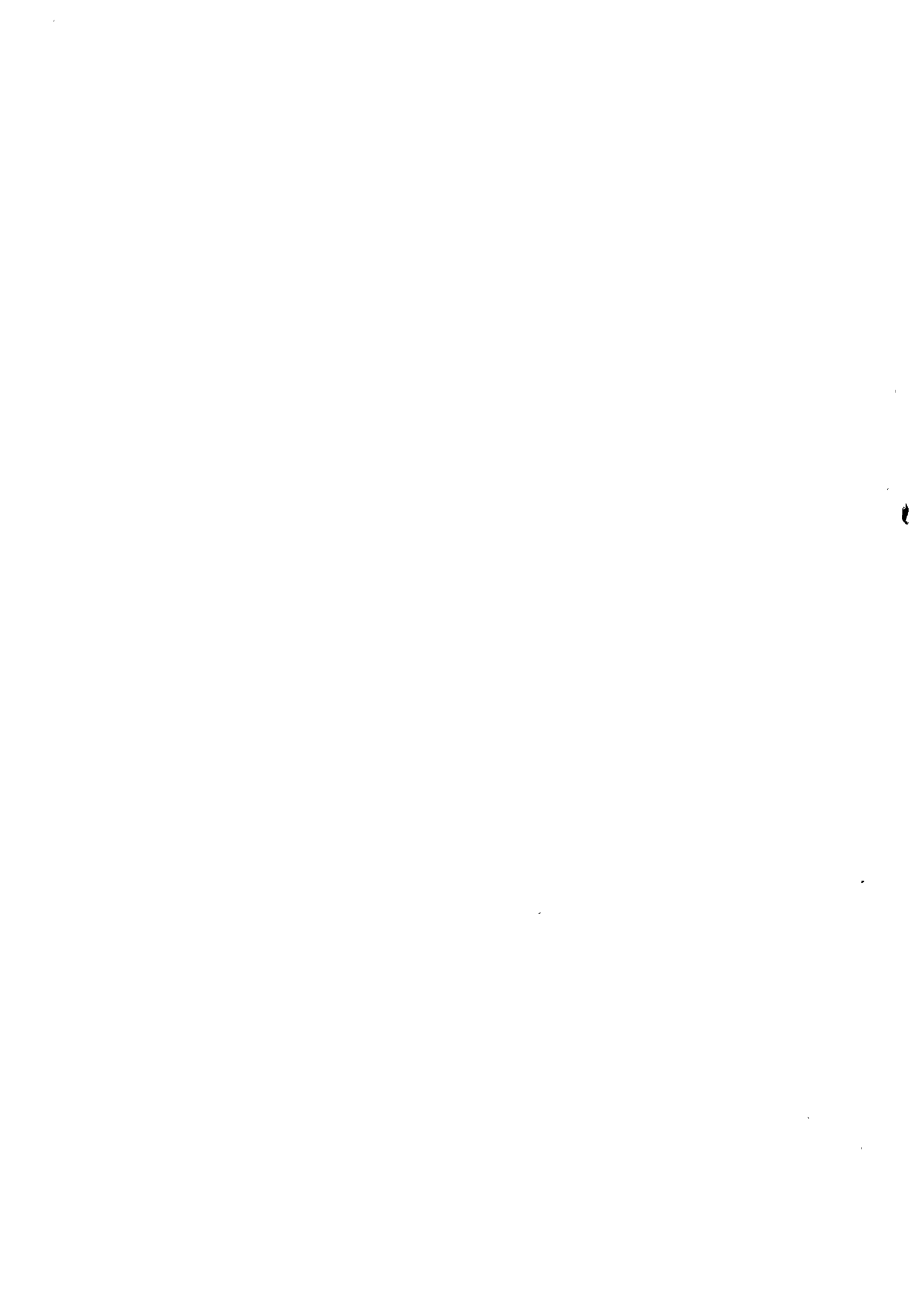
A partir de l'édition 1984 cette publication - tout en maintenant le contenu habituel - changera de périodicité, de format et de présentation.

Afin de répondre à une exigence de praticité et en tenant compte des sollicitations d'un certain nombre de lecteurs, les Recueils d'Actes paraîtront à l'avenir sous forme de brochure, en format A5 et avec périodicité annuelle. Deux publications sont prévues, regroupant respectivement les actes relatifs aux Associations et aux Coopérations.

Collected acts

EEC - ISRAEL CO-OP.

31 December 1983



Directions for use

1. Acts listed in the Collection

The Collected Acts pertaining to the "Co-operation between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel" contains in addition to the text of the Co-operation Agreement, signed at Brussels on 11.5.1975, all the acts adopted pursuant to this Agreement by the various Institutions of the Co-operation between the European Economic Community (EEC) and the State of Israel as well as the acts adopted by the EEC with regard to Israel.

Certain acts of the Institutions of the Co-operation between the EEC and the State of Israel have not been included because of their nature. This is the case for budgets, acts of a personal nature (for example appointments), etc.

2. General Structure of the Collection

The acts are classified in 3 basic series with the following abbreviations and the titles in order of classification :

- GEN - General matters - this series is subdivided into 2 headings:
I - Co-operation Agreement and related texts
II - Provisions within the Community relating to the Co-operation Agreement
- DEC - Decisions of the Co-operation Council
- INT - Provisions within the EEC

Each series of acts is separated from the others by a guide card with the abbreviated title of the series indicated on the tab.

Acts are classified in chronological order of the dates of their adoption.

3. Pagination

In order that new acts can be added at any time, the collection is arranged in loose-leaf form.

Heading each page there is a reference composed of the following elements : an abbreviation indicating the series, possibly followed by a Roman numeral indicating the heading and consecutive Arabic numerals indicating the pages under each heading.

If a page has to be amended following an alteration, a replacement sheet will be supplied. This will be marked at the bottom right-hand corner to distinguish it from the page to be removed.

References showing that one act is related to another are given in footnotes.

Some acts qualify for inclusion in several places. The full text is given once only, and in the other places there are simply references to where the full text may be found.

4. Tables

At the beginning of each heading or of each series which is not subdivided into headings there is a table listing the titles of the acts contained in it. This table will be brought up to date at regular intervals.

In addition to this compilation, there are also the
Collected Acts :

Co-operation between the EEC and the People's Democratic
Republic of Algeria,

Co-operation between the EEC and the Arab Republic of Egypt,

Co-operation between the EEC and the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan,

Co-operation between the EEC and the Lebanese Republic,

Co-operation between the EEC and the Kingdom of Morocco,

Co-operation between the EEC and the Syrian Arab Republic,

Co-operation between the EEC and the Republic of Tunisia,

the Collected Acts :

Association between the EEC and the Republic of Cyprus,

Association between the EEC and Greece (until 31.12.1980),

Association between the EEC and Malta,

Association between the EEC and Turkey,

as well as the Collected Acts pertaining to the

ACP-EEC Convention of Lomé

and the acts concerning the OCT/FOD.

General matters

Subdivision :

- I. Co-operation Agreement and related texts
- II. Provisions within the Community relating to the Co-operation Agreement

I. Co-operation Agreement and related texts

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AGREEMENT

between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel

THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY,

of the one part, and

THE STATE OF ISRAEL,

of the other part,

DESIRING to consolidate and extend the economic relations established by the Agreements of 4 June 1964 and 29 June 1970 between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and to ensure, with due regard for fair conditions of competition, the harmonious development of their commerce,

CONSIDERING that the Community is anxious to develop economic and trade relations with countries of the Mediterranean basin, and taking account of the desire of Israel to strengthen its economic links with the Community,

RESOLVED to this end to continue the progressive elimination of the obstacles to substantially all their trade, in accordance with the provisions of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade concerning the establishment of free trade areas, and to establish cooperation between the Contracting Parties on a basis of mutual advantage,

DECLARING their readiness to examine the possibility of developing and deepening their relations where it would appear to be useful in the interests of their economies to extend them to fields not covered by this Agreement,

HAVE DECIDED, in pursuit of these objectives and considering that no provision of this Agreement may be interpreted as exempting the Contracting Parties from the obligations which are incumbent upon them under other international agreements,

TO CONCLUDE THIS AGREEMENT:

Article 1

The aim of this Agreement is:

- to promote through the expansion of reciprocal trade the harmonious development of economic relations between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and thus to foster in the Community and in Israel the advance of economic activity, the improvement of living and employment conditions, and increased productivity and financial stability;
- to promote cooperation in areas which are of reciprocal interest to the Contracting Parties;
- to provide fair conditions of competition for trade between the Contracting Parties;

- to contribute in this way, by the removal of barriers to trade, to the harmonious development and expansion of world trade.

TITLE I

Trade

Article 2

1. Products originating in Israel shall, on importation into the Community, be governed by the provisions of Protocol 1.
2. Products originating in the Community shall, on importation into Israel, be governed by the provisions of Protocol 2.
3. Protocol 3 lays down the rules of origin.

Article 3

1. No new customs duty on imports or charge having equivalent effect and no new quantitative restriction on imports or measure having equivalent effect shall be introduced in trade between the Community and Israel.

2. Charges having an effect equivalent to customs duties on imports introduced on or after 1 January 1974 in trade between the Community and Israel shall be abolished upon the entry into force of the Agreement.

Any charge having an effect equivalent to a customs duty on imports, the rate of which on 31 December 1974 was higher than that actually applied on 1 January 1974, shall be reduced to the latter rate upon the entry into force of the Agreement.

Article 4

1. No new customs duty on exports or charge having equivalent effect shall be introduced in trade between the Community and Israel.

2. Customs duties and charges having equivalent effect on products exported from one Contracting Party to the other shall be abolished on 1 July 1977.

Article 5

Articles 3 and 4 shall apply to products other than those listed in Annex II to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community.

Article 6

1. A Contracting Party which is considering the reduction of the effective level of its duties or charges having equivalent effect applicable to third countries benefiting from most-favoured-nation treatment, or which is considering the suspension of their application, shall, as far as may be practicable, notify the Joint Committee not less than 30 days before such reduction or suspension comes into effect. It shall take note of any representations by the other Contracting Party regarding any distortions which might result therefrom.

2. In the event of amendments to the nomenclature of the customs tariffs of the Contracting Parties affecting products referred to in the Agreement, the Joint Committee may adapt the tariff nomenclature of these products in the Agreement.

Article 7

1. In the event of specific rules being established as a result of the implementation of its agricultural policy or of any alteration of the current rules or in the event of any alteration or extension of the provisions relating to the implementation of the agricultural policy, the Contracting Party in question may amend the arrangements resulting from the Agreement in respect of the products which are the subject of those rules or alterations.

2. In such cases the Contracting Party in question shall take due account of the interests of the other Contracting Party. To this end the Contracting Parties may consult each other within the Joint Committee.

Article 8

The Agreement shall not preclude the maintenance or establishment of customs unions, free trade areas or arrangements for frontier trade, except in so far as they alter the trade arrangements provided for in the Agreement, in particular the provisions concerning the rules of origin.

Article 9

The Contracting Parties shall refrain from any measure or practice of an internal fiscal nature establishing, whether directly or indirectly, discrimination between the products of one Contracting Party and like products originating in the territory of the other Contracting Party.

Products exported to the territory of one of the Contracting Parties may not benefit from repayment of internal taxation in excess of the amount of direct or indirect taxation imposed on them.

Article 10

Payments relating to trade in goods and the transfer of such payments to the Member State of the Community in which the creditor is resident or to Israel shall be free from any restrictions where such trade is covered by the provisions of the Agreement.

Article 11

The Agreement shall not preclude prohibitions or restrictions on imports, exports or goods in transit justified on grounds of public morality, public policy or public security, the protection of human, animal or plant life and health, the protection of national treasures of artistic, historic or archaeological value, the protection of industrial and commercial property,

or rules relating to gold or silver. Such prohibitions or restrictions must not, however, constitute a means of arbitrary discrimination or a disguised restriction on trade between the Contracting Parties.

Article 12

1. The following are incompatible with the proper functioning of the Agreement in so far as they may affect trade between the Community and Israel:

- (i) all agreements between undertakings, decisions by associations of undertakings and concerted practices between undertakings which have as their object or effect the prevention, restriction or distortion of competition as regards the production of or trade in goods;
- (ii) abuse by one or more undertakings of a dominant position in the territories of the Contracting Parties as a whole or in a substantial part thereof;
- (iii) any public aid which distorts or threatens to distort competition by favouring certain undertakings or the production of certain goods.

2. Should a Contracting Party consider that a given practice is incompatible with this Article, it may take appropriate measures under the conditions and in accordance with the procedures laid down in Article 16.

Article 13

Where an increase in imports of a given product is or likely to be seriously detrimental to any production activity carried on in the territory of one of the Contracting Parties and where this increase is due to:

- the partial or total reduction in the importing Contracting Party, as provided for in the Agreement, of customs duties and charges having equivalent effect levied on the product in question; and,
- the fact that the duties or charges having equivalent effect levied by the exporting Contracting Party on imports of raw materials or intermediate products used in the manufacture of the product in question are significantly lower than the corresponding duties or charges levied by the importing Contracting Party;

the Contracting Party concerned may take appropriate measures under the conditions and in accordance with the procedures laid down in Article 16.

Article 14

If one of the Contracting Parties finds that dumping is taking place in trade with the other Contracting Party, it may take appropriate measures against this practice in accordance with the Agreement on Implementation of Article VI of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade, under the conditions and in accordance with the procedures laid down in Article 16.

Article 15

If serious disturbances arise in any sector of the economy or if difficulties arise which could bring about serious deterioration in the economic situation of a region, the Contracting Party concerned may take appropriate measures under the conditions and in accordance with the procedures laid down in Article 16.

Article 16

1. In the event of a Contracting Party subjecting imports of products liable to give rise to the difficulties referred to in Articles 13 and 15 to an administrative procedure, the purpose of which is to provide rapid information on the trend of trade flows, it shall inform the other Contracting Party.

2. In the cases specified in Articles 12, 13, 14, 15 and 25, before taking the measures provided for therein, or, as soon as possible in cases to which paragraph 3 (d) applies, the Contracting Party in question shall supply the Joint Committee with all relevant information required for a thorough examination of the situation with a view to seeking a solution acceptable to the Contracting Parties.

In the selection of measures, priority must be given to those which least disturb the functioning of the Agreement.

The safeguard measures shall be notified immediately to the Joint Committee and shall be the subject of periodical consultations within the Committee, particularly with a view to their abolition as soon as circumstances permit.

3. For the implementation of paragraph 2, the following provisions shall apply:

- (a) As regards Article 12, either Contracting Party may refer the matter to the Joint Committee if it considers that a given practice is incompatible with the proper functioning of the Agreement within the meaning of Article 12 (1).

The Contracting Parties shall provide the Joint Committee with all relevant information and shall give it the assistance it requires in order to the case and, where appropriate, to eliminate the practice objected to.

If the Contracting Party in question fails to put an end to the practice objected to within the period fixed by the Joint Committee or, in the absence of agreement in the Joint Committee, within three months of the matter being referred to it, the Contracting Party concerned may adopt any safeguard measures it considers necessary to deal with the serious difficulties resulting from the practice in question; in particular it may withdraw tariff concessions.

- (b) As regards Article 13, the difficulties arising from the situation referred to in that Article shall be referred for examination to the Joint Committee, which may take any decision needed to put an end to such difficulties.

If the Joint Committee or the exporting Contracting Party has not taken a decision putting an end to the difficulties within 30 days of notification of the matter, the importing Contracting Party shall be authorized to levy a countervailing charge on the product imported.

The countervailing charge shall be calculated according to the incidence on the value of the goods in question of the tariff disparities in respect of the raw materials or intermediate products incorporated therein.

- (c) As regards Article 14, consultation in the Joint Committee shall take place before the Contracting Party concerned takes the appropriate measures.
- (d) Where exceptional circumstances requiring immediate action make prior examination impossible, the Contracting Party concerned may, in the situations specified in Articles 13, 14 and 15 and also in the case of export aids having a direct and immediate incidence on trade, apply forthwith such precautionary measures as are strictly necessary to remedy the situation.

Article 17

Where one or more Member States of the Community or Israel is in difficulties or is seriously threatened with difficulties as regards its balance of payments, the Contracting Party concerned may take the necessary safeguard measures. It shall inform the other Contracting Party forthwith.

TITLE II

Cooperation

Article 18

1. The Community and Israel shall, as a factor complementary to trade, institute cooperation in spheres which are in the mutual interest of the Contracting Parties.
2. To this end, the Joint Committee shall seek ways and means of promoting the development and diversification of trade, facilitating the transfer of technological knowhow, and encouraging private investment and contacts and cooperation between the industries of the Community and Israel.
3. The Joint Committee is empowered to make recommendations with a view to implementing one or more of the measures referred to in paragraph 2. The examination of such measures must be undertaken case by case and be subject to the existence of some mutual interest for the Contracting Parties.
4. The Contracting Parties may, as a factor complementary to trade, develop economic cooperation in spheres which are of mutual interest to them, taking into account developments in the Community's economic policies.

TITLE III

General and final provisions

Article 19

1. A Joint Committee is hereby established which shall be responsible for the administration of the Agreement and shall ensure its proper implementation. For this purpose, it shall make recommendations and take decisions in the cases provided for in the Agreement. These decisions shall be implemented by the Contracting Parties in accordance with their own rules.
2. For the purpose of the proper implementation of the Agreement, the Contracting Parties shall exchange information and, at the request of either Party, shall hold consultations within the Joint Committee.
3. The Joint Committee shall formally adopt its own rules of procedure.

28. 5. 75

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 136/7

Article 20

1. The Joint Committee shall consist of representatives of the Community on the one hand, and of representatives of Israel on the other.
2. The Joint Committee shall act by mutual agreement.

Article 21

1. Each Contracting Party shall preside in turn over the Joint Committee, in accordance with the arrangements to be laid down in its rules of procedure.
2. The Chairman shall convene meetings of the Joint Committee at least once a year in order to review the general functioning of the Agreement.

The Joint Committee shall, in addition, meet whenever special circumstances so require, at the request of either Contracting Party, in accordance with the conditions to be laid down in its rules of procedure.

3. The Joint Committee may decide to set up any working party that can assist it in carrying out its duties.

Article 22

1. In accordance with the procedure adopted for negotiating the Agreement, the Contracting Parties shall review the results of the Agreement on the basis of the experience gained during its functioning and of the objectives defined therein and consider any improvements which could be made. This review shall take place first from the beginning of 1978 and again from the beginning of 1983 and any improvements adopted shall operate from 1 January 1979 and 1 January 1984 respectively.

2. Should Israel need to slow down its tariff dismantling programme, the Contracting Parties may decide, when reviewing the industrial sector, to extend, on mutually agreed conditions, the time limits set out in Article 1 (2) of Protocol 2. These limits relate to the rates of reduction of 30% and 80% respectively. Neither time limit may be extended by more than two years.

The tariff dismantling programme referred to in Article 1 (2) of Protocol 2 shall be completed by 1 January 1989 at the latest.

Article 23

Nothing in the Agreement shall prevent a Contracting Party from taking any measures:

- (a) which it considers necessary to prevent the disclosure of information contrary to its essential security interests;
- (b) which relate to trade in arms, munitions or war materials or to research, development or production indispensable for defence purposes, provided that such measures do not impair the conditions of competition in respect of products not intended for specifically military purposes;
- (c) which it considers essential to its security in time of war or serious international tension.

Article 24

In the fields covered by the Agreement:

- the arrangements applied by Israel in respect of the Community shall not give rise to any discrimination between the Member States, their nationals, or their companies or firms;
- the arrangements applied by the Community in respect of Israel shall not give rise to discrimination between Israeli nationals, companies or firms.

Article 25

1. The Contracting Parties shall refrain from any measure likely to jeopardize the attainment of the objectives of the Agreement.
2. They shall take any general or specific measures required to fulfil their obligations under the Agreement.

If either Contracting Party considers that the other Contracting Party has failed to fulfil an obligation under the Agreement, it may take appropriate measures under the conditions and in accordance with the procedures laid down in Article 16.

Article 26

1. Where a Contracting Party considers that it would be useful in the common interest of the Contracting Parties to develop the relations established by the Agreement by extending them to fields not covered thereby, it shall submit a reasoned request to the other Contracting Party.

The Contracting Parties may instruct the Joint Committee to examine this request and, where appropriate, to make recommendations to them, particularly with a view to opening negotiations.

2. The agreements resulting from the negotiations referred to in paragraph 1 will be subject to ratification or approval by the Contracting Parties in accordance with their own procedures.

Article 27

The Protocols annexed to the Agreement shall form an integral part thereof.

Article 28

Either Contracting Party may denounce the Agreement by notifying the other Contracting Party. The Agreement shall cease to apply 12 months after the date of such notification.

Article 29

The Agreement shall apply, on the one hand, to the territories to which the Treaty establishing the

European Economic Community applies under the conditions laid down in that Treaty and, on the other, to the State of Israel.

Article 30

This Agreement is drawn up in duplicate in the Danish, Dutch, English, French, German, Italian and Hebrew languages, each of these texts being equally authentic.

This Agreement will be approved by the Contracting Parties in accordance with their own procedures.

It shall enter into force on the first day of the second month following the date on which the Contracting Parties notify each other that the procedures necessary to this end have been completed.

The Agreement of 29 June 1970 between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel shall cease to be applicable on the same date.

Udfærdiget i Bruxelles, den første Sivan femtusind syvhundrede og femogtredive i den hebraiske kalender, svarende til den ellefte maj nitten hundrede og femoghalvfjerds.

Geschehen zu Brüssel am ersten Siwan fünftausendsiebenhundertfünfunddreißig des hebräischen Kalenders; dieser Tag entspricht dem elften Mai neunzehnhundertfünfund-siebzig.

Done at Brussels, the first day of Sivan in the year five thousand seven hundred and thirty-five of the Hebrew calendar, corresponding to the eleventh day of May in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventy-five.

Fait à Bruxelles, le premier Sivan cinq mil sept cent trente-cinq du calendrier hébraïque, correspondant au onze mai mil neuf cent soixante-quinze.

Fatto a Bruxelles, il primo Sivan cinquemilasettecentotrentacinque del calendario ebraico, corrispondente all'undici maggio millenovecentosettantacinque.

Gedaan te Brussel, één Siwan vijfduizend zevenhonderd vijfendertig van de Hebreeuwse kalender, welke datum overeenkomt met de elfde mei negentienhonderd vijfenzeventig.

נחתם ב-א' בסיון החט"ה של הלוח העברי, המתאים לאחד-עשר
לחודש מאי אלף חשע מאות שבעים וחמש

28. 5. 75

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 136/9

For Rådet for De europæiske Fællesskaber
 Im Namen des Rates der Europäischen Gemeinschaften
 For the Council of the European Communities
 Pour le Conseil des Communautés européennes
 Per il Consiglio delle Comunità europee
 Voor de Raad van de Europese Gemeenschappen
 בשם מועצת הקהילה הכלכלית האירופאית,

Gareth Fitzgerald

Antony

På Israels regerings vegne
 Im Namen der Regierung des Staates Israel
 For the Government of the State of Israel
 Pour le gouvernement de l'État d'Israël
 Per il governo dello Stato d'Israele
 Voor de Regering van de Staat Israël
 בשם ממשלת מדינת ישראל,

Yigal Allon

M. H. K.

PROTOCOL 1

on the application of Article 2 (1) of the Agreement

Article 1

Subject to Articles 5 and 7 of the Agreement, customs duties and charges having equivalent effect on imports into the Community of products other than those listed in Annex II to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and other than those listed in Annex A, shall be abolished in accordance with the following timetable:

Timetable	Rate of reduction
— on the date of the entry into force of the Agreement	60 %
— from 1 January 1976	80 %
— from 1 July 1977	100 %

Article 2

1. For each product, the basic duties to which the reductions provided for in Article 1 are to be applied shall be:

- for the Community as originally constituted: those duties actually applied in respect of Israel on 1 January 1974 pursuant to Annex I to the Agreement of 29 June 1970 between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel;
- for Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom: those duties actually applied in respect of Israel on 1 January 1972.

2. The reduced duties calculated in accordance with Article 1 shall be rounded to the first decimal place.

Subject to the application by the Community of Article 39 (5) of the Act concerning the conditions of accession and the adjustments to the Treaties, as regards the specific duties or the specific part of the

mixed duties in the Irish and United Kingdom Customs Tariffs, Article 1 shall be applied, with rounding to the fourth decimal place.

Article 3

1. In the case of customs duties comprising a protective component and a fiscal component, Article 1 shall apply to the protective component.

2. Ireland and the United Kingdom shall replace customs duties of a fiscal nature or the fiscal component of such duties by an internal tax, in accordance with Article 38 of the Act concerning the conditions of accession and the adjustments to the Treaties.

Article 4

1. Quantitative restrictions on imports into the Community of the products referred to in Articles 1, 5 and 7 shall be abolished on the date of the entry into force of the Agreement, and measures having an effect equivalent to quantitative restrictions on imports shall be abolished not later than 1 January 1976.

2. The measures provided for in paragraphs 1 and 2 of Protocol 6 and in Article 1 of Protocol 7 to the Act concerning the conditions of accession and the adjustments to the Treaties on certain quantitative restrictions relating to Ireland and on imports of motor vehicles and the motor vehicle assembly industry in Ireland shall apply to Israel.

Article 5

1. Imports of the following products shall be subject to annual ceilings above which the customs duties applicable in respect of third countries may be re-introduced in accordance with paragraphs 2 to 9.

CCT heading No	Description
27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations
27.11	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons: A. Propane of a purity not less than 99 %: I. For use as power or heating fuel II. For other purposes (a) B. Other: I. Commercial propane and commercial butane
27.12	Petroleum jelly
27.13	Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured: B. Other
27.14	Petroleum bitumen, petroleum coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals
28.01	Halogens (fluorine, chlorine, bromine and iodine): C. Bromine
28.10	Phosphorus pentoxide and phosphoric acids (meta-, ortho- and pyro-)
28.33	Bromides, oxybromides, bromates and perbromates, and hypobromites
28.40	Phosphites, hypophosphites and phosphates: B. Phosphates: II. Other, including polyphosphates
29.02	Halogenated derivatives of hydrocarbons: A. Halogenated derivatives of acyclic hydrocarbons: III. Bromides and polybromides
29.16	Carboxylic acids with alcohol, phenol, aldehyde or ketone function and other single or complex oxygen-function carboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peracids, and their halogenated, sulphated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: A. Carboxylic acids with alcohol function: IV. Citric acid and its salts and esters

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

CCT heading No	Description
31.03	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, phosphatic: A. Mentioned in note 2 (A) to Chapter 31: I. Superphosphates
39.02	Polymerization and copolymerization products (for example, polyethylene, polytetrahaloethylenes, polyisobutylene, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl chloroacetate and other polyvinyl derivatives, polyacrylic and polymethacrylic derivatives, coumarone-indene resins): C. Other: VII. Polyvinyl chloride
42.02	Travel goods (for example, trunks, suit-cases, hat-boxes, travelling bags, rucksacks), shopping-bags, handbags, satchels, brief-cases, wallets, purses, toilet-cases, tool cases, tobacco-pouches, sheaths, cases, boxes (for example, for arms, musical instruments, binoculars, jewellery, bottles, collars, footwear, brushes) and similar containers, of leather or of composition leather, of vulcanized fibre, of artificial plastic sheeting, of paperboard or of textile fabric: ex B. Of other materials: — Of leather
42.03	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, of leather or of composition leather
51.04	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02
55.05	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale
55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton
56.05	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale
56.07	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste)
60.03	Stockings, under stockings, socks, ankle-socks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized
60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized
70.05	Unworked drawn or blown glass (including flashed glass), in rectangles
76.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of aluminium

2. Taking into account the Community's right to suspend application of ceilings for certain products, the ceilings fixed for the year of entry into force of the Agreement shall be those shown in Annex B.

From the following year the ceilings shall be raised annually by 5%.

For products covered by paragraph 1 but not included in Annex B, the Community reserves the right to introduce ceilings of which the level will be equal to the average amount of imports into the Community over the last three years for which statistics are available, increased by 5%; for the following years, the levels of the ceilings shall be raised annually by 5%.

3. Should, for two successive years, imports of a product subject to a ceiling be less than 90% of the level fixed, the Community shall suspend the application of this ceiling.

4. In the event of short-term economic difficulties, the Community reserves the right, after consultation within the Joint Committee, to maintain for a year the level fixed for the preceding year.

5. On 1 December each year the Community shall notify the Joint Committee of the list of products subject to ceilings in the following year and of the levels of the ceilings.

6. When a ceiling fixed for imports of a product covered by this Article is reached, the customs duties actually applied in respect of third countries on imports of the product in question may be re-imposed until the end of the calendar year.

However, for the products falling within Common Customs Tariff headings 27.10, 27.11 A and B I, 27.12, 27.13 B, 27.14, 28.40 ex B II (calcium hydrogen phosphate containing less than 0.2% of fluorine and more than 0.01% of iron), 42.02 ex B, 42.03, 51.04, 56.05, 56.07 and 76.03, the customs duties applicable by virtue of this paragraph are those of the Common Customs Tariff reduced by 50%. In no circumstances, however, may these duties be lower than those resulting from the application of Article 1.

7. When imports into the Community of a product subject to ceilings reach 75% of the level fixed, the Community shall inform the Joint Committee.

8. After 1 July 1977 the Contracting Parties shall examine in the Joint Committee the possibility of revising the percentage by which the levels of ceilings are raised, having regard to the trend of consumption and imports in the Community and to experience gained in applying this Article.

9. The ceilings for the products listed in paragraph 1 shall be abolished by not later than 31 December 1979.

Article 6

1. The Community reserves the right to modify the arrangements applicable to the petroleum products falling within headings 27.10, 27.11 A and B I, 27.12, 27.13 B and 27.14 of the Common Customs Tariff upon adoption of a common definition of origin for petroleum products or of decisions under the common commercial policy for the products in question or upon establishment of a common energy policy.

In this event the Community shall ensure that imports of those products will enjoy advantages equivalent to those provided for in this Protocol.

2. Consultations on the measures taken in application of paragraph 1 may be held within the Joint Committee.

3. Subject to paragraph 1, the Agreement shall not prejudice the non-tariff rules applied to imports of petroleum products.

Article 7

For goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products and:

- listed in Annex C, the reductions specified in Article 1, shall apply to the fixed component of the import charges levied on these products in the Community;
- listed in Annex D, the reductions specified in Article 1 shall apply to the difference between the basic duties referred to in Article 2 and the final duties indicated in respect of each.

Article 8

1. Customs duties on imports into the Community of the products originating in Israel which are listed as follows shall be reduced by the rates indicated for each of them.

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of reduction
07.01	Vegetables, fresh or chilled: G. Carrots, turnips, salad beetroot, salsify, celeriac, radishes and similar edible roots: ex II. Carrots and turnips: — Carrots, from 1 January to 31 March ex H. Onions, shallots and garlic: — Onions, from 15 February to 15 May S. Sweet peppers ex T. Other: — Aubergines, from 15 January to 30 April — Stick celery, from 1 January to 30 April — Courgettes, from 1 December to end February	40% 60% 40% 60% 50% 60%
08.01	Dates, bananas, coconuts, Brazil nuts, cashew nuts, pineapples, avocados, mangoes, guavas and mangosteens, fresh or dried, shelled or not: D. Avocados H. Other	80% 40%
08.02	Citrus fruit, fresh or dried: ex A. Oranges: — Fresh ex B. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids: — Fresh ex C. Lemons: — Fresh D. Grapefruit	60% 60% 40% 80%
08.08	Berries fresh: A. Strawberries: ex II. From 1 August to 30 April: — From 1 November to 31 March	60%
ex 08.09	Other fruit, fresh: — Melons, from 1 November to 31 May — Water-melons, from 1 April to 15 June	50% 50%
08.10	Fruit (whether or not cooked), preserved by freezing, not containing added sugar: ex B. Other: — Grapefruit segments	80%

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CCT heading No	Description	Rate of reduction
08.11	<p>Fruit provisionally preserved (for example, by sulphur dioxide gas, in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions), but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption:</p> <p>ex B. Oranges:</p> <p>— Comminuted</p> <p>ex E. Other:</p> <p>— Comminuted citrus fruit</p>	<p>80 %</p> <p>80 %</p>
09.04	<p>Pepper of the genus 'Piper'; pimento of the genus 'Capsicum' or the genus 'Pimenta':</p> <p>A. Neither crushed nor ground:</p> <p>II. Pimento:</p> <p>ex c) Other:</p> <p>— From 15 November to 30 April</p> <p>B. Crushed or ground</p>	<p>30 %</p> <p>30 %</p>
13.03	<p>Vegetable saps and extracts; pectic substances, pectinates and pectates; agar-agar and other mucilages and thickeners, derived from vegetable products:</p> <p>ex B. Pectic substances, pectinates and pectates:</p> <p>— Pectic substances and pectinates</p>	<p>25 %</p>
20.02	<p>Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid:</p> <p>ex C. Tomatoes:</p> <p>— Peeled tomatoes</p> <p>ex H. Other, including mixtures:</p> <p>— Celeriac, other than in mixtures</p> <p>— Cabbages (excluding cauliflowers) other than in mixtures</p> <p>— Okras, other than in mixtures</p>	<p>30 %</p> <p>30 %</p> <p>30 %</p> <p>30 %</p>
20.03	<p>Fruit preserved by freezing, containing added sugar:</p> <p>ex A. With a sugar content exceeding 13 % by weight:</p> <p>— Grapefruit segments</p> <p>ex B. Other:</p> <p>— Grapefruit segments</p>	<p>80 %</p> <p>80 %</p>
20.06	<p>Fruit otherwise prepared or preserved, whether or not containing added sugar or spirit:</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p>II. Not containing added spirit:</p> <p>a) Containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity of more than 1 kg:</p>	

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of reduction
20.06 (continued)	2. Grapefruit segments	80 %
	ex 3. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids: — Comminuted	80 %
	7. Peaches and apricots:	
	ex aa) With a sugar content exceeding 13 % by weight:	
	— Apricots	20 %
	ex bb) Other:	
	— Apricots	20 %
	ex 8. Other fruits:	
	— Grapefruit	80 %
	— Comminuted oranges and lemons	80 %
	b) Containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity of 1 kg or less:	
	2. Grapefruit segments	80 %
	ex 3. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids: — Comminuted	80 %
	ex 8. Other fruits:	
	— Grapefruit	80 %
	— Comminuted oranges and lemons	80 %
	c) Not containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity:	
	1. Of 4.5 kg or more:	
	ex aa) Apricots:	
	— Apricot halves	20 %
	ex dd) Other fruits:	
	— Grapefruit segments	80 %
	— Grapefruit	80 %
	— Citrus pulp	40 %
	— Comminuted citrus fruit	80 %
	2. Of less than 4.5 kg:	
	ex bb) Other fruits and mixtures of fruit:	
	— Grapefruit segments	80 %
	— Grapefruit	80 %
	— Comminuted citrus fruit	80 %

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of reduction
ex 20.07	<p>Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices, whether or not containing added sugar, but unfermented and not containing spirit:</p> <p>A. Of a specific gravity exceeding 1.33 at 15° C:</p> <p>III. Other:</p> <p>ex a) Of a value exceeding 30 u.a. per 100 kg net weight:</p> <p>— Orange juice</p> <p>— Grapefruit juice</p> <p>— Other citrus fruit juices</p> <p>ex b) Of a value not exceeding 30 u.a. per 100 kg net weight:</p> <p>— Orange juice</p> <p>— Grapefruit juice</p> <p>— Other citrus fruit juices</p> <p>B. Of a specific gravity of 1.33 or less at 15° C:</p> <p>II. Other:</p> <p>a) Of a value exceeding 30 u.a. per 100 kg net weight:</p> <p>1. Orange juice</p> <p>2. Grapefruit juice</p> <p>ex 3. Lemon juice and other citrus fruit juices:</p> <p>— Other citrus fruit juices (excluding lemon juice)</p> <p>5. Tomato juice</p> <p>b) Of a value of 30 u.a. or less per 100 kg net weight:</p> <p>1. Orange juice</p> <p>2. Grapefruit juice</p> <p>6. Tomato juice</p>	<p>70 %</p> <p>70 %</p> <p>60 %</p> <p>70 %</p> <p>70 %</p> <p>60 %</p> <p>70 %</p> <p>70 %</p> <p>60 %</p> <p>60 %</p> <p>70 %</p> <p>70 %</p> <p>60 %</p>

2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom shall be authorized to apply, until 1 January 1978, to imports of fresh oranges of subheading 08.02 ex A of the Common Customs Tariff and of fresh mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas), clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids of subheading 08.02 ex B of the Common Customs Tariff, duties which may not be lower than those set out in Annex E.

3. Paragraph 1 shall apply to fresh lemons of subheading 08.02 ex C of the Common Customs Tariff on condition that on the internal Community market the prices of lemons imported from Israel are, after customs clearance and deduction of import charges other than customs duties, not less than the reference price plus the incidence on that reference price of the customs duties actually applied

in respect of third countries and a fixed amount of 1.20 units of account per 100 kilogrammes.

4. The import charges other than customs duties referred to in paragraph 3 shall be those laid down for calculating the entry prices referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables.

However, the Community shall be entitled to calculate the amount to be deducted in respect of the import charges other than customs duties referred to in paragraph 3 according to origin in such a way as to avoid difficulties which may arise from the incidence of those charges on entry prices.

Articles 23 to 28 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 shall continue to apply.

Article 9

Duties on imports into the Community of the products originating in Israel which are listed below shall be reduced by the following rates, subject to compliance with the conditions agreed upon by exchange of letters.

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of reduction
20.02	Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid: ex C. Tomatoes: — Tomato concentrates	30 %
20.06	Fruit otherwise prepared or preserved, whether or not containing added sugar or spirit: B. Other: II. Not containing added spirit: a) Containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity of more than 1 kg: ex 9. Mixtures of fruit: — Fruit salads	55 %
	b) Containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity of 1 kg or less: ex 9. Mixtures of fruit: — Fruit salads	55 %

Article 10

1. Customs duties on imports into the Community of the following product originating in Israel shall be reduced by 30% within the limits of the annual Community tariff quota indicated below:

CCT heading No	Description	Volume (in metric tons)
20.06	Fruit otherwise prepared, whether or not containing added sugar or spirit: B. Other: II. Not containing added spirit: c) Not containing added sugar, in immediate packings of a net capacity: 1. Of 4.5 kg or more: ex aa) Apricots: — Apricot pulp	150

2. If paragraph 1 does not apply to a full calendar year, the quota shall be opened *pro rata*.

Article 11

1. The rates of reduction specified in Articles 8, 9 and 10 shall apply to customs duties actually applied in respect of third countries.

2. However, the duties applied by Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom as a result of the reductions referred to in paragraph 1 may in no case be lower than those applied by the said countries to the Community as originally constituted.

3. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, should the application thereof temporarily result in tariff movements away from alignment on the final duty, Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom may maintain their duties until the level of these duties has been reached on the occasion of a subsequent alignment, or they may apply the duty which would result from a subsequent alignment as soon as a tariff movement reaches or passes the said level.

4. The reduced duties calculated in accordance with paragraph 1 shall be rounded to the first decimal

place, and the specific duties or the specific part of the mixed duties rounded to the fourth decimal place.

Article 12

If, pursuant to Article 7 of the Agreement, the Community amends the arrangements laid down in this Protocol for products covered by Annex II to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, it shall accord imports originating in Israel an advantage comparable to that provided for in this Protocol.

Article 13

1. The products originating in Israel referred to in this Protocol may not enjoy more favourable treatment when imported into the Community than that applied by the Member States between themselves.

2. For the application of the preceding paragraph, account shall not be taken of the customs duties and charges having equivalent effect resulting from the application of Articles 32, 36 and 59 of the Act concerning the conditions of accession and the adjustments to the Treaties.

ANNEX A

relating to the products referred to in Article 1

CCT heading No	Description
35.02	Albumins, albuminates and other albumin derivatives: A. Albumins: II. Other: a) Ovalbumin and lactalbumin

ANNEX B

list of ceilings for 1975

CCT heading No	Description	Volume (in metric tons)
27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations: A. Light oils: III. For other purposes B. Medium oils: III. For other purposes C. Heavy oils: I. Gas oils: c) For other purposes II. Fuel oils: c) For other purposes III. Lubricating oils; other oils: c) To be mixed in accordance with the terms of Additional Note 7 to this Chapter (a) d) For other purposes	600 000
27.11	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons: A. Propane of a purity not less than 99 %: I. For use as power or heating fuel B. Other: I. Commercial propane and commercial butane: c) For other purposes	
27.12	Petroleum jelly: A. Crude: III. For other purposes B. Other	
27.13	Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured: B. Other: I. Crude: c) For other purposes II. Other	

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

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CCT heading No	Description	Volume (in metric tons)
27.14	Petroleum bitumen, petroleum coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals: C. Other: II. Other	} 600 000
29.02	Halogenated derivatives of hydrocarbons: A. Halogenated derivatives of acrylic hydrocarbons: III. Bromides and polybromides	1 800
42.03	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, of leather or of composition leather: B. Gloves, including mittens and mitts	3
55.05	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale	900
55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton	400
60.03	Stockings, under stockings, socks, ankle-socks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized	100
60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized	450

ANNEX C

relating to the products referred to in Article 7

CCT heading No	Description
ex 17.04	Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa, but not including liquorice extract containing more than 10 % by weight of sucrose but not containing other added substances
18.06	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa
19.01	Malt extract
19.02	Preparations of flour, starch or malt extract, of a kind used as infant food or for dietetic or culinary purposes, containing less than 50 % by weight of cocoa
19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products
19.04	Tapioca and sago; tapioca and sago substitutes obtained from potato or other starches
19.05	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (puffed rice, cornflakes and similar products)
19.06	Communion wafers, empty cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products
19.07	Bread, ships' biscuits and other ordinary bakers' wares, not containing added sugar, honey, eggs, fats, cheese or fruit
19.08	Pastry, biscuits, cakes and other fine bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa in any proportion
ex 21.01	Roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes; extracts, essences and concentrates thereof: — Excluding roasted chicory and extracts thereof
21.06	Natural yeasts (active or inactive); prepared baking powders: A. Active natural yeasts: II. Bakers' yeast
ex 21.07	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing sugar, dairy products, cereals or products based on cereals ⁽¹⁾
ex 22.02	Lemonade, flavoured spa waters and flavoured aerated waters, and other non-alcoholic beverages, not including fruit and vegetable juices falling within heading No 20.07: -- Containing milk or milkfats

⁽¹⁾ This heading covers only products which, on importation into the Community, are subject to the duty laid down in the Common Customs Tariff, comprising: (a) an *ad valorem* duty constituting the fixed component; (b) a variable component.

CCT heading No	Description
29.04	Acyclic alcohols and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: C. Polyhydric alcohols: II. Mannitol III. Sorbitol
35.05	Dextrins and dextrin glues: soluble or roasted starches; starch glues
38.12	Prepared glazings, prepared dressings and prepared mordants, of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries: A. Prepared glazings and prepared dressings: I. With a basis of amylaceous substances

ANNEX D

relating to the products referred to in Article 7, second indent

CCT heading No	Description	Duty applicable on 1 July 1977
35.01	Casein, caseinates and other derivatives: casein glues:	
	A. Casein:	
	I. For the manufacture of regenerated textile fibres (a)	0
	II. For industrial uses other than the manufacture of foodstuffs or fodder (a)	3 %
	III. Other	12 %
	C. Other	8 %

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities .

ANNEX E

minimum residual duties which may be applied under the terms of Article 8 (2)

I. DENMARK

Danish Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Rate of duty		
		1. 1. 1975	1. 1. 1976	1. 1. 1977
1	2	3	4	5
08.02	Citrus fruit, fresh or dried:			
	A. Oranges:			
	I. Sweet oranges, fresh:			
	a) From 1 April to 30 April	2 %	2.6 %	2.6 %
	b) From 1 May to 15 May	0.9 %	1.2 %	1.2 %
	c) From 16 May to 15 October	0.6 %	0.8 %	0.8 %
	d) From 16 October to 31 March	3.2 %	4 %	4 %
	II. Other:			
	ex a) From 1 April to 15 October:			
	— Fresh	2.4 %	3 %	3 %
	ex b) From 16 October to 31 March:			
	— Fresh	3.2 %	4 %	4 %
	ex B. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids:			
	— Fresh	3.2 %	4 %	4 %

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II. IRELAND

Irish Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Rate of duty		
		1. 1. 1975	1. 1. 1976	1. 1. 1977
1	2	3	4	5
08.02	Citrus fruit, fresh or dried: A. Oranges: I. Sweet oranges, fresh: a) From 1 April to 30 April b) From 1 May to 15 May c) From 16 May to 15 October d) From 16 October to 31 March II. Other: a) From 1 April to 15 October: 1. Fresh b) From 16 October to 31 March: 1. Fresh B. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids: I. Fresh	2 % 0.9 % 0.6 % 3.2 % 2.4 % 3.2 % 3.2 %	2.6 % 1.2 % 0.8 % 4 % 3 % 4 % 4 %	2.6 % 1.2 % 0.8 % 4 % 3 % 4 % 4 %

II. UNITED KINGDOM

United Kingdom Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Rate of duty		
		1. 1. 1975	1. 1. 1976	1. 1. 1977
1	2	3	4	5
08.02	Citrus fruit, fresh or dried: A. Oranges: I. Sweet oranges, fresh: a) From 1 April to 30 April b) From 1 May to 15 May c) From 16 May to 15 October d) From 16 October to 31 March: 1. From 16 October to 30 November	£ 0.0420/cwt + 2% with minimum charge of £ 0.1050/cwt £ 0.0420/cwt + 0.9% with minimum charge of £ 0.1050/cwt £ 0.0420/cwt + 0.6% with minimum charge of £ 0.1050/cwt £ 0.0420/cwt + 3.2% with minimum charge of £ 0.1050/cwt	2.6% with minimum charge of £ 0.0700/cwt 1.2% with minimum charge of £ 0.0700/cwt 0.8% with minimum charge of £ 0.0700/cwt 4% with minimum charge of £ 0.0700/cwt	2.6% with minimum charge of £ 0.0350/cwt 1.2% with minimum charge of £ 0.0350/cwt 0.8% with minimum charge of £ 0.0350/cwt 4% with minimum charge of £ 0.0350/cwt

United Kingdom Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Rate of duty		
		1. 1. 1975	1. 1. 1976	1. 1. 1977
1	2	3	4	5
08.02 (continued)	2. From 1 December to 31 March	4.4%	4.4%	4.4%
	II. Other:			
	a) From 1 April to 15 October:			
	1. Fresh	£ 0.0420/cwt + 2.4% with minimum charge of £ 0.1050/cwt	3% with minimum charge of £ 0.700/cwt	3% with minimum charge of £ 0.0350/cwt
	b) From 16 October to 31 March:			
	1. Fresh:			
	aa) From 16 October to 30 November	£ 0.0420/cwt + 3.2% with minimum charge of £ 0.1050/cwt	4% with minimum charge of £ 0.0700/cwt	4% with minimum charge of £ 0.0350/cwt
	bb) From 1 December to 31 March	4.4%	4.4%	4.4%
	B. Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas); clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids:			
	I. Fresh:			
a) From 1 April to 30 November	£ 0.0420/cwt + 3.2% with minimum charge of £ 0.1050/cwt	4% with minimum charge of £ 0.0700/cwt	4% with minimum charge of £ 0.0350/cwt	
b) From 1 December to 31 March	4.4%	4.4%	4.4%	

PROTOCOL 2

on the application of Article 2 (2) of the Agreement

Article 1

1. Subject to Articles 2, 3 and 6, the customs duties and charges having equivalent effect on imports into Israel of products other than those listed in Annex II to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community shall be abolished in accordance with the following timetable:

Timetable	Rate of reduction
— on the date of the entry into force of the Agreement	30%
— from 1 January 1976	40%
— from 1 July 1977	60%
— from 1 January 1979	80%
— from 1 January 1980	100%

2. However, the customs duties and charges having equivalent effect on imports into Israel of products listed in Annex A shall be abolished in accordance with the following timetable:

Timetable	Rate of reduction
— from 1 July 1977	5%
— from 1 July 1978	20%
— from 1 July 1979	30%
— from 1 January 1981	50%
— from 1 January 1983	80%
— from 1 January 1985	100%

Article 2

1. The basic duties to which the successive reductions provided for in Article 1 are to be applied shall, for each product, be the duties actually applied on 1 January 1975 in respect of the Community, pursuant to the provisions of Annex II to the Agreement of 29 June 1970 between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel.

2. However, in respect of products listed in Annex B, the basic duties shall be those of the Israel Customs Tariff as shown in that Annex opposite each heading. Within the limit of the rates indicated,

the basic duty to be taken into consideration in calculating the reductions referred to in Article 1 shall be that actually applied at any given moment in respect of third countries.

3. The reduced duties calculated in accordance with Article 1 shall be rounded to the first decimal place.

Article 3

1. In so far as its industrialization and development make protective measures necessary, Israel may up to 31 December 1979 introduce, increase or re-introduce *ad valorem* customs duties not exceeding 20% after consultation within the Joint Committee, and up to 31 December 1983 after agreement within the Joint Committee. The total value of the products for which these measures can be applied may not exceed 10% of the total value of Israel's imports from the Community in 1973.

2. These measures may be taken only if they are necessary to protect and favour the development of a new processing industry not already existing in Israel on the date of the entry into force of the Agreement; they may be applied only with respect to the production of specific goods.

3. Twenty-four months after introducing, increasing or re-introducing customs duties, Israel shall reduce the tariffs by at least 5% per year in respect of imports of the products in question originating in the Community. The abolition of such duties must be completed by not later than 1 January 1989.

Article 4

1. In the case of customs duties comprising a protective component and a fiscal component, Article 1 shall apply to the protective component.

2. Israel shall replace customs duties of a fiscal nature or the fiscal component of such duties by an internal tax.

Article 5

Quantitative restrictions on imports into Israel and measures having an effect equivalent to quantitative restrictions on imports shall be abolished on the date

of entry into force of the Agreement. However, quantitative restrictions on products listed in Annex C shall be abolished not later than 1 January 1985.

The timetable for the abolition of such restrictions is set out in Annex D.

Article 6

For the goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products listed in Annex E, the reductions specified in Article 1 shall apply to the difference

between the basic duties referred to in Article 2 and the final duties indicated in each case.

Article 7

1. Duties on imports into Israel of products listed in Annex F shall be reduced by the rates indicated for each of them.
2. The rates of duty to be taken into consideration in calculating the reduced duties referred to in paragraph 1 shall be those actually applied at any given moment in respect of third countries.

ANNEX A

relating to products subject on importation into Israel to the basic duties reduced by the rates and in accordance with the timetable set out in Article 1 (2) of Protocol 2

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
13.03	Vegetable saps and extracts; pectic substances, pectinates and pectates; agar-agar and other mucilages and thickeners, derived from vegetable products: 1050 Extracts in alcohol 9900 Other
15.11	Glycerol and glycerol lyes
17.04	Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa, excluding: 9900 Other
18.03	Cocoa paste (in bulk or in block), whether or not defatted
18.04	Cocoa butter (fat or oil)
18.05	Cocoa powder, unsweetened
18.06	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa
19.08	Pastry, biscuits, cake and other fine bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa in any proportion: 9900 Other
21.01	Roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes; extracts, essences and concentrates thereof
21.02	Extracts, essences or concentrates, of coffee, tea or maté; preparations with a basis of those extracts, essences or concentrates
21.03	Mustard flour and prepared mustard
21.04	Sauces; mixed condiments and mixed seasonings
21.05	Soups and broths, in liquid; solid or powder form; homogenized composite food preparations
21.06	Natural yeasts (active or inactive); prepared baking powders
21.07	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included: 1000 Jelly powders, ice-cream powders and other similar products 5000 Non-alcoholic concentrated extracts 6000 Saccharin, including substances of similar properties or uses, in tables or other forms ready for use 7000 Food preparations made of, or containing potatoes in any form whatsoever 9900 Other

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
22.01	Waters, including spa waters and aerated waters; ice and snow
22.02	Lemonade, flavoured spa waters and flavoured aerated waters, and other non-alcoholic beverages, not including fruit and vegetable juices falling within heading No 20.07
22.03	Beer made from malt
22.06	Vermouths, and other wines of fresh grapes flavoured with aromatic extracts
22.08	Ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, undenatured, of a strength of 80° or higher; denatured spirits (including ethyl alcohol and neutral spirits) of any strength
22.09	Spirits (other than those of heading No 22.08); liqueurs and other spirituous beverages; compound alcoholic preparations (known as 'concentrated extracts') for the manufacture of beverages
24.02	Manufactured tobacco; tobacco extracts and essences: 1000 Cigarettes 2000 Cigars including cigarillos 3000 Manufactured tobacco, n.e.s. 4000 Manufactured tobac, n.e.s. 5000 Snuff, of tobacco or tobac
25.01	Common salt (including rock salt, sea salt and table salt); pure sodium chloride; salt liquors; sea water
25.10	Natural calcium phosphates, natural aluminium calcium phosphates, apatite and phosphatic chalk
25.15	Marble, travertine, ecaussine and other calcareous monumental and building stone of an apparent specific gravity of 2.5 or more and alabaster, including such stone not further worked than roughly split, roughly squared or squared by sawing
25.16	Granite, porphyry, basalt, sandstone and other monumental and building stone, including such stone not further worked than roughly split, roughly squared or squared by sawing
25.17	Pebbles and crushed or broken stone (whether or not heat-treated), gravel, macadam and tarred macadam, of a kind commonly used for concrete aggregates, for road metalling or for railway or other ballast; flint and shingle, whether or not heat-treated; granules and chippings (whether or not heat-treated) and powder of stones falling within heading No 25.15 or 25.16
25.20	Gypsum; anhydrite; calcined gypsum, and plasters with a basis of calcium sulphate, whether or not coloured, but not including plasters specially prepared for use in dentistry
25.23	Portland cement, ciment fondu, slag cement, supersulphate cement and similar hydraulic cements, whether or not coloured or in the form of clinker: 1000 Grey Portland cement 2000 White cement, whether or not colouring materials have been added

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
25.32	Strontianite (whether or not calcined), other than strontium oxide; mineral substances not elsewhere specified or included; broken pottery: 4000 Aluminium sulphate, including aluminium alums
27.03	Peat (including peat litter), whether or not agglomerated
27.07	Oils and other products of the distillation of high temperature coal tar; similar products as defined in Note 2 to this Chapter: 1000 Anthracene oil (green oil) and anthracene grease
27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70% by weight of petroleum oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations
27.11	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons
27.12	Petroleum jelly
27.13	Paraffin wax, micro, crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured
27.16	Bituminous mixtures based on natural asphalt, on natural bitumen, on petroleum bitumen, on mineral tar or on mineral tar pitch (for example, bituminous mastics, cut-backs)
28.01	Halogens (fluorine, chlorine, bromine and iodine): 1000 Chlorine
28.03	Carbon (including carbon black)
28.04	Hydrogen, rare gases and other non-metals: 3010 Argon gas 3090 Other
28.06	Hydrochloric acid and chlorosulphuric acid
28.07	Sulphur dioxide
28.08	Sulphuric acid; oleum
28.09	Nitric acid; sulphonitric acids
28.10	Phosphorus pentoxide and phosphoric acids (meta-, ortho- and pyro-)
28.14	Halides, oxyhalides and other halogen compounds of non-metals
28.15	Sulphides of non-metals; phosphorus trisulphide

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
28.16	Ammonia, anhydrous or in aqueous solution
28.17	Sodium hydroxide (caustic soda); potassium hydroxide (caustic potash); peroxides of sodium or potassium
28.19	Zinc oxide and zinc peroxide: 1000 Zinc oxide
28.20	Aluminium oxide and hydroxide, artificial corundum
28.21	Chromium oxides and hydroxides: 9900 Other
28.23	Iron oxides and hydroxides; earth colours containing 70% or more by weight of combined iron evaluated as Fe_2O_3
28.28	Hydrazine and hydroxylamine and their inorganic salts; other inorganic bases and metallic oxides, hydroxides and peroxides
28.29	Fluorides; fluorosilicates, fluoroborates and other complex fluorine salts
28.30	Chlorides and oxychlorides
28.31	Chlorites and hypochlorites
28.32	Chlorates and perchlorates
28.33	Bromides, oxybromides, bromates and perbromates, and hypobromites
28.34	Iodides, oxyiodides, iodates and periodates: 9900 Other
28.35	Sulphides; polysulphides: 1000 Of ammonium, of sodium or of potassium
28.37	Sulphites and thiosulphates
28.38	Sulphates (including alums) and persulphates
28.40	Phosphites, hypophosphites and phosphates
28.42	Carbonates and percarbonates; commercial ammonium carbonate containing ammonium carbamate
28.46	Borates and perborates
28.47	Salts of metallic acids (for example, chromates, permanganates, stannates): 1020 Zinc chromate including basic zinc chromate 9900 Other

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
28.48	Other salts and peroxy salts of inorganic acids, but not including azides
28.49	Colloidal precious metals; amalgams of precious metals; salts and other compounds, inorganic or organic, of precious metals, including albuminates, proteinates, tannates and similar compounds, whether or not chemically defined: 1000 Put up in measured doses or for sale by retail, ready for photographic purposes 9990 Other
28.50	Fissile chemical elements and isotopes; other radio-active chemical elements and radio-active isotopes; compounds, inorganic or organic, of such elements or isotopes, whether or not chemically defined; alloys, dispersions and cermets, containing any of these elements, isotopes or compounds
28.51	Isotopes and their compounds, inorganic or organic, whether or not chemically defined, other than isotopes and compounds falling within heading No 28.50
28.52	Compounds, inorganic or organic, of thorium, of uranium depleted in U 235, of rare earth metals, of yttrium or of scandium, whether or not mixed together
28.54	Hydrogen peroxide (including solid hydrogen peroxide)
28.56	Carbides (for example, silicon carbide, boron carbide, metal carbides)
28.58	Other inorganic compounds (including distilled and conductivity water and water of similar purity); amalgams, except amalgams of precious metals
29.01	Hydrocarbons, excluding: 1020 Hexane, heptane 1090 Other
29.02	Halogenated derivatives of hydrocarbons, excluding: 2000 Halogenated derivatives of unsaturated acyclic hydrocarbons 3010 Hexachlor cyclohexane (gammexane) 9910 100% DDT powder
29.03	Sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of hydrocarbons
29.04	Acyclic alcohols and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives
29.05	Cyclic alcohols and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives
29.06	Phenols and phenol-alcohols
29.07	Halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of phenols or phenol-alcohols
29.09	Epoxides, epoxyalcohols, epoxyphenols and epoxyethers, with a three or four member ring, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
29.10	Acetals and hemiacetals and single or complex oxygen-function acetals and hemiacetals, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives
29.11	Aldehydes, aldehyde-alcohols, aldehyde-ethers, aldehyde-phenols and other single or complex oxygen-function aldehydes; cyclic polymers of aldehydes; paraformaldehyde
29.12	Halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of products falling within heading No 29.11
29.13	Ketones, ketone-alcohols, ketone-phenols, ketone-aldehydes, quinones, quinone-alcohols, quinone-phenols, quinone-aldehydes and other single or complex oxygen-function ketones and quinones, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives
29.14	Monocarboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peracids, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives
29.15	Polycarboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peracids, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives
29.16	Carboxylic acids with alcohol, phenol, aldehyde or ketone function and other single or complex oxygen-function carboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peracids, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives, excluding: 1000 Tartaric acid, including inner containers
29.17	Sulphuric esters and their salts, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives
29.18	Nitrous and nitric esters, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives
29.19	Phosphoric esters and their salts, including lactophosphates, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: 1000 2,2-Dichlorovinyl dimethyl-phosphate 2000 1,2-Dibromo-2,2 dichloroethyl dimethyl phosphate
29.21	Other esters of mineral acids (excluding halides) and their salts, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives
29.22	Amine-function compounds: 1000 Substances with sweetening properties
29.23	Single or complex oxygen-function amino-compounds: 1000 Mono-, di- or tri-ethanolamine 3000 Substances with sweetening properties 4000 Monosodium glutamate 9900 Other
29.24	Quaternary ammonium salts and hydroxides; lecithins and other phosphoaminolipins

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
29.25	Carboxamide-function compounds; amide-function compounds of carbonic acid
29.26	Carboximide-function compounds (including ortho-benzoic sulphimide and its salts) and imine-function compounds (including hexamethylenetetramine and trimethylenetrinitramine)
29.27	Nitrile-function compounds
29.28	Diazo-, azo- and azoxy-compounds
29.29	Organic derivatives of hydrazine or of hydroxylamine
29.30	Compounds with other nitrogen-functions
29.31	Organo-sulphur compounds
29.32	Organo-arsenic compounds
29.33	Organo-mercury compounds
29.34	Other organo-inorganic compounds, excluding: 1000 Tetraethyl-lead
29.35	Heterocyclic compounds; nucleic acids
29.36	Sulphonamides
29.38	Provitamins and vitamins, natural or reproduced by synthesis (including natural concentrates), derivatives thereof used primarily as vitamins, and intermixtures of the foregoing, whether or not in any solvent: 1030 Vitamin A or intermixture containing it, in a dry state
29.40	Enzymes
29.41	Glycosides, natural or reproduced by synthesis, and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives
29.42	Vegetable alkaloids, natural or reproduced by synthesis, and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives
29.43	Sugars, chemically pure, other than sucrose, glucose and lactose; sugar ethers and sugar esters, and their salts, other than products of heading Nos 29.39, 29.41 and 29.42
29.44	Antibiotics: 9900 Other

