

COOPERATION

**between the European Economic Community
and the Kingdom of Morocco**

COLLECTED ACTS

**SECRETARIAT OF THE COUNCIL
OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES**

Information, Publications,
Documentation

NOTE D'INFORMATION

aux destinataires des Recueils d'Actes :

- Association CEE-CHYPRE
- Association CEE-MALTE
- Association CEE-TURQUIE
- Coopération CEE-ALGERIE
- Coopération CEE-MAROC
- Coopération CEE-TUNISIE
- Coopération CEE-EGYPTE
- Coopération CEE-JORDANIE
- Coopération CEE-SYRIE
- Coopération CEE-LIBAN
- Coopération CEE-ISRAEL

A partir de l'édition 1984 cette publication - tout en maintenant le contenu habituel - changera de périodicité, de format et de présentation.

Afin de répondre à une exigence de praticité et en tenant compte des sollicitations d'un certain nombre de lecteurs, les Recueils d'Actes paraîtront à l'avenir sous forme de brochure, en format A5 et avec périodicité annuelle. Deux publications sont prévues, regroupant respectivement les actes relatifs aux Associations et aux Coopérations.

Collected acts

EEC - MOROCCO CO-OP.

31 December 1983

The Co-operation Agreement between the EEC and the Kingdom of Morocco, signed at Rabat on 27 April 1976 can be found in the Collected Acts "Association EEC-MOROCCO" GEN I 114 till 145

Directions for use

1. Acts listed in the Collection

The Collected Acts pertaining to the "Co-operation between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco" contains in addition to the text of the Co-operation Agreement, signed at Rabat on 27.4.1976, all the acts adopted pursuant to this Agreement by the various Institutions of the Co-operation between the European Economic Community (EEC) and the Kingdom of Morocco as well as the acts adopted by the EEC with regard to Morocco.

Certain acts of the Institutions of the Co-operation between the EEC and the Kingdom of Morocco have not been included because of their nature. This is the case for budgets, acts of a personal nature (for example appointments), etc.

2. General Structure of the Collection

The acts are classified in 4 basic series with the following abbreviations and the titles in order of classification :

- GEN - General matters - this series is subdivided into 2 headings:
I - Co-operation Agreement and related texts
II - Provisions within the Community relating to the Co-operation Agreement
- DEC - Decisions of the Co-operation Council
- INT - Provisions within the EEC
- PREF - List of Community regulations on tariff preferences for certain products originating in developing countries

Each series of acts is separated from the others by a guide card with the abbreviated title of the series indicated on the tab.

Acts are classified in chronological order of the dates of their adoption.

3. Pagination

In order that new acts can be added at any time, the collection is arranged in loose-leaf form.

Heading each page there is a reference composed of the following elements : an abbreviation indicating the series, possibly followed by a Roman numeral indicating the heading and consecutive Arabic numerals indicating the pages under each heading.

If a page has to be amended following an alteration, a replacement sheet will be supplied. This will be marked at the bottom right-hand corner to distinguish it from the page to be removed.

References showing that one act is related to another are given in footnotes.

Some acts qualify for inclusion in several places. The full text is given once only, and in the other places there are simply references to where the full text may be found.

4. Tables

At the beginning of each heading or of each series which is not subdivided into headings there is a table listing the titles of the acts contained in it. This table will be brought up to date at regular intervals.

In addition to this compilation, there are also the
Collected Acts :

Co-operation between the EEC and the People's Democratic
Republic of Algeria,
Co-operation between the EEC and the Arab Republic of Egypt,
Co-operation between the EEC and the State of Israel,
Co-operation between the EEC and the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan,
Co-operation between the EEC and the Lebanese Republic,
Co-operation between the EEC and the Syrian Arab Republic,
Co-operation between the EEC and the Republic of Tunisia,

the Collected Acts :

Association between the EEC and the Republic of Cyprus,
Association between the EEC and Greece (until 31.12.1980),
Association between the EEC and Malta,
Association between the EEC and Turkey,

as well as the Collected Acts pertaining to the

ACP-EEC Convention of Lomé

and the acts concerning the OCT/FOD.

General matters

Subdivision :

- I. Co-operation Agreement and related texts
- II. Provisions within the Community relating to the Co-operation Agreement

I. Co-operation Agreement and related texts

Table

1

Subject	Pages in the Collected Acts
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1978 to 31 October 1979	1 - 2
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco	3 - 4
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1979 to 31 October 1980	5 - 6
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco	7 - 8
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco	9 - 10
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981	11 - 12
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco	13 - 14
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1981 to 31 October 1982	15 - 16
Protocol on financial and technical cooperation between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco	17 - 22
Information concerning the date of entry into force of the Protocols relating to financial and technical cooperation between the EEC and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, the Arab Republic of Egypt, the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan and the Kingdom of Morocco	23
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco	24 - 25

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1978 to 31 October 1979

Letter No 1

Sir,

Annex B to the Cooperation Agreement and Annex B to the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco stipulate that for untreated olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff, the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 17 (1) (b) of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 10 (1) (b) of the Interim Agreement is increased, in order to take account of certain factors and of the situation on the olive oil market, by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of the abovementioned provisions.

I have the honour to inform you that, having regard to the criteria specified in the aforementioned Annexes, the Community will take the necessary steps to maintain the additional amount at 10 units of account per 100 kilograms for the period 1 November 1978 to 31 October 1979.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm your Government's agreement to its content.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council of
the European Communities*

29. 11. 78

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 332/19

Letter No 2

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today's date, which reads as follows :

'Annex B to the Cooperation Agreement and Annex B to the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco stipulate that for untreated olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff, the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 17 (1) (b) of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 10 (1) (b) of the Interim Agreement is increased, in order to take account of certain factors and of the situation on the olive oil market, by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of the abovementioned provisions.

I have the honour to inform you that, having regard to the criteria specified in the aforementioned Annexes, the Community will take the necessary steps to maintain the additional amount at 10 units of account per 100 kilograms for the period 1 November 1978 to 31 October 1979.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm your Government's agreement to its content.'

I am able to confirm the agreement of my Government to the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*For the Government of
the Kingdom of Morocco*

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco

Sir,

With a view to implementing the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties provided for in Article 20 of the Cooperation Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling with subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, I have the honour to inform you that the Moroccan Government undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1979 do not exceed 100 tonnes.

To this end the Moroccan Government declares that all exports to the Community of the said products will be effected exclusively by the 'Office de commercialisation et d'exportation (OCE)' (Marketing and Exports Office).

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between the Marketing and Exports Office and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

For the Moroccan Government

30. 12. 78

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 373/9

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today worded as follows :

'With a view to implementing the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties provided for in Article 20 of the Cooperation Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, I have the honour to inform you that the Moroccan Government undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1979 do not exceed 100 tonnes.

To this end the Moroccan Government declares that all exports to the Community of the said products will be effected exclusively by the "Office de commercialisation et d'exportation (OCE)" (Marketing and Exports Office).

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between the Marketing and Exports Office and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.'

I am able to confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing and consequently to state that the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties will apply from 1 January to 31 December 1979 to the quantities of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco referred to in your letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
of the European Communities*

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1979 to 31 October 1980

Letter No 1

Sir,

Annex B to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco stipulates that for untreated olive oil falling within sub-heading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 17 (1) (b) of the Cooperation Agreement may, in order to take account of certain factors and of the situation on the olive oil market, be increased by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of the abovementioned provisions.

I have the honour to inform you that, having regard to the criteria specified in the aforementioned Annexes, the Community will take the necessary steps to fix the additional amount at 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms for the period 1 November 1979 to 31 October 1980.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm your Government's agreement to its content.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council of
the European Communities*

Letter No 2

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today's date, which reads as follows:

'Annex B to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco stipulates that for untreated olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 17 (1) (b) of the Cooperation Agreement may, in order to take account of certain factors and of the situation on the olive oil market, be increased by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of the abovementioned provisions.

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I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm your Government's agreement to its content.'

I am able to confirm the agreement of my Government to the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*For the Government of
the Kingdom of Morocco*

27. 12. 79

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 333/19

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco

Sir,

With a view to implementing the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties provided for in Article 20 of the Cooperation Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, I have the honour to inform you that the Moroccan Government undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1980 do not exceed 100 tonnes.

To this end the Moroccan Government declares that all exports to the Community of the said products will be effected exclusively by the 'Office de commercialisation et d'exportation (OCE)' (marketing and exports office).

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between the marketing and exports office and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

For the Moroccan Government

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I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today worded as follows:

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I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.'

I am able to confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing and consequently to state that the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties will apply from 1 January to 31 December 1980 to the quantities of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco referred to in your letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council of
the European Communities*

AGREEMENT

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Sir,

With a view to implementing the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties provided for in Article 20 of the Cooperation Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, I have the honour to inform you that the Moroccan Government undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1981 do not exceed 100 tonnes.

To this end the Moroccan Government declares that all exports to the Community of the said products will be effected exclusively by the 'Office de commercialisation et d'exportation' (OCE) (Marketing and Exports Office).

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between the Marketing and Exports Office and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

For the Moroccan Government

31. 12. 80

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 370/59

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today worded as follows:

'With a view to implementing the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties provided for in Article 20 of the Cooperation Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, I have the honour to inform you that the Moroccan Government undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1981 do not exceed 100 tonnes.

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I am able to confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing and consequently to state that the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties will apply from 1 January to 31 December 1981 to the quantities of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco referred to in your letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
of the European Communities*

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981

Letter No 1

Sir,

Annex B to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco stipulates that for untreated olive oil falling within sub-heading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 17 (1) (b) of the Cooperation Agreement may, in order to take account of certain factors and of the situation on the olive oil market, be increased by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of the abovementioned provisions.

I have the honour to inform you that, having regard to the criteria specified in the aforementioned Annexes, the Community will take the necessary steps to fix the additional amount at 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm your Government's agreement to its content.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
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Letter No 2

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today's date, which reads as follows:

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AGREEMENT

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*On behalf of the Council
of the European Communities*

AGREEMENT

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I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm your Government's agreement to its content.'

I am able to confirm the agreement of my Government to the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*For the Government
of the Kingdom of Morocco*

PROTOCOL

on financial and technical cooperation between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

of the one part, and

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE KINGDOM OF MOROCCO,

of the other part,

REAFFIRMING their resolve to implement cooperation which will contribute to the economic and social development of the Kingdom of Morocco and promote the strengthening of relations between the Community and the Kingdom of Morocco,

ANXIOUS to pursue to this end the financial and technical cooperation provided for in the Cooperation Agreement,

HAVE DECIDED to conclude this Protocol and to this end have designated as their plenipotentiaries:

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES:

Paul NOTERDAEME,

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary,

Permanent Representative of Belgium,

Chairman of the Permanent Representatives Committee;

Dieter FRISCH,

Director-General for Development,

Commission of the European Communities;

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE KINGDOM OF MOROCCO:

Zine El Abidine SEBTI,

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary,

Head of the Representation of the Kingdom of Morocco to the European Economic Community;

Article 1

Within the framework of the financial and technical cooperation provided for in the Cooperation Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, the Community shall participate, on the terms set out in this Protocol, in the financing of measures intended to contribute to the economic and social development of the Kingdom of Morocco.

Article 2

1. For the purposes specified in Article 1 and for a period expiring on 31 October 1986, an aggregate amount of 199 million ECU may be committed as follows:

- (a) 90 million ECU in the form of loans from the European Investment Bank, hereinafter referred to as 'the Bank', made from its own resources;

29. 11. 82

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 337/31

(b) 109 million ECU from the Community's budgetary resources, composed of:

- 42 million ECU in the form of loans on special terms,
- 67 million ECU in the form of grants.

Provision may be made for contributions to risk capital formation, to be charged against the amount shown in the first indent of (b); these may take the form *inter alia* of subordinated loans, conditional loans or acquisitions of holdings.

2. The loans referred to in paragraph 1 (a) — with the exception of those intended for financing the oil sector — carry a 2 % interest rate subsidy financed by means of the funds shown in the second indent of paragraph 1 (b).

Article 3

1. The total amount fixed in Article 2 shall be used for the financing or part-financing of:

- capital projects in the fields of production and economic infrastructure, aimed in particular at diversifying the economic structure of the Kingdom of Morocco and especially at promoting its industrialization and modernizing its agriculture,
- technical cooperation schemes that are a preliminary or a complement to capital projects drawn up by the Kingdom of Morocco,
- technical cooperation in the field of training.

2. The Community's financial contributions shall be used to cover internal and external costs necessarily incurred in carrying out approved projects or schemes (including costs in respect of studies, consulting engineers and technical assistance). They may not be used to cover current administrative, maintenance or operational expenditure.

Article 4

1. Capital projects shall be eligible for financing either by loans from the Bank, combined with interest rate subsidies on the terms set out in Article 2, or by loans on special terms, or by grants, or by a combination of these three means.

2. Technical and economic cooperation shall normally be financed by grants.

Article 5

1. The amounts to be committed each year shall be distributed as evenly as possible throughout the period of application of this Protocol.

2. Any funds not committed at the end of the period referred to in Article 2 (1) shall be used, until exhausted. In that case, the funds shall be used in accordance with the same arrangements as those laid down in this Protocol.

Article 6

1. Loans granted by the Bank from its own resources shall be made in accordance with the arrangements, conditions and procedures laid down in its statute. They shall, as regards their duration, be subject to terms established on the basis of the economic and financial characteristics of the projects for which these loans are intended, also taking into account the conditions obtaining on the capital markets on which the Bank procures its resources. The interest rate shall be determined in accordance with the Bank's practice at the time of signature of each loan contract, subject to the interest rate subsidy referred to in Article 2 (2).

2. Loans on special terms shall be granted for 40 years with 10 years' postponement of amortization and at an interest rate of 1 % per annum. The terms and arrangements for contributions to risk capital formation shall be determined on a case-by-case basis.

3. The loans may be granted through the intermediary of the State or appropriate Moroccan bodies, on condition that they onlend the amounts to the recipients on terms decided, by agreement with the Community, on the basis of the economic and financial characteristics of the projects for which they are intended.

Article 7

Aid contributed by the Community for the execution of certain projects may, with the agreement of the Moroccan Government, take the form of co-financing in which, in particular, credit and development bodies and institutions of the Kingdom of Morocco, of Member States or of third States or international finance organizations would take part.

Article 8

The following shall be eligible for financial and technical cooperation:

(a) in general:

- the Kingdom of Morocco;

(b) with the agreement of the Government of the Kingdom of Morocco, for projects or measures approved by it:

- official development agencies of the Kingdom of Morocco,
- private agencies working in the Kingdom of Morocco for economic and social development,
- undertakings carrying on their activities in accordance with industrial and business management methods and set up as legal persons in accordance with the law of the Kingdom of Morocco,
- groups of producers who are nationals of the Kingdom of Morocco, and exceptionally, where no such groups exist, the producers themselves,
- scholarship holders and trainees sent by the Kingdom of Morocco under the training schemes referred to in Article 3.

Article 9

1. Upon the entry into force of this Protocol, the Community and the Kingdom of Morocco shall establish by mutual agreement the specific objectives of financial and technical cooperation, by reference to the priorities set by the Kingdom of Morocco's development plan.

These objectives may be reviewed by mutual agreement to take account of changes in the Kingdom of Morocco's economic situation or in the objectives and priorities set by its development plan.

2. Within the framework established pursuant to paragraph 1, financial and technical cooperation shall apply to projects and schemes drawn up by the Government of the Kingdom of Morocco or by other beneficiaries approved by that country.

Article 10

1. The requests for financial aid may be presented to the Community only by the Government of the Kingdom of Morocco on its own behalf or on behalf of the other beneficiaries referred to in Article 8.

2. The Community shall appraise the requests for financing in collaboration with the competent Moroccan authorities and other beneficiaries, in

accordance with the objectives referred to in Article 9 (1), and shall inform them of the decisions taken on such requests.

Article 11

1. The execution, management and maintenance of schemes that are the subject of financing under this Protocol shall be the responsibility of the Kingdom of Morocco or the other beneficiaries referred to in Article 8 of this Protocol.

The Community shall make sure that this financial aid is expended in accordance with the agreed allocations and to the best economic advantage.

2. Certain rules for administering the financial aid granted by the Community will be the subject of an exchange of letters between the Commission and the Kingdom of Morocco at the conclusion of this Protocol.

Article 12

All natural and legal persons which come within the scope of the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community and all natural and legal persons of the Kingdom of Morocco may participate on equal terms in tendering procedures and other procedures for the award of contracts likely to be financed. Such legal persons formed in accordance with the law of a Member State of the EEC or of the Kingdom of Morocco must have their registered offices, their administrative head offices or their principal establishments in the territories in which the Treaty establishing the EEC is applied or in Morocco; however, where only their registered offices are in those territories or in Morocco, the activities of such legal persons must be effectively and continuously linked with the economy of those territories or of Morocco.

Article 13

To promote participation by Moroccan undertakings in the performance of works contracts, an accelerated procedure for issuing invitations to tender involving shorter time limits for the submission of tenders may be used where the works in question, because of their scale, are mainly of interest to Moroccan undertakings.

This accelerated procedure may be used for invitations to tender the value of which is estimated at less than two million ECU.

29. 11. 82

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 337/33

Article 14

1. The Kingdom of Morocco shall apply to contracts awarded for the execution of projects or schemes financed by the Community fiscal and customs arrangements no less favourable than those applied *vis-à-vis* the most favoured international development organization.

2. The fiscal and customs arrangements shall be established by means of an exchange of letters between the Parties.

Article 15

The Kingdom of Morocco shall take the necessary measures to ensure that interest and all other payments due to the Community in respect of loans granted under this Protocol are exempted from any national or local tax or levy.

Article 16

Where a loan is accorded to a beneficiary other than the Kingdom of Morocco, the provisions of a guarantee by the latter or of other adequate guarantees may be required by the Community as a condition of the grant of the loan.

Article 17

Throughout the duration of the loans accorded pursuant to this Protocol, the Kingdom of Morocco shall undertake to make available to debtors enjoying such loans, or to the guarantors thereof, the foreign currency necessary for the payment of interest, commission and other charges and the repayment of principal.

Article 18

The results of financial and technical cooperation may be examined within the Cooperation Council. The latter shall establish, where appropriate, the general guidelines of such cooperation.

Article 19

One year before the expiry of this Protocol, the Contracting Parties shall examine what arrangements could be made for financial and technical cooperation during a possible further period.

Article 20

This Protocol shall be annexed to the Cooperation Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco.

Article 21

1. This Protocol shall enter into force after the Kingdom of Morocco, of the one part, and the Community, of the other part, have notified their agreement on the terms of the Protocol.

2. This Protocol shall enter into force on the first day of the second month following the date on which the notifications provided for in paragraph 1 have been given.

Article 22

This Protocol is drawn up in two original copies in the Danish, Dutch, English, French, German, Greek, Italian and Arabic languages, each of these texts being equally authentic.

Til bekræftelse heraf har undertegnede befuldmægtigede underskrevet denne protokol.

Zu Urkund dessen haben die unterzeichneten Bevollmächtigten ihre Unterschriften unter dieses Protokoll gesetzt.

Εἰς πίστῳσιν τῶν ἀνωτέρῳ, οἱ ὑπογεγραμμένοι πληρεξούσιοι ἔθεσαν τίς ὑπογραφές τους στό παρόν πρωτόκολλο.

In witness whereof the undersigned plenipotentiaries have signed this Protocol.

En foi de quoi, les plénipotentiaires soussignés ont apposé leurs signatures au bas du présent protocole.

In fede di che, i plenipotenziari sottoscritti hanno apposto le loro firme in calce al presente protocollo.

Ten blijke waarvan de ondergetekende gevolmachtigden hun handtekening onder dit Protocol hebben gesteld.

واقمانا لما تقدم ، وضع الخند هون المفوضون توقيعهم
اسفل هذا البروتوكول .

Udfærdiget i Bruxelles, den tiende juni nitten hundrede og toogfirs.

Geschehen zu Brüssel am zehnten Juni neunzehnhundertzweiundachtzig.

Έγινε στις Βρυξέλλες, στις δέκα 'Ιουνίου χίλια έννιακόσια ογδόντα δύο.

Done at Brussels on the tenth day of June in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighty-two.

Fait à Bruxelles, le dix juin mil neuf cent quatre-vingt-deux.

Fatto a Bruxelles, addì dieci giugno millenovecentottantadue.

Gedaan te Brussel, de tiende juni negentienhonderd tweeëntachtig.

حسرتسي بروكسيل ، في العاشر من يونيو سنة
الف وتسعمائة واثنان وثمانون .

29. 11. 82

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 337/35

For Rådet for De europæiske Fællesskaber

Für den Rat der Europäischen Gemeinschaften

Για τό Συμβούλιο τών Ευρωπαϊκών Κοινοτήτων

For the Council of the European Communities

Pour le Conseil des Communautés européennes

Per il Consiglio delle Comunità europee

Voor de Raad van de Europese Gemeenschappen

من مجلس المجتمعات الأوروبية

For regeringen for kongeriget Marokko

Für die Regierung des Königreichs Marokko

Για τήν κυβέρνηση του Βασιλείου του Μαρόκου

For the Government of the Kingdom of Morocco

Pour le gouvernement du royaume du Maroc

Per il governo del Regno del Marocco

Voor de Regering van het Koninkrijk Marokko

من حكومة المملكة المغربية

Information concerning the date of entry into force of the Protocols relating to financial and technical cooperation between the EEC and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, the Arab Republic of Egypt, the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan and the Kingdom of Morocco

The instruments of notification of the completion of the procedures for the entry into force of the Protocols relating to financial and technical cooperation between

- the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria (signed in Brussels on 28 October 1982),
- the European Economic Community and the Arab Republic of Egypt (signed in Brussels on 25 May 1982),
- the European Economic Community and the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan (signed in Brussels on 10 June 1982),
- the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco (signed in Brussels on 10 June 1982),

having been exchanged on 30 November 1982, these four Protocols will enter into force, in accordance with Article 21 thereof, on 1 January 1983.

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco

Sir,

With a view to implementing the 55% reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties provided for in Article 20 of the Cooperation Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, I have the honour to inform you that the Moroccan Government undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1984 do not exceed 100 tonnes.

To this end the Moroccan Government declares that all exports to the Community of the said products will be effected exclusively by the 'Office de commercialisation et d'exportation' (OCE) (Marketing and Exports Office).

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between the Marketing and Exports Office and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*For the Government of
the Kingdom of Morocco*

31. 12. 83

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 374/15

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today worded as follows:

'With a view to implementing the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties provided for in Article 20 of the Cooperation Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, I have the honour to inform you that the Moroccan Government undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1984 do not exceed 100 tonnes.

To this end the Moroccan Government declares that all exports to the Community of the said products will be effected exclusively by the "Office de commercialisation et d'exportation" (OCE) (Marketing and Exports Office).

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between the Marketing and Exports Office and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.'

I am able to confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing and consequently to state that the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties will apply from 1 January to 31 December 1984 to the quantities of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco referred to in your letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
of the European Communities*

II. Provisions within the Community relating to the Co-operation Agreement Table

Subject	Pages in the Collected Acts
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2763/78 of 23 November 1978 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1978 to 31 October 1979	1
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3143/78 of 18 December 1978 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1979)	2
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2919/79 of 20 December 1979 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1979 to 31 October 1980	3
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2925/79 of 20 December 1979 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1980)	4
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3252/80 of 12 December 1980 concerning the application of Decision No 1/80 of the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council of 27 November 1980 derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco	5
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3253/80 of 12 December 1980 concerning the application of Decision No 2/80 of the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council of 27 November 1980 derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco	6
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3531/80 of 22 December 1980 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1981)	7
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3536/80 of 22 December 1980 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981 . .	8

Table

2

Subject	Pages in the Collected Acts
<p>Council Regulation (EEC) No 3260/81 of 9 November 1981 concerning the application of Decision No 1/81 of the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council of 30 October 1981 derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco</p>	<p>9</p>
<p>Council Regulation (EEC) No 3514/81 of 3 December 1981 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1982)</p>	<p>10</p>
<p>Council Regulation (EEC) No 3546/81 of 3 December 1981 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1981 to 31 October 1982</p>	<p>11</p>
<p>Council Regulation (EEC) No 3181/82 of 22 November 1982 on the conclusion of a Protocol on financial and technical cooperation between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco</p>	<p>12</p>
<p>Council Regulation (EEC) No 3757/83 of 19 December 1983 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1984)</p>	<p>13</p>

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2763/78

of 23 November 1978

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1978 to 31 October 1979

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, signed on 27 April 1976, and to the Interim Agreement ⁽¹⁾, which entered into force on 1 July 1976 and whose term of validity was extended by the Agreement annexed to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1455/78 ⁽²⁾, and in particular to Annex B to each of those Agreements,

Whereas it is necessary to approve the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1978 to 31 October 1979,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the

Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1978 to 31 October 1979 is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 November 1978.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN II 34
⁽²⁾ CA ASS. GEN II 144

30. 12. 78

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 373/7

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3143/78
of 18 December 1978

**on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters
between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco
concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating
in Morocco (1979)**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community, and in particular Article 113
thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the
Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the
European Economic Community and the Kingdom of
Morocco (1) was signed on 27 April 1976 and entered
into force on 1 November 1978;

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange
of letters between the European Economic Commu-
nity and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the
import into the Community of preserved fruit salads
originating in Morocco should be approved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters
between the European Economic Community and the

Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the
Community of preserved fruit salads originating in
Morocco is hereby approved on behalf of the Commu-
nity.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regula-
tion.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to
designate the person empowered to sign the Agree-
ment for the purpose of binding the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of
the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 18 December 1978.

For the Council

The President

H.-D. GENSCHER

(1) CA ASS. GEN II 114

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2919/79
of 20 December 1979

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1979 to 31 October 1980

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco ⁽¹⁾, which entered into force on 1 November 1978, and in particular Annex B thereto,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas it is necessary to approve the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1979 to 31 October 1980,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1979 to 31 October 1980 is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 20 December 1979.

For the Council

The President

J. TUNNEY

⁽¹⁾CA ASS. GEN I 114

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2925/79

of 20 December 1979

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1980)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco ⁽¹⁾ was signed on 27 April 1976 and entered into force on 1 November 1978;

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco should be approved,

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 20 December 1979.

For the Council

The President

J. TUNNEY

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 114

Table

1

Subject	Pages in the Collected Acts
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2763/78 of 23 November 1978 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1978 to 31 October 1979	1
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3143/78 of 18 December 1978 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1979)	2
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2919/79 of 20 December 1979 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1979 to 31 October 1980	3
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2925/79 of 20 December 1979 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1980)	4
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3252/80 of 12 December 1980 concerning the application of Decision No 1/80 of the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council of 27 November 1980 derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco	5
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3253/80 of 12 December 1980 concerning the application of Decision No 2/80 of the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council of 27 November 1980 derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco	6
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3531/80 of 22 December 1980 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1981)	7
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3536/80 of 22 December 1980 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981 . .	8

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3252/80

of 12 December 1980

concerning the application of Decision No 1/80 of the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council of 27 November 1980 derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council set up under the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco signed in Rabat on 27 April 1976⁽¹⁾ has adopted, pursuant to Article 28 of Protocol 2 of such Agreement, Decision No 1/80 derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco;

Whereas it is necessary, in accordance with Article 44 (2) of the said Agreement, to take the measures required to implement that Decision,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Decision No 1/80 of the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council shall apply in the Community.

The text of the Decision is attached to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 January 1981 until 30 June 1982.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. BARTHEL

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 114

**COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3253/80
of 12 December 1980**

concerning the application of Decision No 2/80 of the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council of 27 November 1980 derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council set up under the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco signed in Rabat on 27 April 1976 ⁽¹⁾ adopted, pursuant to Article 28 of Protocol 2 to that Agreement, Decision No 2/80 derogating from the definition of the concept of originating products of the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco;

Whereas it is necessary, in accordance with Article 44 (2) of the Agreement, to take the measures required to implement that Decision,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Decision No 2/80 of the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council shall apply in the Community.

The text of the Decision is attached to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 July 1980 to 30 June 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. BARTHEL

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 114

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3531/80

of 22 December 1980

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco (1) was signed on 27 April 1976 and entered into force on 1 November 1978;

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco should be approved,

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

(1) OJ No L 264, 27. 9. 1978, p. 2.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3536/80

of 22 December 1980

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco ⁽¹⁾, which entered into force on 1 November 1978, and in particular to Annex B thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas it is necessary to approve the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981,

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981, is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

(1) CA ASS. GEN I 114

**COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3260/81
of 9 November 1981**

concerning the application of Decision No 1/81 of the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council of 30 October 1981 derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Article 1

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Decision No 1/81 of the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council shall apply in the Community.

Whereas the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council set up under the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco signed in Rabat on 27 April 1976⁽¹⁾ adopted, pursuant to Article 28 of Protocol 2 to that Agreement, Decision No 1/81 derogating from the definition of the concept of originating products of the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco ;

The text of the Decision is attached to this Regulation.

Article 2

Whereas it is necessary, in accordance with Article 44 (2) of the Agreement, to take the measures required to implement that Decision,

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 July 1981 to 30 June 1982.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 9 November 1981.

For the Council
The President
K. BAKER

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 114

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3514/81
of 3 December 1981

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1982)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco ⁽¹⁾ was signed on 27 April 1976 and entered into force on 1 November 1978 ;

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco should be approved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the

Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 3 December 1981.

For the Council

The President

T. KING

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 114

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3546/81

of 3 December 1981

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1981 to 31 October 1982

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco⁽¹⁾, which entered into force on 1 November 1978, and in particular to Annex B thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas it is necessary to approve the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1981 to 31 October 1982,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the

Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1981 to 31 October 1982 is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 3 December 1981.

For the Council

The President

T. KING

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 114

29. 11. 82

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 337/29

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3181/82

of 22 November 1982

on the conclusion of a Protocol on financial and technical cooperation between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 238 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas the Protocol on financial and technical cooperation between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, signed on 10 June 1982, should be approved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Protocol on financial and technical cooperation between the European Economic Community and the

Kingdom of Morocco is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Protocol is attached to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council shall give the notification provided for in Article 21 (1) of the Protocol,

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 November 1982.

For the Council

The President

U. ELLEMANN-JENSEN

31. 12. 83

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 374/13

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3757/83

of 19 December 1983

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1984)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco ⁽¹⁾ was signed on 27 April 1976 and entered into force on 1 November 1978;

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco should be approved,

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 December 1983.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

For the Council
The President
G. VARFIS

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 114

Decisions of the Cooperation Council

Table

1

Subject	Pages in the Collected Acts
Decision No 1/79 of the EEC-Morocco Co-operation Council laying down the rules of procedure of the Co-operation Council set up under the Co-operation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco	1 - 9
Decision No 2/79 of the Co-operation Council defining the guidelines of co-operation between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco	10 - 14
Decision No 1/80 of the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council of 27 November 1980 derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco	15
Decision No 2/80 of the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council of 27 November 1980 derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco	16 - 17
Decision No 1/81 of the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council of 30 October 1981 derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco	18 - 19

DECISION No 1 /79 OF THE EEC-MOROCCO CO-OPERATION COUNCIL

laying down the rules of procedure of the Co-operation Council
set up under the Co-operation Agreement
between the European Economic Community and
the Kingdom of Morocco

THE CO-OPERATION COUNCIL,

Having regard to the Co-operation Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, and in particular
Articles 44 and 47 thereof,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

The office of President of the Co-operation Council shall be held alternately as follows:

- from 1 April to 30 September by a member of the Moroccan Government,
- from 1 October to 31 March, by a member of the Council of the European Communities.

Article 2

After obtaining the agreement of both parties, the President of the Co-operation Council shall determine the date and place for the meetings of the Co-operation Council.

Article 3

1. The members of the Co-operation Council may be accompanied by officials to assist them. The proposed composition of each delegation shall be communicated to the President before each meeting.
2. A representative of the European Investment Bank shall attend the meetings of the Co-operation Council when matters which concern the Bank appear on the agenda.

Article 4

Where the members of the Co-operation Council are represented, the representatives shall exercise all the rights of the members.

Article 5

Unless otherwise decided, meetings of the Co-operation Council shall not be public. Entry to meetings of the Co-operation Council shall be subject to the showing of a pass.

Article 6

The Co-operation Council may validly decide on an urgent matter outside the meetings by the written procedure where both parties are in agreement.

Article 7

All communications from the President provided for in these rules of procedure shall be forwarded to the members of the Council of the European Communities, to the General Secretariat thereof and to the Secretariat-General of the Commission and to the Representation of Morocco to the European Economic Community.

Article 8

1. The President shall draw up the provisional agenda for each meeting. It shall be forwarded to the recipients referred to in Article 7 not less than twenty-one days before the beginning of the meeting.

The provisional agenda shall consist of those items in respect of which the request for inclusion has reached the President not less than twenty-eight days before the beginning of the meeting.

The only items which may appear on the provisional agenda shall be those in respect of which the relevant documentation has been forwarded to the recipients referred to in Article 7 not later than the date of dispatch of this agenda.

The agenda shall be adopted by the Co-operation Council at the beginning of each meeting. Where both parties agree, items which do not appear on the provisional agenda may be included.

2. The President may, in agreement with the two parties, shorten the time limits laid down in paragraph 1 to take account of the requirements of a particular case.

Article 9

Minutes shall be kept of each meeting, including in particular - on the basis of the President's summing up of the proceedings - a summary of the conclusions adopted by the Co-operation Council.

After being approved by the Co-operation Council, the minutes shall be signed by the President-in-Office and by the secretaries of the Co-operation Council and kept in its archives. A copy of the minutes shall be forwarded to the recipients referred to in Article 7.

Article 10

The official languages of the Co-operation Council shall be Danish, Dutch, English, French, German, Italian and Arabic.

Unless otherwise decided, the Co-operation Council shall base its deliberations on documentation prepared in these seven languages.

Article 11

Acts adopted by the Co-operation Council shall be signed by the President.

Article 12

Decisions, resolutions, recommendations and opinions of the Co-operation Council within the meaning of Article 44 of the Agreement shall be entitled "Decision", "Resolution", "Recommendation", or "Opinion", followed by a serial number and a description of their subject.

Article 13

The decisions, resolutions, recommendations and opinions of the Co-operation Council within the meaning of Article 44 of the Agreement shall be divided into Articles.

The acts referred to in the preceding paragraph shall end with the formula "Done at,", the date to be inserted being that on which they are adopted by the Co-operation Council.

The decisions, resolutions, recommendations and opinions of the Co-operation Council shall be forwarded to the recipients referred to in Article 7.