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
30.03	<p>Medicaments (including veterinary medicaments), excluding:</p> <p>3100 Other medicaments certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Health or the Director-General of the Ministry of Agriculture, not to be of a kind produced in Israel nor to be substitutes therefor</p>
30.04	<p>Wadding, gauze, bandages and similar articles (for example, dressings, adhesive plasters, poultices), impregnated or coated with pharmaceutical substances or put up in retail packings for medical or surgical purposes, other than goods specified in Note 3 to this Chapter</p>
30.05	<p>Other pharmaceutical goods</p>
31.03	<p>Mineral or chemical fertilizers, phosphatic</p>
31.04	<p>Mineral or chemical fertilizers, potassic</p>
32.05	<p>Synthetic organic dyestuffs (including pigment dyestuffs); synthetic organic products of a kind used as luminophores; products of the kind known as optical bleaching agents, substantive to the fibre; natural indigo</p>
32.06	<p>Colour lakes:</p> <p>1000 In dispersion in rubber, in plastics, in liquids or paste</p>
32.07	<p>Other colouring matter; inorganic products of a kind used as luminophores:</p> <p>9910 In a dry state and containing not more than 10% of chrome pigments or iron oxides and hydroxide, or Prussian blue and other pigments with a base of ferrocyanides or ferricyanides or ultramarine or zinc oxide</p> <p>9920 Colouring matter containing zinc chromate (for example, zinc yellow or zinc green)</p> <p>9990 Other</p>
32.08	<p>Prepared pigments, prepared opacifiers and prepared colours, vitrifiable enamels and glazes, liquid lustres and similar products, of the kind used in the ceramic, enamelling and glass industries; engobes (slips); glass frit and other glass, in the form of powder, granules or flakes; excluding:</p> <p>2000 Enamel and glazes in the form of frits, flakes, powder or granules</p> <p>3000 Glass frit</p>
32.09	<p>Varnishes and lacquers; distempers; prepared water pigments of the kind used for finishing leather; paints and enamels; pigments in linseed oil, white spirit, spirits of turpentine, varnish or other paint or enamel media; stamping foils; dyes or other colouring matter in forms or packings of a kind sold by retail</p>
32.10	<p>Artists', students' and signboard painters' colours, modifying tints, amusement colours and the like, in tablets, tubes, jars, bottles, pans or in similar forms or packings, including such colours in sets or outfits, with or without brushes, palettes or other accessories</p>

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
32.11	Prepared driers
32.12	Glaziers' putty; grafting putty; painters' fillings; non-refractory surfacing preparations; stopping, sealing and similar mastics, including resin mastics and cements
32.13	Writing ink, printing ink and other inks
33.01	Essential oils (terpeneless or not); concretes and absolutes; resinoids
33.02	Terpenic by-products of the deterpenation of essential oils
33.03	Concentrates of essential oils in fats, in fixed oils, or in waxes or the like, obtained by cold absorption or by maceration
33.04	Mixtures of two or more odoriferous substances (natural or artificial) and mixtures (including alcoholic solutions) with a basis of one or more of these substances, of a kind used as raw materials in the perfumery, food, drink or other industries
33.05	Aqueous distillates and aqueous solutions of essential oils, including such products suitable for medicinal uses
33.06	Perfumery, cosmetics and toilet preparations
34.01	Soap; organic surface-active products and preparations for use as soap, in the form of bars, cakes or moulded pieces or shapes, whether or not combined with soap
34.02	Organic surface-active agents; surface-active preparations and washing preparations whether or not containing soap
34.03	Lubricating preparations, and preparations of a kind used for oil or grease treatment of textiles, leather or other materials, but not including preparations containing 70% or more by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, excluding: 1000 Oils or fats extracted from fish or marine animals, of the kind used for tanning hides
34.04	Artificial waxes (including water-soluble waxes); prepared waxes, not emulsified or containing solvents
34.05	Polishes and creams, for footwear, furniture or floors, metal polishes, scouring powders and similar preparations, but excluding prepared waxes falling within heading No 34.04
34.06	Candles, tapers, night-lights and the like
34.07	Modelling pastes (including those put up for children's amusement and assorted modelling pastes); preparations of a kind known as 'dental wax' or as 'dental impression compounds', in plates, horseshoe shapes, sticks and similar forms

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
35.01	Casein, caseinates and other casein derivatives; casein glues
35.02	Albumins, albuminates and other albumin derivatives
35.03	Gelatin (including gelatin in rectangles, whether or not coloured or surface-worked) and gelatin derivatives; glues derived from bones, hides, nerves, tendons or from similar products, and fish glues; isinglass
35.04	Peptones and other protein substances and their derivatives; hide powder, excluding:
35.05	Dextrins and dextrin glues; soluble or roasted starches; starch glues; excluding: 1000 Dextrins, other than dextrin glues 9900 Other
35.06	Prepared glues not elsewhere specified or included; products suitable for use as glues put up for sale by retail as glues in packages not exceeding a net weight of 1 kg
36.01	Propellent powders
36.02	Prepared explosives, other than propellent powders
36.03	Mining, blasting and safety fuses
36.04	Percussion and detonating caps; igniters; detonators
36.05	Pyrotechnic articles (for example, fireworks, railway fog signals, amorces, rain rockets), excluding: 1000 For visible signalling
36.06	Matches (excluding Bengal matches)
36.08	Other combustible preparations and products
37.03	Sensitized paper, paperboard and cloth, unexposed or exposed but not developed: 2000 Specialized for ultra-violet rays 9929 Other 9991 Monochrome 9999 Other
37.05	Plates, unperforated film and perforated film (other than cinematograph film), exposed and developed, negative or positive: 3000 Diapositive slides and film strips
37.08	Chemical products and flash light materials, of a kind and in a form suitable for use in photography
38.01	Artificial graphite; colloidal graphite, other than suspensions in oil

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
38.07	Spirits of turpentine (gum, wood and sulphate) and other terpenic solvents produced by the distillation or other treatment of coniferous woods; crude dipentene; sulphite turpentine; pine oil (excluding 'pine oils' not rich in terpineol)
38.11	Disinfectants, insecticides, fungicides, weed-killers, anti-sprouting products, rat poisons and similar products, put up in forms or packings for sale by retail or as preparations or as articles (for example, sulphur-treated bands, wicks and candles, fly-papers): 1090 Other 9900 Other
38.12	Prepared glazings, prepared dressings and prepared mordants, of a kind used in textile, paper, leather or like industries: 1000 Preparations on a shellac basis 3000 Prepared dressings
38.13	Pickling preparations for metal surfaces; fluxes and other auxiliary preparations for soldering, brazing or welding; soldering, brazing or welding powders and pastes consisting of metal and other materials; preparations of a kind used as cores or coatings for weldings rods and electrodes
38.14	Anti-knock preparations, oxidation inhibitors, gum inhibitors, viscosity improvers, anti-corrosive preparations and similar prepared additives for mineral oils
38.15	Prepared rubber accelerators
38.16	Prepared culture media for development of micro-organisms
38.17	Preparations and charges for fire-extinguishers; charged fire-extinguishing grenades
38.18	Composite solvents and thinners for varnishes and similar products
38.19	Chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included; residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not elsewhere specified or included: 1000 Liquid chloroparaffins 1900 Chemical elements (for example silicon and selenium) doped for use in electronics, as mentioned in Note 2 (g) of this Chapter 2000 'Carbon' in mass, blocks, plates, bars, strip and similar forms, semi-manufactured (other than those of heading No 38.01) of a metallo-graphitic kind or otherwise 2400 Compound catalysts, such as those consisting of a chemical product (e.g. a metallic oxide) fixed on activated carbon or activated diatomite 2600 Ion exchangers 2800 Residual products from fermentation in the manufacture of antibiotics 3000 Anti-scaling compounds

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
38.19 (continued)	3200 Fusel oil and bone or horn oil of the dippel oil kind 3600 Soda lime 3810 Metal naphthenates 4400 Preparations of a kind used for dentistry or pharmacy 4600 Plasticizers and stabilizers 5200 Anti-oxidants 5400 Prepared auxiliary products of a kind used in the textile, paper or leather industries 5600 Solid products of the signophalt kind for road-marking 5800 Foundry core binders 6000 Preparations of a kind used for clarifying wines and other fermented beverages 6400 Refractory cements and mortars 6600 Additives for casting metals, consisting of mixtures of chemicals or mineral materials (other than coatings, liquids or pastes for die dressings) 6800 Preparations of a kind used for motor vehicles such as anti-freeze, brake fluid, flushing oils and other compounds for motor vehicles 7000 Materials of a kind used for sealing and reinforcing concrete anti-acid additives for cement 7200 Mixtures of the kind used in the cosmetic industry 7400 Hardening and tempering substances for metals 7600 Emulsifiers-stabilizers of the kind used in the production of ice cream 7800 Auxiliary materials for galvanization of metals, prepared on the basis of nickel salts or cadmium salt or cyanides, or aromatic or heterocyclic organic compounds containing nitrogen 8500 Processed asphalt preparations 8700 Propylic alcohol and isomers thereof 9900 Other
39.01	Condensation, polycondensation and polyaddition products, whether or not modified or polymerized, and whether or not linear (for example, phenoplasts, aminoplasts, alkyds, polyallyl esters, and other unsaturated polyesters, silicones), excluding: 1020 Cyclohexanone resins 1500 Silicones 3570 Polycarbonate or polyethylene terephthalate strips, not wider than 40 mm; metal coated except for one side having a non-coated margin 3591 Sheets of materials falling under Section XV, coated, laminated or covered with plastics 8000 Preparation in the form of paste or powder of a kind used in dentistry
39.02	Polymerization and copolymerization products (for example, polyethylene, polytetrahaloethylenes, polyisobutylene, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl chloroacetate and other polyvinyl derivatives, polyacrylic and polymethacrylic derivatives, coumarone-indene resins), excluding: 1050 Polyisobutylene resins

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
39.02 (continued)	1090 Other 3500 Crosslinked copolymers of styrene and divinyl benzene used in the manufacture of ion exchangers
39.03	Regenerated cellulose; cellulose nitrate, cellulose acetate and other cellulose esters, cellulose ethers and other chemical derivatives of cellulose, plasticized or not (for example, collodions, celluloid); vulcanized fibre, excluding: 1000 Vulcanized fibre 2090 Other 5000 Waste 9911 Cellulose acetate and cellulose acetate butyrate 9912 Collodion 9919 Others
39.04	Hardened proteins (for example, hardened casein and hardened gelatin)
39.05	Natural resins modified by fusion (run gums); artificial resins obtained by esterification of natural resins or of resinic acids (ester gums); chemical derivatives of natural rubber (for example, chlorinated rubber, rubber hydrochloride, oxidized rubber, cyclized rubber): 1000 Prepared glues
39.06	Other high polymers, artificial resins and artificial plastic materials, including alginic acid, its salts and esters; linnoxyn; excluding: 1000 In the form of powder, grain or liquid
39.07	Articles of materials of the kinds described in heading Nos 39.01 to 39.06, excluding: 1100 Strip or plate in one colour, of a width not exceeding 300 mm, perforated on both sides, of kinds specially designed for control instruments in textile machinery 1490 Other 5010 Chemical lavatory pans
40.02	Synthetic rubber latex; pre-vulcanized synthetic rubber latex; synthetic rubber; factice derived from oils
40.03	Reclaimed rubber
40.04	Waste and parings of unhardened rubber; scrap of unhardened rubber, fit only for the recovery of rubber; powder obtained from waste or scrap of unhardened rubber
40.05	Plates, sheets and strip, of unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber, other than smoked sheets and crepe sheets of heading No 40.01 or 40.02; granules of unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber compounded ready for vulcanization; unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber, compounded before or after coagulation either with carbon black (with or without the addition of mineral oil) or with silica (with or without the addition of mineral oil), in any form, of a kind known as masterbatch

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
40.06	Unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber, including rubber latex, in other forms or states (for example, rods, tubes and profile shapes, solutions and dispersions); articles of unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber (for example, coated or impregnated textile thread; rings and discs); excluding: 1000 Water dispersions of natural or synthetic rubber 3000 Rayon or polyamid yarn, rubber-coated or dipped in rubber
40.07	Vulcanized rubber thread and cord, whether or not textile covered, and textile thread covered or impregnated with vulcanized rubber
40.08	Plates, sheets, strip, rods and profile shapes, of unhardened vulcanized rubber, excluding: 1000 Plates, sheets and strip, designed and intended for use solely or principally with a particular kind of machine or plant falling within any heading of Part XVI or Chapter 90 of Part XVIII
40.09	Piping and tubing, of unhardened vulcanized rubber
40.10	Transmission, conveyor or elevator belts or belting, of vulcanized rubber
40.11	Rubber tyres, tyre cases, interchangeable tyre treads, inner tubes and tyre flaps, for wheels of all kinds
40.12	Hygienic and pharmaceutical articles (including teats), of unhardened vulcanized rubber, with or without fittings of hardened rubber
40.13	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories (including gloves), for all purposes, of unhardened vulcanized rubber
40.14	Other articles of unhardened vulcanized rubber, excluding: 3000 Hollow rubber cones, of a kind used for road safety purposes, imported with the approval of the Controller of Road Transport 7000 Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances
40.15	Hardened rubber (ebonite and vulcanite), in bulk, plates, sheets, strip, rods, profile shapes or tubes; scrap, waste and powder, of hardened rubber; excluding: 1000 Ebonite powder
40.16	Articles of hardened rubber (ebonite and vulcanite)
41.02	Bovine cattle leather (including buffalo leather) and equine leather, except leather falling within heading No 41.06, 41.07 or 41.08
41.03	Sheep and lamb skin leather, except leather falling within heading No 41.06, 41.07 or 41.08
41.04	Goat and kid skin leather, except leather falling within heading No 41.06, 41.07 or 41.08
41.05	Other kinds of leather, except leather falling within heading No 41.06, 41.07 or 41.08

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
41.07	Parchment-dressed leather
41.08	Patent leather and imitation patent leather; metallized leather
41.09	Parings and other waste, of leather or of composition or parchment-dressed leather, not suitable for the manufacture of articles of leather; leather dust, powder and flour
41.10	Composition leather with a basis of leather or leather fibre, in slabs, in sheets or in rolls
42.01	Saddlery and harness, of any material (for example, saddles, harness, collars, traces, knee-pads and boots), for any kind of animal
42.02	Travel goods (for example, trunks, suit-cases, hat-boxes, travelling-bags, rucksacks), shopping-bags, handbags, satchels, brief-cases, wallets, purses, toilet-cases, tool-cases, tobacco-pouches, sheaths, cases, boxes (for example, for arms, musical instruments, binoculars, jewellery, bottles, collars, footwear, brushes) and similar containers, of leather or of composition leather, of vulcanized fibre, of artificial plastic sheeting, of paperboard or of textile fabric
42.03	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, of leather or of composition leather
42.04	Articles of leather or of composition leather of a kind used in machinery or mechanical appliances or for industrial purposes
42.05	Other articles of leather or of composition leather
42.06	Articles made from gut (other than silk-worm gut), from goldbeater's skin, from bladders or from tendons
43.02	Furskins, tanned or dressed, including furskins assembled in plates, crosses and similar forms; pieces or cuttings of furskin, tanned or dressed, including heads, paws, tails and the like (not being fabricated); excluding: 1100 Unassembled, excluding furskins (of a kind used for lining) of bovine cattle, equine animals, of sheep, lamb, goat and kid, all these falling within heading No 41.01 (when in a raw state) and of hares or rabbits (<i>genus lepus</i>)
43.03	Articles of furskin
43.04	Artificial fur and articles made thereof
Chapter 44	WOOD AND ARTICLES OF WOOD, WOOD CHARCOAL
45.02	Natural cork in blocks, plates, sheets or strips (including cubes or square slabs, cut to size for corks or stoppers)
45.03	Articles of natural cork
45.04	Agglomerated cork (being cork agglomerated with or without a binding substance) and articles of agglomerated cork
46.01	Plaits and similar products of plaiting materials, for all uses, whether or not assembled into strips

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
46.02	Plaiting materials (other than products falling within heading No 46.01) bound together in parallel strands or woven, in sheet form, including matting, mats and screens; straw envelopes for bottles
46.03	Basketwork, wickerwork and other articles of plaiting materials, made directly to shape; articles made up from goods falling within heading No 46.01 or 46.02; articles of loofah
48.01	<p>Paper and paperboard (including cellulose wadding), machine-made in rolls or sheets, excluding:</p> <p>2010 White, opaque, woodfree paper of the bible paper kind, weighing not less than 28 and not more than 45 g/m² used for bible (Tenach) printing</p> <p>8010 Used for wrapping citrus fruit for export</p> <p>9100 Cards of paper or paperboard, the measurements of each card not exceeding 100 × 500 mm, of the kind used for Jacquard and similar machines</p>
48.02	Hand-made paper and paperboard
48.03	<p>Parchment or greaseproof paper and paperboard and imitations thereof, and glazed transparent paper in rolls or sheets:</p> <p>9900 Other</p>
48.04	Composite paper or paperboard (made by sticking flat layers together with an adhesive), not surface-coated or impregnated, whether or not internally reinforced, in rolls or sheets
48.05	<p>Paper and paperboard, corrugated (with or without flat surface sheets), creped, crinkled, embossed or perforated, in rolls or sheets, excluding:</p> <p>3000 Glassine paper</p>
48.06	Paper and paperboard, ruled, lined or squared, but not otherwise printed, in rolls or sheets
48.07	<p>Paper and paperboard, impregnated, coated, surface-coloured, surface-decorated or printed (not being merely ruled, lined or squared and not constituting printed matter within Chapter 49), in rolls or sheets, excluding:</p> <p>9110 Paper for packing citrus fruit for export</p>
48.08	Filter blocks, slabs and plates, of paper pulp
48.09	Building board of wood pulp or of vegetable fibre, whether or not bonded with natural or artificial resins or with similar binders
48.10	Cigarette paper, cut to size, whether or not in the form of booklets or tubes
48.11	Wallpaper and lincrusta; window transparencies of paper
48.13	Carbon and other copying papers (including duplicator stencils) and transfer papers, cut to size, whether or not put up in boxes

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
48.14	Writing blocks, envelopes, letter cards, plain postcards, correspondence cards; boxes, pouches, wallets and writing compendiums, of paper or paperboard, containing only an assortment of paper stationery
48.15	Other paper and paperboard, cut to size or shape, excluding: 4000 Glassine paper 6000 Cards of paper or paperboard the size of which does not exceed 100 × 360 mm of a kind used in Jacquard and similar machines 8000 Keyboard spool paper type, in rolls, for use in monotype, linotype or intertype machines
48.16	Boxes, bags and other packing containers, of paper or paperboard, excluding: 1000 Ready made wrappers of paraffin paper for melons
48.17	Box files, letter trays, storage boxes and similar articles, of paper or paperboard, of a kind commonly used in offices, shops and the like
48.18	Registers, exercise books, note books, memorandum blocks, order books, receipt books, diaries, blotting-pads, binders (loose-leaf or other), file covers and other stationery of paper or paperboard; sample and other albums and book covers, of paper or paperboard: 9900 Other
48.19	Paper or paperboard labels, whether or not printed or gummed
48.20	Bobbins, spools, cops and similar supports of paper pulp, paper or paperboard (whether or not perforated or hardened)
48.21	Other articles of paper pulp, paper, paperboard or cellulose wadding, excluding: 1000 Punched cards for Jacquard and similar machinery 4000 Spinning cans of a kind used in the manufacture of yarn 7000 Cone-shaped sleeves of filter paper of kinds used for dyeing yarn
49.03	Children's picture books and painting books
49.06	Plans and drawings, for industrial, architectural, engineering, commercial or similar purposes, whether original or reproductions on sensitized paper; manuscripts and typescripts: 1000 Fashion drawings and drawings for decorating ceramics, glass, furniture, walls and the like
49.07	Unused postage, revenue and similar stamps of current or new issue in the country to which they are destined; stamp-impressed paper; banknotes, stock, share and bond certificates and similar documents of title; cheque books: 9990 Other

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
49.08	Transfers (Decalcomanias)
49.09	Picture postcards, Christmas and other picture greeting cards, printed by any process, with or without trimmings
49.10	Calendars of any kind, of paper or paperboard, including calendar blocks: 9900 Other
49.11	Other printed matter, including printed pictures and photographs: 9900 Other
50.04	Silk yarn, other than yarn of noil or other waste silk, not put up for retail sale
50.05	Yarn spun from silk waste other than noil, not put up for retail sale
50.06	Yarn spun from noil silk, not put up for retail sale
50.07	Silk yarn and yarn spun from noil or other waste silk, put up for retail sale
50.08	Silk-worm gut; imitation catgut of silk: 9900 Other
50.09	Woven fabrics of silk or of waste silk other than noil
50.10	Woven fabrics of noil silk
51.01	Yarn of man-made fibres (continuous), not put up for retail sale
51.02	Monofil, strip (artificial straw and the like) and imitation catgut, of man-made fibre materials, excluding: 1010 Made from polyamid of a kind used for fishing, of a diameter exceeding 0.7 mm, in packages weighing not less than 500 g per coil of yarn, imported with the approval of the Director-General of the Ministry of Agriculture
51.03	Yarn of man-made fibres (continuous), put up for retail sale
51.04	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02
52.01	Metallized yarn, being textile yarn spun with metal or covered with metal by any process
52.02	Woven fabrics of metal thread or of metallized yarn, of a kind used in articles of apparel, as furnishing fabrics or the like

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
53.05	Sheep's or lambs' wool or other animal hair (fine or coarse), carded or combed: 1000 In tops
53.06	Yarn of carded sheep's or lambs' wool (woollen yarn), not put up for retail sale
53.07	Yarn of combed sheep's or lambs' wool (worsted yarn), not put up for retail sale
53.08	Yarn of fine animal hair (carded or combed), not put up for retail sale
53.09	Yarn of horsehair or of other coarse animal hair, not put up for retail sale
53.10	Yarn of sheep's or lambs' wool, of horsehair or of other animal hair (fine or coarse), put up for retail sale
53.11	Woven fabrics of sheep's or lambs' wool or of fine animal hair
53.12	Woven fabrics of coarse animal hair other than horsehair
53.13	Woven fabrics of horsehair
54.05	Woven fabrics of flax or of ramie
55.03	Cotton waste (including pulled or garnetted rags), not carded or combed
55.05	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale
55.06	Cotton yarn, put up for retail sale
55.07	Cotton gauze
55.08	Terry towelling and similar terry fabrics, of cotton
55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton
56.01	Man-made fibres (discontinuous), not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning
56.02	Continuous filament tow for the manufacture of man-made fibres (discontinuous)
56.04	Man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning
56.05	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale
56.06	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale
56.07	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste)

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
57.05	Yarn of true hemp
57.06	Yarn of jute or of other textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03
57.07	Yarn of other vegetable textile fibres
57.08	Paper yarn
57.09	Woven fabrics of true hemp
57.10	Woven fabrics of jute or of other textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03
57.11	Woven fabrics of other vegetable textile fibres
57.12	Woven fabrics of paper yarn
58.01	Carpets, carpeting and rugs, knotted (made up or not)
58.02	'Other carpets, carpeting, rugs, mats and matting, and 'Kelem', 'Schumacks' and 'Karamanie' rugs and the like (made up or not)
58.03	Tapestries, hand-made, of the type Gobelins, Flanders, Aubusson, Beauvais and the like, and needle-worked tapestries (for example petit point and cross stitch) made in panel and the like by hand
58.04	Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics (other than terry towelling or similar terry fabrics of cotton falling within heading No 55.08 and fabrics falling within heading No 58.05)
58.05	Narrow woven fabrics, and narrow fabrics (bolduc) consisting of warp without weft assembled by means of an adhesive, other than goods falling within heading No 58.06, excluding: 1000 Woven strips of a thickness less than 3 mm of the kind used for transmission or conveyor belts and belting for machinery
58.06	Woven labels, badges and the like, not embroidered, in the piece, in strips or cut to shape or size
58.07	Chenille yarn (including flock chenille yarn), gimped yarn (other than metallized yarn of heading No 52.01 and gimped horsehair yarn); braids and ornamental trimmings in the piece; tassels, pompons and the like
58.08	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), plain
58.09	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), figured; hand or mechanically made lace, in the piece, in strips or in motifs
58.10	Embroidery, in the piece, in strips or in motifs
59.01	Wadding and articles of wadding; textile flock and dust and mill neps; excluding: 2000 Waste of textile flock and dust 9900 Other
59.02	Felt and articles of felt, whether or not impregnated or coated

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
59.03	Bonded fibre fabrics, similar bonded yarn fabrics, and articles of such fabrics, whether or not impregnated or coated
59.04	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, plaited or not
59.06	Other articles made from yarn, twine, cordage, rope or cables, other than textile fabrics and articles made from such fabrics
59.07	Textile fabrics coated with gum or amylaceous substances, of a kind used for the outer covers of books and the like; tracing cloth; prepared painting canvas; buckram and similar fabrics for hat foundations and similar uses
59.08	Textile fabrics impregnated, coated, covered or laminated with preparations of cellulose derivatives or of other artificial plastic materials
59.09	Textile fabrics coated or impregnated with oil or preparations with a basis of drying oil
59.10	Linoleum and materials prepared on a textile base in a similar manner to linoleum, whether or not cut to shape or of a kind used as floor coverings; floor coverings consisting of a coating applied on a textile base, cut to shape or not
59.11	Rubberized textile fabrics, other than rubberized knitted or crocheted goods
59.12	Textile fabrics otherwise impregnated or coated; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio back-cloths or the like
59.13	Plastic fabrics and trimmings (other than knitted or crocheted goods) consisting of textile materials combined with rubber threads
59.14	Wicks, of woven, plaited or knitted textile materials, for lamps, stoves, lighters, candles and the like; tubular knitted gasmantle fabric and incandescent gas mantle
59.15	Textile hose-piping and similar tubing, with or without lining, armour or accessories of other materials
59.16	Transmission, conveyor or elevator belts or belting, of textile material, whether or not strengthened with metal or other material
59.17	Textile fabrics and textile articles, of a kind commonly used in machinery or plant, excluding: 1000 Fabrics in the piece and fabrics cut to size 2090 Other
60.01	Knitted or crocheted fabric not elastic or rubberized
60.02	Gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized
60.03	Stockings, under stockings, socks, ankle-socks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, excluding: 1100 Medical stockings open at the toes
60.04	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized
60.06	Knitted or crocheted fabric and articles thereof, elastic or rubberized (including elastic kneecaps and elastic stockings)
61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments
61.02	Women's girls' and infants' outer garments
61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs
61.04	Women's, girls' and infants' under garments
61.05	Handkerchiefs
61.06	Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like
61.07	Ties, bow ties and cravats
61.08	Collars tuckers, fallals, bodice-fronts, jabots, cuffs, flounces, yokes and similar accessories and trimmings for women's and girls' garments
61.09	Corsets, corset-belts, suspender-belts, brassières, braces, suspenders, garters and the like (including such articles of knitted or crocheted fabric), whether or not elastic
61.10	Gloves, mittens, mitts, stockings, socks and sockettes, not being knitted or crocheted goods
61.11	Made up accessories for articles of apparel (for example, dress shields, shoulder and other pads, belts, muffs, sleeve protectors, pockets)
62.01	Travelling rugs and blankets
62.02	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles
62.03	Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods, excluding: 2010 Made of jute, hemp flax or other bast yarn 9919 Other
62.04	Tarpaulins, sails, awings, sunblinds, tents and camping goods: 9900 Other
62.05	Other made up textile articles (including dress patterns)
63.01	Clothing, clothing accessories, travelling rugs and blankets, household linen and furnishing articles (other than articles falling within heading No 58.01, 58.02 or 58.03), of textile materials, footwear and headgear of any material, showing signs of appreciable wear and imported in bulk or in bales, sacks or similar bulk packings

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
64.01	Footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or artificial plastic material
64.02	Footwear with outer soles of leather or composition leather; footwear (other than footwear falling within heading No 64.01) with outer soles of rubber or artificial plastic material
64.03	Footwear with outer soles of wood or cork
64.04	Footwear with outer soles of other materials
64.05	Parts of footwear, removable in-soles, hose protectors and heel cushions, of any material except metal
64.06	Gaiters, spats, leggings, puttees, cricket pads, shin-guards and similar articles, and parts thereof
65.03	Felt hats and other felt headgear, being headgear made from the felt hoods and plateaux falling within heading No 65.01, whether or not lined or trimmed
65.04	Hats and other headgear, plaited or made from plaited or other strips of any material, whether or not lined or trimmed
65.05	Hats and other headgear (including hair nets), knitted or crocheted, or made up from lace, felt or other textile fabric in the piece (but not from strips), whether or not lined or trimmed
65.06	Other headgear, whether or not lined or trimmed
65.07	Head-bands, linings, covers, hat foundations, hat frames (including spring frames for opera hats), peaks and chinstraps, for headgear
66.01	Umbrellas and sunshades (including walking-stick umbrellas, umbrella tents, and garden and similar umbrellas)
66.02	Walking-sticks (including climbing-sticks and seat-sticks), canes, whips, riding-crops and the like
66.03	Parts, fittings, trimmings and accessories of articles falling within heading No 66.01 or 66.02: 1000 Handles
67.01	Skins and other parts of birds with their feathers or down, feathers, parts of feathers, down and articles thereof (other than goods falling within heading No 05.07 and worked quills and scapes)
67.02	Artificial flowers, foliage or fruit and parts thereof; articles made of artificial flowers, foliage or fruit
67.03	Human hair, dressed, thinned, bleached or otherwise worked; wool or other animal hair prepared for use in making wigs and the like
67.04	Wigs, false beards, eyebrows and eyelashes, switches and the like, of human or animal hair or of textiles; other articles of human hair (including hair nets)

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
68.02	Worked monumental or building stone, and articles thereof) including mosaic cubes), other than goods falling within heading No 68.01 or within Chapter 69: 9900 Other
68.03	Worked slate and articles of slate, including articles of agglomerated slate
68.04	Millstones, grindstones, grinding wheels and the like (including grinding, sharpening, polishing, trueing and cutting wheels, heads, discs and points), of natural stone (agglomerated or not), of agglomerated natural or artificial abrasives, or of pottery, with or without cores, shanks, sockets, axles and the like of other materials, but without frameworks; segments and other finished parts of such stones and wheels, of natural stone (agglomerated or not), of agglomerated natural or artificial abrasives, or of pottery
68.05	Hand polishing stones, whetstones, oilstones, hones and the like, of natural stone, of agglomerated natural or artificial abrasives, or of pottery
68.06	Natural or artificial abrasive powder or grain, on a base of woven fabric, of paper, of paperboard or of other materials, whether or not cut to shape or sewn or otherwise made up: 9900 Other
68.07	Slag wool, rock wool and similar mineral wools; exfoliated vermiculite, expanded clays, foamed slag and similar expanded mineral materials; mixtures and articles of heat-insulating, sound-insulating or sound-absorbing mineral materials, other than those falling within heading No 68.12 or 68.13 or within Chapter 69
68.08	Articles of asphalt or of similar material (for example, of petroleum bitumen or coal tar pitch)
68.09	Panels, boards, tiles, blocks and similar articles of vegetable fibre, of wood fibre, of straw, of wood shavings or of wood waste (including sawdust), agglomerated with cement, plaster or with other mineral binding substances: 9990 Others
68.10	Articles of plastering material, excluding: 1000 Industrial moulds
68.11	Articles of cement (including slag cement), of concrete or of artificial stone (including granulated marble agglomerated with cement), reinforced or not
68.12	Articles of asbestos-cement, of cellulose fibre-cement or the like
68.13	Fabricated asbestos and articles thereof (for example, asbestos board, thread and fabric; asbestos clothing, asbestos jointing), reinforced or not, other than goods falling within heading No 68.14; mixtures with a basis of asbestos and mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate, and articles of such mixtures

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
68.14	Friction material (segments, discs, washers, strips, sheets, plates, rolls and the like) of a kind suitable for brakes, for clutches or the like, with a basis of asbestos, other mineral substances or of cellulose, whether or not combined with textile or other materials
68.15	Worked mica and articles of mica, including bonded mica splittings on a support of paper or fabric (for example, micanite and micafolium)
68.16	Articles of stone or of mineral substances (including articles of peat), not elsewhere specified or included: 1500 Articles of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes, for indoor decoration, or similar uses, the like of which, when of glass, fall under heading No 70.13 7000 Seals with springs 7500 Gaskets 9900 Other
69.01	Heat-insulating bricks, blocks, tiles and other heat-insulating goods of siliceous fossil metals or of similar siliceous earths (for example, kieselguhr, tripolite or diatomite), excluding: 1000 Of the kinds certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry as not manufactured in Israel
69.02	Refractory bricks, blocks, tiles and similar refractory constructional goods, other than goods falling within heading No 69.01, excluding: 1000 Of the kinds certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry as not manufactured in Israel
69.03	Other refractory goods (for example, retorts, crucibles, muffles, nozzles, plugs, supports, cupels, tubes, pipes, sheaths and rods), other than goods falling within heading No 69.01, excluding: 1000 Of the kinds certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry as not manufactured in Israel
69.04	Building bricks (including flooring blocks, support or filler tiles and the like)
69.07	Unglazed setts, flags and paving, hearth and wall tiles
69.08	Glazed setts, flags and paving, hearth and wall tiles
69.09	Laboratory, chemical or industrial wares; troughs, tubs and similar receptacles of a kind used in agriculture; pots, jars and similar articles of a kind commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods
69.10	Sinks, wash basins, bidets, water closet pans, urinals, baths and like sanitary fixtures
69.11	Tableware and other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic or toilet purposes, of porcelain or china (including biscuit porcelain and parian)
69.12	Tableware and other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic or toilet purposes, of other kinds of pottery

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
69.13	Statuettes and other ornaments, and articles of personal adornment; articles of furniture
69.14	Other articles
70.04	Unworked cast or rolled glass (including flashed or wired glass), whether figured or not, in rectangles, excluding: 1000 Wired glass
70.05	Unworked drawn or blown glass (including flashed glass), in rectangles
70.06	Cast, rolled, drawn or blown glass (including flashed or wired glass), in rectangles, surface ground or polished, but not further worked: 9990 Other
70.07	Cast, rolled, drawn or blown glass (including flashed or wired glass) cut to shape other than rectangular shape, or bent or otherwise worked (for example, edge worked or engraved), whether or not surface ground or polished; multiple-walled insulating glass; leaded lights and the like: 9990 Other
70.08	Safety glass consisting of toughened or laminated glass, shaped or not
70.09	Glass mirrors (including rear-view mirrors), unframed, framed or backed
70.10	Carboys, bottles, jars, pots, tubular containers and similar containers, of glass, of a kind commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods; stoppers and other closures, of glass; excluding: 1000 Carboys and demijohns
70.11	Glass envelopes including bulbs and tubes for electric lamps, electronic valves or the like
70.13	Glassware (other than articles falling within heading No 70.19) of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes, for indoor decoration, or for similar uses
70.14	Illuminating glassware, signalling glassware and optical elements of glass, not optically worked or of optical glass, excluding: 1000 Light-reflecting road signs 3000 Coloured lenses and reflectors, of the kind used for road signalling and control instruments

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
70.15	Clock and watch glasses and similar glasses (including glass of a kind used for sunglasses but excluding glass suitable for corrective lenses), curved, bent, hollowed and the like; glass spheres and segments of spheres, of a kind used for the manufacture of clock and watch glasses and the like
70.17	Laboratory, hygienic and pharmaceutical glassware, whether or not graduated or calibrated; glass ampoules
70.18	Optical glass and elements of optical glass, other than optically worked elements; blanks for corrective spectacle lenses
70.19	Glass beads, imitation pearls, imitation precious and semi-precious stones, fragments and chippings, and similar fancy or decorative glass smallwares, and articles of glassware made therefrom; glass cubes and small glass plates, whether or not on a backing, for mosaics and similar decorative purposes; artificial eyes of glass, including those for toys but excluding those for wear by humans; ornaments and other fancy articles of lamp-worked glass; glass grains (ballotini)
70.20	Glass fibre (including wool), yarns, fabrics, and articles made therefrom
70.21	Other articles of glass: 2000 Tubes, tube fittings (for example, joints, elbows and the like), taps cocks, valves, regulations, temperature exchangers 9900 Other
71.01	Pearls, unworked or worked, but not mounted, set or strung (except ungraded pearls temporarily strung for convenience of transport)
71.02	Precious and semi-precious stones, unworked, cut or otherwise worked, but not mounted, set or strung (except ungraded stones temporarily strung for convenience of transport): 9990 Other
71.03	Synthetic or reconstructed precious or semi-precious stones, unworked, cut or otherwise worked, but not mounted, set or strung (except ungraded stones temporarily strung for convenience of transport): 9990 Cut or otherwise worked
71.12	Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal or rolled precious metal
71.13	Articles of goldsmiths' or silversmith' wares and parts thereof, of precious metal or rolled precious metal, other than goods falling within heading No 71.12
71.14	Other articles of precious metal or rolled precious metal
71.15	Articles consisting of, or incorporating, pearls, precious or semi-precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstructed)
71.16	Imitation jewellery

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
73.10	<p>Bars and rods (including wire rod), of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished (including precision-made); hollow mining drill steel:</p> <p>1014 Round with a diameter of 8 mm or more, if released after 31.1. 1975 and before 1. 7. 1975</p> <p>1015 Other, if released before 1. 7. 1975</p> <p>1019 Other wire rod</p> <p>1020 Precision-made, cold-finished</p> <p>1081 Of a diameter not less than 6 mm, and not over 13 mm, if the quantity released does not exceed 600 metric tons per year</p> <p>1083 Of a diameter over 13 mm, but not over 105 mm, if the quantity released does not exceed 6 000 metric tons per year</p> <p>1093 Round with a diameter of 8 mm, or more if released after 31.1. 1975 and before 1. 7. 1975</p> <p>1094 Other, if released before 1. 7. 1975</p> <p>1099 Other</p> <p>2010 Precision-made, cold-finished, the carbon content of which does not exceed 0.45 % and whose cross-section is circular or a perfect hexagon, where the diameter of the circle is from 4 to 101.6 mm (4") or the distance of the across flats of the hexagon is from 6.35 to 50.80 mm (from 1/4" to 2")</p> <p>2030 Rods, including rolled wire, with depressions and protrusions (e.g. tongues, ribs, grooves or recesses), whether or not twisted</p>
73.11	<p>Angles, shapes and sections, of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished; sheet piling of iron or steel, whether or not drilled, punched or made from assembled elements; excluding:</p> <p>1090 Angles and other profiles of steel (up to 0.30% carbon content)</p> <p>9900 Other</p>
73.12	<p>Hoop and strip, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled:</p> <p>4000 Corrugated hoop and strip whether or not coated</p> <p>6000 Flat, of a length not exceeding 32 mm and a thickness exceeding 0.25 mm but not over 1 mm excluding those coated with another metal</p> <p>9910 If embossed by pressing or if having more than 100 holes per m²</p> <p>9992 Cold-rolled, of a thickness exceeding 0.25 mm but not more than 3 mm containing less than 0.55% carbon, excluding those coated with another metal</p>
73.13	<p>Sheets and plates, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled:</p> <p>1000 Corrugated, galvanized</p> <p>9910 If embossed by pressing or perforated with a mesh exceeding 100 holes per m²</p>

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
73.14	<p>Iron or steel wire, whether or not coated, but not insulated:</p> <p>2000 Uncoated wire, in straight lengths, containing up to 0.45% carbon, whose cross-section is circular or a perfect hexagon, if the diameter of the circle is not less than 4 mm, or the distance between the across flats of the hexagon is not less than 6.35 mm ($\frac{1}{4}$"), provided that the wire has undergone a reeling process</p> <p>3010 Of circular cross-section, uncoated or galvanized if the diameter of the circle does not exceed 9.5 mm</p> <p>3020 Where no cross-sectional dimension exceeds 5 mm</p>
73.15	<p>Alloy steel and high carbon steel in the forms mentioned in heading Nos 73.06 to 73.14:</p> <p>1019 Other</p> <p>1090 Other</p> <p>2030 Sheet pilings whether or not drilled, punched or made of assembled elements</p> <p>2092 Precision-made, containing from 0.15% to 0.60% sulphur, from 0.70% to 1.80% manganese and 0.40% carbon; whose cross-section is circular or a perfect hexagon, if the diameter at the circle is from 4 to 101.6 mm, if the distance between the across flats of the hexagon is 6.35 to 50.80 mm ($\frac{1}{4}$" to 2") excluding those of a chromium content exceeding 10%</p> <p>3010 If embossed by pressing or if having more than 100 holes per m²</p> <p>3040 Sheets and plates, laminated, coated, printed, painted or covered with a non-metallic material, excluding those of subheading 3010 or 3030</p> <p>4010 Embossed by pressing or having more than 100 holes per m²</p> <p>4040 Laminated coated, printed, painted or covered with a non-metallic material, except those of subheading 4010 or 4020</p> <p>5093 Precision-made wire, containing from 0.15 % to 0.60 % sulphur, from 0.70% to 1.80% manganese and 0.40% carbon, whose cross-section is circular or a perfect hexagon, if the diameter of the circle is not less than 4 mm or the distance between the across flats of the hexagon is not less than 6.35 mm excluding wire containing more than 10% of chromium</p>
73.17	Tubes and pipes, of cast iron
73.18	<p>Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of iron (other than of cast iron) or steel, excluding high-pressure hydro-electric conduits, excluding:</p> <p>1000 Tubes and pipes of alloy steel (as defined in Note 1 (d) to Chapter 73)</p> <p>3090 Seamless pipes, other</p> <p>9920 Copper coated, of an outer diameter not exceeding $\frac{3}{4}$"</p>

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
73.20	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, unions and flanges), of iron or steel
73.21	Structures and parts of structures (for example, hangars and other buildings, bridges and bridge-sections, lock-gates, towers, lattice masts, roofs, roofing frameworks, door and window frames, shutters, balustrades, pillars and columns), of iron or steel; plates, strip, rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of iron or steel
73.22	Reservoirs, tanks, vats and similar containers, for any material (other than compressed or liquefied gas), of iron or steel, of a capacity exceeding 300 litres, whether or not lined or heat-insulated, but not fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment
73.23	Casks, drums, cans, boxes and similar containers, of sheet or plate iron or steel, of a description commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods
73.24	Containers, of iron or steel, for compressed or liquefied gas
73.25	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands, slings and the like, of iron or steel wire, but excluding insulated electric cables
73.26	Barbed iron or steel wire; twisted hoop or single flat wire, barbed or not, and loosely twisted double wire, of kinds used for fencing, of iron or steel
73.27	Gauze, cloth, grill netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials, of iron or steel wire
73.28	Expanded metal, of iron or steel
73.29	Chain and parts thereof, of iron or steel
73.31	Nails, tacks, staples hook-nails, corrugated nails, spiked cramps, studs spikes and drawing pins, of iron or steel, whether or not with heads of other materials, but not including such articles with heads of copper
73.32	Bolts and nuts (including bolt ends and screw studs), whether or not threaded or tapped, and screws (including screw hooks and screw rings) of iron and steel; rivets cotters, cotter-pins, washers and spring washers, of iron or steel
73.33	Needles for hand sewing (including embroidery), hand carpet needles and hand knitting needles, bodkins, crochet hooks, and the like, and embroidery stiletos, of iron or steel, excluding: 1000 Special styli for writing 'braille'
73.34	Pins (excluding hatpins and other ornamental pins and drawing pins), hairpins and curling grips, of iron or steel
73.35	Springs and leaves for springs, of iron or steel

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
73.36	Stoves (including stoves with subsidiary boilers for central heating), ranges, cookers, grates, fires and other space heaters, gas-rings, plate warmers with burners, wash boilers with grates or other heating elements, and similar equipment, of a kind used for domestic purposes, not electrically operated, and parts thereof, of iron or steel
73.37	Boilers (excluding boilers of heading No 84.01) and radiators, for central heating, not electrically heated, and parts thereof, of iron or steel; air heaters and hot air distributors (including those which can also distribute cool or conditioned air), not electrically heated, incorporating a motor-driven fan or blower, and parts thereof, of iron or steel
73.38	Articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of iron or steel
73.39	Iron or steel wool; pot scourers and scouring and polishing pads, gloves and the like, of iron or steel
73.40	Other articles of iron or steel, excluding: 1040 Road studs, including 'cat's eyes' 1060 Label rings for metal drums 1300 Discs and rings, of steel 2000 Balls of the type used in grinding and crushing mills and balls for the graining or polishing of lithographic plates 3000 Ships' rudders 3500 Articles made of two round rods classifiable under heading No 73.15, but welded, ungrooved, if each article is not longer than 40 cm 5000 Accessories for electric lines 6020 Fasteners for belts 9100 Duplex wire for the production of loom wire healds
74.03	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections of copper; copper wire, excluding: 1130 Other bars 3000 Electrolytic rolled wire rods, in reels, having a diameter not exceeding 10 mm
74.05	Copper foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0.15 mm, excluding: 1090 Other
74.07	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of copper; hollow bars of copper
74.08	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of copper
74.09	Reservoirs, tanks, vats and similar containers, for any material (other than compressed or liquefied gas), of copper, of a capacity exceeding 300 litres, whether or not lined or heat-insulated, but not fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
74.10	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of copper wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables
74.11	Gauze, cloth, grill, netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials (including endless bands), of copper wire
74.12	Expanded metal, of copper
74.13	Chain and parts thereof, of copper
74.14	Nails, tacks, staples, hook-nails, spiked cramps, studs spikes and drawing pins, of copper, or of iron or steel with heads of copper
74.15	Bolts and nuts (including bolt ends and screw studs), whether or not threaded or tapped and screws (including screw hooks and screw rings), of copper; rivets, cotters, cotter-pins, washers and spring washers, of copper
74.16	Springs of copper
74.17	Cooking and heating apparatus of a kind used for domestic purposes, not electrically operated, and parts thereof, of copper
74.18	Other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of copper
74.19	Other articles of copper
75.06	Other articles of nickel
76.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of aluminium; aluminium wire; excluding: 1000 Silvered or gilt 9930 Other, round, copper coated
76.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of aluminium, excluding: 2000 Uncoated strip, of hard resilient aluminium alloy, in coils, of a width from 30 to 55 mm and a thickness not exceeding 0.35 mm, provided that a list of the goods has been approved by the Director before importation
76.04	Aluminium foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0.20 mm
76.06	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of aluminium; hollow bars of aluminium
76.07	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of aluminium

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
76.08	Structures and parts of structures (for example, hangars and other buildings, bridges and bridge-sections, towers, lattice masts, roofs, roofing frameworks, door and window frames, balustrades, pillars and columns), of aluminium; plates rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of aluminium
76.09	Reservoirs, tanks, vats and similar containers, for any material (other than compressed or liquefied gas), of aluminium, of a capacity exceeding 300 litres, whether or not lined or heat-insulated, but not fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment
76.10	Casks, drums, cans, boxes and similar containers (including rigid and collapsible tubular containers), of aluminium, of a description commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods
76.11	Containers, of aluminium, for compressed or liquefied gas
76.12	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of aluminium wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables
76.13	Gauze, cloth, grill, netting, reinforcing fabric and similar materials, of aluminium wire
76.14	Expanded metal, of aluminium
76.15	Articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of aluminium
76.16	Other articles of aluminium, excluding: 4500 Accessories for electric lines
78.01	Unwrought lead (including argentiferous lead); lead waste and scrap: 1010 Lead alloy containing by weight, 60% or more of lead, from 3% to 20% tin, from 8% to 30% antimony and any other metal up to 1% 1091 Cast bars and rods weighing not more than 1.5 kg per running metre
78.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of lead; lead wire: 1000 Weighing not more than 1.5 kg per running metre
78.05	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of lead; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets, flanges and S-bends), of lead
78.06	Other articles of lead
79.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of zinc; zinc wire
79.04	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of zinc; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of zinc 1000 Tube and pipe fittings

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
79.05	Gutters, roof capping, skylight frames, and other fabricated building components, of zinc
79.06	Other articles of zinc
80.01	Unwrought tin; tin waste and scrap: 1020 Cast rods, weighing not more than 1.5 kg per running metre
80.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of tin; tin wire: 1000 Weighing not more than 1.5 kg per running metre
80.06	Other articles of tin, excluding: 9992 Electro-plating anodes
82.01	Hand tools, the following: spades, shovels, picks, hoes, forks and rakes; axes, bill hooks and similar hewing tools; scythes, sickles, hay knives, grass shears, timber wedges and other tools of a kind used in agriculture, horticulture or forestry; excluding: 4000 Scythes, sickles and hay knives
82.02	Saws (non-mechanical) and blades for hand or machine saws (including toothless saw blades), excluding: 2039 Other circular saw blades
82.03	Hand tools, the following: pliers (including cutting pliers), pincers, tweezers, tinmen's snips, bolt croppers and the like; perforating punches; pipe cutters; spanners and wrenches (but not including tap wrenches); files and rasps
82.04	Hand tools, including glaziers' diamonds, not falling within any other heading of this Chapter; blow lamps, anvils; vices and clamps, other than accessories for, and parts of, machine tools; portable forges; grinding wheels with frameworks (hand or pedal operated)
82.05	Interchangeable tools for hand tools, for machine tools or for power-operated hand tools (for example, for pressing, stamping, drilling, tapping, threading, boring, broaching, milling, cutting, turning, dressing, morticing or screw driving), including dies for wire drawing, extrusion dies for metal, and rock drilling bits, excluding: 4000 Cast blanks made of high speed steel, not further worked after casting 4500 Rotary files
82.06	Knives and cutting blades, for machines or for mechanical appliances, excluding: 1000 Cutting blades for agriculture and for rubber, tobacco, wood (including plywood), leather or the food and beverage industry
82.07	Tool-tips and plates, sticks and the like for tool-tips, unmounted, of sintered metal carbides (for example, carbides of tungsten, molybdenum or vanadium)

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
82.08	Coffee-mills, mincers, juice-extractors and other mechanical appliances, of a weight not exceeding 10 kg and of a kind used for domestic purposes in the preparation, serving or conditioning of food or drink
82.09	Knives with cutting blades, serrated or not (including pruning knives), other than knives falling within heading No 82.06
82.10	Knife blades
82.11	Razors and razor blades (including razor blade blanks, whether or not in strips)
82.12	Scissors (including tailors' shears), and blades therefor, excluding: 1000 Blanks, unground, unpolished and uncoated
82.13	Other articles of cutlery (for example, secateurs, hair clippers, butchers' cleavers, paper knives); manicure and chiropody sets and appliances (including nail files)
82.14	Spoons, forks, fish-eaters, butter-knives, ladles, and similar kitchen or tableware
82.15	Handles of base metal for articles falling within heading No 82.09, 82.13 or 82.14
83.01	Locks and padlocks (key, combination or electrically operated), and parts thereof, of base metal; frames incorporating locks, for handbags, trunks or the like, and parts of such frames, of base metal; keys for any of the foregoing articles, of base metal
83.02	Base metal fittings and mountings of a kind suitable for furniture, doors, staircases, windows, blinds, coachwork, saddlery, trunks, caskets and the like (including automatic door closers); base metal hat-racks, hat-pegs, brackets and the like
83.03	Safes, strong-boxes, armoured or reinforced strong-rooms, strong-room linings and strong-room doors, and cash and deed boxes and the like, of base metal
83.04	Filing cabinets, racks, sorting boxes, paper trays, paper rests and similar office equipment, of base metal, other than office furniture falling within heading No 94.03
83.05	Fittings for loose-leaf binders, for files or for stationery books, of base metal; letter clips, paper clips, staples, indexing tags, and similar stationery goods, of base metal
83.06	Statuettes and other ornaments of a kind used indoors, of base metal, excluding: 1000 Religious articles for places of worship

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
83.07	<p>Lamps and lighting fittings, of base metal, and parts thereof, of base metal (excluding switches, electric lamp holders, electric lamps for vehicles, electric battery or magneto lamps, and other articles falling within Chapter 85, except heading No 85.22), excluding:</p> <p>1030 Non-flashing beacons for airports</p> <p>1041 Used for film studios</p> <p>2010 Miners' and quarrymen's lamps</p> <p>2020 Flashing kerosene lamps intended for road traffic regulation and imported with the approval of the Controller of Road Transport</p>
83.08	<p>Flexible tubing and piping, of base metal:</p> <p>9900 Other</p>
83.09	<p>Clasps, frames with clasps for handbags and the like, buckles, buckle-clasps, hooks, eyes, eyelets, and the like, of base metal, of a kind commonly used for clothing, travel goods, handbags, or other textile or leather goods; tubular rivets and bifurcated rivets, of base metal</p>
83.10	<p>Beads and spangles, of base metal</p>
83.11	<p>Bells and gongs, non-electric, of base metal, and parts thereof of base metal:</p> <p>9900 Other</p>
83.12	<p>Photograph, picture and similar frames, of base metal; mirrors of base metal</p>
83.13	<p>Stoppers, crown corks, bottle caps, capsules, bung covers, seals and plombs, case corner protectors and other packing accessories, of base metal, excluding:</p> <p>2000 Bungs for metal drums and bung covers</p>
83.14	<p>Sign-plates, name-plates, numbers, letters and other signs, of base metal:</p> <p>9900 Other</p>
83.15	<p>Wire, rods, tubes, plates, electrodes and similar products, of base metal or of metal carbides, coated or cored with flux material, of a kind used for soldering, brazing, welding or deposition of metal or of metal carbides; wire and rods, of agglomerated base metal powder, used for metal spraying</p>
84.01	<p>Steam and other vapour generating boilers (excluding central heating hot water boilers capable also of producing low pressure steam); super-heated water boilers; excluding:</p> <p>1010 Of a heating surface exceeding 350 m²</p>
84.02	<p>Auxiliary plant for use with boilers of heading No 84.01 (for example, economizers, superheaters, soot removers, gas recoverers and the like); condensers for vapour engines and power units</p>

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
84.03	<p>Producer gas and water gas generators, with or without purifiers; acetylene gas generators (water process) and similar gas generators, with or without purifiers:</p> <p>1010 For acetylene (water process) and similar gas generators</p> <p>2000 The parts</p>
84.06	<p>Internal combustion piston engines:</p> <p>1010 Spark ignition engines</p> <p>1040 Compression ignition engines (diesel engines) of a piston displacement less than 5 400 cc</p> <p>1050 Other compression ignition engines</p> <p>2000 Motorcycle and bicycle engines</p> <p>5000 Outboard motors for boats</p> <p>5090 Other</p> <p>9921 Special parts used for mounting on outboard motors, if imported with the approval of the Director-General of the Ministry of Agriculture</p> <p>9929 Other</p> <p>9930 Cylinder liners cast into shapes without having undergone an additional process</p> <p>9940 Cylinder blocks and engine heads for tractor engines, used for agriculture or earth moving work, provided they are different in construction or weight from analagous parts of other vehicle engines and approved by the Director-General before importation</p> <p>9991 Pistons, piston rings, piston pins, sleeves and valves</p> <p>9999 Other</p>
84.10	<p>Pumps (including motor pumps and turbo pumps) for liquids, whether or not fitted with measuring devices; liquid elevators of bucket, chain, screw, band and similar kinds; excluding:</p> <p>3000 Water and fuel pumps in country wide supply systems, and parts thereof, if certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Trade and Industry to be of a kind not manufactured locally</p> <p>4011 Weighing over 1 000 kg each</p> <p>4090 Other</p>
84.11	<p>Air pumps, vacuum pumps and air or gas compressors (including motor and turbo pumps and compressors, and free-piston generators for gas turbines); fans, blowers and the like; excluding:</p> <p>2000 High vacuum pumps for obtaining a vacuum of less than 8 mm absolute pressure of mercury</p> <p>5019 Other</p>
84.12	<p>Air conditioning machines, self-contained, comprising a motor-driven fan and elements for changing the temperature and humidity of air</p>
84.13	<p>Furnace burners for liquid fuel (atomizers), for pulverized solid fuel or for gas; mechanical stokers, mechanical grates, mechanical ash dischargers and similar appliances</p>

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
84.14	Industrial and laboratory furnaces and ovens, non-electric
84.15	Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other)
84.16	<p>Calendering and similar rolling machines (other than metal-working and metal-rolling machines and glass-working machines) and cylinders therefor, excluding:</p> <p>3011 Of kinds used in the production process in the textile industry and used as such</p> <p>4011 Certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry not to be of kinds produced locally nor to be substitutes therefor</p>
84.17	<p>Machinery, plant and similar laboratory equipment, whether or not electrically heated, for the treatment of materials by a process involving a change of temperature such as heating, cooking, roasting, distilling, rectifying, sterilizing, pasteurizing, steaming, drying, evaporating, vapourizing, condensing or cooling, not being machinery or plant of a kind used for domestic purposes; instantaneous or storage water heaters, non-electrical; excluding:</p> <p>7010 Special machines for bakeries or pastry-making, if certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry not to be of kinds produced in Israel nor to be substitutes therefor</p> <p>8091 Certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry not to be of kinds produced locally, provided they will be used in industry in the manufacturing process</p>
84.18	<p>Centrifuges; filtering and purifying machinery and apparatus (other than filter funnels, milk strainers and the like), for liquids or gases; excluding:</p> <p>2000 Machinery and apparatus for treating radio-active or irradiated substances, and parts thereof</p> <p>9912 Of the kinds used in industry excluding those specified in subheading 9911, if certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry not to be of kinds produced locally nor to be substitutes therefor</p>
84.19	<p>Machinery for cleaning or drying bottles or other containers; machinery for filling, closing, sealing, capsuling or labelling bottles, cans, boxes, bags or other containers; other packing or wrapping machinery; machinery for aerating beverages; dish washing machines; excluding:</p> <p>9990 Other, and parts thereof</p>
84.20	<p>Weighing machinery (excluding balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better), including weight-operated counting and checking machines; weighing machine weights of all kinds</p>
84.21	<p>Mechanical appliances (whether or not hand operated) for projecting, dispersing or spraying liquids or powders; fire extinguishers (charged or not); spray guns and similar appliances; steam or sand blasting machines and similar jet projecting machines; excluding:</p> <p>7319 Other</p> <p>9990 Other</p>

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
84.22	<p>Lifting, handling, loading or unloading machinery, telfers and conveyors (for example, lifts, hoists, winches, cranes, transporter cranes, jacks, pulley tackle, belt conveyors and teleferics), not being machinery falling within heading No 84.23, excluding:</p> <p>1500 Multi-storeyed conveyors used in bakeries for cooling bread if certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry not to be of kinds produced locally nor to be substitutes therefor</p> <p>5010 Cranes of a total weight exceeding 100 metric tons</p> <p>5031 Used for conveying flour in flour mills, bakeries, seed-cleaning works and enterprises for the preparation of fodder mixtures for animals, if certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry not to be of kinds produced locally nor to be substitutes therefor, released after 31. 7. 1970</p> <p>5040 Of a kind specially designed for lifting and moving patients</p> <p>7100 Dollies for mounting and operating cinematographic cameras</p> <p>8099 Other</p>
84.23	<p>Excavating, levelling, tamping, boring, and extracting machinery, stationary or mobile, for earth, minerals or ores (for example, mechanical shovels, coal-cutters, excavators, scrapers, levellers and bulldozers); pile-drivers; snow-ploughs, not self-propelled (including snow-plough attachments)</p>
84.27	<p>Presses, crushers and other machinery, of a kind used in wine-making, cider-making, fruit juice preparation or the like</p>
84.28	<p>Other agricultural, horticultural, poultry-keeping and bee-keeping machinery; germination plant fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment; poultry incubators and brooders:</p> <p>1000 Automatic poultry pluckers, and parts thereof</p>
84.30	<p>Machinery, not falling within any other heading of this Chapter, of a kind used in the following food or drink industries: bakery, confectionery, chocolate manufacture, macaroni, ravioli or similar cereal food manufacture, the preparation of meat, fish, fruit or vegetables (including mincing or slicing machines), sugar manufacture or brewing, excluding:</p> <p>2041 Machinery for dividing, shaping or kneading dough, if certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry not to be of a kind produced in Israel nor to be a substitute therefor</p>
84.31	<p>Machinery for making or finishing cellulosic pulp; paper or paperboard:</p> <p>2100 Automatic laminators for coating paper or paperboard articles (such as documents and maps) with plastic materials and parts thereof</p>
84.32	<p>Book-binding machinery, including book-sewing machines</p>
84.33	<p>Paper or paperboard cutting machines of all kinds; other machinery for making up paper pulp, paper or paperboard</p>

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
84.34	<p>Machinery, apparatus and accessories for type-founding or type-setting; machinery, other than the machine-tools of heading No 84.45, 84.46 or 84.47, for preparing or working printing blocks, plates or cylinders; printing type, impressed flongs and matrices, printing blocks, plates and cylinders; blocks, plates, cylinders and lithographic stones, prepared for printing purposes (for example, planed grained or polished); excluding:</p> <p>9900 Other</p>
84.35	<p>Other printing machinery; machines for uses ancillary to printing; excluding:</p> <p>9929 Other</p> <p>9990 Other</p>
84.37	<p>Weaving machines, knitting machines and machines for making gimped yarn, tulle, lace, embroidery, trimmings, braid or net; machines for preparing yarns for use on such machines, including warping and warp sizing machines;</p> <p>3000 Knitting machines</p> <p>9900 Other textile machinery</p>
84.38	<p>Auxiliary machinery for use with machines of heading No 84.37 (for example, dobbies, Jacquards, automatic stop motions and shuttle changing mechanisms); parts and accessories suitable for use solely or principally with the machines of the present heading or with machines falling within heading No 84.36 or 84.37 (for example, spindles and spindle flyers, card clothing, combs, extruding nipples, shuttles, healds and heald-lifters and hosiery needles):</p> <p>9920 Crossbeams for weaving machines and parts thereof, including crossbeams with their healds</p>
84.40	<p>Machinery for washing, cleaning, drying, bleaching, dyeing, dressing, finishing or coating textile yarns, fabrics or made-up textile articles (including laundry and dry-cleaning machinery); fabric folding, reeling or cutting machines; machines of a kind used in the manufacture of linoleum or other floor coverings for applying the paste to the base fabric or other support; machines of a type used for printing a repetitive design, repetitive words or overall colour on textiles, leather, wallpaper, wrapping paper, linoleum or other materials, and engraved or etched plates, blocks or rollers therefor; excluding:</p> <p>2000 Fabric-cutting machines, including for cutting, patterns or parts of garments and parts thereof</p> <p>4011 Of a kind used in the production process in the textile industry and so used</p> <p>9929 Other</p>
84.41	<p>Sewing machines; furniture specially designed for sewing machines; sewing machine needles; excluding:</p> <p>1010 Machines and their heads of the kind exclusively used for sewing on buttons, button-hole sewing, hat manufacture, glove manufacture, sewing up bags, also machines and their heads which have been certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry to be constructed for a special operation only</p> <p>9900 Other and parts thereof</p>

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
84.42	<p>Machinery (other than sewing machines) for preparing, tanning or working hides, skins or leather (including boot and shoe machinery), excluding:</p> <p>1111 Certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry not to be of kinds produced in Israel nor to be substitutes therefor</p> <p>9910 Machinery for the tanning industry</p> <p>9929 Other</p> <p>9930 Other machinery for the leather industry</p> <p>9949 Other</p>
84.45	<p>Machine-tools for working metal or metal carbides, not being machines falling within heading No 84.49 or 84.50, excluding:</p> <p>2090 Other</p> <p>5010 Each weighing more than 750 kg</p> <p>5020 Other, provided that the Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry has certified them not to be of kinds produced locally nor to be substitutes therefor</p> <p>9931 Certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry not to be of kinds produced locally nor to be substitutes therefor</p> <p>9990 Other</p>
84.46	<p>Machine-tools for working stone, ceramics, concrete, asbestos-cement and like mineral materials or for working glass in the cold, other than machines falling within heading No 84.49, excluding:</p> <p>2010 Weighing more than 750 kg each</p> <p>2020 Other, certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry not to be of kinds produced locally nor to be substitutes therefor</p> <p>3010 Certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry not to be of kinds produced in Israel nor to be substitutes therefor.</p> <p>9919 Other</p> <p>9990 Others</p>
84.47	<p>Machine-tools for working wood, cork, bone ebonite (vulcanite), hard artificial plastic materials or other hand carving materials, other than machines falling within heading No 84.49, excluding:</p> <p>2010 Weighing more than 750 kg each</p> <p>2020 Other, certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry not to be of kinds produced locally nor to be substitutes therefor</p> <p>3010 Certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry not to be of kinds produced in Israel nor to be substitutes therefor</p>

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
84.47 (continued)	9911 Of types certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry not to be of kinds produced locally nor to be substitutes therefor 9990 Other
84.48	Accessories and parts suitable for use solely or principally with the machines falling within heading Nos 84.45 to 84.47, including work and tool-holders, self-opening dieheads, dividing heads and other appliances for machine-tools; tool holders for any type of tool or machine-tool for working in the hand; excluding: 1099 Other 2090 Other 3090 Other
84.49	Tools for working in the hand, pneumatic or with self-contained non-electric motor
84.50	Gas-operated welding, brazing, cutting and surface tempering appliances
85.52	Calculating machines, accounting machines, cash registers, postage-franking machines, ticket-issuing machines and similar machines incorporating a calculating device: 3000 Accounting machines 9900 Other
84.53	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof; magnetic or optical readers, machines for transcribing data onto, data media in coded form and machines for processing such data, not elsewhere specified or included
84.54	Other office machines (for example, hectograph or stencil duplicating machines, addressing machines, coin-sorting machines, coin-counting and wrapping machines, pencil-sharpening machines, perforating and stapling machines), excluding: 1000 Pencil sharpening machines
84.55	Parts and accessories (other than covers, carrying cases and the like) suitable for use solely or principally with machines of a kind falling within heading No 84.51, 84.52, 84.53 or 84.54
84.56	Machinery for sorting, screening, separating, washing, crushing, grinding or mixing earth, stone, ores and other mineral substances, in solid (including powder and paste) form; machinery for agglomerating, moulding or shaping solid mineral fuels, ceramic paste, unhardened cements, plastering materials or other mineral products in powder or paste form; machines for forming foundry moulds of sand; excluding: 9990 Other
85.58	Automatic vending machines (for example, stamp, cigarette, chocolate and food machines), not being games of skill or chance

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
84.59	<p>Machinery and mechanical appliances, having individual functions, not falling within any other heading of this Chapter, excluding:</p> <p>1030 Volumetric distributing apparatus and mechanical distributors for continuous presentation of work pieces, n.e.s.</p> <p>1040 Eyeletting and tubular riveting machines, machines equally suitable for joining by stapling the ends of machine-belts of any material</p> <p>1061 Certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry not to be of kinds produced in Israel nor to be substitutes therefor</p> <p>1090 The parts, n.e.s.</p> <p>1211 Weighing over 750 kg each</p> <p>1212 Other, certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry not to be of kinds produced locally nor to be substitutes therefor</p> <p>1520 For the artificial plastics, rubber or similar industries, excluding those of subparagraph 1580</p> <p>1530 For the preparation and production of electric wires, cables and similar articles, for metal working, n.e.s.</p> <p>1540 For working wood fibres, wood chips, sawdust or cork dust; for basket-making or wicker-work making and brush making</p> <p>1560 For the tobacco industry</p> <p>1570 For the rope, cable or the like industries</p> <p>1592 Machines and appliances weighing not more than 1 000 kg and certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry not to be of kinds produced locally nor to be substitutes therefor, provided that they will be used in industry for the manufacturing process</p> <p>1790 Other</p> <p>3590 Other</p> <p>4000 Machinery and appliances for mounting card clothing on carding cylinders; for coiling flexible hose and cable</p> <p>4500 Diving bells or metal diving suits, mechanically equipped, or similar equipment</p> <p>4600 Machinery and appliances for planes and vessels</p> <p>5500 Hydraulic accumulators</p> <p>6000 Mechanical appliances for acetification</p> <p>6500 Machinery for frosting glass by an acid process</p> <p>7000 Bolting or unbolting machines and metal core extractors</p> <p>7500 Plant for the manufacture of primary cells and batteries in the 'spun paste' process</p> <p>7700 The parts for machinery specified in subheadings 3500 to 7500, n.e.s.</p>
84.60	<p>Moulding boxes for metal foundry; moulds of a type used for metal (other than ingot moulds), for metal carbides, for glass, for mineral materials (for example, ceramic pastes, concrete or cement) or for rubber or artificial plastic materials</p>

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
84.61	Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances, for pipes, boiler shells, tanks, vats and the like, including pressure reducing valves and thermostatically controlled valves
84.62	Ball, roller or needle roller bearings
84.63	Transmission shafts, cranks, bearing housings, plain shaft bearings, gears and gearing (including friction gears and gear-boxes and other variable speed gears), flywheels, pulleys and pulley blocks, clutches and shaft couplings, excluding: 2099 Other 3010 Intended for bearings of heading No 84.62 or containing such bearings 3099 Other
84.64	Gaskets and similar joints of metal sheeting combined with other material (for example, asbestos, felt and paperboard) or of laminated metal foil; sets or assortments of gaskets and similar joints, dissimilar in composition, for engines, pipes, tubes and the like, put up in pouches, envelopes or similar packings
84.65	Machinery parts, not containing electrical connectors, insulators, coils, contacts or other electrical features and not falling within any other heading in this Chapter: 1000 Ships' propellers and paddle wheels 3000 Lubricating nozzles
85.01	Electrical goods of the following descriptions: generators, motors, converters (rotary or static), transformers, rectifiers and rectifying apparatus, inductors, excluding: 1029 Other 1091 Where each part weighs more than 700 kg 9920 Dry rectifiers (for example, selenium plates) whether or not mounted on a series of plates
85.02	Electro-magnets; permanent magnets and articles of special materials for permanent magnets, being blanks of such magnets; electro-magnetic and permanent magnet chucks, clamps, vices and similar work holders; electro-magnetic clutches and couplings; electro-magnetic brakes; electro-magnetic lifting heads; excluding: 1010 Weighing up to 500 g, entirely metallic 2090 Other 3000 Electro-magnetic lifting heads 5000 Electro-magnetic or permanent magnetic chucks, clamps, vices and similar work holders
85.03	Primary cells and primary batteries, excluding: 1010 In cylindrical form not higher than 1 cm or of mercury type if used in deaf aids
85.04	Electric accumulators

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
85.05	Tools for working in the hand, with self-contained electric motor
85.06	Electro-mechanical domestic appliances, with self-contained electric motor
85.08	Electrical starting and ignition equipment for internal combustion engines (including ignition magnetos, magneto-dynamos, ignition coils, starter motors, sparking plugs and glow plugs); generators (dynamos and alternators) and cut-outs for use in conjunction with such engines; excluding: 1000 Of a kind used in aircraft
85.09	Electrical lighting and signalling equipment and electrical windscreen wipers, defrosters and demisters, for cycles or motor vehicles
85.10	Portable electric battery and magneto lamps, other than lamps falling within heading No 85.09
85.11	Industrial and laboratory electric furnaces, ovens and induction and dielectric heating equipment; electric welding, brazing and soldering machines and apparatus and similar electric machines and apparatus for cutting; excluding: 1010 If weighing 1 000 kg or more each 2030 Of the arc-welding type, where the welding is done under the protective cover of inactive gas (for example argon gas) or of granular or powdered flux 2040 Of the radiation type (for example, electronic rays or electromagnetic waves) 2091 The Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry has certified that the following have been complied with: 1. They are designed for the manufacture of a particular kind of article or so designed that the welding or coating material is automatically fed according to the pace of the work; 2. They are not of kinds produced locally nor substitutes therefor 9110 Electrode holders fitted with nozzles for gas or compressed air supply, for use by hand 9120 Round copper electrodes, having a diameter exceeding 2" 9130 Made of glass 9140 Special fittings for arc welding of pins or screws
85.12	Electric instantaneous or storage water heater and immersion heaters; electric soil heating apparatus and electric space heating apparatus; electric hair dressing appliances (for example, hair dryers, hair curlers, curling tong heaters) and electric smoothing irons; electro-thermic domestic appliances; electric heating resistors, other than those of carbon; excluding: 1010 Of industrial type 3010 With a conductor made of a non-metallic material 3091 Weighing more than 2 kg each, and parts thereof 3092 Flexible resistors made of electric insulation material, into which the resistance wire is set

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
85.13	Electrical line telephonic and telegraphic apparatus (including such apparatus for carrier-current line systems)
85.14	Microphones and stands therefor; loudspeakers; audio-frequency electric amplifiers; excluding: 3000 Auditory training units for the deaf-mute and hard of hearing if imported with the approval of the Director-General of the Ministry of Health
85.15	Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus; excluding: 5000 Television cameras
85.17	Electric sound or visual signalling apparatus (such as bells, sirens, indicator panels, burglar and fire alarms), other than those of heading No 85.09 or 85.16: 1000 Electric fire alarms 9900 Other
85.18	Electrical capacitors, fixed or variable
85.19	Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits (for example, switches, relays, fuses, lightning arresters, surge suppressors, plugs, lampholders and junction boxes); resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors; printed circuits; switchboards (other than telephone switchboards) and control panels; excluding: 1010 Lightning arresters 1020 With a working tension exceeding 40 000 volts 1050 Holders and parts thereof for setting transistors, and similar fixtures comprising semi-conductors 1060 Contacts made of, or coated with, silver or gold 1070 Metal lids for lamps
85.20	Electric filament lamps and electric discharge lamps (including infra-red and ultra-violet lamps); arc-lamps; electrically ignited photographic flashbulbs: 1090 Other 2012 Sodium vapour lamps 2013 With a power not exceeding 175 watts, n.e.s. 2019 Other 2020 Fluorescent lamps 2090 Other 7010 Discharge tubes made from quartz containing mercury or sodium, of the kind used for producing mercury or sodium vapour lamps 7090 Other

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
85.21	<p>Thermionic, cold cathode and photo-cathode valves and tubes (including vapour or gas filled valves and tubes, cathode-ray tubes, television camera tubes and mercury arc rectifying valves and tubes); photocells, mounted piezo-electric crystals; doides, transistors and similar semi-conductor devices; electronic microcircuits; excluding:</p> <p>2000 Photo-electric cells</p>
85.22	<p>Electrical appliances and apparatus, having individual functions, not falling within any other heading of this Chapter:</p> <p>3000 Signal generators</p> <p>4000 Magnetizers</p> <p>4500 Sound mixers, of the kind used in filming, recording or broadcasting studios</p> <p>5000 Electrolytic, including those for coating or cleaning metals</p> <p>5500 Appliances for metal detection by electromagnetic means</p> <p>6000 Receivers falling within heading No 85.15</p> <p>6500 Appliances, the operation of which is based on laser or maser beams</p> <p>9900 Other</p>
85.23	<p>Insulated (including enamelled or anodized) electric wire, cable, bars, strip and the like (including co-axial cable) whether or not fitted with connectors</p>
85.24	<p>Carbon brushes, arc-lamp carbons, battery carbons, carbon electrodes and other carbon articles of a kind used for electrical purposes</p>
85.25	<p>Insulators of any material, excluding:</p> <p>1000 Insulators of any material for electric lines of tensions of 3 300 volts or more</p>
85.26	<p>Insulating fittings for electrical machines, appliances or equipment, being fittings wholly of insulating material apart from any minor components of metal incorporated during moulding solely for purposes of assembly, but not including insulators falling within heading No 85.25:</p> <p>9900 Other</p>
85.27	<p>Electrical conduit tubing and joints therefor, of base metal lined with insulating material</p>
85.28	<p>Electrical parts of machinery and apparatus, not being goods falling within any of the preceding headings of this Chapter</p>
86.08	<p>Containers specially designed and equipped for carriage by one or more modes of transport</p>
87.01	<p>Tractors (other than those falling within heading No 87.07), whether or not fitted with power take-offs, winches or pulleys:</p> <p>9920 Tractors for trailers and semi-trailers, driven by a diesel engine, answering the following description:</p> <p>A. Having a tandem drive;</p>

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
87.01 (continued)	<p>B. The gross vehicle weight with the trailers or semi-trailers, as certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Transport, exceeds 50 metric tons</p> <p>C. Driven by an engine of 236 hp at least (bhp gross) as per standard 1967 BS AU 141 or 241 hp at least (bhp gross) as per standard DIN 70020 or 254 hp at least (bhp gross) as per standard SAE with gears and axles designed to absorb the maximal power and torque produced by the engine if all this has been approved by the Director-General of the Ministry of Transport before the importation of the goods</p>
87.02	Motor vehicles for the transport of persons, goods or materials (including sports motor vehicles, other than those of heading No 87.09)
87.03	Special purpose motor lorries and vans (such as breakdown lorries, fire-engines, fire-escapes, road sweeper lorries, snow-ploughs, spraying lorries, crane lorries, searchlight lorries, mobile workshops and mobile radiological units), but not including the motor vehicles of heading No 87.02
87.04	Chassis fitted with engines, for the motor vehicles falling within heading No 87.01, 87.02 or 87.03
87.05	Bodies (including cabs), for the motor vehicles falling within heading No 87.01, 87.02 or 87.03
87.06	<p>Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles falling within heading No 87.01, 87.02 or 87.03, excluding:</p> <p>1000 Parts and accessories for agricultural or earth work tractors, provided that they are different in structure or weight from similar parts and accessories for other motor vehicles</p>
87.07	Work trucks, mechanically propelled, of the types used in factories, warehouses, dock areas or airports for short distance transport or handling of goods (for example, platform trucks, fork-lift trucks and straddle carriers); tractors of the type used on railway station platforms; parts of the foregoing vehicles
87.09	Motor-cycles, auto-cycles and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor, with or without side-cars; side-cars of all kinds
87.10	<p>Cycles (including delivery tricycles, not motorized):</p> <p>9900 Other</p>
87.12	Parts and accessories of articles falling within heading No 87.09, 87.10 or 87.11
87.13	Baby carriages and invalid carriages (other than motorized or otherwise mechanically propelled) and parts thereof
87.14	Other vehicles (including trailers), not mechanically propelled, and parts thereof
88.02	Flying machines, gliders and kites; rotochutes

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
88.03	Parts of goods falling in heading No 88.01 or 88.02
88.04	Parachutes and parts thereof and accessories thereto
88.05	Catapults and similar aircraft launching gear; ground flying trainers; parts of any of the foregoing articles
89.01	Ships, boats and other vessels not falling within any of the following headings of this Chapter: 1000 Pleasure and sports boats made of rubber or plastics 2090 Other 9910 Used for commercial transport of persons or cargo, between Israeli and foreign ports, and approved by the Director to be so used
89.05	Floating structures other than vessels (for example, coffer-dams, landing stages, buoys and beacons)
90.01	Lenses, prisms, mirrors and other optical elements, of any material, unmounted, other than such elements of glass not optically worked; sheets or plates, of polarizing material
90.02	Lenses, prisms, mirrors and other optical elements, of any material, mounted, being parts of or fittings for instruments or apparatus, other than such elements of glass not optically worked, excluding: 9910 Colour filters for cameras
90.03	Frames and mountings, and parts thereof, for spectacles, pince-nez, lorgnettes, goggles and the like
90.04	Spectacles, pince-nez, lorgnettes, goggles and the like, corrective, protective or other
90.05	Refracting telescopes (monocular and binocular), prismatic or not
90.07	Photographic cameras; photographic flashlight apparatus; excluding: 2000 Special cameras for printing purposes 6000 Electronic photographic appliances of the kind used for permanent installation on roads for the control of road-transport, if approved by the Director before importation
90.08	Cinematographic cameras, projectors, sound recorders and sound reproducers but not including re-recorders or film editing apparatus; any combination of these articles: 1090 Other 4094 Tripods
90.09	Image projectors (other than cinematographic projectors); photographic (except cinematographic) enlargers and reducers: 1030 Diascopes for transparencies larger than 9 × 12 cm 2010 For the preparation of printing plates and cylinders

Customs Israel Tariff heading No	Description
90.12	Compound optical microscopes, whether or not provided with means for photographing or projecting the image: 9900 Other
90.13	Optical appliances and instruments (but not including lighting appliances other than searchlights or spotlights), not falling within any other heading of this Chapter: 3000 Magnifying glasses and similar magnifying devices and instruments, including television viewers, of any material; 'door eyes' 5000 Of kinds used in motor vehicles 9900 Other
90.14	Surveying (including photogrammetrical surveying), hydrographic, navigational, meteorological, hydrological and geophysical instruments; compasses; rangefinders; excluding: 2100 Navigational (including special compasses); meteorological, hydrological and geophysical
90.15	Balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better, with or without their weights
90.16	Drawing, marking-out and mathematical calculating instruments, drafting machines, pantographs, slide rules, disc calculators and the like; measuring or checking instruments, appliances and machines, not falling within any other heading of this Chapter (for example, micrometers, callipers, gauges, measuring rods, balancing machines); profile projectors; excluding: 3000 Profile projectors 4010 Provided with braille signs and designed for the blind
90.17	Medical, dental, surgical and veterinary instruments and appliances (including electro-medical apparatus and ophthalmic instruments)
90.18	Mechano-therapy appliances, massage apparatus, psychological aptitude-testing apparatus; artificial respiration, ozone therapy, oxygen therapy, aerosol therapy or similar apparatus, breathing appliances (including gas masks and similar respirators); excluding: 7029 The parts
90.19	Orthopaedic appliances, surgical belts, trusses and the like; splints and other fracture appliances; artificial limbs, eyes, teeth and other artificial parts of the body; hearing aids and other appliances which are worn or carried, or implanted in the body, to compensate for a defect or disability, excluding: 3000 Deaf aids; heart pacemakers
90.21	Instruments, apparatus or models, designed solely for demonstrational purposes (for example, in education or exhibition), unsuitable for other uses

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
90.22	Machines and appliances for testing mechanically the hardness, strength, compressibility, elasticity and the like properties of industrial materials (for example, metals, wood, textiles, paper or plastic)
90.23	Hydrometers and similar instruments; thermometers, pyrometers, barometers, hygrometers, psychrometers, recording or not; any combination of these instruments
90.24	Instruments and apparatus for measuring, checking or automatically controlling the flow, depth, pressure or other variables of liquids or gases, or for automatically controlling temperature (for example, pressure gauges, thermostats, level gauges, flow meters, heat meters, automatic overdraught regulators), not being articles falling within heading No 90.14, excluding: 2039 Other 4010 Designed for pipes of a diameter of 12" or more
90.25	Instruments and apparatus for physical or chemical analysis (such as polarimeters, refractometers, spectrometers, gas analysis apparatus); instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking viscosity, porosity, expansion, surface tension or the like (such as viscometers, porosimeters, expansion meters); instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking quantities of heat, light or sound (such as photometers (including exposure meters), calorimeters); microtomes; excluding: 4000 Microtomes
90.26	Gas, liquid and electricity supply or production meters; calibrating meters therefor
90.27	Revolution counters, production counters, taximeters, mileometers, pedometers and the like, speed indicators (including magnetic speed indicators) and tachometers (other than articles falling within heading No 90.14); stroboscopes; excluding: 4020 Taximeters having cumulative, non-reversible registers 5000 Revolution counters, production counters, etc., including counters for indicating the working hours of machines, motors and the like, not specified in subheading 4000 8000 Speedometers and tachometers not specified in subheading 4000
90.28	Electrical measuring, checking, analysing or automatically controlling instruments and apparatus, excluding: 2000 Machines whose non-electrical counterparts fall under heading No 90.14 3090 Other 4540 Level indicators for fuel tanks in motor vehicles 5030 Exposure meters and lux meters for photography and cinematography 5040 Sensitometers and densitometers

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
90.29	Parts or accessories suitable for use solely or principally with one or more of the articles falling within heading No 90.23, 90.24, 90.26, 90.27 or 90.28: 2090 Other 3090 Other 9900 Other
91.01	Pocket-watches, wrist-watches and other watches, including stop-watches, excluding: 1000 Watches, special for the blind
91.02	Clocks with watch movements (excluding clocks of heading No 91.03)
91.03	Instrument panel clocks and clocks of a similar type, for vehicles, aircraft or vessels
91.04	Other clocks
91.05	Time of day recording apparatus; apparatus with clock or watch movement (including secondary movement) or with synchronous motor, for measuring, recording or otherwise indicating intervals of time
91.06	Time switches with clock or watch movement (including secondary movement) or with synchronous motor
91.07	Watch movements (including stop-watch movements), assembled
91.08	Clock movements, assembled
91.09	Watch cases and parts of watch cases
91.10	Clock cases and cases of a similar type for other goods of this Chapter, and parts thereof
91.11	Other clock and watch parts
92.01	Pianos (including automatic pianos, whether or not with keyboards); harpsichords and other keyboard stringed instruments; harps but not including aeolian harps; excluding: 9900 Other
92.02	Other string musical instruments
92.05	Other wind musical instruments: 1000 Flutes
92.06	Percussion musical instruments (for example, drums, xylophones, cymbals, castanets)

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
92.07	Electro-magnetic, electrostatic, electronic and similar musical instruments (for example, pianos, organs, accordions): 1000 Guitars
92.10	Parts and accessories of musical instruments (other than strings), including perforated music rolls and mechanisms for musical boxes; metronomes, tuning forks and pitch pipes of all kinds: 4000 Recording tuning forks and resonance tuning forks certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Education and Culture that they will be used in educational institutions under the supervision of the Ministry of Education and Culture 9900 Other
92.11	Gramophones, dictating machines and other sound recorders and reproducers, including record-players and tape decks, with or without sound-heads; television image and sound recorders and reproducers, magnetic
92.12	Gramophone records and other sound or similar recordings; matrices for the production of records, prepared record blanks, film for mechanical sound recording, prepared tapes, wires, strips and like articles of a kind commonly used for sound or similar recording
92.13	Other parts and accessories of apparatus falling within heading No 92.11
94.01	Chairs and other seats (other than those falling within heading No 94.02), whether or not convertible into beds, and parts thereof
94.02	Medical, dental, surgical or veterinary furniture (for example, operating tables, hospital beds with mechanical fittings); dentists' and similar chairs with mechanical elevating, rotating or reclining movements; parts of the foregoing articles: 2000 Medical, dental, surgical or veterinary furniture, including dentists' chairs 9900 Other
94.03	Other furniture and parts thereof
94.04	Mattress supports; articles of bedding or similar furnishing fitted with springs or stuffed or internally fitted with any material or of expanded, foam or sponge rubber or expanded, foam or sponge artificial plastic material, whether or not covered (for example, mattresses, quilts, eiderdowns, cushions, pouffes and pillows)
95.02	Worked mother of pearl and articles of mother of pearl
95.08	Moulded or carved articles of wax, of stearin, of natural gums or natural resins (for example, copal or rosin) or of modelling pastes, and other moulded or carved articles not elsewhere specified or included; worked, unhardened gelatin (except gelatin falling within heading No 35.03) and articles of unhardened gelatin

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
96.01	Brooms and brushes, consisting of twigs or other vegetable materials merely bound together and not mounted in a head (for example, besoms and whisks), with or without handles
96.02	Other brooms and brushes (including brushes of a kind used as parts of machines); paint rollers; squeegees (other than roller squeegees) and mops
96.03	Prepared knots and tufts for broom or brush making
96.04	Feather dusters
97.01	Wheeled toys designed to be ridden by children (for example, toy bicycles and tricycles and pedal motor cars); dolls' prams and dolls' push chairs
97.02	Dolls
97.03	Other toys; working models of a kind used for recreational purposes; excluding: 5000 Parts of a kind used for airplane models
97.04	Equipment for parlour, table and funfair games for adults or children (including billiard tables and pintables and table-tennis requisites)
97.05	Carnival articles; entertainment articles (for example, conjuring tricks and novelty jokes); Christmas tree decorations and similar articles for Christmas festivities (for example, artificial Christmas trees, Christmas stockings, imitation yule logs, Nativity scenes and figures therefor): 9900 Other
97.06	Appliances, apparatus, accessories and requisites for gymnastics or athletics, or for sports and outdoor games (other than articles falling within heading No 97.04), excluding: 2010 Tennis and golf balls
97.08	Roundabouts, swings, shooting galleries and other fairground amusements; travelling circuses, travelling menageries and travelling theatres
98.01	Buttons and button moulds, studs, cuff-links, and press-fasteners, including snap-fasteners and press-studs; blanks and parts of such articles
98.02	Slide fasteners and parts thereof
98.03	Fountain pens, stylograph pens and pencils (including ball point pens and pencils) and other pens, pen-holders, pencil-holders and similar holders, propelling pencils and sliding pencils; parts and fittings thereof, other than those falling within heading No 98.04 or 98.05; excluding: 2010 Fountain pens
98.04	Pen nibs and nib points
98.05	Pencils (other than pencils of heading No 98.03), pencil leads, slate pencils, crayons and pastels, drawing charcoals and writing and drawing chalks; tailors' and billiards chalks; excluding: 6010 Pencil leads used for the manufacture of wooden pencils

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
98.06	Slates and boards, with writing or drawing surfaces, whether framed or not
98.07	Date, sealing or numbering stamps, and the like (including devices for printing or embossing labels), designed for operating in the hand; hand-operated composing sticks and hand printing sets incorporating such composing sticks
98.08	Typewriter and similar ribbons, whether or not on spools; ink-pads with or without boxes
98.09	Sealing wax (including bottle-sealing wax) in sticks, cakes or similar forms; copying pastes with a basis of gelatin, whether or not on a paper or textile backing
98.10	Mechanical lighters and similar lighters, including chemical and electrical lighters, and parts thereof, excluding flints and wicks
98.11	Smoking pipes; pipe bowls, stems and other parts of smoking pipes (including roughly shaped blocks of wood or root); cigar and cigarette holders and parts thereof: 9000 Other
98.12	Combs, hair-slides and the like
98.14	Scent and similar sprays of a kind used for toilet purposes and mounts and heads therefor
98.15	Vacuum flasks and other vacuum vessels, complete with cases; parts thereof, other than glass inners
98.16	Tailors dummies and other lay figures; automata and other animated displays of a kind used for shop window dressing

ANNEX B

relating to products subject on importation into Israel to Article 2 (2) of Protocol 2

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
15.11	Glycerol and glycerol lyes: 1000 In containers of not less than 100 kg	25 %
27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70% by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations: 4500 Waxy distillate 5010 White oil used in the preparation of sprays for the prevention or control of plant pests, provided that the goods are mixed in a licensed warehouse or under customs control 5020 Pyroline, being a white mineral oil of specific gravity 0.857 — 0.895 used in the manufacture of insecticidal emulsions; it shall contain not less than 0.18% of technical piperidine (which shall contain not less than 20% of pyridine) and a manufacturer's certificate shall accompany each consignment imported stating that the white mineral oil has been so treated 5030 Oils used in making granular polyethylene 9910 Transformer and/or circuit breaker oils, imported and used for the first filling of transformers or circuit breakers serving voltages of 1 000 or over 9920 Oils used in the preparation of sprays for the prevention and control of plant pest, provided that the sprays have been prepared in a licenced warehouse or under customs control	25 % 25 % 25 % 25 % 25 % 25 %
27.12	Petroleum jelly	20 %
27.14	Petroleum bitumen, petroleum coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals: 1000 Petroleum coke	20 %
27.16	Bituminous mixtures based on natural asphalt, on natural bitumen, on petroleum bitumen, on mineral tar or on mineral tar pitch (for example, bituminous mastics, cut-backs)	20 %
28.01	Halogens (fluorine, chlorine, bromine and iodine): 1000 Chlorine	20 %
28.03	Carbon (including carbon black)	25 %
28.04	Hydrogen, rare gases and other non-metals: 3090 Other	25 %
28.06	Hydrochloric acid and chlorosulphuric acid	20 %

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
28.07	Sulphur dioxide	25 %
28.08	Sulphuric acid; oleum	20 %
28.09	Nitric acid; sulphonitric acids	25 %
28.10	Phosphorus pentoxide and phosphoric acide (meta-, ortho- and pyro-)	25 %
28.13	Other inorganic acids and oxygen compounds of non-metals (excluding water)	25 %
28.14	Halides, oxyhalides and other halogen compounds of non-metals	25 %
28.15	Sulphides of non-metals; phosphorus trisulphide	25 %
28.16	Ammonia, anhydrous or in aqueous solution: 1000 Imported in liquid bulk and in consignments weighing not less than 50 metric tons	20 %
28.17	Sodium hydroxide (caustic soda); potassium hydroxide (caustic potash); peroxides of sodium or potassium: 9900 Other	25 %
28.19	Zinc oxide and zinc peroxide: 1000 Zinc oxide	25 %
28.20	Aluminium oxide and hydroxide; artificial corundum	25 %
28.23	Iron oxides and hydroxides; earth colours containing 70% or more by weight of combined iron evaluated as Fe ₂ O ₃	25 %
28.28	Hydrazine and hydroxylamine and their inorganic salts; other inorganic bases and metallic oxides, hydroxides and peroxides: 1000 Calcium oxide and hydroxide	25 %
28.29	Fluorides; fluorosilicates, fluoroborates and other complex fluorine salts: 9900 Other	25 %
28.30	Chlorides and oxychlorides: 1000 Calcium chloride 2000 Zinc chloride, including zinc oxychloride 9900 Others	25 % 25 % 25 %
28.31	Chlorites and hypochlorites: 1000 Sodium hypochlorite 9900 Other	25 % 25 %

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
28.32	Chlorates and perchlorates: 9900 Other	25 %
28.33	Bromides, oxybromides, bromates and perbromates, and hypobromites: 9900 Other	25 %
28.34	Iodides, oxyiodides, iodates and periodates: 9900 Other	25 %
28.35	Sulphides; polysulphides: 1000 Of ammonium, sodium or of potassium	25 %
28.38	Sulphates (including alums) and persulphates: 1000 Aluminium sulphate, including aluminium alums 2000 Magnesium sulphate 3000 Potassium sulphate 9900 Other	25 % 25 % 25 % 25 %
28.40	Phosphites, hypophosphites and phosphates: 2000 Bicalcium orthophosphate 3000 Sodium tripolyphosphate and tetrasodium-pyrophosphate 9900 Other	25 % 25 % 25 %
28.42	Carbonates and percarbonates; commercial ammonium carbonate containing ammonium carbamate: 2000 Anhydrous sodium carbonate (soda ash) 9900 Other	25 % 25 %
28.46	Borates and perborates: 9900 Other	25 %
28.47	Salts of metallic acids (for example, chromates, permanganates, stannates): 9900 Other	25 %
28.48	Other salts and peroxy salts of inorganic acids, but not including azides	25 %
28.49	Colloidal precious metals; amalgams of precious metals; salts and other compounds, inorganic or organic, of precious metals, including albuminates, proteinates, tannates and similar compounds, whether or not chemically defined: 9900 Other	20 %
28.50	Fissile chemical elements and isotopes; other radio-active chemical elements and radio-active isotopes; compounds, inorganic or organic, of such elements or isotopes, whether or not chemically defined; alloys, dispersions and cermetts, containing any of these elements, isotopes or compounds: 9900 Other	20 %

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
28.51	Isotopes and their compounds, inorganic or organic, whether or not chemically defined, other than isotopes and compounds falling within heading No 28.50: 9900 Other	20%
28.52	Compounds, inorganic or organic, of thorium, of uranium depleted in U 235, of rare earth metals, of yttrium or of scandium, whether or not mixed together: 9900 Other	20%
28.56	Carbides (for example, silicon carbide, boron carbide, metal carbides): 1000 Calcium carbides 2000 Titanium carbides 9900 Other	20% 20% 20%
28.58	Other inorganic compounds (including distilled and conductivity water and water of similar purity); amalgams, except amalgams of precious metals	20%
29.01	Hydrocarbons: 2000 Unsaturated acyclic hydrocarbons 9900 Other	25% 25%
29.02	Halogenated derivatives of hydrocarbons: 1090 Other 9990 Other	25% 25%
29.03	Sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of hydrocarbons	25%
29.04	Acyclic alcohols and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: 1010 Methanol 1031 Lauryl alcohol sulphonate in packings over 10 kg 1090 Other 9900 Other	20% 20% 25% 25%
29.05	Cyclic alcohols and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: 9900 Other	25%
29.06	Phenols and phenol-alcohols: 9900 Other	25%
29.07	Halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of phenols or phenol-alcohols: 1010 Chlorohydroquinone 1090 Other 9900 Other	25% 25% 25%

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
29.09	Epoxides, epoxyalcohols, epoxyphenols and epoxyethers, with a three or four member ring, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	25 %
29.10	Acetals and hemiacetals and single or complex oxygen-function acetals and hemiacetals, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	25 %
29.11	Aldehydes, aldehyde-alcohols, aldehyde-ethers, aldehyde-phenols and other single or complex oxygen-function aldehydes; cyclic polymers of aldehydes; paraformaldehyde:	
	9900 Other	25 %
29.12	Halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of products falling within heading No 29.11	25 %
29.13	Ketones, ketone-alcohols, ketone-phenols, ketone-aldehydes, quinones, quinone-alcohols, quinone-phenols, quinone-aldehydes and other single or complex oxygen-function ketones and quinones, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	25 %
29.14	Monocarboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peracids, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:	
	2000 Formic acid	25 %
	9990 Other	25 %
29.15	Polycarboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peracids, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:	
	9900 Other	25 %
29.16	Carboxylic acids with alcohol, phenol, aldehyde or ketone function and other single or complex oxygen-function carboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides und peracids, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:	
	2000 Citric acid	25 %
	9900 Other	25 %
29.17	Sulphuric esters and their salts, and their halogenated, sulphonated, or nitrosated derivatives:	
	1010 Lauryl alcohol sulphate in packings containing over 10 kg	20 %
	9900 Other	25 %
29.18	Nitrous and nitric esters, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:	25 %
29.23	Single or complex oxygen-function amino-compounds:	
	1000 Mono-, di- or tri-ethanolamine	25 %
	9900 Other	25 %
29.24	Quaternary ammonium salts and hydroxides; lecithins and other phospho-aminolipins:	
	9900 Other	25 %

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
29.25	Carboxamide-function compounds; amide-function compounds of carbonic acid: 9900 Other	25 %
29.26	Carboxyimide-function compounds (including ortho-benzoicsulphimide and its salts) and imine-function compounds (including hexamethylenetetramine and trimethylenetrinitramine): 9900 Other	25 %
29.27	Nitrile-function compounds	25 %
29.28	Diazo-, azo- and azoxy-compounds	25 %
29.29	Organic derivatives of hydrazine or of hydroxylamine	25 %
29.30	Compounds with other nitrogen-functions: 2010 3,4-Dichlorophenyl isocyanate and parachlorophenyl isocyanate in a solid state 9900 Other	25 % 25 %
29.31	Organo-sulphur compounds: 9900 Other	25 %
29.32	Organo-arsenic compounds	25 %
29.33	Organo-mercury compounds	25 %
29.34	Other organo-inorganic compounds: 9990 Other	25 %
29.35	Heterocyclic compounds; nucleic acids: 9900 Other	25 %
29.36	Sulphonamides	25 %
29.41	Glycosides, natural or reproduced by synthesis, and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives	25 %
29.42	Vegetable, alkaloids, natural or reproduced by synthesis, and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives	25 %
29.43	Sugars, chemically pure, other than sucrose, glucose and lactose; sugar ethers and sugar esters, and their salts, other than products of heading Nos 29.39, 29.41 and 29.42: 9900 Other	25 %
29.44	Antibiotics: 9900 Other	25 %

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
30.02	Antisera; microbial vaccines, toxins, microbial cultures (including ferments but excluding yeasts) and similar products: 9990 Other	20%
30.04	Wadding, gauze, bandages and similar articles (for example, dressings, adhesive plasters, poultices), impregnated or coated with pharmaceutical substances or put up in retail packings for medical or surgical purposes, other than goods specified in Note 3 to this Chapter: 1000 Gauze bandages 9900 Other	25% 20%
30.05	Other pharmaceutical goods: 2000 Blood grouping reagents 9900 Other	25% 20%
32.05	Synthetic organic dyestuffs (including pigment dyestuffs); synthetic organic products of a kind used as luminophores; products of the kind known as optical bleaching agents, substantive to the fibre; natural indigo: 1000 Water pulp organic pigments 2090 Other 3000 Products known as optical bleaching agents	25% 25% 25%
32.07	Other colouring matter; inorganic products of a kind used as luminophores: 9910 In a dry state and containing not more than 10% of chrome pigments or iron oxides and hydroxide, or Prussian blue and other pigments with a base of ferrocyanides or ferricyanides, or ultramarine or zinc oxide	25%
32.08	Prepared pigments, prepared opacifiers and prepared colours, vitrifiable enamels and glazes, liquid lustres and similar products, of the kind used in the ceramic, enamelling and glass industries; engobes (slips); glass frit and other glass, in the form of powder, granules or flakes: 1010 In a dry state and containing not more than 10% of chrome pigments or iron oxides and hydroxide, or Prussian blue and other pigments with a base of ferrocyanides or ferricyanides, or ultramine or zinc oxide	25%
34.02	Organic surface-active agents; surface-active preparations and washing preparations, whether or not containing soap: 2010 Lauryl alcohol sulfate and sulphonate, in packings containing over 10 kg 9920 Other, in packings containing more than 25 kg	20% 20%
34.05	Polishes and creams, for footwear, furniture or floors, metal polishes, scouring powders and similar preparations, but excluding prepared waxes falling within heading No 34.04: 2010 Surface active organic preparations in packings containing more than 25 kg	20%

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
34.07	Modelling pastes (including those put up for children's amusement and assorted modelling pastes); preparations of a kind known as 'dental wax' or as 'dental impression compounds', in plates, horseshoe shapes, sticks and similar forms: 1000 Preparations of a kind known as 'dental wax'	20 %
35.01	Casein, caseinates and other casein derivatives; casein glues: 1000 Casein, caseinates and other casein derivatives	20 %
35.05	Dextrins and dextrin glues; soluble or roasted starches; starch glues: 2000 Soluble starches	20 %
36.08	Other combustible preparations and products: 9900 Other	20 %
38.07	Spirits of turpentine (gum, wood and sulphate) and other terpenic solvents produced by the distillation or other treatment of coniferous woods; crude dipentene; sulphite turpentine; pine oil (excluding 'pine oils' not rich in terpineol)	25 %
38.12	Prepared glazings, prepared dressings and prepared mordants, of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries: 3000 Prepared dressings	20 %
38.13	Pickling preparations for metal surfaces; fluxes and other auxiliary preparations for soldering, brazing or welding; soldering, brazing or welding powders and pastes consisting of metal and other materials; preparations of a kind used as cores or coating for welding rods and electrodes: 9900 Other	25 %
38.15	Prepared rubber accelerators	25 %
38.17	Preparations and charges for fire-extinguishers; charged fire-extinguishing grenades	20 %
38.18	Composite solvents and thinners for varnishes and similar products	25 %
38.19	Chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included; residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not elsewhere specified or included: 2000 'Carbon' in mass, blocks, plates, bars, strip and similar forms, semi-manufactured (other than those of heading No 38.01) of a metallurgical kind or otherwise 2400 Compound catalysts, such as those consisting of a chemical product (e.g. a metallic oxide) fixed on activated carbon or activated diatomite 2800 Residual products from fermentation in the manufacture of antibiotics 3600 Soda lime	20 % 20 % 20 % 20 %

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
38.19 (continued)	4400 Preparations of a kind used for dentistry or pharmacy 4690 Other 5400 Prepared auxiliary products of a kind used in the textile, paper or leather industries 5600 Solid products of the signophalt type for road marking 6400 Refractory cements and mortars 7400 Hardening and tempering substances for metals 9910 Reagents of the kind used for immunological, serological or haematological laboratory tests, n.e.s., provided that a list of the goods has been approved by the Director before importation	20 % 20 % 20 % 20 % 25 % 25 % 20 %
39.01	Condensation, polycondensation and polyaddition products, whether or not modified or polymerized, and whether or not linear (for example, phenoplasts, aminoplasts, alkyds, polyallyl esters, and other unsaturated polyesters, silicones): 1060 Melamine-formaldehyde moulding compounds 1080 Phenol-formaldehyde moulding compounds 2500 Prepared glues 4030 Other rods made of polyamid	25 % 25 % 25 % 25 %
39.02	Polymerization and copolymerization products (for example, polyethylene, polytetrahaloethylenes, polyisobutylene, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl chloroacetate and other polyvinyl derivatives, polyacrylic and polymethacrylic derivatives, coumarone-indene resins): 1021 Polystyrene mixed with a blowing agent 1031 Polyvinyl acetate resins and copolymers thereof 1039 Other 1061 Copolymers of acrylonitril containing not less than 85% and not more than 95% of acrylonitril 2500 Prepared glues	25 % 25 % 25 % 25 % 25 %
39.03	Regenerated cellulose; cellulose nitrate, cellulose acetate and other cellulose esters, cellulose ethers and other chemical derivatives of cellulose, plasticized or not (for example, collodions, celluloid); vulcanized fibre: 9913 Glues, n.e.s.	25 %
39.05	Natural resins modified by fusion (run gums); artificial resins obtained by esterification of natural resins or of resinic acids (ester gums); chemical derivatives of natural rubber (for example, chlorinated rubber, rubber hydrochloride, oxidized rubber, cyclized rubber): 1000 Prepared glues	25 %
39.07	Articles of materials of the kinds described in heading Nos 39.01 to 39.06: 1700 Coated sleeves of spools of kinds suitable for textile machinery, if used in the manufacturing process of synthetic yarn at an enterprise operating in a licensed warehouse 2500 Bungs for barrels 3400 Laboratory ware	20 % 20 % 20 %

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
39.07 (continued)	6100 Spinning cans of the kind used in the manufacture of textile yarns	20%
	6300 Other containers	25%
	6800 Hollow flexible cylinders, used for road safety, imported with the approval of the Controller of Road Transport	20%
40.02	Synthetic rubber latex; pre-vulcanized synthetic rubber latex; synthetic rubber; factice derived from oils:	
	2000 Synthetic rubber	25%
	9900 Other	25%
40.03	Reclaimed rubber:	
	1010 Nitryl rubber or neoprene	25%
40.05	Plates, sheets and strip, of unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber, other than smoked sheets and crepe sheets of heading No 40.01 or 40.02; granules of unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber compounded ready for vulcanization; unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber, compounded before or after coagulation either with carbon black (with or without the addition of mineral oil) or with silica (with or without the addition of mineral oil), in any form, of a kind known as masterbatch:	
	1000 Plates, sheets and strip	20%
	9900 Other	25%
40.06	Unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber, including rubber latex, in other forms or states (for example, rods, tubes and profile shapes, solutions and dispersions); articles of unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber (for example, coated or impregnated textile thread; rings and discs):	
	2000 Rubber strip of the kind used for retreading tyres	25%
40.07	Vulcanized rubber thread and cord, whether or not textile covered, and textile thread covered or impregnated with vulcanized rubber:	
	1000 Rubber thread, not textile covered	25%
40.11	Rubber tyres, tyre cases, interchangeable tyre treads, inner tubes and tyre flaps, for wheels of all kinds:	
	3010 For wheels of a rim size of 25" or more, excluding tyres of the sizes (inches):	25%
	28 × 10 28 × 11 28 × 11-2	
	28 × 11-25 28 × 12 28 × 12-4	
	28 × 13 28 × 13-6 28 × 14-9	
	30 × 14 30 × 15 30 × 16-9	
	30 × 18-4 32 × 11 32 × 12-4	
	34 × 14 34 × 15 34 × 16-9	
	34 × 18-4 36 × 11 36 × 12-4	
	38 × 11 38 × 12 38 × 12-4	
	38 × 13 38 × 13-6 38 × 14-9	
	38 × 15-6	

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
40.11 (continued)	3020 Tyres of the following sizes: 2.5 × 22 5 × 23 6 × 25 6 × 27 7 × 18 8 × 500 9 × 7 9 × 600 10 × 650 10 × 750 10 × 825 12 × 700 6 × 6 8 × 650 12 × 850 12 × 800 13 × 900 18 × 700 18 × 10 20 × 1850 20 × 1700	25 %
	3091 Solid tyres	25 %
	4010 For wheels of a rim size of 20" or over, and having a width of 16" or over	25 %
40.12	Hygienic and pharmaceutical articles (including teats), of unhardened vulcanized rubber, with or without fittings of hardened rubber:	
	1000 Articles specialized for medical or dental purposes, excluding hot water bottles	20 %
40.14	Other articles of unhardened vulcanized rubber:	
	2000 Collapsible containers for fuel storage, of a capacity of 750 gallons or more	25 %
41.02	Bovine cattle leather (including buffalo leather) and equine leather, except leather falling within heading No 41.06, 41.07 or 41.08:	
	1091 Leather wet tanned by chrome salts, not further prepared, known as 'wet blue', split	10 %
	9993 Leather wet tanned by chrome salts, not further prepared, known as 'wet blue', other	10 %
42.04	Articles of leather or of composition leather of a kind used in machinery or mechanical appliances or for industrial purposes:	
	1090 Other	20 %
	9910 Of a kind used in machinery or mechanical appliances on which the rate of duty does not exceed 15%	20 %
	9990 Other	25 %
42.06	Articles made from gut (other than silk-worm gut), from goldbeater's skin, from bladders or from tendons:	
	2000 Unsterilized catgut, catgut, not further prepared	20 %
44.05	Wood sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, but not further prepared, of a thickness exceeding 5 mm:	
	1500 Pieces of wood used in the manufacture of slubbing bobbins, weaving spools and shuttles used for spinning and weaving machinery	20 %
ex 44.08	Riven staves of wood, not further prepared than sawn on one principal surface; sawn staves of wood, of which at least one principal surface has been cylindrically sawn, not further prepared than sawn:	
	— Chestnut laths, rough, used in the manufacture of barrel parts, where the measures of the parts are in mm: length 600 to 1 490; width 50 to 140, thickness 23 to 27 or 38 to 42	25 %

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
44.12	Wood wool and wood flour: 1000 Wood flour	20%
44.22	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs, buckets and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, other than staves falling within heading No 44.08; 2000 Of a capacity exceeding 250 litres	25%
44.28	Other articles of wood: 2000 Oars	20%
48.01	Paper and paperboard (including cellulose wadding), machine-made, in rolls or sheets: 4000 Cigarette paper 5000 Filter paper and filter paperboard 6000 Condenser paper (of a kind used for making electric condensers), in rolls, of a thickness exceeding 0.004 but not 0.020 mm	25% 25% 20%
48.05	Paper and paperboard, corrugated (with or without flat surface sheets), creped, crinkled, embossed or perforated, in rolls or sheets: 1000 Embossed paperboard used in the manufacture of spools for spinning machines	20%
48.06	Paper and paperboard, ruled, lined or squared, but not otherwise printed, in rolls or sheets: 1000 Of a kind used in automatic registering instruments	20%
48.07	Paper and paperboard, impregnated, coated, surface-coloured, surface-decorated or printed (not being merely ruled, lined or squared and not constituting printed matter within Chapter 49), in rolls or sheets: 6000 Indicator paper such as litmus, pole-finding and sterilization control paper 8000 Paper and paperboard of a kind used in automatic registering instruments	20% 20%
48.10	Cigarette paper, cut to size, whether or not in the form of booklets or tubes	25%
48.15	Other paper and paperboard, cut to size or shape: 5000 Indicator paper, such as litmus, pole-finding and sterilization control paper 7000 Condenser paper (of a kind used for making electric condensers), in rolls, of a thickness exceeding 0.004 but not 0.020 mm	20% 20%
48.16	Boxes, bags and other packing containers, of paper or paperboard: 2000 Made of corrugated paper or paperboard	15%
48.21	Other articles of paper pulp, paper, paperboard or cellulose wadding: 2000 Dials, sheets or rolls of a kind used in automatic registering instruments	20%

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
56.01	Man-made fibres (discontinuous), not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning: 1090 Other	25 %
56.02	Continuous filament tow for the manufacture of man-made fibres (discontinuous): 1090 Other 2000 Of artificial fibres	25 % 25 %
56.04	Man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning: 1019 Other	25 %
57.05	Yarn of true hemp	10 %
57.07	Yarn of other vegetable textile fibres	10 %
58.07	Chenille yarn (including flock chenille yarn), gimped yarn (other than metallized yarn of heading No 52.01 and gimped horsehair yarn); braids and ornamental trimmings in the piece; tassels, pompons and the like: 1090 Other	20 %
59.16	Transmission, conveyor or elevator belts or belting, of textile material, whether or not strengthened with metal or other material	25 %
60.06	Knitted or crocheted fabric and articles thereof, elastic or rubberized (including elastic knee-caps and elastic stockings): 3010 Medical stockings	20 %
68.16	Articles of stone or of other mineral substances (including articles of peat), not elsewhere specified or included: 7000 Seals with springs	20 %
69.09	Laboratory, chemical or industrial wares; troughs, tubs and similar receptacles of a kind used in agriculture; pots, jars and similar articles of a kind commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods	20 %
69.10	Sinks, wash basins, bidets, water closet pans, urinals, baths and like sanitary fixtures: 2000 Lavatory pans fitted with emptying and flushing devices operated with hand pumps for liquids	25 %
70.10	Carboys, bottles, jars, pots, tubular containers and similar containers, of glass, of a kind commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods; stoppers and other closures, of glass: 2010 Bottles and jars if certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Trade and Industry to be of kinds used for packing therapeutic substances or medicaments	17.5 %

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
70.10 (continued)	2090 Other 3090 Other 4000 Stoppers or other closures	17.5 % 17.5 % 17.5 %
70.11	Glass envelopes (including bulbs and tubes) for electric lamps, electronic valves or the like: 9900 Other	25 %
70.17	Laboratory, hygienic and pharmaceutical glassware, whether or not graduated or calibrated; glass ampoules: 1010 Containers of a nominal capacity exceeding 300 cc; stop cocks; microscope slides and cover glasses; flasks, excluding cylindrical flasks; threaded test tubes; culture dishes with cover	20 %
70.18	Optical glass and elements of optical glass, other than optically worked elements; blanks for corrective spectacle lenses: 1091 Which have not undergone any process 9900 Other	25 % 25 %
70.20	Glass fibre (including wool), yarns, fabrics, and articles made therefrom: 1000 The following glass fibre products, of the kind used for the production of reinforced plastics, not specified in subheading 3500 5000 Glass wool 6010 In strands used for the manufacture of glass felt	20 % 25 % 20 %
70.21	Other articles of glass: 2000 Tubes, tube fittings (for example joints, elbows and the like), taps, cocks, valves, regulators; temperature exchangers	20 %
71.13	Articles of goldsmiths' or silversmiths' wares and parts thereof, of precious metal or rolled precious metal, other than goods falling within heading No 71.12: 9900 Other	20 %
71.14	Other articles of precious metal or rolled precious metal	20 %
73.10	Bars and rods (including wire rod), of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished (including precision made); hollow mining drill steel: 1081 Of a diameter not less than 6 mm, and not over 13 mm, if the quantity released does not exceed 600 metric tons per year 1083 Of a diameter over 13 mm, but not over 105 mm, if the quantity released does not exceed 6 000 metric tons per year	20 % 20 %
73.15	Alloy steel and high carbon steel in the forms mentioned in heading Nos 73.06 to 73.14: 1090 Other	10 %

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
73.15 (continued)	2030 Sheet pilings whether or not drilled, punched or made of assembled elements	10 %
73.18	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of iron (other than of cast iron) or steel, excluding high-pressure hydro-electric conduits: 2000 Flame pipes, corrugated, of the kind used for steam boilers 4021 Of a wall thickness up to 1.5 mm 9910 Of a wall thickness of 2 mm or more	15 % 15 % 15 %
73.20	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, unions and flanges), of iron or steel: 1019 Other 1090 Other 5090 Other 9910 Weighing more than 5 kg each	20 % 20 % 20 % 20 %
73.22	Reservoirs, tanks, vats and similar containers, for any material (other than compressed or liquefied gas), of iron or steel, of a capacity exceeding 300 litres, whether or not lined or heat-insulated, but not fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment: 9900 Other	15 %
73.23	Casks, drums, cans, boxes and similar containers, of sheet or plate iron or steel, of a description commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods: 2000 Cans for transporting milk of a capacity of 15 litres or over 3000 Bungs with inner threading	20 % 20 %
73.24	Containers, of iron or steel, for compressed or liquefied gas: 2000 Not welded, of a length exceeding 70 mm and an outer diameter exceeding 20 mm 9919 Other 9990 Other	20 % 20 % 20 %
73.25	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands, slings and the like, of iron or steel wire, but excluding insulated electric cables: 1000 Stranded wire made of seven cold-drawn, uncoated wires, provided that each wire has a diameter of not less than 3 mm, and not more than 5 mm 9900 Other	20 % 20 %
73.27	Gauze, cloth, grill, netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials, of iron or steel wire: 1000 Of stainless steel, of kinds used for industrial machinery answering any one of the following descriptions: 1. They are not wider than 125 cm; 2. They are endless; or 3. They have more than 150 holes per inch of length	20 %

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
73.29	Chain and parts thereof, of iron or steel:	
	1000 Cast, forged or of stainless steel and parts thereof, being cast, forged or of stainless steel	20 %
	9990 Other	20 %
73.40	Other articles of iron or steel:	
	4510 If each fitting does not weigh more than 0.5 kg	20 %
	5500 Bobbins, spools, cops, cones, cores and similar supports of iron or steel for textile machinery	20 %
	6011 Made of wire or rods, except those made of stainless steel	15 %
	6019 Other	20 %
	8012 Enamel coated	25 %
74.03	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of copper; copper wire:	
	1190 Other	10 %
74.05	Copper foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0.15 mm:	
	1090 Other	20 %
	2090 Other	20 %
74.08	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of copper:	
	1000 Couplings for rubber pressure pipes	20 %
	9910 Weighing more than 5 kg each	20 %
74.10	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of copper wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables:	
	1000 Stranded wire	20 %
	2000 Cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like	20 %
	3000 Tinsel	20 %
74.11	Gauze, cloth, grill, netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials (including endless bands), of copper wire:	
	1000 Endless cloth of woven wire for industrial machinery	20 %
	2000 Of the kind used in machinery for the production of asbestos-cement, paper, paperboard or cellotex, provided that their width exceeds 95 cm	20 %
74.16	Springs, of copper:	
	9900 Other	20 %
74.19	Other articles of copper:	
	6000 Fittings for overhead electric lines and high tension fittings for insulators, and parts thereof, including suspension clamps, strain clamps, preformed armoured rods, joints for overhead lines and suspension rings for insulators	20 %
	9910 Cast or forged, unworked	20 %

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
76.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of aluminium; aluminium wire:	
	9920 Rods, in coils, of a diameter exceeding 6 but not 12 mm, containing, by weight, 99.45% or more of aluminium and less than 0.08% of Cu + Zn, 0.03% of Ti + Cr or 0.50% of Si + Fe, provided that their specific resistance at a temperature of 20° C shall not exceed 1/35 ohm/m ² per metre	20 %
76.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of aluminium:	
	1000 Used for the production of irrigation pipes in licensed warehouses or under customs control	20 %
76.10	Casks, drums, cans, boxes and similar containers (including rigid and collapsible tubular containers), of aluminium, of a description commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods:	
	3000 Collapsible tubular containers	20 %
	4000 Spinning cans of a kind used in the production of textile yarn	20 %
76.12	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of aluminium wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables	20 %
76.16	Other articles of aluminium:	
	1000 Containers as specified in heading No 76.09, having a capacity not exceeding 300 litres	10 %
	8010 Suitable for textile machines	20 %
79.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of zinc; zinc wire	20 %
79.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of zinc; zinc foil; zinc powders and flakes:	
	3000 Powder and flakes	20 %
82.02	Saws (non-mechanical) and blades for hand or machine saws (including toothless saw blades):	
	2012 For metal cutting, longer than 660 mm	25 %
	2029 Other	25 %
	2040 Toothless saw blades, excluding those of subheading 2030	25 %
	2091 Endless saw chains	25 %
82.04	Hand tools, including glaziers' diamonds, not falling within any other heading of this Chapter; blow lamps, anvils; vices and clamps, other than accessories for, and parts of, machine tools; portable forges; grinding wheels with frameworks (hand or pedal operated):	
	7500 Hand tools for joining torn yarns in textile machinery	25 %
82.05	Interchangeable tools for hand tools, for machine tools, or for power-operated hand tools (for example, for pressing, stamping, drilling, tapping, threading, boring, broaching, milling, cutting, turning, dressing, morticing or screw driving), including dies for wire drawing, extrusion dies for metal, and rock drilling bits:	

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
82.05 (continued)	2000 Oil-well drilling or sounding tools	25%
	3011 Of the kind used for producing screws for wood or metal sheets	25%
	3019 Other	25%
	3020 Thread milling cutters	25%
	4010 Rotary files	25%
	5000 Tools for cutting holes, comprising a hole saw in the form of a cup, an arbor and one drill, excluding any additional drills	25%
	9912 For pressing bolts, wires and screws	25%
	9997 Other tools for lathes, planing machines and grooving machines	25%
82.06	Knives and cutting blades, for machines or for mechanical appliances: 2000 For metal, paper, textile or plastic materials	20%
83.15	Wire, rods, tubes, plates, electrodes and similar products, of base metal or of metal carbides, coated or cored with flux material, of a kind used for soldering, brazing, welding or deposition of metal or of metal carbides; wire and rods, of agglomerated base metal powder, used for metal spraying: 1010 For hard facing, not longer than 60 cm 9910 For hard facing	15% 20%
84.03	Producer gas and water gas generators, with or without purifiers; acetylene gas generators (water process) and similar gas generators, with or without purifiers: 1019 Other	20%
84.10	Pumps (including motor pumps and turbo pumps) for liquids, whether or not fitted with measuring devices; liquid elevators of bucket, chain, screw, band and similar kinds: 4021 With a maximal working pressure over 1 500 lb/sq. inch 4031 With a maximal working pressure of 2 500 lb/sq. inch	25% 25%
84.11	Air pumps, vacuum pumps and air or gas compressors (including motor and turbo pumps and compressors, and free-piston generators for gas turbines); fans, blowers and the like: 3011 Of a net weight exceeding 100 kg, to be installed in an industrial enterprise and used for the process of manufacture 3091 Of a net weight (without starting devices) exceeding 100 kg, to be installed in an industrial enterprise and used in the manufacturing process, provided that compressors operated by electric motors shall be imported without such motors 3093 Installed in cold storage buildings or cold storage warehouses of a capacity of 1 000 m ³ or more, provided also that all the following conditions have been met: 1. The compressors will be used extensively for the cold storage; 2. The net weight of each (without starting device) exceeds 300 kg; 3. Compression is by piston; 4. The compressors are not equipped with electric starting devices	25% 25% 25%