Article 14

There shall be a Co-operation Committee responsible for assisting the Co-operation Council in the performance of its duties, for preparing its deliberations, for studying any matter which the Co-operation Council has entrusted it to examine and, in general, for ensuring the continuity of co-operation required for the proper functioning of the Co-operation Agreement.

The Co-operation Committee shall be made up of representatives of the members of the Co-operation Council.

The offices of chairman and secretary of the Committee shall be held under the same conditions and alternate in the same way as the office of President of the Co-operation Council.

Article 15

The secretariat duties shall be carried out jointly by a member of the staff of the General Secretariat of the Council of the European Communities and an official of the Moroccan Government.

Article 16

1. A Customs Co-operation Committee shall be set up responsible for ensuring administrative co-operation with a view to the correct and uniform application of the customs provisions of the Agreement and for any other task in the customs field which the Co-operation Committee might entrust to it.
2. The Committee shall be composed on the one hand of customs experts of the Member States and of officials of the departments of the Commission who are responsible for customs questions and, on the other hand, of customs experts from Morocco. It shall meet alternately under the chairmanship of a representative of the Commission and of a representative of Morocco, in accordance with the same rules as those applied by the Co-operation Council.
3. The Customs Co-operation Committee shall keep the Co-operation Committee regularly informed of its work and shall submit its agenda prior to its meetings. Such information and communications shall be transmitted via the secretariat of the Co-operation Council. Wherever a question relating to the application of the Agreement is raised, the Customs Co-operation Committee must refer the matter to the Co-operation Committee.

Article 17

The Community and Morocco shall be responsible for such expenditure as they shall incur by reason of their participation in the meetings of the Co-operation Council and of its Committees and working parties, both with regard to staff, travel and subsistence expenditure and to postal and telecommunications expenditure.

Expenditure in connection with interpreting at meetings, translation and reproduction of documents shall be borne by the Community, with the exception of expenditure in connection with interpreting or translation into or from Arabic, which shall be borne by Morocco. Expenditure relating to the material organization of meetings shall be borne by the Community.

Article 18

Without prejudice to such other provisions as may apply, the deliberations of the Co-operation Council shall be covered by the obligation of professional secrecy.

Article 19

Correspondence intended for the Co-operation Council shall be addressed to its President at the General Secretariat of the Council of the European Communities.

Article 20

1. For the purposes of the consultations provided for in the Agreement, the Contracting Parties shall notify one another of the measures they propose to take in the cases provided for in the Agreement.

2. The Contracting Parties may request consultation at any time from the date of notification. This shall take place as soon as possible and not later than twenty-one days from the date of request.
3. Should consultation give rise to a divergent assessment of the extent of the measures proposed or taken in an urgent case, the Contracting Party concerned shall reconsider those measures.
4. Consultations shall take place according to the form most appropriate for the matter involved.

The competent body may be the Co-operation Council or the Co-operation Committee.

Done at Luxembourg, 12 June 1979

For the Co-operation Council
The President

M'Hamed BOUCETTA

The Secretaries

T. BENNANI-SMIREs

G.L. GIOLA

DECISION No 2/79 OF THE CO-OPERATION COUNCIL

**defining the guidelines of co-operation
between the European Economic Community
and the Kingdom of Morocco**

THE CO-OPERATION COUNCIL,

**Having regard to the Co-operation Agreement between the
European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco,
and in particular Article 2 and Article 5(1) thereof
and Article 9(1) of Protocol No 1 thereto,**

Whereas Article 2 of the Agreement provides for the institution of co-operation with the aim of contributing to the development of Morocco by efforts complementary to those made by Morocco itself, and of strengthening existing economic links on as broad a basis as possible for the mutual benefit of the Parties;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 5(1) of the Agreement and Article 9(1) of Protocol No 1, the general guidelines of co-operation and the specific objectives of financial and technical co-operation should be defined,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

The objectives set out below are hereby adopted as general guidelines for co-operation between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco for the mutual benefit of both Parties:

- development and modernization of Moroccan industry, in accordance with Morocco's development objectives and programme, with a view to helping to create jobs, improving productivity in this sector, developing Morocco's natural resources and improving its balance of payments situation;
- development and modernization of agricultural production with a view to increasing Morocco's self-sufficiency as regards foodstuffs and promoting the complementarity of Moroccan agriculture with that of the Community;
- development of the basic infrastructure and the specialized education, vocational training, teacher training and research schemes required in order to attain the above objectives;

- strengthening of co-operation between European and Moroccan economic operators, particularly in the field of industrial co-operation, with a view to facilitating the transfer of technology and contributions of capital;
- contribution towards the improvement of living and employment conditions and the promotion of the least favoured regions.

Article 2

Financial and technical co-operation shall be implemented on the basis of the following principles:

- Community aid will be used as far as possible to support the economic co-operation schemes to be implemented pursuant to Article 4 of the Co-operation Agreement. In this spirit, special attention will be given to initiatives enabling the convergent use of different aid projects, in particular those likely to give rise to a contribution of technology, capital and other advantages resulting from implementation of the above-mentioned Article 4;
- Community aid projects will be designed to encourage, as far as possible, other providers of funds to lend their support, in particular within the framework of triangular co-operation.

Article 3

On the basis of the objectives set out in Article 1 and in the light of those of Morocco's development plan, the amount of aid

specified in Article 2 of Protocol No 1 to the Co-operation Agreement shall be used in conformity with the said Protocol for the financing or participation in the financing of projects and schemes fulfilling the following economic priorities:

I. DEVELOPMENT OF PRODUCTION

Industry

- Development of the production of commodities designed to replace imports.
- Processing of raw materials produced locally.
- Development of labour-intensive industries or of industries involving indirectly the creation of jobs, in particular the development of small and medium-sized industry.
- Modernization and development of industries contributing to the diversification of inter-sectoral trade and to the increase and diversification of exports.

Agriculture

- Development and modernization of agricultural production.
- Diversification of exports, modernization of transport and storage.
- Modernization and development of the fishing industry, particularly by means of increased co-operation with the Community.

II. BASIC INFRASTRUCTURE

- Development of the basic infrastructure necessary in order to attain the objectives set out in I, particularly in the sectors of energy, transport and tourism, industrial and rural planning.

III. TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

- Technical and vocational training and research schemes adapted to Morocco's needs, taking into account, in particular, the above-mentioned objectives.
- Technical assistance in certain spheres in which shortcomings could compromise the attainment of development objectives (in particular, identification and preparation of projects).

Done at Luxembourg, 12 June 1979
For the Co-operation Council
The President

M'Hamed BOUCETTA

The Secretaries

T. BENNANI-SMIREs

G.L. GIOLA

DECISION NO 1/80 OF THE EEC-MOROCCO COOPERATION COUNCIL
of 27 November 1980

derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco

THE EEC-MOROCCO COOPERATION COUNCIL,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco signed in Rabat on 27 April 1976⁽¹⁾, hereinafter referred to as the 'Cooperation Agreement',

Whereas Article 28 of Protocol 2 of the Cooperation Agreement concerning the definition of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation states that the Cooperation Council may make any changes to that Protocol necessary following the application of its provisions and their economic effect;

Whereas, in order to take account of the special situation in Morocco and to enable the industrial sectors concerned to adapt their production to the conditions required by Protocol 2, provision should be made, for the benefit of this State, for a derogation from certain provisions concerning the definition set out in that Protocol,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

By way of derogation from Protocol 2 and subject to the conditions set out in the following Articles, the provisions of List A annexed to the said Protocol concerning products of heading No 58.01 shall be supplemented by the following footnote:

- (3) For carpets of this heading which are hand-made, the use of non-originating products of heading Nos 53.06 and 55.05 is allowed'

Article 2

The derogation referred to in Article 1 shall concern the following amounts exported from Morocco during the following periods:

— 1 January 1981 to 31 December 1981: 1 500 tonnes,

— 1 January 1982 to 30 June 1982: 750 tonnes.

Article 3

The customs authorities of the Kingdom of Morocco shall make the arrangements necessary to control quantitatively the export of products referred to in Article 1 and shall communicate to the Commission every three months the quantity of products in respect of which movement certificates EUR. 1 have been issued on the basis of this Decision.

Article 4

The Kingdom of Morocco, the Member States and the Community shall each take the measures required to implement this Decision.

Article 5

The Decision shall take effect on 1 January 1981.

It shall apply until 30 June 1982.

Done at Brussels, 27 November 1980.

*For the EEC-Morocco
Cooperation Council*

The President

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 114

DECISION No 2/80 OF THE EEC-MOROCCO COOPERATION COUNCIL
of 27 November 1980

derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco

THE EEC-MOROCCO COOPERATION COUNCIL,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco signed in Rabat on 27 April 1976⁽¹⁾, hereinafter referred to as the 'Cooperation Agreement',

Whereas Article 28 of Protocol 2 to the Cooperation Agreement concerning the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation states that the Cooperation Council may make any changes to that Protocol necessary following the application of its provisions and their economic effect;

Whereas, in order to take account of the special situation in Morocco and to enable the industrial sectors concerned to adapt their production to the conditions required by Protocol 2, provision should be made, for the benefit of this State, for a derogation from certain provisions concerning the definition set out in that Protocol,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

By way of derogation from Protocol 2 and subject to the conditions set out in the following Articles, the provisions of List A to the said Protocol which apply to textile products manufactured in Morocco and falling within tariff heading Nos 61.01, 61.02, 61.03 and 61.04 of the Common Customs Tariff shall be replaced by the provisions in the table annexed hereto.

Article 2

The derogation referred to in Article 1 concerns a quantity of 2 500 tonnes exported from Morocco from 1 July 1980 to 30 June 1981.

Article 3

The customs authorities of the Kingdom of Morocco shall make the arrangements necessary to control quantitatively the export of products referred to in Article 1 and shall communicate to the Commission every three months the quantity of products in respect of which movement certificates EUR. 1 have been issued on the basis of this Decision.

Article 4

The Kingdom of Morocco, the Member States and the Community shall each take the measures required to implement this Decision.

Article 5

This Decision shall take effect on 1 July 1980.

It shall apply until 30 June 1981.

Done at Brussels, 27 November 1980.

*For the EEC-Morocco
Cooperation Council*

The President

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 114

ANNEX

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments		Manufacture from unbleached fabric
61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments		Manufacture from unbleached fabric
61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs		Manufacture from unbleached fabric
61.04	Women's, girls' and infants' under garments		Manufacture from unbleached fabric

**DECISION No 1/81 OF THE EEC-MOROCCO COOPERATION COUNCIL
of 30 October 1981**

**derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of
originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the
European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco**

THE EEC-MOROCCO COOPERATION COUNCIL,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco signed in Rabat on 27 April 1976⁽¹⁾, hereinafter referred to as the 'Cooperation Agreement',

Whereas Article 28 of Protocol 2 of the Cooperation Agreement concerning the definition of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation states that the Cooperation Council may make any changes to that Protocol necessary following the application of its provisions and their economic effect;

Whereas, in order to take account of the special situation in Morocco and to enable the industrial sectors concerned to adapt their production to the conditions required by Protocol 2, provision should be made, for the benefit of this State, for a derogation from certain provisions concerning the definition set out in that Protocol,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

By way of derogation from Protocol 2 and subject to the conditions set out in the following Articles, the provisions of List A annexed to the said Protocol which apply to textile products manufactured in Morocco and falling within tariff heading Nos 61.01, 61.02 and 61.03 of the Common Customs Tariff shall be replaced by the provisions in the table annexed hereto for the quantity set out in Article 2 of this Decision.

Article 2

The derogation referred to in Article 1 concerns the quantity of 1 000 tonnes exported from Morocco from 1 July 1981 to 30 June 1982.

Article 3

The customs authorities of the Kingdom of Morocco shall make the arrangements necessary to control quantitatively the export of products referred to in Article 1 and shall communicate to the Commission every three months the quantity of products in respect of which movement certificates EUR 1 have been issued on the basis of this Decision.

Article 4

The Kingdom of Morocco, the Member States and the Community shall each take the measures required to implement this Decision.

Article 5

The Decision shall take effect on 1 July 1981.

It shall apply until 30 June 1982.

Done at Brussels, 30 October 1981.

For the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council

The President

Michael BUTLER

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 114

ANNEX

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments		Manufacture from unbleached fabric
61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments		Manufacture from unbleached fabric
61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs		Manufacture from unbleached fabric

Provisions within the EEC

Table

1

Subject	Pages in the Collected Acts
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2761/78 of 23 November 1978 amending Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco (1978/79)	1
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2763/78 of 23 November 1978 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1978 to 31 October 1979	2
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1978 to 31 October 1979	3
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2852/78 of 23 November 1978 establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain products originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia (1979)	4 - 11
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2858/78 of 23 November 1978 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1979)	12 - 14
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2861/78 of 23 November 1978 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for prepared or preserved sardines, falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1979)	15 - 17
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3143/78 of 18 December 1978 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1979)	18
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco	19
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 32/79 of 8 January 1979 fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced	20 - 21

Table

2

Subject	Pages in the Collected Acts
Council Regulation (EEC) No 528/79 of 19 March 1979 derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco	22 - 23
Council Regulation (EEC) No 576/79 of 26 March 1979 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain wines having a registered designation of origin, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1979/80)	24 - 28
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 675/79 of 4 April 1979 fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced	29 - 30
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1056/79 of 30 May 1979 introducing a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco	31 - 32
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1107/79 of 5 June 1979 abolishing the countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco	33
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1395/79 of 4 July 1979 fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced	34 - 35
Council Regulation (EEC) No 1419/79 of 6 July 1979 amending Regulation (EEC) No 471/76 as regards the period of suspension of the application of the condition on prices governing the importation into the Community of fresh lemons originating in certain Mediterranean countries	36
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2151/79 of 2 October 1979 fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced	37 - 38
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2640/79 of 20 November 1979 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1980)	39 - 41
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2643/79 of 20 November 1979 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for prepared or preserved sardines, falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1980)	42 - 44

Table

3

Subject	Pages in the Collected Acts
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2919/79 of 20 December 1979 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1979 to 31 October 1980	45
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1979 to 31 October 1980	46
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2922/79 of 20 December 1979 amending Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco (1979/80)	47
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2925/79 of 20 December 1979 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1980)	48
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco	49
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 24/80 of 7 January 1980 fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced	50 - 51
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 839/80 of 2 April 1980 fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced	52 - 53
Council Regulation (EEC) No 1571/80 of 18 June 1980 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain wines having a registered designation of origin, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1980/81)	54 - 58
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1734/80 of 2 July 1980 fixing the amounts by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced	59 - 60
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2571/80 of 7 October 1980 fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced	61 - 62

Table

4

Subject	Pages in the Collected Acts
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3252/80 of 12 December 1980 concerning the application of Decision No 1/80 of the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council of 27 November 1980 derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco	63
Decision No 1/80 of the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council of 27 November 1980 derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco	64
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3253/80 of 12 December 1980 concerning the application of Decision No 2/80 of the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council of 27 November 1980 derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco	65
Decision No 2/80 of the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council of 27 November 1980 derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco	66
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3518/80 of 22 December 1980 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1981)	67 - 69
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3531/80 of 22 December 1980 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1981)	70
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco	71
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3536/80 of 22 December 1980 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981	72
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981	73

Table

5

Subject	Pages in the Collected Acts
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3539/80 of 22 December 1980 amending Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco (1980/81)	74
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3555/80 of 16 December 1980 determining the arrangements to be applied with regard to imports into Greece, originating in Algeria, Israel, Malta, Morocco, Portugal, Syria, Tunisia or Turkey	75
80/1328/ECSC: Decision of the representatives of the Governments of the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community, meeting within the Council, and of the Commission of the European Communities, of 16 December 1980 determining the arrangements to be applied with regard to imports into Greece, originating in Algeria, Israel, Morocco, Portugal, Syria, Tunisia or Turkey, of products covered by that Community	76
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 113/81 of 6 January 1981 fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced	77 - 78
Council Regulation (EEC) No 440/81 of 17 February 1981 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1981)	79 - 82
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 988/81 of 9 April 1981 fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced	83 - 84
Council Regulation (EEC) No 1721/81 of 24 June 1981 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain wines having a registered designation of origin, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1981/82)	85 - 89
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1819/81 of 2 July 1981 fixing minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products	90 - 92
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1892/81 of 9 July 1981 fixing minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products	93 - 95

Table

6

Subject	Pages in the Collected Acts
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1902/81 of 9 July 1981 fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced	96 - 97
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1992/81 of 16 July 1981 fixing minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products	98 - 100
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2909/81 of 8 October 1981 fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced	101 - 102
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3514/81 of 3 December 1981 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1982)	103
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco	104
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3546/81 of 3 December 1981 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1981 to 31 October 1982	105
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1981 to 31 October 1982	106
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3549/81 of 3 December 1981 amending Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco (1981/82)	107
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3511/81 of 3 December 1981 laying down the arrangements applicable to trade between Greece and Morocco	108 - 130
81/977/ECSC: Decision of the representatives of the Governments of the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community meeting within the Council of 3 December 1981 laying down the arrangements applicable to trade between Greece and Morocco in products covered by that Community	131 - 132

Table

7

Subject	Pages in the Collected Acts
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3542/81 of 3 December 1981 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1982)	133 - 135
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3590/81 of 7 December 1981 amending Regulation (EEC) No 1721/81 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain wines having a registered designation of origin, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1981/82)	136
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3814/81 of 21 December 1981 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco	137 - 139
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 22/82 of 6 January 1982 fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced	140 - 141
Council Regulation (EEC) No 762/82 of 31 March 1982 amending Regulation (EEC) No 3814/81 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco	142 - 143
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 821/82 of 5 April 1982 fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced	144 - 145
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 950/82 of 26 April 1982 introducing a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco	146 - 147
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1046/82 of 4 May 1982 abolishing the countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco	148
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1280/82 of 26 May 1982 introducing a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco	149 - 150
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1394/82 of 4 June 1982 abolishing the countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco	151
Council Regulation (EEC) No 1550/82 of 8 June 1982 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain wines having a registered designation of origin, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1982/83)	152 - 156

Table

8

Subject	Pages in the Collected Acts
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1822/82 of 7 July 1982 fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced	157 - 158
Council Regulation (EEC) No 1985/82 of 19 July 1982 on transitional measures in respect of imports of sheepmeat and goatmeat originating in certain third countries qualifying for preferential treatment	159
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2417/82 of 3 September 1982 introducing retrospective Community surveillance of imports of certain textile products originating in Tunisia and Morocco	160 - 162
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2711/82 of 8 October 1982 fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced	163 - 164
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3107/82 of 8 November 1982 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1983)	165 - 167
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3485/82 of 10 December 1982 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1982 to 31 October 1983	168
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1982 to 31 October 1983	169 - 170
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3488/82 of 10 December 1982 amending Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco (1982/83)	171
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3491/82 of 10 December 1982 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1983)	172
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco	173 - 174

Table

9

Subject	Pages in the Collected Acts
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3596/82 of 21 December 1982 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1983)	175 - 177
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 21/83 of 5 January 1983 fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced	178 - 179
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 813/83 of 7 April 1983 fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced	180 - 181
Council Regulation (EEC) No 1179/83 of 16 May 1983 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain wines having a registered designation of origin, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1983/84)	182 - 186
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1277/83 of 24 May 1983 introducing a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco	187 - 188
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1413/83 of 1 June 1983 amending Regulation (EEC) No 1277/83 introducing a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco	189
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1506/83 of 9 June 1983 abolishing the countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco	190
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1988/83 of 18 July 1983 fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced	191 - 192
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2792/83 of 5 October 1983 fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced	193 - 194
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3126/83 of 24 October 1983 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1984)	195 - 197

Table

10

Subject	Pages in the Collected Acts
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3558/83 of 12 December 1983 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1984)	198 - 200
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3636/83 of 19 December 1983 introducing retrospective surveillance of the reimportation after outward processing of certain textile products originating in Morocco, Portugal, Spain and Tunisia	201 - 203
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3757/83 of 19 December 1983 on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1984)	204
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco	205

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2761/78
of 23 November 1978

amending Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco (1978/79)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ,

Whereas Articles 16, 17 and 16 of and Annexes B to the Cooperation Agreements and Articles 9, 10 and 9 of and Annexes B to the Interim Agreements between the European Economic Community and Tunisia (1), Morocco (2) and Algeria (3) respectively stipulate that, if the country in question levies a special export charge on imports into the Community of olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff, the levy applicable to such oil is to be reduced by a fixed amount of 0.50 unit of account per 100 kilograms and by an amount equal to the special charge, but not exceeding 10 units of account per 100 kilograms in the case of reduction provided for in the aforementioned Articles and 10 units of account per 100 kilograms in the case of the additional amount provided for in the aforementioned Annexes B ;

Whereas the aforementioned Agreements were implemented by Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76 (4), (EEC) No 1514/76 (5) and (EEC) No 1521/76 , as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2388/77 ;

Whereas the Contracting Parties have agreed, by exchanges of letters, to fix the additional amount at 10 units of account per 100 kilograms for the period 1 November 1978 to 31 October 1979 ;

Whereas Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76 should accordingly be amended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

In Article 1 (1) (b) of Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76, the date '31 October 1978' is hereby replaced by '31 October 1979'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 November 1978.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

(1) OJ No C 253, 25. 10. 1978, p. 3.

(2) CA ASS. GEN II 34

(3) OJ No L 141, 28. 5. 1976, p. 2.

(4) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.

(5) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2763/78**of 23 November 1978**

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1978 to 31 October 1979

(see GEN II 1)

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1978 to 31 October 1979.

(see GEN I 1 - 2)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2852/78

of 23 November 1978

establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain products originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia (1979)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreements between the European Economic Community of the one part and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, the Kingdom of Morocco and the Republic of Tunisia of the other part each stipulate in Article 9 that products originating in these countries shall be imported into the Community free of customs duties; whereas, by way of derogation therefrom, Article 12 of each of these Agreements provides that the reduction of duties shall apply to imports of the products listed therein only up to ceilings above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be reimposed; whereas the ceilings to be applied in 1979 should therefore be determined;

Whereas the application of ceilings requires the Community to be regularly informed of the trend of imports of the relevant products originating in these countries; whereas imports should therefore be made subject to a system of supervision;

Whereas this objective may be achieved by means of an administrative procedure based on setting off imports of the products in question against the ceilings at Community level as and when these products are entered with customs authorities for home use; whereas this administrative procedure must make provision for the possibility of customs tariff duties being reintroduced as soon as the ceilings are reached at Community level;

Whereas this administrative procedure requires close and particularly rapid cooperation between the Member States and the Commission and the latter must in particular be able to follow the progress of quantities charged against the ceilings and keep the Member States informed; whereas this cooperation has to be particularly close since the Commission must be able to

take the appropriate measures to reintroduce customs tariff duties if one of the ceilings is reached,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January until 31 December 1979, imports of the products originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia which are listed in Annexes I, II and III shall be subject to annual ceilings and Community supervision.

The description of the products referred to in the first subparagraph, their tariff headings and statistical numbers and the levels of the ceilings are given in Annexes I, II and III.

2. Quantities shall be charged against the ceilings as and when products are entered with customs authorities for home use accompanied by a movement certificate in accordance with the rules contained in the Protocols on rules of origin annexed to the Cooperation Agreements between the Community of the one part and Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia of the other part. However, in the case of products falling within Chapter 27, a certificate of origin may be substituted for the movement certificate.

Products may be charged against the ceiling only if the movement certificate or, in the case of products falling within Chapter 27, the certificate of origin is submitted before the date on which customs duties are reimposed.

The extent to which a ceiling is used up shall be determined at Community level on the basis of the imports charged against it as defined in the preceding subparagraphs.

Member States shall inform the Commission at the intervals and within the time limits specified in paragraph 4 of imports effected in accordance with the above procedures.

3. As soon as the ceilings have been reached, the Commission may adopt a Regulation reimposing the

8. 12. 78

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 343/15

customs duties applicable to third countries until the end of the calendar year.

4. Member States shall forward to the Commission not later than the 15th day of each month statements of the quantities charged during the preceding month. They shall, if the Commission so requests, provide such statements for periods of 10 days and forward them within five clear days of the end of each 10-day period.

Article 2

The Commission shall take all appropriate measures, in close cooperation with the Member States, for the purposes of applying this Regulation.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 November 1978.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

ANNEX I

List of products originating in Algeria subject to import ceilings in 1979

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I DZ 1	27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations:		
		A. Light oils:		
		III. For other purposes	27.10-15, 17, 21, 25, 29	
		B. Medium oils:		
		III. For other purposes	27.10-34, 38, 39	
		C. Heavy oils:		
		I. Gas oils:		
		c) For other purposes	27.10-59	
		II. Fuel oils:		
		c) For other purposes	27.10-69	
		III. Lubricating oils; other oils:		
		c) To be mixed in accordance with the terms of Additional Note 7 to this Chapter (a)	27.10-75	
d) For other purposes	27.10-79			
I DZ 1	27.11	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons:		1 212 750
		A. Propane of a purity not less than 99 %:		
		I. For use as power or heating fuel	27.11-03	
		B. Other:		
		I. Commercial propane and commercial butane:		
		c) For other purposes	27.11-19	
I DZ 1	27.12	Petroleum jelly:		
		A. Crude:		
		III. For other purposes	27.12-19	
		B. Other	27.12-90	
I DZ 1	27.13	Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured:		
		B. Other:		
		I. Crude:		
		c) For other purposes	27.13-89	
		II. Other	27.13-90	

(a) Entry under the subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

8. 12. 78

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 343/17

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I DZ 1 (cont'd)	27.14	Petroleum bitumen, petroleum coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals: C. Other: II. Other	27.14-99	
I DZ 2	45.02	Natural cork in blocks, plates, sheets or strips (including cubes or square slabs, cut to size for corks or stoppers)	45.02-all Nos	53
I DZ 3	45.03	Articles of natural cork	45.03-all Nos	159
I DZ 4	45.04	Agglomerated cork (being cork agglomerated with or without a binding substance) and articles of agglomerated cork	45.04-all Nos	2 121

ANNEX II

List of products originating in Morocco subject to import ceilings in 1979

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I MA 1	27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations: A. Light oils: III. For other purposes B. Medium oils: III. For other purposes C. Heavy oils: I. Gas oils: c) For other purposes II. Fuel oils: c) For other purposes III. Lubricating oils; other oils: c) To be mixed in accordance with the terms of Additional Note 7 to this Chapter (a) d) For other purposes	27.10-15, 17, 21, 25, 29 27.10-34, 38, 39 27.10-59 27.10-69 27.10-75 27.10-79	192 937
	27.11	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons: A. Propane of a purity not less than 99 %: I. For use as power or heating fuel B. Other: I. Commercial propane and commercial butane: c) For other purposes	27.11-03 27.11-19	
	27.12	Petroleum jelly: A. Crude: III. For other purposes B. Other	27.12-19 27.12-90	
	27.13	Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured: B. Other: I. Crude: c) For other purposes II. Other	27.13-89 27.13-90	

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

8. 12. 78

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 343/19

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE Code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I MA 1 (cont'd)	27.14	Petroleum bitumen, petroleum coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals: C. Other: II. Other	27.14-99	
I MA 2	45.02	Natural cork in blocks, plates, sheets or strips (including cubes or square slabs, cut to size for corks or stoppers)	45.02-all Nos	53
I MA 3	45.03	Articles of natural cork	45.03-all Nos	636
I MA 4	45.04	Agglomerated cork (being cork agglomerated with or without a binding substance) and articles of agglomerated cork	45.04-all Nos	2 121

ANNEX III

List of products originating in Tunisia subject to import ceilings in 1979

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)				
1	2	3	4	5				
I TN 1	27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations:			192 937			
		A. Light oils:						
		III. For other purposes	27.10-15, 17, 21, 25, 29					
		B. Medium oils:						
		III. For other purposes	27.10-34, 38, 39					
		C. Heavy oils:						
		I. Gas oil:						
		c) For other purposes	27.10-59					
		II. Fuel oil:						
		c) For other purposes	27.10-69					
III. Lubricating oils; other oils:								
c) To be mixed in accordance with the terms of Additional Note 7 to this Chapter (a)	27.10-75							
d) For other purposes	27.10-79							
I TN 1	27.11	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons:			192 937			
		A. Propane of a purity not less than 99 % :						
		I. For use as power or heating fuel	27.11-03					
		B. Other:						
		I. Commercial propane and commercial butane:						
		c) For other purposes	27.11-19					
		I TN 1	27.12	Petroleum jelly:				192 937
				A. Crude:				
				III. For other purposes		27.12-19		
				B. Other		27.12-90		
I TN 1	27.13			Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured:			192 937	
				B. Other:				
				I. Crude:				
				c) For other purposes	27.13-89			
				II. Other	27.13-90			

(a) Entry under the subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

8. 12. 78

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 343/21

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I TN 1 (cont'd)	27.14	Petroleum bitumen, petroleum coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals: C. Other: .II. Other	27.14-99	
I TN 2	45.02	Natural cork in blocks, plates, sheets or strips (including cubes or square slabs, cut to size for corks or stoppers)	45.02-all Nos	53
I TN 3	45.03	Articles of natural cork	45.03-all Nos	53
I TN 4	45.04	Agglomerated cork (being cork agglomerated with or without a binding substance) and articles of agglomerated cork	45.04-all Nos	848

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2858/78

of 23 November 1978

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1979)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, signed on 27 April 1976, provides for the opening by the Community of an annual Community tariff quota of 8 250 tonnes of apricot pulp, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco; whereas the customs duties applicable to the quota are equal to 70% of the customs duties actually applied to non-member countries; whereas the Community tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for 1979;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quotas can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Morocco over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports of each Member State represent the following percentages of

imports into the Community from Morocco of the products concerned:

Member States	1975		
	1975	1976	1977
Benelux	0.6	11.6	13.9
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	—	0.9	30.3
France	91.3	87.5	54.3
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	2.1	—	0.9
United Kingdom	6.0	—	0.6

Whereas both these percentages and the estimates from certain Member States should be taken into account as well as the need to ensure that, in the circumstances, the obligations contracted under the Agreement concerned are allocated fairly among all the Member States; whereas the approximate percentages of the initial quota shares may therefore be fixed as follows:

Benelux	15%
Denmark	2%
Germany	34%
France	39%
Ireland	1%
Italy	1%
United Kingdom	8%

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 70% of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any

Member State which has almost used up its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the corresponding reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January until 31 December 1979, a Community tariff quota of 8 250 tonnes shall be opened in the Community for apricot pulp, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota, the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at a rate of 11.9%.

Article 2

1. A first instalment amounting to 5 800 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1979, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	870
Denmark	110
Germany	2 000
France	2 220
Ireland	60
Italy	60
United Kingdom	480

2. The second instalment amounting to 2 450 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90% or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90% of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15% of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90% or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5% of its initial share.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90% or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1979.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1979, such unused portion of their initial shares as, on 15 September 1979, is in excess of 20% of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1979, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1979 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1979, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 November 1978.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for home use.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1979.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2861/78

of 23 November 1978

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for prepared or preserved sardines, falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1979)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco provides that prepared and preserved sardines, falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, may be imported into the Community free of duties; whereas the detailed arrangements must be fixed by an exchange of letters between the Community and Morocco; whereas, since this exchange of letters has not yet taken place, it is advisable to renew for the year 1979 the Community arrangements which were applied in 1978; whereas these arrangements provide for the opening of two Community tariff quotas for importations into the Community of the products in question, one duty-free tariff quota of 14 000 tonnes and the other of 6 000 tonnes at a rate of duty of 10%; whereas these tariff quotas are to apply from 1 January 1979 until the conclusion of the exchange of letters provided for in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco, until such time as Community arrangements for imports of the products in question are applied, or until 31 December 1979, whichever shall be the earliest; whereas these Community tariff quotas should therefore be opened;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quotas and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for these quotas to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quotas have been used up; whereas, having regard to the principles mentioned above, the Community nature of the quotas can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quotas among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States,

calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Morocco over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available the corresponding imports into each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Morocco of the products concerned:

Member States	1975		
	1975	1976	1977
Benelux	11.0	11.3	14.8
Denmark	0.3	0.3	0.7
Germany	10.6	23.3	10.1
France	55.7	56.1	64.6
Ireland	0.5	0.5	0.2
Italy	1.4	0.2	1.8
United Kingdom	20.5	8.3	7.8

Whereas, in view of these factors and of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Member States	1975	
	of the quota of 14 000 tonnes	of the quota of 6 000 tonnes
Benelux	13.49	9.54
Denmark	0.28	0.28
Germany	13.33	13.33
France	59.52	42.59
Ireland	0.36	0.37
Italy	0.64	1.48
United Kingdom	12.38	32.41

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, each quota should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in

order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quotas should, under the circumstances, be fixed at 90% of the quota volumes;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota shares should draw an additional share from the corresponding reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota amounts have been used up and to inform Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the corresponding reserve, to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January 1979 until the conclusion of the exchange of letters referred to in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco, until such time as Community import arrangements are applied or until 31 December 1979, whichever shall be the earliest, a duty-free Community tariff quota of 14 000 tonnes shall be opened for imports into the Community of prepared or preserved sardines, falling with subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco.

2. From 1 January 1979 until the conclusion of the exchange of letters referred to in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco, until such time as Community import arrangements are applied or until 31 December 1979, whichever shall be the earliest, a Community tariff quota of 6 000 tonnes at a duty rate of 10% shall be opened for imports into the Community of prepared or preserved sardines, falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco.

Article 2

1. The tariff quotas laid down in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment of each quota shall be shared among the Member States; the respective shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until the end of the period specified in Article 1, shall be as follows:

Member States	(tonnes)	
	Article 1 (1)	Article 1 (2)
Benelux	1 700	515
Denmark	35	15
Germany	1 680	720
France	7 500	2 300
Ireland	45	20
Italy	80	80
United Kingdom	1 560	1 750
Total	12 600	5 400

3. The second instalment of each quota amounting to 1 400 and 600 tonnes respectively shall constitute the corresponding reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90% or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or 90% of that share minus the portion returned to the corresponding reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 10% of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after one of its initial shares has been used up, 90% or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in

accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 5% of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90% or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1979.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1979, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1979, is in excess of 20% of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1979, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1979 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Article 2 and

3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserves have been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1979, of the amount in each reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts any reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports of the products concerned originating in Morocco and entered with customs authorities for home use.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 November 1978.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3143/78

of 18 December 1978

**on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters
between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco
concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating
in Morocco (1979)**

(see GEN II 2)

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco

(see GEN I 3 - 4)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 32/79
of 8 January 1979

**fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to
bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to
Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article
15 of the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia
and concerning the import into the Community of
bran and sharps originating in Tunisia ⁽¹⁾, and in parti-
cular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the
letters exchanged,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to
Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article
14 of the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the People's Democratic
Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into
the Community of bran and sharps originating in
Algeria ⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph
of paragraph 3 of the letters exchanged,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to
Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article
16 of the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco
and concerning the import into the Community of
bran and sharps originating in Morocco ⁽³⁾, and in
particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of
the letters exchanged,

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 8 January 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange
of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76,
(EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides
that the variable component of the levy calculated in
accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import
and export system for products processed from cereals
and from rice ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 2245/78 ⁽⁵⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed
by the Commission each quarter; whereas this
amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the
variable components of the levies in force during the
three months preceding the month during which the
amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the
products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the
Common Customs Tariff during the months of
October, November and December 1978 are to be
taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of
paragraph 3 of the letters forming the Agreement
annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No
1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 and which must be
deducted from the variable component applicable to
bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and
Morocco respectively, shall be as shown in the Annex
hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 February
1979.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 19.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ CA ASS. GEN II 132

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 273, 29. 9. 1978, p. 1.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	u.a./tonne
23.02 A II a)	12-08
23.02 A II b)	48-33

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 528/79
of 19 March 1979

derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas a Cooperation Agreement⁽¹⁾ between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco was signed in Rabat on 27 April 1976;

Whereas in order to take account of Morocco's special situation and to enable the industries concerned to adapt their production to the conditions required by the Protocol concerning the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation annexed to that Agreement, it is necessary to provide for that State a derogation from certain provisions concerning the definition set out in that Protocol,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

By way of derogation from the Protocol concerning the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation, annexed to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, and subject to the conditions set out in the following Articles, the provisions of List A annexed to the said Protocol which apply to textile products manufactured in Morocco and falling within heading Nos 61.01, 61.02, 61.03 and 61.04 of the Common Customs Tariff, shall be supplemented by the provisions in the table annexed hereto.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 March 1979.

Article 2

The derogation referred to in Article 1 concerns the following amounts:

- from 1 July 1978 to 30 June 1979: 2 500 tonnes,
- from 1 July 1979 to 30 June 1980: 2 500 tonnes.

Article 3

The EUR. 1 movement certificates issued under this Regulation shall be endorsed with one of the following phrases:

- 'TEXTILE DEROGATION',
- 'ABWEICHUNG FÜR TEXTILWAREN',
- 'DÉROGATION TEXTILES',
- 'DEROGA TESSILI',
- 'AFWIJ KING VOOR TEXTIELPRODUKTEN',
- 'UNDTAGELSESBESTEMMELSER FOR TEKSTILSTOF'.

The endorsement shall be inserted in Box No 7 'Remarks'.

Article 4

Every three months the customs authorities of the Kingdom of Morocco shall communicate to the Commission the quantities of the products for which the certificates mentioned in Article 3 have been issued. The Commission shall forward this information to the Member States.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 July 1978 to 30 June 1980.

For the Council

The President

R. MONORY

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 114

ANNEX

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments		Manufacture from unbleached cloth
61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments		Manufacture from unbleached cloth
61.03	Men's and boys' under garments including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs		Manufacture from unbleached cloth
61.04	Women's, girls' and infants' under garments		Manufacture from unbleached cloth

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 576/79
of 26 March 1979

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain wines having a registered designation of origin, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1979/80)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco (1) stipulates in Article 21 that certain wines having a registered designation of origin falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Morocco, specified in the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters of 12 March 1977 (2) shall be imported into the Community free of customs duties within the limits of an annual Community tariff quota of 50 000 hectolitres; whereas these wines must be put up in containers holding two litres or less; whereas, however, owing to certain characteristic features inherent in the production and marketing of the products in question, the expiry date for the validity of the tariff quota should henceforward be fixed at 30 June; whereas the tariff quota referred to by this Regulation should therefore be opened for a period from 1 April 1979 to 30 June 1980, and the volume increased to 62 500 hectolitres;

Whereas the import price for the wines on importation into the Community must at any given moment be not less than the Community reference prices for them; whereas these wines must be accompanied by a certificate of designation of origin in accordance with the model given in Annex D to the Agreement in question;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2506/75 of 29 September 1975 laying down special rules for the importation of products in the wine-growing sector originating in certain third countries (3) introduced the idea of a free-at-frontier reference price, being the reference price less customs duties actually levied;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure equal and uninterrupted access for all Community importers to the abovementioned quota, and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for this quota to all imports of the products concerned into the Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect most accurately the actual development of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, assessed by reference to both the statistics relating to imports of the said products from Morocco over a representative reference period and the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas in this case, however, neither Community nor national statistics showing the breakdown for each of the types of wines in question are available and no reliable estimates of future imports can be made; whereas, in these circumstances, the quota volume should be allocated in initial shares, taking into account demand for these wines on the markets of the various Member States;

Whereas, to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being allocated among the Member States and the second held as a reserve intended to cover at a later date the requirements of Member States who have used up their initial share; whereas, in order to guarantee some degree of security to importers in each Member State, the first instalment of the Community quota should be fixed at a level which could, in the present circumstances, be 50 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the initial shares of the Member States may be used up at different rates; whereas, in order to take this into account and to avoid a break in continuity, any Member State which has used up almost all of its initial share should draw an additional share from the

(1) CA ASS. GEN I 114
(2) CA ASS. GEN I 98
(3) OJ No L 256, 2. 10. 1975, p. 2.

29. 3. 79

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 77/7

reserve ; whereas this should be done by each Member State each time one of its additional shares is almost used up, and so on as many times as the reserve allows ; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period ; whereas this form of administration requires close collaboration between the Member States and the Commission, and the Commission must be in a position to follow the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and inform the Member States thereof ;

Whereas, if at a given date in the quota period a substantial quantity of its initial share remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that it should return a significant proportion thereof to the reserve, to prevent part of the Community quota remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others ;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, all transactions concerning the administration of the shares allocated to the above-mentioned Economic Union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

1. For the period from 1 April 1979 to 30 June 1980 a Community tariff quota of 62 500 hectolitres shall be opened for the following products originating in Morocco :

CCT heading No	Description
22.05	Wine of fresh grapes ; grape must with fermentation arrested by the addition of alcohol : C. Other : — Wines entitled to one of the following designations of origin : Berkane, Saïs, Beni M'Tir, Guerrouane, Zemmour, Zennata, of an actual alcoholic strength not exceeding 15° vol in containers holding 2 litres or less

2. Within this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duties applicable to these wines shall be totally suspended.

3. The wines in question shall benefit from this tariff quota on condition that the prices on import into the Community are not at any time less than the free-at-frontier reference prices referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 2506/75 and subsequent texts which apply to such prices.

4. Each of these wines, when imported, shall be accompanied by a certificate of designation of origin, issued by the relevant Moroccan authority, in accordance with the model annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

1. The tariff quota laid down in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment of the quota shall be allocated among the Member States ; the shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid up to 30 June 1980, shall be as follows :

	<i>(in hectolitres)</i>
Benelux	5 200
Denmark	3 130
Federal Republic of Germany	6 250
France	6 250
Ireland	2 090
Italy	3 130
United Kingdom	5 200

3. The second instalment of the quota, amounting to 31 250 hectolitres, shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share, as specified in Article 2 (2), or of that share less the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, that Member State shall, without delay, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next whole number, in so far as the amount in the reserve allows.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue to apply until the reserve is used up.

4. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, Member States may draw smaller shares than those fixed in these paragraphs if there is reason to believe that those fixed might not be used up. They shall inform the Commission of their grounds for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional share drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 30 June 1980.

Article 5

Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 April 1980, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 March 1980, is in excess of 20 % of the initial amount. They may return a greater quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity might not be used in full.

Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 April 1980, of the total imports of the products concerned effected under the Community quotas up to and including 15 March 1980 and where appropriate, the proportion of their initial share that they are returning to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it has been notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall notify the Member States, not later than 5 April 1980, of the state of the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which uses up the reserve is limited to the balance available, and to this

end, shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State making the final drawing.

Article 7

1. Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their aggregate shares in the Community quota.

2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the products concerned established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for home use.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall collaborate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is observed.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 April 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 March 1979.

For the Council

The President

P. MEHAIGNERIE

ANNEX

1. المصدر - Eksportør - Ausführer - Exporter - Exportateur - Esportatore - Exporteur:	2. الرقم - Nummer - Nummer - Number - Numéro - Numero - Nummer	00000
4. المرسل اليه - Modtager - Empfänger - Consignee - Destinataire - Destinataro - Geadresseerde:	3. (Name of authority guaranteeing the designation of origin)	
6. وسيلة النقل - Transportmiddel - Beförderungsmittel - Means of transport - Moyen de transport - Mezzo di trasporto - Vervoermiddel:	5. شهادة التسمية الاصلية CERTIFIKAT FOR OPRINDELSESBETEGNELSE BESCHEINIGUNG DER URSPRUNGSBEZEICHNUNG CERTIFICATE OF DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN CERTIFICAT D'APPELLATION D'ORIGINE CERTIFICATO DI DENOMINAZIONE DI ORIGINE CERTIFICAAT VAN BENAMING VAN OORSPRONG	
8. مكان الافراغ - Losningssted - Entladungsort - Place of unloading - Lieu de déchargement - Luogo di sbarco - Plaats van lossing:	7. (Designation of origin)	
9. الانواع والارقام ، عدد ونوع الطرود Mærker og numre, kolloenes antal og art Zeichen und Nummern, Anzahl und Art der Packstücke Marks and numbers, number and kind of packages Marques et numéros, nombre et nature des colis Marca e numero, quantità e natura dei colli Merken en nummers, aantal en soort der colli	10. الوزن الخام Bruttovægt Rohgewicht Gross weight Poids brut Peso lordo Brutogewicht	11. لترات Liter Liter Litres Litres Litri Liter
12. لترات (بالحروف) - Liter (i bogstaver) - Liter (in Buchstaben) - Litres (in words) - Litres (en lettres) - Litri (in lettere) - Liter (voluit):		
13. تأشيرة الهيئة المرسله - Pätegning fra udstedende organ - Bescheinigung der erteilenden Stelle - Certificate of the issuing authority - Visa de l'organisme émetteur - Visto dell'organismo emittente - Visum van de instantie van afgifte:		
14. تأشيرة الحمارك - Toldstedets attest - Sichtvermerk der Zollstelle - Customs stamp - Visa de la douane - Visto della dogana - Visum van de douane	(Oversættelse se nr. 15 - Übersetzung siehe Nr. 15 - see the translation under No 15 - Voir traduction au n° 15 - Vedi traduzione al n. 15 - Zie voor vertaling nr. 15)	

15. Det bekræftes, at vinen, der er nævnt i dette certifikat, er fremstillet i området og ifølge marokkansk lovgivning er berettiget til oprindelsesbetegnelse: ».....«.

Alkohol tilsat denne vin er alkohol fremstillet af vin.

Wir bestätigen, daß der in dieser Bescheinigung bezeichnete Wein im Bezirk gewonnen wurde und ihm nach marokkanischem Gesetz die Ursprungsbezeichnung „.....“ zuerkannt wird.

Der diesem Wein zugefügte Alkohol ist aus Wein gewonnener Alkohol.

We hereby certify that the wine described in this certificate is wine produced within the wine district of and is considered by Moroccan legislation as entitled to the designation of origin '.....'.

The alcohol added to this wine is alcohol of vinous origin.

Nous certifions que le vin décrit dans ce certificat a été produit dans la zone de et est reconnu, suivant la loi marocaine, comme ayant droit à la dénomination d'origine «.....».

L'alcool ajouté à ce vin est de l'alcool d'origine vinique.

Si certifica che il vino descritto nel presente certificato è un vino prodotto nella zona di ed è riconosciuto, secondo la legge marocchina, come avente diritto alla denominazione di origine «.....».

L'alcole aggiunto a questo vino è alcole di origine vinica.

Wij verklaren dat de in dit certificaat omschreven wijn is vervaardigd in het wijndistrict van en dat volgens de Marokkaanse wetgeving de benaming van oorsprong „.....“ erkend wordt.

De aan deze wijn toegevoegde alcohol is alcohol, uit wijn gewonnen.

16. (1)

يحتفظ بهذه الخانة لمعلومات أخرى من الدولة المصدر (1)

(1) Rubrik forbeholdt eksportlandets andre angivelser.

(1) Diese Nummer ist weiteren Angaben des Ausfuhrlandes vorbehalten.

(1) Space reserved for additional details given in the exporting country.

(1) Espace réservée pour d'autres indications du pays exportateur.

(1) Spazio riservato per altre indicazioni del paese esportatore.

(1) Ruimte bestemd voor andere gegevens van het land van uitvoer.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 675/79

of 4 April 1979

fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Algeria⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Morocco⁽³⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides that the variable component of the levy calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2245/78⁽⁵⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed by the Commission each quarter; whereas this amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the variable components of the levies in force during the three months preceding the month during which the amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff during January, February and March 1979 have been taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters forming the Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 to be deducted from the variable component applicable to bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco respectively, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 4 April 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN II 132
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 53.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 273, 29. 9. 1978, p. 1.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	u.a./tonne
23.02 A II a)	12-51
23.02 A II b)	50-03

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1056/79

of 30 May 1979

introducing a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 912/79⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0.50 unit of account below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 827/79 of 26 April 1979 fixing until the end of the 1979 marketing year the reference price for tomatoes⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of Class I for the month of May 1979 at 98.51 ECU per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available, less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 668/78⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into

consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets; whereas it is necessary to multiply the prices with the coefficients fixed in Article 1 (2) (a), first indent, of Regulation (EEC) No 827/79;

Whereas, for Moroccan tomatoes, the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0.50 unit of account below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these tomatoes;

Whereas if the system is to operate normally the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽⁶⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 6.46 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied to tomatoes (subheading 07.01 M of the Common Customs Tariff) originating in Morocco.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1979.

(1) OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

(2) OJ No L 116, 11. 5. 1979, p. 1.

(3) OJ No L 105, 27. 4. 1979, p. 20.

(4) OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

(5) OJ No L 90, 5. 4. 1978, p. 5.

(6) OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

31. 5. 79

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 133/23

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 May 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1107/79

of 5 June 1979

abolishing the countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 912/79⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1056/79 introduced a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco,

Whereas the present trend of prices for Moroccan products on the representative markets referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 668/78⁽⁴⁾, recorded or calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 5 of that Regulation indicates that entry prices have been

at least equal to the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas the conditions specified in the second indent of Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled and the countervailing charge on imports of these products originating in Morocco can be abolished;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979⁽⁵⁾ laid down the coefficient for expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in ECU,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1056/79 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 June 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 June 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 116, 11. 5. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 90, 5. 4. 1978, p. 5.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

5. 7. 79

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 167/23

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1395/79

of 4 July 1979

fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Algeria⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Morocco⁽³⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides that the variable component of the levy calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2245/78⁽⁵⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed by the Commission each quarter; whereas this amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the variable components of the levies in force during the three months preceding the month during which the amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff during April, May and June 1979 have been taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters forming the Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 to be deducted from the variable component applicable to bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco respectively, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 4 July 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 19.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ **CA ASS. GEN II 132**

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 273, 29. 9. 1978, p. 1.

ANNEX

CCF heading No	ECU/tonne
23.02 A II a)	14.80
23.02 A II b)	59.20

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1419/79

of 6 July 1979

amending Regulation (EEC) No 471/76 as regards the period of suspension of the application of the condition on prices governing the importation into the Community of fresh lemons originating in certain Mediterranean countries

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 1301/79 of 25 June 1979 amending Regulation (EEC) No 2511/69 laying down special measures for improving the production and marketing of Community citrus fruit and Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables (1) provides, for the 1979/80 marketing year, for financial compensation measures for lemons; whereas such measures led to the adoption of Council Regulation (EEC) No 471/76 of 24 February 1976 suspending application of the condition on prices governing the importation into the Community of fresh lemons, originating in Cyprus, Spain, Israel, Morocco, the Arab Republic of Egypt, Tunisia and Turkey in accordance

with Agreements between the European Economic Community and each of these countries (2), as amended by Regulations (EEC) No 1554/76 (3) and (EEC) No 1389/77 (4), in order to take into account the Agreements concluded with Algeria, Jordan and Lebanon; whereas the suspension in question had been extended to 31 May 1979 by Regulation (EEC) No 1129/78 (5); whereas, at present, it should be extended to 31 May 1980,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The second paragraph of Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 471/76 shall be replaced by the following :

'It shall apply until 31 May 1980'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 June 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 July 1979.

For the Council

The President

M. O'KENNEDY

(1) OJ No L 162, 30. 6. 1979, p. 26.

(2) CA ASS. GOODS II 80
 (3) OJ No L 172, 1. 7. 1976, p. 3.
 (4) OJ No L 158, 29. 6. 1977, p. 4.
 (5) OJ No L 142, 30. 5. 1978, p. 32.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2151/79
of 2 October 1979**

**fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to
bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to
Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article
15 of the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia
and concerning the import into the Community of
bran and sharps originating in Tunisia ⁽¹⁾, and in parti-
cular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the
exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to
Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article
14 of the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the People's Democratic
Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into
the Community of bran and sharps originating in
Algeria ⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph
of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to
Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article
16 of the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco
and concerning the import into the Community of
bran and sharps originating in Morocco ⁽³⁾, and in
particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of
the exchange of letters,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange
of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76,

(EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides
that the variable component of the levy calculated in
accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import
and export system for products processed from cereals
and from rice ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 2245/78 ⁽⁵⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed
by the Commission each quarter; whereas this
amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the
variable components of the levies in force during the
three months preceding the month during which the
amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the
products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the
Common Customs Tariff during July, August and
September 1979 have been taken into consideration;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29
March 1979 ⁽⁶⁾ laid down the coefficient for
expressing amounts, fixed in units of account, in
ECU,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of
paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters forming the
Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No
1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 to
be deducted from the variable component applicable
to bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and
Morocco respectively, shall be as set out in the Annex
hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 November
1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 2 October 1979.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 19.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ CA ASS. GEN II 132

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 273, 29. 9. 1978, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	ECU/tonne
23.02 A II a)	11-14
23.02 A II b)	44-57

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2640/79

of 20 November 1979

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1980)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, signed on 27 April 1976, provides for the opening by the Community of an annual Community tariff quota of 8 250 tonnes of apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff originating in Morocco; whereas the customs duties applicable to the quota are equal to 70 % of the customs duties actually applied to non-member countries; whereas the Community tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for 1980;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quotas can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Morocco over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports of each Member State represent the following percentages of imports into the Community from Morocco of the products concerned:

Member States	1976	1977	1978
Benelux	11.6	13.9	—
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	0.9	30.3	17.9
France	87.5	54.3	66.4
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	—	0.9	—
United Kingdom	—	0.6	15.7

Whereas, both these percentages and the estimates from certain Member States should be taken into account as well as the need to ensure that, in the circumstances, the obligations contracted under the Agreement concerned are allocated fairly among all the Member States; whereas the approximate percentages of the initial quota shares may therefore be fixed as follows:

Benelux	8
Denmark	2
Germany	34
France	39
Ireland	1
Italy	1
United Kingdom	15

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 70 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial share, should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up,

and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the corresponding reserve to prevent a part of the Community quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. For the period 1 January to 31 December 1980 a Community tariff quota of 8 250 tonnes shall be opened in the Community for apricot pulp, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Morocco.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at a rate of 11.9 %.

Article 2

1. A first instalment amounting to 5 800 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1980, shall be as follows:

	<i>tonnes</i>
Benelux	470
Denmark	110
Germany	2 000
France	2 220
Ireland	60
Italy	60
United Kingdom	880

2. The second instalment amounting to 2 450 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1980.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1980, such unused portion of their initial shares as, on 15 September 1980, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1980, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1980 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1980, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 20 November 1979.

For the Council

The President

M. O'KENNEDY

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2643/79

of 20 November 1979

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for prepared or preserved sardines, falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1980)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco provides that prepared and preserved sardines, falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, may be imported into the Community free of duties; whereas the detailed arrangements must be fixed by an exchange of letters between the Community and Morocco; whereas, since this exchange of letters has not yet taken place, it is advisable to renew for 1980 the Community arrangements which were applied in 1979; whereas these arrangements provide for the opening of two Community tariff quotas for importations into the Community of the products in question, one duty free tariff quota of 14 000 tonnes and the other of 6 000 tonnes at a rate of duty of 10 %; whereas these tariff quotas are to apply from 1 January 1980 until the conclusion of the exchange of letters provided for in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco, until such time as Community arrangements for imports of the products in question are applied, or until 31 December 1980, whichever shall be the earliest; whereas these Community tariff quotas should therefore be opened;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quotas and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for these quotas to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quotas have been used up; whereas, having regard to the principles mentioned above, the Community nature of the quotas can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quotas among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Morocco over a representative reference period and also

to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available the corresponding imports into each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Morocco of the products concerned:

Member States	1976	1977	1978
Benelux	11.4	14.2	11.8
Denmark	0.3	0.7	0.9
Germany	23.3	10.4	14.4
France	56.3	65.1	58.2
Ireland	0.4	0.4	0.4
Italy	0.1	0.2	0.8
United Kingdom	8.2	10.0	13.5

Whereas, in view of these factors and of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Member States	of the quota of 14 000 tonnes	of the quota of 6 000 tonnes
Benelux	13.49	9.54
Denmark	0.28	0.28
Germany	13.33	13.33
France	59.52	42.59
Ireland	0.36	0.37
Italy	0.64	1.48
United Kingdom	12.38	32.41

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, each quota should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain

degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quotas should under the circumstances, be fixed at 90 % respectively of the quota volumes;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota shares should draw an additional share from the corresponding reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota amounts have been used up and to inform Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the corresponding reserve, to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January 1980 until the conclusion of the exchange of letters referred to in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco, until such time as Community import arrangements are applied or until 31 December 1980, whichever shall be the earliest, a duty-free Community tariff quota of 14 000 tonnes shall be opened for imports into the Community of prepared or preserved sardines, falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco.

2. From 1 January 1980 until the conclusion of the exchange of letters referred to in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco, until such time as Community import arrangements are applied or until 31 December 1980,

whichever shall be the earliest, a Community tariff quota of 6 000 tonnes at a duty rate of 10 % shall be opened for imports into the Community of prepared or preserved sardines, falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco.

Article 2

1. The tariff quotas laid down in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment of each quota shall be shared among the Member States; the respective shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until the end of the period specified in Article 1 shall be as follows:

(tonnes)		
Member States	Article 1 (1)	Article 1 (2)
Benelux	1 700	515
Denmark	35	15
Germany	1 680	720
France	7 500	2 300
Ireland	45	20
Italy	80	80
United Kingdom	1 560	1 750
Total	12 600	5 400

3. The second instalment of each quota, i.e. 1 400 and 600 tonnes respectively, shall constitute the corresponding reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the corresponding reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 10 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after one of its initial shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until the end of the period laid down in Article 1.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1980, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1980, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1980, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1980 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserves have been used up.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 20 November 1979.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1980 of the amount in each reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts any reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports of the products concerned originating in Morocco and entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1980.

For the Council

The President

M. O'KENNEDY

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2919/79

of 20 December 1979

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1979 to 31 October 1980

(see GEN II 3)

AGREEMENT

**in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period
1 November 1979 to 31 October 1980**

(see GEN I 5 - 6)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2922/79

of 20 December 1979

amending Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76
on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco (1979/80)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the
European Economic Community, and in particular
Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the
Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Par-
liament,

Whereas Articles 16, 17 and 18 of Annexes B to the
Cooperation Agreements between the European
Economic Community and Tunisia (1), Morocco (2)
and Algeria (3) respectively stipulate that, if the
country in question levies a special export charge on
imports into the Community of olive oil falling within
subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff,
the levy applicable to such oil is to be reduced by a
fixed amount of 0.60 ECU per 100 kilograms and by
an amount equal to the special charge, but not
exceeding 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms in the case
of reduction provided for in the aforementioned
Articles and 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms in the
case of the additional amount provided for in the
aforementioned Annexes B;

Whereas the aforementioned Agreements were
implemented by Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76 (4),

(EEC) No 1514/76 (5) and (EEC) No 1521/76 (6), as
last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2761/78 ;

Whereas the Contracting Parties have agreed, by
exchanges of letters, to fix the additional amount at
12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms for the period
1 November 1979 to 31 October 1980;

Whereas Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC) No
1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76 should be amended
accordingly,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Article 1 (1) (b) of Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76,
(EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76, shall be
replaced by the following:

- '(b) an amount equal to the special charge levied
by Tunisia, Algeria, Morocco on exports of
the said oil but not exceeding 12.09 ECU per
100 kilograms, this amount being increased
from 1 November 1979 to 31 October 1980 by
12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 20 December 1979.

For the Council

The President

J. TUNNEY

(1) OJ No L 141, 28. 5. 1976, p. 195.

(2) CA ASS. GEN I 114

(3) OJ No L 141, 28. 5. 1976, p. 2.

(4) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.

(5) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.

(6) CA ASS. GOODS II 93

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2925/79

of 20 December 1979

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1980)

(see GEN 11 4)

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco

(see GEN I 7 - 8)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 24/80

of 7 January 1980

fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Algeria⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Morocco⁽³⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides that the variable component of the levy calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2245/78⁽⁵⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed by the Commission each quarter; whereas this amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the variable components of the levies in force during the three months preceding the month during which the amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff during October, November and December 1979 have been taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters forming the Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 to be deducted from the variable component applicable to bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco respectively, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 February 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 January 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 19.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ CA ASS. GEN II 132

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 273, 29. 9. 1978, p. 1.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	ECU/tonne
23.02 A II a)	10-61
23.02 A II b)	42-42

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 839/80

of 2 April 1980

fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Algeria⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Morocco⁽³⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides that the variable component of the levy calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2245/78⁽⁵⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed by the Commission each quarter; whereas this amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the variable components of the levies in force during the

three months preceding the month during which the amount is fixed;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 652/79 of 29 March 1979 on the impact of the European monetary system on the common agricultural policy⁽⁶⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1264/79⁽⁷⁾, introduced the ECU into the common agricultural policy; whereas, since that time, pursuant to existing provisions, the ECU has been taken into account in the fixing of amounts relating to:

- the application of the common agricultural policy,
- the special trade arrangements for goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products;

Whereas the period of validity of the aforesaid Regulation was limited to 31 March 1980; whereas it has not been possible for a prolongation of those arrangements, proposed by the Commission, to be adopted in time by the Council; whereas, in order to avoid a break in the arrangements resulting, in particular, in alterations in the level of prices and of other amounts in national currency, it appears necessary, in the manifest public interest, as a precautionary measure and pending a final decision on the matter by the Council, to continue the application of the arrangements in their present form;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff during January, February and March 1980 have been taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters forming the Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 to be deducted from the variable component applicable to bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco respectively, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1980.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 19.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ CA ASS. GEN II 132

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 273, 29. 9. 1978, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 84, 4. 4. 1979, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 161, 29. 6. 1979, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 April 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

CCT heading No	ECU/tonne
23.02 A II a)	12.20
23.02 A II b)	48.80

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1571/80

of 18 June 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain wines having a registered designation of origin, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1980/81)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco (*) stipulates in Article 21 that certain wines having a registered designation of origin, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, specified in the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters of 12 March 1977 (*), shall be imported into the Community free of customs duties within the limits of an annual Community tariff quota of 50 000 hectolitres; whereas these wines must be put up in containers holding two litres or less; whereas the tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for the period 1 July 1980 to 30 June 1981;

Whereas the wines in question are subject to compliance with the free-at-frontier reference price; whereas the wines in question may benefit from this tariff quota on condition that Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 (*), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 459/80 (*), is complied with;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure equal and uninterrupted access for all Community importers to the abovementioned quota, and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for this quota to all imports of the products concerned into the Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected

by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect most accurately the actual development of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, assessed by reference to both the statistics relating to imports of the said products from Morocco over a representative reference period and the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas in this case, however, neither Community nor national statistics showing the breakdown for each of the types of wines in question are available and no reliable estimates of future imports can be made; whereas, in these circumstances, the quota volume should be allocated in initial shares, taking into account demand for these wines on the markets of the various Member States;

Whereas, to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being allocated among the Member States and the second held as a reserve intended to cover at a later date the requirements of Member States who have used up their initial share; whereas, in order to guarantee some degree of security to importers in each Member State, the first instalment of the Community quota should be fixed at a level which could, in the present circumstances, be 50 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the initial shares of the Member States may be used up at different rates; whereas, in order to take this into account and to avoid a break in continuity, any Member State which has used up almost all of its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this should be done by each Member State each time one of its additional shares is almost used up, and so on as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this form of administration requires close collaboration between the Member States and the Commission, and the Commission must be in a position to follow the extent to which

(*) CA ASS. GEN I 114

(*) CA ASS. GEN I 98

(*) OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 1.

(*) OJ No L 57, 29. 2. 1980, p. 32.

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Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 159/35

the quota volume has been used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas, if at a given date in the quota period a substantial quantity of its initial share remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that it should return a significant proportion thereof to the reserve, to prevent part of the Community quota remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, all transactions concerning the administration of the shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. For the period 1 July 1980 to 30 June 1981, a Community tariff quota of 50 000 hectolitres shall be opened for the following products originating in Morocco:

CC 1 heading No	Description
22 05	Wine of fresh grapes; grape must with fermentation arrested by the addition of alcohol: C. Other: — Wines entitled to one of the following designations of origin: Berkane, Saïs, Beni M'Tir, Guerrouane, Zemmour, Zennata of an actual alcoholic strength not exceeding 15 % vol, in containers holding two litres or less

2. Within this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duties applicable to these wines shall be totally suspended.

3. The wines in question shall be subject to compliance with the free-at-frontier reference price.

The wines in question shall benefit from this tariff quota on condition that Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 is complied with.

4. Each of these wines, when imported, shall be accompanied by a certificate of designation of origin, issued by the relevant Moroccan authority, in accordance with the model annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

1. The tariff quota laid down in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment of the quota shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid up to 30 June 1981, shall be as follows:

	(hectolitres)
Benelux	4 150
Denmark	2 500
Germany (FR)	5 000
France	5 000
Ireland	1 700
Italy	2 500
United Kingdom	4 150

3. The second instalment of the quota, amounting to 25 000 hectolitres, shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share, as specified in Article 2 (2), or of that share less the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, that Member State shall, without delay, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next whole number, in so far as the amount in the reserve allows.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue to apply until the reserve is used up.

4. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, Member States may draw smaller shares than those fixed in these paragraphs if there is reason to believe

that those fixed might not be used up. They shall inform the Commission of their grounds for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional share drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 30 June 1981.

Article 5

Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 April 1981, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 March 1981, is in excess of 20 % of the initial amount. They may return a greater quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity might not be used in full.

Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 April 1981, of the total imports of the products concerned effected under the Community quotas up to and including 15 March 1981 and where appropriate, the proportion of their initial share that they are returning to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it has been notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall notify the Member States, not later than 5 April 1981, of the state of the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which uses up the reserve is limited to the balance available and, to this

end, shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State making the final drawing.

Article 7

1. Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their aggregate shares in the Community quota.

2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the products concerned established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall collaborate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is observed.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 18 June 1980.

For the Council
The President
C. FRACANZANI

ANNEX

1. المصدر - Eksportør - Ausführer - Exporter - Exportateur - Esportatore - Exporteur:	2. الرقم - Nummer - Nummer - Nummer - Numéro - Numero - Nummer	00000
4. المرسل اليه - Modtager - Empfänger - Consignee - Destinataire - Destinario - Geadreseerde:	3. (Name of authority guaranteeing the designation of origin)	
6. وسيلة النقل - Transportmiddel - Beförderungsmittel - Means of transport - Moyen de transport - Mezzo di trasporto - Vervoermiddel:	5. شهادة التسمية الاصلية CERTIFIKAT FOR OPRINDELSESBETEGNELSE BESCHEINIGUNG DER URSPRUNGSBEZEICHNUNG CERTIFICATE OF DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN CERTIFICAT D'APPELLATION D'ORIGINE CERTIFICATO DI DENOMINAZIONE DI ORIGINE CERTIFICAAT VAN BENAMING VAN OORSPRONG	
8. مكان الافراغ - Losningssted - Entladungsort - Place of unloading - Lieu de déchargement - Luogo di sbarco - Plaats van lossing:	7. (Designation of origin)	
9. الانواع والارقام ، عدد ونوع الطرود Mærker og numre, kollienes antal og art Zeichen und Nummern, Anzahl und Art der Packstücke Marks and numbers, number and kind of packages Marques et numéros, nombre et nature des colis Marca e numero, quantità e natura dei colli Merken en nummers, aantal en soort der colli	10. الوزن الخام Bruttovægt Rohgewicht Gross weight Poids brut Peso lordo Brutogewicht	11. لترات Liter Liter Litres Litres Litri Liter
12. لترات (بالحروف) - Liter (i bogstaver) - Liter (in Buchstaben) - Litres (in words) - Litres (en lettres) - Litri (in lettere) - Liter (voluit):		
13. تأشيرة الهيئة المرسله - Pätegning fra udstedende organ - Bescheinigung der erteilenden Stelle - Certificate of the issuing authority - Visa de l'organisme émetteur - Visto dell'organismo emittente - Visum van de instantie van afgifte:		
14. تأشيرة الخمارك - Toldstedets attest - Sichtvermerk der Zollstelle - Customs stamp - Visa de la douane - Visto della dogana - Visum van de douane	(Oversættelse se nr. 15 - Übersetzung siehe Nr. 15 - see the translation under No 15 - Voir traduction au n° 15 - Vedi traduzione al n. 15 - Zie voor vertaling nr. 15)	

15. Det bekræftes, at vinen, der er nævnt i dette certifikat, er fremstillet i området og ifølge marokkansk lovgivning er berettiget til oprindelsesbetegnelse: ».....«.

Alkohol tilsat denne vin er alkohol fremstillet af vin.

Wir bestätigen, daß der in dieser Bescheinigung bezeichnete Wein im Bezirk gewonnen wurde und ihm nach marokkanischem Gesetz die Ursprungsbezeichnung „.....“ zuerkannt wird.