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
84.11 (continued)	5013 Of a total weight exceeding 3 000 but not 6 000 kg, to be installed in an industrial enterprise and used in the manufacturing process 5019 Other 6010 Cast parts of closed or semi-closed compressors which have not undergone any process after casting	25 % 25 % 20 %
84.13	Furnace burners for liquid fuel (atomizers), for pulverized solid fuel or for gas; mechanical stokers, mechanical grates, mechanical ash dischargers and similar appliances: 1000 Furnace burners for steam boilers with a minimum output of 10 metric tons/hour of steam and/or 10 atmospheres, used in power stations, also parts thereof	20 %
84.14	Industrial and laboratory furnaces and ovens, non-electric: 1090 Other	20 %
84.16	Calendering and similar rolling machines (other than metal-working and metal-rolling machines and glass-working machines) and cylinders therefor: 3011 Of kinds used in the production process in the textile industry and used as such 9900 Other	20 % 20 %
84.17	Machinery, plant and similar laboratory equipment, whether or not electrically heated, for the treatment of materials by a process involving a change of temperature such as heating, cooking, roasting, distilling, rectifying, sterilizing, pasteurizing, steaming, drying, evaporating, vapourizing, condensing or cooling, not being machinery or plant of a kind used for domestic purposes; instantaneous or storage water heaters, non-electrical: 1000 Plate heat exchangers 8010 Weighing more than 5 000 kg 9010 Parts for heat exchangers falling within subheading 1000	20 % 20 % 20 %
84.18	Centrifuges; filtering and purifying machinery and apparatus (other than filter funnels, milk strainers and the like), for liquids or gases: 1090 Other 9911 Of the kinds used in compressed air units 9913 Filtration elements for artificial kidneys or blood transfusion units	20 % 20 % 20 %
84.19	Machinery for cleaning or drying bottles or other containers; machinery for filling, closing, sealing, capsuling or labelling bottles, cans, boxes, bags or other containers; other packing or wrapping machinery; machinery for aerating beverages; dish washing machines: 9910 Machinery weighing not more than 50 kg and parts thereof (other than those of heading No 82.08)	20 %

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
84.20	Weighing machinery (excluding balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better), including weight-operated counting and checking machines; weighing machine weights of all kinds: 5041 With automatic regulation of flow, operation and discharge of materials	20 %
84.21	Mechanical appliances (whether or not hand operated) for projecting, dispersing or spraying liquids or powders; fire extinguishers (charged or not); spray guns and similar appliances; steam or sand blasting machines and similar jet projecting machines: 6000 Oilers for pneumatic systems 7011 By means of sand only, each of a weight (without compressors and driving mechanisms) not exceeding 250 kg	20 % 25 %
84.22	Lifting, handling, loading or unloading machinery, telfers and conveyors (for example, lifts, hoists, winches, cranes, transporter cranes, jacks, pulley tackle, belt conveyors and teleferics), not being machinery falling within heading No 84.23: 5020 Cranes, which the Director of the Ports Authority or anyone authorized by him for the purpose of this subheading, has certified to be used in ports for discharging or loading vessels (other than those of subheading 5010) 9930 Safety frames or safety cabins, certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Labour to be specially designed for the protection of operators of mobile machinery falling under this heading, if released before 1. 10. 1975	25 % 25 %
84.23	Excavating, levelling, tamping, boring and extracting machinery, stationary or mobile, for earth, minerals or ores (for example, mechanical shovels, coal-cutters, excavators, scrapers, levellers and bulldozers); pile-drivers; snow-ploughs, not self-propelled (including snow-plough attachments): 3000 Safety frames or safety cabins, certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Labour to be specially designed for the protection of operators of mobile machinery falling under this heading, if released before 1. 10. 1975	25 %
84.27	Presses, crushers and other machinery, of a kind used in wine-making, cider-making, fruit juice preparation or the like: 9900 Other	25 %
84.30	Machinery, not falling within any other heading of this Chapter, of a kind used in the following food or drink industries: bakery, confectionery, chocolate manufacture, macaroni, ravioli or similar cereal food manufacture, the preparation of meat, fish, fruit or vegetables (including mincing or slicing machines), sugar manufacture or brewing: 9900 Other	25 %
84.32	Book-binding machinery, including book-sewing machines: 9900 Other	25 %

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
84.40	<p>Machinery for washing, cleaning, drying, bleaching, dyeing, dressing, finishing or coating textile yarns, fabrics or made-up textile articles (including laundry and dry-cleaning machinery); fabric folding, reeling or cutting machines; machines of a kind used in the manufacture of linoleum or other floor coverings for applying the paste to the base fabric or other support; machines of a type used for printing a repetitive design, repetitive words or overall colour on textiles, leather, wallpaper, wrapping paper, linoleum or other materials, and engraved or etched plates, blocks or rollers therefor:</p> <p>3091 Of a kind used in the production process in the textile industry and so used</p>	25 %
84.41	<p>Sewing machines; furniture specially designed for sewing machines; sewing machine needles:</p> <p>1029 Other</p> <p>1039 Other</p>	25 % 25 %
84.46	<p>Machine-tools for working stone, ceramics, concrete, asbestos-cement and like mineral materials or for working glass in the cold, other than machines falling within heading No 84.49:</p> <p>2010 Weighing more than 750 kg each</p>	25 %
84.47	<p>Machine-tools for working wood, cork, bone ebonite (vulcanite), hard artificial plastic materials or other hard carving materials, other than machines falling within heading No 84.49:</p> <p>2010 Weighing more than 750 kg each</p>	25 %
84.50	<p>Gas-operated welding, brazing, cutting and surface tempering appliances:</p> <p>9900 Other</p>	25 %
84.53	<p>Automatic data processing machines and units thereof; magnetic or optical readers, machines for transcribing data onto data media in coded form and machines for processing such data, not elsewhere specified or included</p>	25 %
84.59	<p>Machines and mechanical appliances, having individual functions, not falling within any other heading of this Chapter:</p> <p>1020 Presses, crushers, grinders and mixers, n.e.s.</p> <p>1211 Weighing more than 750 kg each</p> <p>1591 Machines and appliances weighing more than 1 000 kg</p> <p>2500 Mechanical or hydraulic shock absorbers</p> <p>3000 Pump-type automatic lubricators for machinery</p> <p>8010 Weighing, without interchangeable accessories, more than 100 kg</p> <p>9910 Machines and appliances of the kind used for the industrial production process, and so used, provided that the Director has approved the goods, for the purpose of this subheading, before their release</p>	25 % 25 % 25 % 25 % 25 % 25 %

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
84.60	<p>Moulding boxes for metal foundry; moulds of a type used for metal (other than ingot moulds), for metal carbides, for glass, for mineral materials (for example, ceramic pastes, concrete or cement) or for rubber or artificial plastic materials:</p> <p>1000 Moulds for the production of tyres</p> <p>2000 Of kinds used for the production of footwear</p> <p>3000 Of kinds used for the production of rubber and plastic products if the weight of each mould exceeds 1 500 kg</p> <p>4000 Of kinds used for concrete castings, excluding wooden moulds released before 1. 4. 1976</p>	<p>25 %</p> <p>25 %</p> <p>25 %</p> <p>25 %</p>
84.61	<p>Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances, for pipes, boiler shells, tanks, vats and the like, including pressure reducing valves and thermostatically controlled valves:</p> <p>3000 Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances not specified in subheadings 2000 and 2500, if fulfilling at least one of the following conditions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Each weighs more than 500 kg; 2. Their continuous working pressure exceeds 99 atmospheres (excluding those held in the hand when used) if certified by an institute recognized by the Director; 3. They are designed for pipes of a nominal diameter exceeding 12" 	<p>25 %</p>
84.62	Ball, roller or needle roller bearings	20 %
84.63	<p>Transmission shafts, cranks, bearing housings, plain shaft bearings, gears and gearing (including friction gears and gear-boxes and other variable speed gears), flywheels, pulleys and pulley blocks, clutches and shaft couplings:</p> <p>1022 Crankshafts designed for agricultural tractors and other agricultural mobile equipment</p> <p>1029 Other</p> <p>1090 Other</p>	<p>25 %</p> <p>25 %</p> <p>25 %</p>
84.65	<p>Machinery parts, not containing electrical connectors, insulators, coils, contacts or other electrical features and not falling within any other heading in this Chapter:</p> <p>4000 Mechanical or hydraulic shock absorbers</p>	<p>25 %</p>
85.01	<p>Electrical goods of the following descriptions: generators, motors, converters (rotary or static), transformers, rectifiers and rectifying apparatus, inductors:</p> <p>1010 Generators for tensions of 220 volts or more</p> <p>ex 1020 Motors and rotary converters weighing more than 1 750 kg each, n.e.s. in subheading 1010:</p> <p>— Motors weighing not more than 4 000 kg</p> <p>1071 Not being operated by any driving means and used for the production of welding machines and equipment</p> <p>2119 Other</p>	<p>25 %</p> <p>25 %</p> <p>25 %</p> <p>25 %</p>

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
85.11	Industrial and laboratory electric furnaces, ovens and induction and dielectric heating equipment; electric welding, brazing and soldering machines and apparatus and similar electric machines and apparatus for cutting: 1090 Other 2051 Where the generator does not incorporate a handling device 2099 Other 3010 Weighing 1 000 kg or more each 3090 Other 8000 Other 9190 Other	25 % 25 % 25 % 25 % 25 % 25 %
85.17	Electric sound or visual signalling apparatus (such as bells, sirens, indicator panels, burglar and fire alarms), other than those of heading No 85.09 or 85.16: 1000 Electric fire alarms	25 %
85.19	Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits (for example, switches, relays, fuses, lightning arresters, surge suppressors, plugs, lampholders and junction boxes); resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors; printed circuits; switchboards (other than telephone switchboards) and control panels: 1030 Junction boxes and terminals for cables of tension exceeding 1 000 volts 1040 Crystal holders for producing piezo-electric crystals falling within subheading 85.21 — 4000	20 % 20 %
85.20	Electric filament lamps and electric discharge lamps (including infra-red and ultra-violet lamps); arc-lamps; electrically ignited photographic flashbulbs: 7010 Discharge tubes made from quartz containing mercury or sodium, of the kind used for producing mercury or sodium vapour lamps	20 %
85.22	Electrical appliances and apparatus, having individual functions, not falling within any other heading of this Chapter: 4000 Magnetizers	20 %
85.23	Insulated (including enamelled or anodized) electric wire, cable, bars, strip and the like (including co-axial cable), whether or not fitted with connectors: 1011 With a cross-section other than round 1090 Other 4010 Containing insulation paper	15 % 15 % 20 %
85.24	Carbon brushes, arc-lamp carbons, battery carbons, carbon electrodes and other carbon articles of a kind used for electrical purposes: 1000 Weighing 5 kg or more each	20 %

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
87.01	Tractors (other than those falling within heading No 87.07), whether or not fitted with power take-offs, winches or pulleys: 9990 Other	20 %
87.02	Motor vehicles for the transport of persons, goods or materials (including sports motor vehicles, other than those of heading No 87.09): 1029 Other 1030 Ambulances used for the transport of patients only 3010 Motor vehicles imported with the approval of the Chief Fire Brigade Inspector, or anyone authorized by him, used for mounting fire engines, as long as they are used for fire fighting 3050 Chassis of motor vehicles on which drivers' cabs have been mounted and used for the assembly of the following vehicles	20 % 25 % 25 % 25 %
87.03	Special purpose motor lorries and vans (such as breakdown lorries, fire-engines, fire-escapes, road sweeper lorries, snow-ploughs, spraying lorries, crane lorries, searchlight lorries, mobile workshops and mobile radiological units), but not including the motor vehicles of heading No 87.02: 1000 Lorries specially constructed and used for cleaning streets, airfield runways, etc. (e.g. sprinklers, sprinkler sweepers) 4000 Fire engines and fire escapes imported with the approval of the Chief Fire Brigade Inspector, or anyone authorized by him, and which are used for fire extinguishing 7000 Concrete pumps, mobile, released before 1.4.1976 8000 Cranes, mobile, mounted on a chassis specially constructed for carrying cranes, released before 1.4.1976	25 % 25 % 20 % 20 %
87.04	Chassis fitted with engines, for the motor vehicles falling within heading No 87.01, 87.02 or 87.03: 1010 Disassembled, provided that the enterprise engaged in such assembly is the owner of a licensed warehouse and has been approved by the Director for the purpose of this subheading 1090 Other 2000 Used for the assembly of ambulances for the transport of patients only 4000 Used for the assembly of fire engines and fire escapes imported with the approval of the Chief Fire Brigade Inspector or anyone authorized by him 5031 For vehicles as in subheadings 87.01 — 9220, 87.02 — 6020 and 87.02 — 6060 5039 Other 8000 Used for the assembly of vehicles specially built for street-cleaning (for example sprinklers or sweeper-sprinklers)	25 % 20 % 25 % 25 % 25 % 25 %
87.05	Bodies (including cabs), for the motor vehicles falling within heading Nos 87.01, 87.02 or 87.03: 1000 Bus bodies 2000 Safety frames or safety cabins, certified by the Director-General to be specially designed for the protection of tractor operators, if released before 1.10.1975	20 % 20 %

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
87.06	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles falling within heading Nos 87.01, 87.02 or 87.03: 2000 Wheels fitted with solid or semi-pneumatic tyres, including the tyres 4000 Non-moving rear axle called 'third axle'	25 % 25 %
87.07	Work trucks, mechanically propelled, of the types used in factories, warehouses, dock areas or airports for short distance transport or handling of goods (for example, platform trucks, fork-lift trucks and straddle carriers); tractors of the type used on railway station platforms; parts of the foregoing vehicles: 2000 Straddle carriers, certified by the Director of the Ports Authority, or anyone authorized by him, for the purpose of this subheading, to be used in ports for loading, unloading or stevedoring of containers, provided they are so used 9910 The trucks 9920 The parts	25 % 20 % 20 %
87.12	Parts and accessories of articles falling within heading No 87.09, 87.10 or 87.11: 2020 Free wheels, lugs, shell crowns, forged connecting rods, which have not been further processed after forging, gears and steering parts for fork blades, saddles and parts thereof other than non-metallic parts	20 %
87.14	Other vehicles (including trailers), not mechanically propelled, and parts thereof: 1000 Vehicles designed and used for fire extinguishing imported with the approval of the Chief Fire Brigade Inspector or anyone authorized by him 9900 Other	20 % 20 %
88.02	Flying machines, gliders and kites; rotochutes	25 %
88.03	Parts of goods falling within heading No 88.01 or 88.02	25 %
88.05	Catapults and similar aircraft launching gear; ground flying trainers; parts of any of the foregoing articles	25 %
89.01	Ships, boats and other vessels not falling within any of the following headings of this Chapter: 9910 Used for commercial transport of persons or cargo, between Israeli and foreign ports, and approved by the Director to be so used	15 %
89.05	Floating structures other than vessels (for example, coffer-dams, landing stages, buoys and beacons)	20 %
90.01	Lenses, prisms, mirrors and other optical elements, of any material, unmounted, other than such elements of glass not optically worked; sheets or plates, of polarizing material: 9900 Other	20 %

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
90.02	Lenses, prisms, mirrors and other optical elements, of any material, mounted, being parts of or fittings for instruments or apparatus, other than such elements of glass not optically worked:	
	1000 For lighthouses	25 %
	2000 Used in film studios recognized by the Director for the purpose of producing commercial films	25 %
	9990 Other	20 %
90.05	Refracting telescopes (monocular and binocular), prismatic or not:	
	1000 Infra-red sensitive telescopes	25 %
90.07	Photographic cameras; photographic flashlight apparatus:	
	9921 Aerial and photogrammetric cameras	20 %
	9922 Special cameras for technological, scientific, medical or surgical purposes	20 %
	9923 Microfilm cameras	20 %
90.13	Optical appliances and instruments (but not including lighting appliances other than searchlights or spotlights), not falling within any other heading of this Chapter:	
	9900 Other	20 %
90.14	Surveying (including photogrammetrical surveying), hydrographic, navigational, meteorological, hydrological and geophysical instruments; compasses; rangefinders:	
	1090 Other	20 %
90.15	Balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better, with or without their weights:	
	1020 With a sensitivity of 1 cg or better	20 %
90.16	Drawing, marking-out and mathematical calculating instruments, drafting machines, pantographs, slide rules, disc calculators and the like; measuring or checking instruments, appliances and machines, not falling within any other heading of this Chapter (for example, micrometers, callipers, gauges, measuring rods, balancing machines); profile projectors:	
	2000 For mathematical calculating	20 %
90.17	Medical, dental, surgical and veterinary instruments and appliances (including electro-medical apparatus and ophthalmic instruments):	
	1000 Burrs, discs, drills and brushes, specially designed for use with a dental drill engine, gold-filling and other filling instruments, impression compound trays, tools and instruments of a kind used in prosthetic dentistry	20 %
	2111 With pistons made entirely of glass	25 %
	2113 In which the weight of the plastic material exceeds the weight of all other materials and their volume does not exceed 1.5 cm ³	25 %

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	1	3
90.17 (continued)	2119 Other	20%
	2190 The parts	20%
	9900 Other	25%
90.18	Mechano-therapy appliances; massage apparatus; psychological aptitude-testing apparatus; artificial respiration, ozone therapy, oxygen therapy, aerosol therapy or similar apparatus; breathing appliances (including gas masks and similar respirators):	
	2010 For preventing bedsores, comprising a mattress with two sets of tubes, expanding and deflating by a determinable rhythm and pressure, with a pump having devices for regulating such	20%
	7090 Other	25%
	9900 Other	25%
90.19	Orthopaedic appliances, surgical belts, trusses and the like; splints and other fracture appliances; artificial limbs, eyes, teeth and other artificial parts of the body; hearing aids and other appliances which are worn or carried, or implanted in the body, to compensate for a defect or disability:	
	1100 Orthopaedic appliances for the paralysed	20%
	2040 Other dental fittings	20%
	2090 Other	20%
	9900 Other	20%
90.21	Instruments, apparatus or models, designed solely for demonstrational purposes (for example, in education or exhibition), unsuitable for other uses	20%
90.22	Machines and appliances for testing mechanically the hardness, strength, compressibility, elasticity and the like properties of industrial materials (for example, metals, wood, textiles, paper or plastics)	20%
90.23	Hydrometers and similar instruments; thermometers, pyrometers, barometers, hygrometers, psychrometers, recording or not; any combination of these instruments:	
	9990 Other	20%
90.24	Instruments and apparatus for measuring, checking or automatically controlling the flow, depth, pressure or other variables of liquids or gases, or for automatically controlling temperature, (for example, pressure gauges, thermostats, level gauges, flow meters, heat meters, automatic oven-draught regulators), not being articles falling within heading No 90.14:	
	2029 Other	25%
	4090 Other	20%
	9900 Other	20%

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
90.25	Instruments and apparatus for physical or chemical analysis (such as polarimeters, refractometers, spectrometers, gas analysis apparatus) instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking viscosity, porosity, expansion, surface tension or the like (such as visometers, porosimeters, expansion meters); instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking quantities of heat, light or sound (such as photometers (including exposure meters), calorimeters); microtomes: 9900 Other	20 %
90.26	Gas, liquid and electricity supply or production meters; calibrating meters therefor: 1090 Other 2199 Other 9900 Other	25 % 20 % 20 %
90.27	Revolution counters, production counters, taximeters, mileometers, pedometers and the like, speed indicators (including magnetic speed indicators) and tachometers (other than articles falling within heading No 90.14); stroboscopes: 4030 Registering the speed of travel 9900 Other	20 % 20 %
90.28	Electrical measuring, checking, analysing or automatically controlling instruments and apparatus: 1090 Other 1500 Instruments and apparatus for detecting or measuring radiation 2500 Electrical or electronic balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better (whose non-electrical counterparts fall within heading No 90.15) 3030 For testing textile materials 4000 Electrical instruments (whose non-electrical counterparts fall within heading No 90.23) 4550 Thermostats and other temperature stabilizers 4590 Other 5010 Blood gas analysers 5020 Spectrophotometers, photofluorimeters, instruments and apparatus for automatically measuring, controlling or analysing human body fluids 5090 Other 6021 Taximeters having cumulative, non-reversible registers 6022 Registering the speed of travel 6030 Revolution counters, production counters and the like, including counters indicating the working hours of machines, motors or the like, not specified in subheading 6020 6050 Speedometers and tachometers, not specified in subheading 6020 6090 Other	20 % 20 % 20 % 20 % 20 % 20 % 20 % 20 % 20 % 20 % 20 % 20 % 20 % 20 % 20 %

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
90.29	Parts or accessories suitable for use solely or principally with one or more of the articles falling within heading No 90.23, 90.24, 90.26, 90.27 or 90.28: 9900 Other	20 %
91.03	Instrument panel clocks and clocks of a similar type, for vehicles, aircraft or vessels	20 %
92.10	Parts and accessories of musical instruments (other than strings), including perforated music rolls and mechanisms for musical boxes; metronomes, tuning forks and pitch pipes of all kinds: 4000 Recording tuning forks and resonance tuning forks certified by the Director General of the Ministry of Education and Culture that they will be used in educational institutions under the supervision of the Ministry of Education and Culture	20 %
92.11	Gramophones, dictating machines and other sound recorders and reproducers, including record-players and tape decks, with or without soundheads; television image and sound recorders and reproducers, magnetic: 3000 Sound recorders for grooving masters-discs 4000 Articles used in film studios	20 % 20 %
92.12	Gramophone records and other sound or similar recordings; matrices for the production of records, prepared record blanks, film for mechanical sound recording, prepared tapes, wires, strips and like articles of a kind commonly used for sound or similar recording: 1010 Linguaphone records 1020 Discs bearing recordings of a scientific or technical nature only 1052 Of a diameter less than 30 cm, but not less than 25 cm 1053 Of a diameter less than 25 cm 4000 Discs prepared for recording of a kind used for sound recording	20 % 20 % 25 % 25 % 20 %
92.13	Other parts and accessories of apparatus falling within heading No 92.11: 3000 Magnetic sound heads designed for cinematograph projectors and sound reproducers of heading No 90.08 4000 Parts and accessories for sound recorders for grooving masterdiscs 5000 Used in film studios	20 % 20 % 20 %
94.02	Medical, dental, surgical or veterinary furniture (for example, operating tables, hospital beds with mechanical fittings); dentists' and similar chairs with mechanical elevating, rotating or reclining movements; parts of the foregoing articles: 2000 Medical, dental, surgical or veterinary furniture, including dentists' chairs	20 %

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Basic rate
1	2	3
94.04	Mattress supports; articles of bedding or similar furnishings fitted with springs or stuffed or internally fitted with any material or of expanded, foam or sponge rubber or expanded, foam or sponge artificial plastic material, whether or not covered (for example, mattresses, quilts, eiderdowns, cushions, pouffes and pillows): 2590 Other 3020 Cushions of artificial plastics (expanded, foam or sponge) to be filled with liquids, of a kind used for the prevention and treatment of decubitus ulcer	 25 % 20 %
95.08	Moulded or carved articles of wax, of stearin, of natural gums or natural resins (for example, copal or rosin) or of modelling pastes, and other moulded or carved articles not elsewhere specified or included; worked, unhardened gelatin (except gelatin falling within heading No 35.03) and articles of unhardened gelatin: 9900 Other	 20 %
96.02	Other brooms and brushes (including brushes of a kind used as parts of machines); paint rollers; squeegees (other than roller squeegees) and mops: 1091 Of kinds used as parts of machinery or plant if the rate of duty does not exceed 15%	 25 %
97.06	Appliances, apparatus, accessories and requisites for gymnastics or athletics, or for sports and outdoor games (other than articles falling within heading No 97.04): 4000 Fixed cycling apparatus for muscle exercising	 20 %

ANNEX C

relating to products referred to in Article 5 of Protocol 2

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products
19.07	Bread, ships' biscuits and other ordinary bakers' wares, not containing added sugar, honey, eggs, fats, cheese or fruit: 9900 Other
19.08	Pastry, biscuits, cakes and other fine bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa in any proportion: 9900 Other
21.04	Sauces; mixed condiments and mixed seasonings: 1000 Celery salt 9900 Other
21.05	Soups and broths, in liquid, solid or powder form; homogenized composite food preparations
21.06	Natural yeasts (active or inactive); prepared baking powders: 1000 Yeast
21.07	Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included: 1000 Jelly powders, ice-cream powders and other similar powders 3000 Cream substitutes and mixtures of fats and sugar, i.i.c. 4000 Mixtures of coffee or tea with sugar, milk, fats or other flavourings 7000 Food preparations made of, or containing potatoes in any form whatsoever 9900 Other
27.03	Peat (including peat litter), whether or not agglomerated
27.09	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude
27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70% by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations: 1000 S.B.P. benzine 1500 Other benzine 1510 Of an octane number not exceeding 83 1590 Other 2000 Solvents

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
27.10 (continued)	2500 Kerosene 3000 Solar 3500 Mazut 4000 Diesel
28.05	Alkali and alkaline-earth metals; rare earth metals, yttrium and scandium and intermixtures or interalloys thereof; mercury: 1000 Mercury
28.35	Sulphides; polysulphides: 9900 Other
28.38	Sulphates (including alums) and persulphates: 4000 Copper sulphate
28.39	Nitrites and nitrates
28.41	Arsenites and arsenates
ex Chapter 29	Pharmaceuticals, new developed, are granted administrative protection during a period of three years
29.02	Halogenated derivatives of hydrocarbons: 1020 Dibromo-chloro-propane 1030 Ethylene dibromide 1040 Methyl bromide 1090 Other 9910 100% DDT powder 9920 100% chlordane 9990 Other
29.11	Aldehydes, aldehyde-alcohols, aldehyde-ethers, aldehyde-phenols and other single or complex oxygen-function aldehydes; cyclic polymers of aldehydes; paraformaldehyde: 1000 Formaldehyde and paraformaldehyde
29.16	Carboxylic acids with alcohol, phenol, aldehyde or ketone function and other single or complex oxygen-function carboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peracids, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: 3000 Chlorobenzylate
29.19	Phosphoric esters and their salts, including lactophosphates, and their halogenated sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: 1000 2,2-Dichlorovinyl dimethyl-phosphate 2000 1,2-Dibromo-2,2 dichloroethyl dimethyl phosphate 9900 Other

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
29.21	<p>Other esters of mineral acids (excluding halides) and their salts, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:</p> <p>9900 Other</p>
29.35	<p>Heterocyclic compounds; nucleic acids:</p> <p>1000 3(Alpha-acetonyl-benzyl)-4-hydroxycoumarin</p> <p>2000 3-Amino-1,2,4-triazole</p>
ex 29.35	<p>Other heterocyclic compounds with the exception of diazinon and simasine</p>
29.38	<p>Provitamins and vitamins, natural or reproduced by synthesis (including natural concentrates), derivatives thereof used primarily as vitamins, and intermixtures of the foregoing, whether or not in any solvent</p>
29.39	<p>Hormones, natural or reproduced by synthesis; derivatives thereof, used primarily as hormones; other steroids used primarily as hormones</p>
29.44	<p>Antibiotics:</p> <p>1000 Feed grade</p>
29.45	<p>Other organic compounds</p>
30.02	<p>Antisera; microbial vaccines, toxins, microbial cultures (including ferments but excluding yeasts) and similar products;</p> <p>1000 Antisera, microbial vaccines, antitoxins, tuberculin and rat virus</p> <p>9910 Not put up in measured doses or in packages of a kind sold by retail, if imported with the approval of the Director General of the Ministry of Health</p>
30.03	<p>Medicaments (including veterinary medicaments)</p>
31.02	<p>Mineral or chemical fertilizers, nitrogenous:</p> <p>1000 Urea</p> <p>9911 Sodium nitrate</p> <p>9919 Other</p> <p>9990 Other</p>
31.03	<p>Mineral or chemical fertilizers, phosphatic</p>
31.04	<p>Mineral or chemical fertilizers, potassic:</p> <p>2010 Imported for use as fertilizers, if certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Agriculture that they will be used as such</p> <p>9900 Other</p>

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Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
31.05	Other fertilizers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg
34.02	Organic surface-active agents; surface-active preparations and washing preparations, whether or not containing soap: 9900 Other
35.03	Gelatin (including gelatin in rectangles, whether or not coloured or surface-worked) and gelatin derivatives; glues derived from bones, hides, nerves, tendons or from similar products, and fish glues; isinglass: 1000 Gelatin for human consumption
36.01	Propellent powders
36.02	Prepared explosives, other than propellent powders
36.03	Mining, blasting and safety fuses
36.04	Percussion and detonating caps; igniters; detonators
36.05	Pyrotechnic articles (for example, fireworks, railway fog signals, amorces, rain rockets)
38.11	Disinfectants, insecticides, fungicides, weed-killers, anti-sprouting products, rat poisons and similar products, put up in forms or packings for sale by retail or as preparations or as articles (for example, sulphur-treated bands, wicks and candles, fly-papers): 1010 Certified by the Director-General of the Ministry of Agriculture not to be manufactured in Israel 1090 Other
43.03	Articles of furskin
44.02	Wood sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, but not further prepared, of a thickness exceeding 5 mm: 4100 Boards, planks and beams of conifer wood, used in the manufacture of citrus packing containers, in lengths and widths exceeding 100 cm and heights exceeding 50 cm
44.14	Wood sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled but not further prepared, of a thickness not exceeding 5 mm; veneer sheets and sheets for plywood, of a thickness not exceeding 5 mm: 1000 Boards and sticks used for the assembly, by stitching, of 'Bruce' boxes 9910 Ready-made, used for the assembly of citrus boxes for export
44.21	Complete wooden packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings: 1000 Boards and sticks used for the assembly, by stitching, of 'Bruce' boxes

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
44.21 (continued)	2000 Field boxes in measurements approved by the Director before their importation and to be used for citrus packing 9910 Unassembled boxes, used for the packing of citrus for export
48.01	Paper and paperboard (including cellulose wadding), machine-made, in rolls or sheets: 2021 Weighing, per m ² , more than 55 g but not more than 120 g 8010 Used for wrapping citrus fruit for export
48.07	Paper and paperboard, impregnated, coated, surface-coloured, surface-decorated or printed (not being merely ruled, lined or squared and not constituting printed matter within Chapter 49), in rolls or sheets: 9110 Used for export
48.16	Boxes, bags and other packing containers, of paper or paperboard: 1000 Ready-made wrappers of paraffin paper for melons
48.21	Other articles of paper pulp, paper, paperboard or cellulose wadding: 6000 Egg trays
51.02	Monofil, strip (artificial straw and the like) and imitation catgut, of man-made fibre materials: 1010 Made from polyamid of a kind used for fishing, of a diameter exceeding 0.7 m, in packages weighing not less than 500 g per coil of yarn, imported with the approval of the Director-General of the Ministry of Agriculture
55.01	Cotton, not carded or combed
56.01	Man-made fibres (discontinuous), not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning: 1010 Of polyacrilonitryl
56.02	Continuous filament tow for the manufacture of man-made fibres (discontinuous): 1010 Of polyacrilonitryl
56.04	Man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning: 1010 Synthetic
56.05	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale: 1091 Of polyacrilonitryl
56.06	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale: 1091 Of polyacrilonitryl

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No L 136/119

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
59.05	<p>Nets and netting made of twine, cordage or rope, and made up fishing nets of yarn, twine, cordage or rope:</p> <p>1000 Nets, netting and made up nets of a kind used for fishing, imported with the approval of the Director-General of the Ministry of Agriculture</p>
62.03	<p>Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods:</p> <p>2010 Made of jute, hemp, flax or other bast yarn</p> <p>9919 Other</p>
63.01	<p>Clothing, clothing accessories, travelling rugs and blankets, household linen and furnishing articles (other than articles falling within heading No 58.01, 58.02 or 58.03), of textile materials, footwear and headgear of any material, showing signs of appreciable wear and imported in bulk or in bales, sacks or similar bulk packings</p>
73.10	<p>Bars and rods (including wire rod), of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished (including precision-made); hollow mining drill steel:</p> <p>2090 Other</p>
73.11	<p>Angles, shapes and sections, of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished; sheet piling of iron or steel, whether or not drilled, punched or made from assembled elements:</p> <p>1090 Other</p>
73.18	<p>Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of iron (other than of cast iron) or steel, excluding high-pressure hydro-electric conduits:</p> <p>3090 Other</p>
73.32	<p>Bolts and nuts (including bolt ends and screw studs), whether or not threaded or tapped, and screws (including screw hooks and screw rings), of iron or steel; rivets, cotters, cotter-pins, washers and spring washers, of iron or steel:</p> <p>9900 Other</p>
73.35	<p>Springs and leaves for springs, of iron or steel:</p> <p>2000 Leaf-springs and leaves for springs</p>
73.40	<p>Other articles of iron or steel:</p> <p>6020 Fasteners for belts</p>
82.01	<p>Hand tools, the following: spades, shovels, picks, hoes, forks and rakes; axes, bill hooks and similar hewing tools; scythes, sickles, hay knives, grass shears, timber wedges and other tools of a kind used in agriculture, horticulture or forestry</p>

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
82.05	<p>Interchangeable tools for hand tools, for machine tools or for power-operated hand tools (for example, for pressing, stamping, drilling, tapping, threading, boring, broaching, milling, cutting, turning, dressing, morticing or screw driving), including dies for wire drawing, extrusion dies for metal, and rock drilling bits:</p> <p>9993 Twist drills with straight or conical shanks having an external diameter of 1 mm or more</p> <p>9994 Centre drills, counter sinks and counter bores</p>
82.06	<p>Knives and cutting blades, for machines or for mechanical appliances:</p> <p>1010 For farming</p>
ex Chapter 84	Used machinery and equipment
84.06	<p>Internal combustion piston engines:</p> <p>9921 Special parts used for mounting on outboard motors, if imported with the approval of the Director-General of the Ministry of Agriculture</p> <p>9940 Cylinder blocks and engine heads for tractor engines, used for agriculture or earth moving work, provided they are different in construction or weight from analogous parts of other vehicle engines, and approved by the Director before importation</p>
84.11	<p>Air pumps, vacuum pumps and air or gas compressors (including motor and turbo pumps and compressors, and free-piston generators for gas turbines); fans, blowers and the like:</p> <p>1010 Air-circulation towers of kinds used in protecting agricultural crops from frost</p> <p>3099 Other</p> <p>5099 Other</p> <p>6020 Special for goods falling within subheading 1010</p>
84.13	<p>Furnace burners for liquid fuel (atomizers), for pulverized solid fuel or for gas; mechanical stokers, mechanical grates, mechanical ash dischargers and similar appliances</p> <p>9900 Other, and parts thereof</p>
84.21	<p>Mechanical appliances (whether or not hand operated) for projecting, dispersing or spraying liquids or powders; fire extinguishers (charged or not); spray guns and similar appliances; steam or sand blasting machines and similar jet projecting machines:</p> <p>7210 Spray guns and appliances weighing not more than 100 kg</p> <p>7319 Other</p> <p>9990 Other</p>

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Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 136/121

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
84.22	<p>Lifting, handling, loading or unloading machinery, telfers and conveyors (for example, lifts, hoists, winches, cranes, transporter cranes, jacks, pulley tackle, belt conveyors and teleferics), not being machinery falling within heading No 84.23:</p> <p>6010 Hydraulic, with shovels having a capacity of up to 1.25 m³</p> <p>6091 Imported together with the tractor</p>
84.23	<p>Excavating, levelling, tamping, boring and extracting machinery, stationary or mobile, for earth, minerals or ores (for example, mechanical shovels, coal-cutters, excavators, scrapers, levellers and bulldozers); pile-drivers; snow-ploughs, not self-propelled (including snow-plough attachments):</p> <p>9900 Other</p>
84.24	<p>Agricultural and horticultural machinery for soil preparation or cultivation (for example, ploughs, harrows, cultivators, seed and fertilizer distributors); lawn and sports ground rollers</p>
84.25	<p>Harvesting and threshing machinery; straw and fodder presses; hay or grass mowers; winnowing and similar cleaning machines for seed, grain or leguminous vegetables and egg-grading and other grading machines for agricultural produce (other than those of a kind used in the bread grain milling industry falling within heading No 84.29)</p>
84.26	<p>Dairy machinery (including milking machines)</p>
84.28	<p>Other agricultural, horticultural, poultry-keeping and bee-keeping machinery; germination plant fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment; poultry incubators and brooders:</p> <p>2000 Mechanical clippers for animals and parts thereof, excluding cutting blades and heads of heading No 82.13</p> <p>9900 Other</p>
84.29	<p>Machinery of a kind used in the bread grain milling industry, and other machinery (other than farm type machinery) for the working of cereals or dried leguminous vegetables</p>
84.36	<p>Machines for extruding man-made textiles; machines of a kind used for processing natural or man-made textile fibres; textile spinning and twisting machines; textile doubling, throwing and reeling (including weft-winding) machines</p>
84.37	<p>Weaving machines, knitting machines and machines for making gimped yarn, tulle, lace, embroidery, trimmings, braid or net; machines for preparing yarns for use on such machines, including warping and warp sizing machines</p>

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
84.38	Auxiliary machinery for use with machines of heading No 84.37 (for example, dobbies, Jacquards, automatic stop motions and shuttle changing mechanisms); parts and accessories suitable for use solely or principally with the machines of the present heading or with machines falling within the heading Nos 84.36 or 84.37 (for example, spindles and spindle flyers, card clothing, combs, extruding nipples, shuttles, healds and heald-lifters and hosiery needles)
84.40	Machinery for washing, cleaning, drying, bleaching, dyeing, dressing, finishing or coating textile yarns, fabrics or made-up textile articles (including laundry and dry-cleaning machinery); fabric folding, reeling or cutting machines; machines of a kind used in the manufacture of linoleum or other floor coverings for applying the paste to the base fabric or other support; machines of a type used for printing a repetitive design, repetitive words or overall colour on textiles, leather, wallpaper, wrapping paper, linoleum or other materials, and engraved or etched plates, blocks or rollers therefor: 9900 Other
85.07	Shavers and hair clippers, with self-contained electric motor: 1000 For clipping or shearing animals, and parts thereof, excluding cutting blades and heads of heading No 82.13
85.08	Electrical starting and ignition equipment for internal combustion engines (including ignition magnetos, magneto-dynamos, ignition coils, starter motors, sparking plugs and glow plugs); generators (dynamos and alternators) and cut-outs for use in conjunction with such engines: 2000 Ignition magnetos of tractor engines used for agriculture or earth work, provided that they differ in construction or weight from corresponding parts of other vehicle engines and that they have been approved by the Director before importation
85.16	Electric traffic control equipment for railways, roads or inland waterways and equipment used for similar purposes in port installations or upon airfields
87.01	Tractors (other than those falling within heading No 87.07), whether or not fitted with power take-offs, winches or pulleys: 1000 Tractors for agriculture or earth work, approved by the Director-General of the Ministry of Agriculture or of the Ministry of Labour, and whose import licence has been endorsed to the effect that they will be used for agriculture or earth work only
87.02	Motor vehicles for the transport of persons, goods or materials (including sports motor vehicles, other than those of heading No 87.09): 1029 Other
87.04	Chassis fitted with engines, for the motor vehicles falling within heading No 87.01, 87.02 or 87.03: 1000 Used for the assembly of buses for the transport of more than 18 passengers in addition to the driver

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description
87.05	Bodies (including cabs), for the motor vehicles falling within heading No 87.01, 87.02 or 87.03
87.06	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles falling within heading No 87.01, 87.02 or 87.03: 1000 Parts and accessories for agricultural or earth work tractors provided that they are different in structure or weight from similar parts and accessories for other motor vehicles
87.07	Work trucks mechanically propelled, of the types used in factories, warehouses, dock areas or airports for short distance transport or handling of goods (for example, platform trucks, fork-lift trucks and straddle carriers); tractors of the type used on railway station platforms; parts of the foregoing vehicles: 1018 Other
89.01	Ships, boats and other vessels not falling within any of the following headings of this Chapter: 9991 Fishing vessels and small boats
90.17	Medical, dental, surgical and veterinary instruments and appliances (including electro-medical apparatus and ophthalmic instruments)
90.20	Apparatus based on the use of X-rays or of the radiations from radio-active substances (including radiography and radiotherapy apparatus); X-ray generators; X-ray tubes; X-ray screens; X-ray high tension generators; X-ray control panels and desks; X-ray examination or treatment tables, chairs and the like
90.23	Hydrometers and similar instruments; thermometers, pyrometers, barometers, hygrometers, psychrometers, recording or not; any combination of these instruments: 3000 Medical thermometers, not for medical apparatus 9999 Other
97.04	Equipment for parlour, table and funfair games for adults or children (including billiard tables and pintables and table-tennis requisites): 9900 Other

ANNEX D

relating to the quantitative restrictions referred to in Article 5 of Protocol 2

Timetable for the abolition of quantitative restrictions

Not later than 1 January 1980	20% ⁽¹⁾
Not later than 1 January 1982	40% ⁽¹⁾
Not later than 1 January 1983	60% ⁽¹⁾
Not later than 1 January 1984	80% ⁽¹⁾
Not later than 1 January 1985	100% ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Of the total value of imports from the Community in 1973 of products in List C.

ANNEX E

relating to the products referred to in Article 6 of Protocol 2

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Final duties
17.04	Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa: 9900 Other, i.i.c.	Is. £ 0.45/kg
19.02	Preparations of flour, meal, starch or malt extract, of a kind used as infant food or for dietetic or culinary purposes, containing less than 50% by weight of cocoa: 9900 Other	10%
19.05	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (puffed rice, cornflakes and similar products)	10%
19.07	Bread, ships' biscuits and other ordinary bakers' wares, not containing added sugar, honey, eggs, fats, cheese or fruit: 1000 Crispbread (knaeckerbrod)	10%
35.05	Dextrins and dextrin glues; soluble or roasted starches; starch glues: 1000 Dextrins, other than dextrin glues 9900 Other	10% 10%

ANNEX F

relating to the agricultural products referred to in Article 7 (1) of Protocol 2

Israel Customs Tariff heading No	Description	Final duties
07.01	Vegetables, fresh or chilled: 3000 Garlic	25 %
07.05	Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split: 9900 Other	15 %
08.03	Figs, fresh or dried: 2000 Dried	20 %
08.04	Grapes, fresh or dried: 2000 Dried	20 %
08.05	Nuts other than those falling within heading No 08.01, fresh or dried, shelled or not: 3090 Other, i.i.c.	25 %
11.02	Cereal groats and cereal meal; other worked cereal grains (for example, rolled, flaked, polished, pearled or kibbled, but not further prepared), except husked, glazed, polished or broken rice; germ of cereals, whole, rolled, flaked or ground: 2031 Oat flakes	20 %
11.08	Starches; inulin: 1000 Starch and inulin, technical	25 %
16.04	Prepared or preserved fish, including caviar and caviar substitutes: 3000 Spiced or pickled herrings, in barrels, other than pickled in vinegar	20 %
17.02	Other sugars; sugar syrups; artificial honey (whether or not mixed with natural honey); caramel: 2010 Glucose, cerelese and dextrose, in a liquid state	15 %

PROTOCOL 3

concerning the application of Article 2 (3) of the Agreement

TITLE I

Definition of the concept of 'originating products'

Article 1

For the purpose of implementing the Agreement, the following products, on condition that they were transported directly within the meaning of Article 5, shall be considered as:

1. products originating in the Community:
 - (a) products wholly obtained in the Community,
 - (b) products obtained in the Community in the manufacture of which products other than those referred to in (a) are used, provided that the said products have undergone sufficient working or processing within the meaning of Article 3. This condition shall not apply, however, to products which, within the meaning of this Protocol, originate in Israel;
2. products originating in Israel:
 - (a) products wholly obtained in Israel,
 - (b) products obtained in Israel in the manufacture of which products other than those referred to in (a) are used, provided that the said products have undergone sufficient working or processing within the meaning of Article 3. This condition shall not apply, however, to products which, within the meaning of this Protocol, originate in the Community.

The products in List C shall be temporarily excluded from the scope of this Protocol.

Article 2

The following shall be considered as 'wholly obtained' either in the Community or in Israel within the meaning of Article 1 (1) (a) and (2) (a).

- (a) mineral products extracted from their soil or from their seabed;
- (b) vegetable products harvested there;

- (c) live animals born and raised there;
- (d) products from live animals raised there;
- (e) products obtained by hunting or fishing conducted there;
- (f) products of sea fishing and other products taken from the sea by their vessels;
- (g) products made aboard their factory ships exclusively from products referred to in subparagraph (f);
- (h) used articles collected there fit only for the recovery of raw materials;
- (i) waste and scrap resulting from manufacturing operations conducted there;
- (j) goods produced there exclusively from products specified in subparagraphs (a) to (i).

Article 3

1. For the purpose of implementing Article 1 (1) (b) and (2) (b), the following shall be considered as sufficient working or processing:
 - (a) working or processing as a result of which the goods obtained receive a classification under a tariff heading other than that covering each of the products worked or processed, except, however, working or processing specified in List A, where the special provisions of that list apply;
 - (b) working or processing specified in List B.

'Sections', 'Chapters' and 'tariff headings' shall mean the Sections, Chapters and headings in the Brussels Nomenclature for the Classification of Goods in Customs Tariffs.

2. When, for a given product obtained, a percentage rule limits in List A and in List B the value of the materials and parts which can be used, the total value of these materials and parts, whether or not they have changed tariff heading in the course of the working, processing or assembly within the limits and under the conditions laid down in each

of those two lists, may not exceed, in relation to the value of the product obtained, the value corresponding either to the common rate, if the rates are identical in both lists, or to the higher of the two if they are different.

3. For the purpose of implementing Article 1 (1) (b) and (2) (b), the following shall always be considered as insufficient working or processing to confer the status of originating products, whether or not there is a change of tariff heading:

- (a) operations to ensure the preservation of merchandise in good condition during transport and storage (ventilation, spreading out, drying, chilling, placing in salt, sulphur dioxide or other aqueous solutions, removal of damaged parts, and like operations);
- (b) simple operations consisting of removal of dust, sifting or screening, sorting, classifying, matching (including the making up of sets of articles), washing, painting, cutting up;
- (c) (i) changes of packing and breaking up and assembly of consignments;
- (ii) simple placing in bottles, flasks, bags, cases, boxes, fixing on cards or boards, etc., and all other simple packaging operations;
- (d) affixing marks, labels or other like distinguishing signs on products or their packaging;
- (e) simple mixing of products, whether or not of different kinds, where one or more components of the mixtures do not meet the conditions laid down in this Protocol to enable them to be considered as originating either in the Community or in Israel;
- (f) simple assembly of parts of articles to constitute a complete article;
- (g) a combination of two or more operations specified in subparagraphs (a) to (f);
- (h) slaughter of animals.

Article 4

Where the Lists A and B referred to in Article 3 provide that goods obtained in the Community or in Israel shall be considered as originating therein only if the value of the products worked or processed does not exceed a given percentage of the value of

the goods obtained, the values to be taken into consideration for determining such percentage shall be:

- on the one hand,
 - as regards products whose importation can be proved, their customs value at the time of importation;
 - as regards products of undetermined origin, the earliest ascertainable price paid for such products in the territory of the Contracting Party where manufacture takes place;
- and on the other hand,
 - the ex-works price of the goods obtained, less internal taxes refunded or refundable on exportation.

Article 5

Originating products whose transport is effected without entering into a territory other than that of the Contracting Parties are considered as transported directly from the Community to Israel or from Israel to the Community. However, goods originating in Israel or in the Community and constituting one single shipment which is not split up may be transported through territory other than that of the Contracting Parties with, should the occasion arise, transshipment or temporary warehousing in such territory, provided that the crossing of the latter territory is justified for geographical reasons, that the goods have remained under the surveillance of the customs authorities in the country of transit or of warehousing, that they have not entered into the commerce of such countries nor been delivered for home use there and have not undergone operations other than unloading, reloading or any operation designed to preserve them in good condition.

TITLE II

Arrangements for administrative cooperation

Article 6

1. Originating products within the meaning of this Protocol shall, on import into the Community or into Israel, benefit from the Agreement upon submission of a movement certificate EUR. 1, a specimen of which is given in Annex V to this Protocol, issued by the customs authorities of Israel or of the Member States of the Community.

However, originating products within the meaning of this Protocol which are sent by post (including

parcel post) shall, provided that the consignments contain only originating products and the value does not exceed 1 000 units of account per consignment, benefit from the Agreement on import into the Community or Israel on presentation of form EUR. 2 a specimen of which is given in Annex VI to this Protocol.

The unit of account (u.a.) has a value of 0.88867088 g of fine gold. Should the unit of account be changed, the Contracting Parties shall make contact with each other at Joint Committee level to redefine the value in terms of gold.

2. Without prejudice to Article 3 (3), where, at the request of the person declaring the goods at the customs, a dismantled or non-assembled article falling within Chapter 84 or 85 of the Brussels Nomenclature is imported by instalments on the conditions laid down by the competent authorities, it shall be considered to be a single article and a movement certificate may be submitted for the whole article upon importation of the first instalment.

3. Accessories, spare parts and tools dispatched with a piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle which are part of the normal equipment and included in the price thereof or are not separately invoiced are regarded as one with the piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle in question.

Article 7

A movement certificate EUR. 1 shall be issued only on written application by the exporter. Such application shall be made on the form, of which a specimen is given in Annex V to this Protocol, which shall be completed in accordance with this Protocol.

Article 8

1. A movement certificate EUR. 1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of the exporting State when the goods to which it relates are exported. It shall be made available to the exporter as soon as actual exportation has been effected or ensured.

In exceptional circumstances a movement certificate EUR. 1 may also be issued after the goods to which it relates have been exported if it was not issued at exportation because of errors or involuntary omissions or special circumstances. In this case, the certificate shall bear a special reference to the conditions under which it was issued.

A movement certificate EUR. 1 may be issued only where it can serve as the documentary evidence required for the purpose of implementing the preferential treatment provided for in the Agreement.

2. Applications for a movement certificate EUR. 1 must be preserved for at least two years by the customs authorities of the exporting country.

Article 9

1. A movement certificate EUR. 1 must be submitted, within four months of the date of issue by the customs authorities of the exporting State, to the customs authorities of the importing State where the goods are entered.

2. A movement certificate EUR. 1 which is submitted to the customs authorities of the importing State after the final date for presentation specified in paragraph 1 may be accepted for the purpose of applying preferential treatment, where the failure to submit the certificate by the final date set is due to reasons of *force majeure* or exceptional circumstances.

In other cases of belated presentation, the customs authorities of the importing State may accept the certificates where the goods have been submitted to them before the said final date.

Article 10

Movement certificates EUR. 1 shall be made out on the form of which a specimen is given in Annex V to this Protocol. This form shall be printed in one or more of the languages in which the Agreement is drawn up. Certificates shall be made out in one of these languages and in accordance with the provisions of the domestic law of the exporting State. If they are handwritten, they shall be completed in ink and in capital letters.

Each certificate shall measure 210 × 297 mm. A tolerance of up to plus 8 mm or minus 5 mm in the length may be allowed. The paper used must be sized white writing paper not containing mechanical pulp and weighing not less than 25 g/m². It shall have a printed green guilloche pattern background making any falsification by mechanical or chemical means apparent to the eye.

The Member States of the Community and Israel may reserve the right to print the certificates themselves or may have them printed by approved printers. In the latter case, each certificate must

include a reference to such approval. Each certificate must bear the name and address of the printer or a mark by which the printer can be identified. It shall also bear a serial number, either printed or not, by which it can be identified.

Article 11

Movement certificates EUR. 1 shall be submitted to customs authorities in the importing State, in accordance with the procedures laid down by that State. The said authorities may require a translation of a certificate. They may also require the import declaration to be accompanied by a statement from the importer to the effect that the goods meet the conditions required for the implementation of the Agreement.

Article 12

Form EUR. 2, a specimen of which is given in Annex VI, shall be completed by the exporter. It shall be made out in one of the languages in which the Agreement is drawn up and in accordance with the provisions of the domestic law of the exporting State. If it is handwritten, it must be completed in ink and in capital letters.

Form EUR. 2 shall be composed of two parts, each part being 210 × 148 mm. The paper used shall be sized white writing paper not containing mechanical pulp and weighing not less than 64 g/m². The two parts of form EUR. 2 may be detachable.

The Member States of the Community and Israel may reserve the right to print the forms themselves or may have them printed by approved printers. In the latter case each form must include a reference to such approval. In addition, each part must bear the distinctive sign attributed to the approved printer and a serial number, either printed or not, by which it can be identified.

Article 13

A form EUR. 2 shall be completed for each postal consignment. After completing and signing the two parts of the form, the exporter shall, in the case of consignments by parcel post, attach the two parts to the dispatch note. In the case of consignments by letter post, the exporter shall attach Part 1 firmly to the consignment and insert Part 2 inside it.

These provisions do not exempt the exporters from complying with any other formalities required by customs or postal regulations.

Article 14

1. The Community and Israel shall admit goods sent as small packages to private persons or forming part of travellers' personal luggage as originating products benefiting from the Agreement without requiring the production of a movement certificate EUR. 1, or the completion of a form EUR. 2, provided that such goods are not imported by way of trade and have been declared as meeting the conditions required for the application of these provisions and where there is no doubt as to the veracity of such declaration.

2. Importations which are occasional and consist solely of goods for the personal use of the recipients or travellers or their families shall not be considered as importations by way of trade if it is evident from the nature and quantity of the goods that no commercial purpose is in view. Furthermore, the total value of these goods must not exceed 60 units of account in the case of small packages or 200 units of account in the case of the contents of travellers' personal luggage.

Article 15

1. Goods sent from the Community or from Israel for exhibition in another country and sold after the exhibition for importation into Israel or into the Community shall benefit on importation from the provisions of the Agreement on condition that the goods meet the requirements of this Protocol entitling them to be recognized as originating in the Community or in Israel and provided that it is shown to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:

- (a) an exporter has consigned the goods from the Community or from Israel to the country in which the exhibition is held and has exhibited them there;
- (b) the goods have been sold or otherwise disposed of by that exporter to someone in Israel or in the Community;
- (c) the goods have been consigned during the exhibition or immediately thereafter to Israel or to the Community in the state in which they were sent for exhibition;
- (d) the goods have not, since they were consigned for exhibition, been used for any purpose other than demonstration at the exhibition.

2. A movement certificate EUR. 1 must be produced to the customs authorities in the normal manner. The name and address of the exhibition must be

indicated thereon. Where necessary, additional documentary evidence of the nature of the goods and the conditions under which they have been exhibited may be required.

3. Paragraph 1 shall apply to any trade, industrial, agricultural or crafts exhibition, fair or similar public show or display which is not organized for private purposes in shops or business premises with a view to the sale of foreign goods, and during which the goods remain under customs control.

Article 16

In order to ensure the proper application of the provisions of this Title, the Member States of the Community and Israel shall assist each other, through their respective customs administrations, in checking the authenticity and accuracy of movement certificates EUR. 1 and of the declarations by the exporters on forms EUR. 2.

The Joint Committee shall be authorized to take any decision necessary for the methods of administrative cooperation to be applied at the due time in the Community and in Israel.

Article 17

Penalties shall be imposed on any person who, in order to enable goods to be accepted as eligible for preferential treatment, draws up, or causes to be drawn up, either a document which contains incorrect particulars for the purpose of obtaining a movement certificate EUR. 1 or a form EUR. 2. containing incorrect particulars.

TITLE III

Final provisions

Article 18

1. The Community and Israel shall take any measures necessary to enable movement certificates EUR. 1 as well as forms EUR. 2 to be submitted, in accordance with Articles 11 and 12 of this Protocol, from the day on which the Agreement enters into force.

2. Certificates of type A. IL. 1 and forms A. IL. 2 may be used under the conditions laid down in this Protocol until stocks are exhausted.

Article 19

The Community and Israel shall each take the necessary steps to implement this Protocol.

Article 20

The Explanatory Notes, Lists A, B and C, the specimen movement certificate EUR. 1 and the specimen form EUR. 2 shall form an integral part of this Protocol.

Article 21

Goods which comply with the provisions of Title I and which, on the date of entry into force of the Agreement, are either being transported or being held in the Community or in Israel in temporary storage, in bonded warehouses or in free zones, may be allowed to benefit from the provisions of the Agreement, subject to the submission — within four months of that date — to the customs authorities of the importing State of a movement certificate, drawn up retrospectively by the competent authorities of the exporting State, and of any documents that provide supporting evidence of the conditions of transport.

Article 22

1. Unless the Joint Committee decides otherwise, no drawback or remission of any kind may be granted from customs duties in the Community or in Israel in respect of products referred to in Article 1 of Protocols 1 and 2 and used in manufacture which do not originate in the Community or Israel as from 1 January 1984.

2. In this and the following Articles, the term 'customs duties' also means charges having an equivalent effect to customs duties.

Article 23

1. The provisions of the last sentence of Article 1 (2) (b) shall not apply until 1 July 1977 to products originating in Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom which have been insufficiently worked or processed in Israel, within the meaning of Article 3 (3), when the products obtained are

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imported into the Community as originally constituted.

2. Products originating in the Community obtained in the Community as originally constituted from products originating in Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom as a result of insufficient working or processing, within the meaning of Article 3 (3), shall be subject, when imported into Israel, to the

duties laid down in the Agreement for those three countries.

Article 24

The Joint Committee may decide to amend the provisions of this Protocol.

ANNEX I

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Note 1 — Article 1

The terms 'the Community' or 'Israel' shall also cover the territorial waters of the Member States of the Community or of Israel respectively.

Vessels operating on the high seas, including factory ships, on which fish caught is worked or processed shall be considered as part of the territory of the State to which they belong provided that they satisfy the conditions set out in Explanatory Note 4.

Note 2 — Article 1

In order to determine whether goods originate in the Community or in Israel, it shall not be necessary to establish whether the power and fuel, plant and equipment, and machines and tools used to obtain such goods originate in third countries or not.

Note 3 — Article 1

Packing shall be considered as forming a whole with the goods contained therein. The provision, however, shall not apply to packing which is not of the normal type for the article packed and which has intrinsic utilization value and is of a durable nature, apart from its function as packing.

Note 4 — Article 2 (f)

The term 'their vessels' shall apply only to vessels:

- which are registered or recorded in a Member State of the Community or in Israel;
- which sail under the flag of a Member State of the Community or of Israel;
- which are at least 50% owned by nationals of Member States of the Community or of Israel or by a company with its head office in one of those States, of which the manager or managers, chairman of the board of directors or of the supervisory board and the majority of the members of such boards are nationals of the Member States of the Community or of Israel and of which, in addition, in the case of partnerships or limited companies, at least half the capital belongs to those States or to public bodies or nationals of the said States;
- of which the captain and officers are all nationals of the Member States of the Community or of Israel;
- of which at least 75% of the crew are nationals of the Member States of the Community or of Israel.

Note 5 — Article 4

'Ex-works price' shall mean the price paid to the manufacturer in whose undertaking the last working or processing is carried out, provided the price includes the value of all the products used in manufacture.

'Customs value' shall be understood as meaning the customs value laid down in the Convention concerning the Valuation of Goods for Customs Purposes signed in Brussels on 15 December 1950.

Note 6 — Article 8

Where a movement certificate EUR. 1 relates to goods originally imported from a Member State of the Community or from Israel and re-exported in the same State, the new certificates issued

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by the re-exporting State must show in which State the original movement certificate was issued.

Note 7 — Article 22

'Drawback or remission of any kind granted from customs duties' shall mean any arrangement for refund or remission, partial or complete, of customs duties applicable to products used in manufacture, provided that the said provision concedes, expressly or in effect, the repayment or non-charging or the non-imposition when goods obtained from the said products are exported but not when they are retained for home use.

ANNEX II

LIST A

List of working or processing operations which result in a change of tariff heading without conferring the status of 'originating products' on the products undergoing such operations, or conferring this status only subject to certain conditions

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
02.06	Meat and edible meat offals (except poultry liver), salted, in brine, dried or smoked	Salting, placing in brine, drying or smoking of meat and edible meat offals of heading Nos 02.01 and 02.04	
03.02	Fish, dried, salted or in brine, smoked fish, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process	Drying, salting, placing in brine; smoking of fish, whether cooked or not	
04.02	Milk and cream, preserved, concentrated or sweetened	Preserving, concentrating, or adding sugar to milk or cream of heading No 04.01	
04.03	Butter	Manufacture from milk or cream	
04.04	Cheese and curd	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 04.01, 04.02 and 04.03	
07.02	Vegetables (whether or not cooked), preserved by freezing	Freezing of vegetables	
07.03	Vegetables, provisionally preserved in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions, but not specially prepared for immediate consumption	Placing in brine or in other solutions of vegetables of heading No 07.01	
07.04	Dried, dehydrated or evaporated vegetables, whole, cut, sliced, broken or in powder, but not further prepared	Drying, dehydration, evaporation cutting, grinding, powdering of vegetables of heading Nos 07.01 to 07.03	
08.10	Fruit (whether or not cooked), preserved by freezing, not containing added sugar	Freezing of fruit	
08.11	Fruit provisionally preserved (for example, by sulphur dioxide gas, in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions), but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption	Placing in brine or in other solutions of fruit of heading Nos 08.01 to 08.09	

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
08.12	Fruit, dried, other than that falling within heading No 08.01, 08.02, 08.03, 08.04 or 08.05	Drying of fruit	
11.01	Cereal flours	Manufacture from cereals	
11.02	Cereal groats and cereal meal; other worked cereal grains (for example, rolled flaked, polished, pearled or kibbled, but not further prepared), except husked, glazed, polished or broken rice; germ of cereals, whole, rolled flaked or ground	Manufacture from cereals	
11.03	Flours of the leguminous vegetables falling within heading No 07.05	Manufacture from dried leguminous vegetables	
11.04	Flours of the fruits falling within any heading in Chapter 8	Manufacture from fruits of Chapter 8	
11.05	Flour, meal and flakes of potato	Manufacture from potatoes	
11.06	Flour and meal of sago and of manioc, arrowroot, salep and other roots and tubers falling within heading No 07.06	Manufacture from products of heading No 07.06	
11.07	Malt, roasted or not	Manufacture from cereals	
11.08	Starches; inulin	Manufacture from cereals of Chapter 10, or from potatoes or other products of Chapter 7	
11.09	Wheat gluten, whether or not dried	Manufacture from wheat or wheat flours	
15.01	Lard, other pigfat and poultry fat, rendered or solvent-extracted	Manufacture from products of heading No 02.05	
15.02	Fats of bovine cattle, sheep or goats, unrendered; rendered or solvent-extracted fats (including 'premier jus') obtained from those unrendered fats	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 02.01 and 02.06	
15.04	Fats and oils, of fish and marine mammals, whether or not refined	Manufacture from fish or marine mammals caught by fishing vessels of third countries	
15.06	Other animal oils and fats (including neat's-foot oil and fats from bones or waste)	Manufacture from products of Chapter 2	

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 15.07	Fixed vegetable oils, fluid or solid, crude, refined or purified, but not including Chinawood oil, myrtlewax, Japan wax or oil of tung nuts, oleococca seeds or oiticia seeds; also not including oils of a kind used in machinery or mechanical appliances or for industrial purposes other than the manufacture of edible products	Manufacture from products of Chapters 7 and 12	
16.01	Sausages and the like, of meat, meat offal or animal blood	Manufacture from products of Chapter 2	
16.02	Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal	Manufacture from products of Chapter 2	
16.04	Prepared or preserved fish, including caviar and caviar substitutes	Manufacture from products of Chapter 3	
16.05	Crustaceans and molluscs, prepared or preserved	Manufacture from products of Chapter 3	
17.02	Other sugars; sugar syrups; artificial honey (whether or not mixed with natural honey); caramel	Manufacture from any product	
17.04	Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa	Manufacture from other products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
17.05	Flavoured or coloured sugars, syrups and molasses, but not including fruit juices containing added sugar in any proportion	Manufacture from other products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
18.06	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
19.01	Malt extract	Manufacture from products of heading No 11.07	
19.02	Preparations of flour, meal, starch or malt extract, of a kind used as infant food or for dietetic or culinary purposes, containing less than 50% by weight of cocoa	Manufacture from cereals and derivatives thereof, meat and milk, or in which the value of products of Chapter 17 used exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products		Manufacture from durum wheat

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
19.04	Tapioca and sago; tapioca and sago substitutes from potato or other starches	Manufacture from potato starch	
19.05	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (puffed rice, cornflakes and similar products)	Manufacture from any product other than of Chapter 17 ⁽¹⁾ or in which the value of the products of Chapter 17 used exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
19.06	Communion wafers, empty cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper, and similar products	Manufacture from products of Chapter 11	
19.07	Bread, ships' biscuits and other ordinary bakers' wares, not containing added sugar, honey, eggs, fats, cheese or fruit	Manufacture from products of Chapter 11	
19.08	Pastry, biscuits, cakes and other fine bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa in any proportion	Manufacture from products of Chapter 11	
20.01	Vegetables and fruit prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid, with or without sugar, whether or not containing salt, spices or mustard	Preserving vegetables, fresh or frozen or preserved temporarily or preserved in vinegar	
20.02	Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid	Preserving vegetables fresh or frozen	
20.03	Fruit preserved by freezing, containing added sugar	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
20.04	Fruits, fruit-peel and parts of plants, preserved by sugar (drained, glacé or crystallized)	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
ex 20.05	Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit purées and fruit pastes, being cooked preparations, containing added sugar	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
20.06	Fruit otherwise prepared or preserved whether or not containing added sugar or spirit:		

⁽¹⁾ This rule does not apply where the use of maize of the 'zea indurata' type or 'durum wheat' is concerned.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
20.06 (cont'd)	A. Nuts		Manufacture, without added sugar or spirit, in which the value of the constituent 'originating products' of heading Nos 08.01, 08.05 and 12.01, represents at least 60% of the value of the manufactured product
	B. Other fruits	Manufactured from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
ex 20.07	Fruit juices (including grape must), whether or not containing added sugar, but unfermented and not containing spirit	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
ex 21.01	Roasted chicory and extracts thereof	Manufacture from chicory roots, fresh or dried	
21.05	Soups and broths in liquid, solid or powder forms; homogenized food preparations	Manufacture from products of heading No 20.02	
22.02	Lemonade, flavoured spa waters and flavoured aerated waters, and other non-alcoholic beverages, not including fruit and vegetable juices falling within heading No 20.07	Manufacture from fruit juices ⁽¹⁾ or in which the value of products of Chapter 17 used exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
22.06	Vermouths, and other wines of fresh grapes flavoured with aromatic extracts	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	
22.08	Ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, undenatured, of a strength of 80° or higher; denatured spirits (including ethyl alcohol and neutral spirits) of any strength	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	
22.09	Spirits (other than those of heading No 22.08); liqueurs and other spirituous beverages; compound alcoholic preparations (known as 'concentrated extracts') for the manufacture of beverages	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	
22.10	Vinegar and substitutes for vinegar	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	

⁽¹⁾ This rule does not apply where fruit juices of pineapple, lime and grapefruit are concerned.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 23.03	Residues from the manufacture of maize starch (excluding concentrated steeping liquours), of a protein content, calculated on the dry product, exceeding 40% dry weight	Manufacture from maize or maize flour	
23.04	Oil cake and other residues (except dregs) resulting from the extraction of vegetable oils	Manufacture from various products	
23.07	Sweetened forage; other preparations of a kind used in animal feeding	Manufacture from cereals and derived products, meat, milk, sugar and molasses	
ex 24.02	Cigarettes, cigars, smoking tobacco		Manufacture from products of heading No 24.01 of which at least 70 % by quantity are 'originating products'
ex 28.38	Aluminium sulphate		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
30.03	Medicaments (including veterinary medicaments)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
31.05	Other fertilizers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
32.06	Colour lakes	Manufacture from materials of heading No 32.04 or 32.05 ⁽¹⁾	
32.07	Other colouring matter; inorganic products of a kind used as luminophores	Mixing of oxides or salts of Chapter 28 with extenders such as barium sulphate, chalk barium carbonate and satin white ⁽¹⁾	
33.05	Aqueous distillates and aqueous solutions of essential oils, including such products suitable for medicinal uses	Manufacture from products of heading No 33.01 ⁽¹⁾	
35.05	Dextrins and dextrin glues; soluble or roasted starches; starch glues		Manufacture from maize or potatoes

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
37.01	Photographic plates and film in the flat, sensitized, unexposed, of any material other than paper, paperboard or cloth	Manufacture from products of heading No 37.02 ⁽¹⁾	
37.02	Film in rolls, sensitized, unexposed, perforated or not	Manufacture from products of heading No 37.01 ⁽¹⁾	
37.04	Sensitized plates and film, exposed but not developed, negative or positive	Manufacture from products of heading No 37.01 or 37.02 ⁽¹⁾	
38.11	Disinfectants, insecticides, fungicides, weed-killers, anti-sprouting products, rat poisons and similar products, put up in forms or packings for sale by retail or as preparations or as articles (for example, sulphur-treated bands, wicks and candles, fly-papers)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
38.12	Prepared glazings, prepared dressings and prepared mordants, of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
38.13	Pickling preparations for metal surfaces; fluxes and other auxiliary preparation for soldering, brazing or welding; soldering, brazing or welding powders and pastes consisting of metal and other materials; preparations of a kind used as cores or coatings for welding rods and electrodes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 38.14	Anti-knock preparations, oxidation inhibitors, gum inhibitors, viscosity improvers, anti-corrosive preparations and similar prepared additives for mineral oils, excluding prepared additives for lubricants		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
38.15	Prepared rubber accelerators		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
38.17	Preparations and charges for fire-extinguishers; charged fire-extinguishing grenades		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
38.18	Composite solvents and thinners for varnishes and similar products		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 38.19	<p>Chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included; residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not elsewhere specified or included, excluding:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Fusel oil and Dippel's oil; — Naphthenic acids and their non-water-soluble salts, esters of naphthenic acids; — Sulphonaphthenic acids and their non-water-soluble salts; esters of sulphonaphthenic acids; — Petroleum sulphonates, excluding petroleum sulphonates of alkali metals, of ammonium or of ethanolamines, thiophenated sulphonic acids bituminous minerals, and their salts; — Mixed alkylbenzenes and mixed alkylnaphthalenes; — Ion exchangers; — Catalysts; — Getters for vacuum tubes; — Refractory cements or mortars and similar preparations; — Alkaline iron oxide for the purification of gas; — Carbon (excluding that in artificial graphite of heading No 38.01) of metallo-graphite or other compounds, in the form of small plates, bars or other semi-manufactures 		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 39.02	Polymerization products		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
39.07	Articles of materials of the kinds described in heading Nos 39.01 to 39.06		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
40.05	Plates, sheets and strip, of unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber, other than smoked sheets and crepe sheets of heading No 40.01 or 40.02; granules of unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber compounded ready for vulcanization; unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber, compounded before or after coagulation either with carbon black (with or without the addition of mineral oil) or with silica (with or without the addition of mineral oil), in any form, of a kind known as masterbatch		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
41.08	Patent leather and imitation patent leather; metallized leather		Varnishing or metallizing of leather of heading Nos 41.02 to 41.07 (other than skin leather of crossed Indian sheep and of Indian goat or kid, not further prepared than vegetable tanned, or if otherwise prepared obviously unsuitable for immediate use in the manufacture of leather articles) in which the value of the leather used does not exceed 5% of the value of the finished product
43.03	Articles of furskin	Making up from furskin in plates, crosses and similar-forms (heading No ex 43.02) ⁽¹⁾	
44.21	Complete wooden packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings		Manufacture from boards not cut to size
45.03	Articles of natural cork		Manufacture from products of heading No 45.01

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
48.06	Paper and paperboard, ruled, lined or squared, but not otherwise printed, in rolls or sheets		Manufacture from paper pulp
48.14	Writing blocks, envelopes, letter cards, plain postcards, correspondence cards; boxes, pouches, wallets and writing compendiums, of paper or paperboard, containing only an assortment of paper stationery		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
48.15	Other paper and paperboard, cut to size or shape		Manufacture from paper pulp
48.16	Boxes, bags and other packing containers, of paper or paperboard		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
49.09	Picture postcards, Christmas and other picture greeting cards, printed by any process, with or without trimmings	Manufacture from products of heading No 49.11	
49.10	Calendars of any kind, of paper or paperboard, including calendar blocks	Manufacture from products of heading No 49.11	
50.04 ⁽¹⁾	Silk yarn, other than yarn of noil or other waste silk, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products other than those of heading No 50.04
50.05 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn spun from silk waste other than noil, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.03
50.06 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn spun from noil silk, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.03
50.07 ⁽¹⁾	Silk yarn and yarn spun from noil or other waste silk, put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03
ex 50.08 ⁽¹⁾	Imitation catgut of silk		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.01 or from products of heading No 50.03 neither carded nor combed

⁽¹⁾ For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
50.09 ⁽¹⁾	Woven fabrics of silk or of waste silk other than noil		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.02 or 50.03
50.10 ⁽¹⁾	Woven fabrics of noil silk		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.02 or 50.03
51.01 ⁽²⁾	Yarn of man-made fibres (continuous), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
51.02 ⁽²⁾	Monofil, strip (artificial straw and the like) and imitation catgut, of man-made fibre materials		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
51.03 ⁽²⁾	Yarn of man-made fibres (continuous), put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
51.04 ⁽¹⁾	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
52.01 ⁽²⁾	Metallized yarn, being textile yarn spun with metal or covered with metal by any process		Manufacture from chemical products, from textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste, neither carded nor combed
52.02 ⁽¹⁾	Woven fabrics of metal thread on of metallized yarn, of a kind used in articles of apparel, as furnishing fabrics or the like		Manufacture from chemical products, from textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste
53.06 ⁽²⁾	Yarn of carded sheep's or lambs' wool (woollen yarn), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 53.01 or 53.03
53.07 ⁽²⁾	Yarn of combed sheep's or lambs' wool (worsted yarn), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 53.01 or 53.03

⁽¹⁾ For fabrics composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

(i) to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;

(ii) to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

⁽²⁾ For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
53.08 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of fine animal hair (carded or combed), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from raw fine animal hair of heading No 53.02
53.09 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of horsehair or of other coarse animal hair, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from raw coarse animal hair of heading No 53.02 or from raw horsehair of heading No 05.03
53.10 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of sheep's or lambs' wool, of horsehair or of other animal hair (fine or coarse), put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 05.03 and 53.01 to 53.04
53.11 ⁽²⁾	Woven fabrics of sheep's or lambs' wool or of fine animal hair		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 53.01 to 53.05
53.12 ⁽¹⁾	Woven fabrics of coarse animal hair other than horsehair		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 53.02 to 53.05
53.13 ⁽²⁾	Woven fabrics of horsehair		Manufacture from horsehair of heading No 05.03
54.03 ⁽¹⁾	Flax or ramie yarn, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture either from products of heading No 54.01 neither carded nor combed or from products of heading No 54.02
54.04 ⁽¹⁾	Flax or ramie yarn, put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading No 54.01 or 54.02
54.05 ⁽²⁾	Woven fabrics of flax or of ramie		Manufacture from materials of heading No 54.01 or 54.02
55.05 ⁽¹⁾	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01 or 55.03
55.06 ⁽¹⁾	Cotton yarn, put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01 or 55.03
55.07 ⁽²⁾	Cotton gauze		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01, 55.03 or 55.04
55.08 ⁽²⁾	Terry towelling and similar terry fabrics, of cotton		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01, 55.03 or 55.04
55.09 ⁽²⁾	Other woven fabrics of cotton		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01, 55.03 or 55.04

⁽¹⁾ For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ For fabrics composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

(i) to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within headings Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;

(ii) to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
56.01	Man-made fibres (discontinuous), not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.02	Continuous filament tow for the manufacture of man-made fibres (discontinuous)		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.03	Waste (including yarn waste and pulled or garnetted rags) of man-made fibres (continuous or discontinuous), not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.04	Man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.05 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.06 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.07 ⁽²⁾	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste)		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 56.01 to 56.03
57.05 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of true hemp		Manufacture from raw true hemp
57.06 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of jute or of other textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03		Manufacture from raw jute, jute tow or from other raw textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03
57.07 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of other vegetable textile fibres		Manufacture from raw vegetable textile fibres of heading No 57.02 or 57.04

⁽¹⁾ For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ For fabrics composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

(i) to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within headings Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;

(ii) to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
57.08	Paper yarn		Manufacture from products of Chapter 47, from chemical products, textile pulp or from natural textile fibres discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste, neither carded nor combed
57.09 ⁽¹⁾	Woven fabrics of true hemp		Manufacture from products of heading No 57.01
57.10 ⁽¹⁾	Woven fabrics of jute or of other textile bast fabrics of heading No 57.03		Manufacture from raw jute, jute tow or from other raw textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03
56.11 ⁽¹⁾	Woven fabrics of other vegetable textile fibres		Manufacture from materials of chemical products, textile pulp or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
57.12	Woven fabrics of paper yarn		Manufacture from paper, from chemical products, textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste
58.01 ⁽²⁾	Carpets, carpeting and rugs, knotted (made up or not)		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 51.01, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04
58.02 ⁽²⁾	Other carpets, carpeting, rugs, mats and matting, and 'Kelem', 'Schumacks' and 'Karamanie' rugs and the like (made up or not)		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 51.01, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03, 57.01 to 57.04 or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07

⁽¹⁾ For fabrics composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

- (i) to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;
- (ii) to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

⁽²⁾ For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which products of the other textile materials of which the mixed product is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

- (i) to 20% where the product in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;
- (ii) to 30% where the product in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
58.04 ⁽¹⁾	Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics (other than terry towelling or similar terry fabrics of cotton of heading No 55.08 and fabrics of heading No 58.05)		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03, 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.05 ⁽¹⁾	Narrow woven fabrics, and narrow fabrics (bolduc) consisting of warp without weft assembled by means of an adhesive, other than goods falling within heading No 58.06		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.06 ⁽¹⁾	Woven labels, badges and the like, not embroidered, in the piece, in strips or cut to shape or size		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.07 ⁽¹⁾	Chenille yarn (including flock chenille yarn), gimped yarn (other than metallized yarn of heading No 53.01 and gimped horsehair yarn); braids and ornamental trimmings in the piece; tassels, pompons and the like		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.08 ⁽¹⁾	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), plain		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.09 ⁽¹⁾	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), figured; hand or mechanically made lace, in the piece, in strips or in motifs		Manufacture from material of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.10	Embroidery, in the piece, in strips or in motifs		Manufacture in which the value of the product used does not exceed 50% of the value of finished product
59.01 ⁽¹⁾	Wadding and articles of wadding; textile flock and dust and mill neps		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp
59.02 ⁽¹⁾	Felt and articles of felt, whether or not impregnated or coated		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp

⁽¹⁾ For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which products of the other textile materials of which the mixed product is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

(i) to 20% where the product in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;

(ii) to 30% where the product in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 59.02 ⁽¹⁾	Needled felt and articles of needled felt, whether or not impregnated or coated		Manufacture from fibre or continuous polypropylene filament of which the denomination of the filaments is less than 8 denier and of which the value does not exceed 40% of the finished product
59.03 ⁽¹⁾	Bonded fibre fabrics, similar bonded yarn fabrics, and articles of such fabrics, whether or not impregnated or coated		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp
59.04 ⁽¹⁾	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, plaited or not		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
59.05 ⁽¹⁾	Nets and netting made of twine, cordage or rope, and made up fishing nets of yarn, twine, cordage or rope		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
59.06 ⁽¹⁾	Other articles made from yarn, twine, cordage, rope or cables, other than textile fabrics and articles made from such fabrics		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
59.07	Textile fabrics coated with gum or amylaceous substances of a kind used for the outer covers of books and the like; tracing cloth; prepared painting canvas; buckram and similar fabrics for hat foundations and similar uses		Manufacture from yarn
59.08	Textile fabrics impregnated, coated, covered or laminated with preparations of cellulose derivatives or of other artificial plastic materials		Manufacture from yarn
59.09	Textile fabrics coated or impregnated with oil or preparations with a basis of drying oil		Manufacture from yarn
59.10 ⁽¹⁾	Linoleum and materials prepared on a textile base in a similar manner to linoleum, whether or not cut to shape or of a kind used as floor coverings; floor coverings consisting of a coating applied on a textile base, cut to shape or not		Manufacture either from yarn or from textile fibres

⁽¹⁾ For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which products of the other textile materials of which the mixed product is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

(i) to 20% where the product in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;

(ii) to 30% where the product in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
59.11	Rubberized textile fabrics, other than rubberized knitted or crocheted goods		Manufacture from yarn
59.12	Textile fabrics otherwise impregnated or coated; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio backcloths or the like		Manufacture from yarn
59.13 ⁽¹⁾	Elastic fabrics and trimmings (other than knitted or crocheted goods) consisting of textile materials combined with rubber threads		Manufacture from single yarn
59.15 ⁽¹⁾	Textile hosepiping and similar tubing, with or without lining, armour or accessories of other materials		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
59.16 ⁽¹⁾	Transmission, conveyor or elevator belts or belting, of textile material; whether or not strengthened with metal or other material		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
59.17 ⁽¹⁾	Textile fabrics and textile articles, of a kind commonly used in machinery or plant		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
ex Chapter 60 ⁽¹⁾	Knitted and crocheted goods, excluding knitted or crocheted goods obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from natural fibres, carded or combed, from materials of heading Nos 56.01 to 56.03, from chemical products or textile pulp
ex 60.02	Gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which products of the other textile materials of which the mixed product is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased

(i) to 20% where the product in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;

(ii) to 30% where the product in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

⁽²⁾ Trimmings and accessories used (excluding linings and interlining) which change tariff heading do not remove the originating status of the product obtained if their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 60.03	Stockings, under stockings, socks, anklesocks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾
ex 60.04	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾
ex 60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾
ex 60.06	Other articles, knitted or crocheted, elastic or rubberized (including elastic knee-caps and elastic stockings), obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾
61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
61.01	Fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from uncoated cloth of which the value does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments, not embroidered		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.02	Fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from uncoated cloth of which the value does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Trimmings and accessories used (excluding linings and interlinings) which change tariff heading do not remove the originating status of the product obtained if their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from printed fabric in accordance with the conditions shown in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
61.04	Women's, girls' and infants' under garments		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.05	Handkerchiefs, not embroidered		Manufacture from unbleached single yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
ex 61.05	Handkerchiefs, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
ex 61.06	Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like, not embroidered		Manufacture from unbleached single yarn of natural textile fibres or discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste, or from chemical products or textile pulp ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.06	Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 10% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
61.07	Ties, bow ties and cravats		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.08	Collars, tuckers, fallals, bodice-fronts, jabots, cuffs, flounces, yokes and similar accessories and trimmings for women's and girls' garments, not embroidered		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.08	Collars, tuckers, fallals, bodice-fronts, jabots, cuffs, flounces, yokes and similar accessories and trimmings for women's and girls' garments, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
61.09	Corsets, corset-belts, suspender-belts, brassières, braces, suspenders, garters and the like (including such articles of knitted or crocheted fabric), whether or not elastic		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
61.10	Gloves, mittens, mitts, stockings, socks and sockettes, not being knitted or crocheted goods		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Trimmings and accessories used (excluding linings and interlining) which change tariff heading do not remove the originating status of the product obtained if their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from printed fabric in accordance with the conditions shown in List B.

⁽³⁾ For products obtained from two or more textile materials, this rule does not apply to one or more of the mixed textile materials if its or their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 61.10	Fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from uncoated cloth of which the value does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
61.11	Made up accessories for articles of apparel (for example, dress shields, shoulder and other pads, belts, muffs, sleeve protectors, pockets)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
62.01	Travelling rugs and blankets		Manufacture from unbleached yarn of Chapters 50 to 56 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
ex 62.02	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles; not embroidered		Manufacture from unbleached single yarn ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
ex 62.02	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles; embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
62.03	Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods		Manufacture from chemical products, textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
62.04	Tarpaulins, sails, awnings, sun-blinds, tents and camping goods		Manufacture from single unbleached yarn ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
62.05	Other made up textile articles (including dress patterns)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
64.01	Footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or artificial plastic material	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	

⁽¹⁾ Trimmings and accessories used (excluding linings and interlining) which change tariff heading do not remove the originating status of the product obtained if their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from printed fabric in accordance with the conditions shown in List B.

⁽³⁾ For products obtained from two or more textile materials, this rule does not apply to one or more of the mixed textile materials if its or their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
64.02	Footwear with outer soles of leather or composition leather; footwear (other than footwear falling within heading No 64.01) with outer soles of rubber or artificial plastic material	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	
64.03	Footwear with outer soles of wood or cork	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	
64.04	Footwear with outer soles of other materials	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	
65.03	Felt hats and other felt headgear, being headgear made from the felt hoods and plateaux falling within heading No 65.01, whether or not lined or trimmed		Manufacture from textile fibres
65.05	Hats and other headgear (including hair nets), knitted or crocheted, or made up from lace, felt or other textile fabric in the piece (but not from strips), whether or not lined or trimmed		Manufacture either from yarn or from textile fibres
66.01	Umbrellas and sunshades (including walking-stick umbrellas, umbrella tents, and garden and similar umbrellas)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 70.07	Cast, rolled, drawn or blown glass (including flashed or wired glass) cut to shape other than rectangular shape, or bent or otherwise worked (for example, edge worked or engraved) whether or not surface ground or polished; multiple-walled insulating glass	Manufacture from drawn, cast or rolled glass of heading Nos 70.04 to 70.06	

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
70.08	Safety glass consisting of toughened or laminated glass, shaped or not	Manufacture from drawn, cast or rolled glass of heading Nos 70.04 to 70.06	Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
70.09	Glass mirrors (including rear-view mirrors), unframed, framed or backed	Manufacture from drawn, cast or rolled glass of heading Nos 70.04 to 70.06	
71.15	Articles consisting of, or incorporating, pearls, precious or semi-precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstructed)		
73.07	Blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars (including tinplate bars) of iron or steel; pieces roughly shaped by forging, of iron or steel	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.06	
73.08	Iron or steel coils re-rolling	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.07	
73.09	Universal plates of iron or steel	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.07 or 73.08	
73.10	Bars and rods (including wire rod), of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished (including precision-made); hollow mining drill steel	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.07	
73.11	Angles, shapes and sections, of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished; sheet piling of iron or steel, whether or not drilled, punched or made from assembled elements	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 73.07 to 73.10, 73.12 or 73.13	
73.12	Hoop and strip, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 73.07 to 73.09 or 73.13	
73.13	Sheets and plates, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 73.07 to 73.09	
73.14	Iron or steel wire, whether or not coated, but not insulated	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.10	

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
73.16	Railway and tramway track construction material of iron or steel, the following: rails, check-rails, switch blades, crossings (or frogs), crossing pieces, point rods, rack rails, sleepers, fish-plates, chairs, chair wedges, sole plates (base plates), rail clips, bed-plates, ties and other material specialized for joining or fixing rails		Manufacture from products of heading No 73.06
73.18	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of iron (other than of cast iron) or steel, excluding high-pressure hydro-electric conduits		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 73.06 and 73.07 or heading No 73.15 in the forms specified in heading Nos 73.06 and 73.07
74.03	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of copper; copper wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.04	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.05	Copper foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0.15 mm		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.06	Copper powder and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.07	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of copper; hollow bars of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.08	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
74.09	Reservoirs, tanks, vats and similar containers, for any material (other than compressed or liquified gas), of copper, of a capacity exceeding 300 litres, whether or not lined or heat-insulated, but not fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.10	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of copper wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.11	Gauze, cloth, grill, netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials (including endless bands), of copper wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.12	Expanded metal, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.13	Chain and parts thereof, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.14	Nails, tacks, staples, hook-nails, spiked cramps, studs, spikes and drawing pins, of copper, or of iron or steel with heads of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.15	Bolts and nuts (including bolt ends and screw studs), whether or not threaded or tapped, and screws (including screw hooks and screw rings), of copper; rivets, cotters, cotter-pins, washers and spring washers, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.16	Springs, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.17	Cooking and heating apparatus of a kind used for domestic purposes, not electrically operated, and parts thereof, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
74.18	Other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.19	Other articles of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
75.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of nickel; nickel wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
75.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of nickel; nickel foil; nickel powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
75.04	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of nickel; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of nickel		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
75.05	Electro-plating anodes, of nickel, wrought or unwrought, including those produced by electrolysis		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
75.06	Other articles of nickel		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
76.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of aluminium; aluminium wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.04	Aluminium foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0.20 mm		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
76.05	Aluminium powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.06	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of aluminium; hollow bars of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.07	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.08	Structures, complete or incomplete, whether or not assembled, and parts of structures (for example, hangars and other buildings, bridges and bridge-sections, towers, lattice masts, roofs, roofing frameworks, door and window frames, balustrades, pillars and columns), of aluminium; plates, rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.09	Reservoirs, tanks, vats and similar containers, for any material (other than compressed or liquified gas), of aluminium, of a capacity exceeding 300 litres, whether or not lined or heat insulated, but not fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.10	Casks, drums, cans, boxes and similar containers (including rigid and collapsible tubular containers), of aluminium, of a description commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.11	Containers of aluminium for compressed or liquified gas		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.12	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of aluminium wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.13	Gauze, cloth, grill, netting, reinforcing fabric and similar materials, of aluminium wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
76.14	Expanded metal, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.15	Articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.16	Other articles of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
77.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of magnesium; magnesium wire; wrought plates, sheets and strip, of magnesium; magnesium foil; raspings and shavings of uniform size, powders and flakes, of magnesium; tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of magnesium; hollow bars of magnesium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
77.03	Other articles of magnesium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
78.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of lead; lead wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
78.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of lead		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
78.04	Lead foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a weight (excluding any backing) not exceeding 1 700 km/m ² ; lead powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
78.05	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of lead; hollow bars and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets, flanges and S-bends)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
78.06	Other articles of lead		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
79.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of zinc; zinc wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
79.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of zinc; zinc foil; zinc powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
79.04	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of zinc; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of zinc		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
79.05	Gutters, roof capping, skylight frames, and other fabricated building components, of zinc		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
79.06	Other articles of zinc		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
80.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of tin; tin wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
80.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of tin		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
80.04	Tin foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a weight (excluding any backing) not exceeding 1 kg/m ² ; tin powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
80.05	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of tin; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of tin		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
82.05	Interchangeable tools for hand tools, for machine tools or for power-operated hand tools (for example, for pressing, stamping, drilling, tapping, threading, boring, broaching, milling, cutting, turning, dressing, morticing or screwdriving), including dies for wire drawing, extrusion dies for metal, and rock drilling bits		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
82.06	Knives and cutting blades, for machines or for mechanical appliances		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
ex Chapter 84	Boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances and parts thereof, excluding refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other) (No 84.15) and sewing machines, including furniture specially designed for sewing machines (ex No 84.41)		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
84.15	Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other)		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽²⁾ used are originating products

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

⁽²⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of products, materials and parts other than those referred to under (a), the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 - (i) the value of imported products,
 - (ii) the value of products of undetermined origin.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 84.41	Sewing machines, including furniture for sewing machines		<p>Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that:</p> <p>(a) at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used for the assembly of the head (motor excluded) are originating products, and</p> <p>(b) the thread tension, crochet and zigzag mechanisms are originating products</p>
ex Chapter 85	Electrical machinery and equipment; parts thereof; excluding products of heading No 85.14 or 85.15		<p>Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating material and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product</p>
85.14	Microphones and stands therefor; loudspeakers; audio-frequency electric amplifiers		<p>Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that:</p> <p>(a) at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products, and</p> <p>(b) the value of the non originating transistors used does not exceed 3% of the value of the finished product ⁽²⁾</p>

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of products, materials and parts, other than those referred to under (a), the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
- (i) the value of imported products,
 - (ii) the value of products of undetermined origin.

⁽²⁾ This percentage is not cumulative with the 40%.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
85.15	Radiotelegraphic and radio-telephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that: (a) at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products, and (b) the value of the non-originating transistors used does not exceed 3% of the value of the finished product ⁽²⁾
Chapter 86	Railway and tramway locomotives, rolling-stock and parts thereof; railway and tramway track fixtures and fittings; traffic signalling equipment of all kinds (not electrically powered)		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
ex Chapter 87	Vehicles, other than railway or tramway rolling-stock, and parts thereof, excluding products of heading No 87.09		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
87.09	Motor-cycles, autocycles and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor, with or without side-cars; side-cars of all kinds		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
ex Chapter 90	Optical, photographic cinematographic, measuring, checking, precision, medical and surgical instruments and apparatus and parts thereof, excluding products of heading No 90.05, 90.07, 90.08, 90.12 or 90.26		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

(a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;

(b) in respect of products, materials and parts, other than those referred to under (a), the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:

(i) the value of imported products,

(ii) the value of products of undetermined origin.

⁽²⁾ This percentage is not cumulative with the 40%.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
90.05	Refracting telescopes (monocular and binocular), prismatic or not		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
90.07	Photographic cameras; photographic flashlight apparatus		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
90.08	Cinematographic cameras projectors, sound recorders and sound reproducers; any combination of these articles		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
90.12	Compound optical microscopes, whether or not provided with means for photographing or projecting the image		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
90.26	Gas, liquid and electricity supply or production meters; calibrating meters therefor		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of products, materials and parts, other than those referred to under (a), the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 - (i) the value of imported products,
 - (ii) the value of products of undetermined origin.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex Chapter 91	Clocks and watches and parts thereof, excluding products of heading No 91.04 or 91.08		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
91.04	Other clocks		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
91.08	Clock movements, assembled		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
ex Chapter 92	Musical instruments; sound recorders and reproducers; television image and sound recorders and reproducers, magnetic; parts and accessories of such articles; excluding products of heading No 92.11		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
92.11	Gramophones, dictating machines and other sound recorders and reproducers, including record players and tape decks, with or without sound-heads; television image and sound recorders and reproducers, magnetic		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that: (a) at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products, and (b) the value of the non-originating transistors used does not exceed 3% of the value of the finished product ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of products, materials and parts, other than those referred to under (a), the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 - (i) the value of imported products,
 - (ii) the value of products of undetermined origin.

⁽²⁾ This percentage is not cumulative with the 40%.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
Chapter 93	Arms and ammunition; parts thereof		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
96.02	Other brooms and brushes (including brushes of a kind used as parts of machines); paint rollers; squeegees (other than roller squeegees) and mops		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
97.03	Other toys; working models of a kind used for recreational purposes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
98.01	Buttons and button moulds, studs, cuff-links, and press-fasteners, including snap fasteners and press-studs; blanks and parts of such articles		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
98.08	Typewriter and similar ribbons, whether or not on spools; ink-pads, with or without boxes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

ANNEX III

LIST B

List of working or processing operations which do not result in a change of tariff heading, but which do confer the status of 'originating products' on the products undergoing such operations

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
		Incorporation of non-originating materials and parts in boilers, machinery, mechanical appliances, etc., of Chapters 84 to 92 in boilers and radiators of heading No 73.37 and in the products contained in heading Nos 97.07 and 98.03 does not make such products lose their status of originating products, provided that the value of these products does not exceed 5% of the value of the finished product
13.02	Shellac, seed lac, stick lac and other lacs; natural gums, resins, gum-resins and balsams	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 15.10	Fatty alcohols	Manufacture from fatty acids
ex 21.03	Prepared mustard	Manufacture from mustard flour
ex 22.09	Whisky of an alcoholic strength of less than 50°	Manufacture from alcohol deriving exclusively from the distillation of cereals and in which the value of the non-originating constituent products does not exceed 15% of the value of the manufactured product
ex 25.09	Earth colours, calcined or powdered	Crushing and calcination or powdering of earth colours
ex 25.15	Marble squared by sawing, of a thickness not exceeding 25 cm	Sawing into slabs or sections, polishing, grinding and cleaning of marble, including marble not further worked than roughly split, roughly squared or squared by sawing, of a thickness exceeding 25 cm
ex 25.16	Granite, porphyry, basalt, sandstone and other monumental and building stone, squared by sawing, of a thickness not exceeding 25 cm	Sawing of granite, porphyry, basalt, sandstone and other building stone, including such stone not further worked than roughly split, roughly squared or squared by sawing, of a thickness exceeding 25 cm
ex 25.18	Calcined dolomite; agglomerated dolomite (including tarred dolomite)	Calcination of unworked dolomite
Chapters 28 to 37	Products of the chemical and allied industries excluding calcined, crushed and powdered natural aluminium calcium phosphates, treated thermally, (ex 31.03) and essential oils other than of citrus fruit, terpeneless (ex 33.01)	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating products used does not exceed 20% of the value of the finished product

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Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 31.03	Calcined, crushed and powdered natural aluminium calcium phosphates, treated thermally	Crushing and powdering of calcined natural aluminium calcium phosphates, treated thermally
ex 33.01	Essential oils other than of citrus fruit, terpeneless	Deterpenation of essential oils other than of citrus fruit
ex Chapter 38	Miscellaneous chemical products, other than refined tall oil (ex 38.05) and sulphate turpentine, refined	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating materials used does not exceed 20% of the value of the finished product
ex 38.05	Refined tall oil	Refining of crude tall oil
ex 38.07	Sulphate turpentine, purified	Purification consisting of the distillation or refining of raw sulphate turpentine
ex Chapter 39	Artificial plastic materials, cellulose ethers and esters, artificial resins and articles made of these materials, excepting films of ionomers (ex 39.02)	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating materials used does not exceed 20% of the value of the finished product
ex 39.02	Ionomer film	Manufacture from a thermoplastic partial salt which is a copolymer of ethylene and metacrylic acid partly neutralized with metal ions, mainly zinc and sodium
ex 40.01	Slabs of crepe rubber for soles	Lamination of crepe sheets of natural rubber
ex 40.07	Rubber thread and cord, textile-covered	Manufacture from rubber thread or cord
ex 41.01	Sheep- and lamb-skins without the wool	Removing wool from sheep- and lamb-skins in the wool
ex 41.02	Retanned bovine cattle leather (including buffalo leather) and equine leather, except leather of heading Nos 41.06 to 41.08	Retanning of bovine cattle leather (including buffalo leather) and equine leather, not further prepared than tanned
ex 41.03	Retanned sheep- and lamb-skin leather, except leather of heading Nos 41.06 to 41.08	Retanning of sheep- and lamb-skin leather, not further prepared than tanned
ex 41.04	Retanned goat and kid skin leather, except leather of heading Nos 41.06 to 41.08	Retanning of goat and kid skin leather, not further prepared than tanned
ex 41.05	Other kinds of retanned leather, except leather of heading Nos 41.06 to 41.08	Retanning of other kinds of leather, not further prepared than tanned
ex 43.02	Assembled furskins	Bleaching, dyeing, dressing, cutting and assembling of tanned or dressed furskins
ex 50.03	Silk waste carded or combed	Carding or combing waste silk

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 50.09 ex 50.10 ex 51.04 ex 53.11 ex 53.12 ex 53.13 ex 54.05 ex 55.07 ex 55.08 ex 55.09 ex 56.07	Printed fabrics	Printing accompanied by finishing operations (bleaching, dressing, drying, steaming, burling, mending, impregnating, sanforizing, mercerizing) of fabrics the value of which does not exceed 47.50% of the value of the finished product
ex 59.14	Incandescent gas mantles	Manufacture from tubular gas mantle fabric
ex 68.03	Articles of slate, including articles of agglomerated slate	Manufacture of articles of slate
ex 68.13	Articles of asbestos; articles of mixtures with a basis of asbestos or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate	Manufacture of articles of asbestos or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos, or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate
ex 68.15	Articles of mica, including bonded mica splittings on a support of paper or fabric	Manufacture of articles of mica
ex 70.10	Cut-glass bottles	Cutting of bottles the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
70.13	Glassware (other than articles falling in heading No 70.19) of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes, for indoor decoration, or similar uses	Cutting of glassware the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product or decoration, with the exception of silk-screen printing, carried out entirely by hand, of hand-blown glassware the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 70.20	Articles made from glass fibre	Manufacture from unworked glass fibre
ex 71.02	Precious and semi-precious stones, cut or otherwise worked, but not mounted, set or strung (except ungraded stones temporarily strung for convenience of transport)	Manufacture from unworked precious and semi-precious stones
ex 71.03	Synthetic or reconstructed precious or semi-precious stones, cut or otherwise worked, but not mounted, set or strung (except ungraded stones temporarily strung for convenience of transport)	Manufacture from unworked synthetic or reconstructed precious or semi-precious stones
ex 71.05	Silver and silver alloys, including silver gilt and platinum-plated silver, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought silver and silver alloys
ex 71.05	Silver, including silver gilt and platinum-plated silver, unwrought	Alloying or electrolytic separation of unwrought silver and silver alloys

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Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 71.06	Rolled silver, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought rolled silver
ex 71.07	Gold, including platinum-plated gold, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought gold, including platinum-plated gold
ex 71.07	Gold, including platinum-plated gold, unwrought	Alloying or electrolytic separation of unwrought gold or gold alloys
ex 71.08	Rolled gold on base metal or silver, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought rolled gold on base metal or silver
ex 71.09	Platinum and other metals of the platinum group, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought platinum or other metals of the platinum group
ex 71.09	Platinum and other metals of the platinum group, unwrought	Alloying or electrolytic separation of unwrought platinum or other metals of the platinum group
ex 71.10	Rolled platinum or other platinum group metals, on base metal or precious metal, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought rolled platinum or other unwrought platinum group metals or precious metal
ex 73.15	Alloy steel and high carbon steel: — in the forms mentioned in heading Nos 73.07 to 73.13 — in the forms mentioned in heading No 73.14	Manufacture from products in the forms mentioned in heading No 73.06 Manufacture from products in the forms mentioned in heading No 73.06 or 73.07
74.01	Unrefined copper (blister copper and other)	Smelting of copper matte
ex 74.01	Refined copper	Fire-refining or electrolytic refining of unrefined copper (blister copper and other), copper waste or scrap
ex 74.01	Copper alloy	Fusion and thermal treatment of refined copper, copper waste or scrap
ex 75.01	Unwrought nickel (excluding electro-plating anodes of heading No 75.05)	Refining by electrolysis, by fusion or chemically, of nickel mattes, nickel speiss and other intermediate products of nickel metallurgy
ex 75.01	Unwrought nickel except nickel alloys	Refining of waste by electrolysis, by melting or by chemical means of waste and scrap

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 76.01	Unwrought aluminium	Manufacture by thermal or electrolytic treatment of unalloyed aluminium and scrap
ex 77.04	Beryllium wrought	Rolling, drawing or grinding of unwrought beryllium the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 78.01	Refined lead	Manufacture by thermal refining from bullion lead
ex 81.01	Tungsten, wrought	Manufacture from unwrought tungsten the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 81.02	Molybdenum, wrought	Manufacture from unwrought molybdenum the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 81.03	Tantalum, wrought	Manufacture from unwrought tantalum the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 81.04	Other base metals, wrought	Manufacture from other base metals, unwrought the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 83.06	Indoor ornaments made from base metals other than statuettes	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating materials used does not exceed 30% of the value of the finished product
84.06	Internal combustion piston engines	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
ex 84.08	Engines and motors, excluding reaction engines and gas turbines	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
84.16	Calendering and similar rolling machines (other than metal-working and metal-rolling machines and glass working machines) and cylinders thereof	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, other than those referred to under (a), the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 - the value of imported products,
 - the value of products of undetermined origin.

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Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 84.17	Machinery, plant and similar laboratory equipment, whether or not electrically heated, for the treatment of materials by a process involving a change of temperature, for wood, paper pulp, paper and paperboard manufacturing industries	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product
84.31	Machinery for making or finishing cellulosic pulp, paper or paperboard	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product
84.33	Paper or paperboard cutting machines of all kinds; other machinery for making up paper pulp, paper or paperboard	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product
ex 84.41	Sewing machines, including furniture specially designed for sewing machines	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) at least 50% of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used for assembly of the head (motor excluded) are originating products, and (b) the thread tension, crochet and zigzag mechanisms are originating products
85.14	Microphones and stands therefor; loudspeakers; audiofrequency electric amplifiers	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product and provided that at least 50% of the materials and parts used are originating products ⁽²⁾
85 15	Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio, broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product and provided that at least 50% of the materials and parts used are originating products ⁽²⁾
87.06	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of heading Nos 87.01 to 87.03	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 15% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, in case of sale, for the said products in the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of products, materials and parts, other than those referred to under (a), the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 - (i) the value of imported products,
 - (ii) the value of products of undetermined origin.

⁽²⁾ The application of this rule must not have the effect of allowing the exceeding of the percentage of 3 % for the originating transistors laid down in List A for the same tariff heading.

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 94.01	Chairs and other seats (other than those falling within heading No 94.02) whether or not convertible into beds, made of base metals	Working, processing or assembly in which unstuffed cotton cloth is used of a weight of 300 gr/m ² or less in the form ready to use, of which the value does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
ex 94.03	Other furniture of base metal	Working, processing or assembly in which unstuffed cotton cloth is used of a weight of 300 gr/m ² or less in the form ready to use of which the value does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
ex 95.01	Articles of tortoise-shell	Manufacture from worked tortoise-shell
ex 95.02	Articles of mother or pearl	Manufacture from worked mother of pearl
ex 95.03	Articles of ivory	Manufacture from worked ivory
ex 95.04	Articles of bone (excluding whalebone)	Manufacture from worked bone (excluding whalebone)
ex 95.05	Articles of horn, coral (natural or agglomerated) or of other animal carving material	Manufacture from worked horn, coral (natural or agglomerated) or other animal carving material
ex 95.06	Articles of vegetable carving material (for example, corozo)	Manufacture from worked vegetable carving material (for example, corozo)
ex 95.07	Articles of jet (and mineral substitutes for jet), amber, meerschaum, agglomerated amber and agglomerated meerschaum	Manufacture from worked jet (and mineral substitutes for jet), amber, meerschaum, agglomerated amber and agglomerated meerschaum
ex 98.11	Smoking pipes, pipe bowls, of wood, root or other materials	Manufacture from roughly shaped blocks

⁽¹⁾ This rule does not apply when the general rule of change of tariff heading is applied to the other non-originating parts which are part of the composition of the final product.

ANNEX IV

LIST C

List of products from the scope of this Protocol

CCT heading No	Description
ex 27.07	Assimilated aromatic oils as defined in Note 2 to Chapter 27, of which more than 65% by volume distils at a temperature of up to 250° C (including mixtures of petroleum spirit and benzole), for use as power or heating fuels
27.09 to 27.16	} Mineral oils and products of their distillation; bituminous substances; mineral waxes
ex 29.01	Hydrocarbons: — acyclic — cyclanes and cyclenes, excluding azulenes — benzene, toluene, xylenes for use as power or heating fuels
ex 34.03	Lubricating preparations containing petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, but not including preparations containing 70 % or more by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals
ex 34.04	Waxes with a basis of paraffin, of petroleum waxes, of waxes obtained from bituminous minerals, of slack wax or of scale wax
ex 38.14	Prepared additives for lubricants

ANNEX V

MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE

1. Exporter (Name, full address, country)	EUR.1 No A 000.000		
	See notes overleaf before completing this form		
3. Consignee (Name, full address, country) (Optional)	2. Certificate used in preferential trade between and (insert appropriate countries, groups of countries or territories)		
	4. Country, group of countries or territory of exportation	5. Country, group of countries or territory of destination	
6. Transport details (Optional)	7. Remarks		
8. Item number; marks and numbers; Number and kind of packages ⁽¹⁾ ; Description of goods	9. Gross weight (kg) or other measure (litres, m ³ , etc.)	10. Invoices (Optional)	
11. CUSTOMS ENDORSEMENT Declaration certified Export document ⁽²⁾	Stamp	12. DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER I, the undersigned, declare that the goods described above meet the conditions required for the issue of the attached certificate.	
Form No Customs office Issuing country or territory Date (Signature)		Place and date: (Signature)	

⁽¹⁾ If goods are not packed, indicate number of articles or state 'in bulk' as appropriate.

⁽²⁾ Complete only where the regulations of the exporting country or territory require.

<p>13. REQUEST FOR VERIFICATION, to</p>	<p>14. RESULT OF VERIFICATION,</p>
<p>Verification of the authenticity and accuracy of this certificate is requested.</p>	<p>Verification carried out shows that this certificate ⁽¹⁾</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> was issued by the customs office indicated and that the information contained therein is accurate.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> does not meet the requirements as to authenticity and accuracy (see remarks appended).</p>
<p>..... (Place and date) Stamp</p>	<p>..... (Place and date) Stamp</p>
<p>..... (Signature)</p>	<p>..... (Signature) ⁽¹⁾ Insert X in the appropriate box.</p>

NOTES

1. Certificates must not contain erasures or words written over one another. Any alterations must be made by deleting the incorrect particulars and adding any necessary corrections. Any such alteration must be initialled by the person who completed the certificate and endorsed by the customs authorities of the issuing country or territory.
2. No spaces must be left between the items entered on the certificate and each item must be preceded by an item number. A horizontal line must be drawn immediately below the last item. Any unused space must be struck through in such a manner as to make any later additions impossible.
3. Goods must be described in accordance with commercial practice and with sufficient detail to enable them to be identified.

APPLICATION FOR A MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE

1. Exporter (Name, full address, country)	EUR. 1 No A 000.000		
See notes overleaf before completing this form			
3. Consignee (Name, full address, country) (Optional)	2. Application for a certificate to be used in preferential trade between and (insert appropriate countries, groups of countries or territories)		
	4. Country, group of countries or territory of exportation	5. Country, group of countries or territory of destination	
	7. Remarks		
6. Transport details (Optional)	8. Item number; marks and numbers; Number and kind of packages (?); Description of goods		
) If goods are not packed, indicate number of articles or state 'in bulk' as appropriate.		9. Gross weight (kg) or other measure (litres, m³, etc.)	10. Invoices (Optional)
12. DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER I, the undersigned, declare that the goods described above meet the conditions required for the issue of the attached certificate. Place and date: (Signature)			

DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER

I, the undersigned, exporter of the goods described overleaf,

DECLARE that the goods meet the conditions required for the issue of the attached certificate;

SPECIFY as follows the circumstances which have enabled these goods to meet the above conditions:

.....

.....

.....

.....

SUBMIT the following supporting documents ⁽¹⁾:

.....

.....

.....

.....

UNDERTAKE to submit, at the request of the appropriate authorities, any supporting evidence which these authorities may require for the purpose of issuing the attached certificate, and undertake, if required, to agree to any inspection of my accounts and to any check on the processes of manufacture of the above goods, carried out by the said authorities;

REQUEST the issue of the attached certificate for these goods.

.....
(Place and date)

.....
(Signature)

⁽¹⁾ For example: import documents, movement certificates, invoices, manufacturer's declarations, etc., referring to the products used in manufacture or to the goods re-exported in the same state.

(*) Verification of the form is made on a sampling basis or whenever the customs authorities of the importing country have reasonable doubt as to the true origin of the goods in question or of constituents thereof.
 The customs authorities of the importing country must send the form to the authorities of the exporting country responsible for verification, specifying the reasons of substance for which justly an inquiry. Wherever possible they must attach to the form the invoice submitted to them or a copy thereof, and give any information which it has been possible to obtain and which suggests that the particulars given in the form are inaccurate.
 If the customs authorities of the importing country decide to suspend the provisions of the Agreement while awaiting the results of the verification, they shall offer to release the goods to the importer subject to such safeguards as may be considered necessary.

<p style="text-align: center;">(*) Place an x where applicable</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p>(Signature of customs officer)</p> <hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/> </div> <div style="width: 10%; text-align: center;"> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 5px;">Official stamp</div> </div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; margin-top: 20px;"> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p>(Place and date of signature)</p> <hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/> </div> <div style="width: 10%; text-align: center;"> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 5px;">Official stamp</div> </div> </div> <div style="margin-top: 20px;"> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Verification carried out by the undersigned customs officer shows that:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> the statements and particulars given in this form are accurate (1);</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> this form does not meet the requirements as to authenticity and accuracy (1) (see remarks appended) (1)</p> </div>	<p style="text-align: center;">(Signature of customs officer)</p> <hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; margin-top: 20px;"> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p>(Place and date of signature)</p> <hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/> </div> <div style="width: 10%; text-align: center;"> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 5px;">Official stamp</div> </div> </div> <p style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">The undersigned customs officer requests that the declaration by the exporter on the front of this form be verified (*)</p>
RESULT OF VERIFICATION	REQUEST FOR VERIFICATION

FORM EUR. 2 No A 000 000

(Part 1)

<p>1 Name and address of exporter</p> <hr/> <p>3 Name and address of consignee</p> <hr/> <p>5 Remarks (*)</p> <hr/> <p>10 Description of goods</p> <hr/>	<p>2 Declaration by the exporter</p> <p>I, the undersigned, exporter of the goods described below and contained in this postal consignment,</p> <p>— DECLARE that the goods are situated in _____ (exporting country) under the conditions necessary for completion of this form in accordance with the provisions governing trade between _____; and that the goods have the status of originating products with meaning of the said provisions;</p> <p>— UNDERTAKE to submit to the appropriate authorities any supporting evidence which these authorities may require and to agree to any inspection by them of my accounts and any check by them on the processes of manufacture of the goods described below.</p> <p>4 Place and date</p> <hr/> <p>6 Signature of exporter</p> <hr/> <p>7</p> <hr/> <p>8 Country of destination</p> <hr/> <p>9 Gross weight</p> <hr/> <p>11 Authorities in the exporting country responsible for verification of the declaration by the exporter</p> <hr/>
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Part 1.

11 Authorities in the exporting country responsible for verification of the declaration by the exporter		10 Description of goods	
		5 Remarks ⁽²⁾	
9 Gross weight	7	3 Name and address of consignee	
8 Country of destination			
6 Signature of exporter		1 Name and address of exporter	
4 Place and date			
2 Declaration by the exporter I, the undersigned, exporter of the goods described below and contained in this postal consignment, — DECLARE that the goods are situated in — UNDER the conditions necessary for completion of this form in accordance with the provisions governing trade between and that the goods have the status of originating products within the meaning of the said provisions; — UNDERTAKE to submit to the appropriate authorities any supporting evidence which these authorities may require and to agree to any inspection by them of my accounts and any check by them on the processes of manufacture of the goods described below.			

Part 1.

FORM EUR.2 No A 000 000 (Part 2)

Footnotes for both forms

- (1) Indicate the Contracting Parties to the transaction in respect of which the form has been completed.
- (2) Refer to any verification already carried out by the appropriate authorities.

Instructions for the completion of form EUR.2

- A. A form EUR.2 may be made out only for goods which in the exporting country meet the conditions specified by the provisions governing the trade referred to in space 2.
 Those provisions must be studied carefully before the form is completed.
- B. The exporter must give the reference 'EUR.2' followed by the serial number of the form either on green label C 1 or on customs declaration C 2/CP 3.
- C. After completing and signing the two parts of the form, the exporter must,
 - in the case of a consignment by parcel post, attach the two parts to the dispatch note,
 - in the case of a consignment by letter post, attach part 1 firmly to the consignment and insert part 2 inside it.

FINAL ACT

The representatives of

THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY,

of the one part, and

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE STATE OF ISRAEL,

of the other part,

meeting at Brussels on 11 May 1975 corresponding to first day of Sivan in the year five thousand seven hundred and thirty-five of the Hebrew calendar for the signature of the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel,

have, on signing this Agreement,

— adopted the following Joint Declarations by the Contracting Parties:

1. Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties on the application of Article 2 of Protocols 1 and 2
2. Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties on Article 5 (2) of Protocol 1
3. Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties on processed agricultural products
4. Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties on Article 8 of Protocol 1
5. Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties on agricultural products
6. Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties on Article 2 (1) of Protocol 2
7. Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties on the Israel Customs Tariff;

— taken note of the Declarations listed below:

1. Declaration by the European Economic Community on Article 11 of the Agreement
2. Declaration by the European Economic Community on Article 12 (1) of the Agreement
3. Declaration by Israel on Article 12 (1) of the Agreement
4. Declaration by the European Economic Community on the regional application of certain provisions of the Agreement
5. Declaration by the European Economic Community on Article 22 of the Agreement and Article 8 of Protocol 1;

— and taken note of:

- the Exchange of Letters on scientific and technological cooperation between the Presidents of the two delegations.

The above Declarations and the Exchange of Letters are annexed to this Final Act.

The Representatives have agreed that these Declarations and this Exchange of Letters shall be subjected, in the same manner as the Agreement, to any procedures that may be necessary to ensure their validity.

Udfærdiget i Bruxelles, den første Sivan femtusind syvhundrede og femogtredive i den hebraiske kalender, svarende til den ellefte maj nitten hundrede og femoghalvfjerds.

Geschehen zu Brüssel am ersten Siwan fünftausendsiebenhundertfünfunddreißig des hebräischen Kalenders; dieser Tag entspricht dem elften Mai neunzehnhundertfünfund-siebzig.

Done at Brussels, the first day of Sivan in the year five thousand seven hundred and thirty-five of the Hebrew calendar, corresponding to the eleventh day of May in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventy-five.

Fait à Bruxelles, le premier Sivan cinq mil sept cent trente-cinq du calendrier hébraïque, correspondant au onze mai mil neuf cent soixante-quinze.

Fatto a Bruxelles, il primo Sivan cinquemilasettecentotrentacinque del calendario ebraico, corrispondente all'undici maggio millenovecentosettantacinque.

Gedaan te Brussel, één Siwan vijfduizend zevenhonderd vijfendertig van de Hebreeuwse kalender, welke datum overeenkomt met de elfde mei negentienhonderd vijfenzeventig.

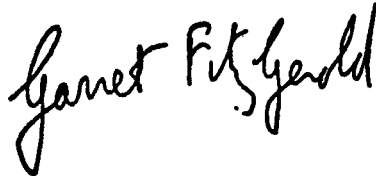
נחתם ב-א' בסיון חתשל"ה של הלוח העברי, המחאים לאחד-עשר
לחודש מאי אלף חשע מאוח שבעים וחמש

28. 5. 75

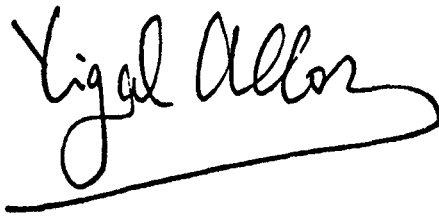
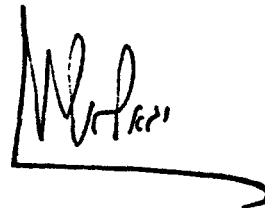
Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 136/185

For Rådet for De europæiske Fællesskaber
 Im Namen des Rates der Europäischen Gemeinschaften
 For the Council of the European Communities
 Pour le Conseil des Communautés européennes
 Per il Consiglio delle Comunità europee
 Voor de Raad van de Europese Gemeenschappen
 בשם מועצת הקהילה הכלכלית האירופאית,




På Israels regerings vegne
 Im Namen der Regierung des Staates Israel
 For the Government of the State of Israel
 Pour le gouvernement de l'État d'Israël
 Per il governo dello Stato d'Israele
 Voor de Regering van de Staat Israël
 בשם ממשלת מדינת ישראל,

**Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties
on the application of Article 2 of Protocols 1 and 2**

The Contracting Parties agree that if duty reductions result from the tariff agreements negotiated under the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade, the duties thus reduced shall be taken into consideration for the purpose of calculating new basic duties to replace the basic duties referred to in Article 2 of Protocols 1 and 2.

**Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties
on Article 5 (2) of Protocol 1**

The Contracting Parties agree that if the entry into force of the Agreement does not coincide with the beginning of a calendar year ceilings referred to in Article 5 (2) of Protocol 1 will be applied *pro rata*.

**Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties
on processed agricultural products**

The Contracting Parties agree that the Agreement does not preclude export measures to take account of differences in the cost of the basic agricultural products incorporated in goods referred to in Article 7 of Protocol 1 resulting from the processing of those products.

**Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties
on Article 8 of Protocol 1**

The Contracting Parties agree that, without prejudice to the application of the first subparagraph of Article 22 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72, the products listed in Article 8 of Protocol 1 and included in Annex III to that Regulation shall be admitted into the Community without quantitative restrictions or measures having equivalent effect throughout the period during which duty reductions apply.

Further, the Contracting Parties agree that, where the provisions of Articles 23 to 28 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are referred to in Protocol 1, the Community is referring to the arrangements applicable to third countries at the time of importation of the products in question.

**Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties
on agricultural products**

1. The Contracting Parties declare their readiness to foster, so far as their agricultural policies allow, the harmonious development of trade in agricultural products to which the Agreement does not apply.

The Contracting Parties shall apply their rules on veterinary, health and plant health matters in a non-discriminatory fashion and shall not introduce any new measures that have the effect of unduly obstructing trade.

2. The Contracting Parties shall examine, under the conditions set out in Article 21 of the Agreement, any difficulties that might arise in their trade in agricultural products and shall endeavour to seek appropriate solutions.

**Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties
on Article 2 (1) of Protocol 2**

The Contracting Parties, while taking as basic duties the duties actually applied on 1 January 1975, agree that:

Should Israel have temporarily increased certain duties prior to 1 January 1975, it is understood that, in the event of the old rates being re-introduced after that date, they should replace the basic duties referred to in Article 2 (1) of Protocol 2.

**Joint Declaration by the Contracting Parties
on the Israel Customs Tariff**

The Contracting Parties, considering that the structure of the Israel Customs Tariff is being revised by the Israel customs authorities, agree that until 31 December 1976 Israel may take appropriate measures to correct any distortions resulting from such revision in respect of the products referred to in Annex A to Protocol 2.

It is understood that any such correction must not have the effect of modifying the level of the concessions made in the Agreement. The Joint Committee could adopt the measures necessary to this end.

**Declaration by the European Economic Community
on Article 11 of the Agreement**

The Community declares that Article 11 of the Agreement provides for exceptions to the prohibition of quantitative restrictions.

Prohibitions on religious or ritual grounds which are applied impartially to imported and indigenous products do not constitute quantitative restrictions and consequently do not come under Article 11 of the Agreement.

If, however, such prohibitions were so applied as to constitute quantitative restrictions, they might come under the exceptions provided for in Article 11 of the Agreement.

**Declaration by the European Economic Community
on Article 12 (1) of the Agreement**

The Community declares that in the context of the autonomous implementation of Article 12 (1) of the Agreement which is incumbent on the Contracting Parties, it will assess any practices contrary to that Article on the basis of criteria arising from the application of the rules of Articles 85, 86, 90 and 92 of the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community.

**Declaration by Israel
on Article 12 (1) of the Agreement**

The Government of Israel declares that it considers any public aid to promote the economic development of Israel to be compatible with the provisions of this Article, provided such aid does not affect the conditions of trade to such extent as to be contrary to the common interest.

**Declaration by the European Economic Community
on the regional application of certain provisions of the Agreement**

The Community declares that the application of any measures it may take under Article 12, 13, 14 or 15 of the Agreement, under the conditions and in accordance with the procedures laid down in Article 16, or under Article 17, may be limited to one of its regions by virtue of Community rules.

**Declaration by the European Economic Community
on Article 22 of the Agreement and Article 8 of Protocol 1**

The Community is ready to consider, in the light of the results of the Agreement and taking into account the trend of trade flows between the Community and the Mediterranean countries, an improvement of the concession accorded in Article 8 of Protocol 1 for oranges, mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas), clementines, wilkings and other similar citrus hybrids, to take effect from the beginning of the fourth marketing year.

EXCHANGE OF LETTERS

on scientific and technological cooperation on the occasion of the signing of the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel

Excellency,

I have the honour to inform you that the Community is ready to consider case by case the possibility of Israel sharing in certain ventures of scientific and technological cooperation which the Community is planning to undertake with other third countries, or in the results of certain such ventures.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter.

Please accept, your Excellency, the assurance of my highest consideration.