Der diesem Wein zugefügte Alkohol ist aus Wein gewonnener Alkohol.

We hereby certify that the wine described in this certificate is wine produced within the wine district of and is considered by Moroccan legislation as entitled to the designation of origin '.....'.

The alcohol added to this wine is alcohol of vinous origin.

Nous certifions que le vin décrit dans ce certificat a été produit dans la zone de et est reconnu, suivant la loi marocaine, comme ayant droit à la dénomination d'origine «.....».

L'alcool ajouté à ce vin est de l'alcool d'origine vinique.

Si certifica che il vino descritto nel presente certificato è un vino prodotto nella zona di ed è riconosciuto, secondo la legge marocchina, come avente diritto alla denominazione di origine «.....».

L'alcole aggiunto a questo vino è alcole di origine vinica.

Wij verklaren dat de in dit certificaat omschreven wijn is vervaardigd in het wijndistrict van en dat volgens de Marokkaanse wetgeving de benaming van oorsprong „.....“ erkend wordt.

De aan deze wijn toegevoegde alcohol is alcohol, uit wijn gewonnen.

16. (*)

يحتفظ بهذه الخانة لمعلومات اخرى من الدولة المصدرة

(*) Rubrik forbeholdt eksportlandets andre angivelser.

(*) Diese Nummer ist weiteren Angaben des Ausfuhrlandes vorbehalten.

(*) Space reserved for additional details given in the exporting country.

(*) Case réservée pour d'autres indications du pays exportateur.

(*) Spazio riservato per altre indicazioni del paese esportatore.

(*) Ruimte bestemd voor andere gegevens van het land van uitvoer.

3. 7. 80

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 170/25

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1734/80

of 2 July 1980

fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Algeria⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Morocco⁽³⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides that the variable component of the levy calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2245/78⁽⁵⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed by the Commission each quarter; whereas this amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the variable components of the levies in force during the three months preceding the month during which the amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff during April, May and June 1980 have been taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters forming the Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 to be deducted from the variable component applicable to bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco respectively, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 19.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ **GA ASS. GEN II 132**

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 273, 29. 9. 1978, p. 1.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	BCU/tonne
23.02 A II a)	12-85
23.02 A II b)	51-41

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2571/80
of 7 October 1980**

**fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to
bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to
Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article
15 of the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia
and concerning the import into the Community of
bran and sharps originating in Tunisia ⁽¹⁾, and in particular
the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the
exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to
Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article
14 of the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the People's Democratic
Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into
the Community of bran and sharps originating in
Algeria ⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph
of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to
Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article
16 of the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco
and concerning the import into the Community of
bran and sharps originating in Morocco ⁽³⁾, and in
particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of
the exchange of letters,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange
of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76,
(EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides
that the variable component of the levy calculated in
accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import
and export system for products processed from cereals
and from rice ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 2245/78 ⁽⁵⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed
by the Commission each quarter; whereas this
amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the
variable components of the levies in force during the
three months preceding the month during which the
amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the
products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the
Common Customs Tariff during July, August and
September 1980 have been taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of
paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters forming the
Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No
1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76
to be deducted from the variable component applicable
to bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and
Morocco respectively, shall be as set out in the Annex
hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 November
1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 7 October 1980.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 19.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 53.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 273, 29. 9. 1978, p. 1.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	ECU/tonne
23.02 A II a)	11.89
23.02 A II b)	47.56

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3252/80

of 12 December 1980

concerning the application of Decision No 1/80 of the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council of 27 November 1980 derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco

(See GEN II 5)

DECISION NO 1/80 OF THE EEC-MOROCCO COOPERATION COUNCIL**of 27 November 1980****derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco****(See DEC 15)**

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3253/80

of 12 December 1980

concerning the application of Decision No 2/80 of the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council of 27 November 1980 derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco

(See GEN II 6)

DECISION No 2/80 OF THE EEC-MOROCCO COOPERATION COUNCIL

of 27 November 1980

derogating from certain provisions concerning the definition of the concept of originating products contained in the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco

(See DEC 16 - 17)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3518/80

of 22 December 1980

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, signed on 27 April 1976, provides for the opening by the Community of an annual Community tariff quota of 8 250 tonnes of apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco; whereas the customs duties applicable to the quota are equal to 70 % of the customs duties actually applied to non-member countries; whereas the Community tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for 1981;

Whereas, since a Protocol as provided for in Article 118 of the 1979 Act of Accession does not exist, the Community must adopt the measures referred to in Article 119 of the Act; whereas the tariff measure concerned will, therefore, apply to the Community of Nine;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Morocco

over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports of each Member State represent the following percentages of imports into the Community from Morocco of the products concerned:

Member States	1977	1978	1979
Benelux	13.9	—	0.7
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	30.3	17.9	19.8
France	54.3	66.4	79.5
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	0.9	—	—
United Kingdom	0.6	15.7	—

Whereas, both the percentages and the estimates from certain Member States should be taken into account as well as the need to ensure that, in the circumstances, the obligations contracted under the Agreement concerned are allocated fairly among all the Member States; whereas the approximate percentages of the initial quota shares may therefore be fixed as follows:

Benelux	8
Denmark	2
Germany	34
France	39
Ireland	1
Italy	1
United Kingdom	15

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares;

31.12.80

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 370/15

whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 70 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial share, should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the corresponding reserve to prevent a part of the Community quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1981 a Community tariff quota of 8 250 tonnes shall be opened in the Community of Nine for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco.
2. Within the limits of this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at a rate of 11.9 %.

Article 2

1. A first instalment amounting to 5 800 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1981, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	470
Denmark	110
Germany	2 000
France	2 220
Ireland	60
Italy	60
United Kingdom	880

2. The second instalment amounting to 2 450 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.
 2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share.
 3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.
- This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.
4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1981.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1981, such unused portion of their initial shares as, on 15 September 1981, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1981, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1981 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1981, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1981.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3531/80**of 22 December 1980****on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1981)****(see GEN II 7)**

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco

(see GEN I 9 - 10)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3536/80**of 22 December 1980**

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981

(see GEN II 8)

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981

(see GEN I 11 - 12)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3539/80

of 22 December 1980

amending Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76
on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco (1980/81)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the
European Economic Community, and in particular
Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European
Parliament,

Whereas Articles 16, 17 and 16 of Annexes B to the
Cooperation Agreements between the European
Economic Community and Tunisia (1), Morocco (2)
and Algeria (3) respectively stipulate that, if the
country in question levies a special export charge on
imports into the Community of olive oil falling within
subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff,
the levy applicable to such oil is to be reduced by a
fixed amount of 0.60 ECU per 100 kilograms and by
an amount equal to the special charge, but not
exceeding 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms in the case
of reduction provided for in the aforementioned
Articles and 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms in the
case of the additional amount provided for in the
aforementioned Annexes B;

Whereas the aforementioned Agreements were
implemented by Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76 (4),

(EEC) No 1514/76 (5) and (EEC) No 1521/76 (6), as
last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2922/79;

Whereas the Contracting Parties have agreed, by
exchanges of letters, to fix the additional amount at
12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms for the period from
1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981;

Whereas Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC)
No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76 should accord-
ingly be amended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Article 1 (1) (b) of Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76,
(EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76, shall be
replaced by the following:

'(b) an amount equal to the special charge levied
by Tunisia, Algeria, Morocco on exports of
the said oil but not exceeding 12.09 ECU per
100 kilograms, this amount being increased
from 1 November 1980 to 31 October 1981
by 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

J. SANTER

(1) OJ No L 141, 28. 5. 1976, p. 195.

(2) OJ No L 141, 28. 5. 1976, p. 98.

(3) OJ No L 141, 28. 5. 1976, p. 2.

(4) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.

(5) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.

(6) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 43.

31. 12. 80

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 382/1

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3555/80

of 16 December 1980

determining the arrangements to be applied with regard to imports into Greece, originating in Algeria, Israel, Malta, Morocco, Portugal, Syria, Tunisia or Turkey

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the situation envisaged in Article 119 of the 1979 Act of Accession exists with regard to the Agreements between the European Economic Community and Algeria, Israel, Malta, Morocco, Portugal, Syria, Tunisia and Turkey respectively; whereas, under the said Article 119, the Community is therefore required to take the necessary measures to deal with this situation after accession; whereas, to that end, imports into Greece originating in Algeria, Israel, Malta, Morocco, Portugal, Syria, Tunisia or Turkey should be made subject, pending the conclusion of the Protocols referred to in Article 118 of the Act of Accession, to the general rules governing Greece's imports of goods originating in third countries,

Article 1

As from 1 January 1981, imports into Greece originating in Algeria, Israel, Malta, Morocco, Portugal, Syria, Tunisia or Turkey shall be subject to the tariff treatment applied to third countries enjoying most-favoured-nation treatment and to the common rules for imports in accordance with the 1979 Act of Accession, and in particular Articles 31 and 115 thereof.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 December 1980.

For the Council

The President

Colette FLESCH

DECISION OF THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN COAL AND STEEL COMMUNITY, MEETING WITHIN THE COUNCIL, AND OF THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

of 16 December 1980

determining the arrangements to be applied with regard to imports into Greece, originating in Algeria, Israel, Morocco, Portugal, Syria, Tunisia or Turkey, of products covered by that Community

(80/1328/ECSC)

THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN COAL AND STEEL COMMUNITY, MEETING WITHIN THE COUNCIL, THE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE GOVERNMENT OF THE HELLENIC REPUBLIC, AND OF THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Coal and Steel Community,

Whereas Protocols to determine the transitional measures and adaptations needed to take account of the accession of Greece have not been concluded in respect of the Agreements between the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community and that Community of the one part, and Algeria, Israel, Morocco, Portugal, Syria, Tunisia and Turkey respectively of the other part; whereas it is therefore necessary to take measures to deal with this situation after accession; whereas to this end imports into Greece of products covered by the ECSC Treaty and originating in one of the abovementioned countries should be made subject, pending the conclusion of such Protocols, to the rules governing Greece's imports of goods originating in third countries,

HAVE DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

As from 1 January 1981 imports into Greece of products covered by the ECSC Treaty and originating in Algeria, Israel, Morocco, Portugal, Syria, Tunisia or Turkey shall be subject to the rules governing imports originating in third countries in accordance with the 1979 Act of Accession, and in particular Article 32 thereof.

Article 2

The Member States and the Commission shall take the measures necessary to implement this Decision.

Done at Brussels, 16 December 1980.

The President

Colette FLESCH

7. 1. 81

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 7/9

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 113/81

of 6 January 1981

fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Algeria⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Morocco⁽³⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides that the variable component of the levy calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2245/78⁽⁵⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed by the Commission each quarter; whereas this amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the variable components of the levies in force during the three months preceding the month during which the amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff during October, November and December 1980 have been taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters forming the Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 to be deducted from the variable component applicable to bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco respectively, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 February 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 January 1981.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 19.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 53.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 273, 29. 9. 1978, p. 1.

ANNEX

OCT heading No	ECU/tonne
23.02 A II a)	9-62
23.02 A II b)	38-48

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 440/81

of 17 February 1981

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1981)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco provides that prepared and preserved sardines, falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, may be imported into the Community free of duties; whereas the detailed arrangements must be fixed by an exchange of letters between the Community and Morocco; whereas, since this exchange of letters has not yet taken place, it is advisable to renew for 1981 the Community arrangements which were applied in 1980; whereas these arrangements provide for the opening of two Community tariff quotas for importations into the Community of the products in question, one duty-free tariff quota of 14 000 tonnes and the other of 6 000 tonnes at a rate of duty of 10 %; whereas these tariff quotas are to apply from 1 January 1981 until the conclusion of the exchange of letters provided for in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco, until such time, as Community arrangements for imports of the products in question are applied or until 31 December 1981, whichever shall be the earliest; whereas those Community tariff quotas should therefore be opened;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quotas and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for these quotas to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quotas have been used up; whereas, having regard to the principles mentioned above, the Community nature of the quotas can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quotas among the

Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Morocco over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports into each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Morocco of the products concerned:

Member States	1977	1978	1979
Benelux	13.1	11.8	8.8
Denmark	0.7	0.9	0.1
Germany	10.4	14.4	15.0
France	65.2	58.2	52.2
Ireland	0.4	0.4	0.1
Italy	0.2	0.8	0.3
United Kingdom	10.0	13.5	23.5

Whereas, in view of these factors and of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Member States	Of the quota of 14 000 tonnes	Of the quota of 6 000 tonnes
Benelux	10.8	10.8
Denmark	0.5	0.5
Germany	13.9	12.9
France	56.5	56.5
Ireland	0.3	0.3
Italy	0.4	0.4
United Kingdom	17.6	18.6

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, each quota should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quotas should, under the circumstances, be fixed at 90 % respectively of the quota volumes;

Whereas the Member States initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota shares should draw an additional share from the corresponding reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota amounts have been used up and to inform Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the corresponding reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January 1981 until the conclusion of the exchange of letters referred to in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco, until such time as Community import arrangements are applied or until 31 December 1981, whichever shall be the earliest, a duty-free Commu-

nity tariff quota of 14 000 tonnes shall be opened, for imports into the Community of Nine, of prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco.

2. From 1 January 1981 until the conclusion of the exchange of letters referred to in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco, until such time as Community import arrangements are applied or until 31 December 1981, whichever shall be the earliest, a Community tariff quota of 6 000 tonnes at a duty rate of 10 % shall be opened, for imports into the Community of Nine, of prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco.

Article 2

1. The tariff quotas laid down in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment of each quota shall be shared among the Member States; the respective shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until the end of the period specified in Article 1 shall be as follows:

(tonnes)

Member States	Article 1 (1)	Article 1 (2)
Benelux	1 360	580
Denmark	60	30
Germany	1 770	700
France	7 100	3 050
Ireland	40	15
Italy	50	25
United Kingdom	2 220	1 000
Total	12 600	5 400

3. The second instalment of each quota, i.e. 1 400 and 600 tonnes respectively, shall constitute the corresponding reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the corresponding reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 10 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after one of its initial shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until the end of the period laid down in Article 1.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1981, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1981, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1981, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1981 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2

and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserves have been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1981; of the amount in each reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts any reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports of the products concerned originating in Morocco and entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 1 January 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 17 February 1981.

For the Council

The President

D.F. van der MEI

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 988/81

of 9 April 1981

fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia ⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Algeria ⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Morocco ⁽³⁾, and in

particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides that the variable component of the levy calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2245/78 ⁽⁵⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed by the Commission each quarter; whereas this amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the variable components of the levies in force during the three months preceding the month during which the amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff during January, February and March 1981 have been taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters forming the Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 to be deducted from the variable component applicable to bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco respectively, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 9 April 1981.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 19.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ CA ASS. GEN II 132

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 273, 29. 9. 1978, p. 1.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	ECU/tonne
23.02 A II a)	7-48
23.02 A II b)	29-92

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1721/81

of 24 June 1981

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain wines having a registered designation of origin, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1981/82)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco ⁽¹⁾ stipulates in Article 21 that certain wines having a registered designation of origin, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, specified in the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters of 12 March 1977 ⁽²⁾, shall be imported into the Community free of customs duties within the limits of an annual Community tariff quota of 50 000 hectolitres; whereas these wines must be put up in containers holding two litres or less; whereas the tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for the period 1 July 1981 to 30 June 1982;

Whereas, since a Protocol as provided for in Article 118 of the 1979 Act of Accession does not exist, the Community must adopt the measures referred to in Article 119 of the Act; whereas the quota concerned will, therefore, apply to the Community of Nine;

Whereas the wines in question are subject to compliance with the free-at-frontier reference price; whereas the wines in question may benefit from this tariff quota on condition that Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3456/80 ⁽⁴⁾, is complied with;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure equal and uninterrupted access for all Community importers to the abovementioned quota, and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for this quota to all imports of the products concerned into the Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas,

having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect most accurately the actual development of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, assessed by reference to both the statistics relating to imports of the said products from Morocco over a representative reference period and the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas in this case, however, neither Community nor national statistics showing the breakdown for each of the types of wines in question are available and no reliable estimates of future imports can be made; whereas, in these circumstances, the quota volume should be allocated in initial shares, taking into account demand for these wines on the markets of the various Member States;

Whereas, to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being allocated among the Member States and the second held as a reserve intended to cover at a later date the requirements of Member States who have used up their initial share; whereas, in order to guarantee some degree of security to importers in each Member State, the first instalment of the Community quota should be fixed at a level which could, in the present circumstances, be 50 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the initial shares of the Member States may be used up at different rates; whereas, in order to take this into account and to avoid a break in continuity, any Member State which has used up almost all of its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this should be done by each Member State each time one of its additional shares is almost used up, and so on as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this form of administration requires close collaboration between the Member States and the Commission, and the Commission must be in a position to follow the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and inform the Member States thereof;

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 114

⁽²⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 98

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 360, 22. 12. 1980, p. 18.

Whereas, if at a given date in the quota period a substantial quantity of its initial share remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that it should return a significant proportion thereof to the reserve, to prevent part of the Community quota remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, all transactions concerning the administration of the shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

1. For the period 1 July 1981 to 30 June 1982 a Community tariff quota of 50 000 hectolitres shall be opened for the following products originating in Morocco :

CCT heading No	Description
22.05	Wine of fresh grapes; grape must with fermentation arrested by the addition of alcohol: C. Other : — Wines entitled to one of the following designations of origin : Berkane, Saïs, Beni M'Tir, Guerrouane, Zemmour, Zennata of an actual alcoholic strength not exceeding 15 % vol, in containers holding two litres or less

2. Within this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duties applicable to these wines shall be totally suspended.

3. The wines in question shall be subject to compliance with the free-at-frontier reference price.

The wines in question shall benefit from this tariff quota on condition that Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 is complied with.

4. Each of these wines, when imported, shall be accompanied by a certificate of designation of origin, issued by the relevant Moroccan authority, in accordance with the model annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

1. The tariff quota laid down in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment of the quota shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid up to 30 June 1982, shall be as follows :

(hectolitres)

Benelux	4 150
Denmark	2 500
Germany	5 000
France	5 000
Ireland	1 700
Italy	2 500
United Kingdom	4 150

3. The second instalment of the quota, amounting to 25 000 hectolitres, shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share, as specified in Article 2 (2), or of that share less the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, that Member State shall, without delay, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next whole number, in so far as the amount in the reserve allows.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue to apply until the reserve is used up.

4. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, Member States may draw smaller shares than those fixed in these paragraphs if there is reason to believe that those fixed might not be used up. They shall inform the Commission of their grounds for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional share drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 30 June 1982.

Article 5

Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 April 1982, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 March 1982, is in excess of 20 % of the initial amount. They may return a greater quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity might not be used in full.

Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 April 1982, of the total imports of the products concerned effected under the Community quotas up to and including 15 March 1982 and where appropriate, the proportion of their initial share that they are returning to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it has been notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall notify the Member States, not later than 5 April 1982, of the state of the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which uses up the reserve is limited to the balance available and, to this

end, shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State making the final drawing.

Article 7

1. Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their aggregate shares in the Community quota.

2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the products concerned established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall collaborate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is observed.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 24 June 1981.

For the Council

The President

G. M. V. van AARDENNE

<p>1. المصدر - Eksportør - Ausführer - Exporter - Exportateur - Esportatore - Exporteur - Εξαγωγέας:</p>	<p>2. الرقم - Nummer - Nummer - Number - Numéro - Numero - Nummer - Αριθμός</p>	<p>00000</p>
<p>4. المرسل اليه - Modtager - Empfänger - Consignee - Destinataire - Destinataro - Geadresseerde - Παραλήπτης:</p>	<p>3. (Name of authority guaranteeing the designation of origin)</p>	
<p>6. وسيلة النقل - Transportmiddel - Beförderungsmittel - Means of transport - Moyen de transport - Mezzo di trasporto - Vervoermiddel - Μεταφορικό μέσο:</p>	<p>5. شهادة التسمية الاصلية CERTIFIKAT FOR OPRINDELSESBETEGNELSE BESCHENIGUNG DER URSPRUNGSBEZEICHNUNG CERTIFICATE OF DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN CERTIFICAT D'APPELLATION D'ORIGINE CERTIFICATO DI DENOMINAZIONE DI ORIGINE CERTIFICAAT VAN BENAMING VAN OORSPRONG ΠΙΣΤΟΠΟΙΗΤΙΚΟ ΟΝΟΜΑΣΙΑΣ ΠΡΟΕΛΕΥΣΕΩΣ</p>	
<p>8. مكان الافراج - Losningssted - Entladungsort - Place of unloading - Lieu de déchargement - Luogo di sbarco - Plaats van lossing - Τόπος έκφορτώσεως:</p>	<p>7. (Designation of origin)</p>	
<p>9. الانواع والارقام ، عدد ونوع الطرود Mærker og numre, kollienes antal og art Zeichen und Nummern, Anzahl und Art der Packstücke Marks and numbers, number and kind of packages Marques et numéros, nombre et nature des colis Marca e numero, quantità e natura dei colli Merken en nummers, aantal en soort der colli Σήματα και αριθμοί, αριθμός και είδος των δεμάτων</p>	<p>10. الوزن الخام Bruttovægt Rohgewicht Gross weight Poids brut Peso lordo Brutogewicht Μικτό βάρος</p>	<p>11. لترات Liter Liter Litres Litres Litri Liter Λίτρα</p>
<p>12. لترات (بالحروف) - Liter (i bogstaver) - Liter (in Buchstaben) - Litres (in words) - Litres (en lettres) - Litri (in lettere) - Liter (voluit) - Λίτρα (όλογράφως):</p>		
<p>13. تأشيرة الهيئة المرسله - Pâtegning fra udstedende organ - Bescheinigung der erteilenden Stelle - Certificate of the issuing authority - Visa de l'organisme émetteur - Visto dell'organismo emittente - Visum van de instantie van afgifte - Θεώρηση εκδίδοντος οργανισμού:</p>		
<p>14. تأشيرة الجمارك - Toldstedets attest - Sichtvermerk der Zollstelle - Customs stamp - Visa de la douane - Visto della dogana - Visum van de douane - Θεώρηση τελωνείου</p>	<p>(Oversættelse se nr. 15 - Übersetzung siehe Nr. 15 - see the translation under No 15 - Voir traduction au n° 15 - Vedi traduzione al n. 15 - Zie voor vertaling nr. 15 - Βλέπε μετάφραση αριθ. 15)</p>	

15. Det bekræftes, at vinen, der er nævnt i dette certifikat, er fremstillet i området og ifølge marokkansk lovgivning er berettiget til oprindelsesbetegnelsen: ».....«.

Alkohol tilsat denne vin er alkohol fremstillet af vin.

Wir bestätigen, daß der in dieser Bescheinigung bezeichnete Wein im Bezirk gewonnen wurde und ihm nach marokkanischem Gesetz die Ursprungsbezeichnung „.....“ zuerkannt wird.

Der diesem Wein zugefügte Alkohol ist aus Wein gewonnener Alkohol.

We hereby certify that the wine described in this certificate is wine produced within the wine district of and is considered by Moroccan legislation as entitled to the designation of origin „.....“.

The alcohol added to this wine is alcohol of vinous origin.

Nous certifions que le vin décrit dans ce certificat a été produit dans la zone de et est reconnu, suivant la loi marocaine, comme ayant droit à la dénomination d'origine «.....».

L'alcool ajouté à ce vin est de l'alcool d'origine vinique.

Si certifica che il vino descritto nel presente certificato è un vino prodotto nella zona di ed è riconosciuto, secondo la legge marocchina, come avente diritto alla denominazione di origine «.....».

L'alcole aggiunto a questo vino è alcole di origine vinica.

Wij verklaren dat de in dit certificaat omschreven wijn is vervaardigd in het wijndistrict van en dat volgens de Marokkaanse wetgeving de benaming van oorsprong „.....“ erkend wordt.

De aan deze wijn toegevoegde alcohol is alcohol, uit wijn gewonnen.

Πιστοποιούμε ότι ο οίνος ό περιγραφόμενος σ' αυτό τό πιστοποιητικό παρήχθη στή ζώνη και άναγνωρίζεται, σύμφωνα μέ τή νομοθεσία του Μαρόκου, ότι δικαιούται τής όνομασίας προελεύσεως «.....».

Η άλκοόλη πού έχει προστεθεί σ' αυτόν τόν οίνο είναι οίνικης προελεύσεως.

16. (*)

يحتفظ بهذه الخانة لمعلومات اخرى من الدولة المصدر

(*) Rubrik forbeholdt eksportlandets andre angivelser

(*) Diese Nummer ist weiteren Angaben des Ausfuhrlandes vorbehalten

(*) Space reserved for additional details given in the exporting country

(*) Case réservée pour d'autres indications du pays exportateur

(*) Spazio riservato per altre indicazioni del paese esportatore

(*) Ruimte bestemd voor andere gegevens van het land van uitvoer.

(*) Σ αυτόν τόν αριθμό καταχωρούνται άλλες ενδείξεις τής χωρας εξαγωγής

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1819/81

of 2 July 1981

fixing minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3454/80 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1514/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Algeria ⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3539/80 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1521/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Morocco ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3539/80, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia ⁽⁶⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3539/80, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey ⁽⁷⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3540/80 ⁽⁸⁾, and in particular Article 10 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1620/77 of 18 July 1977 laying down detailed rules for the importation of olive oil from Lebanon ⁽⁹⁾,

Whereas by Regulation (EEC) No 3131/78 of 28 December 1978 ⁽¹⁰⁾ the Commission decided to use the tendering procedure to fix levies on olive oil;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2751/78 of 23 November 1978 laying down general rules for fixing the import levy on olive oil by tender ⁽¹¹⁾ specifies that the minimum levy rate shall be fixed for each of the products concerned on the basis of the situation on the world market and the Community market and of the levy rates indicated by tenderers;

Whereas in the collection of the levy account should be taken of the provisions in the Agreements between the Community and certain third countries; whereas in particular the levy applicable for those countries must be fixed taking as a basis for calculation the levy to be collected on imports from the other third countries;

Whereas application of the rules recalled above to the levy rates indicated by tenderers on 29 and 30 June 1981 leads to the minimum levies being fixed as indicated in Annex I to this Regulation;

Whereas the import levy on olives falling within subheadings 07.01 N II and 07.03 A II of the Common Customs Tariff and on products falling within subheadings 15.17 B I and 23.04 A II of the Common Customs Tariff must be calculated from the minimum levy applicable on the olive oil contained in these products; whereas, however, the levy charged for olive oil may not be less than an amount equal to 8 % of the value of the imported product, such amount to be fixed at a standard rate; whereas application of these provisions leads to the levies being fixed as indicated in Annex II to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The minimum levies on olive oil imports are fixed in Annex I.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 360, 31. 12. 1980, p. 16.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 370, 31. 12. 1980, p. 81.

⁽⁵⁾ CA ASS. GOODS II 93

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 370, 31. 12. 1980, p. 82.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 181, 21. 7. 1977, p. 4.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 370, 30. 12. 1978, p. 60.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 6.

No L 182/6

Official Journal of the European Communities

3. 7. 81

Article 2

The levies applicable on imports of other olive oil sector products are fixed in Annex II.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 3 July 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1981.

For the Commission

The President

Gaston THORN

ANNEX I

Minimum import levies on olive oil

CCT heading No	(ECU/100 kg)	
	Non-member countries	
15.07 A I a)	32.00 (1)	
15.07 A I b)	29.00 (1)	
15.07 A I c)	33.00 (1)	
15.07 A II a)	32.00 (2)	
15.07 A II b)	56.00 (2)	

(1) For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading and produced entirely in one of the countries listed below and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by:

- (a) Spain and Lebanon: 0.60 ECU/100 kg;
- (b) Turkey: 22.36 ECU/100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force;
- (c) Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia: 24.78 ECU/100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by those countries; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force.

(2) For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading:

- (a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3.86 ECU/100 kg;
 - (b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3.09 ECU/100 kg.
- (3) For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading:
- (a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 7.25 ECU/100 kg;
 - (b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 5.80 ECU/100 kg.

ANNEX II

Import levies on other olive oil sector products

CCT heading No	(ECU/100 kg)	
	Non-member countries	
07.01 N II	6.38	
07.03 A II	6.38	
15.17 B I a)	14.50	
15.17 B I b)	23.20	
23.04 A II	2.64	

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1892/81

of 9 July 1981

fixing minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3454/80⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1514/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Algeria⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3539/80⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1521/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Morocco⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3539/80, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia⁽⁶⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3539/80, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽⁷⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3540/80⁽⁸⁾, and in particular Article 10 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1620/77 of 18 July 1977 laying down detailed rules for the importation of olive oil from Lebanon⁽⁹⁾,

Whereas by Regulation (EEC) No 3131/78 of 28 December 1978⁽¹⁰⁾ the Commission decided to use the tendering procedure to fix levies on olive oil;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2751/78 of 23 November 1978 laying down general rules for fixing the import levy on olive oil by tender⁽¹¹⁾ specifies that the minimum levy rate shall be fixed for each of the products concerned on the basis of the situation on the world market and the Community market and of the levy rates indicated by tenderers;

Whereas in the collection of the levy account should be taken of the provisions in the Agreements between the Community and certain third countries; whereas in particular the levy applicable for those countries must be fixed taking as a basis for calculation the levy to be collected on imports from the other third countries;

Whereas application of the rules recalled above to the levy rates indicated by tenderers on 6 and 7 July 1981 leads to the minimum levies being fixed as indicated in Annex I to this Regulation;

Whereas the import levy on olives falling within subheadings 07.01 N II and 07.03 A II of the Common Customs Tariff and on products falling within subheadings 15.17 B I and 23.04 A II of the Common Customs Tariff must be calculated from the minimum levy applicable on the olive oil contained in these products; whereas, however, the levy charged for olive oil may not be less than an amount equal to 8 % of the value of the imported product, such amount to be fixed at a standard rate; whereas application of these provisions leads to the levies being fixed as indicated in Annex II to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The minimum levies on olive oil imports are fixed in Annex I.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 6.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 360, 31. 12. 1980, p. 16.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 370, 31. 12. 1980, p. 81.
⁽⁵⁾ CA ASS, GOODS II 93
⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.
⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10.
⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 370, 31. 12. 1980, p. 82.
⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 181, 21. 7. 1977, p. 4.
⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 370, 30. 12. 1978, p. 60.

Article 2

The levies applicable on imports of other olive oil sector products are fixed in Annex II.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 10 July 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 9 July 1981.

For the Commission.

The President

Gaston THORN

10. 7. 81

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 188/7

ANNEX I

Minimum import levies on olive oil

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Non-member countries
15.07 A I a)	32.00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I b)	29.00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I c)	33.00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A II a)	32.00 ⁽²⁾
15.07 A II b)	56.00 ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading and produced entirely in one of the countries listed below and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by:

(a) Spain and Lebanon: 0.60 ECU/100 kg;

(b) Turkey: 22.36 ECU/100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force;

(c) Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia: 24.78 ECU/100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by those countries; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force.

⁽²⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading:

(a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3.86 ECU/100 kg;

(b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3.09 ECU/100 kg.

⁽³⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading:

(a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 7.25 ECU/100 kg;

(b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 5.80 ECU/100 kg.

ANNEX II

Import levies on other olive oil sector products

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Non-member countries
07.01 N II	6.38
07.03 A II	6.38
15.17 B I a)	14.50
15.17 B I b)	23.20
23.04 A II	2.64

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1902/81

of 9 July 1981

fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Algeria⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Morocco⁽³⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides that the variable component of the levy calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1783/81⁽⁵⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed by the Commission each quarter; whereas this amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the variable components of the levies in force during the three months preceding the month during which the amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff during April, May and June 1981 have been taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters forming the Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 to be deducted from the variable component applicable to bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco respectively, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 9 July 1981.

For the Commission

The President

Gaston THORN

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 19.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ CA ASS. GEN II 132

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 176, 1. 7. 1981, p. 10.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	ECU/tonne
23.02 A II a)	9-61
23.02 A II b)	38-43

17. 7. 81

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 194/9

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1992/81 (*)

of 16 July 1981

fixing minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3454/80⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1514/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Algeria⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3539/80⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1521/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Morocco⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3539/80, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia⁽⁶⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3539/80, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽⁷⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3540/80⁽⁸⁾, and in particular Article 10 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1620/77 of 18 July 1977 laying down detailed rules for the importation of olive oil from Lebanon⁽⁹⁾,

Whereas by Regulation (EEC) No 3131/78 of 28 December 1978⁽¹⁰⁾ the Commission decided to use the tendering procedure to fix levies on olive oil;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2751/78 of 23 November 1978 laying down general rules for fixing the import levy on olive oil by tender⁽¹¹⁾ specifies that the minimum levy rate shall be fixed for each of the products concerned on the basis of the situation on the world market and the Community market and of the levy rates indicated by tenderers;

Whereas in the collection of the levy account should be taken of the provisions in the Agreements between the Community and certain third countries; whereas in particular the levy applicable for those countries must be fixed taking as a basis for calculation the levy to be collected on imports from the other third countries;

Whereas application of the rules recalled above to the levy rates indicated by tenderers on 13 and 14 July 1981 leads to the minimum levies being fixed as indicated in Annex I to this Regulation;

Whereas the import levy on olives falling within subheadings 07.01 N II and 07.03 A II of the Common Customs Tariff and on products falling within subheadings 15.17 B I and 23.04 A II of the Common Customs Tariff must be calculated from the minimum levy applicable on the olive oil contained in these products; whereas, however, the levy charged for olive oil may not be less than an amount equal to 8 % of the value of the imported product, such amount to be fixed at a standard rate; whereas application of these provisions leads to the levies being fixed as indicated in Annex II to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The minimum levies on olive oil imports are fixed in Annex I.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 6.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 360, 31. 12. 1980, p. 16.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 370, 31. 12. 1980, p. 81.

⁽⁵⁾ CA ASS. GOODS II 93

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 370, 31. 12. 1980, p. 82.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 181, 21. 7. 1977, p. 4.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 370, 30. 12. 1978, p. 60.

(*) A similar text containing other statistics appears regularly in the Official Journal. It is suggested that the latest Official Journal be consulted.

Article 2

The levies applicable on imports of other olive oil sector products are fixed in Annex II.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 17 July 1981.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 July 1981.