Sir,

You were good enough to make the following communication to me in your letter of today's date:

'I have the honour to inform you that the Community is ready to consider case by case the possibility of Israel sharing in certain ventures of scientific and technological cooperation which the Community is planning to undertake with other third countries, or in the results of certain such ventures.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter.'

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of that letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

ADDITIONAL PROTOCOL**to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel**

HIS MAJESTY THE KING OF THE BELGIANS,
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF DENMARK,
THE PRESIDENT OF THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY,
THE PRESIDENT OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC,
THE PRESIDENT OF IRELAND,
THE PRESIDENT OF THE ITALIAN REPUBLIC,
HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GRAND DUKE OF LUXEMBOURG,
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF THE NETHERLANDS,
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF THE UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND
NORTHERN IRELAND,

and

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

of the one part, and

THE STATE OF ISRAEL,

of the other part,

WISHING to demonstrate their common desire to widen and strengthen their links on the basis of the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel, for the mutual benefit of the Parties,

RESOLVED to establish wider-ranging cooperation which will contribute to Israel's economic development and help to strengthen relations between the European Economic Community and Israel,

HAVE DECIDED to conclude this Protocol and to this end have designated as their plenipotentiaries:

HIS MAJESTY THE KING OF THE BELGIANS:

Renaat VAN ELSLANDE,
Minister for Foreign Affairs;

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF DENMARK:

Jens CHRISTENSEN,
Ambassador,
Permanent Under-Secretary;

THE PRESIDENT OF THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY:

Hans-Dietrich GENSCHER,
Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs;

THE PRESIDENT OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC:

Louis de GIURINGAUD,
Minister for Foreign Affairs;

THE PRESIDENT OF IRELAND:

Garret FITZGERALD,
Minister for Foreign Affairs;

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No L 270/3

THE PRESIDENT OF THE ITALIAN REPUBLIC:

Arnaldo FORLANI,
Minister for Foreign Affairs;

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GRAND DUKE OF LUXEMBOURG:

Gaston THORN,
President and Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Government of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg;

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF THE NETHERLANDS:

Max van der STOEL,
Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Kingdom of the Netherlands;

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF THE UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND:

Anthony CROSLAND MP,
Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland;

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES:

Anthony CROSLAND MP,
President in Office of the Council of the European Communities,
Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland;

Claude CHEYSSON,
Member of the Commission of the European Communities;

THE STATE OF ISRAEL:

Yigal ALLON,
Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs;

WHO, having exchanged their Full Powers, found in good and due form,

HAVE AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

The provisions of the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel signed on 11 May 1975 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Agreement') shall be supplemented by the following provisions.

TITLE I

Economic, technical and financial cooperation

Article 2

In order to strengthen existing links between the Contracting Parties on as wide a basis as possible and for their mutual benefit, the Community and Israel shall institute cooperation the aim of which will be to contribute to the development of Israel and the harmonious development of their economic relations.

Article 3

In order to achieve the cooperation referred to in Article 2, account shall be taken, in particular, of the following:

- the objectives and priorities of Israel's development plans and programmes,
- the importance of schemes into which different operations are integrated.

Article 4

1. The purpose of cooperation between the Community and Israel shall be to promote, in particular:

- the development of Israel's production and economic infrastructure in order *inter alia* to foster the complementarity of the Contracting Parties' economies and, in particular, to promote the industrialization of Israel,

- the sales promotion of products exported by Israel,
 - industrial cooperation through *inter alia* measures:
 - to encourage the implementation of Israel's industrial development programmes,
 - to foster the organization of contacts and meetings between Israeli and Community industrial policy-makers, promoters and firms in order to strengthen their relations in the industrial field in conformity with the objectives of the Agreement,
 - to facilitate reciprocal access to technological know-how and the acquisition of patents and other industrial property,
 - to permit the removal of non-tariff and non-quota barriers likely to impede access to either market,
 - cooperation in the agricultural and fishery sectors with a view to achieving complementarity between the Contracting Parties' economies,
 - the encouragement of private investments which are in the mutual interest of the Contracting Parties,
 - exchange of information on the economic and financial situation, and on the trend thereof, as required for the proper functioning of the Agreement,
 - cooperation in the field of science, technology and the protection of the environment.
2. The Contracting Parties may decide on further areas of cooperation.

Article 5

1. The Cooperation Council shall periodically define the guidelines of cooperation for the purpose of attaining the objectives of the Agreement.
2. The Cooperation Council shall be responsible for seeking ways and means of establishing cooperation in the areas defined in Article 4. To that end it is empowered to make decisions.

Article 6

The Community shall participate in the financing of any measures to promote the development of Israel under the conditions laid down in the Protocol relating to financial cooperation between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel.

Article 7

The Contracting Parties shall facilitate the proper performance of cooperation and investment contracts which are of interest to both Parties and come within the framework of the Agreement.

Article 8

Article 18 of the Agreement is hereby repealed.

TITLE II

General and final provisions

Article 9

The term 'Joint Committee' as used in the Agreement, the Protocols, the declarations and exchanges of letters annexed thereto shall be replaced by the term 'Cooperation Council'.

Article 10

Article 19 of the Agreement shall be replaced by the following:

'Article 19

1. A Cooperation Council is hereby established, which shall have the power, for the purpose of attaining the objectives set out in the Agreement, to take decisions in the cases provided for in the Agreement.

The decisions taken shall be binding on the Contracting Parties, which shall take such measures as are required to implement them.

2. The Cooperation Council may also formulate any resolutions, recommendations or opinions which it considers desirable for the attainment of the common objectives and the smooth functioning of the Agreement.

3. The Cooperation Council shall adopt its rules of procedure.'

Article 11

Article 20 (1) of the Agreement shall be replaced by the following:

'1. The Cooperation Council shall be composed, on the one hand, of representatives of the Community and its Member States and, on the other hand, of representatives of Israel.'

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Article 12

1. The Cooperation Council may decide to set up any committee that can assist it in carrying out its duties.
2. The Cooperation Council shall determine the composition and duties of such committees and how they shall function.
3. Article 21 (3) of the Agreement is hereby repealed.

Article 13

The Cooperation Council shall take any appropriate measures to facilitate cooperation and necessary contacts between the European Parliament and the representatives of the Knesset.

Article 14

This Protocol shall form an integral part of the Agreement.

Article 15

This Protocol is drawn up in duplicate in the Danish, Dutch, English, French, German, Italian and Hebrew languages, each of these texts being equally authentic.

Article 16

1. This Protocol shall be subject to ratification, acceptance or approval in accordance with the Contracting Parties' own procedures; the Contracting Parties shall notify each other that the procedures necessary to this end have been completed.

2. This Protocol shall enter into force on the first day of the second month following the date of which the notifications provided for in paragraph 1 have been given.

Til bekræftelse heraf har undertegnede befuldmægtigede underskrevet denne til-lægsprotokol.

Zu Urkund dessen haben die unterzeichneten Bevollmächtigten ihre Unterschriften unter dieses Zusatzprotokoll gesetzt.

In witness whereof, the undersigned Plenipotentiaries have affixed their signatures below this Additional Protocol.

En foi de quoi, les plénipotentiaires soussignés ont apposé leurs signatures au bas du présent protocole additionnel.

In fede di che, i plenipotenziari sottoscritti hanno apposto le loro firme in calce al presente protocollo aggiuntivo.

Ten blijke waarvan de ondergetekende gevolmachtigden hun handtekening onder dit Aan-vullend Protocol hebben gesteld.

• וְלוֹאִיָּהּ חֲתָמוּ מִיּוֹפֵי - הַכַּח הַחֲתוּמִּים מִסָּה עַל פְּרוֹטוֹקוֹל מוֹסֵף זֶה .

Udfærdiget i Bruxelles, den ottende februar nitten hundrede og syvoghalvfjerds, som svarer til den tyvende shvat fem tusinde syv hundrede og syvogtredive i den hebraiske kalender.

Geschehen zu Brüssel am achten Februar neunzehnhundertsiebenundsiebzig, welcher dem zwanzigsten Shvat fünftausendsiebenhundertsiebenunddreißig des hebräischen Kalenders entspricht.

Done at Brussels this eighth day of February nineteen hundred and seventy-seven which corresponds to the twentieth Shvat five thousand seven hundred and thirty-seven of the Hebrew calendar.

Fait à Bruxelles, le huit février mil neuf cent soixante-dix-sept correspondant au vingt Shvat cinq mil sept cent trente-sept du calendrier hébraïque.

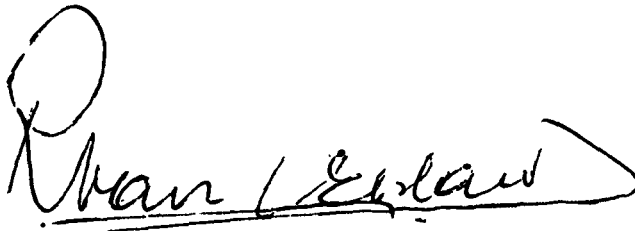
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Gedaan te Brussel, de achtste februari negentienhonderd zevenenzeventig, welke datum overeenkomt met twintig Shvat vijfduizend zevenhonderd zevenendertig van de Hebreeuwse kalender.

נעשה בבריסל נכ' בשבס ה' תשל"ז שהוא השמונה בפברואר אלף תשע
מזרח שבעים ושבע.

Pour Sa Majesté le roi des Belges

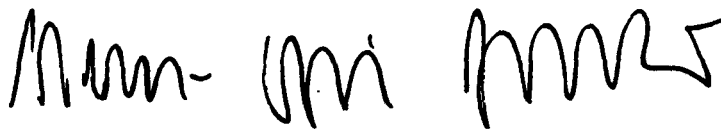
Voor Zijne Majesteit de Koning der Belgen



For Hendes Majestæt Danmarks Dronning



Für den Präsidenten der Bundesrepublik Deutschland



Pour le président de la République française




27. 9. 78

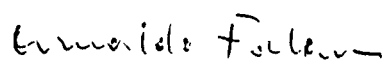
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No L 270/7

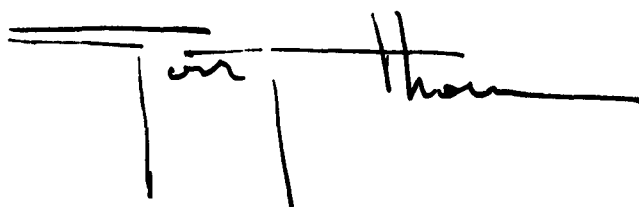
For the President of Ireland




Per il presidente della Repubblica italiana



Pour Son Altesse Royale le grand-duc de Luxembourg



Voor Hare Majesteit de Koningin der Nederlanden



For Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland



For Rådet for De europæiske Fællesskaber
 Für den Rat der Europäischen Gemeinschaften
 For the Council of the European Communities
 Pour le Conseil des Communautés européennes
 Per il Consiglio delle Comunità europee
 Voor de Raad van de Europese Gemeenschappen

C. Cheyman *A. Coste*

בשם ממשלת מדינת ישראל.

M. P. ...

PROTOCOL

relating to financial cooperation between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel

HIS MAJESTY THE KING OF THE BELGIANS,

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF DENMARK,

THE PRESIDENT OF THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY,

THE PRESIDENT OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC,

THE PRESIDENT OF IRELAND,

THE PRESIDENT OF THE ITALIAN REPUBLIC,

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GRAND DUKE OF LUXEMBOURG,

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF THE NETHERLANDS,

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF THE UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND,

and

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

of the one part, and

THE STATE OF ISRAEL,

of the other part,

HAVE DESIGNATED as their Plenipotentiaries:

HIS MAJESTY THE KING OF THE BELGIANS:

Renaat VAN ELSLANDE,
Minister for Foreign Affairs;

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF DENMARK:

Jens CHRISTENSEN,
Ambassador,
Permanent Under-Secretary;

THE PRESIDENT OF THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY:

Hans-Dietrich GENSCHER,
Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs;

THE PRESIDENT OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC:

Louis de GUIRINGAUD,
Minister for Foreign Affairs;

THE PRESIDENT OF IRELAND:

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Minister for Foreign Affairs;

THE PRESIDENT OF THE ITALIAN REPUBLIC:

Arnaldo FORLANI,
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HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GRAND DUKE OF LUXEMBOURG:

Gaston THORN,
President and Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Government of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg;

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF THE NETHERLANDS:

Max van der STOEL,
Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Kingdom of the Netherlands;

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THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES:

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President in Office of the Council of the European Communities,
Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland;

Claude CHEYSSON,
Member of the Commission of the European Communities;

THE STATE OF ISRAEL:

Yigal ALLON,
Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs;

WHO, having exchanged their Full Powers, found in good and due form,

HAVE AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

The Community shall participate, within the framework of financial cooperation, in the financing of projects designed to contribute to the economic development of Israel.

Article 2

1. For the purposes specified in Article 1, the Community will ask the European Investment Bank (hereinafter referred to as 'the Bank') to make available to Israel funds of up to 30 million European units of account. This amount may be committed, for a period expiring on 31 October 1981, in the form of loans granted in accordance with the conditions, detailed rules and procedures laid down by the Bank's Statute.

2. Capital projects helping to increase productivity and to achieve complementarity between the Contracting Parties' economies, and promoting in particular the industrialization of Israel which have been submitted to the Bank by the State of Israel or, with the latter's

agreement, by public or private undertakings having their seat or a place of business in Israel shall be eligible for financing.

3. (a) Examination of the eligibility of the projects and the granting of loans shall be undertaken in accordance with the detailed rules, conditions and procedures laid down by the Bank's Statute.
- (b) The conditions governing the amortization of each loan shall be established on the basis of the economic and financial characteristics of the project to be financed.
- (c) Loans will carry the same rate of interest as that applied by the Bank at the time of the signature of the loan agreement.

Article 3

1. The amounts to be committed each year shall be distributed as evenly as possible throughout the period of application of this Protocol. During the initial period of application, however, a proportionately higher amount may, within reasonable limits, be committed.

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2. Any funds not committed by the end of the period referred to in Article 2 (1) shall be used, until exhausted. In that event the funds shall be used in accordance with the same arrangements as provided for in this Protocol.

Article 4

Aid contributed by the Bank for the execution of projects may, with the agreement of Israel, take the form of co-financing.

Article 5

The execution, management and maintenance of schemes which are the subject of financing under this Protocol shall be the responsibility of Israel or the other beneficiaries referred to in Article 2.

The Bank shall ensure that its financial aid is expended in accordance with the agreed allocations and to the best economic advantage.

Article 6

1. Israel shall apply to contracts awarded for the execution of projects financed by the Bank fiscal and customs arrangements at least as favourable as those applied in respect of other international organizations.

2. Israel shall take the necessary measures to ensure that interest and all other payments due to the Bank in respect of loans granted under this Protocol are exempted from any national or local taxes or levies.

Article 7

Where a loan is accorded to a beneficiary other than the State of Israel, the provision of a guarantee by the latter may be required by the Bank as a condition of the grant of the loan.

Article 8

As regards projects and measures financed by the Bank, participation in tendering procedures and other procedures for the award of contracts shall be open, on equal terms, to all natural or legal persons of the Member States and of Israel.

Article 9

Throughout the duration of the loans accorded pursuant to this Protocol, Israel shall undertake to make available to debtors enjoying such loans and guarantors of the loans the foreign currency necessary for the payment of interest and commission and the repayment of capital.

Article 10

The results of financial cooperation may be examined within the Cooperation Council.

Article 11

This Protocol shall form an integral part of the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel signed on 11 May 1975.

Article 12

This Protocol is drawn up in duplicate in the Danish, Dutch, English, French, German, Italian and Hebrew languages, each of these texts being equally authentic.

Article 13

1. This Protocol shall be subject to ratification, acceptance or approval in accordance with the Contracting Parties' own procedures; the Contracting Parties shall notify each other that the procedures necessary to this end have been completed.

2. This Protocol shall enter into force on the first day of the second month following the date on which the notifications provided for in paragraph 1 have been given.

Til bekræftelse heraf har undertegnede befuldmægtigede underskrevet denne til-lægsprotokol.

Zu Urkund dessen haben die unterzeichneten Bevollmächtigten ihre Unterschriften unter dieses Zusatzprotokoll gesetzt.

In witness whereof, the undersigned Plenipotentiaries have affixed their signatures below this Additional Protocol.

En foi de quoi, les plénipotentiaires soussignés ont apposé leurs signatures au bas du présent protocole additionnel.

In fede di che, i plenipotenziari sottoscritti hanno apposto le loro firme in calce al presente protocollo aggiuntivo.

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Geschehen zu Brüssel am achten Februar neunzehnhundertsiebenundsiebzig, welcher dem zwanzigsten Shvat fünftausendsiebenhundertsiebenunddreißig des hebräischen Kalenders entspricht.

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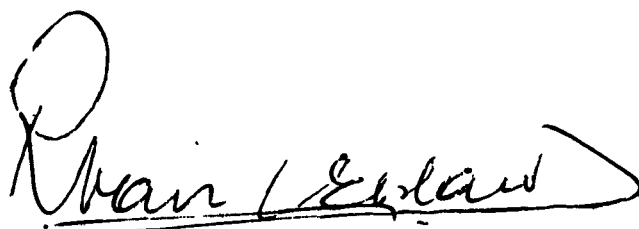
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נעשה בכריסל נכ' בשבט ה' תשל"ז שהוא השמונה בפברואר אלף תשע
מזרח שבעים ושבע.

Pour Sa Majesté le roi des Belges

Voor Zijne Majesteit de Koning der Belgen



27. 9. 78

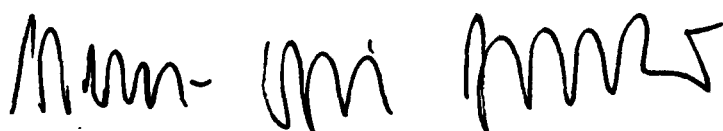
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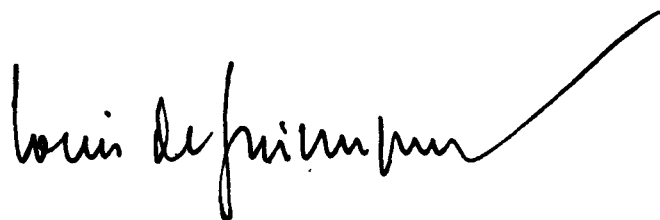
For Hendes Majestæt Danmarks Dronning



Für den Präsidenten der Bundesrepublik Deutschland



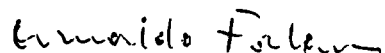
Pour le président de la République française



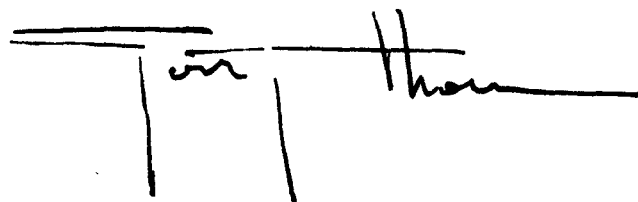
For the President of Ireland



Per il presidente della Repubblica italiana



Pour Son Altesse Royale le grand-duc de Luxembourg



Voor Hare Majesteit de Koningin der Nederlanden

M. V. A. S. L.

For Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

A. Coor.

For Rådet for De europæiske Fællesskaber

Für den Rat der Europäischen Gemeinschaften

For the Council of the European Communities

Pour le Conseil des Communautés européennes

Per il Consiglio delle Comunità europee

Voor de Raad van de Europese Gemeenschappen

C. Cheyner A. Coor.

בשם ממשלת מדינת ישראל.

יגאל אלון

FINAL ACT

The Plenipotentiaries of
His Majesty the King of the Belgians,
Her Majesty the Queen of Denmark,
The President of the Federal Republic of Germany,
The President of the French Republic,
The President of Ireland,
The President of the Italian Republic,
His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Luxembourg,
Her Majesty the Queen of the Netherlands,
Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland,
and of the Council of the European Communities,

of the one part, and

of the State of Israel,

of the other part,

meeting at Brussels on the eighth day of February in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventy-seven for the signature of the Additional Protocol to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and of the Protocol relating to financial cooperation,

have, on signing these Protocols,

— adopted the joint declaration on the concept of 'Contracting Parties',

— taken note of the declarations listed below:

1. declaration by the European Economic Community on the European unit of account referred to in Article 2 of the Financial Protocol,
2. declaration by the representative of the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany on the application of the Additional Protocol and the Financial Protocol to Berlin,
3. declaration by the representative of the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany on the definition of the expression 'German national',

— and taken note of the exchanges of letters listed below:

1. exchange of letters on the implementation of the Protocols before their entry into force,
2. exchange of letters on cooperation in the fields of science, technology and the protection of the environment.

The declarations and exchanges of letters listed above are annexed to this Final Act.

The Plenipotentiaries have agreed that the declarations and exchanges of letters shall be subject, in the same manner as the Protocols, to any procedures that may be necessary to ensure their validity.

Joint declaration on the concept of 'Contracting Parties'

The Contracting Parties agree to interpret the Additional Protocol and the Financial Protocol to the effect that the expression 'Contracting Parties' which appears in those Protocols means, on the one hand, the Community and the Member States, or either the Community or the Member States alone, and, on the other hand, the State of Israel. The meaning to be attributed to this expression in each case is to be deduced from the corresponding provisions of the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community.

Declaration by the European Economic Community on the European unit of account referred to in Article 2 of the Financial Protocol

1. The European unit of account used to express the amounts specified in Article 2 of the Financial Protocol is defined as the sum of the following amounts in the currencies of the Member States of the European Economic Community:

German mark	0.828
Pound sterling	0.0885
French franc	1.15
Italian lira	109
Dutch guilder	0.286
Belgian franc	3.66
Luxembourg franc	0.14
Danish krone	0.217
Irish pound	0.00759

2. The value of the European unit of account in any given currency is equal to the sum of the equivalent in that currency of the amounts of currency referred to in paragraph 1. It is calculated by the Commission using daily market exchange rates.

The daily values of the unit of account in the various national currencies are published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

Declaration by the representative of the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany on the application of the Additional Protocol and the Financial Protocol to Berlin

The Additional Protocol and the Financial Protocol shall equally apply to Land Berlin unless, within a period of three months from the entry into force of the said Protocols, the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany has made a declaration to the contrary to the other Contracting Parties.

**Declaration by the representative of the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany on
the definition of the expression 'German national'**

All Germans within the meaning of the Basic Law for the Federal Republic of Germany are to be considered nationals of the Federal Republic of Germany.

Exchange of letters on the implementation of the Protocols before their entry into force

Brussels, 8 February 1977

Sir,

I have the honour to inform you that once the Protocols and the internal Community texts relating thereto have been signed, the Community will be prepared, in collaboration with your Government, to:

- undertake preparatory work on implementing cooperation so that concrete measures may be taken upon the entry into force of the Additional Protocol,
- continue to that end the work assigned to the working party set up by the EEC-Israel Joint Committee on 7 June 1976, namely to gather and analyze elements permitting opportunities for cooperation on the basis of requests presented by Israel on that occasion to be identified,
- appraise, under the provisions relating to financial cooperation, projects submitted by Israel or, with Israel's agreement, by other beneficiaries of aid, it being understood that final approval for such projects cannot be given until after the entry into force of the Financial Protocol.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

(s.) Maurice FOLEY
*Head of the delegation of
the European Economic Community-*

Brussels, 8 February 1977

Sir,

In your letter of today's date you inform me as follows:

'I have the honour to inform you that once the Protocols and the internal Community texts relating thereto have been signed, the Community will be prepared, in collaboration with your Government, to:

- undertake preparatory work on implementing cooperation so that concrete measures may be taken upon the entry into force of the Additional Protocol,
- continue to that end the work assigned to the working party set up by the EEC-Israel Joint Committee on 7 June 1976, namely to gather and analyze elements permitting opportunities for cooperation on the basis of requests presented by Israel on that occasion to be identified,
- appraise, under the provisions relating to financial cooperation, projects submitted by Israel or, with Israel's agreement, by other beneficiaries of aid, it being understood that final approval for such projects cannot be given until after the entry into force of the Financial Protocol.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter.'

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

(s.) Eliashiv BEN-HORIN
Head of the Israeli Delegation

Exchange of letters on cooperation in the fields of science, technology and the protection of the environment

Brussels, 8 February 1977

Sir,

I have the honour to inform you that as regards cooperation in the fields of science, technology and the protection of the environment, which is referred to in Article 4 of the Additional Protocol, it is the Israeli Government's intention to submit to the Cooperation Council requests for *inter alia*:

- participation by Israel in certain Community research projects for which Israel possesses specific expertise,
- exchange of scientific and technological information in the mutual interest,

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- implementation of joint research programmes between Israel and the Community in the fields of technology, applied science and industrial research and development,
- inclusion of Israeli scientific institutions among those contracting to undertake Community indirect scientific research projects.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

(s.) Eliashiv BEN-HORIN
Head of the Israeli Delegation

Brussels, 8 February 1977

Sir,

In your letter of today's date you inform me as follows:

I have the honour to inform you that as regards cooperation in the fields of science, technology and the protection of the environment, which is referred to in Article 4 of the Additional Protocol, it is the Israeli Government's intention to submit to the Cooperation Council requests for *inter alia*:

- participation by Israel in certain Community research projects for which Israel possesses specific expertise,
- exchange of scientific and technological information in the mutual interest,
- implementation of joint research programmes between Israel and the Community in the fields of technology, applied science and industrial research and development,
- inclusion of Israeli scientific institutions among those contracting to undertake Community indirect scientific research projects.

I should be grateful if you acknowledge receipt of this letter.

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter.

I can inform you that any requests submitted to the Cooperation Council will be examined on their merits in accordance with the procedures and provisions laid down by the Agreement and the Additional Protocol thereto as regards the implementation of cooperation.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

(s.) Maurice FOLEY
*Head of the delegation of
the European Economic Community*

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1979)

Letter No 1

Sir,

In pursuance of Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads, falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel, I have the honour to inform you that Israel undertakes to take all necessary measures in order that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1979 will not exceed 220 tonnes.

To this end the Government of the State of Israel declares that all exports to the Community of the products concerned will be effected exclusively by exporters whose operations are controlled by the Israeli Ministry of Commerce, Industry and Tourism.

The guarantees relating to the quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between that Ministry and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would kindly confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*For the Government of
the State of Israel*

Letter No 2

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today worded as follows :

'In pursuance of Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads, falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel, I have the honour to inform you that Israel undertakes to take all necessary measures in order that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1979 will not exceed 220 tonnes.

To this end the Government of the State of Israel declares that all exports to the Community of the products concerned will be effected exclusively by exporters whose operations are controlled by the Israeli Ministry of Commerce, Industry and Tourism.

The guarantees relating to the quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between that Ministry and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would kindly confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.'

I am able to confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

Please accept, Your Excellency, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council of
the European Economic Communities*

JOINT COMMITTEE DECISION No 1/78

of 13 July 1978

amending the Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel

THE JOINT COMMITTEE,

Having regard to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel, and in particular Title I thereof,

Having regard to the Protocol concerning the application of Article 2 (3) of the Agreement and in particular Article 25 thereof,

Whereas it is necessary to replace Lists A and B contained in Annexes II and III to the Protocol and to introduce a specific rule on sets as a result of the changes made to the Customs Cooperation Council nomenclature which entered into force on 1 January 1978,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

Annexes II and III to the Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of

administrative cooperation shall be replaced by the texts annexed to this Decision.

Article 2

Sets, as defined in General Rule 3 of the Customs Cooperation Council nomenclature, shall be regarded as originating when all component articles are originating products. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating articles, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating provided that the value of the non-originating articles does not exceed 15% of the total value of the set.

Done at Brussels, 13 July 1978.

*For the Joint Committee**The President*

H. ANDRESEN

ANNEX II

LIST A

List of working or processing operations which result in a change of tariff heading without conferring the status of originating products on the products undergoing such operations, or conferring this status only subject to certain conditions

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
02.06	Meat and edible meat offals (except poultry liver), salted, in brine, dried or smoked	Salting, placing in brine, drying or smoking of meat and edible meat and edible meat offals of heading Nos 02.01 and 02.04	
03.02	Fish, dried, salted or in brine; smoked fish, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process	Drying, salting, placing in brine; smoking of fish, whether cooked or not	
04.02	Milk and cream, preserved, concentrated or sweetened	Preserving, concentrating, or adding sugar to milk or cream of heading No 04.01	
04.03	Butter	Manufacture from milk or cream	
04.04	Cheese and curd	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 04.01 to 04.03	
07.02	Vegetables (whether or not cooked), preserved by freezing	Freezing of vegetables	
07.03	Vegetables provisionally preserved in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions, but not specially prepared for immediate consumption	Placing in brine or in other solutions of vegetables of heading No 07.01	
07.04	Dried, dehydrated or evaporated vegetables, whole, cut, sliced, broken or in powder, but not further prepared	Drying, dehydration, evaporation, cutting, grinding, powdering of vegetables of heading Nos 07.01 to 07.03	
08.10	Fruit (whether or not cooked), preserved by freezing, not containing added sugar	Freezing of fruit	
08.11	Fruit provisionally preserved (for example, by sulphur dioxide gas, in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions), but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption	Placing in brine or in other solutions of fruit of heading Nos 08.01 to 08.09	

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
08.12	Fruit, dried, other than that falling within heading Nos 08.01 to 08.05	Drying of fruit	
11.01	Cereal flours	Manufacture from cereals	
11.02	Cereal groats and cereal meal; other worked cereal grains (for example, rolled, flaked, polished, pearled or kibbled, but not further prepared), except rice falling within heading No 10.06; germ of cereals, whole, rolled, flaked or ground	Manufacture from cereals	
11.04	Flour of the dried leguminous vegetables falling within heading No 07.05 or of the fruits falling within any heading in Chapter 8; flour and meal of sago and of roots and tubers falling within heading No 07.06	Manufacture from dried leguminous vegetables of heading No 07.05, products of heading No 07.06 or of fruit of Chapter 8	
11.05	Flour, meal and flakes of potato	Manufacture from potatoes	
11.07	Malt, roasted or not	Manufacture from cereals	
11.08	Starches; inulin	Manufacture from cereals of Chapter 10, or from potatoes or other products of Chapter 7	
11.09	Wheat gluten, whether or not dried	Manufacture from wheat or wheat flours	
15.01	Lard, other pig fat and poultry fat, rendered or solvent-extracted	Manufacture from products of heading No 02.05	
15.02	Fats of bovine cattle, sheep or goats, unrendered; rendered or solvent-extracted fats (including 'premier jus') obtained from those unrendered fats	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 02.01 and 02.06	
15.04	Fats and oils, of fish and marine mammals, whether or not refined	Manufacture from fish or marine mammals	
15.06	Other animal oils and fats (including neat's-foot oil and fats from bones or waste)	Manufacture from products of Chapter 2	

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 15.07	Fixed vegetable oils, fluid or solid, crude, refined or purified, but not including chinawood oil, myrtle-wax, japan wax or oil of tung nuts, oleococca seeds or oiticia seeds; also not including oils of a kind used in machinery or mechanical appliances or for industrial purposes other than the manufacture of edible products	Manufacture from products of Chapters 7 and 12	
16.01	Sausages and the like, of meat, meat offal or animal blood	Manufacture from products of Chapter 2	
16.02	Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal	Manufacture from products of Chapter 2	
16.04	Prepared or preserved fish, including caviar and caviar substitutes	Manufacture from products of Chapter 3	
16.05	Crustaceans and molluscs, prepared or preserved	Manufacture from products of Chapter 3	
ex 17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from other products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
ex 17.02	Other sugars, in solid form, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from other products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
ex 17.02	Other sugars, in solid form, not flavoured or coloured; sugar syrups, not flavoured or coloured; artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey; caramel	Manufacture from any product	
ex 17.03	Molasses, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from other products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
17.04	Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa	Manufacture from other products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
18.06	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
ex 19.02	Malt extract	Manufacture from products of heading No 11.07	

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 19.02	Preparations of flour, meal, starch or malt extract, of a kind used as infant food or for dietetic or culinary purposes, containing less than 50% by weight of cocoa	Manufacture from cereals and derivatives thereof, meat and milk, or in which the value of products of Chapter 17 used exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products		Manufacture from durum wheat
19.04	Tapioca and sago; tapioca and sago substitutes obtained from potato or other starches	Manufacture from potato starch	
19.05	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (puffed rice, corn flakes and similar products)	Manufacture from any product other than of Chapter 17 ⁽¹⁾ or in which the value of the products of Chapter 17 used exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
19.07	Bread, ships' biscuits and other ordinary bakers' wares, not containing added sugar, honey, eggs, fats, cheese or fruit; communion wafers, cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products	Manufacture from products of Chapter 11	
19.08	Pastry, biscuits, cakes and other fine bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa in any proportion	Manufacture from products of Chapter 11	
20.01	Vegetables and fruit, prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid with or without sugar, whether or not containing salt, spices or mustard	Preserving vegetables, fresh or frozen or preserved temporarily or preserved in vinegar	
20.02	Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid	Preserving vegetables, fresh or frozen	
20.03	Fruit preserved by freezing, containing added sugar	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
20.04	Fruit, fruit peel and parts of plants, preserved by sugar (drained, glacé or crystallized)	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	

⁽¹⁾ This rule does not apply where the use of maize of the 'Zea m. durata' type or durum wheat is concerned

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 20.05	Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit purées and fruit pastes, being cooked preparations, containing added sugar	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	Manufacture, without added sugar or spirit, in which the value of the constituent originating products of heading Nos 08.01, 08.05 and 12.01, represents at least 60% of the value of the finished product
20.06	Fruit otherwise prepared or preserved, whether or not containing added sugar or spirit: A. Nuts B. Other fruits		
ex 20.07	Fruit juices (including grape must), whether or not containing added sugar, but unfermented and not containing spirit	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
ex 21.02	Roasted chicory and extracts thereof	Manufacture from chicory roots, fresh or dried	
21.05	Soups and broths in liquid, solid or powder form; homogenized food preparations	Manufacture from products of heading No 20.02	
ex 21.07	Sugar syrups, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
22.02	Lemonade, flavoured spa waters and flavoured aerated waters, and other non-alcoholic beverages, not including fruit and vegetable juices falling within heading No 20.07	Manufacture from fruit juices ⁽¹⁾ or in which the value of products of Chapter 17 used exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
22.06	Vermouths, and other wines of fresh grapes flavoured with aromatic extracts	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	
22.08	Ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, undenatured, of a strength of 80° or higher; denatured spirits (including ethyl alcohol and neutral spirits) of any strength	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	

⁽¹⁾ This rule does not apply where fruit juices of pineapple, lime and grapefruit are concerned.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
22.09	Spirits (other than those of heading No 22.08); liqueurs and other spirituous beverages; compound alcoholic preparations (known as 'concentrated extracts') for the manufacture of beverages	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	
22.10	Vinegar and substitutes for vinegar	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	
ex 23.03	Residues from the manufacture of maize starch (excluding concentrated steeping liquors), of a protein content, calculated on the dry product, exceeding 40% by weight	Manufacture from maize or maize flour	
23.04	Oil-cake and other residues (except dregs) resulting from the extraction of vegetable oils	Manufacture from various products	
23.07	Sweetened forage; other preparations of a kind used in animal feeding	Manufacture from cereals and derived products, meat, milk, sugar and molasses	
ex 24.02	Cigarettes, cigars, smoking tobacco		Manufacture from products of heading No 24.01 of which at least 70% by quantity are originating products
ex 28.38	Aluminium sulphate		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
30.03	Medicaments (including veterinary medicaments)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
31.05	Other fertilizers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
32.06	Colour lakes	Manufacture from materials of heading No 32.04 or 32.05 ⁽¹⁾	

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
32.07	Other colouring matter; inorganic products of a kind used as luminophores	Mixing of oxides or salts of Chapter 28 with extenders such as barium sulphate, chalk, barium carbonate and satin white ⁽¹⁾	
ex 33.06	Aqueous distillates and aqueous solutions of essential oils, including such products suitable for medicinal uses	Manufacture from essential oils (terpeneless or not), concretes, absolutes or resinoids ⁽¹⁾	
35.05	Dextrins and dextrin glues; soluble or roasted starches; starch glues		Manufacture from maize or potatoes
ex 35.07	Preparations used for clarifying beer, composed of papain and bentonite; enzymatic preparations for desizing textiles		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
37.01	Photographic plates and film in the flat, sensitized, unexposed, of any material other than paper, paper-board or cloth	Manufacture from products of heading No 37.02 ⁽¹⁾	
37.02	Film in rolls, sensitized, unexposed, perforated or not	Manufacture from products of heading No 37.01 ⁽¹⁾	
37.04	Sensitized plates and film, exposed but not developed, negative or positive	Manufacture from products of heading No 37.01 or 37.02 ⁽¹⁾	
38.11	Disinfectants, insecticides, fungicides, rat poisons, herbicides, anti-sprouting products, plant growth regulators and similar products, put up in forms or packings for sale by retail or as preparations or as articles (for example, sulphur-treated bands, wicks and candles, fly-papers)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
38.12	Prepared glazings, prepared dressings and prepared mordants, of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
38.13	Pickling preparations for metal surfaces; fluxes and other auxiliary preparations for soldering, brazing or welding; soldering, brazing or welding powders and pastes consisting of metal and other materials; preparations of a kind used as cores or coatings for welding rods and electrodes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 38.14	Anti-knock preparations, oxidation inhibitors, gum inhibitors, viscosity improvers, anti-corrosive preparations and similar prepared additives for mineral oils, excluding prepared additives for lubricants		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
38.15	Prepared rubber accelerators		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
38.17	Preparations and charges for fire-extinguishers; charged fire-extinguishing grenades		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
38.18	Composite solvents and thinners for varnishes and similar products		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 38.19	Chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included; residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not elsewhere specified or included, excluding: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Fusel oil and dippel's oil; — Naphthenic acids and their water-insoluble salts; esters of naphthenic acids; — Sulphonaphthenic acids and their water-insoluble salts; esters of sulphonaphthenic acids; — Petroleum sulphonates, excluding petroleum sulphonates of alkali metals, of ammonium or of ethanolamines, thiophenated sulphonic acids of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, and their salts; 		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 38.19 (cont'd)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Mixed alkylbenzenes and mixed alkylnaphthalenes; — Ion exchangers; — Catalysts; — Getters for vacuum tubes; — Refractory cements or mortars and similar compositions; — Alkaline iron oxide for the purification of gas; — Carbon (excluding that in artificial graphite of heading No 38.01) in metal-graphite or other compounds, in the form of small plates, bars or other semi-manufactures — Sorbitol other than that of heading No 29.04 — Ammoniacal gas liquors and spent oxide produced in coal gas purification 		
ex 39.02	Polymerization products		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 39.07	Articles of materials of the kinds described in heading Nos 39.01 to 39.06 with the exception of fans and hand screens, non-mechanical, frames and handles therefor and parts of such frames and handles, and corset busks and similar supports for articles of apparel or clothing accessories		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
40.05	Plates, sheets and strip, of unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber, other than smoked sheets and crepe sheets of heading No 40.01 or 40.02; granules of unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber compounded ready for vulcanization; unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber, compounded before or after coagulation either with carbon black (with or without the addition of mineral oil) or with silica (with or without the addition of mineral oil), in any form, of a kind known as masterbatch		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
41.08	Patent leather and imitation patent leather; metallized leather		Varnishing or metallizing of leather of heading Nos 41.02 to 41.06 (other than skin leather of crossed Indian sheep and Indian goat or kid, not further prepared than vegetable tanned, or if otherwise prepared obviously unsuitable for immediate use in the manufacture of leather articles) in which the value of the skin leather used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
43.03	Articles of furskin	Making up from furskin in plates, crosses and similar forms (heading No ex 43.02) ⁽¹⁾	
ex 44.21	Complete wooden packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, excepting those made of fibreboard		Manufacture from boards not cut to size
ex 44.28	Match splints; wooden pegs or pins for footwear	Manufacture from drawn wood	
45.03	Articles of natural cork		Manufacture from products of heading No 45.01
ex 48.07	Paper and paperboard, ruled, lined, or squared, but not otherwise printed, in rolls or sheets		Manufacture from paper pulp
48.14	Writing blocks, envelopes, letter cards, plain postcards, correspondence cards; boxes, pouches, wallets and writing compendiums, of paper or paperboard, containing only an assortment of paper stationery		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
48.15	Other paper and paperboard, cut to size or shape		Manufacture from paper pulp
ex 48.16	Boxes, bags and other packing containers, of paper or paperboard		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
49.09	Picture postcards, Christmas and other picture greeting cards, printed by any process, with or without trimmings	Manufacture from products of heading No 49.11	

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
49.10	Calendars of any kind, of paper or paperboard, including calendar blocks	Manufacture from products of heading No 49.11	
50.04 ⁽¹⁾	Silk yarn, other than yarn of noil or other waste silk, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products other than those of heading No 50.04
50.05 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn spun from noil or other waste silk, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.03
ex 50.07 ⁽¹⁾	Silk yarn and yarn spun from noil or other waste silk, put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03
ex 50.07 ⁽¹⁾	Imitation catgut of silk		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.01 or of heading No 50.03 neither carded nor combed
50.09 ⁽²⁾	Woven fabrics of silk, of noil or of other waste silk		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.02 or 50.03
51.01 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of man-made fibres (continuous), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
51.02 ⁽¹⁾	Monofil, strip (artificial straw and the like) and imitation catgut, of man-made fibre materials		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
51.03 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of man-made fibres (continuous), put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
51.04 ⁽²⁾	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
52.01 ⁽¹⁾	Metallized yarn, being textile yarn spun with metal or covered with metal by any process		Manufacture from chemical products, from textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste, neither carded nor combed

⁽¹⁾ For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in the list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ For fabrics composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

- to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;
- to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
52.02 ⁽¹⁾	Woven fabrics of metal thread or of metallized yarn, of a kind used in articles of apparel, as furnishing fabrics or the like		Manufacture from chemical products, from textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste
53.06 ⁽²⁾	Yarn of carded sheep's or lambs' wool (woollen yarn), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 53.01 or 53.03
53.07 ⁽²⁾	Yarn of combed sheep's or lambs' wool (worsted yarn), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 53.01 or 53.03
53.08 ⁽²⁾	Yarn of fine animal hair (carded or combed), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from raw fine animal hair of heading No 53.02
53.09 ⁽²⁾	Yarn of horsehair or of other coarse animal hair, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from raw coarse animal hair of heading No 53.02 or from raw horsehair of heading No 05.03
53.10 ⁽²⁾	Yarn of sheep's or lambs' wool of horsehair or of other animal hair (fine or coarse), put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 05.03 and 53.01 to 53.04
53.11 ⁽¹⁾	Woven fabrics of sheep's or lambs' wool or of fine animal hair		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 53.01 to 53.05
53.12 ⁽¹⁾	Woven fabrics of horsehair or of other coarse animal hair		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 53.02 to 53.05 or from horsehair of heading No 05.03
54.03 ⁽²⁾	Flax or ramie yarn, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture either from products of heading No 54.01 neither carded nor combed or from products of heading No 54.02
54.04 ⁽²⁾	Flax or ramie yarn, put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading No 54.01 or 54.02
54.05 ⁽¹⁾	Woven fabrics of flax or of ramie		Manufacture from materials of heading No 54.01 or 54.02
55.05 ⁽²⁾	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01 or 55.03
55.06 ⁽²⁾	Cotton yarn, put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01 or 55.03

⁽¹⁾ For fabrics composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

- to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;
- to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

⁽²⁾ For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in the list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
55.07 ⁽¹⁾	Cotton gauze		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01, 55.03 or 55.04
55.08 ⁽¹⁾	Terry towelling and similar terry fabrics, of cotton		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01, 55.03 or 55.04
55.09 ⁽¹⁾	Other woven fabrics of cotton		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01, 55.03 or 55.04
56.01	Man-made fibres (discontinuous), not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.02	Continuous filament tow for the manufacture of man-made fibres (discontinuous)		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.03	Waste (including yarn waste and pulled or garnetted rags) of man-made fibres (continuous or discontinuous), not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.04	Man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.05 ⁽²⁾	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.06 ⁽²⁾	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.07 ⁽¹⁾	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste)		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 56.01 to 56.03
57.06 ⁽²⁾	Yarn of jute or of other textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03		Manufacture from raw jute, jute tow or from other raw textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03
ex 57.07 ⁽²⁾	Yarn of true hemp		Manufacture from true hemp, raw

⁽¹⁾ For fabrics composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

- to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;

- to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

⁽²⁾ For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in the list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 57.07 (1)	Yarn of other vegetable textile fibres, excluding yarn of true hemp		Manufacture from raw vegetable textile fibres of heading Nos 57.02 to 57.04
ex 57.07	Paper yarn		Manufacture from products of Chapter 47, from chemical products, textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste, neither carded nor combed
57.10 (2)	Woven fabrics of jute or of other textile bast fabrics of heading No 57.03		Manufacture from raw jute, jute tow or from other raw textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03
ex 57.11 (2)	Woven fabrics of other vegetable textile fibres		Manufacture from materials of heading No 57.01, 57.02 or 57.04 or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
ex 57.11	Woven fabrics of paper yarn		Manufacture from paper, from chemical products, textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste
58.01 (3)	Carpets, carpeting and rugs knotted (made up or not)		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 51.01, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04
58.02 (3)	Other carpets, carpeting, rugs, mats and matting, and 'Kelem', 'Schumacks' and 'Karamanie' rugs and the like (made up or not)		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 51.01, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 57.01 to 57.04 or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
58.04 (3)	Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics (other than terry towelling or similar terry fabrics of cotton falling within heading No 55.08 and fabrics falling within heading No 58.05)		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03, 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp

(1) For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in the list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

(2) For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed product is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

- to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;
- to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

(3) For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in column 4 must be met in respect of each of the textile materials of which the mixed product is composed. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

- to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;
- to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
C.C.T. heading No	Description		
58.05 ⁽¹⁾	Narrow woven fabrics, and narrow fabrics (bolduc) consisting of warp without weft assembled by means of an adhesive, other than goods falling within heading No 58.06		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.06 ⁽¹⁾	Woven labels, badges and the like, not embroidered, in the piece, in strips or cut to shape or size		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.07 ⁽¹⁾	Chenille yarn (including flock chenille yarn), gimped yarn (other than metallized yarn of heading No 52.01 and gimped horsehair yarn); braids and ornamental trimmings in the piece; tassels, pompoms and the like		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.08 ⁽¹⁾	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), plain		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.09 ⁽¹⁾	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), figured; hand or mechanically made lace, in the piece, in strips or in motifs		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.10	Embroidery, in the piece, in strips or in motifs		Manufacture in which the value of the product used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
59.01 ⁽¹⁾	Wadding and articles of wadding, textile flock and dust and mill neps		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp
ex 59.02 ⁽¹⁾	Felt and articles of felt, with the exception of needled felt, whether or not impregnated or coated		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp

⁽¹⁾ For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in column 4 must be met in respect of each of the textile materials of which the mixed product is composed. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

- to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;
- to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 59.02 (1)	Needled felt, whether or not impregnated or coated		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp or from fibre or continuous polypropylene filament of which the denomination of the filaments is less than eight denier and of which the value does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
59.03 (1)	Bonded fibre fabrics, similar bonded yarn fabrics, and articles of such fabrics, whether or not impregnated or coated		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp
59.04 (1)	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, plaited or not		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
59.05 (1)	Nets and netting made of twine, cordage or rope, and made up fishing nets of yarn, twine, cordage or rope		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
59.06 (1)	Other articles made from yarn, twine, cordage, rope or cables, other than textile fabrics and articles made from such fabrics		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
59.07	Textile fabrics coated with gum or amylaceous substances, of a kind used for the outer covers of books and the like; tracing cloth; prepared painting canvas; buckram and similar fabrics for hat foundations and similar uses		Manufacture from yarn
59.08	Textile fabrics impregnated, coated covered or laminated with preparations of cellulose derivatives or of other artificial plastic materials		Manufacture from yarn

(1) For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in column 4 must be met in respect of each of the textile materials of which the mixed product is composed. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased;

— to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments or polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;

— to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
59.10 ⁽¹⁾	Linoleum and materials prepared on a textile base in a similar manner to linoleum, whether or not cut to shape or of a kind used as floor coverings; floor coverings consisting of a coating applied on a textile base, cut to shape or not		Manufacture either from yarn or from textile fibres
ex 59.11	Rubberized textile fabrics, other than rubberized knitted or crocheted goods, with the exception of those consisting of fabric of continuous synthetic textile fibres, or of fabric composed of parallel yarns of continuous synthetic textile fibres, impregnated or covered with rubber latex, containing at least 90% by weight of textile materials and used for the manufacture of tyres or for other technical uses		Manufacture from yarn
ex 59.11	Rubberized textile fabrics, other than rubberized knitted or crocheted goods, consisting of fabric of continuous synthetic textile fibres or of fabric composed of parallel yarns of continuous synthetic textile fibres, impregnated or covered with rubber latex, containing at least 90% by weight of textile materials and used for the manufacture of tyres or for other technical uses		Manufacture from chemical products
59.12	Textile fabrics otherwise impregnated or coated; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio back-cloths or the like		Manufacture from yarn
59.13 ⁽¹⁾	Elastic fabrics and trimmings (other than knitted or crocheted goods) consisting of textile materials combined with rubber threads		Manufacture from single yarn
59.15 ⁽¹⁾	Textile hosepiping and similar tubing, with or without lining armour or accessories of other materials		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp

⁽¹⁾ For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in column 4 must be met in respect of each of the textile materials of which the mixed product is composed. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

— to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gumped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;

— to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
59.16 ⁽¹⁾	Transmission, conveyor or elevator belts or belting, of textile material, whether or not strengthened with metal or other material		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
59.17 ⁽¹⁾	Textile fabrics and textile articles, of a kind commonly used in machinery or plant		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
ex Chapter 60 ⁽¹⁾	Knitted and crocheted goods, excluding knitted or crocheted goods obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from natural fibre carded or combed, from materials of heading Nos 56.01 to 56.03 from chemical products or textile pulp
ex 60.02	Gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽²⁾
ex 60.03	Stockings, understockings, socks, ankle-socks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽²⁾
ex 60.04	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in column 4 must be met in respect of each of the textile materials of which the mixed product is composed. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

- to 20% where the product in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;
- to 30% where the product in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

⁽²⁾ Trimmings and accessories used (excluding linings and interlinings) which change tariff heading do not remove the originating status of the product obtained if their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾
ex 60.06	Other articles, knitted or crocheted, elastic or rubberized (including elastic knee-caps and elastic stockings), obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾
ex 61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments, excluding fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.01	Fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from uncoated cloth of which the value does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments, not embroidered, excluding fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.02	Fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from uncoated cloth of which the value does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
61.04	Women's, girls' and infants' under garments		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Trimmings and accessories (excluding linings and interlining) which change tariff heading do not remove the originating status of the product obtained if their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from printed fabric in accordance with the conditions shown in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 61.05	Handkerchiefs, not embroidered		Manufacture from unbleached single yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
ex 61.05	Handkerchiefs, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
ex 61.06	Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like, not embroidered		Manufacture from unbleached single yarn of natural textile fibres or discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste or from chemical products or textile pulp ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.06	Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
61.07	Ties, bow ties and cravats		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
61.09	Corsets, corset-belts, suspender-belts, brassières braces, suspenders, garters and the like (including such articles of knitted or crocheted fabric), whether or not elastic		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.10	Gloves, mittens, mitts, stockings, socks and sockettes, not being knitted or crocheted goods, excluding fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.10	Fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from uncoated cloth of which the value does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.11	Made up accessories for articles of apparel (for example, dress shields, shoulder and other pads, belts, muffs, sleeve protectors, pockets) with the exception of collars, tuckers, fallals, bodice-fronts, jabots, cutfs, flouncs, yokes and similar accessories and trimmings for women's and girls' garments, embroidered		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Trimmings and accessories used (excluding linings and interlining) which change tariff heading do not remove the originating status of the product obtained if their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of the textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from printed fabric in accordance with the conditions shown in List B.

⁽³⁾ For products obtained from two or more textile materials, this rule does not apply to one or more of the mixed textile materials if its or their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 61.11	Collars, tuckers, fallals, bodice-fronts, jabots, cuffs, flounces, yokes and similar accessories and trimmings for women's and girls' garments, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
62.01	Travelling rugs and blankets		Manufacture from unbleached yarn of Chapters 50 to 56 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
ex 62.02	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles, not embroidered		Manufacture from unbleached single yarn ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
ex 62.02	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
62.03	Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods		Manufacture from chemical products, textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
62.04	Tarpaulins, sails, awnings, sunblinds, tents and camping goods		Manufacture from single unbleached yarn ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
ex 62.05	Other made up textile articles (including dress patterns) excluding fans and hand-screens, non-mechanical, frames and handles therefor and parts of such frames and handles		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
64.01	Footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or artificial plastic material	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	
64.02	Footwear with outer soles of leather or composition leather footwear (other than footwear falling within heading No 64.01) with outer soles of rubber or artificial plastic material	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	
64.03	Footwear with outer soles of wood or of cork	Manufacture, from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	

⁽¹⁾ Trimmings and accessories used (excluding lining and interlining) which change tariff heading do not remove the originating status of the product obtained if their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from printed fabric in accordance with the conditions shown in List B.

⁽³⁾ For products obtained from two or more textile materials, this rule does not apply to one or more of the mixed textile materials if its or their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
64.04	Footwear with outer soles of other materials	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	
65.03	Felt hats and other felt headgear, being headgear made from the felt hoods and plateaux falling within heading No 65.01, whether or not lined or trimmed		Manufacture from textile fibres
65.05	Hats and other headgear (including hair nets), knitted or crocheted, or made up from lace, felt or other textile fabric in the piece (but not from strips), whether or not lined or trimmed		Manufacture either from yarn or from textile fibres
66.01	Umbrellas and sunshades (including walking-stick umbrellas, umbrella tents, and garden and similar umbrellas)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 70.07	Cast, rolled, drawn or blown glass (including flashed or wired glass) cut to shape other than rectangular shape, or bent or otherwise worked (for example, edge worked or engraved) whether or not surface ground or polished; multiple-walled insulating glass	Manufacture from drawn, cast or rolled glass of heading Nos 70.04 to 70.06	
70.08	Safety glass consisting of toughened or laminated glass, shaped or not	Manufacture from drawn, cast or rolled glass of heading Nos 70.04 to 70.06	
70.09	Glass mirrors (including rear-view mirrors), unframed, framed or backed	Manufacture from drawn, cast or rolled glass of heading Nos 70.04 to 70.06	
71.15	Articles consisting of, or incorporating, pearls, precious or semi-precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstructed)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
73.07	Blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars (including tinplate bars), of iron or steel; pieces roughly shaped by forging, of iron or steel	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.06	
73.08	Iron or steel coils for re-rolling	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.07	

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
73.09	Universal plates of iron or steel	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.07 or 73.08	
73.10	Bars and rods (including wire rod), of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished (including precision-made); hollow mining drill steel	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.07	
73.11	Angles, shapes and sections, of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished; sheet piling of iron or steel, whether or not drilled, punched or made from assembled elements	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 73.07 to 73.10, 73.12 or 73.13	
73.12	Hoop and strip, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 73.07 to 73.09 or 73.13	
73.13	Sheets and plates, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 73.07 to 73.09	
73.14	Iron or steel wire, whether or not coated, but not insulated	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.10	
73.16	Railway and tramway track construction material of iron or steel, the following: rails, check-rails, switch blades, crossings (or frogs), crossing pieces, point rods, rack rails, sleepers, fish-plates, chairs, chair wedges, sole plates (base plates), rail clips, bedplates, ties and other materials specialized for joining or fixing rails		Manufacture from products of heading No 73.06
73.18	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of iron (other than of cast iron) or steel, excluding high-pressure hydroelectric conduits		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 73.06 and 73.07 or heading No 73.15 in the forms specified in heading Nos 73.06 and 73.07
74.03	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of copper; copper wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
74.04	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.05	Copper foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0.15 mm		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.06	Copper powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.07	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of copper; hollow bars of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.08	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.10	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of copper wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.11	Gauze, cloth, grill, netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials (including endless bands), of copper wire; expanded metal, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.15	Nails, tacks, staples hook-nails, spiked cramps, studs, spikes and drawing pins, of copper, or of iron or steel with heads of copper; bolts and nuts (including bolt ends and screw studs), whether or not threaded or tapped, screws (including screw hooks and screw rings), rivets, cotters, cotter-pins and similar articles of copper; washers (including spring washers) of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
74.16	Springs, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.17	Cooking and heating apparatus of a kind used for domestic purposes, not electrically operated, and parts thereof, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.18	Other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.19	Other articles of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
75.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of nickel; nickel wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
75.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of nickel; nickel foil; nickel powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
75.04	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of nickel; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of nickel		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
75.05	Electro-plating anodes, of nickel, wrought or unwrought, including those produced by electrolysis		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
75.06	Other articles of nickel		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
76.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of aluminium; aluminium wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
76.04	Aluminium foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0.20 mm		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.05	Aluminium powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.06	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of aluminium; hollow bars of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.07	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.08	Structures and parts of structures (for example, hangars and other buildings, bridges and bridge-sections, towers, lattice masts, roofs, roofing frameworks, door and window frames, balustrades, pillars and columns), of aluminium; plates, rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.09	Reservoirs, tanks, vats and similar containers, for any material (other than compressed or liquefied gas), of aluminium, of a capacity exceeding 300 litres, whether or not lined or heat-insulated, but not fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.10	Casks, drums, cans, boxes and similar containers (including rigid and collapsible tubular containers), of aluminium, of a description commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.11	Containers, of aluminium, for compressed or liquefied gas		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
76.12	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of aluminium wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.15	Articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.16	Other articles of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
77.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of magnesium; magnesium wire; wrought plates, sheets and strip, of magnesium; magnesium foil; raspings and shavings of uniform size, powders and flakes, of magnesium; tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of magnesium; hollow bars of magnesium; other articles of magnesium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
78.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of lead; lead wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
78.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of lead		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
78.04	Lead foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a weight (excluding any backing) not exceeding 1.7 kg/m ² ; lead powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
78.05	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of lead; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets, flanges and S-bends), of lead		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
78.06	Other articles of lead		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
79.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of zinc; zinc wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
79.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of zinc; zinc foil; zinc powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
79.04	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of zinc; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of zinc		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
79.06	Other articles of zinc		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
80.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of tin; tin wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
80.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of tin		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
80.04	Tin foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a weight (excluding any backing) not exceeding 1 kg/m ² ; tin powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
80.05	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of tin; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of tin		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
82.05	Interchangeable tools for hand tools, for machine tools or for power-operated hand tools (for example, for pressing, stamping, drilling, tapping, threading, boring, broaching, milling, cutting, turning, dressing, mortising or screw-driving), including dies for wire drawing, extrusion dies for metal, and rock drilling bits		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
82.06	Knives and cutting blades, for machines or for mechanical appliances		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
ex Chapter 84	Boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances and parts thereof, excluding refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other) (No 84.15) and sewing machines, including furniture specially designed for sewing machines (ex No 84.41)		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
84.15	Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other)		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽²⁾ used are originating products
ex 84.41	Sewing machines, including furniture specially designed for sewing machines		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽²⁾ used for the assembly of the head (motor excluded) are originating products, and — the thread tension, crochet and zigzag mechanisms are originating products
ex Chapter 85	Electrical machinery and equipment; parts thereof; excluding products of heading No 85.14 or 85.15		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating material and parts used do not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

⁽²⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
- the value of imported products,
 - the value of products of undetermined origin.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
85.14	Microphones and stands therefor; loudspeakers; audio-frequency electric amplifiers		<p>Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products, and — the value of the non-originating transistors used does not exceed 3% of the value of the finished product ⁽²⁾
85.15	Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus		<p>Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products, and — the value of the non-originating transistors used does not exceed 3% of the value of the finished product ⁽²⁾
Chapter-86	Railway and tramway locomotives; rolling-stock and parts thereof; railway and tramway track fixtures and fittings; traffic signalling equipment of all kinds (not electrically powered)		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
ex Chapter 87	Vehicles, other than railway or tramway rolling-stock, and parts thereof, excluding products of heading No 87.09		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product

(1) In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 - the value of imported products,
 - the value of products of undetermined origin.

(2) This percentage is not cumulative with the 40%.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
C.C.T heading No	Description		
87.09	Motor-cycles, auto-cycles and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor, with or without side-cars; side-cars of all kinds		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
ex Chapter 90	Optical, photographic, cinematographic, measuring, checking, precision, medical and surgical instruments and apparatus and parts thereof, excluding products of heading Nos 90.05, 90.07 (except electrically ignited photographic flashbulbs), 90.08, 90.12 and 90.26		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
90.05	Refracting telescopes (monocular and binocular), prismatic or not		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
ex 90.07	Photographic cameras; photographic flashlight apparatus and flashbulbs other than discharge lamps of heading No 85.20, with the exception of electrically ignited photographic flashbulbs		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
90.08	Cinematographic cameras, projectors, sound recorders and sound reproducers; any combination of these articles		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 - the value of imported products,
 - the value of products of undetermined origin.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
90.12	Compound optical microscopes, whether or not provided with means for photographing or projecting the image		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
90.26	Gas, liquid and electricity supply or production meters; calibrating meters therefor		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
ex Chapter 91	Clocks and watches and parts thereof, excluding products of heading No 91.04 or 91.08		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
91.04	Other clocks		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
91.08	Clock movements, assembled		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
ex Chapter 92	Musical instruments, sound recorders or reproducers, television image and sound recorders or reproducers; parts and accessories of such articles, excluding products of heading No 92.11		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:
 (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
 (b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 — the value of imported products,
 — the value of products of undetermined origin.