For the Commission

The President

Gaston THORN

ANNEX I

Minimum import levies on olive oil

<i>(ECU/100 kg)</i>	
CCT heading No	Non-member countries
15.07 A I a)	32.00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I b)	29.00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A I c)	33.00 ⁽¹⁾
15.07 A II a)	32.00 ⁽²⁾
15.07 A II b)	56.00 ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading and produced entirely in one of the countries listed below and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by :

- (a) Spain and Lebanon : 0.60 ECU/100 kg ;
- (b) Turkey : 22.36 ECU/100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force ;
- (c) Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia : 24.78 ECU/100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by those countries ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force.

⁽²⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading :

- (a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3.86 ECU/100 kg ;
- (b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3.09 ECU/100 kg.

⁽³⁾ For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading :

- (a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 7.25 ECU/100 kg ;
- (b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 5.80 ECU/100 kg.

ANNEX II

Import levies on other olive oil sector products

<i>(ECU/100 kg)</i>	
CCT heading No	Non-member countries
07.01 N II	6.38
07.03 A II	6.38
15.17 B I a)	14.50
15.17 B I b)	23.20
23.04 A II	2.64

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2909/81
of 8 October 1981**

**fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to
bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article
22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of
the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia
and concerning the import into the Community of
bran and sharps originating in Tunisia ⁽¹⁾, and in parti-
cular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the
exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article
21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of
the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the People's Democratic
Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into
the Community of bran and sharps originating in
Algeria ⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph
of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article
23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of
the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco
and concerning the import into the Community of
bran and sharps originating in Morocco ⁽³⁾, and in
particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of
the exchange of letters,

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 8 October 1981.

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of
letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76,
(EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides
that the variable component of the levy calculated in
accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC)
No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and
export system for products processed from cereals and
from rice ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No
1783/81 ⁽⁵⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed by the
Commission each quarter; whereas this amount must
be equal to 60 % of the average of the variable
components of the levies in force during the three
months preceding the month during which the
amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the
products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the
Common Customs Tariff during July, August and
September 1981 have been taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of
paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters forming the
Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76,
(EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 to be
deducted from the variable component applicable to
bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and
Morocco respectively, shall be as set out in the Annex
hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 November
1981.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 19.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ CA ASS. GEN II 132

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 176, 1. 7. 1981, p. 10.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	ECU/tonne
23.02 A II a)	10.50
23.02 A II b)	42.00

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3514/81

of 3 December 1981

**on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters
between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco
concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating
in Morocco (1982)**

(see GEN II 10)

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco

(see GEN I 13 - 14)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3546/81

of 3 December 1981

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1981 to 31 October 1982

(see GEN II 11)

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1981 to 31 October 1982

(see GEN I 15 - 16)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3549/81

of 3 December 1981

amending Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco (1981/82)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas Articles 16, 17 and 15 of Annex B to the Cooperation Agreements between the European Economic Community and Tunisia⁽¹⁾, Morocco⁽²⁾, and Algeria⁽³⁾ respectively stipulate that, if the country in question levies a special export charge on imports into the Community of olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff, the levy applicable to such oil is to be reduced by a fixed amount of 0.60 ECU per 100 kilograms and by an amount equal to the special charge, but not exceeding 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms in the case of reduction provided for in the aforementioned Articles and 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms in the case of the additional amount provided for in the aforementioned Annex B;

Whereas the aforementioned Agreements were implemented by Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76⁽⁴⁾, (EEC) No 1514/76⁽⁵⁾, and (EEC) No 1521/76⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2922/79⁽⁷⁾;

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 3 December 1981.

For the Council

The President

T. KING

Whereas the Contracting Parties have agreed, by exchanges of letters, to fix the additional amount at 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms for the period 1 November 1981 to 31 October 1982;

Whereas Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76 should accordingly be amended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Article 1 (1) (b) of Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76, shall be replaced by the following:

'(b) an amount equal to the special charge levied by Tunisia, Algeria, Morocco on exports of the said oil but not exceeding 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms, this amount being increased from 1 November 1981 to 31 October 1982 by 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

(1) OJ No L 141, 28. 5. 1976, p. 195.
 (2) OJ No L 141, 28. 5. 1976, p. 98.
 (3) OJ No L 141, 28. 5. 1976, p. 2.
 (4) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.
 (5) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.
 (6) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 43.
 (7) OJ No L 333, 27. 12. 1979, p. 13.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3511/81

of 3 December 1981

laying down the arrangements applicable to trade between Greece and Morocco

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

lay down autonomously the arrangements applicable to trade between Greece and Morocco,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Until the entry into force of the Protocol the arrangements applicable to trade between Greece and Morocco shall be those resulting from the Annex to this Regulation.

Whereas the Protocol to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco⁽¹⁾ hereinafter referred to respectively as 'the Protocol' and 'the Agreement', to take account of the accession of the Hellenic Republic was initialled on 22 July 1981;

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

Whereas, pending the entry into force of the Protocol the Community should, in the light of the said Protocol,

It shall expire upon the date of entry into force of the Protocol.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 3 December 1981.

For the Council.

The President

T. KING

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 114

ANNEX

Specific conditions of application of the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco consequent upon the accession of the Hellenic Republic

Article 1

For the products listed in Annex 1, the Hellenic Republic shall progressively abolish customs duties on imports of products originating in Morocco in accordance with the following timetable:

- on the date of entry into force of this Regulation, each duty shall be reduced to 90 % of the basic duty,
- on 1 January 1982, each duty shall be reduced to 80 % of the basic duty,
- the four other reductions of 20 % each shall be made on:
 - 1 January 1983,
 - 1 January 1984,
 - 1 January 1985,
 - 1 January 1986.

Article 2

1. For the products listed in Annex 1, the basic duty to which the successive reductions provided for in Article 1 are to be applied shall, for each product, be the duty actually applied by the Hellenic Republic in respect of Morocco on 1 July 1980.

2. However, in respect of matches falling within heading No 36-06 of the Common Customs Tariff, the basic duty shall be 17.2 % *ad valorem*.

Article 3

1. For the products listed in Annex 1 the Hellenic Republic shall progressively abolish charges having equivalent effect to customs duties on imports of products originating in Morocco in accordance with the following timetable:

- on the date of entry into force of this Regulation, each charge shall be reduced to 90 % of the basic rate,
- on 1 January 1982, each charge shall be reduced to 80 % of the basic rate,
- the four other reductions of 20 % each shall be made on:
 - 1 January 1983,
 - 1 January 1984,
 - 1 January 1985,
 - 1 January 1986.

2. The basic rate to which the successive reductions provided for in paragraph 1 are to be applied shall, for each product, be the rate applied by the Hellenic Republic on 31 December 1980 in respect of the Community of Nine.

3. Any charge having equivalent effect to a customs duty on imports, introduced as from 1 January 1979 in trade between Greece and Morocco, shall be abolished.

Article 4

If the Hellenic Republic suspends or reduces duties or charges having equivalent effect on products imported from the Community of Nine more quickly than under the established timetable, the Hellenic Republic shall also suspend or reduce, by the same percentage, those duties or charges having equivalent effect on products originating in Morocco.

Article 5

1. The variable component which the Hellenic Republic may apply to products covered by Council Regulation (EEC) No 3033/80 of 11 November 1980 laying down the trade arrangements applicable to certain goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products ⁽¹⁾, originating in Morocco, shall be adjusted by the compensatory amount applied in trade between the Community of Nine and Greece.

2. For the products covered by Regulation (EEC) No 3033/80 and also listed in Annex 3, the Hellenic Republic shall abolish, in accordance with the timetable laid down in Article 1, the difference between:

- the fixed component of the duty to be applied by the Hellenic Republic upon accession, and
- the duty (other than the variable component) resulting from the provisions of the Agreement.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 323, 29. 11. 1980, p. 1.

14. 12. 81

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 358/3

Article 6

For the products listed in Annex II to the EEC Treaty, the preferential rates laid down or calculated shall be applied to the duties actually levied by the Hellenic Republic in respect of third countries in accordance with Article 64 of the 1979 Act of Accession.

Under no circumstances shall Greek imports from Morocco benefit from rates of duty more favourable than those applied to products from the Community of Nine.

Article 7

1. The Hellenic Republic may retain quantitative restrictions until 31 December 1985 on products listed in Annex 2 and originating in Morocco.

2. The restrictions referred to in paragraph 1 shall take the form of global quotas.

The global quotas for 1981 are listed in Annex 2.

3. The minimum rate of progressive increase for the quotas referred to in paragraph 2 shall be 25 % at the beginning of each year for quotas expressed in European units of account (EUA), and 20 % at the beginning of each year for quotas expressed in terms of volume. Such increases shall be added to each quota and the next increase calculated on the basis of the total thus obtained.

However, with regard to motor coaches and buses and other vehicles falling within subheading ex 87.02 A I of the Common Customs Tariff, the quota shall be raised by 20 % a year.

4. Where it is found that imports into Greece of a product listed in Annex 2 have for two consecutive years been less than 90 % of the quota, the Hellenic Republic shall liberalize imports of that product originating in Morocco, if the product in question is at that time liberalized towards the Community of Nine.

5. If the Hellenic Republic liberalizes imports of a product listed in Annex 2 and coming from the

Community of Nine or increases a quota applicable to the Community of Nine beyond the minimum rate, the Hellenic Republic shall also liberalize imports of that product originating in Morocco or increase the global quota proportionally.

6. Regarding licences for imports of products listed in Annex 2 and originating in Morocco, the Hellenic Republic shall apply the same administrative rules and practices as applied to such imports originating in the Community of Nine, with the exception of the quota for fertilizers falling within heading Nos 31.02 and 31.03 and subheadings 31.05 A I, II and IV of the Common Customs Tariff, where the Hellenic Republic may apply the rules and practices relevant to exclusive marketing rights.

Article 8

1. Import deposits and cash payments in force in Greece on 31 December 1980 with regard to imports of products originating in Morocco shall be progressively eliminated in accordance with the following timetable:

- on the date of entry into force of this Regulation: 25 %,
- 1 January 1982: 25 %,
- 1 January 1983: 25 %,
- 1 January 1984: 25 %.

2. For the products listed in Annex II to the EEC Treaty, charges having equivalent effect to customs duties and measures having equivalent effect to quantitative restrictions (import deposits cash payments, validation of invoices, etc.) shall be abolished by the Hellenic Republic on 1 January 1981 in respect of products originating in Morocco in accordance with Article 65 of the 1979 Act of Accession.

3. If, in respect of the Community of Nine, the Hellenic Republic reduces the rate of import deposits or cash payments more quickly than under the timetable set out in paragraph 1, the Hellenic Republic shall make the same reduction with regard to imports of products originating in Morocco.

ANNEX I

List of products referred to in Article 3

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (NCCC)	Description
Chapter 13	
ex 13.02	Incense
ex 13.03	Pectates
Chapter 14	
ex 14.05	Valonia, gall nuts
Chapter 15	
ex 15.05	Wool grease stearin
ex 15.06	Other animal oils and fats (including fats from bones and waste), excluding neat's foot oil
15.08	Animal and vegetable oils, boiled, oxidized, dehydrated, sulphurized, blown or polymerized by heat in vacuum or in inert gas, or otherwise modified
15.10	Fatty acids, acid oils from refining, fatty alcohols
15.11	Glycerol and glycerol lyes
ex 15.15	Beeswax and other insect waxes, whether or not coloured
15.16	Vegetable waxes, whether or not coloured
ex 15.17	Degras
Chapter 17	
ex 17.02	Lactose and lactose syrup containing in the dry state, 99 % or more by weight of the pure product; glucose and glucose syrup containing in the dry state, 99 % or more by weight of the pure product
17.04	Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa
Chapter 18	Cocoa and cocoa preparations, excluding heading Nos 18.01 and 18.02
Chapter 19	
ex 19.02	Malt extract
19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products
19.05	Prepared foods obtained by swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (puffed rice, corn flakes and similar products)
ex 19.07	Bread, ships' biscuits and other ordinary bakers' wares, not containing added sugar, honey, eggs, fats, cheese or fruit
19.08	Pastry, biscuits, cakes and other fine bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa in any proportion

14. 12. 81

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 358/5

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (NCCC)	Description
Chapter 21	Miscellaneous edible preparations, excluding heading Nos 21.05 and 21.07
Chapter 22	
22.01	Waters, including spa waters and aerated waters, ice and snow
22.02	Lemonade, flavoured spa waters and flavoured aerated waters and other non-alcoholic beverages, not including fruit and vegetable juices falling within heading No 20.07
22.03	Beer made from malt
22.06	Vermouths and other wines of fresh grapes flavoured with aromatic extracts
ex 22.08	Ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, undenatured, of an alcoholic strength of 80 % vol or higher; denatured spirits (including ethyl alcohol neutral spirits) of any strength, excluding those derived from agricultural products listed in Annex II to the Treaty
ex 22.09	Ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, undenatured, of an alcoholic strength of less than 80 % vol, excluding ethyl alcohol derived from agricultural products listed in Annex II to the Treaty ; liqueurs and other spirituous beverages; compound alcoholic preparations (known as concentrated extracts) for the manufacture of beverages
Chapter 24	
24.02	Manufactured tobacco; tobacco extracts and essences
Chapter 25	
25.20	Gypsum; anhydrite; calcined gypsum, and plasters with a basis of calcium sulphate, whether or not coloured, but not including plasters specially prepared for use in dentistry
25.22	Quicklime, slaked lime and hydraulic lime, other than calcium oxide and hydroxide
25.23	Portland cement, ciment fondu, slag cement, supersulphate cement and similar hydraulic cements, whether or not coloured or in the form of clinker
ex 25.30	Crude natural boric acid containing not more than 85 % of H ₃ BO ₃ calculated on the dry weight
ex 25.32	Earth colours, whether or not calcined or mixed together; santorin, pozzolana, trass and similar earths, used in making hydraulic cements, whether or not powdered
Chapter 27	
27.05 bis	Coal gas, water gas, producer gas and similar gases
27.06	Tar distilled from coal, from lignite or from peat, and other mineral tars, including partially distilled tars and blends of pitch with creosote oils or with other coal tar distillation products
27.08	Pitch and pitch coke, obtained from coal tar or from other mineral tars
ex 27.10	Mineral oils and greases for lubricating purposes

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (NCCC)	Description
ex 27.11	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons, excluding propane of a purity not less than 99 % use other than as a power or heating fuel
27.12	Petroleum jelly
27.13	Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured
27.14	Petroleum bitumen, petroleum coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals
27.15	Bitumen and asphalt, natural; bituminous shale, asphaltic rock and tar sands
27.16	Bituminous mixtures based on natural asphalt, on natural bitumen, on petroleum bitumen, on mineral tar or on mineral tar pitch (for example, bituminous mastics, cut-backs)
Chapter 28	
ex 28.01	Chlorine
ex 28.04	Hydrogen, oxygen (including ozone) and nitrogen
ex 28.06	Hydrochloric acid
28.08	Sulphuric acid; oleum
28.09	Nitric acid; sulphonitric acids
28.10	Phosphorus pentoxide and phosphoric acids (meta-, ortho- and pyro-)
28.12	Boric oxide and boric acid
28.13	Other inorganic acids and oxygen compounds of non-metals (excluding water)
28.15	Sulphides or non-metals; phosphorus trisulphide
28.16	Ammonia, anhydrous or in aqueous solution
28.17	Sodium hydroxide (caustic soda); potassium hydroxide (caustic potash); peroxides of sodium or potassium
ex 28.19	Zinc oxide
ex 28.20	Artificial corundum
28.22	Manganese oxides
ex 28.23	Iron oxides, including earth colours containing 70 % or more by weight of combined iron evaluated as Fe ₂ O ₃
ex 28.27	Red lead and litharge
28.29	Fluorides; fluorosilicates, fluoroborates and other complex fluorine salts
ex 28.30	Magnesium chloride, calcium chloride
ex 28.31	Hypochlorites; commercial calcium hypochlorite; chlorites
28.35	Sulphides; polysulphides
28.36	Dithionites, including those stabilized with organic substances; sulphonylates
28.37	Sulphites and thiosulphates

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (NCCC)	Description
ex 28.38	Sodium, barium, iron, zinc, magnesium and aluminium sulphates; alums
ex 28.40	Phosphites, hypophosphites and phosphates, excluding bibasic lead phosphate
ex 28.42	Carbonates, including commercial ammonium carbonate containing ammonium carbamate, excluding lead hydrocarbonate (white lead)
ex 28.44	Mercury fulminate
ex 28.45	Sodium silicate and potassium silicate, including commercial grades
ex 28.46	Refined borax
ex 28.48	Arsenites and arsenates
28.54	Hydrogen peroxide (including solid hydrogen peroxide)
ex 28.56	Silicon, boron and calcium carbides
ex 28.58	Distilled and conductivity water and water of similar purity
Chapter 29	
ex 29.01	Hydrocarbons for use as power or heating fuels; naphthalene and anthracene
ex 29.04	Amyl alcohols
29.06	Phenols and phenol-alcohols
ex 29.08	Dipentyl ether (diamyl ether), diethyl ether, anethole
ex 29.14	Palmitic, stearic and oleic acids and their water-soluble salts; anhydrides
ex 29.16	Tartaric, citric and gallic acids; calcium tartrate
ex 29.21	Nitroglycerine
ex 29.42	Nicotine sulphate
29.43	Sugars, chemically pure, other than sucrose, glucose and lactose; sugar ethers and sugar esters, and their salts, other than products of heading Nos 29.39, 29.41 and 29.42
Chapter 30	
ex 30.02	Antisera
ex 30.03	<p>Medicaments (including veterinary medicaments), excluding the following products:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Anti-asthmatic cigarettes — Quinine, cinchonine, quinidine and their salts, whether or not in the form of proprietary products — Morphine, cocaine and other narcotics, whether or not in the form of proprietary products -- Antibiotics and preparations based on antibiotics — Vitamins and preparations based on vitamins -- Sulphonamides, hormones and preparations based on hormones

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (NCCC)	Description
30.04	Wadding, gauze, bandages and similar articles (for example, dressings, adhesive plasters, poultices), impregnated or coated with pharmaceutical substances or put up in retail packings for medical or surgical purposes, other than goods specified in Note 3 to this Chapter
Chapter 31 ex 31.03	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, phosphatic, excluding: — Basic-slag — Disintegrated (calcined) calcium phosphates (thermo phosphates and fused phosphates) and calcined natural aluminium calcium phosphates — Calcium hydrogen phosphate containing not less than 0.2 % of fluorine
31.05	Other fertilizers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg
Chapter 32 ex 32.01	Tanning extracts of vegetable origin; tannins (tannic acids), including water-extracted gall-nut tannin
ex 32.04	Colouring matter of vegetable origin (including dyewood extract and other vegetable dyeing extracts, but excluding indigo, henna and chlorophyll) or of animal origin, excluding cochineal extract and kermes
ex 32.05	Synthetic organic dyestuffs (including pigment dyestuffs and excluding artificial indigo); synthetic organic products of a kind used as luminophores; products of the kind known as optical bleaching agents, substantive to the fibre
32.06	Colour lakes
ex 32.07	Other colouring matter, excluding: (a) inorganic pigments or pigments of mineral origin, whether or not containing other substances facilitating dyeing, based on cadmium salts, (b) chrome colours and Prussian blue; inorganic products of a kind used as luminophores
32.08	Prepared pigments, prepared opacifiers and prepared colours, vitrifiable enamels and glazes, liquid lustres and similar products, of the kind used in the ceramic, enamelling and glass industries; engobes (slips); glass frit and other glass, in the form of powder, granules or flakes
32.09	Varnishes and lacquers; distempers; prepared water pigments of the kind used for finishing leather; paints and enamels; pigments dispersed in linseed oil, white spirit, spirits of turpentine, or other media of a kind used in the manufacture of paints or enamels; stamping foils; dyes or other colouring matter in forms or packings of a kind sold by retail; solutions as defined by Note 4 to this Chapter
32.11	Prepared driers

14. 12. 81

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 358/9

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (NCCC)	Description
32.12	Glaziers' putty; grafting putty; painters' fillings; non-refractory surfacing preparations; stopping, sealing and similar mastics, including resin mastics and cements
32.13	Writing ink, printing ink and other inks
Chapter 33	
ex 33.01	Essential oils (terpeneless or not); concretes and absolutes, excluding essences of roses, rosemary, eucalyptus, sandalwood and cedar; resinoids; concentrates of essential oils in fats, in fixed oils, or in waxes or the like, obtained by cold absorption or by maceration
ex 33.06	Eau de Cologne and other toilet waters; cosmetics and products for the care of the skin, hair and nails; toothpowders and toothpastes, products for oral hygiene; room deodorisers, prepared, whether or not perfumed
Chapter 34	
Soap, organic surface-active agents, washing preparations, lubricating preparations, artificial waxes, prepared waxes, polishing and scouring preparations, candles and similar articles, modelling pastes and 'dental waxes'	
Chapter 35	
Albuminoidal substances; glues; enzymes	
Chapter 36	
Explosives; pyrotechnic products; matches; pyrophoric alloys; certain combustible preparations	
Chapter 37	
37.03	Sensitized paper; paperboard and cloth, unexposed or exposed but not developed
Chapter 38	
38.03	Activated carbon; activated natural mineral products; animal black, including spent animal black
38.09	Wood tar; wood tar oils (other than the composite solvents and thinners falling within heading No 38.18); wood creosote; wood naphtha; acetone oil; vegetable pitch of all kinds; brewers' pitch and similar compounds based on rosin or on vegetable pitch; foundry core binders based on natural resinous products
ex 38.11	Disinfectants, insecticides, rat poisons, pesticides and similar products, put up in the form of articles such as sulphur-treated bands, wicks and candles, fly-papers, sticks coated with hexachlorocyclohexane (BHC) and the like; preparations consisting of an active product (such as DDT) mixed with other materials and put up in aerosol containers ready for use
38.18	Composite solvents and thinners for varnishes and similar products
ex 38.19	Preparations known as 'liquids for hydraulic transmission' (in particular for hydraulic brakes) containing less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (NCCC)	Description
Chapter 39	
ex 39.02	Polyvinyl chloride
ex 39.01 ex 39.02 ex 39.03 ex 39.04 ex 39.05 ex 39.06	Polystyrene in all its forms; other plastic materials, cellulose ethers and esters, artificial resins, excluding: (a) those in the form of granules, flakes, powders, waste and scrap to be used as raw materials for the manufacture of the products mentioned in this Chapter (b) ion exchangers
ex 39.07	Articles of materials of the kinds described in heading Nos 39.01 to 39.06, excluding fans and hand screens, non-mechanical, frames and handles therefor and parts of such frame and handles, and spools, reels and similar supports for photographic and cinematographic film or for tapes, films and the like falling within heading No 92.12
Chapter 40	Rubber, synthetic rubber, factice, and articles thereof, excluding heading Nos 40.01, 40.02, 40.03 and 40.04, latex (ex 40.06), solutions and dispersions (ex 40.06), protective clothing for surgeons and radiologists and divers' suits (ex 40.13), and bulk forms or blocks, scrap, waste and powder of hardened rubber (ebonite and vulcanite) (ex 40.15).
Chapter 41	Raw hides and skins (other than furskins) and leather, excluding parchment-dressed leather and articles falling within heading Nos 41.04 and 41.09
Chapter 42	Articles of leather; saddlery and harness; travel goods, handbags and similar containers; articles of animal gut (other than silk worm gut)
Chapter 43	Furskins and artificial fur; manufactures thereof
Chapter 44	Wood and articles of wood; wood charcoal, excluding heading No 44.07, articles of fibre building board (ex 44.21, ex 44.23, ex 44.27, ex 44.28), spools, reels and similar supports for photographic and cinematographic film or for tapes, films and the like falling within heading No 92.12 (ex 44.26) and wood paving blocks (ex 44.28)
Chapter 45	
45.03	Articles of natural cork
45.04	Agglomerated cork (being cork agglomerated with or without a binding substance) and articles of agglomerated cork
Chapter 46	Manufacture of straw, of esparto and of other plaiting materials; basketware and wickerwork, excluding plaits and similar products of plaiting materials, for all uses, whether or not assembled into strips (ex 46.02)

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (NCCC)	Description
Chapter 48	
ex 48.01	<p>Paper and paperboard (including cellulose wadding), in rolls or sheets, excluding the following products;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Ordinary newsprint made from chemical and mechanical pulp, weighing not more than 60 g/m² — Magazine paper — Cigarette paper — Tissue paper — Filter paper — Cellulose wadding — Hand-made paper and paperboard
48.03	<p>Parchment or greaseproof paper and paperboard, and imitations thereof, and glazed transparent paper, in rolls or sheets</p>
48.04	<p>Composite paper or paperboard (made by sticking flat layers together with an adhesive), not surface-coated or impregnated, whether or not internally reinforced, in rolls or sheets</p>
ex 48.05	<p>Paper and paperboard, corrugated (with or without flat surface sheets) embossed in rolls or sheets</p>
ex 48.07	<p>Paper and paperboard, impregnated, coated, surface-coloured, surface-decorated or printed (not constituting printed matter within Chapter 49) in rolls or sheets, excluding squared paper, gold paper or silver paper and imitations thereof, transfer paper, indicator paper and unsensitized photographic paper</p>
ex 48.13	<p>Carbon paper</p>
48.14	<p>Writing blocks, envelopes, letter cards, plain postcards, correspondence cards; boxes, pouches, wallets and writing compendiums, of paper or paperboard, containing only an assortment of paper stationery</p>
ex 48.15	<p>Other paper or paperboard, cut to size or shape, excluding cigarette paper tapes for teletype machines, perforated tapes for monotype machines and calculating machines, filter papers and filter boards (including those for cigarette filter tips) and gummed strip</p>
48.16	<p>Boxes, bags and other packing containers, of paper or paperboard; box files, letter trays, storage boxes and similar articles, of paper or paperboard, of a kind commonly used in offices, shops and the like</p>
48.18	<p>Registers, exercise books, note books, memorandum blocks, order books, receipt books, diaries, blotting pads, binders (loose-leaf or other), file covers and other stationery of paper or paperboard; sample and other albums and book covers, of paper or paperboard</p>
48.19	<p>Paper or paperboard labels, whether or not printed or gummed</p>

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (NCCC)	Description
ex 48.21	Lamp shades; tablecloths and serviettes, handkerchiefs and towels; dishes, plates, cups, table-mats, bottle-mats, glass mats
Chapter 49	
ex 49.01	Printed books, booklets, brochures and leaflets in the Greek language
ex 49.03	Children's picture books and painting books, printed wholly or partly in the Greek language
ex 49.07	Stamps not intended for public service
49.09	Picture postcards, Christmas and other picture greeting cards, printed by any process, with or without trimmings
ex 49.10	Calendars of any kind, of paper or paperboard, including calendar blocks, but excluding calendars intended for publicity purposes, in other languages than Greek
ex 49.11	Other printed matter, including printed pictures and photographs, but excluding the following articles: — Theatrical and photographic studio scenery — Printed matter for publicity purposes (including travel publicity), printed in other languages than Greek
Chapter 50	Silk and waste silk
Chapter 51	Man-made fibres (continuous)
Chapter 52	Metallized textiles
Chapter 53	Wool and other animal hair, excluding raw, bleached and undyed products of heading Nos 53.01, 53.02, 53.03 and 53.04
Chapter 54	Flax and ramie, excluding heading No 54.01
Chapter 55	Cotton
Chapter 56	Man-made fibres (discontinuous)
Chapter 57	Other vegetable textile materials, excluding No 57.01; paper yarn and woven fabrics of paper yarn
Chapter 58	Carpets, mats, matting and tapestries; pile and chenille fabrics; narrow fabrics; trimmings; tulle and other net fabrics; lace; embroidery
Chapter 59	Wadding and felt; twine, cordage, ropes and cables; special fabrics; impregnated and coated fabrics; textile articles of a kind suitable for industrial use

14. 12. 81

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 358/13

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (NCCC)	Description
Chapter 60	Knitted and crocheted goods
Chapter 61	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories of textile fabric, other than knitted or crocheted goods
Chapter 62	Other made up textile articles, excluding fans and hand screens (ex 62.05)
Chapter 63	Old clothing and other textile articles; rags
Chapter 64	Footwear, gaiters and the like, parts of such articles
Chapter 65	Headgear and parts thereof
Chapter 66	
66.01	Umbrellas and sunshades (including walking-stick umbrellas, umbrella tents, and garden and similar umbrellas)
Chapter 67	
ex 67.01	Feather dusters
67.02	Artificial flowers, foliage or fruit and parts thereof; articles made of artificial flowers, foliage or fruit
Chapter 68	
68.04	Hand polishing stones, whetstones, oilstones, hones and the like, and millstones, grindstones, grinding wheels and the like (including grinding, sharpening, polishing, truing and cutting wheels, heads, discs and points), of natural stone (agglomerated or not), of agglomerated natural or artificial abrasives, or of pottery, with or without cores, shanks, sockets, axles and the like of other materials, but without frameworks; segments and other finished parts of such stones and wheels, of natural stone (agglomerated or not), of agglomerated natural or artificial abrasives, or of pottery
68.06	Natural or artificial abrasive powder or grain, on a base of woven fabric, of paper, or paperboard or of other materials, whether or not cut to shape or sewn or otherwise made up
68.09	Panels, boards, tiles, blocks and similar articles of vegetable fibre, of wood fibre, of straw, of wood shavings or of wood waste (including sawdust), agglomerated with cement, plaster or with other mineral binding substances
68.10	Articles of plastering material
68.11	Articles of cement (including slag cement), of concrete or of artificial stone (including granulated marble agglomerated with cement), reinforced or not
68.12	Articles of asbestos-cement, of cellulose fibre-cement or the like
68.14	Friction material (segments, discs, washers, strips, sheets, plates, rolls and the like) of a kind suitable for brakes, for clutches or the like, with a basis of asbestos, other mineral substances or of cellulose, whether or not combined with textile or other materials

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (NCCC)	Description
Chapter 69	Ceramic products, excluding heading Nos 69.01, 69.02, other than bricks with a basis of magnesite and of magnesite-chromite, 69.03, 69.04 and 69.05, utensils and apparatus for laboratory and industrial use, containers for the transport of acids and other chemical products and articles, of a kind used in agriculture, of heading No 69.09, and porcelain articles of heading Nos 69.10, 69.13 and 69.14
Chapter 70	
70.04	Unworked cast or rolled glass (including flashed or wired glass) whether figured or not, in rectangles
70.05	Unworked drawn or blown glass (including flashed glass) in rectangles
ex 70.06	Cast, rolled, drawn or blown glass (including flashed or wired glass) in rectangles, surface ground or polished, but not further worked, excluding non-wired glass for mirrors
ex 70.07	Cast, rolled, drawn or blown glass (including flashed or wired glass) cut to shape other than rectangular shape, or bent or otherwise worked (for example, edge worked or engraved), whether or not surface ground or polished; leaded lights and the like
70.08	Safety glass consisting of toughened or laminated glass, shaped or not
70.09	Glass mirrors (including rear-view mirrors), unframed, framed or backed
70.10	Carboys, bottles, jars, pots, tubular containers and similar containers, of glass, of a kind commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods; stoppers and other closures, of glass
ex 70.13	Glassware (other than articles falling within heading No 70.19) of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes, for indoor decoration, or for similar uses, excluding fire-resisting glassware of a kind commonly used for table or kitchen purposes, with a low coefficient of expansion, similar to Pyrex or Durex
70.14	Illuminating glassware, signalling glassware and optical elements of glass, not optically worked nor of optical glass
ex 70.15	Glass of a kind used for sun glasses (but excluding glass suitable for corrective lenses), curved, bent, hollowed and the like
ex 70.16	Multi-cellular glass in blocks, slabs, plates, panels and similar forms
ex 70.17	Laboratory, hygienic and pharmaceutical glassware, whether or not graduated or calibrated, excluding glassware for chemical laboratories; glass ampoules
ex 70.21	Other articles of glass, excluding articles for industry
Chapter 71	
ex 71.12	Articles of jewellery, of silver (including silvergilt or platinum-plated silver), or rolled precious metal on base metal

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (NCCO)	Description
71.13	Articles of goldsmiths' or silversmiths' wares and parts thereof, of precious metal or rolled precious metal, other than goods falling within heading No 71.12
ex 71.14	Other articles of precious metal or rolled precious metal, excluding articles and utensils for workshops and laboratories
71.16	Imitation jewellery
Chapter 73	<p>Iron and steel and articles thereof, excluding:</p> <p>(a) Products within the jurisdiction of the European Coal and Steel Community, falling within heading Nos 73.01, 73.02, 73.03, 73.05, 73.06, 73.07, 73.08, 73.09, 73.10, 73.11, 73.12, 73.13, 73.15 and 73.16</p> <p>(b) Products falling within heading Nos 73.02, 73.05, 73.07 and 73.16 which are not within the jurisdiction of the European Coal and Steel Community</p> <p>(c) Heading Nos 73.04, 73.17, 73.19, 73.30, 73.33 and 73.34 and springs and leaves for springs, of iron or steel, for railway coaches, of heading No 73.35</p>
Chapter 74	Copper and articles thereof, excluding copper alloys containing more than 10 % by weight of nickel and articles falling within heading Nos 74.01, 74.02, 74.06 and 74.11
Chapter 76	Aluminium and articles thereof, excluding heading Nos 76.01 and 76.05 and spools, reels and similar supports for photographic and cinematographic film or for tapes, films and the like falling within heading No 92.12 (ex 76.16)
Chapter 78	Lead and articles thereof
Chapter 79	Zinc and articles thereof, excluding heading Nos 79.01, 79.02 and 79.03
Chapter 82	<p>Hand tools, the following: spades, shovels, picks, hoes, forks and rakes; axes, bill hooks and similar hewing tools; hay knives, grass shears, timber wedges and other tools of a kind used in agriculture, horticulture or forestry</p> <p>82.02 Saws (non-mechanical) and blades for hand or machine saws (including toothless saw blades)</p> <p>ex 82.04 Portable forges; grinding wheels with frameworks (hand or pedal operated); articles for domestic use</p> <p>82.09 Knives with cutting blades, serrated or not (including pruning knives), other than knives falling within heading No 82.06, and blades therefor</p> <p>ex 82.11 Safety razor blades and blanks thereof</p> <p>ex 82.13 Other articles of cutlery (for example secateurs, hair clippers, butchers' cleavers, paper knives), excluding hand-operated clippers and parts thereof</p> <p>82.14 Spoons, forks, fish-eaters, butter-knives, ladles, and similar kitchen or tableware</p> <p>82.15 Handles of base metal for articles falling within heading Nos 82.09, 82.13 and 82.14</p>

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (NCCC)	Description
Chapter 83	Miscellaneous articles of base metal, excluding heading No 83.08, statuettes and other ornaments of a kind used indoors (ex 83.06) and beads and spangles (ex 83.09)
Chapter 84	
ex 84.06	Spark ignition engines, petrol driven of a cylinder capacity of 220 cc or more; internal combustion engines, semi diesel type; internal combustion engines, diesel type, of 37 kW or less; engines for motor-cycles and auto-cycles
ex 84.10	Pumps (including motor pumps and turbo pumps) for liquids, whether or not fitted with measuring devices
ex 84.11	Air pumps and vacuum pumps (including motor and turbo-pumps); fans, blower and the like, with integral motors, weighing less than 150 kg and fans or blowers without motor, weighing 100 kg or less
ex 84.12	Air-conditioning machines, self-contained, comprising a motor-driven fan and elements for changing the temperature and humidity of air, for domestic use
ex 84.14	Bakery ovens and parts thereof
ex 84.15	Refrigerating cabinets and other refrigerating plant, equipped with a refrigerating unit
ex 84.17	Instantaneous or storage water heaters, non-electrical
84.20	Weighing machinery (excluding balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better), including weight-operated counting and checking machines; weighing-machine weights of all kinds
ex 84.21	Mechanical appliances (whether or not hand operated) for projecting, dispersing or spraying liquids or powders, for domestic use; similar hand operated appliances for agricultural use; similar appliances for agricultural use, truck mounted, weighing 60 kg or less
ex 84.24	Ploughs designed for tractor or animal draught, weighing 700 kg or less; ploughs designed for mounting on tractors, with two or three shares or discs; harrows designed for tractor or animal draught, with fixed framework and fixed teeth; disc harrows, weighing 700 kg or less
ex 84.25	Threshers; maize huskers and maize threshers; harvesting machinery, animal drawn; straw or fodder presses; fanning mills and similar machines for screening seeds and cereal graders
84.27	Presses, crushers and other machinery, of a kind used in wine making, cider making, fruit juice preparation or the like
ex 84.28	Seed crushing machines; farm-type milling machines
84.29	Machinery of a kind used in the bread grain milling industry, and other machinery (other than farm-type machinery) for the working of cereals or dried leguminous vegetables
ex 84.34	Printing type
ex 84.38	Shuttles; reeds for looms
ex 84.40	Washing machines, whether or not electric, for domestic use

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (NCCC)	Description
ex 84.47	Machine tools for sawing and planing wood, cork, bone, ebonite (vulcanite), hard artificial plastic materials or other hard carving materials, other than machines falling within heading No 84.49
ex 84.56	Machinery for agglomerating, moulding or shaping ceramic paste, unhardened cements, plastering materials or other mineral products
ex 84.59	Oil presses and mills; machines for stearin soap manufacture
84.61	Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances, for pipes, boiler shells, tanks, vats and the like, including pressure reducing valves and thermostatically-controlled valves
ex 84.63	Speed reducers
Chapter 85	
ex 85.01	Generators of 20 kVA output or less; motors of 74 kW or less; rotary converters of 37 kW or less; transformers and static converters other than for radio-broadcasting, radiotelephonic, radiotelegraphic and television receivers
85.03	Primary cells and primary batteries
85.04	Electric accumulators
ex 85.06	Room fans
85.10	Portable electric battery and magneto lamps, other than lamps falling within heading No 85.09
85.12	Electric instantaneous or storage water heaters and immersion heaters; electric soil heating apparatus and electric space heating apparatus; electric hair dressing appliances (for example, hair dryers, hair curlers, curling tong heaters) and electric smoothing irons; electro-thermic domestic appliances; electric heating resistors, other than those of carbon
ex 85.17	Electric sound signalling apparatus
ex 85.19	Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits (for example, switches, relays, fuses, lightning arresters, surge suppressors, plugs, lamp holders and junction boxes)
ex 85.20	Electric filament lamps and electric discharge lamps, excluding infra-red and ultra-violet lamps
ex 85.21	Cathode-ray tubes for television sets
85.23	Insulated (including enamelled or anodized) electric wire, cable, bars, strip and the like (including co-axial cable), whether or not fitted with connectors
85.25	Insulators of any material

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (NCCC)	Description
85.26	Insulating fittings for electrical machines, appliances or equipment, being fittings wholly of insulating material apart from any minor components of metal incorporated during moulding solely for purposes of assembly, but not including insulators falling within heading No 85.25
85.27	Electrical conduit tubing and joints therefor, of base metal lined with insulating material
Chapter 87	
ex 87.02	Motor vehicles for the public transport of persons and motor vehicles for the transport of goods or materials (excluding chassis mentioned in Note 2 to Chapter 87)
87.05	Bodies (including cabs), for the motor vehicles falling within heading No 87.01, 87.02 or 87.03
ex 87.06	Chassis without engines, and parts thereof
ex 87.11	Invalid carriages (other than motorized or otherwise mechanically propelled)
ex 87.12	Parts and accessories of invalid carriages (other than motorized or otherwise mechanically propelled)
87.13	Baby carriages and parts thereof
Chapter 89	
ex 89.01	Lighters and barges; tankers designed to be towed; sailing vessels; inflatable boats of artificial plastic materials
Chapter 90	
ex 90.01	Ophthalmic lenses
90.03	Frames and mountings, and parts thereof, for spectacles, pince-nez, lorgnettes, goggles and the like
90.04	Spectacles, pince-nez, lorgnettes, goggles and the like, corrective, protective or other
ex 90.26	Meters for hand-operated petrol pumps and water meters (volumetric and tachometric)
Chapter 92	
92.12	Gramophone records and other sound or similar recordings; matrices for the production of records, prepared record blanks, film for mechanical sound recording, prepared tapes, wires, strips and like articles of a kind commonly used for sound or similar recording
Chapter 93	
ex 93.04	Sporting guns and rifles
ex 93.07	Wads for shotguns; sporting cartridges, cartridges for revolvers, pistols and walking-stick guns, ball or shot cartridges for target-shooting guns of calibres up to 9 mm; cartridge cases for sporting guns and sporting rifles, of metal and paperboard; bullets, shot and buckshot for sporting guns and sporting rifles

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (NCCC)	Description
Chapter 94	Furniture and parts thereof; bedding, mattresses, mattress supports, cushions and similar stuffed furnishings, excluding heading No 94.02
Chapter 96	Brooms, brushes, powder puffs and sieves, excluding prepared knots and tufts for broom or brush making of heading No 96.01 and articles falling within heading Nos 96.05 and 96.06
Chapter 97	
97.01	Wheeled toys designed to be ridden by children (for example, toy bicycles and tricycles, and pedal motor cars); dolls' prams and dolls' push chairs
97.02	Dolls
97.03	Other toys; working models of a kind used for recreational purposes
ex 97.05	Streamers and confetti
Chapter 98	Miscellaneous manufactured articles, excluding stylograph pens falling within heading No 98.03 and excluding heading Nos 98.04, 98.10, 98.11, 98.14 and 98.15

ANNEX 2

CCT heading No	Description	Quotas for the period 1 January to 31 December 1981
07.05	Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split: B. Other: ex I. Peas (including chick peas) and beans (of the species <i>Phaesolus</i>) — Chick peas and beans (of the species <i>Phaesolus</i>) II. Lentils	500 tonnes 2 000 tonnes
31.02	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, nitrogenous	} 4 000 tonnes
31.03	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, phosphatic	
31.05	Other fertilizers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg: A. Other fertilizers: I. Containing the three fertilizing substances: nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium II. Containing the two fertilizing substances: nitrogen and phosphorus IV. Others	
ex 73.37	Boilers (excluding boilers of heading No 84.01) and radiators, for central heating not electrically heated, and parts thereof, of iron or steel; air heaters and hot-air distributors (including those which can also distribute cool or conditioned air), not electrically heated, incorporating a motor-driven fan or blower, and parts thereof, of iron or steel: — Boilers for central heating	20 000 EUA
ex 84.01	Steam and other vapour-generating boilers (excluding central heating hot-water boilers capable also of producing low pressure steam); super-heated water boilers: — Of a power of 32 MW or less	1 500 EUA
84.06	Internal combustion piston engines: C. Other engines: ex II. Compression ignition engines: — Of a power of less than 37 kW	3 000 EUA
84.10	Pumps (including motor pumps and turbo pumps) for liquids, whether or not fitted with measuring devices; liquid elevators of bucket, chain screw, hand and similar kinds:	

CCT heading No	Description	Quotas for the period 1 January to 31 December 1981
84.10 (cont'd)	ex A. Delivery pumps fitted, or designed to be fitted, with a measuring device, other than pumps for dispensing fuel B. Other pumps C. Liquid elevators of bucket, chain, screw, band and similar kinds	30 000 EUA
84.14	Industrial and laboratory furnaces and ovens, non-electric: ex B. Other: — Parts of steel, for cement ovens	1 000 EUA
ex 84.20	Weighing machinery (excluding balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better) including weight-operated counting and checking machines; weighing-machine weights of all kinds, other than: — Baby scales — Precision scales graduated in grams for domestic use — Weighing-machine weights of all kinds	3 200 EUA
85.01	Electrical goods of the following descriptions: generators, motors, converters (rotary or static), transformers, rectifiers and rectifying apparatus, inductors: A. Generators, motors (whether or not equipped with speed reducing, changing or step-up gear) and rotary converters: ex II. Other: — Motors of an output of not less than 370 W and not more than 15 000 W ex C. Parts: — For motors of an output of not less than 370 and not more than 15 000 W	30 000 EUA
85.15	Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus:	

CCT heading No	Description	Quotas for the period 1 January to 31 December 1981
85.15 (cont'd)	<p>A. Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras:</p> <p>ex III. Receivers, whether or not incorporating sound recorders or reproducers:</p> <p>— Television</p> <p>C. Parts:</p> <p>I. Cabinets and cases:</p> <p>ex a) Of wood:</p> <p>— For television receivers</p> <p>ex b) Of other materials:</p> <p>— For television receivers</p> <p>ex III. Other:</p> <p>— Chassis for television receivers and their parts, assembled or mounted</p> <p>— Printed circuit boards for television receivers</p>	<p>10 000 EUA</p> <p>15 000 EUA</p>
ex 85.23	<p>Insulated (including enamelled or anodized) electric wire, cable, bars, strip and the like (including co-axial cable), whether or not fitted with connectors:</p> <p>— Cables for television aerials</p>	30 000 EUA
87.02	<p>Motor vehicles for the transport of persons, goods or materials (including sports motor vehicles, other than those of heading No 87.09):</p> <p>A. For the transport of persons, including vehicles designed for the transport of both passengers and goods:</p> <p>I. With either a spark ignition or a compression ignition engine:</p> <p>ex a) Motor vehicles and buses with either a spark ignition engine of a cylinder capacity of 2 800 cc or more or a compression ignition engine of a cylinder capacity of 2 500 cc or more:</p> <p>— Complete motor buses and coaches</p> <p>ex b) Other:</p> <p>— Complete, with a seating capacity of more than six</p>	100 000 EUA

CCT heading No	Description	Quotas for the period 1 January to 31 December 1981
87.05	<p>Bodies (including cabs), for the motor vehicles falling within heading No 87.01, 87.02 or 87.03:</p> <p>ex A. Bodies and cabs of metal for the industrial assembly of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Agricultural walking tractors falling within subheading 87.01 A, — Motor vehicles for the transport of persons, including vehicles designed for the transport of both passengers and goods, with a seating capacity of more than six and less than 15, — Motor vehicles for the transport of goods of materials, with either a spark ignition engine of a cylinder capacity of less than 2 800 cc or a compression ignition engine of a cylinder capacity of less than 2 500 cc, — Special purpose motor lorries and vans of heading No 87.03 (a) <p>ex B. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Bodies and cabs of metal, other than for motor vehicles for the transport of persons, with a seating capacity of six or less 	1 000 EUA

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

14. 12. 81

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 358/47

DECISION OF THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE
MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN COAL AND STEEL COMMUNITY
MEETING WITHIN THE COUNCIL

of 3 December 1981

laying down the arrangements applicable to trade between Greece and Morocco in products
covered by that Community

(81/977/ECSC)

THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GOVERNMENTS
OF THE MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN COAL
AND STEEL COMMUNITY, MEETING WITHIN THE
COUNCIL,

In agreement with the Commission,

HAVE DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Whereas the Member States have concluded among
themselves the Treaty establishing the European Coal
and Steel Community;

Article 1

Until the entry into force of the Protocol, the
arrangements applicable to trade between Greece and
Morocco shall be those resulting from the Annex
hereto.

Whereas the Protocol to the Agreement between the
Member States of the European Coal and Steel
Community and the Kingdom of Morocco ⁽¹⁾,
hereinafter referred to respectively as 'the Protocol' and
'the Agreement', to take account of the accession of the
Hellenic Republic, was initialled on 22 July 1981;

Article 2

Member States shall take the measures necessary to
implement this Decision.

Whereas, pending the entry into force of the Protocol,
the Member States of the European Coal and Steel
Community should, in the light of the provisions of the
said Protocol, lay down autonomously the arrangements
applicable to trade between Greece and Morocco;

Done at Brussels, 3 December 1981.

The President

T. KING

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 228

ANNEX

Specific conditions of application of the Agreement between the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community and the Kingdom of Morocco consequent upon the accession of the Hellenic Republic

Article 1

For the products covered by the Agreement, the Hellenic Republic shall progressively abolish customs duties applicable to imports of products originating in Morocco in accordance with the following timetable:

- on the date of entry into force of this Decision, each duty shall be reduced to 90 % of the basic duty,
- on 1 January 1982, each duty shall be reduced to 80 % of the basic duty,
- the four other reductions of 20 % each shall be made on:
 - 1 January 1983,
 - 1 January 1984,
 - 1 January 1985,
 - 1 January 1986.

Article 2

The basic duty to which the successive reductions provided for in Article 1 are to be applied shall, for each product, be the duty actually applied on 1 July 1980 by the Hellenic Republic with regard to Morocco.

Article 3

1. The Hellenic Republic shall progressively abolish charges having equivalent effect to customs duties on imports of products originating in Morocco in accordance with the following timetable:

- on the date of entry into force of this Decision, each charge shall be reduced to 90 % of the basic rate,
- on 1 January 1982, each charge shall be reduced to 80 % of the basic rate,
- the four other reductions of 20 % each shall be made on:
 - 1 January 1983,
 - 1 January 1984,
 - 1 January 1985,
 - 1 January 1986.

2. The basic rate to which the successive reductions provided for in paragraph 1 are to be applied shall, for each product, be the rate applied by the Hellenic Republic on 31 December 1980 with regard to the Community of Nine.

3. Any charge having equivalent effect to a customs duty on imports, introduced as from 1 January 1979 in trade between Greece and Morocco, shall be abolished.

Article 4

If the Hellenic Republic suspends or reduces duties or charges having equivalent effect on products imported from the Community of Nine more quickly than under the established timetable, the Hellenic Republic shall also suspend or reduce, to the same level, those duties or charges having equivalent effect on products originating in Morocco.

Article 5

1. Import deposits and cash payments in force in Greece on 31 December 1980 with regard to imports of products originating in Morocco shall be progressively eliminated in accordance with the following timetable:

- on the date of entry into force of this Decision: 25 %,
- 1 January 1982: 25 %,
- 1 January 1983: 25 %,
- 1 January 1984: 25 %.

2. If, in respect of the Community of Nine, the Hellenic Republic reduces the rate of import deposits or cash payments more quickly than under the timetable set out in paragraph 1, the Hellenic Republic shall make the same reduction with regard to imports of products originating in Morocco.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3542/81

of 3 December 1981

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1982)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, signed on 27 April 1976 ⁽¹⁾, as supplemented by Council Regulation (EEC) No 3511/81 of 3 December 1981 fixing the arrangements applicable for trade between Greece and Morocco, provides for the opening by the Community of an annual Community tariff quota of 8 250 tonnes of apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco; whereas the customs duties applicable to the quota are equal to 70 % of the customs duties actually applied to non-member countries; whereas the Community tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for 1982;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Morocco over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 114

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports of each Member State represent the following percentages of imports into the Community from Morocco of the products concerned:

Member States	1978	1979	1980
Benelux	—	0.7	3
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	17.9	19.8	15
Greece	—	—	—
France	66.4	79.5	82
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	—	—	—
United Kingdom	15.7	—	—

Whereas, both these percentages and the estimates from certain Member States should be taken into account as well as the need to ensure that, in the circumstances, the obligations contracted under the Agreement concerned are allocated fairly among all the Member States; whereas the approximate percentages of the initial quota shares may therefore be fixed as follows:

Benelux	8.5
Denmark	1.8
Germany	34.1
Greece	0.2
France	38.1
Ireland	1.0
Italy	1.0
United Kingdom	15.3

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain

degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 70 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the corresponding reserve to prevent a part of the Community quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1982 a Community tariff quota of 8 250 tonnes shall be opened in the Community for apricot pulp, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Morocco.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at a rate of 11.9 %

Within the limits of this tariff quota, Greece shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and in Regulation (EEC) No 3511/81.

Article 2

1. A first instalment amounting to 5 860 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1982, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	500
Denmark	110
Germany	2 000
Greece	10
France	2 220
Ireland	60
Italy	60
United Kingdom	900

2. The second instalment amounting to 2 390 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1982.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1982, such unused portion of their initial shares as, on 15 September 1982, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1982, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1982 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1982, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities under cover of declarations for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1982.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 3 December 1981.

For the Council

The President

T. KING

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3590/81
of 7 December 1981

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1721/81 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain wines having a registered designation of origin, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1981/82)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Community opened by Regulation (EEC) No 1721/81 a Community tariff quota for the importation into the Community of Nine of certain wines having a registered designation of origin and originating in Morocco; whereas Regulation (EEC) No 3511/81 provides that, from its entry into force, Greece is required to apply this tariff measure; whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1721/81 should therefore be amended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1721/81 is hereby amended as follows :

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 December 1981.

1. The following sentence shall be added at the end of Article 1 (2) :

'Within this tariff quota, Greece shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions of the 1979 Act of Accession and of Regulation (EEC) No 3511/81.'

2. The following paragraph shall be added to Article 2 :

'4. If Greece should find that there is a demand for the product in question, it shall draw an appropriate share from the reserve in so far as the level of the reserve permits.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

For the Council

The President

CARRINGTON

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3814/81

of 21 December 1981

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco ⁽¹⁾, supplemented by Council Regulation (EEC) No 3511/81 of 3 December 1981 laying down the arrangements applicable to trade between Greece and Morocco, provides that prepared and preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, may be imported into the Community free of duty; whereas the detailed arrangements must be fixed by an exchange of letters between the Community and Morocco; whereas, since this exchange of letters has not yet taken place, it is advisable to renew until 31 March 1982 the Community arrangements which were applied in 1981; whereas it is advisable to open two Community tariff quotas for importations into the Community of the products in question, one duty-free tariff quota of 3 500 tonnes and the other of 1 500 tonnes at a rate of duty of 10 %; whereas these tariff quotas are to apply from 1 January 1982 until either the conclusion of the exchange of letters provided for in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco, or until such time as Community arrangements for imports of the products in question are applied but until 31 March 1982 at the latest;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quotas and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for these quotas to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quotas have been used up; whereas, having regard to the principles mentioned above, the Community nature of the quotas can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quotas among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 114

reference to the statistics for imports from Morocco over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports into each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Morocco of the products concerned:

Member States	1978	1979	1980
Benelux	11.21	8.67	9.58
Denmark	0.88	0.02	0.03
Germany	13.66	14.73	9.76
Greece	4.85	1.43	0.00
France	55.45	51.74	58.63
Ireland	0.35	0.04	0.01
Italy	0.74	0.24	0.27
United Kingdom	12.86	23.13	21.72

Whereas, in view of these factors and of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benelux	9.75
Denmark	0.28
Germany	12.68
Greece	1.97
France	55.26
Ireland	0.12
Italy	0.40
United Kingdom	19.54

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, each quota should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quotas should, under the circumstances, be fixed at 70 % respectively of the quota volumes;

Whereas, the Member States initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota shares should draw an additional share from the corresponding reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota amounts have been used up and to inform Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the corresponding reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January 1982 until the conclusion of the exchange of letters referred to in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco, until such time as Community import arrangements are applied or until 31 March 1982, whichever shall be the earliest, a duty-free Community tariff quota of 3 500 tonnes shall be opened, for imports into the Community of prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco.

2. From 1 January 1982 until either the conclusion of the exchange of letters referred to in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco, or until such time as Community import arrangements are applied but until 31 March 1982 at the latest, a Community tariff quota of 1 500 tonnes at a duty rate of 10 % shall be opened, for imports into the Community, of prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco.

3. Within the limits of these tariff quotas, Greece shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and Regulation (EEC) No 3511/81.

Article 2

1. The tariff quotas laid down in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment of each quota shall be shared among the Member States; the respective shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until the end of the period specified in Article 1 shall be as follows:

Member States	(tonnes)	
	Article 1 (1)	Article 1 (2)
Benelux	268	102
Denmark	8	3
Germany	349	133
Greece	54	21
France	1 519	580
Ireland	4	2
Italy	11	4
United Kingdom	537	205
	2 750	1 050

3. The second instalment of each quota, i.e. 750 and 450 tonnes respectively, shall constitute the corresponding reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the corresponding reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 10 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after one of its initial shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

31. 12. 81

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 383/33

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until the end of the period laid down in Article 1.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 March 1982, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 February 1982, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 March 1982, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 February 1982 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserves have been used up.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 December 1981.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 March 1982, of the amount in each reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts any reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports of the products concerned originating in Morocco and entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1982.

For the Council
The President
N. RIDLEY

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 22/82

of 6 January 1982

fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Algeria⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Morocco⁽³⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides that the variable component of the levy calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1783/81⁽⁵⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed by the Commission each quarter; whereas this amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the variable components of the levies in force during the three months preceding the month during which the amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff during October, November and December 1981 have been taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters forming the Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 to be deducted from the variable component applicable to bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco respectively, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 February 1982.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 January 1982.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 19.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 53.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 176, 1. 7. 1981, p. 10.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	ECU/tonne
23.02 A II a)	11.67
23.02 A II b)	46.69

**COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 762/82
of 31 March 1982**

amending Regulation (EEC) No 3814/81 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas, by Council Regulation (EEC) No 3814/81, the Community opened Community tariff quotas for prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco; whereas this tariff measure, which is valid until 31 March 1982, was taken pending conclusion of the exchange of letters provided for by Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco (1); whereas at present there are grounds for thinking that negotiations to conclude this exchange of letters will not be completed for some time; whereas it is consequently advisable to extend the validity of these tariff quotas and to adjust the volumes and the various dates accordingly,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Council Regulation (EEC) No 3814/81 is hereby amended as follows:

1. In the first recital '31 March 1982' shall be replaced by '31 December 1982' and the quantities

of 3 500 and 1 500 tonnes shall be replaced by 14 000 and 6 000 tonnes respectively.

2. In the fifth recital '70 %' shall be replaced by '80 %'.

3. In Article 1 (1) '31 March 1982' shall be replaced by '31 December 1982', and '3 500 tonnes' shall be replaced by '14 000 tonnes'.

4. In Article 1 (2), '31 March 1982' shall be replaced by '31 December 1982' and '1 500 tonnes' shall be replaced by '6 000 tonnes'.

5. In Article 2, paragraphs 2 and 3 shall be replaced by the following:

'2. A first instalment of each quota shall be shared among the Member States; the respective shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until the end of the period specified in Article 1, shall be as follows:

Member States	(tonnes)	
	Article 1 (1)	Article 1 (2)
Benelux	1 092	468
Denmark	30	14
Germany	1 420	608
Greece	220	94
France	6 190	2 653
Ireland	13	5
Italy	45	20
United Kingdom	2 190	938
	11 200	4 800

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No L 87/2

Official Journal of the European Communities

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3. The second instalment of each quota, that is, 2 800 and 1 200 tonnes respectively, shall constitute the reserve.
6. In the first and second paragraphs of Article 5, '1 March 1982' shall be replaced by '1 October 1982', and '15 February 1982' shall be replaced by '15 September 1982'.
7. In the second paragraph of Article 6, '5 March 1982' shall be replaced by '5 October 1982'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 March 1982.

For the Council

The President

P. de KEERSMAEKER

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 821/82
of 5 April 1982

fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Algeria⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Morocco⁽³⁾, and in

particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides that the variable component of the levy calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1783/81⁽⁵⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed by the Commission each quarter; whereas this amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the variable components of the levies in force during the three months preceding the month during which the amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff during January, February and March 1982 have been taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters forming the Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 to be deducted from the variable component applicable to bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco respectively, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1982.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 April 1982.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 19.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ GA ASS. GEN II 132

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 176, 1. 7. 1981, p. 10.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	ECU/tonne
23.02 A II a)	12.13
23.02 A II b)	48.50

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 950/82
of 26 April 1982**

introducing a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1116/81⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0.6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 643/82 of 19 March 1982 fixing the reference prices for tomatoes for the period 1 April to 10 July 1982⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of Class I for the month of April 1982 at 168.50 ECU per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regula-

tion (EEC) No 3011/81⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets; whereas it is necessary to multiply the prices with the coefficient fixed in the first indent of Article 1 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 643/82;

Whereas, for Moroccan tomatoes, the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0.6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these tomatoes;

Whereas if the system is to operate normally the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 14.45 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied to tomatoes (subheading 07.01 M of the Common Customs Tariff) originating in Morocco

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 28 April 1982.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 118, 30. 4. 1981, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 76, 20. 3. 1982, p. 14.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 301, 22. 10. 1981, p. 18.

27. 4. 82

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 113/13

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 April 1982.

For the Commission
Poul DALSAGER
Member of the Commission

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1046/82
of 4 May 1982**

abolishing the countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1116/81⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 950/82 of 26 April 1982⁽³⁾ introduced a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco;

Whereas the present trend of prices for these products on the representative markets referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3011/81⁽⁵⁾, recorded or calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 5 of that Regula-

tion, indicates that the application of the first subparagraph of Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 would result in the countervailing charge being fixed at zero; whereas the conditions specified in the second indent of Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled and the countervailing charge on imports of these products originating in Morocco can be abolished,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 950/82 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 5 May 1982.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 4 May 1982.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 118, 30. 4. 1981, p. 1.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 113, 27. 4. 1982, p. 12.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 301, 22. 10. 1981, p. 18.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1280/82

of 26 May 1982

introducing a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1203/82⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0.6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 643/82 of 19 March 1982 fixing the reference prices for tomatoes for the period 1 April to 10 July 1982⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of Class I for the month of May 1982 at 121.79 ECU per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 140, 20. 5. 1982, p. 36.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 76, 20. 3. 1982, p. 14.

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3011/81⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets; whereas it is necessary to multiply the prices with the coefficient fixed in the second indent of Article 1 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 643/82;

Whereas, for Moroccan tomatoes, the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0.6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these tomatoes;

Whereas if the system is to operate normally the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 27.40 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied to tomatoes (subheading 07.01 M of the Common Customs Tariff) originating in Morocco

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 28 May 1982.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 301, 22. 10. 1981, p. 18.

27. 5. 82

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 148/33

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 May 1982.

For the Commission
Poul DALSAGER
Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1394/82

of 4 June 1982

abolishing the countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization
of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1203/82⁽²⁾, and in
particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2)
thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1280/82
of 26 May 1982 introduced a countervailing charge
on tomatoes originating in Morocco;

Whereas for this product originating in Morocco there
were no prices for six consecutive working days;

whereas the conditions specified in Article 26 (1) of
Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled
and the countervailing charge on imports of tomatoes
originating in Morocco can be abolished,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1280/82 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 5 June 1982.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 4 June 1982.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 140, 20. 5. 1982, p. 36.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1550/82
of 8 June 1982

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain wines having a registered designation of origin, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1982/83)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco ⁽¹⁾ stipulates in Article 21 that certain wines having a registered designation of origin, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, specified in the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters of 12 March 1977 ⁽²⁾, shall be imported into the Community free of customs duties within the limits of an annual Community tariff quota of 50 000 hectolitres; whereas these wines must be put up in containers holding two litres or less; whereas the tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for the period 1 July 1982 to 30 June 1983;

Whereas the wines in question are subject to compliance with the free-at-frontier reference price; whereas the wines in question may benefit from this tariff quota on condition that Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3577/81 ⁽⁴⁾, is complied with;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure equal and uninterrupted access for all Community importers to the abovementioned quota, and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for this quota to all imports of the products concerned into the Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect most accurately the actual development of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, assessed by

reference to both the statistics relating to imports of the said products from Morocco over a representative reference period and the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas in this case, however, neither Community nor national statistics showing the breakdown for each of the types of wines in question are available and no reliable estimates of future imports can be made; whereas, in these circumstances, the quota volume should be allocated in initial shares, taking into account demand for these wines on the markets of the various Member States;

Whereas, to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being allocated among the Member States and the second held as a reserve intended to cover at a later date the requirements of Member States who have used up their initial share; whereas, in order to guarantee some degree of security to importers in each Member State, the first instalment of the Community quota should be fixed at a level which could, in the present circumstances, be 50 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the initial shares of the Member States may be used up at different rates; whereas, in order to take this into account and to avoid a break in continuity, any Member State which has used up almost all of its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this should be done by each Member State each time one of its additional shares is almost used up, and so on as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this form of administration requires close collaboration between the Member States and the Commission, and the Commission must be in a position to follow the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas, if at a given date in the quota period a substantial quantity of its initial share remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that it should return a significant proportion thereof to the reserve, to prevent part of the Community quota remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 114

⁽²⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 98

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 359, 15. 12. 1981, p. 1.

18. 6. 82

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 172/3

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, all transactions concerning the administration of the shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

1. For the period 1 July 1982 to 30 June 1983, a Community tariff quota of 50 000 hectolitres shall be opened for the following products originating in Morocco :

CCT heading No	Description
22.05	Wine of fresh grapes; grape must with fermentation arrested by the addition of alcohol: C. Other: — Wines entitled to one of the following designations of origin: Berkane, Saïs, Beni M'Tir, Guerrouane, Zemmour, Zennata of an actual alcoholic strength not exceeding 15 % vol, in containers holding two litres or less

2. Within this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duties applicable to these wines shall be totally suspended.

Within the limits of these tariff quotas, the Hellenic Republic shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and Regulation (EEC) No 3511/81⁽¹⁾.

3. The wines in question shall be subject to compliance with the free-at-frontier reference price.

The wines in question shall benefit from this tariff quota on condition that Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 is complied with.

4. Each of these wines, when imported, shall be accompanied by a certificate of designation of origin, issued by the relevant Moroccan authority, in accordance with the model annexed to this Regulation.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 358, 14. 12. 1981, p. 1.

Article 2

1. The tariff quota laid down in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment of the quota shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid up to 30 June 1983, shall be as follows :

	(hectolitres)
Benelux	4 000
Denmark	2 350
Germany	5 000
Greece	950
France	4 650
Ireland	1 700
Italy	2 350
United Kingdom	4 000

3. The second instalment of the quota, amounting to 25 000 hectolitres, shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share, as specified in Article 2 (2), or of that share less the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, that Member State shall, without delay, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next whole number, in so far as the amount in the reserve allows.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue to apply until the reserve is used up.

4. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, Member States may draw smaller shares than those fixed in these paragraphs if there is reason to believe that those fixed might not be used up. They shall inform the Commission of their grounds for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional share drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 30 June 1983.

Article 5

Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 April 1983, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 March 1983, is in excess of 20 % of the initial amount. They may return a greater quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity might not be used in full.

Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 April 1983, of the total imports of the products concerned effected under the Community quotas up to and including 15 March 1983 and where appropriate, the proportion of their initial share that they are returning to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it has been notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall notify the Member States, not later than 5 April 1983, of the state of the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which uses up the reserve is limited to the balance available and, to this end, shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State making the final drawing.

Article 7

1. Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to

Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their aggregate shares in the Community quota.

2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the products concerned established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall collaborate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is observed.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 8 June 1982.

For the Council

The President

M. EYSKENS

ANNEX

1. المصدر - Eksporter - Ausführer - Exporter - Exportateur - Esportatore - Exporteur - 'Εξαγωγέας:	2 الرقم - Nummer - Nummer - Number - Numéro - Numero - Nummer - Αριθμός	00000
4 المرسل اليه - Modtager - Empfänger - Consignee - Destinataire - Destinataro - Geadresseerde - Παραλήπτης:	3 (Name of authority guaranteeing the designation of origin)	
6. وسيلة النقل - Transportmiddel - Beförderungsmittel - Means of transport - Moyen de transport - Mezzo di trasporto - Vervoermiddel - Μεταφορικό μέσο:	5. شهادة التسمية الاصلية CERTIFIKAT FOR OPRINDELSSEBETEGNELSE BESCHEINIGUNG DER URSPRUNGSBEZEICHNUNG CERTIFICATE OF DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN CERTIFICAT D'APPELLATION D'ORIGINE CERTIFICATO DI DENOMINAZIONE DI ORIGINE CERTIFICAAT VAN BENAMING VAN OORSPRONG ΠΙΣΤΟΠΟΙΗΤΙΚΟ ΟΝΟΜΑΣΙΑΣ ΠΡΟΕΛΕΥΣΕΩΣ	
8. مكان الاقراع - Losningssted - Entladungsort - Place of unloading - Lieu de déchargement - Luogo di sbarco - Plaats van lossing - Τόπος εκφορτώσεως:	7 (Designation of origin)	
9. الانواع والارقام ، عدد ونوع الطرود Mærker og numre, kollienes antal og art Zeichen und Nummern, Anzahl und Art der Packstücke Marks and numbers, number and kind of packages Marques et numeros, nombre et nature des colis Marca e numero, quantità e natura dei colli Merken en nummers, aantal en soort der colli Σήματα και αριθμοί, αριθμός και είδος τῶν δεμάτων	10. الوزن الخام Bruttovægt Rohgewicht Gross weight Poids brut Peso lordo Brutogewicht Μεικτό βάρος	11. لترات Liter Liter Litres Litres Litri Liter Litra
12. لترات (بالحروف) - Liter (i bogstaver) - Liter (in Buchstaben) - Litres (in words) - Litres (en lettres) - Litri (in lettere) - Liter (voluit) - Λίτρα (όλογράφως)		
13. تأشيرة الهيئة المرسله - Påtegning fra udstedende organ - Bescheinigung der erteilenden Stelle - Certificate of the issuing authority - Visa de l'organisme émetteur - Visto dell'organismo emittente - Visum van de instantie van afgifte - Θεώρηση εκδίδοντος οργανισμού		
14. تأشيرة الحمارك - Toldstedets attest - Sichtvermerk der Zollstelle - Customs stamp - Visa de la douane - Visto della dogana - Visum van de douane - Θεώρηση τελωνείου	(Oversættelse se nr. 15 — Übersetzung siehe Nr. 15 — see the translation under No 15 — Voir traduction au n° 15 — Vedi traduzione al n. 15 — Zie voor vertaling nr. 15 — Βλέπε μετάφραση στον άριθ. 15)	

15. Det bekræftes, at vinen, der er nævnt i dette certifikat, er fremstillet i området og ifølge marokkansk lovgivning er berettiget til oprindelsesbetegnelse: ».....«.
Alkohol tilsat denne vin er alkohol fremstillet af vin.