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No L 80/35

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCI heading No	Description		
92.11	Gramophones, dictating machines and other sound recorders or reproducers, including record-players and tape decks, with or without sound-heads; television image and sound recorders or reproducers		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products, and — the value of the non-originating transistors used does not exceed 3% of the value of the finished product ⁽²⁾
Chapter 93	Arms and ammunition; parts thereof		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 96.01	Other brooms and brushes (including brushes of a kind used as parts of machines); paint rollers; squeegees (other than roller squeegees) and mops		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
97.03	Other toys; working models of a kind used for recreational purposes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
98.01	Buttons and button moulds, studs, cuff-links, and press-fasteners, including snap-fasteners and press-studs, blanks and parts of such articles		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
98.08	Typewriter and similar ribbons whether or not on spools; ink-pads, with or without boxes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
- the value of imported products,
 - the value of products of undetermined origin.

⁽²⁾ This percentage is not cumulative with the 40%.

ANNEX III

LIST B

List of working or processing operations which do not result in a change of tariff heading, but which do confer the status of originating products on the products undergoing such operations

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
		Incorporation of non-originating materials and parts in boilers, machinery, mechanical appliances, etc., of Chapters 84 to 92, in boilers and radiators of heading No 73.37 and in the products contained in heading Nos 97.07 and 98.03 does not make such products lose their status of originating products, provided that the value of these products does not exceed 5% of the value of the finished product
13.02	Shellac, seed lac, stick lac and other lacs; natural gums, resins, gum-resins and balsams	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 15.10	Fatty alcohols	Manufacture from fatty acids
ex 17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from beet sugar and cane sugar in solid form without flavouring or colouring of which the value does not exceed 30% of the value of the finished product
ex 17.02	Lactose, glucose, maple or other sugars, in solid form, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from other sugars in solid form without flavouring or colouring of which the value does not exceed 30% of the value of the finished product
ex 17.03	Molasses, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from products without flavouring or colouring of which the value does not exceed 30% of the value of the finished product
ex 21.03	Prepared mustard	Manufacture from mustard flour
ex 22.09	Whisky of an alcoholic strength of less than 50°	Manufacture from alcohol deriving exclusively from the distillation of cereals and in which the value of the non-originating constituent products does not exceed 15% of the value of the finished product
ex 25.15	Marble squared by sawing, of a thickness not exceeding 25 cm	Sawing into slabs or sections, polishing, grinding and cleaning of marble, including marble not further worked than roughly split, roughly squared or squared by sawing, of a thickness exceeding 25 cm
ex 25.16	Granite, porphyry, basalt, sandstone and other monumental and building stone, squared by sawing, of a thickness not exceeding 25 cm	Sawing of granite, porphyry, basalt, sandstone and other building stone, including such stone not further worked than roughly split, roughly squared or squared by sawing, of a thickness exceeding 25 cm

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Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 25.18	Calcined dolomite; agglomerated dolomite (including tarred dolomite)	Calcination of unworked dolomite
ex 25.19	Other magnesium oxide, whether or not chemically pure	Manufacture from natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite)
ex 25.32	Earth colours, calcined or powdered	Crushing and calcination or powdering of earth colours
ex Chapters 28 to 37	Products of the chemical and allied industries, excluding sulphuric anhydride (ex 28.13), calcined, crushed and powdered natural aluminium calcium phosphates, treated thermally (ex 31.03), tannins (ex 32.01), essential oils, resinoids and terpenic by-products (ex 33.01), preparations used for tenderizing meat, preparations used for clarifying beer composed of papain and bentonite and enzymatic preparations for the desizing of textiles (ex 35.07)	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating products used does not exceed 20% of the value of the finished product
ex 28.13	Sulphuric anhydride	Manufacture from sulphur dioxide
ex 31.03	Calcined, crushed and powdered natural aluminium calcium phosphates, treated thermally	Crushing and powdering of calcined natural aluminium calcium phosphates, treated thermally
ex 32.01	Tannins (tannic acids), including water-extracted gall-nut tannin, and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives	Manufacture from tanning extracts of vegetable origin
ex 33.01	Essential oils (terpeneless or not), concretes and absolutes; resinoids; terpenic by-products of the deterpenation of essential oils	Manufacture from concentrates of essential oils in fats, in fixed oils, or in waxes or the like, obtained by cold absorption or by maceration
ex 35.07	Preparations used for tenderizing meat, preparations used for clarifying beer, composed of papain and bentonite, enzymatic preparations for the desizing of textiles	Manufacture from enzymes or prepared enzymes of which the value does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex Chapter 38	Miscellaneous chemical products, other than refined tall oil (ex 38.05), spirits of sulphate turpentine, purified (ex 38.07) and wood pitch (wood tar pitch) (ex 38.09)	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating materials used does not exceed 20% of the value of the finished product
ex 38.05	Refined tall oil	Refining of crude tall oil
ex 38.07	Sulphate turpentine, purified	Purification consisting of the distillation or refining of raw sulphate turpentine
ex 38.09	Wood pitch (wood tar pitch)	Distillation of wood tar
ex Chapter 39	Artificial resins and plastic materials, cellulose esters and ethers; articles thereof, excepting films of ionomers (ex 39.02)	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating materials used does not exceed 20% of the value of the finished product

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 39.02	Ionomer film	Manufacture from a thermoplastic partial salt which is a copolymer of ethylene and metacrylic acid partly neutralized with metal ions, mainly zinc and sodium
ex 40.01	Slabs of crepe rubber for soles	Lamination of crepe sheets of natural rubber
ex 40.07	Vulcanized rubber thread and cord, textile covered	Manufacture from vulcanized rubber thread or cord, not textile covered
ex 41.01	Sheep and lamb skins without the wool	Removing wool from sheep and lamb skins in the wool
ex 41.02	Retanned bovine cattle leather (including buffalo leather) and equine leather prepared but not parchment-dressed, except leather falling within heading Nos 41.06 and 41.08	Retanning of bovine cattle leather (including buffalo leather) and equine leather, not further prepared than tanned
ex 41.03	Retanned sheep and lamb skin leather, prepared but not parchment-dressed, except leather falling within heading Nos 41.06 and 41.08	Retanning of sheep and lamb skin leather, not further prepared than tanned
ex 41.04	Retanned goat and kid skin leather, prepared but not parchment-dressed, except leather falling within heading Nos 41.06 and 41.08	Retanning of goat and kid skin leather, not further prepared than tanned
ex 41.05	Other kinds of retanned leather, prepared but not parchment-dressed, except leather falling within heading Nos 41.06 and 41.08	Retanning of other kinds of leather, not further prepared than tanned
ex 43.02	Assembled furskins	Bleaching, dyeing, dressing, cutting and assembling of tanned or dressed furskins
ex 44.22	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs, buckets and other coopers' products and parts thereof	Manufacture from riven staves of wood, not further prepared than sawn on one principal surface; sawn staves of wood, of which at least one principal surface has been cylindrically sawn, not further prepared than sawn
ex 50.03	Silk waste, carded or combed	Carding or combing waste silk
ex 50.09	Printed fabrics	Printing accompanied by finishing operations (bleaching, dressing, drying, steaming, burling, mending, impregnating, sanforizing, mercerizing) of fabrics the value of which does not exceed 47.5% of the value of the finished product
ex 51.04		
ex 53.11		
ex 53.12		
ex 54.05		
ex 55.07		
ex 55.08		
ex 55.09		
ex 56.07		
ex 59.14	Incandescent gas mantles	Manufacture from tabular gas-mantle fabric

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Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CC T heading No	Description	
ex 67.01	Feather dusters	Manufacture from feathers, parts of feathers or down
ex 68.03	Articles of slate, including articles of agglomerated slate	Manufacture of articles of slate
ex 68.04	Hand polishing stones, whetstones, oilstones, hones and the like, of natural stone, of agglomerated natural or artificial abrasives, or of pottery	Cutting, adjusting and gluing of abrasive materials, which, owing to their shape, are not recognizable as being intended for hand use
ex 68.13	Articles of asbestos; articles of mixtures with a basis of asbestos or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate	Manufacture of articles of asbestos or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos, or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate
ex 68.15	Articles of mica, including bonded mica splittings on a support of paper or fabric	Manufacture of articles of mica
ex 70.10	Cut-glass bottles	Cutting of bottles the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
70.13	Glassware (other than articles falling in heading No 70.19) of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes, for indoor decoration, or similar uses	Cutting of glassware the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product or decoration, with the exception of silk-screen printing, carried out entirely by hand, of hand-blown glassware the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 70.20	Articles made from glass fibre	Manufacture from unworked glass fibre
ex 71.02	Precious and semi-precious stones, cut or otherwise worked, but not mounted, set or strung (except ungraded stones temporarily strung for convenience of transport)	Manufacture from unworked precious and semi-precious stones
ex 71.03	Synthetic or reconstructed precious or semi-precious stones, cut or otherwise worked, but not mounted, set or strung (except ungraded stones temporarily strung for convenience of transport)	Manufacture from unworked synthetic or reconstructed precious or semi-precious stones
ex 71.05	Silver and silver alloys, including silver gilt and platinum-plated silver, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought silver and silver alloys
ex 71.05	Silver, including silver gilt and platinum-plated silver, unwrought	Alloying or electrolytic separation of unwrought silver and silver alloys
ex 71.06	Rolled silver, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought rolled silver
ex 71.07	Gold, including platinum-plated gold, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought gold, including platinum-plated gold
ex 71.07	Gold, including platinum-plated gold, unwrought	Alloying or electrolytic separation of unwrought gold or gold alloys
ex 71.08	Rolled gold on base metal or silver, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought rolled gold on base metal or silver

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Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 71.09	Platinum and other metals of the platinum group, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought platinum or other metals of the platinum group
ex 71.09	Platinum and other metals of the platinum group, unwrought	Alloying or electrolytic separation of unwrought platinum or other metals of the platinum group
ex 71.10	Rolled platinum or other platinum group metals, on base metal or precious metal, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought rolled platinum or other unwrought platinum group metals, on base metal or precious metal
ex 73.15	Alloy steel and high carbon steel: — in the forms mentioned in heading Nos 73.07 to 73.13 — in the forms mentioned in heading No 73.14	Manufacture from products in the forms mentioned in heading No 73.06 Manufacture from products in the forms mentioned in heading No 73.06 or 73.07
ex 74.01	Unrefined copper (blister copper and other)	Smelting of copper matte
ex 74.01	Refined copper	Fire-refining or electrolytic refining of unrefined copper (blister copper and other) copper waste or scrap
ex 74.01	Copper alloy	Fusion and thermal treatment of refined copper, copper waste or scrap
ex 75.01	Unwrought nickel (excluding electro-plating anodes of heading No 75.05)	Refining by electrolysis, by fusion or chemically, of nickel mattes, nickel speiss and other intermediate products of nickel metallurgy
ex 75.01	Unwrought nickel except nickel alloys	Refining of waste by electrolysis, by melting or by chemical means of waste and scrap
ex 76.01	Unwrought aluminium	Manufacture by thermal or electrolytic treatment of unalloyed aluminium, waste and scrap
76.16	Other articles of aluminium	Manufacture in which gauze, cloth, grill, netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials (including endless bands) of aluminium wire, or expanded metal of aluminium are used, the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 77.02	Other articles of magnesium	Manufacture from wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, plates, sheets and strip, wire, foil, raspings and shavings of uniform size, powders and flakes, tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, hollow bars, of magnesium, the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 77.04	Beryllium, wrought	Rolling, drawing or grinding of unwrought beryllium the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 78.01	Refined lead	Manufacture by thermal refining from bullion lead

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Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 81.01	Tungsten, wrought	Manufacture from unwrought tungsten the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 81.02	Molybdenum, wrought	Manufacture from unwrought molybdenum the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 81.03	Tantalum, wrought	Manufacture from unwrought tantalum the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 81.04	Other base metals, wrought	Manufacture from other base metals, unwrought, the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 82.09	Knives with cutting blades, serrated or not (including pruning knives) other than knives falling within heading No 82.06	Manufacture from knife blades
ex 83.06	Indoor ornaments made from base metals other than statuettes	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating materials used does not exceed 30% of the value of the finished product
ex 84.05	Steam engines (including mobile engines, but not steam tractors falling within heading No 87.01 or mechanically propelled road rollers) with self-contained boilers	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the products used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
84.06	Internal combustion piston engines	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
ex 84.08	Engines and motors, excluding reaction engines and gas turbines	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
84.16	Calendering and similar rolling machines (other than metal-working and metal-rolling machines and glass-working machines) and cylinders therefor	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product
ex 84.17	Machinery, plant and similar laboratory equipment, whether or not electrically heated, for the treatment of materials by a process involving a change of temperature, for wood, paper pulp, paper and paperboard manufacturing industries	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 - the value of imported products,
 - the value of products of undetermined origin.

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
84.31	Machinery for making or finishing cellulosic pulp, paper or paperboard	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product
84.33	Paper or paperboard cutting machines of all kinds; other machinery for making up paper pulp, paper or paperboard	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product
ex 84.41	Sewing machines, including furniture specially designed for sewing	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used for assembly of the head (motor excluded) are originating products — and the thread tension, crochet and zigzag mechanisms are originating products
85.14	Microphones and stands therefor; loudspeakers; audio-frequency electric amplifiers	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product and provided that at least 50% of the materials and parts used are originating products ⁽²⁾
85.15	Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product and provided that at least 50% of the materials and parts used are originating products ⁽²⁾
87.06	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles falling within heading No 87.01, 87.02 or 87.03	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 15% of the value of the finished product
ex 94.01	Chairs and other seats (other than those falling within heading No 94.02) whether or not convertible into beds, made of base metals	Working, processing or assembly in which unstuffed cotton cloth is used of a weight of 300 g/m ² or less in the form ready to use, of which the value does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product ⁽³⁾

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

(a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first ascertainable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;

(b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:

— the value of imported products,
— the value of products of undetermined origin.

⁽²⁾ The application of this rule must not have the effect of allowing the exceeding of the percentage of 3% for the non-originating transistors laid down in List A for the same tariff heading.

⁽³⁾ This rule does not apply when the general rule of change of tariff heading is applied to the other non-originating parts which are part of the composition of the final product.

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Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 94.03	Other furniture of base metal	Working, processing or assembly in which unstuffed cotton cloth is used of a weight of 300 g/m ² or less in the form ready to use, of which the value does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
ex 95.05	Articles in tortoise shell, mother of pearl, ivory, bone, horn, coral (natural or agglomerated) and other animal carving material	Manufacture from tortoise shell, mother of pearl, ivory, bone, horn, coral (natural or agglomerated) and other animal carving material; worked
ex 95.08	Articles in vegetable carving material (for example corozo), meerschaum and amber, natural or reconstituted, jet (and mineral substitutes for jet)	Manufacture from vegetable carving material (for example corozo), meerschaum and amber, natural or reconstituted, jet (and mineral substitutes for jet); worked
ex 96.01	Brushes and brooms	Manufacture using prepared knots and tufts for broom or brush making the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 98.11	Smoking pipes, pipe bowls, of wood, root or other materials	Manufacture from roughly shaped blocks

⁽¹⁾ This rule does not apply when the general rule of change of tariff heading is applied to the other non-originating parts which are part of the composition of the final product.

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel

Letter No 1

Sir,

In pursuance of Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel, I have the honour to inform you that Israel undertakes to take all necessary measures in order that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1980 will not exceed 220 tonnes.

To this end the Government of the State of Israel declares that all exports to the Community of the products concerned will be effected exclusively by exporters whose operations are controlled by the Israeli Ministry of Commerce, Industry and Tourism.

The guarantees relating to the quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between that ministry and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would kindly confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*For the Government of
the State of Israel*

Letter No 2

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today worded as follows:

'In pursuance of Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel, I have the honour to inform you that Israel undertakes to take all necessary measures in order that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1980 will not exceed 220 tonnes.

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*On behalf of the Council of
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AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the importation into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel

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*On behalf of the Council
of the European Economic Communities*

SECOND ADDITIONAL PROTOCOL

to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel

THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY,

of the one part, and

THE STATE OF ISRAEL,

of the other part,

HAVING regard to Article 22 of the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel,

ANXIOUS to ensure the harmonious development of their trade and in particular to take measures which could help to reduce the State of Israel's trade deficit with the Community,

WHEREAS the State of Israel should have the option, for a further period of two years, of taking the protective measures essential to its industrialization and development, under the conditions laid down in Article 3 of Protocol 2 to the Agreement,

HAVE DECIDED TO CONCLUDE THIS PROTOCOL :

Article 1

The table in Article 1 (2) of Protocol 2 to the Agreement is hereby replaced by the following :

<i>Timetable</i>	<i>Rate of reduction</i>
— from 1 July 1977	5 %
— from 1 July 1978	20 %
— from 1 July 1981	30 %
— from 1 January 1983	50 %
— from 1 January 1985	80 %
— from 1 January 1987	100 %.

Article 2

In Article 3 (1) of Protocol 2 to the Agreement, '31 December 1983' is hereby replaced by '31 December 1985'.

Article 3

This Protocol shall form an integral part of the Agreement.

Article 4

This Protocol is drawn up in duplicate in the Danish, Dutch, English, French, German, Greek, Italian and Hebrew languages, each text being fully authentic.

This Protocol shall be approved by the Contracting Parties in accordance with their own procedures.

It shall enter into force on the first day of the first month following the date on which the Contracting Parties notify each other that the necessary procedures have been carried out.

19. 9. 81

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 265/27

Information on the date of entry into force of the Second Additional Protocol to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel

Since notification of completion of the procedures necessary for the entry into force of the Protocol was given on 11 September 1981, the Protocol will enter into force, in accordance with Article 4 thereof, on 1 October 1981.

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel concerning the importation into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1982)

Sir,

In pursuance of Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel, I have the honour to inform you that Israel undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1982 do not exceed 220 tonnes.

To this end the Government of the State of Israel declares that all exports to the Community of the products concerned will be effected exclusively by exporters whose operations are controlled by the Israeli Ministry of Commerce, Industry and Tourism.

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between that Ministry and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*For the Government
of the State of Israel*

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today worded as follows :

'In pursuance of Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel, I have the honour to inform you that Israel undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1982 do not exceed 220 tonnes.

To this end the Government of the State of Israel declares that all exports to the Community of the products concerned will be effected exclusively by exporters whose operations are controlled by the Israeli Ministry of Commerce, Industry and Tourism.

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between that Ministry and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

I am able to confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

Please accept, Your Excellency, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
of the European Communities*

PROTOCOL

**relating to financial cooperation between the European Economic Community
and the State of Israel**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

of the one part, and

THE STATE OF ISRAEL,

of the other part,

REAFFIRMING their resolve to implement cooperation which will contribute to the economic development of Israel and promote the strengthening of relations between the Community and Israel,

ANXIOUS to pursue to this end the financial cooperation,

HAVE DECIDED to conclude this Protocol and to this end have designated as their plenipotentiaries :

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES :

Gisbert POENSGEN,
Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary,
Permanent Representative of the Federal Republic of Germany,
Chairman of the Permanent Representatives Committee;

Dieter FRISCH,
Director-General for Development,
Commission of the European Communities;

THE STATE OF ISRAEL :

Itzhak S. MINERBI,
Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary,
Head of the Mission of the State of Israel to the European Communities;

Article 1

The Community shall participate, within the framework of financial cooperation, in the financing of projects designed to contribute to the economic development of Israel.

the industrialization of Israel, which have been submitted to the Bank by the State of Israel or, with the latter's agreement, by public or private undertakings having their seat or a place of business in Israel, shall be eligible for financing.

Article 2

1. For the purposes specified in Article 1, the Community will ask the European Investment Bank (hereinafter referred to as 'the Bank') to make available to Israel funds of up to 40 million ECU. This amount may be committed, for a period expiring on 31 October 1986, in the form of loans granted in accordance with the conditions, detailed rules and procedures laid down by the Bank's Statute.

2. Capital projects helping to increase productivity and to achieve complementarity between the Contracting Parties' economies and promoting, in particular,

3. (a) Examination of the eligibility of the projects and the granting of loans shall be undertaken in accordance with the detailed rules, conditions and procedures laid down by the Bank's Statute.

(b) The loans shall, as regards their duration, be subject to terms established on the basis of the economic and financial characteristics of the projects for which these loans are intended, also taking into account the conditions obtaining on the capital markets on which the Bank procures its resources.

(c) The interest rate shall be determined in accordance with the Bank's practice at the time of signature of each loan contract.

30. 11. 83

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 335/9

Article 3

Any funds not committed at the end of the period referred to in Article 2 (1) shall be used until exhausted. In that case, the funds shall be used in accordance with the same arrangements as those laid down in this Protocol.

Article 4

Aid contributed by the Bank for the execution of projects may, with the agreement of Israel, take the form of co-financing.

Article 5

The execution, management and maintenance of schemes which are the subject of financing under this Protocol shall be the responsibility of Israel or the other beneficiaries referred to in Article 2.

The Bank shall ensure that its financial aid is expended in accordance with the agreed allocations and to the best economic advantage.

Article 6

1. Israel shall apply to contracts awarded for the execution of projects financed by the Bank fiscal and customs arrangements no less favourable than those applied *vis-à-vis* the most favoured international development organization.

2. Israel shall take the necessary measures to ensure that interest and all other payments due to the Bank in respect of loans granted under this Protocol are exempted from any national or local taxes or levies.

Article 7

Where a loan is granted to a beneficiary other than the State of Israel, the provision of a guarantee by the latter may be required by the Bank as a condition of the grant of the loan.

Article 8

All natural and legal persons coming within the scope of the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community and all natural and legal persons of Israel may participate on equal terms in tendering proce-

dures and other procedures for the award of contracts likely to be financed. Such legal persons formed in accordance with the law of a Member State of the EEC or of Israel must have their registered offices, their administrative head offices or their principal establishments in the territories in which the Treaty establishing the EEC is applied or in Israel; however, where only their registered offices are in those territories or in Israel, the activities of such legal persons must be effectively and continuously linked with the economy of those territories or of Israel.

Article 9

Throughout the duration of the loans granted pursuant to this Protocol, Israel shall undertake to make available to debtors enjoying such loans and guarantors of the loans the foreign currency necessary for the payment of interest and commission and the repayment of capital.

Article 10

The results of financial cooperation may be examined within the Cooperation Council.

Article 11

This Protocol shall form an integral part of the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel signed on 11 May 1975.

Article 12

This Protocol is drawn up in two original copies in the Danish, Dutch, English, French, German, Greek, Italian and Hebrew languages, each of these texts being equally authentic.

Article 13

1. This Protocol shall be subject to approval in accordance with the Contracting Parties' own procedures; the Contracting Parties shall notify each other that the procedures necessary to this end have been completed.

2. This Protocol shall enter into force on the first day of the second month following the date on which the notifications provided for in paragraph 1 have been given.

Til bekræftelse heraf har undertegnede befuldmægtigede underskrevet denne protokol.

Zu Urkund dessen haben die unterzeichneten Bevollmächtigten ihre Unterschriften unter dieses Protokoll gesetzt.

Εις πίστωση των ανωτέρω, οι υπογεγραμμένοι πληρεξούσιοι έθεσαν τις υπογραφές τους στο παρόν πρωτόκολλο.

In witness whereof the undersigned plenipotentiaries have signed this Protocol.

En foi de quoi, les plénipotentiaires soussignés ont apposé leurs signatures au bas du présent protocole.

In fede di che, i plenipotenziari sottoscritti hanno apposto le loro firme in calce al presente protocollo.

Ten blijke waarvan de ondergetekende gevolmachtigden hun handtekening onder dit Protocol hebben gesteld.

ולראיה מיופה הכח החתומים מטה באו
על החתום על פרוטוקול זה

Udfærdiget i Bruxelles, den fireogtyvende juni nitten hundrede og treogfirs.

Geschehen zu Brüssel am vierundzwanzigsten Juni neunzehnhundertdreiundachtzig.

Έγινε στις Βρυξέλλες, στις είκοσι τέσσερις Ιουνίου χίλια εννιακόσια ογδόντα τρία.

Done at Brussels on the twenty-fourth day of June in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighty-three.

Fait à Bruxelles, le vingt-quatre juin mil neuf cent quatre-vingt-trois.

Fatto a Bruxelles, addì ventiquattro giugno millenovecentottantatré.

Gedaan te Brussel, de vierentwintigste juni negentienhonderd drieëntachtig.

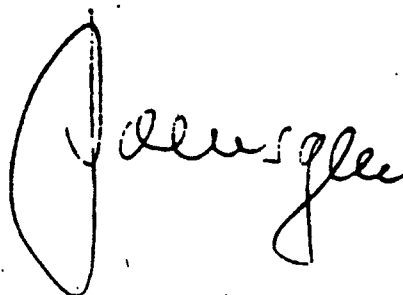

נעשה בבריסל ביום י"ג בתמוז תשמ"ג שהוא ה-24.6.83

30. 11. 83

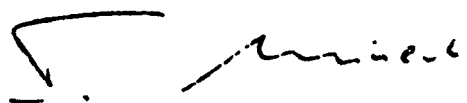
Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 335/11

For Rådet for De europæiske Fællesskaber
 Für den Rat der Europäischen Gemeinschaften
 Για το Συμβούλιο των Ευρωπαϊκών Κοινοτήτων
 For the Council of the European Communities
 Pour le Conseil des Communautés européennes
 Per il Consiglio delle Comunità europee
 Voor de Raad van de Europese Gemeenschappen
 הקהילה הכלכלית האירופאית

For staten Israel
 Für den Staat Israel
 Για το κράτος του Ισραήλ
 For the State of Israel
 Pour l'État d'Israël
 Per lo Stato d'Israele
 Voor de Staat Israël
 מְדִינַת יִשְׂרָאֵל



**Information regarding the date of entry into force of the Protocol relating to
Financial Cooperation between the EEC and the State of Israel (1)**

Since the exchange of instruments of notification of completion of the procedures necessary for the entry into force of the Protocol relating to Financial Cooperation between the EEC and the State of Israel (signed in Brussels on 24 June 1983) took place on 30 November 1983, the Protocol will enter into force, in accordance with Article 13 thereof, on 1 January 1984.

(1) OJ No L 335, 30. 11. 1983, p. 7.

31. 12. 83

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 374/11

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1984)

Sir,

In pursuance of Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel, I have the honour to inform you that Israel undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1984 do not exceed 220 tonnes.

To this end the Government of the State of Israel declares that all exports to the Community of the products concerned will be effected exclusively by exporters whose operations are controlled by the Israeli Ministry of Commerce, Industry and Tourism.

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between that Ministry and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*For the Government
of the State of Israel*

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today worded as follows:

'In pursuance of Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel, I have the honour to inform you that Israel undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1984 do not exceed 220 tonnes.

To this end the Government of the State of Israel declares that all exports to the Community of the products concerned will be effected exclusively by exporters whose operations are controlled by the Israeli Ministry of Commerce, Industry and Tourism.

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between that Ministry and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.'

I am able to confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

Please accept, Your Excellency, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
of the European Communities*

II. Provisions within the Community relating to
the Co-operating Agreement

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1

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Council Regulation (EEC) No 469/79 of 5 March 1979 concerning the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1979)	4
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Council Regulation (EEC) No 2927/79 of 20 December 1979 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1980)	6
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3534/80 of 22 December 1980 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1981)	7
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REGULATION (EEC) No 1274/75 OF THE COUNCIL

of 20 May 1975

concluding the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof;

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission;

Whereas the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel signed at Brussels on 11 May 1975 should be concluded and the Declarations and Exchange of Letters annexed to the Final Act, likewise signed at Brussels on 11 May 1975, should be adopted;

Whereas the concessions for certain agricultural products provided for in the Agreement are subject to compliance with certain conditions which will be specified in Community rules now in preparation; whereas application of these concessions should therefore be suspended until the said rules have been adopted;

Whereas, since the Agreement establishes a Joint Committee, the representatives of the Community on this committee should be appointed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel, the Protocols thereto, and the Declarations and Exchange of Letters annexed to the Final Act are hereby concluded, adopted and confirmed on behalf of the Community.

The texts of the Agreement and of the Final Act are annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

By way of derogation from Article 30 of the Agreement, the Council, acting on a proposal from the Commission, shall decide on the date on which the tariff reductions for the following products provided for in Articles 8 and 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement shall apply: citrus purée and pulp falling within subheading 20.06 B II c) 1 ex dd), concentrated citrus fruit juices falling within subheadings 20.07 A III ex a) and ex b), orange juice falling within subheadings 20.07 B II a) 1 and b) 1, tomato juice falling within subheadings 20.07 B II a) 5 and b) 6 and peeled tomatoes and tomato concentrates falling within subheading 20.02 ex C of the Common Customs Tariff.

Article 3

Pursuant to Article 30 of the Agreement, the President of the Council of the European Communities shall give notification that the procedures necessary for the entry into force of the Agreement have been completed on the part of the Community.

Article 4

Within the Joint Committee provided for in Article 19 of the Agreement, the Community shall be represented by the Commission of the European Communities, assisted by the representatives of the Member States.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 20 May 1975.

For the Council

The President

R. RYAN

27. 9. 78

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 270/1

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2217/78

of 26 September 1978

concerning the conclusion of the Additional Protocol to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel, and of the Protocol relating to financial cooperation

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 238 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas the Additional Protocol to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel, and the Protocol relating to financial cooperation, signed at Brussels on 8 February 1977, should be concluded,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Additional Protocol to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel

and the Protocol relating to financial cooperation are hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The texts referred to in the first paragraph are annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council shall give the notification provided for in Article 16 of the Additional Protocol and in Article 13 of the Financial Protocol.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 September 1978.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 469/79

of 5 March 1979

concerning the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1979)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel⁽¹⁾ was signed on 11 May 1975;

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the said Agreement and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel should be approved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement

between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1979) is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement in order to bind the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 March 1979.

For the Council

The President

J. FRANÇOIS-PONCET

(1) GEN I 1.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 560/79

of 5 March 1979

on the application of EEC-Israel Joint Committee Decision No 1/78 amending the Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Article 1

Decision No 1/78 of the EEC-Israel Joint Committee shall apply in the Community.

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

The text of the Decision is annexed to this Regulation.

Whereas the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel ⁽¹⁾, was signed on 11 May 1975 and entered into force on 1 July 1975;

Article 2

Whereas pursuant to Article 25 of the Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation, the EEC-Israel Joint Committee has adopted Decision No 1/78 amending the Protocol as regards the rules of origin;

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

Whereas that Decision should be made operative in the Community,

It shall apply from 1 January 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 March 1979.

For the Council

The President

J. FRANÇOIS-PONCET

⁽¹⁾ GEN I 1

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2927/79

of 20 December 1979

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1980)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel (*) was signed on 11 May 1975;

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the said Agreement and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel should be approved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1980) is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement in order to bind the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 20 December 1979.

For the Council

The President

J. TUNNEY

(*) GEN I 1

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3534/80

of 22 December 1980

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel⁽¹⁾ was signed on 11 May 1975;

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the said Agreement and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel should be approved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1981) is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement in order to bind the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

(1) GEN I 1

14. 4. 81

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 102/1

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1008/81

of 9 April 1981

**concerning the conclusion of the second Additional Protocol to the Agreement
between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community, and in particular Article 113
thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the
Commission,

Whereas the second Additional Protocol to the Agree-
ment between the European Economic Community
and the State of Israel should be approved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The second Additional Protocol to the Agreement
between the European Economic Community and the

State of Israel is hereby approved on behalf of the
Community.

The text of the Protocol is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council shall give the notifica-
tion provided for in Article 4 of the Protocol .

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of
the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Luxembourg, 9 April 1981.

For the Council

The President

D. F. van der MEI

**COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3516/81
of 3 December 1981**

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1982)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel⁽¹⁾ was signed on 11 May 1975;

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the said Agreement and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel should be approved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement

between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1982) is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement in order to bind the Community.

Article 3

*This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 3 December 1981.

For the Council

The President

T. KING,

⁽¹⁾ GEN I 1

30. 11. 83

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 335/7

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3354/83

of 22 November 1983

on the conclusion of a Protocol relating to financial cooperation between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel**THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,**

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 238 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas the Protocol relating to financial cooperation between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel, signed on 24 June 1983, should be approved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :*Article 1*

The Protocol relating to financial cooperation between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Protocol is attached to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council shall give the notification provided for in Article 13 (1) of the Protocol .

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 November 1983.

For the Council

The President

A. GEORGIADIS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3627/83

of 19 December 1983

on the application of Decision No 1/83 of the EEC-Israel Cooperation Council amending Article 30 of Protocol 3 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel⁽¹⁾ was signed on 11 May 1975 and entered into force on 1 July 1975;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 25 of Protocol 3 of the Agreement, the Cooperation Council has adopted Decision No 1/83 amending Article 30 of the said Protocol;

Whereas that Decision should be made applicable in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Decision No 1/83 of the EEC-Israel Cooperation Council attached to this Regulation shall be applicable in the Community.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 December 1983.

For the Council
The President
G. VAFIS

⁽¹⁾ GEN I 1

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3756/83
of 19 December 1983

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1984)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel ⁽¹⁾ was signed on 11 May 1975;

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the said Agreement and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel should be approved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement

between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1984) is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement in order to bind the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 December 1983.

For the Council
The President
G. VARFIS

⁽¹⁾ GEN I 1

Decisions of the Cooperation Council

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DECISION No 1/78 OF THE EEC-ISRAEL CO-OPERATION COUNCIL

laying down the rules of procedure of the Co-operation Council
set up under the Agreement
between the European Economic Community and
the State of Israel

THE CO-OPERATION COUNCIL,

Having regard to the Agreement between the European Economic
Community and the State of Israel, and in particular Article 19
thereof,

Having regard to the Additional Protocol to the Agreement
between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel
and in particular Article 12 thereof,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

The office of President of the Co-operation Council shall be held alternately as follows:

- from 1 April to 30 September by a member of the Israeli Government,
- from 1 October to 31 March, by a member of the Council of the European Communities.

Article 2

After obtaining the agreement of both parties, the President of the Co-operation Council shall determine the date and place for the meetings of the Co-operation Council.

Article 3

1. The members of the Co-operation Council may be accompanied by officials to assist them. The proposed composition of each delegation shall be communicated to the President before each meeting.
2. A representative of the European Investment Bank shall attend the meetings of the Co-operation Council when matters which concern the Bank appear on the agenda.

Article 4

Where the members of the Co-operation Council are represented, the representatives shall exercise all the rights of the members.

Article 5

Unless otherwise decided, meetings of the Co-operation Council shall not be public. Entry to meetings of the Co-operation Council shall be subject to the showing of a pass.

Article 6

The Co-operation Council may validly decide on a matter outside the meetings by the written procedure where both parties are in agreement.

Article 7

All communications from the President provided for in these rules of procedure shall be forwarded to the members of the Council of the European Communities, to the General Secretariat thereof and to the Secretariat-General of the Commission and to the Mission of Israel to the European Communities.

Article 8

1. The President shall draw up the provisional agenda for each meeting. It shall be forwarded to the recipients referred to in Article 7 not less than twenty-one days before the beginning of the meeting.

The provisional agenda shall consist of those items in respect of which the request for inclusion has reached the President not less than twenty-eight days before the beginning of the meeting.

The only items which may appear on the provisional agenda shall be those in respect of which the relevant documentation has been forwarded to the recipients referred to in Article 7 not later than the date of dispatch of this agenda.

The agenda shall be adopted by the Co-operation Council at the beginning of each meeting. Where both parties agree, items which do not appear on the provisional agenda may be included.

2. The President may, in agreement with the two parties, shorten the time limits laid down in paragraph 1 to take account of the requirements of a particular case.

Article 9

Minutes shall be kept of each meeting, including in particular - on the basis of the President's summing up of the proceedings - a summary of the conclusions adopted by the Co-operation Council.

After being approved by the Co-operation Council, the minutes shall be signed by the President-in-Office and by the secretaries of the Co-operation Council and kept in its archives. A copy of the minutes shall be forwarded to the recipients referred to in Article 7.

Article 10

The official languages of the Co-operation Council shall be Danish, Dutch, English, French, German, Italian and Hebrew.

Unless otherwise decided, the Co-operation Council shall base its deliberations on documentation prepared in these seven languages.

Article 11

Acts adopted by the Co-operation Council shall be signed by the President.

Article 12

Decisions, resolutions, recommendations and opinions of the Co-operation Council within the meaning of Article 19 of the Agreement shall be entitled "Decision", "Resolution", "Recommendation", or "Opinion", followed by a serial number and a description of their subject.

Article 13

The decisions, resolutions, recommendations and opinions of the Co-operation Council within the meaning of Article 19 of the Agreement shall be divided into Articles.

The acts referred to in the preceding paragraph shall end with the formula "Done at,", the date to be inserted being that on which they are adopted by the Co-operation Council.

The decisions, resolutions, recommendations and opinions of the Co-operation Council shall be forwarded to the recipients referred to in Article 7.

Article 14

A Co-operation Committee shall be set up responsible for assisting the Co-operation Council in the performance of its duties, for preparing its deliberations, for studying any matter which the Co-operation Council has entrusted it to examine and, in general, for ensuring the continuity of co-operation required for the proper functioning of the Agreement.

The Co-operation Committee shall be made up of representatives of the members of the Co-operation Council.

The offices of chairman and secretary of the Committee shall be held under the same conditions and alternate in the same way as the office of President of the Co-operation Council.

Article 15

The secretariat duties shall be carried out jointly by a member of the staff of the General Secretariat of the Council of the European Communities and an official of the Israeli Government.

Article 16

1. A Customs Co-operation Committee shall be set up responsible for ensuring administrative co-operation with a view to the correct and uniform application of the customs provisions of the Agreement and for any other task in the customs field which the Co-operation Committee might entrust to it.
2. The Committee shall be composed on the one hand of customs experts of the Member States and of officials of the departments of the Commission who are responsible for customs questions and, on the other hand, of customs experts from Israel. It shall meet alternately under the chairmanship of a representative of the Commission and of a representative of Israel, in accordance with the same rules as those applied by the Co-operation Council.
3. The Customs Co-operation Committee shall keep the Co-operation Council regularly informed of its work and shall submit its agenda prior to its meetings. Such information and communications shall be transmitted via the secretariat of the Co-operation Council. Wherever a question relating to the application of the Agreement is raised, the Customs Co-operation Committee must refer the matter to the Co-operation Council.

Article 17

The Community and Israel shall be responsible for such expenditure as they shall incur by reason of their participation in the meetings of the Co-operation Council and of its Committees and working parties, both with regard to staff, travel and subsistence expenditure and to postal and telecommunications expenditure.

Expenditure in connection with interpreting at meetings, translation and reproduction of documents shall be borne by the Community, with the exception of expenditure in connection with interpreting or translation into or from Hebrew, which shall be borne by Israel. Expenditure relating to the material organization of meetings shall be borne by the Community.

Article 18

Without prejudice to such other provisions as may apply, the deliberations of the Co-operation Council shall be covered by the obligation of professional secrecy.

Article 19

Correspondence intended for the Co-operation Council shall be sent to its President at the address of the General Secretariat of the Council of the European Communities.

Article 20

1. For the purposes of the consultations provided for in the Agreement, the Contracting Parties shall notify one another of the measures they propose to take in the cases provided for in the Agreement.

2. The Contracting Parties may request consultation at any time from the date of notification. This shall take place as soon as possible and not later than twenty-one days from the date of request.
3. Should consultation give rise to a divergent assessment of the extent of the measures proposed or taken in an urgent case, the Contracting Party concerned shall reconsider those measures.
4. Consultations shall take place according to the form most appropriate for the matter involved.

The competent body may be the Co-operation Council or the Co-operation Committee.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1978

For the Co-operation Council
The President

H.-D. GENSCHER

The Secretaries

G.L. GIOLA

A.A. KENETT

DECISION No 1/81 OF THE COOPERATION COUNCIL

of 18 November 1981

replacing the unit of account by the ECU in the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation, to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel

THE COOPERATION COUNCIL,

Having regard to the Agreement establishing an Association between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel, and in particular Title I thereof,

Having regard to the Protocol 3 concerning the application of Article 2 (3) of the Agreement, hereinafter called 'the Protocol', and in particular Article 25 thereof,

Whereas the unit of account is not appropriate to the current international monetary situation ; whereas it is therefore necessary to adopt a new common value basis for determining when EUR. 2 forms may be used instead of EUR. 1 movement certificates and when no documentary evidence of origin is required ;

Whereas the European Communities introduced the ECU as from 1 January 1981 ;

Whereas it is convenient to use the ECU to serve as a common value basis ;

Whereas, for administrative and commercial reasons, the common value basis must remain fixed for periods of at least two years ; whereas the ECU to be used must, in consequence, be exceptionally fixed at a base date to be updated every two years,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

The Protocol shall be amended as follows :

1. In the second subparagraph of Article 6 (1), the amount '1 000 units of account' shall be replaced by '1 620 ECU'.
2. In Article 6 (1), the third subparagraph shall be replaced by the following :

'Up to and including 30 April 1983, the ECU to be used in any given national currency shall be the equivalent in that national currency of the ECU as at 1 October 1980. For each successive period of two years thereafter it shall be the equivalent in that national currency of the ECU as at the first working day in October in the year immediately preceding that two-year period.

Amounts in the national currency of the exporting State equivalent to the amounts expressed in this Article and in Article 17 in ECU shall be fixed by the exporting State and communicated to the other parties to the Agreement.

When these amounts are more than the corresponding amounts fixed by the importing State, the importing State shall accept them if the goods are invoiced in the currency of the exporting State.

If the goods are invoiced in the currency of another Member State of the Community, the importing State shall recognize the amount notified by the State concerned.

3. In Article 17 (2) of the Protocol, the amounts '60 units of account' and '200 units of account' shall be replaced by '105 ECU' and '325 ECU', respectively.

Article 2

This Decision shall enter into force on 1 February 1982.

Done at Brussels, 18 November 1981.

For the Cooperation Council

The President

Michael BUTLER

DECISION No 1/83 OF THE EEC-ISRAEL COOPERATION COUNCIL
of 8 December 1983
amending Article 30 of Protocol 3 to the Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the State of Israel

THE COOPERATION COUNCIL,

Having regard to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel signed in Brussels on 11 May 1975,

Having regard to Protocol 3 of the Agreement⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 25 thereof,

Whereas, at present, Article 30 of Protocol 3 provides that, unless the Cooperation Council decides otherwise, no drawback or remission of any kind may be granted from customs duties in respect of non-originating products used in the manufacture of originating products as from 1 January 1984;

Whereas the Second Additional Protocol to the Agreement⁽²⁾, concluded in 1981, extends by two years the process of dismantling tariffs on products listed in Annex A to Protocol 2 to the Agreement; whereas, for this reason, the entry into force on 1 January 1984 of the prohibition contained in Article 30 of Protocol 3 could have economic consequences damaging to preferential trade;

Whereas it is Israel's wish to have more time to adjust its customs arrangements to allow for implementation of the prohibition;

Whereas the introduction of the prohibition should be delayed for two years, in line with the timetable in force for tariffs,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

The text of Article 30 of Protocol 3 to the Agreement is hereby replaced by the following:

Article 30

1. As from 1 January 1986, no drawback or remission of any kind may be granted from customs duties in the Community or in Israel in respect of products referred to in Article 1 of Protocols 1 and 2 and used in manufacture which do not originate in the Community or Israel.

2. In this and the preceding Articles, "customs duties" also means charges having an equivalent effect to customs duties.

Article 2

This Decision shall enter into force on 1 January 1984.

Done at Brussels, 8 December 1983.

For the Cooperation Council

The President

G. VARFIS

(1) GEN I 124

(2) GEN I 254

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Table

1

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COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2588/78

of 31 October 1978

reimposing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on certain products originating in Israel

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel⁽¹⁾, and in particular Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2818/77 of 28 November 1977 establishing ceilings and Community supervision of imports of certain products originating in Israel⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 1 thereof,

Whereas Article 5 of the abovementioned Protocol provides that the products listed below, imported under reduced duty rates according to Article 1, are subject to the annual ceiling indicated, above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be re-established :

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling (tonnes)
55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton	463

Whereas imports into the Community of those products, originating in Israel, have reached that

ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community market requires that customs duties applicable to third countries on the products in question be reimposed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 7 November to 31 December 1978, the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries shall be reimposed on imports into the Community of the following products :

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton	Israel

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 October 1978.

For the Commission

Christopher TUGENDHAT

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ GEN I 1

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 331, 23. 12. 1977, p. 21.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2860/78

of 23 November 1978

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel (1979)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel ⁽¹⁾, signed on 11 May 1975, provides, in Protocol 1 annexed thereto, for the opening by the Community of an annual Community tariff quota of 150 tonnes of apricot pulp, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel; whereas the customs duties applicable to the quota are equal to 70% of the customs duties actually applied to non-member countries; whereas the Community tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for 1979;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Israel over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of total imports of the product in question, originating in Israel:

Member States	1975	1976	1977
Benelux	—	1.4	5.6
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	—	57.1	3.5
France	—	41.5	—
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	—	—	—
United Kingdom	—	—	90.9 (= 49 tonnes)

Whereas these data cannot be considered as representative to serve as a basis for allocation of the quota volume among the Member States; whereas it is difficult to estimate imports by Member States for 1979 because of the absence of any pattern in previous years; whereas to allocate the quota volume on a fair basis, the initial quota shares may be fixed approximately as follows:

Benelux	10 %
Denmark	5 %
Germany	25 %
France	8 %
Ireland	6 %
Italy	6 %
United Kingdom	40 %

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 80% of the quota volume;

⁽¹⁾ GEN I 1

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional share must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January until 31 December 1979, a Community tariff quota of 150 tonnes shall be opened in the Community for apricot pulp, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota, the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at a rate of 11.9%

Article 2

1. A first instalment of 120 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be allocated among the Member States; the respective shares, which

subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1979, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	12
Denmark	6
Germany	30
France	10
Ireland	6
Italy	6
United Kingdom	50

2. The second instalment amounting to 30 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90% or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90% of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15% of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after one of its initial shares has been used up, 90% or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5% of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after one of its second shares has been used up, 90% or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until the end of the period specified in Article 1.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1979, such unused portions of their initial share as, on 15 September 1979, is in excess of 20% of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1979, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1979 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1979, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which uses up the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to

Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for home use.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 November 1978.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2865/78

of 23 November 1978

establishing ceilings and Community supervision of imports of certain products originating in Israel (1979)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 2 of the Agreement ⁽¹⁾ between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel, signed on 11 May 1975, and Articles 1 and 2 of Protocol 1 annexed thereto, make provision for the progressive abolition of customs duties in respect of the products to which the Agreement applies; whereas, by way of derogation from these Articles, Article 5 of that Protocol provides that, for imports of products listed in that Article, the reduction of duties shall be limited to ceilings above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be reintroduced; whereas the ceilings to be applied in 1979 should therefore be determined; whereas the application of ceilings requires that the Community be regularly informed of the trend of imports of the products in question originating in Israel; whereas it is, therefore, desirable that imports of these products be subjected to a system of supervision;

Whereas this objective may be achieved by means of an administrative procedure based on charging imports of the products in question against the ceilings at Community level, as and when these products are submitted to the customs authorities under cover of declarations that they have been made available for home use; whereas this administrative procedure must make provision for the possibility of customs duties being reintroduced as soon as the ceilings have been reached at Community level;

Whereas this administrative procedure requires close and particularly rapid cooperation between the Member States and the Commission; whereas the latter must, in particular, be able to follow the progress of amounts set off against the ceilings and keep the Member States informed; whereas this cooperation has to be particularly close since the Commission must be able to

take the appropriate measures to reintroduce customs tariff duties if one of the ceilings is reached;

Whereas the trend of imports of certain products not subject to ceilings should also be followed; whereas it is therefore desirable that imports of such products should also be subjected to a system of supervision,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January until 31 December 1979, imports of products originating in Israel listed in Annex I shall be subject to annual ceilings and Community supervision.

The description of the products referred to in the first paragraph, their tariff headings and statistical numbers and the levels of the ceilings are given in Annex I.

2. Quantities shall be charged against the ceilings as and when products are entered with the customs authorities under cover of a declaration that they have been made available for home use and accompanied by a movement certificate in accordance with the rules contained in Protocol 3 to the Agreement between the Community and Israel. However, in the case of products falling within Chapter 27, the certificate of origin may replace the movement certificate.

Goods may be charged against the ceiling only if the movement certificate or, in the case of goods falling within Chapter 27, the certificate of origin is submitted before the date on which customs duties are reimposed.

The extent to which a ceiling is used up shall be determined at Community level on the basis of the imports charged against it in the manner defined in the preceding subparagraphs.

The Member States shall inform the Commission at the intervals and within the time limits specified in paragraph 4 of any imports effected in accordance with the above procedures.

3. As soon as the ceilings have been reached, the Commission may issue a Regulation reimposing the customs duties specified in Articles 2 and 5 (6) of Protocol 1 to the Agreement until the end of the calendar year.

⁽¹⁾ GEN I 1

4. Member States shall forward to the Commission not later than the 15th day of each month statements of the quantities charged during the preceding month. They shall, if the Commission so requests, make up such statements for periods of 10 days and forward them within five clear days of the end of each 10-day period.

Article 2

From 1 January until 31 December 1979, imports of the products referred to in Annex II which originate in Israel shall be subjected to Community supervision.

Member States shall forward to the Commission not later than the 15th day of each month statements of imports of the products in question effected during the preceding month; only products submitted to the

customs authorities under cover of a declaration that they are to be made available for home use and accompanied by a movement certificate conforming to the rules contained in Protocol 3 to the Agreement shall be taken into consideration for this purpose.

Article 3

The Commission shall take all appropriate measures in close cooperation with the Member States for the purposes of applying this Regulation.

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 November 1978.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

ANNEX I

List of products subject to import ceilings in 1979

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I IL 1	27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations: A. Light oils: III. For other purposes B. Medium oils: III. For other purposes C. Heavy oils: I. Gas oil: c) For other purposes II. Fuel oil: c) For other purposes III. Lubricating oils; other oils: c) To be mixed in accordance with the terms of Additional Note 7 to this Chapter (a) d) For other purposes	27.10-15, 17, 21, 25, 29 27.10-34, 38, 39 27.10-59 27.10-69 27.10-75 27.10-79	
	27.11	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons: A. Propane of a purity not less than 99 %: I. For use as power or heating fuel B. Other: I. Commercial propane and commercial butane: c) For other purposes	27.11-03 27.11-19	Ceiling delayed
	27.12	Petroleum jelly: A. Crude: III. For other purposes B. Other	27.12-19 27.12-90	
	27.13	Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured: B. Other: I. Crude: c) For other purposes II. Other	27.13-89 27.13-90	

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I IL 1 (cont'd)	27.14	Petroleum bitumen, petroleum coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous materials: C. Other: II. Other	27.14-99	
I IL 2	29.02	Halogenated derivatives of hydrocarbons: A. Halogenated derivatives of acyclic hydrocarbons: III. Bromides	29.02-40	2 188
I IL 3	42.03	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, of leather or of composition leather: B. Gloves, including mittens and mitts	42.03-21, 25, 27, 28	Ceiling delayed
I IL 4	55.05	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale	55.05-all Nos	1 094
I IL 5	55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton	55.09-all Nos	486
I IL 6	60.03	Stockings, under stockings, socks, ankle socks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized	60.03-all Nos	Ceiling delayed
I IL 7	60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized	60.05-all Nos	547

ANNEX II

List of products referred to in Article 2

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code
1	2	3	4
II IL 1	28.01	Halogens (fluorine, chlorine, bromine and iodine): C. Bromine	28.01-50
II IL 2	28.10	Phosphorus pentoxide and phosphoric acids (meta, ortho- and pyro-)	28.10-00
II IL 3 A	28.30	Chlorides, oxychlorides and hydroxychlorides; bromides and oxybromides; iodides and oxyiodides: C. Other: — Bromides and oxybromides	28.30-93, 95
II IL 3 B	28.31	Hypochlorites; commercial calcium hypochlorite; chlorites; hypobromites: C. Other: — Hypobromites	28.31-99
II IL 3 C	28.32	Chlorates and perchlorates; bromates and perbromates; iodates and periodates: C. Other: — Bromates and perbromates	28.32-90
II IL 4	28.40	Phosphites, hypophosphites and phosphates: B. Phosphates (including polyphosphates): II. Other	28.40-30, 62, 65, 71, 79, 81, 85
II IL 5	29.16	Carboxylic acids with alcohol, phenol, aldehyde or ketone function and other single or complex oxygen-function carboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peracids, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: A. Carboxylic acids with alcohol function: IV. Citric acid and its salts and esters	29.16-21, 23, 29
II IL 6	31.03	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, phosphatic: A. Mentioned in Note 2 (A) to Chapter 31: I. Superphosphates	31.03-15
II IL 7	39.02	Polymerization and copolymerization products (for example, polyethylene, polytetrahaloethylenes, polyisobutylene, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl chloroacetate and other polyvinyl derivatives, polyacrylic and polymethacrylic derivatives, coumarone-indene resins): C. Other:	
II IL 7 A		VII. Polyvinyl chloride: a) In one of the forms mentioned in Note 3 (a) and (b) to this Chapter	39.02-41, 43
II IL 7 B		b) In other forms	39.02-45, 46, 47, 51, 52, 53, 54, 57, 59, 61, 66

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code
1	2	3	4
II IL 8	42.02	Travel goods (for example, trunks, suitcases, hat boxes, travelling bags, rucksacks), shopping-bags, handbags, satchels, brief-cases, wallets, purses, toilet-cases, tool-cases, tobacco-pouches, sheaths, cases, boxes (for example, for arms, musical instruments, binoculars, jewellery, bottles, collars, footwear, brushes) and similar containers of leather or of composition leather, of vulcanized fibre, of artificial plastic sheeting, of paperboard or of textile fabric: ex B. Of other materials: — Of leather	42.02-ex 21, ex 31, ex 41, ex 51, ex 81
II IL 9	42.03	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, of leather or of composition leather: A. Articles of apparel C. Other clothing accessories	42.03-10 42.03-51, 59
II IL 10	51.04	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02	51.04-all Nos
II IL 11	56.05	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale	56.05-all Nos
II IL 12	56.07	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste)	56.07-all Nos
II IL 13	70.05	Unworked drawn or blown glass (including flashed glass), in rectangles	70.05-all Nos
II IL 14	76.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of aluminium	76.03-all Nos

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 469/79

of 5 March 1979

concerning the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1979)

(see GEN II 4)

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1979)

(see GEN I 206 - 207)

31. 3. 79

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 80/1

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 560/79

of 5 March 1979

on the application of EEC-Israel Joint Committee Decision No 1/78 amending the Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel

(see GEN II 5)

JOINT COMMITTEE DECISION No 1/78**of 13 July 1978****amending the Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel****(see GEN I 208 - 249)**

COUNCIL DECISION

of 19 June 1979

amending Fifth Decision 76/538/EEC on the equivalence of field inspections carried out in third countries on seed-producing crops

(79/578/EEC)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 66/402/EEC of 14 June 1966 on the marketing of cereal seed ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Directive 78/1020/EEC ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (1) (a) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas by Decision 76/538/EEC ⁽³⁾, as amended by Decision 79/234/EEC ⁽⁴⁾, the Council declared that field inspections carried out in 22 third countries on seed-producing crops of certain species satisfy the conditions laid down in the Community Directives;

Whereas for certain species this declaration of equivalence relates also to Israel;

Whereas an examination of the rules of the abovementioned country and of the manner in which they are applied has shown that the prescribed field inspections with regard to cereals, except rye, canary seed and rice, satisfy the conditions laid down in Annex I to Directive 66/402/EEC;

Whereas the equivalence granted to Israel should be extended to cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

In the table in the Annex to Decision 76/538/EEC, Reference No 4 shall be supplemented by the text set out in the Annex to this Decision.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 19 June 1979.

For the Council

The President

P. MEHAIGNERIE

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 125, 11. 7. 1966, p. 2309/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 350, 14. 12. 1978, p. 27.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 162, 23. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 52, 2. 3. 1979, p. 14.

ANNEX

Reference No	Country	Authority	Species	Special conditions
1	2	3	4	5
4	Israel (IL)	Seed and Nursery Stock Inspection Service	Cereals, except rye, canary seed and rice	1, 3, 4, 5

COUNCIL DECISION

of 19 June 1979

amending Fifth Decision 76/539/EEC on the equivalence of seed produced in third countries

(79/579/EEC)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 66/402/EEC of 14 June 1966 on the marketing of cereal seed⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Directive 78/1020/EEC⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (1) (b) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas by Decision 76/539/EEC⁽³⁾, as amended by Decision 79/235/EEC⁽⁴⁾, the Council declared that seed of certain species produced in 22 third countries is equivalent to corresponding seed produced in the Community;

Whereas for certain species this declaration of equivalence relates also to Israel;

Whereas an examination of the rules of the abovementioned country and of the manner in which they are applied has shown for cereals, except rye, canary seed and rice, that the conditions governing seed harvested and controlled in this country afford the same assurances as regards the seeds' characteristics, identity,

examination, marking and control as the conditions applicable to seed harvested and controlled within the Community;

Whereas the equivalence granted to Israel should be extended to cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

In the table in the Annex to Decision 76/539/EEC, Reference No 4 shall be supplemented by the text set out in the Annex to this Decision.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 19 June 1979.

For the Council

The President

P. MEHAIGNERIE

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 125, 11. 7. 1966, p. 2309/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 350, 14. 12. 1978, p. 27.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 162, 23. 6. 1976, p. 10.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 52, 2. 3. 1979, p. 15.

ANNEX

Reference No	Country	Authority	Species	Categories		Special conditions
				in the country	in the Community	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
4	Israel (IL)	Seed and Nursery Stock Inspection Service	Cereals, except rye, canary seed, rice and maize Maize	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Basic seed — Certified seed, 1st generation — Certified seed, 2nd generation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Basic seed — Certified seed, 1st generation — Certified seed, 2nd generation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1, 3, 5, 8, 9, 10 1, 3, 4, a), 5, 8, 9, 10 1, 3, 4 a), 5, 8, 9, 10 1, 3, 5, 8, 9, 10 1, 3, 4 a), 5, 8, 9, 10

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1403/79
of 5 July 1979
introducing a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Israel

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1301/79⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0.50 unit of account below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 827/79 of 26 April 1979 fixing until the end of the 1979 marketing year the reference price for tomatoes⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of Class I for the period of 1 June to 10 July 1979 at 73.89 ECU per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available, less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regula-

tion (EEC) No 668/78⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets; whereas it is necessary to multiply the prices with the coefficients fixed in Article 1 (2) (a), second indent, of Regulation (EEC) No 827/79;

Whereas, for Israeli tomatoes, the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0.50 unit of account below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these tomatoes;

Whereas if the system is to operate normally the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽⁶⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 3.28 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied to tomatoes (subheading 07.01 M of the Common Customs Tariff) originating in Israel.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 7 July 1979.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 162, 30. 6. 1979, p. 26.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 105, 27. 4. 1979, p. 20.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 90, 5. 4. 1978, p. 5.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1419/79

of 6 July 1979

amending Regulation (EEC) No 471/76 as regards the period of suspension of the application of the condition on prices governing the importation into the Community of fresh lemons originating in certain Mediterranean countries

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 1301/79 of 25 June 1979 amending Regulation (EEC) No 2511/69 laying down special measures for improving the production and marketing of Community citrus fruit and Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables (1) provides, for the 1979/80 marketing year, for financial compensation measures for lemons; whereas such measures led to the adoption of Council Regulation (EEC) No 471/76 of 24 February 1976 suspending application of the condition on prices governing the importation into the Community of fresh lemons, originating in Cyprus, Spain, Israel, Morocco, the Arab Republic of Egypt, Tunisia and Turkey in accordance

with Agreements between the European Economic Community and each of these countries (2), as amended by Regulations (EEC) No 1554/76 (3) and (EEC) No 1389/77 (4), in order to take into account the Agreements concluded with Algeria, Jordan and Lebanon; whereas the suspension in question had been extended to 31 May 1979 by Regulation (EEC) No 1129/78 (5); whereas, at present, it should be extended to 31 May 1980,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The second paragraph of Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 471/76 shall be replaced by the following:

'It shall apply until 31 May 1980'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 June 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 July 1979.

For the Council

The President

M. O'KENNEDY

(1) OJ No L 162, 30. 6. 1979, p. 26.

(2) OJ No L 58, 5. 3. 1976, p. 5.

(3) OJ No L 172, 1. 7. 1976, p. 3.

(4) OJ No L 158, 29. 6. 1977, p. 4.

(5) OJ No L 142, 30. 5. 1978, p. 32.

14. 7. 79

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 177/55

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1472/79

of 13 July 1979

abolishing the countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Israel

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1301/79⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1403/79 of 5 July 1979 introduced a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Israel;

Whereas for this product originating in Israel there were no prices for six consecutive working days;

whereas the conditions specified in Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled and the countervailing charge on imports of tomatoes originating in Israel can be abolished,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1403/79 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 14 July 1979

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 13 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 162, 30. 6. 1979, p. 26.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2642/79

of 20 November 1979

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel (1980)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel ⁽¹⁾ signed on 11 May 1975 provides, in Protocol 1 annexed thereto, for the opening by the Community of an annual Community tariff quota of 150 tonnes of apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Israel; whereas the customs duties applicable to the quota are equal to 70 % of the customs duties actually applied to non-member countries; whereas the Community tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for 1980;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Israel over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of total imports of the product in question, originating in Israel:

Member States	1976	1977	1978
Benelux	1.4	5.6	12.9
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	57.1	3.5	77.3
France	41.5	—	—
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	—	—	—
United Kingdom	—	90.9	9.8

Whereas these data cannot be considered as representative to serve as a basis for allocation of the quota volume among the Member States; whereas it is difficult to estimate imports by Member States for 1980 because of the absence of any pattern in previous years; whereas to allocate the quota volume on a fair basis, the approximate percentages of initial quota shares may be fixed as follows:

Benelux	12
Denmark	5
Germany	25
France	7
Ireland	6
Italy	6
United Kingdom	40

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 80 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share, should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member

⁽¹⁾ GEN I 1

State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional share must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1980, a Community tariff quota of 150 tonnes shall be opened in the Community for apricot pulp, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Israel.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at a rate of 11.9 %.