Wir bestätigen, daß der in dieser Bescheinigung bezeichnete Wein im Bezirk gewonnen wurde und ihm nach marokkanischem Gesetz die Ursprungsbezeichnung „.....“ zuerkannt wird.
Der diesem Wein zugefügte Alkohol ist aus Wein gewonnener Alkohol.

We hereby certify that the wine described in this certificate is wine produced within the wine district of and is considered by Moroccan legislation as entitled to the designation of origin '.....'.
The alcohol added to this wine is alcohol of vinous origin.

Nous certifions que le vin décrit dans ce certificat a été produit dans la zone de et est reconnu, suivant la loi marocaine, comme ayant droit à la dénomination d'origine «.....».
L'alcool ajouté à ce vin est de l'alcool d'origine vinique.

Si certifica che il vino descritto nel presente certificato è un vino prodotto nella zona di ed è riconosciuto, secondo la legge marocchina, come avente diritto alla denominazione di origine «.....».
L'alcole aggiunto a questo vino è alcole di origine vinica.

Wij verklaren dat de in dit certificaat omschreven wijn is vervaardigd in het wijndistrict van en dat volgens de Marokkaanse wetgeving de benaming van oorsprong „.....“ erkend wordt.
De aan deze wijn toegevoegde alcohol is alcohol, uit wijn gewonnen.

Πιστοποιείται ότι ο οίνος που περιγράφεται στο παρόν πιστοποιητικό έχει παραχθεί στη ζώνη και αναγνωρίζεται, σύμφωνα με τη νομοθεσία του Μαρόκου, ότι δύναται να φέρει όνομασία προελεύσεως «.....».
Η αλκοόλη που έχει προστεθεί σε αυτόν τον οίνο είναι οίνικης προελεύσεως.

16. (*)

يحتفظ بهذه الخانة لمعلومات اخرى من الدولة المصدر

(*) Rubrik forbeholdt eksportlandets andre angivelser.

(*) Diese Nummer ist weiteren Angaben des Ausfuhrlandes vorbehalten.

(*) Space reserved for additional details given in the exporting country.

(*) Case réservée pour d'autres indications du pays exportateur.

(*) Spazio riservato per altre indicazioni del paese esportatore.

(*) Ruimte bestemd voor andere gegevens van het land van uitvoer.

(*) Χώρος προοριζόμενος για συμπληρωματικά στοιχεία που χορηγεί η χώρα εξαγωγής.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1822/82

of 7 July 1982

fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Algeria⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Morocco⁽³⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides that the variable component of the levy calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1459/82⁽⁵⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed by the Commission each quarter; whereas this amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the variable components of the levies in force during the three months preceding the month during which the amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff during April, May and June 1982 have been taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters forming the Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 to be deducted from the variable component applicable to bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco respectively, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August 1982.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 July 1982.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 19.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ CA ASS. GEN II 132

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 164, 14. 6. 1982, p. 22.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	ECU/tonne
23.02 A II a)	13.21
23.02 A II b)	52.86

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1985/82

of 19 July 1982

on transitional measures in respect of imports of sheepmeat and goatmeat originating in certain third countries qualifying for preferential treatment

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 1837/80 of 27 June 1980 on the common organization of the market in sheepmeat and goatmeat⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1195/82⁽²⁾, laid down a system of import levies for certain sheepmeat and goatmeat products; whereas, before that system came into effect, imports of the said products into the Community were subject to payment of customs duty; whereas, however, certain third countries qualified for total or partial exemption from the said customs duties by virtue of their agreements with the Community;

Whereas, pending the amendment of the said agreements in these respects, products originating in the countries in question should, under the new system, continue to enjoy treatment equivalent to that for which they qualified previously,

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 1982.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The import levies provided for in Article 10 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1837/80 shall not be levied on the following products:

- fresh, chilled or frozen meat of sheep, other than of domestic sheep, or of goats falling within subheading 02.01 A IV of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia or Turkey,
- salted meat of sheep, other than of domestic sheep, or of goats falling within subheading 02.06 C II a) of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Turkey.

2. The levies applicable shall be reduced by 50 % in the case of fresh, chilled or frozen meat of sheep, other than of domestic sheep, or of goats falling within subheading 02.01 A IV of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Spain.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 January 1982.

For the Council

The President

B. WESTH

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 183, 16. 7. 1980, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 140, 20. 5. 1982, p. 22.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2417/82
of 3 September 1982**

introducing retrospective Community surveillance of imports of certain textile products originating in Tunisia and Morocco

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 288/82 of 5 February 1982 on common rules for imports⁽¹⁾, and in particular Articles 10 and 14 thereof,

After consulting the Committee set up by Article 5 of that Regulation,

Whereas the Community has held consultations with Morocco and Tunisia to try to stabilize imports of certain textile products originating in those countries in the interests of security of production and trade between the parties;

Whereas, in the course of the consultations, the parties agreed to introduce administrative procedures designed to supply rapid information on the trend of trade in certain textile products so that the necessary measures could be taken in the event of disturbance of the Community market;

Whereas the information in question is to be secured by introducing retrospective Community surveillance of the imports concerned;

Whereas it is not necessary to extend surveillance to products being re-imported into the Community after outward processing provided they are accompanied by a form of prior authorization issued pursuant to Council Regulation (EEC) No 636/82 of 16 March 1982 establishing outward processing arrangements applicable to certain textile and clothing products re-imported into the Community after working or processing in certain third countries⁽²⁾,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The importation into the Community of the products listed in the Annex hereto originating in Morocco or in Tunisia shall be subject to retrospective Community surveillance.

Article 2

Member States must notify the Commission of monthly import figures, expressed in units and broken down by category, NIMEXE code number and country of origin, within the first 10 days of the second month following that to which the figures relate.

Article 3

The Common Customs Tariff heading number and NIMEXE code of the products referred to in Article 1 shall be added to the Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 288/82, the symbol '+' being entered in the EUR column.

Article 4

Surveillance shall not be extended to such products where they are re-imported into the Community after outward processing, provided they are accompanied by a prior authorization issued pursuant to Council Regulation (EEC) No 636/82.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be applicable from 1 September 1982.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 3 September 1982.

For the Commission
Christopher TUGENDHAT
Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 35, 9. 2. 1982, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 76, 20. 3. 1982, p. 1.

ANNEX

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1982)	Description	Unit	Non-member countries
2	55.09	55.09-03; 04; 05; 06; 07; 08; 09; 10; 12; 13; 14; 15; 16; 17; 19; 21; 29; 32; 34; 35; 37; 38; 39; 41; 49; 51; 52; 53; 54; 55; 56; 57; 59; 61; 63; 64; 65; 66; 67; 68; 69; 70; 71; 72; 73; 74; 75; 76; 77; 78; 79; 80; 81; 82; 83; 84; 86; 90; 91; 92; 93; 98; 99	Other woven fabrics of cotton : Woven fabrics of cotton, other than gauze, terry fabrics, narrow woven fabrics, pile fabrics, chenille fabrics, tulle and other net fabrics :	Tonnes	Tunisia Morocco
4	60.04 B I + ex B II + ex B IV	60.04-19; 20; 22; 23; 24; 26; 41; 50; 58; 71; 79; 89	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized : Shirts, T-shirts, lightweight fine knit roll, polo or turtle necked jumpers and pullovers, undervests and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, other than babies' garments, of cotton or synthetic textile fibres ; T-shirts and lightweight fine knit roll, polo or turtle necked jumpers and pullovers, of regenerated textile fibres, other than babies' garments	1 000 pieces	Tunisia
6	ex 61.01 B V ex 61.02 B II	61.01-62; 64; 66; 72; 74; 76 61.02-66; 68; 72	Men's and boys' outer garments : Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments : B. Other : Men's and boys' woven breeches, shorts and trousers (including slacks); women's, girls' and infants' woven trousers and slacks, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	1 000 pieces	Tunisia Morocco
7	ex 60.05 A II ex 61.02 B II	60.05-22; 23; 24; 25 61.02-78; 82; 84	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized : A. Outer garments and clothing accessories : II. Other Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments : B. Other : Blouses and shirt blouses, knitted, crocheted (not elastic or rubberized), or woven, for women, girls and infants, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	1 000 pieces	Tunisia Morocco

Category	CCT heading No -	NIMEXE code (1982)	Description	Unit	Non-member countries
8	61.03 A	61.03-11; 15; 19	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs : Men's and boys' shirts, woven, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	1 000 pieces	Tunisia Morocco
21	61.01 B IV ex 61.02 B II	61.01-29; 31; 32 61.02-25; 26; 28	Men's and boys' outer garments : Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments : B. Other : Parkas; anoraks, windcheaters, waister jackets and the like, woven, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	1 000 pieces	Tunisia
26	ex 60.05 A II ex 61.02 B II	60.05-45; 46; 47; 48 61.02-48; 52; 53; 54	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized : A. Outer garments and clothing accessories : II. Other Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments : B. Other : Women's, girls' and infants' (other than babies') woven and knitted or crocheted dresses, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	1 000 pieces	Morocco

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2711/82
of 8 October 1982**

**fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to
bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article
22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of
the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia
and concerning the import into the Community of
bran and sharps originating in Tunisia ⁽¹⁾, and in parti-
cular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the
exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article
21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of
the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the People's Democratic
Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into
the Community of bran and sharps originating in
Algeria ⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph
of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article
23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of
the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco
and concerning the import into the Community of
bran and sharps originating in Morocco ⁽³⁾, and in
particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of
the exchange of letters,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of
letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76,
(EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides
that the variable component of the levy calculated in
accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC)
No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and
export system for products processed from cereals and
from rice ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No
1459/82 ⁽⁵⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed by the
Commission each quarter; whereas this amount must
be equal to 60 % of the average of the variable
components of the levies in force during the three
months preceding the month during which the
amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the
products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the
Common Customs Tariff during July, August and
September have been taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of
paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters forming the
Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76,
(EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 to be
deducted from the variable component applicable to
bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and
Morocco respectively, shall be as set out in the Annex
hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 November
1982.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 8 October 1982.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 19.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ CA ASS. GEN II 132

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 164, 14. 6. 1982, p. 22.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	ECU/tonne
23.02 A II a)	17-20
23.02 A II b)	60-00

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3107/82

of 8 November 1982

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1983)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco ⁽¹⁾, signed on 27 April 1976, as supplemented by Council Regulation (EEC) No 3511/81 of 3 December 1981 fixing the arrangements applicable for trade between Greece and Morocco ⁽²⁾, provides for the opening by the Community of an annual Community tariff quota of 8 250 tonnes of apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco; whereas the customs duties applicable to the quota are equal to 70 % of the customs duties actually applied to non-member countries; whereas the Community tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for 1983;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Morocco over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports of each Member State represent the following per-

centages of imports into the Community from Morocco of the products concerned:

Member States	1979	1980	1981
Benelux	0.7	3	6
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	19.8	15	28
Greece	—	—	—
France	79.5	82	66
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	—	—	—
United Kingdom	—	—	—

Whereas both these percentages and the estimates from certain Member States should be taken into account as well as the need to ensure that, in the circumstances, the obligations contracted under the Agreement concerned are allocated fairly among all the Member States; whereas the approximate percentages of the initial quota shares may therefore be fixed as follows:

Benelux	8.5
Denmark	1.8
Germany	34.1
Greece	0.2
France	38.1
Ireland	1.0
Italy	1.0
United Kingdom	15.3

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 70 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 114

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 358, 14. 12. 1981, p. 1.

shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the corresponding reserve to prevent a part of the Community quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1983, a Community tariff quota of 8 250 tonnes shall be opened in the Community for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at a rate of 11.9 %.

Within the limits of this tariff quota, Greece shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and in Regulation (EEC) No 3511/81.

Article 2

1. A first instalment amounting to 5 860 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1983, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	500
Denmark	110
Germany	2 000
Greece	10
France	2 220
Ireland	60
Italy	60
United Kingdom	900

2. The second instalment amounting to 2 390 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7.5 % of its initial share.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1983.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1983, such unused portion of their initial shares as, on 15 September 1983, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1983, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1983 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1983, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question, established in their

territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities under cover of declarations for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 November 1982.

For the Council
The President
H. CHRISTOPHERSEN

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3485/82

of 10 December 1982

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1982 to 31 October 1983

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco⁽¹⁾, which entered into force on 1 November 1978, and in particular Annex B thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas it is necessary to approve the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, for the period from 1 November 1982 to 31 October 1983,

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, for the period from 1 November 1982 to 31 October 1983 is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 10 December 1982.

For the Council

The President

G. FENGER MØLLER

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 114

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco fixing the additional amount to be deducted from the levy on imports into the Community of untreated olive oil, originating in Morocco, for the period 1 November 1982 to 31 October 1983

Letter No 1

Sir,

Annex B to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco stipulates that for untreated olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 17 (1) (b) of the Cooperation Agreement may, in order to take account of certain factors and of the situation on the olive oil market, be increased by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of the abovementioned provisions.

I have the honour to inform you that, having regard to the criteria specified in the aforementioned Annex, the Community will take the necessary steps to fix the additional amount at 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms for the period from 1 November 1982 to 31 October 1983.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm your Government's agreement to its content.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
of the European Communities*

Letter No 2

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today's date, which reads as follows:

'Annex B to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco stipulates that for untreated olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff the amount to be deducted from the amount of the levy in accordance with Article 17 (1) (b) of the Cooperation Agreement may, in order to take account of certain factors and of the situation on the olive oil market, be increased by an additional amount under the same conditions and arrangements as laid down for the application of the abovementioned provisions.

I have the honour to inform you that, having regard to the criteria specified in the aforementioned Annex, the Community will take the necessary steps to fix the additional amount at 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms for the period from 1 November 1982 to 31 October 1983.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm your Government's agreement to its content.'

I am able to confirm the agreement of my Government to the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*For the Government
of the Kingdom of Morocco*

**COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3488/82
of 10 December 1982**

**amending Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76 on
imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco (1982/83)**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament,

Whereas Articles 16, 17 and 16 of Annexes B to the Cooperation Agreements between the European Economic Community and Tunisia ⁽¹⁾, Morocco ⁽²⁾, and Algeria ⁽³⁾ respectively stipulate that, if the country in question levies a special export charge on imports into the Community of olive oil falling within subheading 15.07 A I of the Common Customs Tariff, the levy applicable to such oil is to be reduced by a fixed amount of 0.60 ECU per 100 kilograms and by an amount equal to the special charge, but not exceeding 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms in the case of reduction provided for in the aforementioned Articles and 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms in the case of the additional amount provided for in the aforementioned Annexes B;

Whereas the aforementioned Agreements were implemented by Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76 ⁽⁴⁾, (EEC) No 1514/76 ⁽⁵⁾ and (EEC) No 1521/76 ⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3549/81 ⁽⁷⁾;

Whereas the Contracting Parties have agreed, by exchanges of letters, to fix the additional amount at 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms for the period from 1 November 1982 to 31 October 1983;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76 should accordingly be amended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Article 1 (1) of Regulations (EEC) No 1508/76, (EEC) No 1514/76 and (EEC) No 1521/76, shall be replaced by the following:

- (b) an amount equal to the special charge levied by Tunisia, Algeria, Morocco on exports of the said oil but not exceeding 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms, this amount being increased from 1 November 1982 to 31 October 1983 by 12.09 ECU per 100 kilograms.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 10 December 1982.

For the Council

The President

G. FENGER MØLLER

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 141, 28. 5. 1976, p. 195.

⁽²⁾ CA ASS. GEN II 34

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 141, 28. 5. 1976, p. 2.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 43.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 356, 11. 12. 1981, p. 13.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3491/82
of 10 December 1982

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1983)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco ⁽¹⁾ was signed on 27 April 1976 and entered into force on 1 November 1978;

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco should be approved,

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement for the purpose of binding the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 10 December 1982.

For the Council

The President

G. FENGER MØLLER

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 114

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco

Sir,

With a view to implementing the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties provided for in Article 20 of the Cooperation Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, I have the honour to inform you that the Moroccan Government undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1983 do not exceed 100 tonnes.

To this end the Moroccan Government declares that all exports to the Community of the said products will be effected exclusively by the 'Office de commercialisation et d'exportation (OCE)' (Marketing and Exports Office).

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between the Marketing and Exports Office and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*For the Government of
the Kingdom of Morocco*

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today worded as follows:

'With a view to implementing the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties provided for in Article 20 of the Cooperation Agreement concluded between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, and following the clarifications exchanged concerning the conditions governing imports into the Community of preserved fruit salads falling within subheadings 20.06 B II a) ex 9 and 20.06 B II b) ex 9 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, I have the honour to inform you that the Moroccan Government undertakes to take all necessary measures to ensure that the quantities supplied to the Community from 1 January to 31 December 1983 do not exceed 100 tonnes.

To this end the Moroccan Government declares that all exports to the Community of the said products will be effected exclusively by the "Office de commercialisation et d'exportation (OCE)" (Marketing and Exports Office).

The guarantees relating to quantities will be met in accordance with the procedures agreed between the Marketing and Exports Office and the Directorate-General for Agriculture of the Commission of the European Communities.

I should be grateful if you would confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing.'

I am able to confirm the agreement of the Community with the foregoing and consequently to state that the 55 % reduction in the Common Customs Tariff duties will apply from 1 January to 31 December 1983 to the quantities of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco referred to in your letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
of the European Communities*

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3596/82

of 21 December 1982

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1983)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco ⁽¹⁾, supplemented by Council Regulation (EEC) No 3511/81 of 3 December 1981 laying down the arrangements applicable to trade between Greece and Morocco, provides that prepared and preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, may be imported into the Community free of duty; whereas the detailed arrangements must be fixed by an exchange of letters between the Community and Morocco; whereas, since this exchange of letters has not yet taken place, it is advisable to renew until 31 December 1983 the Community arrangements which were applied in 1982; whereas it is advisable to open two Community tariff quotas for importations into the Community of the products in question, one duty-free tariff quota of 14 000 tonnes and the other of 6 000 tonnes at a rate of duty of 10%; whereas these tariff quotas are to apply from 1 January 1983 until either the conclusion of the exchange of letters provided for in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco, or until such time as Community arrangements for imports of the products in question are applied but until 31 December 1983 at the latest;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quotas and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for these quotas to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quotas have been used up; whereas, having regard to the principles mentioned above, the Community nature of the quotas can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quotas among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by

reference to the statistics for imports from Morocco over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports into each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Morocco of the products concerned:

Member States	1979	1980	1981
Benelux	8.67	9.58	6.41
Denmark	0.02	0.03	0.21
Germany	14.73	9.76	11.31
Greece	1.43	0.00	2.69
France	51.74	58.63	53.28
Ireland	0.04	0.01	0.00
Italy	0.24	0.27	0.78
United Kingdom	23.13	21.72	25.32

Whereas, in view of these factors and of the estimates submitted by certain Member States initial shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benelux	8.21
Denmark	0.09
Germany	12.16
Greece	1.38
France	54.53
Ireland	0.02
Italy	0.21
United Kingdom	23.40

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, each quota should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quotas should, under the circumstances, be fixed at 70% respectively of the quota volumes;

Whereas, the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into

⁽¹⁾ O.A. ASS. GEN I 114

account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota shares should draw an additional share from the corresponding reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota amounts have been used up and to inform Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the corresponding reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January 1983 until the conclusion of the exchange of letters referred to in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco, until such time as Community import arrangements are applied or until 31 December 1983, whichever shall be the earliest, a duty-free Community tariff quota of 14 000 tonnes shall be opened, for imports into the Community of prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco.

2. From 1 January 1983 until either the conclusion of the exchange of letters referred to in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco, or until such time as Community import arrangements are applied but until 31 December 1983 at the latest, a Community tariff quota of 6 000 tonnes at a duty rate of 10 % shall be opened, for imports into the Community, of prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco.

3. Within the limits of these tariff quotas, Greece shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant

provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and Regulation (EEC) No 3511/81.

Article 2

1. The tariff quotas laid down in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment of each quota shall be shared among the Member States; the respective shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until the end of the period specified in Article 1 shall be as follows:

(tonnes)		
Member States	Article 1 (1)	Article 1 (2)
Benelux	804	345
Denmark	10	4
Germany	1 190	511
Greece	135	58
France	5 344	2 290
Ireland	2	1
Italy	22	8
United Kingdom	2 293	983
	9 800	4 200

3. The second instalment of each quota, i.e. 4 200 and 1 800 tonnes respectively, shall constitute corresponding reserves.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2); or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the corresponding reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 10 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after one of its initial shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the

31. 12. 82

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 375/41

conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until the end of the period laid down in Article 1.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1983, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1983, is in excess of 20% of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1983, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1983 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserves have been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1983, of the amount in each reserve after

quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts any reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports of the products concerned originating in Morocco and entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 December 1982.

For the Council

The President

O. MØLLER

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 21/83

of 5 January 1983

fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Algeria⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Morocco⁽³⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides that the variable component of the levy calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1459/82⁽⁵⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed by the Commission each quarter; whereas this amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the variable components of the levies in force during the three months preceding the month during which the amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff during October, November and December 1982 have been taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters forming the Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 to be deducted from the variable component applicable to bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco respectively, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 February 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 January 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 19.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ CA ASS. GEN II 132

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 164, 14. 6. 1982, p. 22.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	ECU/tonne
23.02 A II a)	24.56
23.02 A II b)	65.50

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 813/83

of 7 April 1983

fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Algeria⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Morocco⁽³⁾, and in

particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides that the variable component of the levy calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 414/83⁽⁵⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed by the Commission each quarter; whereas this amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the variable components of the levies in force during the three months preceding the month during which the amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff during January, February and March 1983 have been taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters forming the Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 to be deducted from the variable component applicable to bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco respectively, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 May 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 April 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 19.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ CA ASS. GEN II 132

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 51, 24. 2. 1983, p. 1.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	ECU/tonne
23.02 A II a)	23,51
23.02 A II b)	65,05

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1179/83

of 16 May 1983

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain wines having a registered designation of origin, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1983/84)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco ⁽¹⁾ stipulates in Article 21 that certain wines having a registered designation of origin, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, specified in the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters of 12 March 1977 ⁽²⁾, shall be imported into the Community free of customs duties within the limits of an annual Community tariff quota of 50 000 hectolitres; whereas these wines must be put up in containers holding two litres or less; whereas the tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for the period 1 July 1983 to 30 June 1984;

Whereas the wines in question are subject to compliance with the free-at-frontier reference price; whereas the wines in question may benefit from this tariff quota on condition that Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3082/82 ⁽⁴⁾, is complied with;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure equal and uninterrupted access for all Community importers to the abovementioned quota, and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for this quota to all imports of the products concerned into the Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect most accurately the actual development of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, assessed by

reference to both the statistics relating to imports of the said products from Morocco over a representative reference period and the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas in this case, however, neither Community nor national statistics showing the breakdown for each of the types of wines in question are available and no reliable estimates of future imports can be made; whereas, in these circumstances, the quota volume should be allocated in initial shares, taking into account demand for these wines on the markets of the various Member States;

Whereas, to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being allocated among the Member States and the second held as a reserve intended to cover at a later date the requirements of Member States who have used up their initial share; whereas, in order to guarantee some degree of security to importers in each Member State, the first instalment of the Community quota should be fixed at a level which could, in the present circumstances, be 50 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the initial shares of the Member States may be used up at different rates; whereas, in order to take this into account and to avoid a break in continuity, any Member State which has used up almost all of its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this should be done by each Member State each time one of its additional shares is almost used up, and so on as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this form of administration requires close collaboration between the Member States and the Commission, and the Commission must be in a position to follow the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas, if at a given date in the quota period a substantial quantity of its initial share remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that it should return a significant proportion thereof to the reserve, to prevent part of the Community quota remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 114

⁽²⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 98

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 326, 23. 12. 1982, p. 1.

19. 5. 83

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 129/5

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, all transactions concerning the administration of the shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. For the period 1 July 1983 to 30 June 1984, a Community tariff quota of 50 000 hectolitres shall be opened for the following products originating in Morocco:

CCT heading No	Description
22.05	Wine of fresh grapes; grape must with fermentation arrested by the addition of alcohol: C. Other: — Wines entitled to one of the following designations of origin: Berkane, Saïs, Beni M'Tir, Guerrouane, Zemmour, Zennata of an actual alcoholic strength, not exceeding 15 % vol, in containers holding two litres or less

2. Within this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duties applicable to these wines shall be totally suspended.

Within the limits of these tariff quotas, the Hellenic Republic shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and Regulation (EEC) No 3511/81.

3. The wines in question shall be subject to compliance with the free-at-frontier reference price.

The wines in question shall benefit from this tariff quota on condition that Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 is complied with.

4. Each of these wines, when imported, shall be accompanied by a certificate of designation of origin, issued by the relevant Moroccan authority, in accordance with the model annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

1. The tariff quota laid down in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment of the quota shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid up to 30 June 1984, shall be as follows:

	(hectolitres)
Benelux	4 000
Denmark	2 350
Germany	5 000
Greece	950
France	4 650
Ireland	1 700
Italy	2 350
United Kingdom	4 000

3. The second instalment of the quota, amounting to 25 000 hectolitres, shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share, as specified in Article 2 (2), or of that share less the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, that Member State shall, without delay, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next whole number, in so far as the amount in the reserve allows.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7,5 % of its initial share,

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue to apply until the reserve is used up.

4. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, Member States may draw smaller shares than those fixed in these paragraphs if there is reason to believe that those fixed might not be used up. They shall inform the Commission of their grounds for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional share drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 30 June 1984.

Article 5

Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 April 1984, such unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 March 1984, is in excess of 20 % of the initial amount. They may return a greater quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity might not be used in full.

Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 April 1984 of the total imports of the products concerned effected under the Community quotas up to and including 15 March 1984 and, where appropriate, the proportion of their initial share that they are returning to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it has been notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall notify the Member States, not later than 5 April 1984 of the state of the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which uses up the reserve is limited to the balance available and, to this end, shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State making the final drawing.

Article 7

1. Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to

Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their aggregate shares in the Community quota.

2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the products concerned have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their share as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall collaborate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is observed.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 May 1983.

For the Council

The President

I. KIECHLE

ANNEX

1. المصدر - Eksporter - Ausführer - Exporter - Exportateur - Esportatore - Exporteur - Εξαγωγέας:	2. الرقم - Nummer - Nummer - Number - Numéro - Numero - Nummer - Αριθμός	00000
4. المرسل اليه - Modtager - Empfänger - Consignee - Destinataire - Destinataro - Geadresseerde - Παραλήπτης:	3. (Name of authority guaranteeing the designation of origin)	
6. وسيلة النقل - Transportmiddel - Beförderungsmittel - Means of transport - Moyen de transport - Mezzo di trasporto - Vervoermiddel - Μεταφορικό μέσο:	5. شهادة التسمية الاصلية CERTIFIKAT FOR OPPRINDELSSTEDSBEVIS BESCHENIGUNG DER URSPRUNGSBEZEICHNUNG CERTIFICATE OF DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN CERTIFICAT D'APPELLATION D'ORIGINE CERTIFICATO DI DENOMINAZIONE DI ORIGINE CERTIFICAAT VAN BENAMING VAN OORSPRONG ΠΙΣΤΟΠΟΙΗΤΙΚΟ ΟΝΟΜΑΣΙΑΣ ΠΡΟΕΛΕΥΣΕΩΣ	
8. مكان الافراغ - Losningssted - Entladungsort - Place of unloading - Lieu de déchargement - Luogo di sbarco - Plaats van lossing - Τόπος εκφορτώσεως:	7 (Designation of origin)	
9. الانواع والارظام ، عدد ونوع الطرود Mærker og numre, kolloenes antal og art Zeichen und Nummern, Anzahl und Art der Packstücke Marks and numbers, number and kind of packages Marques et numéros, nombre et nature des colis Marca e numero, quantità e natura dei colli Merken en nummers, aantal en soort der colli Σήματα και αριθμοί, αριθμός και είδος των δεμάτων	10. الوزن الخام Bruttovægt Rohgewicht Gross weight Poids brut Peso lordo Brutogewicht Μεικτό βάρος	11. لترات Liter Liter Litres Litres Litri Liter Λίτρα
12. لترات (بالحروف) - Liter (i bogstaver) - Liter (in Buchstaben) - Litres (in words) - Litres (en lettres) - Litri (in letters) - Liter (voluit) - Λίτρα (ολογράφως):		
13. تأشيرة الهيئة المرسله - Påtegning fra udstedende organ - Bescheinigung der erteilenden Stelle - Certificate of the issuing authority - Visa de l'organisme émetteur - Visto dell'organismo emittente - Visum van de instantie van afgifte - Θεώρηση εκδίδοντος οργανισμού:		
14. تأشيرة الجمارك - Toldstedets attest - Sichtvermerk der Zollstelle - Customs stamp - Visa de la douane - Visto della dogana - Visum van de douane - Θεώρηση τελωνείου	(Oversættelse se nr. 15 — Übersetzung siehe Nr. 15 — See the translation under No 15 — Voir traduction au n° 15 — Vedi traduzione al n. 15 — Zie voor vertaling nr. 15 — Βλέπε μετάφραση στον αριθ. 15)	

15. Det bekræftes, at vinen, der er nævnt i dette certifikat, er fremstillet i området og ifølge marokkansk lovgivning er berettiget til oprindelsesbetegnelsen : ».....«.

Alkohol tilsat denne vin er alkohol fremstillet af vin.

Wir bestätigen, daß der in dieser Bescheinigung bezeichnete Wein im Bezirk gewonnen wurde und ihm nach marokkanischem Gesetz die Ursprungsbezeichnung „.....“ zuerkannt wird.
Der diesem Wein zugefügte Alkohol ist aus Wein gewonnener Alkohol.

We hereby certify that the wine described in this certificate is wine produced within the wine district of and is considered by Moroccan legislation as entitled to the designation of origin '.....'.
The alcohol added to this wine is alcohol of vinous origin.

Nous certifions que le vin décrit dans ce certificat a été produit dans la zone de et est reconnu, suivant la loi marocaine, comme ayant droit à la dénomination d'origine « ».
L'alcool ajouté à ce vin est de l'alcool d'origine vinique.

Si certifica che il vino descritto nel presente certificato è un vino prodotto nella zona di ed è riconosciuto, secondo la legge marocchina, come avente diritto alla denominazione di origine « ».
L'alcole aggiunto a questo vino è alcole di origine vinica.

Wij verklaren dat de in dit certificaat omschreven wijn is vervaardigd in het wijndistrict van en dat volgens de Marokkaanse wetgeving de benaming van oorsprong „.....“ erkend wordt.
De aan deze wijn toegevoegde alcohol is alcohol, uit wijn gewonnen.

Πιστοποιείται ότι ο οίνος που περιγράφεται στο παρόν πιστοποιητικό έχει παραχθεί στη ζώνη και αναγνωρίζεται, σύμφωνα με τη νομοθεσία του Μαρόκου, ότι δύναται να φέρει ονομασία προελεύσεως « ».

Η αλκοόλη που έχει προστεθεί σε αυτόν τον οίνο είναι οινικής προελεύσεως.

16. (*)

يحتفظ بهذه الخانة لمعلومات اخرى من الدولة المصدر

(*) Rubrik forbeholdt eksportlandets andre angivelser.

(*) Diese Nummer ist weiteren Angaben des Ausfuhrlandes vorbehalten.

(*) Space reserved for additional details given in the exporting country.

(*) Case réservée pour d'autres indications du pays exportateur.

(*) Spazio riservato per altre indicazioni del paese esportatore.

(*) Ruimte bestemd voor andere gegevens van het land van uitvoer.

(*) Χώρος προοριζόμενος για συμπληρωματικά στοιχεία που χορηγεί η χώρα εξαγωγής.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1277/83

of 24 May 1983

introducing a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1738/82⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 776/83 of 30 March 1983 fixing the reference prices for tomatoes for the 1983 marketing year⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of class I for May 1983 at 124,25 ECU per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regula-

tion (EEC) No 3011/81⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets; whereas it is necessary to multiply the prices with the coefficient fixed in Article 1 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 776/83;

Whereas, for Moroccan tomatoes, the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these tomatoes;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 7,96 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied to tomatoes (subheading 07.01 M of the Common Customs Tariff) originating in Morocco.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 26 May 1983.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 190, 1. 7. 1982, p. 7.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 86, 31. 3. 1983, p. 10.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 301, 22. 10. 1981, p. 18.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 May 1983.

For the Commission
Poul DALSAGER
Member of the Commission

2. 6. 83

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 143/35

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1413/83

of 1 June 1983

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1277/83 introducing a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1738/82⁽²⁾, and in particular the first subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1277/83 introduced a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco;

Whereas Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 laid down the conditions under which a

charge introduced in application of Article 25 of that Regulation is amended; whereas, if these conditions are taken into consideration, the countervailing charge on the import of tomatoes originating in Morocco must be altered,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1277/83, '7,96 ECU' is replaced by '22,19 ECU'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 2 June 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 June 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 190, 1. 7. 1982, p. 7.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1506/83**of 9 June 1983****abolishing the countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization
of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1738/82⁽²⁾, and in
particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2)
thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1277/83
of 24 May 1983, as amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 1413/83, introduced a countervailing charge on
tomatoes originating in Morocco;

Whereas for this product originating in Morocco there
were no prices for six consecutive working days;

whereas the conditions specified in Article 26 (1) of
Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled
and the countervailing charge on imports of tomatoes
originating in Morocco can be abolished,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1277/83 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 10 June
1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 9 June 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 190, 1. 7. 1982, p. 7.