Article 2

1. A first instalment of 120 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be allocated among the Member States; the respective shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until 31 December 1980 shall be as follows:

	<i>tonnes</i>
Benelux	14
Denmark	6
Germany	30
France	8
Ireland	6
Italy	6
United Kingdom	50

2. A second instalment of 30 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after one of its initial shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after one of its second shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1980.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1980, such unused portions of their initial share as, on 15 September 1980, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1980, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1980 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1980, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which uses up the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 20 November 1979.

For the Council

The President

M. O'KENNEDY

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2927/79**of 20 December 1979****on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1980)**

(see GEN II 6)

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel

(see GEN I 250 - 251)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3520/80

of 22 December 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel (1), signed on 11 May 1975, provides, in Article 10 of Protocol 1 annexed thereto, for the opening by the Community of an annual Community tariff quota of 150 tonnes of apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel; whereas the customs duties applicable to the quota are equal to 70 % of the customs duties actually applied to non-member countries; whereas the Community tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for 1981;

Whereas, since a Protocol as provided for in Article 118 of the 1979 Act of Accession does not exist, the Community must adopt the measures referred to in Article 119 of the Act; whereas the tariff measure concerned will, therefore, apply to the Community of Nine;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Israel over

a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of total imports of the product in question, originating in Israel:

Member States	1977	1978	1979
Benelux	27	13	—
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	17	77	—
France	—	—	—
Ireland	—	—	10
Italy	—	—	—
United Kingdom	56	10	90

Whereas these data cannot be considered as representative to serve as a basis for allocation of the quota volume among the Member States; whereas it is difficult to estimate imports by Member States for 1981 because of the absence of any pattern in previous years; whereas to allocate the quota volume on a fair basis, the approximate percentages of initial quota shares may be fixed as follows:

Benelux	12
Denmark	5
Germany	25
France	7
Ireland	6
Italy	6
United Kingdom	40

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two

(1) GEN I 1

instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 80 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional share must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1981, a Community tariff quota of 150 tonnes shall be opened in the Community of Nine for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at a rate of 11.9 %.

Article 2

1. A first instalment of 120 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be allocated among the Member States; the respective shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1981, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	14
Denmark	6
Germany	30
France	8
Ireland	6
Italy	6
United Kingdom	50

2. A second instalment of 30 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after one of its initial shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after one of its second shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1981.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1981, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1981, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1981, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1981 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1981, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which uses up the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3534/80

of 22 December 1980

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1981)

(see GEN II 7)

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the importation into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel

(see GEN I 252-253)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3555/80

of 16 December 1980

determining the arrangements to be applied with regard to imports into Greece, originating in Algeria, Israel, Malta, Morocco, Portugal, Syria, Tunisia or Turkey

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the situation envisaged in Article 119 of the 1979 Act of Accession exists with regard to the Agreements between the European Economic Community and Algeria, Israel, Malta, Morocco, Portugal, Syria, Tunisia and Turkey respectively; whereas, under the said Article 119, the Community is therefore required to take the necessary measures to deal with this situation after accession; whereas, to that end, imports into Greece originating in Algeria, Israel, Malta, Morocco, Portugal, Syria, Tunisia or Turkey should be made subject, pending the conclusion of the Protocols referred to in Article 118 of the Act of Accession, to the general rules governing Greece's imports of goods originating in third countries,

Article 1

As from 1 January 1981, imports into Greece originating in Algeria, Israel, Malta, Morocco, Portugal, Syria, Tunisia or Turkey shall be subject to the tariff treatment applied to third countries enjoying most-favoured-nation treatment and to the common rules for imports in accordance with the 1979 Act of Accession, and in particular Articles 31 and 115 thereof.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

Colette FLESCH

DECISION OF THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN COAL AND STEEL COMMUNITY, MEETING WITHIN THE COUNCIL, AND OF THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

of 16 December 1980

determining the arrangements to be applied with regard to imports into Greece, originating in Algeria, Israel, Morocco, Portugal, Syria, Tunisia or Turkey, of products covered by that Community

(80/1328/ECSC)

THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN COAL AND STEEL COMMUNITY, MEETING WITHIN THE COUNCIL, THE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE GOVERNMENT OF THE HELLENIC REPUBLIC, AND OF THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Coal and Steel Community,

Whereas Protocols to determine the transitional measures and adaptations needed to take account of the accession of Greece have not been concluded in respect of the Agreements between the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community and that Community of the one part, and Algeria, Israel, Morocco, Portugal, Syria, Tunisia and Turkey respectively of the other part; whereas it is therefore necessary to take measures to deal with this situation after accession; whereas to this end imports into Greece of products covered by the ECSC Treaty and originating in one of the abovementioned countries should be made subject, pending the conclusion of such Protocols, to the rules governing Greece's imports of goods originating in third countries,

HAVE DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

As from 1 January 1981 imports into Greece of products covered by the ECSC Treaty and originating in Algeria, Israel, Morocco, Portugal, Syria, Tunisia or Turkey shall be subject to the rules governing imports originating in third countries in accordance with the 1979 Act of Accession, and in particular Article 32 thereof.

Article 2

The Member States and the Commission shall take the measures necessary to implement this Decision.

Done at Brussels, 16 December 1980.

The President

Colette FLESCH

16. 3. 81

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 70/1

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 637/81

of 24 February 1981

laying down the arrangements applicable to trade between Greece and Israel

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the
European Economic Community, and in particular
Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Protocol to the Agreement between the
European Economic Community and the State of
Israel⁽¹⁾, hereinafter referred to respectively as the
'Protocol' and the 'Agreement', to take account of
the accession of the Hellenic Republic, was initialled
on 18 December 1980;

Whereas, pending the entry into force of the
Protocol, it is advisable, in the light of the said
Protocol, that the Community lay down auto-

nomously the arrangements applicable to trade
between Greece and Israel,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Until the entry into force of the Protocol, the
arrangements applicable to trade between Greece and
Israel shall be those resulting from the Annex to this
Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

It shall expire on the date of entry into force of the
Protocol.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 24 February 1981.

For the Council

The President

G. BRAKS

(¹) OJ No L 136, 28. 5. 1975, p. 1.

ANNEX

**SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF APPLICATION OF THE AGREEMENT BETWEEN
THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY AND THE STATE OF ISRAEL
CONSEQUENT UPON THE ACCESSION OF THE HELLENIC REPUBLIC**

Article 1

For the products listed in Annex 1, the Hellenic Republic shall progressively abolish customs duties on imports of products originating in Israel in accordance with the following timetable:

- on the entry into force of this Regulation, each duty shall be reduced to 90 % of the basic duty,
- on 1 January 1982, each duty shall be reduced to 80 % of the basic duty,
- the four other reductions of 20 % each shall be made on:
 - 1 January 1983,
 - 1 January 1984,
 - 1 January 1985,
 - 1 January 1986.

- 1 January 1984,
- 1 January 1985,
- 1 January 1986.

2. The basic rate to which the successive reductions provided for in paragraph 1 are to be applied shall, for each product, be the rate applied by the Hellenic Republic on 31 December 1980 in respect of the Community of Nine.

3. Any charge having equivalent effect to a customs duty on imports, introduced as from 1 January 1979 in trade between Greece and Israel, shall be abolished on the date of entry into force of this Regulation.

Article 2

1. For the products listed in Annex 1, the basic duty to which the successive reductions provided for in Article 1 are to be applied shall, for each product, be the duty actually applied by the Hellenic Republic in respect of Israel on 1 July 1980.

2. However, in respect of matches falling within heading No 36.06 of the Common Customs Tariff, the basic duty shall be 17.2 % *ad valorem*.

Article 4

If the Hellenic Republic suspends or reduces duties or charges having equivalent effect on products imported from the Community of Nine more quickly than under the established timetable, the Hellenic Republic shall also suspend or reduce, by the same percentage, those duties or charges having equivalent effect on products originating in Israel.

Article 3

1. For the products listed in Annex 1, the Hellenic Republic shall progressively abolish charges having equivalent effect to customs duties on imports of products originating in Israel in accordance with the following timetable:

- on the entry into force of this Regulation, each charge shall be reduced to 90 % on the basic rate,
- on 1 January 1982, each charge shall be reduced to 80 % on the basic rate,
- the four other reductions of 20 % each shall be made on:
 - 1 January 1983,

Article 5

1. The variable component which the Hellenic Republic may apply to products covered by Council Regulation (EEC) No 3033/80 of 11 November 1980 laying down the trade arrangements applicable to certain goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products ⁽¹⁾, originating in Israel, shall be adjusted by the compensatory amount applied in trade between the Community of Nine and Greece.

2. For the products covered by Regulation (EEC) No 3033/80 and also listed in Annex 1 to this

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 323, 29. 11. 1980, p. 1.

16. 3. 81

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 70/3

Protocol, the Hellenic Republic shall abolish, in accordance with the timetable laid down in Article 1, the difference between:

- the fixed component of the duty to be applied by the Hellenic Republic upon accession, and
- the duty (other than the variable component) resulting from the provisions of the Agreement.

Article 6

For the products listed in Annex II to the EEC Treaty, the preferential rates laid down or calculated shall be applied to the duties actually levied by the Hellenic Republic in respect of third countries in accordance with Article 64 of the 1979 Act of Accession.

Under no circumstances shall Greek imports from Israel benefit from rates of duty more favourable than those applied to products from the Community of Nine.

Article 7

1. The Hellenic Republic may retain quantitative restrictions until 31 December 1985 on products listed in Annex 2, originating in Israel.

2. The restrictions referred to in paragraph 1 shall take the form of global quotas.

The global quotas for 1981 are listed in Annex 2.

3. The minimum rate of progressive increase for the quotas referred to in paragraph 2 shall be 25 % at the beginning of each year for quotas expressed in European units of account (EUA), and 20 % at the beginning of each year for quotas expressed in terms of volume. Such increases shall be added to each quota and the next increase calculated on the basis of the total thus obtained.

Where a quota is expressed in terms of both volume and value, the quota relating to volume shall be raised by at least 20 % a year and the quota relating to value by at least 25 % a year, the succeeding quotas to be calculated each year on the basis of the preceding quota plus the increase.

However, with regard to motor coaches and buses and other vehicles falling within subheading ex 87.02 A I of the Common Customs Tariff, the volume quota shall be raised by 15 % a year and the quota relating to value by 20 % a year.

4. Where it is found that imports into Greece of a product listed in Annex 2 have for two consecutive years been less than 90 % of the quota, the Hellenic Republic shall liberalize imports of that product originating in Israel, if the product in question is at that time liberalized towards the Community of Nine.

5. If the Hellenic Republic liberalizes imports of a product listed in Annex 2 coming from the Community of Nine or increases a quota applicable to the Community of Nine beyond the minimum rate laid down in paragraph 3, the Hellenic Republic shall also liberalize imports of that product originating in Israel or increase the global quota proportionally.

6. Regarding licences for imports of products listed in Annex 2 and originating in Israel, the Hellenic Republic shall apply the same administrative rules and practices as are applied to such imports originating in the Community of Nine, with the exception of the quota for fertilizers falling within heading Nos 31.02 and 31.03 and subheadings 31.05 A I, II and IV of the Common Customs Tariff, where the Hellenic Republic may apply the rules and practices relevant to exclusive marketing rights.

Article 8

1. Import deposits and cash payments in force in Greece on 31 December 1980 with regard to imports of products originating in Israel shall be progressively eliminated.

The rates of import deposits and cash payments shall be reduced in accordance with the following timetable:

- on the date of entry into force of this Regulation: 25 %,
- 1 January 1982: 25 %,
- 1 January 1983: 25 %,
- 1 January 1984: 25 %.

2. For the products listed in Annex II to the EEC Treaty, charges having equivalent effect to customs duties and measures having equivalent effect to

quantitative restrictions (import deposits, cash payments, validation of invoices, etc.) shall be abolished by the Hellenic Republic on 1 January 1981 in respect of products originating in Israel in accordance with Article 65 of the 1979 Act of Accession.

3. If, in respect of the Community of Nine, the Hellenic Republic reduces the rate of import deposits or cash payments more quickly than under the timetable set out in paragraph 1, the Hellenic Republic shall make the same reduction with regard to imports of products originating in Israel.

ANNEX 1

List of products referred to in Article 1

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (CCCN)	Description
Chapter 13	
ex 13.02	Incense
ex 13.03	Pectates
Chapter 14	
ex 14.05	Valonia, gall nuts
Chapter 15	
ex 15.05	Wool grease stearin
ex 15.06	Other animal oils and fats (including fats from bones and waste), excluding neat's foot oil
15.08	Animal and vegetable oils, boiled, oxidized, dehydrated, sulphurized, blown or polymerized by heat in vacuum or in inert gas, or otherwise modified
15.10	Fatty acids, acid oils from refining, fatty alcohols
15.11	Glycerol and glycerol lyes
ex 15.15	Beeswax and other insect waxes, whether or not coloured
15.16	Vegetable waxes, whether or not coloured
ex 15.17	Degras
Chapter 17	
ex 17.02	Lactose and lactose syrup containing in the dry state, 99 % or more by weight of the pure product; glucose and glucose syrup containing in the dry state 99 % or more by weight of the pure product
17.04	Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (CCCN)	Description
Chapter 18	Cocoa and cocoa preparations, excluding heading Nos 18.01 and 18.02
Chapter 19	
ex 19.02	Malt extract
19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products
19.05	Prepared foods obtained by swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (puffed rice, corn flakes and similar products)
ex 19.07	Bread, ships' biscuits and other ordinary bakers' wares, not containing added sugar, honey, eggs, fats, cheese or fruit
19.08	Pastry, biscuits, cakes and other fine bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa in any proportion
Chapter 21	Miscellaneous edible preparations, excluding heading Nos 21.05 and 21.07
Chapter 22	
22.01	Waters, including spa waters and aerated waters, ice and snow
22.02	Lemonade, flavoured spa waters and flavoured aerated waters and other non-alcoholic beverages, not including fruit and vegetable juices falling within heading No 20.07
22.03	Beer made from malt
22.06	Vermouths and other wines of fresh grapes flavoured with aromatic extracts
ex 22.08	Ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, undenatured, of an alcoholic strength of 80 % vol or higher; denatured spirits (including ethyl alcohol and neutral spirits) of any strength excluding, excluding those derived from agricultural products listed in Annex II to the Treaty
ex 22.09	Ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, undenatured, of an alcoholic strength of less than 80 % vol, excluding ethyl alcohol derived from agricultural products listed in Annex II to the Treaty; liqueurs and other spirituous beverages; compound alcoholic preparations (known as concentrated extracts) for the manufacture of beverages
Chapter 24	
24.02	Manufactured tobacco; tobacco extracts and essences

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (CCCN)	Description
Chapter 25	
25.20	Gypsum; anhydrite; calcined gypsum, and plasters with a basis of calcium sulphate, whether or not coloured, but not including plasters specially prepared for use in dentistry.
25.22	Quicklime, slaked lime and hydraulic lime, other than calcium oxide and hydroxide
25.23	Portland cement, ciment fondu, slag cement, supersulphate cement and similar hydraulic cements, whether or not coloured or in the form of clinker
ex 25.30	Crude natural boric acid containing not more than 85 % of H ₃ BO ₃ , calculated on the dry weight
ex 25.32	Earth colours, whether or not calcined or mixed together; santorin, pozzolana, trass and similar earths, used in making hydraulic cements, whether or not powdered
Chapter 27	
27.05 <i>bis</i>	Coal gas, water gas, producer gas and similar gases
27.06	Tar distilled from coal, from lignite or from peat, and other mineral tars, including partially distilled tars and blends of pitch with creosote oils or with other coal tar distillation products
27.08	Pitch and pitch coke, obtained from coal tar or from other mineral tars
ex 27.10	Mineral oils and greases for lubricating purposes
ex 27.11	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons, excluding propane of a purity not less than 99 % for use other than as a power or heating fuel
27.12	Petroleum jelly
27.13	Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured
27.14	Petroleum bitumen, petroleum coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals
27.15	Bitumen and asphalt, natural; bituminous shale, asphaltic rock and tar sands
27.16	Bituminous mixtures based on natural asphalt, on natural bitumen, on petroleum bitumen, on mineral tar or on mineral tar pitch (for example, bituminous mastics, cut-backs)
Chapter 28	
ex 28.01	Chlorine
ex 28.04	Hydrogen, oxygen (including ozone) and nitrogen

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (CCCN)	Description
ex 28.06	Hydrochloric acid
28.08	Sulphuric acid; oleum
28.09	Nitric acid; sulphonitric acids
28.10	Phosphorus pentoxide and phosphoric acids (meta-, ortho- and pyro-)
28.12	Boric oxide and boric acid
28.13	Other inorganic acids and oxygen compounds of non-metals (excluding water)
28.15	Sulphides or non-metals; phosphorus trisulphide
28.16	Ammonia, anhydrous or in aqueous solution
28.17	Sodium hydroxide (caustic soda); potassium hydroxide (caustic potash); peroxides of sodium or potassium
ex 28.19	Zinc oxide
ex 28.20	Artificial corundum
28.22	Manganese oxides
ex 28.23	Iron oxides, including earth colours containing 70 % or more by weight of combined iron evaluated as Fe_2O_3
ex 28.27	Red lead and litharge
28.29	Fluorides; fluorosilicates, fluoroborates and other complex fluorine salts
ex 28.30	Magnesium chloride, calcium chloride
ex 28.31	Hypochlorites; commercial calcium hypochlorite; chlorites
28.35	Sulphides; polysulphides
28.36	Dithionites, including those stabilized with organic substances; sulphonylates
28.37	Sulphites and thiosulphates
ex 28.38	Sodium, barium, iron, zinc, magnesium and aluminium sulphates; alums
ex 28.40	Phosphites, hypophosphites and phosphates, excluding bibasic lead phosphate
ex 28.42	Carbonates, including commercial ammonium carbonate containing ammonium carbamate, excluding lead hydrocarbonate (white lead)
ex 28.44	Mercury fulminate
ex 28.45	Sodium silicate and potassium silicate, including commercial grades
ex 28.46	Refined borax

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Brussels Nomenclature heading No (CCCN)	Description
ex 28.48	Arsenites and arsenates
28.54	Hydrogen peroxide (including solid hydrogen peroxide)
ex 28.56	Silicon, boron and calcium carbides
ex 28.58	Distilled and conductivity water and water of similar purity
Chapter 29	
ex 29.01	Hydrocarbons for use as power or heating fuels; naphthalene and anthracene
ex 29.04	Amyl alcohols
29.06	Phenols and phenol-alcohols
ex 29.08	Dipentyl ether (diamyl ether), diethyl ether, anethole
ex 29.14	Palmitic, stearic and oleic acids and their water soluble salts; anhydrides
ex 29.16	Tartaric, citric and gallic acids; calcium tartrate
ex 29.21	Nitroglycerine
ex 29.42	Nicotine sulphate
29.43	Sugars, chemically pure, other than sucrose, glucose and lactose; sugar ethers and sugar esters, and their salts, other than products of heading Nos 29.39, 29.41 and 29.42
Chapter 30	
ex 30.02	Antisera
ex 30.03	Medicaments (including veterinary medicaments), excluding the following products: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="440 1408 707 1437">— Anti-asthmatic cigarettes <li data-bbox="440 1442 1183 1508">— Quinine, cinchonine, quinidine and their salts, whether or not in the form of proprietary products <li data-bbox="440 1512 1183 1578">— Morphine, cocaine and other narcotics, whether or not in the form of proprietary products <li data-bbox="440 1583 934 1612">— Antibiotics and preparations based on antibiotics <li data-bbox="440 1617 895 1646">— Vitamins and preparations based on vitamins <li data-bbox="440 1651 1075 1680">— Sulphonamides, hormones and preparations based on hormones
30.04	Wadding, gauze, bandages and similar articles (for example, dressings, adhesive plasters, poultices), impregnated or coated with pharmaceutical substances or put up in retail packings for medical or surgical purposes, other than goods specified in Note 3 to this Chapter
Chapter 31	
ex 31.03	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, phosphatic, excluding: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="440 1930 566 1959">— Basic slag <li data-bbox="440 1964 1183 2029">— Disintegrated (calcined) calcium phosphates (thermo phosphates and fused phosphates) and calcined natural aluminium calcium phosphates <li data-bbox="440 2034 1154 2063">— Calcium hydrogen phosphate containing not less than 0.2 % of fluorine

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (CCCN)	Description
31.05	Other fertilizers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg
Chapter 32	
ex 32.01	Tanning extracts of vegetable origin; tannins (tannic acids), including water-extracted gall-nut tannin
ex 32.04	Colouring matter of vegetable origin (including dyewood extract and other vegetable dyeing extracts, but excluding indigo, henna and chlorophyll) or of animal origin, excluding cochineal extract and kermes
ex 32.05	Synthetic organic dyestuffs (including pigment dyestuffs and excluding artificial indigo); synthetic organic products of a kind used as luminophores; products of the kind known as optical bleaching agents, substantive to the fibre
32.06	Colour lakes
ex 32.07	Other colouring matter, excluding: (a) inorganic pigments or pigments of mineral origin, whether or not containing other substances facilitating dyeing, based on cadmium salts; (b) chrome colours and Prussian blue; inorganic products of a kind used as luminophores
32.08	Prepared pigments, prepared opacifiers and prepared colours, vitrifiable enamels and glazes, liquid lustres and similar products, of the kind used in the ceramic, enamelling and glass industries; engobes (slips); glass frit and other glass, in the form of powder, granules or flakes
32.09	Varnishes and lacquers; distempers; prepared water pigments of the kind used for finishing leather; paints and enamels; pigments dispersed in linseed oil, white spirit, spirits of turpentine, or other media of a kind used in the manufacture of paints or enamels; stamping foils; dyes or other colouring matter in forms or packings of a kind sold by retail; solutions as defined by Note 4 to this Chapter
32.11	Prepared driers
32.12	Glaziers' putty; grafting putty; painters' fillings; non-refractory surfacing preparations; stopping, sealing and similar mastics, including resin mastics and cements
32.13	Writing ink, printing ink and other inks
Chapter 33	
ex 33.01	Essential oils (terpeneless or not); concretes and absolutes, excluding essences of roses, rosemary, eucalyptus, sandalwood and cedar; resinoids; concentrates of essential oils in fats, in fixed oils, or in waxes or the like, obtained by cold absorption or by maceration
ex 33.06	Eau de Cologne and other toilet waters; cosmetics and products for the care of the skin, hair and nails; toothpowders and toothpastes, products for oral hygiene; room deodorizers, prepared, whether or not perfumed
Chapter 34	Soap, organic surface-active agents, washing preparations, lubricating preparations, artificial waxes, prepared waxes, polishing and scouring preparations, candles and similar articles, modelling pastes and 'dental waxes'

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Brussels Nomenclature heading No (CCCN)	Description
Chapter 35	Albuminoidal substances; glues; enzymes
Chapter 36	Explosives; pyrotechnic products; matches; pyrophoric alloys; certain combustible preparations
Chapter 37	
37.03	Sensitized paper; paperboard and cloth, unexposed or exposed but not developed
Chapter 38	
38.03	Activated carbon; activated natural mineral products; animal black, including spent animal black
38.09	Wood tar; wood tar oils (other than the composite solvents and thinners falling within heading No 38.18); wood creosote; wood naphtha; acetone oil; vegetable pitch of all kinds; brewers' pitch and similar compounds based on rosin or on vegetable pitch; foundry core binders based on natural resinous products
ex 38.11	Disinfectants, insecticides, rat poisons, pesticides and similar products, put up in the form of articles such as sulphur-treated bands, wicks and candles, fly-papers, sticks coated with hexachlorodicyclohexane (BHC) and the like; preparations consisting of an active product (such as DDT) mixed with other materials and put up in aerosol containers ready for use
38.18	Composite solvents and thinners for varnishes and similar products
ex 38.19	Preparations known as 'liquids for hydraulic transmission' (in particular for hydraulic brakes) containing less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals
Chapter 39	
ex 39.02	Polyvinyl chloride
ex 39.01	Polystyrene in all its forms; other plastic materials, cellulose ethers and esters, artificial resins, excluding:
ex 39.02	
ex 39.03	
ex 39.04	
ex 39.05	
ex 39.06	
(a) those in the form of granules, flakes, powders, waste and scrap to be used as raw materials for the manufacture of the products mentioned in this Chapter	
(b) ion exchangers	

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (CCCN)	Description
ex 39.07	Articles of materials of the kinds described in heading Nos 39.01 to 39.06, excluding fans and hand screens, non-mechanical, frames and handles therefor and parts of such frames and handles, and spools, reels and similar supports for photographic and cinematographic film or for tapes, films and the like falling within heading No 92.12
Chapter 40	Rubber, synthetic rubber, factice, and articles thereof, excluding heading Nos 40.01, 40.02, 40.03 and 40.04, latex (ex 40.06), solutions and dispersions (ex 40.06), protective clothing for surgeons and radiologists and divers' suits (ex 40.13), and bulk forms or blocks, scrap, waste and powder of hardened rubber (ebonite and vulcanite) (ex 40.15)
Chapter 41	Raw hides and skins (other than furskins) and leather, excluding parchment-dressed leather and articles falling within heading Nos 41.01 and 41.09
Chapter 42	Articles of leather; saddlery and harness; travel goods, handbags and similar containers; articles of animal gut (other than silk worm gut)
Chapter 43	Furskins and artificial fur; manufactures thereof
Chapter 44	Wood and articles of wood; wood charcoal, excluding heading No 44.07, articles of fibre building board (ex 44.21, ex 44.23, ex 44.27, ex 44.28), spools, reels and similar supports for photographic and cinematographic film or for tapes, films and the like falling within heading No 92.12 (ex 44.26) and wood paving blocks (ex 44.28)
Chapter 45	
45.03	Articles of natural cork
45.04	Agglomerated cork (being cork agglomerated with or without a binding substance) and articles of agglomerated cork
Chapter 46	Manufacture of straw, of esparto and of other plaiting materials; basketware and wickerwork, excluding plaits and similar products of plaiting materials, for all uses, whether or not assembled into strips (ex 46.02)
Chapter 48	
ex 48.01	Paper and paperboard (including cellulose wadding), in rolls or sheets, excluding the following products: — Ordinary newsprint made from chemical and mechanical pulp, weighing not more than 60 g/m ² — Magazine paper — Cigarette paper — Tissue paper — Filter paper — Cellulose wadding — Hand-made paper and paperboard
48.03	Parchment or greaseproof paper and paperboard, and imitations thereof, and glazed transparent paper, in rolls or sheets
48.04	Composite paper or paperboard (made by sticking flat layers together with an adhesive), not surface-coated or impregnated, whether or not internally reinforced, in rolls or sheets
ex 48.05	Paper and paperboard, corrugated (with or without flat surface sheets) embossed in rolls or sheets

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Brussels Nomenclature heading No (CCCN)	Description
ex 48.07	Paper and paperboard, impregnated, coated, surface-coloured, surface-decorated or printed (not constituting printed matter within Chapter 49) in rolls or sheets, excluding squared paper, gold paper or silver paper and imitations thereof, transfer paper, indicator paper and unsensitized photographic paper
ex 48.13	Carbon paper
48.14	Writing blocks, envelopes, letter cards, plain postcards, correspondence cards; boxes, pouches, wallets and writing compendiums, of paper or paperboard, containing only an assortment of paper stationery
ex 48.15	Other paper or paperboard, cut to size or shape, excluding cigarette paper, tapes for teletype machines, perforated tapes for monotype machines and calculating machines, filter papers and filter boards (including those for cigarette filter tips) and gummed strip
48.16	Boxes, bags and other packing containers, of paper or paperboard; box files, letter trays, storage boxes and similar articles, of paper or paperboard, of a kind commonly used in offices, shops and the like
48.18	Registers, exercise books, note books, memorandum blocks, order books, receipt books, diaries, blotting pads, binders (loose-leaf or other), file covers and other stationery of paper or paperboard; sample and other albums and book covers, of paper or paperboard
48.19	Paper or paperboard labels, whether or not printed or gummed
ex 48.21	Lamp shades; tablecloths and serviettes, handkerchiefs and towels; dishes, plates, cups, table-mats, bottle-mats, glass-mats
Chapter 49	
ex 49.01	Printed books, booklets, brochures and leaflets in the Greek language
ex 49.03	Children's picture books and painting books, printed wholly or partly in the Greek language
ex 49.07	Stamps not intended for public service
49.09	Picture postcards, Christmas and other picture greeting cards, printed by any process, with or without trimmings
ex 49.10	Calendars of any kind, of paper or paperboard, including calendar blocks, but excluding calendars intended for publicity purposes, in other languages than Greek
ex 49.11	Other printed matter, including printed pictures and photographs, but excluding the following articles: — Theatrical and photographic studio scenery — Printed matter for publicity purposes (including travel publicity), printed in other languages than Greek
Chapter 50	
Silk and waste silk	
Chapter 51	
Man-made fibres (continuous)	
Chapter 52	
Metallized textiles	

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (CCCN)	Description
Chapter 53	Wool and other animal hair, excluding raw, bleached and undyed products of heading Nos 53.01, 53.02, 53.03 and 53.04
Chapter 54	Flax and ramie, excluding heading No 54.01
Chapter 55	Cotton
Chapter 56	Man-made fibres (discontinuous)
Chapter 57	Other vegetable textile materials, excluding No 57.01; paper yarn and woven fabrics of paper yarn
Chapter 58	Carpets, mats, matting and tapestries; pile and chenille fabrics; narrow fabrics; trimmings; tulle and other net fabrics; lace; embroidery
Chapter 59	Wadding and felt; twine, cordage, ropes and cables; special fabrics; impregnated and coated fabrics; textile articles of a kind suitable for industrial use
Chapter 60	Knitted and crocheted goods
Chapter 61	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories of textile fabric, other than knitted or crocheted goods
Chapter 62	Other made up textile articles, excluding fans and hand screens (ex 62.05)
Chapter 63	Old clothing and other textile articles; rags
Chapter 64	Footwear, gaiters and the like, parts of such articles
Chapter 65	Headgear and parts thereof
Chapter 66	
66.01	Umbrellas and sunshades (including walking-stick umbrellas, umbrella tents, and garden and similar umbrellas)
Chapter 67	
ex 67.01	Feather dusters
67.02	Artificial flowers, foliage or fruit and parts thereof; articles made of artificial flowers, foliage or fruit
Chapter 68	
68.04	Hand polishing stones, whetstones, oilstones, hones and the like, and millstones, grindstones, grinding wheels and the like (including grinding, sharpening, polishing, trueing and cutting wheels, heads, discs and points), of natural stone (agglomerated or not), of agglomerated natural or artificial abrasives, or of pottery, with or without cores, shanks, sockets, axles and the like of other materials, but without frameworks; segments and other finished parts of such stones and wheels, of natural stone (agglomerated or not), of agglomerated natural or artificial abrasives, or of pottery
68.06	Natural or artificial abrasive powder or grain, on a base of woven fabric, of paper, or paperboard or of other materials, whether or not cut to shape or sewn or otherwise made up

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (CCCN)	Description
68.09	Panels, boards, tiles, blocks and similar articles of vegetable fibre, of wood fibre, of straw, of wood shavings or of wood waste (including sawdust), agglomerated with cement, plaster or with other mineral binding substances
68.10	Articles of plastering material
68.11	Articles of cement (including slag cement), of concrete or of artificial stone (including granulated marble agglomerated with cement), reinforced or not
68.12	Articles of asbestos-cement, of cellulose fibre-cement or the like
68.14	Friction material (segments, discs, washers, strips, sheets, plates, rolls and the like) of a kind suitable for brakes, for clutches or the like, with a basis of asbestos, other mineral substances or of cellulose, whether or not combined with textile or other materials
Chapter 69	Ceramic products, excluding heading Nos 69.01, 69.02, other than bricks with a basis of magnesite and of magnesite-chromite, 69.03, 69.04 and 69.05, utensils and apparatus for laboratory and industrial use, containers for the transport of acids and other chemical products and articles of a kind used in agriculture, of heading No 69.09, and porcelain articles of heading Nos 69.10, 69.13 and 69.14
Chapter 70	
70.04	Unworked cast or rolled glass (including flashed or wired glass) whether figured or not, in rectangles
70.05	Unworked drawn or blown glass (including flashed glass) in rectangles
ex 70.06	Cast, rolled, drawn or blown glass (including flashed or wired glass) in rectangles, surface ground or polished, but not further worked, excluding non-wired glass for mirrors
ex 70.07	Cast, rolled, drawn or blown glass (including flashed or wired glass) cut to shape other than rectangular shape, or bent or otherwise worked (for example, edge worked or engraved), whether or not surface ground or polished; leaded lights and the like
70.08	Safety glass consisting of toughened or laminated glass, shaped or not
70.09	Glass mirrors (including rear-view mirrors), unframed, framed or backed
70.10	Carboys, bottles, jars, pots, tubular containers and similar containers, of glass, of a kind commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods; stoppers and other closures, of glass
ex 70.13	Glassware (other than articles falling within heading No 70.19) of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes, for indoor decoration, or for similar uses, excluding fire-resisting glassware of a kind commonly used for table or kitchen purposes, with a low coefficient of expansion, similar to Pyrex or Durex
70.14	Illuminating glassware, signalling glassware and optical elements of glass, not optically worked nor of optical glass
ex 70.15	Glass of a kind used for sun glasses (but excluding glass suitable for corrective lenses), curved, bent, hollowed and the like
ex 70.16	Multi-cellular glass in blocks, slabs, plates, panels and similar forms

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (CCCN)	Description
ex 70.17	Laboratory, hygienic and pharmaceutical glassware, whether or not graduated or calibrated, excluding glassware for chemical laboratories; glass ampoules
ex 70.21	Other articles of glass, excluding articles for industry
Chapter 71	
ex 71.12	Articles of jewellery, of silver (including silvergilt or platinum-plated silver), or rolled precious metal on base metal
71.13	Articles of goldsmiths' or silversmiths' wares and parts thereof, of precious metal or rolled precious metal, other than goods falling within heading No 71.12
ex 71.14	Other articles of precious metal or rolled precious metal, excluding articles and utensils for workshops and laboratories
71.16	Imitation jewellery
Chapter 73	
	Iron and steel and articles thereof, excluding:
	(a) Products within the jurisdiction of the European Coal and Steel Community, falling within heading Nos 73.01, 73.02, 73.03, 73.05, 73.06, 73.07, 73.08, 73.09, 73.10, 73.11, 73.12, 73.13, 73.15 and 73.16
	(b) Products falling within heading Nos 73.02, 73.05, 73.07 and 73.16 which are not within the jurisdiction of the European Coal and Steel Community
	(c) Heading Nos 73.04, 73.17, 73.19, 73.30, 73.33 and 73.34 and springs and leaves for springs, of iron or steel, for railway coaches, of heading No 73.35
Chapter 74	
	Copper and articles thereof, excluding copper alloys containing more than 10 % by weight of nickel and articles falling within heading Nos 74.01, 74.02, 74.06 and 74.11
Chapter 76	
	Aluminium and articles thereof, excluding heading Nos 76.01 and 76.05 and spools, reels and similar supports for photographic and cinematographic film or for tapes, films and the like falling within heading No 92.12 (ex 76.16)
Chapter 78	
	Lead and articles thereof
Chapter 79	
	Zinc and articles thereof, excluding heading Nos 79.01, 79.02 and 79.03
Chapter 82	
ex 82.01	Hand tools, the following: spades, shovels, picks, hoes, forks and rakes; axes, bill hooks and similar hewing tools; hay knives, grass shears, timber wedges and other tools of a kind used in agriculture, horticulture or forestry
82.02	Saws (non-mechanical) and blades for hand or machine saws (including toothless saw blades)
ex 82.04	Portable forges; grinding wheels with frameworks (hand or pedal operated); articles for domestic use
82.09	Knives with cutting blades, serrated or not (including pruning knives), other than knives falling within heading No 82.06, and blades therefor

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Brussels Nomenclature heading No (CCCN)	Description
ex 82.11	Safety razor blades and blanks thereof
ex 82.13	Other articles of cutlery (for example secateurs, hair clippers, butchers' cleavers, paper knives), excluding hand-operated clippers and parts thereof
82.14	Spoons, forks, fish-eaters, butter-knives, ladles, and similar kitchen or tableware
82.15	Handles of base metal for articles falling within heading Nos 82.09, 82.13 and 82.14
Chapter 83	Miscellaneous articles of base metal, excluding heading No 83.08, statuettes and other ornaments of a kind used indoors (ex 83.06) and beads and spangles (ex 83.09)
Chapter 84	
ex 84.06	Spark ignition engines, petrol driven of a cylinder capacity of 220 cc or more; internal combustion engines, semi diesel type; internal combustion engines, diesel type, of 37 kW or less; engines for motor-cycles and auto-cycles
ex 84.10	Pumps (including motor pumps and turbo pumps) for liquids, whether or not fitted with measuring devices
ex 84.11	Air pumps and vacuum pumps (including motor and turbo-pumps); fans, blowers and the like, with integral motors, weighing less than 150 kg and fans or blowers without motor, weighing 100 kg or less
ex 84.12	Air-conditioning machines, self-contained, comprising a motor-driven fan and elements for changing the temperature and humidity of air, for domestic use
ex 84.14	Bakery ovens and parts thereof
ex 84.15	Refrigerating cabinets and other refrigerating plant, equipped with a refrigerating unit
ex 84.17	Instantaneous or storage water heaters, non-electrical
84.20	Weighing machinery (excluding balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better), including weight-operated counting and checking machines; weighing machine weights of all kinds
ex 84.21	Mechanical appliances (whether or not hand operated) for projecting, dispersing or spraying liquids or powders, for domestic use; similar hand operated appliances for agricultural use; similar appliances for agricultural use, truck mounted, weighing 60 kg or less
ex 84.24	Ploughs designed for tractor or animal draught, weighing 700 kg or less; ploughs designed for mounting on tractors, with two or three shares or discs; harrows designed for tractor or animal draught, with fixed framework and fixed teeth; disc harrows, weighing 700 kg or less
ex 84.25	Threshers; maize huskers and maize threshers; harvesting machinery, animal drawn; straw or fodder presses; fanning mills and similar machines for screening seeds and cereal graders

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (CCCN)	Description
84.27	Presses, crushers and other machinery, of a kind used in wine making, cider making, fruit juice preparation or the like
ex 84.28	Seed crushing machines; farm-type milling machines
84.29	Machinery of a kind used in the bread grain milling industry, and other machinery (other than farm type machinery) for the working of cereals or dried leguminous vegetables
ex 84.34	Printing type
ex 84.38	Shuttles; reeds for looms
ex 84.40	Washing machines, whether or not electric, for domestic use
ex 84.47	Machine tools for sawing and planing wood, cork, bone, ebonite (vulcanite), hard artificial plastic materials or other hard carving materials, other than machines falling within heading No 84.49
ex 84.56	Machinery for agglomerating, moulding or shaping ceramic paste, unhardened cements, plastering materials or other mineral products
ex 84.59	Oil presses and mills; machines for stearin soap manufacture
84.61	Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances, for pipes, boiler shells, tanks, vats and the like, including pressure reducing valves and thermostatically-controlled valves
ex 84.63	Speed reducers
Chapter 85	
ex 85.01	Generators of 20 kVA output or less; motors of 74 kW or less; rotary converters of 37 kW or less; transformers and static converters other than for radio-broadcasting, radiotelephonic, radiotelegraphic and television receivers
85.03	Primary cells and primary batteries
85.04	Electric accumulators
ex 85.06	Room fans
85.10	Portable electric battery and magneto lamps, other than lamps falling within heading No 85.09
85.12	Electric instantaneous or storage water heaters and immersion heaters; electric soil heating apparatus and electric space heating apparatus; electric hair dressing appliances (for example, hair dryers, hair curlers, curling tong heaters) and electric smoothing irons; electro-thermic domestic appliances; electric heating resistors, other than those of carbon
ex 85.17	Electric sound signalling apparatus
ex 85.19	Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits (for example, switches, relays, fuses, lightning arresters, surge suppressors, plugs, lamp holders and junction boxes)
ex 85.20	Electric filament lamps and electric discharge lamps, excluding infra-red and ultra-violet lamps
ex 85.21	Cathode-ray tubes for television sets
85.23	Insulated (including enamelled or anodized) electric wire, cable, bars, strip and the like (including co-axial cable), whether or not fitted with connectors

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Brussels Nomenclature heading No (CCCN)	Description
85.25	Insulators of any material
85.26	Insulating fittings for electrical machines, appliances or equipment, being fittings wholly of insulating material apart from any minor components of metal incorporated during moulding solely for purposes of assembly, but not including insulators falling within heading No 85.25
85.27	Electrical conduit tubing and joints therefor, of base metal lined with insulating material
Chapter 87	
ex 87.02	Motor vehicles for the public transport of persons and motor vehicles for the transport of goods or materials (excluding chassis mentioned in Note 2 to Chapter 87)
87.05	Bodies (including cabs), for the motor vehicles falling within heading No 87.01, 87.02 or 87.03
ex 87.06	Chassis without engines, and parts thereof
ex 87.11	Invalid carriages (other than motorized or otherwise mechanically propelled)
ex 87.12	Parts and accessories of invalid carriages (other than motorized or otherwise mechanically propelled)
87.13	Baby carriages and parts thereof
Chapter 89	
ex 89.01	Lighters and barges; tankers designed to be towed; sailing vessels; inflatable boats of artificial plastic materials
Chapter 90	
ex 90.01	Ophthalmic lenses
90.03	Frames and mountings, and parts thereof, for spectacles, pince-nez, lorgnettes, goggles and the like
90.04	Spectacles, pince-nez, lorgnettes, goggles and the like, corrective, protective or other
ex 90.26	Meters for hand-operated petrol pumps and water meters. (volumetric and tachometric)
Chapter 92	
92.12	Gramophone records and other sound or similar recordings; matrices for the production of records, prepared record blanks, film for mechanical sound recording, prepared tapes, wires, strips and like articles of a kind commonly used for sound or similar recording
Chapter 93	
ex 93.04	Sporting guns and rifles
ex 93.07	Wads for shotguns; sporting cartridges, cartridges for revolvers, pistols and walking stick guns, ball or shot cartridges for target shooting guns of calibres up to 9 mm; cartridge cases for sporting guns and sporting rifles, of metal and paperboard; bullets, shot and buckshot for sporting guns and sporting rifles
Chapter 94	
	Furniture and parts thereof; bedding, mattresses, mattress supports, cushions and similar stuffed furnishings, excluding heading No 94.02

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (CCCN)	Description
Chapter 96	Brooms, brushes, powder puffs and sieves, excluding prepared knots and tufts for broom or brush making of heading No 96.01 and articles falling within heading Nos 96.05 and 96.06
Chapter 97	
97.01	Wheeled toys designed to be ridden by children (for example, toy bicycles and tricycles, and pedal motor-cars); dolls' prams and dolls' push chairs
97.02	Dolls
97.03	Other toys; working models of a kind used for recreational purposes
ex 97.05	Streamers and confetti
Chapter 98	Miscellaneous manufactured articles, excluding stylograph pens falling within heading No 98.03 and excluding heading Nos 98.04, 98.10, 98.11, 98.14 and 98.15

ANNEX 2

List of products referred to in Article 7

CCI heading No	Description	Quotas for the period 1 January to 31 December 1981
31.02	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, nitrogenous	} 9 000 tonnes
31.03	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, phosphatic	
31.05	Other fertilizers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg: A. Other fertilizers: I. Containing the three fertilizing substances: nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium II. Containing the two fertilizing substances: nitrogen and phosphorus IV. Other	
ex 73.37	Boilers (excluding boilers of heading No 84.01) and radiators, for central heating, not electrically heated, and parts thereof, of iron or steel; air heaters and hot air distributors (including those which can also distribute cool or conditioned air), not electrically heated, incorporating a motor-driven fan or blower, and parts thereof, of iron or steel: — Boilers for central heating	10 000 EUA
ex 84.01	Steam and other vapour generating boilers (excluding central heating hot water boilers capable also of producing low pressure steam); super-heated water boilers: — Of a power of 32 MW or less	100 EUA
84.06	Internal combustion piston engines: C. Other engines: ex II. Compression ignition engines: — Of a power of less than 37 kW	100 EUA
84.10	Pumps (including motor pumps and turbo pumps) for liquids, whether or not fitted with measuring devices; liquid elevators of bucket, chain, screw, band and similar kinds: ex A. Delivery pumps fitted, or designed to be fitted, with a measuring device, other than pumps for dispensing fuel B. Other pumps C. Liquid elevators of bucket, chain, screw, band and similar kinds	} 20 000 EUA

CCF heading No	Description	Quotas for the period 1 January to 31 December 1981
84.14	Industrial and laboratory furnaces and ovens, non-electric: ex B. Other: — Parts of steel, for cement ovens	100 EUA
ex 84.20	Weighing machinery (excluding balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better) including weight-operated counting and checking machines; weighing machine weights of all kinds, other than: — Baby scales — Precision scales graduated in grams for domestic use — Weighing machine weights of all kinds	100 EUA
85.01	Electrical goods of the following descriptions: generators, motors, converters (rotary or static), transformers, rectifiers and rectifying apparatus, inductors: A. Generators, motors (whether or not equipped with speed reducing, changing or step-up gear) and rotary converters: ex II. Other: — Motors of an output of not less than 370 W and not more than 15 000 W ex C. Parts: — For motors of an output of not less than 370 and not more than 15 000 W	100 EUA
85.15	Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus: A. Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras: ex III. Receivers, whether or not incorporating sound recorders or reproducers: — Television	15 000 EUA

CCP heading No	Description	Quotas for the period 1 January to 31 December 1981
85.15 (cont'd)	C. Parts: I. Cabinets and cases: ex a) Of wood: — For television receivers ex b) Of other materials: — For television receivers ex III. Other: — Chassis for television receivers and their parts, assembled or mounted — Printed circuit boards for television receivers	15 000 EUA
ex 85.23	Insulated (including enamelled or anodized) electric wire, cable, bars, strip and the like (including coaxial cable), whether or not fitted with connectors: — Cables for television aerials	3 000 EUA
87.02	Motor vehicles for the transport of persons, goods or materials (including sports motor vehicles, other than those of heading No 87.09): A. For the transport of persons, including vehicles designed for the transport of both passengers and goods: I. With either a spark ignition or a compression ignition engine: ex a) Motor vehicles and buses with either a spark ignition engine of a cylinder capacity of 2 800 cc or more or a compression ignition engine of a cylinder capacity of 2 500 cc or more: — Complete motor buses and coaches ex b) Other: — Complete, with a seating capacity of more than six	22 000 EUA
87.05	Bodies (including cabs), for the motor vehicles falling within heading 87.01, 87.02 or 87.03: ex A. Bodies and cabs of metal for the industrial assembly of: — Agricultural walking tractors falling within subheading 87.01 A, — Motor vehicles for the transport of persons, including vehicles designed for the transport of both passengers and goods, with a seating capacity of more than six and less than 15,	

CCI heading No	Description	Quotas for the period 1 January to 31 December 1981
87.05 (cont'd)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Motor vehicles for the transport of goods or materials, with either a spark ignition engine of a cylinder capacity of less than 2 800 cc or a compression ignition engine of a cylinder capacity of less than 2 500 cc, — Special purpose motor lorries and vans of heading No 87.03 (a) ex B. Other: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Bodies and cabs of metal, other than for motor vehicles for the transport of persons, with a seating capacity of six or less 	100 EUA

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

**DECISION OF THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE
MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN COAL AND STEEL COMMUNITY,
MEETING WITHIN THE COUNCIL**

of 24 February 1981

**laying down the arrangements applicable to trade between Greece and Israel in products
covered by that Community**

(81/144/ECSC)

THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GOVERNMENTS
OF THE MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN
COAL AND STEEL COMMUNITY, MEETING
WITHIN THE COUNCIL,

Whereas the Member States have concluded among
themselves the Treaty establishing the European Coal
and Steel Community;

Whereas the Protocol to the Agreement between the
Member States of the European Coal and Steel
Community and the State of Israel⁽¹⁾, hereinafter
referred to respectively as the 'Protocol' and the
'Agreement', to take account of the accession of
Greece to the Community, was initialled on 18
December 1980;

Whereas, pending the entry into force of the
Protocol, the Member States of the European Coal
and Steel Community should, in the light of the
provisions of the said Protocol, lay down autonomously
the arrangements applicable to trade between
Greece and Israel,

In agreement with the Commission,

HAVE DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

Until the entry into force of the Protocol, the
arrangements applicable to trade between Greece and
Israel, shall be those resulting from the Annex to this
Decision.

Article 2

Member States shall take the measures necessary to
implement this Decision.

Done at Brussels, 24 February 1981.

The President

G. BRAKS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 165, 28. 6. 1975, p. 62.

ANNEX

**SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF APPLICATION OF THE AGREEMENT BETWEEN
THE MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN COAL AND STEEL
COMMUNITY AND THE STATE OF ISRAEL CONSEQUENT UPON THE
ACCESSION OF THE HELLENIC REPUBLIC**

Article 1

For the products covered by the Agreement, the Hellenic Republic shall progressively abolish import duties applicable to products originating in Israel in accordance with the following timetable:

- on the entry into force of this Decision, each duty shall be reduced to 90 % of the basic duty,
- on 1 January 1982, each duty shall be reduced to 80 % of the basic duty,
- the four other reductions of 20 % each shall be made on:
 - 1 January 1983,
 - 1 January 1984,
 - 1 January 1985,
 - 1 January 1986.

Article 2

The basic duty to which the successive reductions, as provided for in Article 1, are to be applied shall, for each product, be the duty actually applied on 1 July 1980 by the Hellenic Republic with regard to Israel.

Article 3

1. The Hellenic Republic shall progressively abolish charges having equivalent effect to import duties on products originating in Israel in accordance with the following timetable:

- on the entry into force of this Decision, each charge shall be reduced to 90 % of the basic rate,
- on 1 January 1982, each charge shall be reduced to 80 % of the basic rate,
- the four other reductions of 20 % each shall be made on:
 - 1 January 1983,
 - 1 January 1984,
 - 1 January 1985,
 - 1 January 1986.

2. The basic rate to which the successive reductions, as provided for in paragraph 1, are to be applied shall, for each product, be the rate applied by the Hellenic Republic on 31 December 1980 with regard to the Community of Nine.

3. Any charge having equivalent effect to an import duty introduced as from 1 January 1979, in trade between Greece and Israel shall be abolished with the entry into force of this Decision.

Article 4

If the Hellenic Republic suspends or reduces, more quickly than envisaged in the timetable established, duties or charges having an equivalent effect on products imported from the Community of Nine, the Hellenic Republic shall also suspend or reduce, to the same level, the duties or charges having an equivalent effect on products originating in Israel.

Article 5

1. Import deposits and cash payments in force in Greece on 31 December 1980 with regard to products originating in Israel shall be progressively eliminated.

The rate of import deposits and cash payments shall be reduced in accordance with the following timetable:

- on the entry into force of this Decision: 25 %,
- 1 January 1982: 25 %,
- 1 January 1983: 25 %,
- 1 January 1984: 25 %.

2. If, in respect of the Community of Nine, the Hellenic Republic reduces the rate of import deposits or cash payments more quickly than under the timetable set out in paragraph 1, the Hellenic Republic shall make the same reduction with regard to imports originating in Israel.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1470/81
of 19 May 1981

amending Regulation (EEC) No 3520/80, opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Community opened by Regulation (EEC) No 3520/80 a Community tariff quota for the importation into the Community of Nine of apricot pulp originating in Israel; whereas Regulation (EEC) No 637/81 provides that, from its entry into force, Greece is required to apply this tariff measure; whereas Regulation (EEC) No 3520/80 should therefore be amended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 3520/80 is hereby amended as follows:

1. In Article 1 (1) the words 'of Nine' shall be deleted.

2. The following sentence shall be added at the end of Article 1 (2):

'Within this tariff quota, Greece shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions of the 1979 Act of Accession and of Regulation (EEC) No 637/81.'

3. The following paragraph shall be added to Article 2:

'3. If Greece should find that there is a demand for the product in question, it shall draw an appropriate share from the reserve in so far as the level of the reserve permits.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 May 1981.

For the Council

The President

D. F. van der MEI

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3516/81**of 3 December 1981**

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1982)

(see GEN II 9)

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel concerning the importation into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1982)

(see GEN I 256-257)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3541/81

of 3 December 1981

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel (1982)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel ⁽¹⁾, as supplemented by Council Regulation (EEC) No 637/81 of 24 February 1981 laying down the arrangements applicable to trade between Greece and Israel, provides for the opening, by the Community, of an annual Community tariff quota of 150 tonnes of apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Israel; whereas the customs duties applicable to the quota are equal to 70 % of the customs duties actually applied to non-member countries; whereas the Community tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for 1982;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Israel over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the

Member States represent the following percentages of total imports of the product in question, originating in Israel:

Member States	1978	1979	1980
Benelux	13	—	—
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	77	—	—
Greece	—	—	—
France	—	—	—
Ireland	—	10	—
Italy	—	—	—
United Kingdom	10	90	100 (= 4 t).

Whereas these data cannot be considered as representative to serve as a basis for allocation of the quota volume among the Member States; whereas it is difficult to estimate imports by Member States for 1982 because of the absence of any pattern in previous years; whereas to allocate the quota volume on a fair basis, the approximate percentages of initial quota shares may be fixed as follows:

Benelux	12
Denmark	5
Germany	28
Greece	1
France	7
Ireland	6
Italy	6
United Kingdom	36

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the

(1) GEN I 1

Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 50 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by such Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional share must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1982, a Community tariff quota of 150 tonnes shall be opened in the Community for apricot pulp, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Israel.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at a rate of 11.9 %.

Within the limits of this tariff quota, Greece shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and in the said Regulation (EEC) No 637/81.

Article 2

1. A first instalment of 75 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be allocated among the Member States; the respective shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until 31 December 1982 shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	9
Denmark	3
Germany	21
Greece	1
France	5
Ireland	4
Italy	4
United Kingdom	28

2. A second instalment of 75 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after one of its initial shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after one of its second shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reasons to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1982.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1982, such unused portions of their initial share as, on 15 September 1982, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1982, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1982 and charged against the tariff quota and of any fraction of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1982, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which uses up the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 3 December 1981.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1982.

For the Council

The President

T. KING

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 358/82

of 15 February 1982

on the application of the EEC-Israel Cooperation Council Decision No 1/81 replacing the unit of account by the ECU in the Protocol on the definition of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation, to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community and, in particular, Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal of the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel⁽¹⁾ was signed on 11 May 1975 and entered into force on 1 July 1975;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 25 of the Protocol on the definition of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation, the EEC-Israel Cooperation Council has adopted Decision No 1/81 amending the Protocol as regards the rules of origin;

Whereas the Decision should be made operative in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Decision No 1/81 of the EEC-Israel Cooperation Council shall be applicable in the Community.

The text of this Decision is attached to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 15 February 1982.

For the Council

The President

P. de KERSMAEKER

(1) GEN I 1

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1523/82
of 15 June 1982
introducing a countervailing charge on lemons originating in Israel

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1203/82⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0.6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1336/82 of 28 May 1982 fixing the reference prices for lemons for the 1982/83 marketing year⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of Class I for the month of June 1982 at 33.39 ECU per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regula-

tion (EEC) No 3011/81⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets;

Whereas, for Israeli lemons, the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0.6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these lemons;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 0.98 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied to lemons (subheading ex 08.02 C of the Common Customs Tariff) originating in Israel.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 17 June 1982.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 140, 20. 5. 1982, p. 36.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 150, 29. 5. 1982, p. 83.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 301, 22. 10. 1981, p. 18.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 15 June 1982.

For the Commission
Poul DALSAGER
Member of the Commission

23. 6. 82

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 179/19

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1603/82

of 22 June 1982

abolishing the countervailing charge on lemons originating in Israel

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1203/82⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1523/82 of 15 June 1982 introduced a countervailing charge on lemons originating in Israel;

Whereas the present trend of prices for Israelian products on the representative markets referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3011/81⁽⁴⁾, recorded or calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 5 of

that Regulation, indicated that entry prices have been at least equal to the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas the conditions specified in the second indent of Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled and the countervailing charge on imports of these products originating in Israel can be abolished,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1523/82 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 23 June 1982.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 June 1982.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 140, 20. 5. 1982, p. 36.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 301, 22. 10. 1981, p. 18.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3106/82

of 8 November 1982

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel (1983)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel⁽¹⁾, as supplemented by Council Regulation (EEC) No 637/81 of 24 February 1981 laying down the arrangements applicable to trade between Greece and Israel, provides for the opening, by the Community, of an annual Community tariff quota of 150 tonnes of apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel; whereas the customs duties applicable to the quota are equal to 70 % of the customs duties actually applied to non-member countries; whereas the Community tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for 1983;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Israel over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following

percentages of total imports of the product in question, originating in Israel:

Member States	1979	1980	1981
Benelux	—	—	—
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	—	—	—
Greece	—	—	—
France	—	—	—
Ireland	10	—	—
Italy	—	—	—
United Kingdom	90	100	—

Whereas these data cannot be considered as representative to serve as a basis for allocation of the quota volume among the Member States; whereas it is difficult to estimate imports by Member States for 1983 because of the absence of any pattern in previous years; whereas to allocate the quota volume on a fair basis, the approximate percentages of initial quota shares may be fixed as follows:

Benelux	12
Denmark	5
Germany	28
Greece	1
France	7
Ireland	6
Italy	6
United Kingdom	36

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 50 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional

(¹) GEN I 1

share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by such Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional share must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1983, a Community tariff quota of 150 tonnes shall be opened in the Community for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at a rate of 11.9 %.

Within the limits of this tariff quota, Greece shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and in the said Regulation (EEC) No 637/81.

Article 2

1. A first instalment of 75 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be allocated among the Member States; the respective shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until 31 December 1983, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	9
Denmark	3
Germany	21
Greece	1
France	5
Ireland	4
Italy	4
United Kingdom	28

2. A second instalment of 75 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after one of its initial shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after one of its second shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there are grounds for believing that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1983.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1983, such unused portions of their initial share as, on 15 September 1983, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return

a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1983, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1983 and charged against the tariff quota and of any fraction of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Article 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1983, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which uses up the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that

imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question, established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 November 1982.

For the Council

The President

H. CHRISTOPHERSEN

**COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3493/82
of 10 December 1982**

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1983)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel ⁽¹⁾ was signed on 11 May 1975;

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the said Agreement and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel should be approved,

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 10 December 1982.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1983) is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement in order to bind the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

For the Council

The President

G. FENGER MØLLER

(¹) GEN I 1

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1983)

Sir,

In pursuance of Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel, I have the honour to inform you that Israel undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1983 do not exceed 220 tonnes.

To this end the Government of the State of Israel declares that all exports to the Community of the products concerned will be effected exclusively by exporters whose operations are controlled by the Israeli Ministry of Commerce, Industry and Tourism.

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between that Ministry and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*For the Government of
the State of Israel*

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today worded as follows:

'In pursuance of Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel, I have the honour to inform you that Israel undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1983 do not exceed 220 tonnes.

To this end the Government of the State of Israel declares that all exports to the Community of the products concerned will be effected exclusively by exporters whose operations are controlled by the Israeli Ministry of Commerce, Industry and Tourism.

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between that Ministry and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.'

I am able to confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
of the European Communities*

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3125/83

of 24 October 1983

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel (1984)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel⁽¹⁾, provides for the opening by the Community of an annual Community tariff quota of 150 tonnes of apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel; whereas the customs duties applicable to the quota are equal to 70 % of the customs duties actually applied to non-member countries; whereas the Community tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for 1984;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statis-

tics for imports from Israel over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of total imports of the product in question originating in Israel:

Member States	1980	1981	1982
Benelux	—	—	37
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	—	—	63
Greece	—	—	—
France	—	—	—
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	—	—	—
United Kingdom	100	—	—

Whereas these data cannot be considered as representative to serve as a basis for allocation of the quota volume among the Member States; whereas it is difficult to estimate imports by Member States for 1984 because of the absence of any pattern in previous years; whereas, to allocate the quota volume on a fair basis, the approximate percentages of initial quota shares may be fixed as follows:

Benelux	12
Denmark	5
Germany	28
Greece	1
France	7
Ireland	6
Italy	6
United Kingdom	36

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two

(¹) GEN I 1

instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 50 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by such Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional share must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1984, a Community tariff quota of 150 tonnes shall be opened in the Community for apricot pulp falling within sub-heading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Israel.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at a rate of 11,9 %.

Within the limits of this tariff quota, Greece shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and in Regulation (EEC) No 637/81 (1).

Article 2

1. A first instalment amounting to 75 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be allocated among the Member States; the respective shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until 31 December 1984 shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	9
Denmark	3
Germany	21
Greece	1
France	5
Ireland	4
Italy	4
United Kingdom	28

2. The second instalment amounting to 75 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7,5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

(1) OJ No L 70, 16. 3. 1981, p. 1.

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Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 312/3

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraph if there are grounds for believing that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1984.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1984, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1984, is in excess of 20% of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1984, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1984 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Article 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1984, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 24 October 1983.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1984.

For the Council

The President

G. ARSENIS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3756/83

of 19 December 1983

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel and concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1984)

(see GEN II. 12)

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 9 of Protocol 1 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Israel (1984)

(see GEN I 263)

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European Communities - Luxembourg