19. 7. 83

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 195/45

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1988/83
of 18 July 1983

**fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to
bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article
22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of
the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia
and concerning the import into the Community of
bran and sharps originating in Tunisia⁽¹⁾, and in parti-
cular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the
exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article
21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of
the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the People's Democratic
Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into
the Community of bran and sharps originating in
Algeria⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph
of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement
in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article
23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of
the Interim Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco
and concerning the import into the Community of
bran and sharps originating in Morocco⁽³⁾, and in
particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of
the exchange of letters,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of
letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76,
(EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides
that the variable component of the levy calculated in
accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC)
No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and
export system for products processed from cereals and
from rice⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No
414/83⁽⁵⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed by the
Commission each quarter; whereas this amount must
be equal to 60 % of the average of the variable
components of the levies in force during the three
months preceding the month during which the
amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the
products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the
Common Customs Tariff during April, May and June
1983 have been taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of
paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters forming the
Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76,
(EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 to be
deducted from the variable component applicable to
bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and
Morocco respectively, shall be as set out in the Annex
hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 August
1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 18 July 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 19.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ CA ASS. GEN II 132

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 51, 24. 2. 1983, p. 1.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	ECU/tonne
23.02 A II a)	22,95
23.02 A II b)	61,64

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2792/83

of 5 October 1983

fixing the amount by which the variable component of the levy applicable to bran and sharps originating in Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia must be reduced

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1512/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 15 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Tunisia⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1518/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 14 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Algeria⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1525/76 of 24 June 1976 concluding the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters relating to Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement and Article 16 of the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco and concerning the import into the Community of bran and sharps originating in Morocco⁽³⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters,

Whereas the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 provides that the variable component of the levy calculated in accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 414/83⁽⁵⁾, is to be reduced by an amount fixed by the Commission each quarter; whereas this amount must be equal to 60 % of the average of the variable components of the levies in force during the three months preceding the month during which the amount is fixed;

Whereas the variable components applicable to the products falling within subheading 23.02 A II of the Common Customs Tariff during July, August and September 1983 have been taken into consideration,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 3 of the exchange of letters forming the Agreement annexed to Regulations (EEC) No 1512/76, (EEC) No 1518/76 and (EEC) No 1525/76 to be deducted from the variable component applicable to bran and sharps originating in Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco respectively, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 November 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 October 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 19.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 37.

⁽³⁾ CA ASS. GEN II 132

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 51, 24. 2. 1983, p. 1.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	ECU/tonne
23.02 A II a)	22,57
23.02 A II b)	49,71

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3126/83

of 24 October 1983

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1984)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco (1), signed on 27 April 1976, provides for the opening by the Community of an annual Community tariff quota of 8 250 tonnes of apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco; whereas the customs duties applicable to the quota are equal to 70 % of the customs duties actually applied to non-member countries; whereas the Community tariff quota in question should therefore be opened for 1984;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Morocco over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports of each

Member State represent the following percentages of imports into the Community from Morocco of the product in question:

Member States	1980	1981	1982
Benelux	3	6	3
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	15	28	7
Greece	—	—	—
France	82	66	86
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	—	—	—
United Kingdom	—	—	4

Whereas both these percentages and the estimates from certain Member States should be taken into account as well as the need to ensure that, in the circumstances, the obligations contracted under the Agreement concerned are allocated fairly among all the Member States; whereas the approximate percentages of the initial quota shares may therefore be fixed as follows:

Benelux	8,5
Denmark	1,8
Germany	34,1
Greece	0,2
France	38,1
Ireland	1,0
Italy	1,0
United Kingdom	15,3

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 70 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in contin-

(1) CA ASS. GEN I 114

uity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1984, a Community tariff quota of 8 250 tonnes shall be opened in the Community for apricot pulp falling within subheading ex 20.06 B II c) 1 aa) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at a rate of 11,9 %.

Within the limits of this tariff quota, Greece shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and in Regulation (EEC) No 3511/81 (1).

(1) OJ No L 358, 14. 12. 1981, p. 1.

Article 2

1. A first instalment amounting to 5 860 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until 31 December 1984 shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	500
Denmark	110
Germany	2 000
Greece	10
France	2 220
Ireland	60
Italy	60
United Kingdom	900

2. The second instalment amounting to 2 390 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7,5 % of its initial share.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there are grounds for believing that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1984.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1984, such unused portion of their initial shares as, on 15 September 1984, is in excess of 20% of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1984, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1984 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1984, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 24 October 1983.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1984.

For the Council

The President

G. ARSENIS

17. 12. 83

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 355/1

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3558/83

of 12 December 1983

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco (1984)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco⁽¹⁾, supplemented by Council Regulation (EEC) No 3511/81 of 3 December 1981 laying down the arrangements applicable to trade between Greece and Morocco⁽²⁾, provides that prepared and preserved sardines, falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco, may be imported into the Community free of duty; whereas the detailed arrangements must be fixed by an exchange of letters between the Community and Morocco; whereas, since this exchange of letters has not yet taken place, it is advisable to renew until 31 December 1984 the Community arrangements which were applied in 1983; whereas it is advisable to open two Community tariff quotas for importations into the Community of the products in question, one duty-free tariff quota of 14 000 tonnes and the other of 6 000 tonnes at a rate of duty of 10%; whereas these tariff quotas are to apply from 1 January 1984 until either the conclusion of the exchange of letters provided for in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco or until such time as Community arrangements for imports of the products in question are applied, but until 31 December 1984 at the latest;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quotas and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for these quotas to all imports of the products concerned into all Member

States until the quotas have been used up; whereas, having regard to the principles mentioned above, the Community nature of the quotas can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quotas among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Morocco over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports into each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Morocco of the products concerned:

Member States	1980	1981	1982
Benelux	9,58	6,41	10,27
Denmark	0,03	0,21	0,35
Germany	9,76	11,31	11,64
Greece	0,00	2,69	0,51
France	58,63	53,28	64,64
Ireland	0,01	0,00	0,00
Italy	0,27	0,78	0,04
United Kingdom	21,72	25,32	12,55

Whereas, in view of these factors and of the estimates submitted by certain Member States initial shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benelux	8,7
Denmark	0,2
Germany	10,9
Greece	1,1
France	58,3
Ireland	0,1
Italy	0,4
United Kingdom	20,3

⁽¹⁾ CA ASS. GEN I 114

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 358, 3. 12. 1981, p. 1.

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, each quota could be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quotas should, under the circumstances, be fixed at 70 % respectively of the quota volumes;

Whereas, the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota shares should draw an additional share from the corresponding reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota amounts have been used up and to inform Member States thereof;

Whereas, if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the corresponding reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January 1984 until the conclusion of the exchange of letters referred to in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco, until such time as Community import arrangements are applied or until 31 December 1984, whichever shall be the earliest, a duty-free Community tariff quota of 14 000 tonnes shall be opened for imports into the Community of prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco.

2. From 1 January 1984 until either the conclusion of the exchange of letters referred to in Article 19 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Community and Morocco or until such time as Community import arrangements are applied but until 31 December 1984 at the latest, a Community tariff quota of 6 000 tonnes at a duty rate of 10 % shall be opened for imports into the Community of prepared or preserved sardines falling within subheading 16.04 D of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Morocco.

3. Within the limits of these tariff quotas, Greece shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and Regulation (EEC) No 3511/81.

Article 2

1. The tariff quotas laid down in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment of each quota shall be shared among the Member States; the respective shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until the end of the period specified in Article 1 shall be as follows:

(tonnes)

Member States	Article 1 (1)	Article 1 (2)
Benelux	850	366
Denmark	20	10
Germany	1 070	458
Greece	110	46
France	5 710	2 448
Ireland	10	4
Italy	40	16
United Kingdom	1 990	852
	9 800	4 200

3. The second instalment of each quota, i.e. 4 200 and 1 800 tonnes respectively, shall constitute corresponding reserves.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (2), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the corresponding reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 10 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after one of its initial shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall,

17. 12. 83

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 355/3

in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 5 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

3. If, after one of its second shares has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until the end of the period specified in Article 1.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1984, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1984, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1984, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1984 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each

State of the extent to which the reserves have been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1984, of the amount in each reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts any reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports of the products concerned originating in Morocco and entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 December 1983.

For the Council

The President

C. SIMITIS

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3636/83

of 19 December 1983

introducing retrospective surveillance of the reimportation after outward processing of certain textile products originating in Morocco, Portugal, Spain and Tunisia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 288/82 of 5 February 1982 on common rules for imports⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 10 thereof,

After consultations within the Committee set up by Article 5 of the said Regulation,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2819/79⁽²⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3521/82⁽³⁾, makes imports of certain textile products originating in certain third countries, including Spain and Portugal, subject to Community surveillance arrangements;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2417/82⁽⁴⁾ makes imports of certain textile products originating in Tunisia and Morocco subject to retrospective Community surveillance;

Whereas products reimported into the Community after outward processing were excluded from the surveillance measures, provided prior authorization had been issued pursuant to Council Regulation (EEC) No 636/82 of 16 March 1982 establishing economic outward processing arrangements applicable to certain textile and clothing products reimported into the Community after working or processing in certain third countries⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas experience has shown that up-to-date information is needed on the development of trade flows

for certain particularly sensitive products under the outward processing arrangements, so that the necessary measures can be taken in the event of disturbance of the Community market;

Whereas, in order to secure such information, specific retrospective Community surveillance measures should be introduced for such imports; whereas, in respect of some products, such surveillance should apply only to imports into particular regions of the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Reimportation into the Community after outward processing within the meaning of the relevant Community economic outward processing rules of the products listed in the Annex shall, in respect of the third countries and Member States listed in the Annex, be subject to specific retrospective surveillance measures.

Article 2

Member States shall transmit to the Commission by the 20th of the month following the month of importation, particulars of such imports expressed in units broken down by category, NIMEXE code and country of origin.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 December 1983.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 35, 9. 2. 1982, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 320, 15. 2. 1979, p. 9.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 369, 29. 12. 1982, p. 14.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 258, 4. 9. 1982, p. 8.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 76, 20. 3. 1982, p. 1.

23. 12. 83

Official Journal of the European Communities

No L 360/25

ANNEX

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1983)	Description	Units	Third countries	Member States
4	60.04 B I H a) b) c) IV b) 1 aa) dd) 2 ee) d) 1 aa) dd) 2 dd)	60.04-19; 20, 22, 23, 24, 26, 41, 50, 58, 71, 79, 89	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: Shirts, T-shirts, lightweight fine knit roll, polo or turtle necked jumpers and pull-overs, undervests and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, other than babies' garments, of cotton or synthetic textile fibres; T-shirts and lightweight fine knit roll, polo or turtle necked jumpers and pullovers, of regenerated textile fibres, other than babies' garments	1 000 pieces	Portugal Tunisia	D, F, BNL BNL
5	60.05 A I II b) 4 bb) 11 aaa) bbb) ccc) ddd) eee) 22 bbb) ccc) ddd) eee) fff)	60.05-01, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: Jerseys, pullovers, slip-overs, waistcoats, twinsets, cardigans, bed jackets and jumpers, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	1 000 pieces	Portugal	D, F, I, BNL, IRL, DK
6	61.01 B V d) 1 2 3 e) 1 2 3 61.02 B II e) 6 aa) bb) cc)	61.01-62, 64, 66, 72, 74, 76 61.02-66, 68, 72	Men's and boys' outer garments: Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: Men's and boys' woven breeches, shorts and trousers (including slacks); women's, girls' and infants' woven trousers and slacks, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	1 000 pieces	Spain Morocco Tunisia	D, BNL D, F, BNL D, F, BNL
7	60.05 A II b) 4 aa) 22 33 44 55 61.02 B II e) 7 bb) cc) dd)	60.05-22; 23; 24; 25 61.02-78; 82; 84	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: Blouses and shirt-blouses, knitted or crocheted (not elastic or rubberized), or woven, for women, girls and infants, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	1 000 pieces	Portugal Morocco Tunisia	D, F, BNL, IRL F, BNL BNL

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1983)	Description	Units	Third countries	Member States
8	61.03 A	61.03-11, 15, 19	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs: Men's and boys' shirts, woven, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	1 000 pieces	Portugal Morocco Tunisia	D, F, I, BNL, IRL, DK F D, BNL
21	61.01 B IV 61.02 B II d)	61.01-29, 31, 32, 61.02-25, 26, 28	Men's and boys' outer garments: Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: Parkas, anoraks, windcheaters, waister jackets and the like, woven, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	1 000 pieces	Tunisia	F
26	60.05 A II b) 4 cc) 11 22 33 44 61.02 B II e) 4 bb) cc) dd) ee)	60.05-45, 46, 47, 48 61.02-48, 52, 53, 54	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A: Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: Women's, girls' and infants' (other than babies) woven and knitted or crocheted dresses, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	1 000 pieces	Morocco	F

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3757/83

of 19 December 1983

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco (1984)

(see GEN II 13)

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco concerning the import into the Community of preserved fruit salads originating in Morocco

(see GEN I 24)

List of Community regulations on tariff preferences
for certain products originating in
developing countries

Subject	N° of the Official Journal of the EC
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2800/78 of 27 November 1978 amending Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 on the Common Customs Tariff	L 335/1978
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2972/78 of 15 December 1978 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on wood sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled but not further prepared, etc., falling within subheading 44.14 B and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2705/77 apply	L 355/1978
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2978/78 of 15 December 1978 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on thermionic, cold cathode and photo-cathode valves and tubes, etc., falling within subheadings 85.21 A, B and C and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2705/77 apply	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2979/78 of 15 December 1978 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on appliances, apparatus, accessories and requisites for gymnastics or athletics, etc., falling within subheading 97.06 B and C and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2705/77 apply	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3035/78 of 21 December 1978 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on sewing machines, falling within subheading 84.41 A I b) and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2705/77 apply	L 359/1978
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3154/78 of 29 December 1978 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for certain products originating in developing countries	L 375/1978
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3155/78 of 29 December 1978 opening and providing for the administration of preferential Community tariff ceilings for certain products originating in developing countries	"
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 of 29 December 1978 opening preferential tariffs for certain products originating in developing countries	"
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3157/78 of 29 December 1978 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff preferences for textile products originating in developing countries and territories	"

List of Community regulations on tariff preferences
for certain products originating in
developing countries

Subject	N° of the Official Journal of the EC
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3159/78 of 29 December 1978 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for raw or unmanufactured Virginia type tobaccos originating in developing countries	L 375/1978
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3160/78 of 29 December 1978 opening preferential tariffs for developing countries for raw or unmanufactured tobaccos falling within subheading 24.01 A ex II of the Common Customs Tariff	"
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3161/78 of 29 December 1978 establishing in respect of certain products falling within Chapters 1 to 24 of the Common Customs Tariff a scheme of generalized preferences in favour of developing countries	"
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3162/78 of 29 December 1978 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for cocoa butter and a tariff quota for soluble coffee originating in developing countries	"
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3163/78 of 29 December 1978 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for preserved pineapples, other than in slices, half slices or spirals, originating in developing countries	"
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3164/78 of 29 December 1978 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for preserved pineapples, in slices, half slices or spirals, originating in developing countries	"
78/1037/ECSC:	
Decision of the representatives of the Governments of the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community, meeting within the Council, of 29 December 1978 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of tariff quotas for certain steel products originating in developing countries	"
78/1038/ECSC:	
Decision of the representatives of the Governments of the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community, meeting within the Council, of 29 December 1978 opening tariff preferences for certain steel products originating in developing countries	"

List of Community regulations on tariff preferences
for certain products originating in
developing countries

Subject	N° of the Official Journal of the EC
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 664/79 of 4 April 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on cotton yarn, put up for retail sale, falling within heading No 55.06 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3157/78 apply	L 85/1979
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 666/79 of 4 April 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on nets and netting made of twine, cordage or rope, etc., falling within heading No 59.05 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3157/78 apply	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 668/79 of 4 April 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on tarpaulins, sails, awnings, etc., falling within heading No 62.04 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3157/78 apply	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 669/79 of 4 April 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on glass inners for vacuum flasks or for other vacuum vessels, falling within heading No 70.12 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 670/79 of 4 April 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on spoons, forks, etc., of stainless steel, falling within subheading 82.14 A and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 741/79 of 11 April 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on urca, falling within subheading 31.02 B and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply	L 93/1979
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 778/79 of 19 April 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on methyl alcohol, falling within subheading 29.04 A I and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply	L 99/1979

List of Community regulations on tariff preferences
for certain products originating in
developing countries

Subject	N° of the Official Journal of the EC
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 780/79 of 19 April 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on woven fabrics of silk, of noil or other waste silk, falling within heading No 50.09 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3157/78 apply</p>	<p>L 99/1979</p>
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 781/79 of 19 April 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale, falling within subheading 55.05 A and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3157/78 apply</p>	<p>"</p>
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 782/79 of 19 April 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on woven fabrics of regenerated textile fibres, falling within subheading 56.07 B and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3157/78 apply</p>	<p>"</p>
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 783/79 of 19 April 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, falling within heading No 60.02 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3157/78 apply</p>	<p>"</p>
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 784/79 of 19 April 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods, falling within subheadings 62.03 B I a), ex b) and ex II and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3157/78 apply</p>	<p>"</p>
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 886/79 of 3 May 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on other goat and kid skin leather, other, falling within subheading 41.04 B II and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply</p>	<p>L 111/1979</p>
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 889/79 of 3 May 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on artificial flowers, foliage or fruit and parts thereof, falling within heading No 67.02 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply</p>	<p>"</p>
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 890/79 of 3 May 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on knives with cutting blades, serrated or not, falling within heading No ex 82.09 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply</p>	<p>"</p>

List of Community regulations on tariff preferences
for certain products originating in
developing countries

Subject	N° of the Official Journal of the EC
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 973/79 of 16 May 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on dioctyl phthalates, falling within subheading 29.15 C ex III and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply	L 122/1979
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 974/79 of 16 May 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on other sheep and lamb skin leather, other, falling within subheading 41.03 B II and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 976/79 of 16 May 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on carpets, whether tufted or not, other than of jute or other textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03 or coir, falling within subheading 58.02 ex A and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3157/78 apply	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1094/79 of 1 June 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on gloves, including mittens and mitts, protective, for all trades, falling within subheading 42.03 B I and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply	L 136/1979
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1096/79 of 1 June 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on terry towelling and similar terry fabrics of cotton, falling within heading No 55.08 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3157/78 apply	"
Council Regulation (EEC) No 1195/79 of 12 June 1979 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff preferences for textile products originating in developing countries and territories	L 154/1979
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1464/79 of 13 July 1979 on the definition of the concept of originating products for the purposes of the application of the tariff preferences granted by the European Economic Community in respect of certain textile products from developing countries	L 177/1979
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1625/79 of 26 July 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on glazed setts, flags and paving, hearth and wall tiles, falling within heading No 69.08 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3155/78 apply	L 190/1979

List of Community regulations on tariff preferences
for certain products originating in
developing countries

Subject	N° of the Official Journal of the EC
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1690/79 of 31 July 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on wood (including blocks, strips and freizes for parquet or wood block flooring, not assembled), planed, tongued, grooved, rebated, chambered, V-jointed, centre V-jointed, beaded, centre-beaded or the like, but not further manufactured, falling within heading No 44.13 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply</p>	<p>L 196/1979</p>
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1691/79 of 31 July 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on household utensils of wood, falling within heading No 44.24 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply</p>	<p>"</p>
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1694/79 of 31 July 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on lead-acid accumulators, falling within subheading 85.04 A and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply</p>	<p>"</p>
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1695/79 of 31 July 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on equipment for parlour, table and funfair games, falling within heading No 97.04 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply</p>	<p>"</p>
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1721/79 of 3 August 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on umbrellas and sunshades (including walking-stick umbrellas, umbrella tents, and garden and similar umbrellas), falling within heading No 66.01 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply</p>	<p>L 198/1979</p>
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1751/79 of 8 August 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on chamois-dressed leather, falling within heading No 41.06 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply</p>	<p>L 201/1979</p>
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1851/79 of 20 August 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, falling within heading No 60.02 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1195/79 apply</p>	<p>L 214/1979</p>

List of Community regulations on tariff preferences
for certain products originating in
developing countries

Subject	N° of the Official Journal of the EC
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1876/79 of 24 August 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on wooden broom and brush handles, falling within subheading 44.25 ex B and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply	L 217/1979
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1877/79 of 24 August 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on tableware and other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic or toilet purposes, of other kinds of pottery, earthenware or fine pottery, falling within subheading 69.12 C and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1957/79 of 5 September 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on gloves, mittens, mitts, stockings, socks and sockettes, not being knitted or crocheted goods, falling within heading No 61.10 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1195/79 apply	L 226/1979
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2527/79 of 14 November 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on woven fabrics of regenerated man-made fibres, falling within subheading 56.07 B and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1195/79 apply	L 289/1979
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2587/79 of 22 November 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal, falling within subheading 71.12 A and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply	L 296/1979
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2687/79 of 29 November 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on woven fabrics of silk, of noil or other waste silk, falling within heading No 50.09 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1195/79 apply	L 305/1979
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2688/79 of 29 November 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on yarn of synthetic textile fibres and other yarn of regenerated textile fibres, falling within subheading 51.01 A and B II and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1195/79 apply	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2689/79 of 29 November 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on yarn of combed sheep's or lambs' wool (worsted yarn), not put up for retail sale, falling within heading No 53.07 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1195/79 apply	"

List of Community regulations on tariff preferences
for certain products originating in
developing countries

Subject	N° of the Official Journal of the EC
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2889/79 of 20 December 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on tubes and pipes, pipes and blanks therefor, of copper ; hollow bars of copper, falling within heading No 74.07 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply	L 325/1979
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2890/79 of 20 December 1979 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on filament lamps for lighting, falling within sub-heading 85.20 A and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3156/78 apply	"
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2787/79 of 10 December 1979 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for certain products originating in developing countries	L 328/1979
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2788/79 of 10 December 1979 opening and providing for the administration of preferential Community tariff ceilings for certain products originating in developing countries	"
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 of 10 December 1979 opening preferential tariffs for certain products originating in developing countries	"
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2790/79 of 10 December 1979 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for raw or unmanufactured Virginia type tobaccos originating in developing countries	"
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2791/79 of 10 December 1979 opening preferential tariffs for developing countries for raw or unmanufactured tobaccos, other than Virginia type, falling within subheadings 24.01 ex A and ex B of the Common Customs Tariff	"
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2792/79 of 10 December 1979 establishing in respect of certain products falling within Chapters 1 to 24 of the Common Customs Tariff a scheme of generalized preferences in favour of developing countries	"
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2793/79 of 10 December 1979 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for cocoa butter and a tariff quota for soluble coffee originating in developing countries	"
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2794/79 of 10 December 1979 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for preserved pineapples, other than in slices, half slices or spirals, originating in developing countries	"

List of Community regulations on tariff preferences
for certain products originating in
developing countries

Subject	N° of the Official Journal of the EC
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2795/79 of 10 December 1979 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for preserved pineapples, in slices, half slices or spirals, originating in developing countries	L 328/1979
70/1061/ECSC: Decision of the representatives of the Governments of the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community, meeting within the Council, of 10 December 1979 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of tariff quotas for certain steel products originating in developing countries	"
79/1062/ECSC: Decision of the representatives of the Governments of the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community, meeting within the Council, of 10 December 1979 opening tariff preferences for certain steel products originating in developing countries	"
Council Regulation (EEC) No 2894/79 of 10 December 1979 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff preferences for textile products originating in developing countries and territories	L 332/1979
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3000/79 of 20 December 1979 amending Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 on the Common Customs Tariff	L 342/1979
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3067/79 of 20 December 1979 on the definition of the concept of originating products for purposes of the application of tariff preferences granted by the European Economic Community in respect of certain products from developing countries	L 349/1979
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3068/79 of 20 December 1979 derogating in respect of the countries of the Association of South East Asian Nations from Articles 1, 6 and 13 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3067/79 of 20 December 1979 on the definition of the concept of originating products for purposes of the application of tariff preferences granted by the European Economic Community in respect of certain products from developing countries	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3069/79 of 20 December 1979 derogating in respect of the countries of the Central American Common Market from Articles 1, 6 and 13 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3067/79 of 20 December 1979 on the definition of the concept of originating products for purposes of the application of tariff preferences granted by the European Economic Community in respect of certain products from developing countries	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3070/79 of 20 December 1979 derogating in respect of the countries which have signed the Cartagena Agreement (Andean Group) from Articles 1, 6 and 13 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3067/79 of 20 December 1979 on the definition of the concept of originating products for purposes of the application of tariff preferences granted by the European Economic Community in respect of certain products from developing countries	"

**List of Community regulations on tariff preferences
for certain products originating in
developing countries**

Subject	N° of the Official Journal of the EC
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 515/80 of 28 February 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on artificial flowers, foliage or fruit and parts thereof, falling within heading No 67.02 and originating in developing countries to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	L 58 /1980
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 659/80 of 19 March 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on gloves, including mittens and mitts, falling within subheading 42.03 B I and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	L 74 /1980
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 660/80 of 19 March 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on glass inners for vacuum flasks or for other vacuum vessels, falling within heading No 70.12 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 770/80 of 28 March 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on methanol (methyl alcohol), falling within subheading 29.04 A I and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	L 85 /1980
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 898/80 of 11 April 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on goat and kidskin leather, except leather falling within heading No 41.06 or 41.08, other, other, falling within subheading 41.04 B II and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	L 97 /1980
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 899/80 of 11 April 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on image projectors (other than cinematographic projectors); photographic (except cinematographic) enlargers and reducers, falling within heading No 90.09 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 946/80 of 14 April 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on knives, falling within subheading 82.09 A, originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2788/79 apply	L 101/1980

List of Community regulations on tariff preferences
for certain products originating in
developing countries

Subject	N° of the Official Journal of the EC
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1199/80 of 12 May 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on tube and pipes and blanks therefor, of copper; hollow bars of copper, falling within heading No 74.07 and originating in developing countries to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	L 121/1980
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1399/80 of 3 June 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on dioctyl phthalates, falling within subheading 29.15 C ex III, originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	L 138/1980
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1502/80 of 16 June 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on rubber tyres, tyre cases, other (including tyre cases with sewn-in inner tubes, for racing bicycles, and tyre flaps), falling within heading No ex 40.11 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	L 149/1980
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1507/80 of 16 June 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on carpets, carpeting, rugs, mats and matting, of sisal, of other fibres, etc., products of category 142 (code 1420), originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2894/79 apply	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1508/80 of 16 June 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on twine, cordage, ropes and cables of abaca (Manila hemp) or of true hemp, products of category 145 (code 1450), originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2894/79 apply	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1626/80 of 26 June 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on inner tubes and tyre cases (new or used) of the kind used on bicycles, etc., falling within heading No ex 40.11 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	L 162/1980

List of Community regulations on tariff preferences
for certain products originating in
developing countries

Subject	N° of the Official Journal of the EC
Council Regulation (EEC) No 1712/80 of 27 June 1980 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for rum, arrack and tafia falling within subheading 22.09 C I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in the overseas countries and territories associated with the European Economic Community (1980/81)	L 167/1980
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1761/80 of 4 July 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal, falling within subheading 71.12 A and originating in developing countries to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	L 172/1980
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1846/80 of 11 July 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on melamine, falling within subheading 29.35 ex Q and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	L 181/1980
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1847/80 of 11 July 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on wood (including blocks, strips and friezes for parquet or wood block flooring, not assembled), planed, tongued, grooved, rebated, chamfered, V-jointed, centre V-jointed, beaded, centre-beaded or the like, but not further manufactured, falling within heading No 44.13 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1848/80 of 11 July 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on umbrellas and sunshades (including walking-stick umbrellas, umbrella tents, and garden and similar umbrellas), falling within heading No 66.01 and originating in Singapore, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1932/80 of 18 July 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on wooden broom and brush handles, falling within subheading 44.25 ex B and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	L 186/1980
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2074/80 of 1 August 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on flax or ramie yarn, not put up for retail sale, products of category 115 (code 1150), originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2894/79 apply	L 202/1980

List of Community regulations on tariff preferences
for certain products originating in
developing countries

Subject	N° of the Official Journal of the EC
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2205/80 of 19 August 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on glutamic acid and its salts, falling within subheading 29.23 D III and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2788/79 apply	L 220/1980
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2256/80 of 27 August 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on benzoic acid and its salts and esters, falling within subheading 29.14 D I and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	L 227/1980
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2257/80 of 27 August 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on chamois-dressed leather, falling within heading No 41.06 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2337/80 of 8 September 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on citric acid, falling within subheading 29.16 A IV a) and originating in developing countries to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	L 236/1980
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2338/80 of 8 September 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on umbrellas and sunshades, etc., falling within heading No 66.01 and originating in developing countries to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2428/80 of 22 September 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on electrical capacitors, fixed or variable, falling within heading No 85.18 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	L 251/1980
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2505/80 of 30 September 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on wrought plates, sheets and strip, of copper, falling within heading No 74.04 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	L 256/1980

List of Community regulations on tariff preferences
for certain products originating in
developing countries

Subject	N° of the Official Journal of the EC
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2581/80 of 8 October 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on other articles of iron or steel, falling within heading No 73.40 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply</p>	<p>L 265/1980</p>
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2623/80 of 13 October 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on salicylic acid, falling within subheading 29.16 B I a) and originating in developing countries to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply</p>	<p>L 269/1980</p>
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2710/80 of 23 October 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on filament lamps for lighting, falling within subheading 85.20 A and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply</p>	<p>L 280/1980</p>
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2787/80 of 30 October 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on carboxyimide-function compounds, falling within subheading 29.26 A I and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply</p>	<p>L 288/1980</p>
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2788/80 of 30 October 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on glazed sets, flags and paving, hearth and wall tiles, falling within heading No 69.08 and originating in developing countries to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2788/79 apply</p>	<p>"</p>
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2902/80 of 10 November 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on ethylene glycol, falling within subheading 29.04 C ex I and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply</p>	<p>L 301/1980</p>

**List of Community regulations on tariff preferences
for certain products originating in
developing countries**

Subject	N° of the Official Journal of the EC
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2907/80 of 11 November 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on other woods, sawn, etc., falling within subheading 44.14 B, originating in developing countries to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	L 302/1980
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2908/80 of 11 November 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on tableware and other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic or toilet purposes, of porcelain or china (including biscuit porcelain and parian), falling within heading No 69.11, originating in developing countries to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2909/80 of 11 November 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on appliances, apparatus, accessories and requisites for gymnastics or athletics, or for sports and outdoor games, falling within subheading 97.06 B and C, originating in developing countries to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2959/80 of 14 November 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on lead borosilicates, falling within subheading 32.08 ex B, originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	L 306/1980
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3001/80 of 20 November 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on fibre building boards of wood or other vegetable material, falling within heading No 44.11 and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	L 311/1980
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3000/80 of 28 October 1980 amending Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 on the Common Customs Tariff	L 315/1980
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3129/80 of 3 December 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on builders' carpentry and joinery, falling within heading No 44.23 and originating in developing countries to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2789/79 apply	L 328/1980

**List of Community regulations on tariff preferences
for certain products originating in
developing countries**

Subject	N° of the Official Journal of the EC
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3138/80 of 4 December 1980 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on raw or unmanufactured tobaccos other than Virginia type, falling within subheadings 24.01 ex A and ex B and originating in developing countries to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2791/79 apply . . .	L 329/1980
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3320/80 of 16 December 1980 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff preferences for textile products originating in developing countries and territories	L 354/1980
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3321/80 of 16 December 1980 applying generalized tariff preferences for 1981 in respect of certain agricultural products originating in developing countries	"
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3322/80 of 16 December 1980 establishing a multiannual scheme of generalized tariff preferences and its application for 1981 in respect of certain industrial products originating in developing countries	"
. 80/1185/ECSC:	
Decision of the representatives of the Governments of the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community, meeting within the Council, of 16 December 1980 applying for 1981 the generalized tariff preferences for certain steel products originating in developing countries	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3510/80 of 23 December 1980 on the definition of the concept of originating products for purposes of the application of tariff preferences granted by the European Economic Community in respect of certain products from developing countries	L 368/1980
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3511/80 of 23 December 1980 derogating in respect of the countries of the Association of South East Asian Nations from Articles 1, 6 and 12 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3510/80 of 23 December 1980 on the definition of the concept of originating products for purposes of the application of tariff preferences granted by the European Economic Community in respect of certain products from developing countries	"

**List of Community regulations on tariff preferences
for certain products originating in
developing countries**

Subject	N° of the Official Journal of the EC
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3512/80 of 23 December 1980 derogating in respect of the countries of the Central American Common Market from Articles 1, 6 and 12 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3510/80 of 23 December 1980 on the definition of the concept of originating products for purposes of the application of tariff preferences granted by the European Economic Community in respect of certain products from developing countries	L 368/1980
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3513/80 of 23 December 1980 derogating in respect of the countries which have signed the Cartagena Agreement (Andean Group) from Articles 1, 6 and 12 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3510/80 of 23 December 1980 on the definition of the concept of originating products for purposes of the application of tariff preferences granted by the European Economic Community in respect of certain products from developing countries	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 728/81 of 20 March 1981 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on carpets, products of category 142 (code 1420), originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3320/80 apply. . .	L 75/1981
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3300/81 of 16 November 1981 amending Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 on the Common Customs Tariff	L 335/1981
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3486/81 of 4 December 1981 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on raw or unmanufactured tobaccos other than Virginia type, falling within subheadings 24.01 ex A and ex B and originating in developing countries, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3321/80 apply. .	L 352/1981
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3601/81 of 7 December 1981 applying generalized tariff preferences for 1982 in respect of certain industrial products originating in developing countries	L 365/1981
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3602/81 of 7 December 1981 applying generalized tariff preferences for 1982 in respect of textile products originating in developing countries	"
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3603/81 of 7 December 1981 applying generalized tariff preferences for 1982 in respect of certain agricultural products originating in developing countries	"
Decision of the representatives of the Governments of the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community, meeting within the Council, of 7 December 1981 applying generalized tariff preferences for 1982 in respect of certain steel products originating in developing countries	"

List of Community regulations on tariff preferences
for certain products originating in
developing countries

Subject	N° of the Official Journal of the EC
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3817/81 of 23 December 1981 on the definition of the concept of originating products for purposes of the application of tariff preferences granted by the European Economic Community in respect of certain products from developing countries	L 384/1981
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3818/81 of 23 December 1981 derogating in respect of the countries of the Association of South-East Asian Nations from Articles 1, 6 and 12 of Regulation (EEC) No 3817/81 on the definition of the concept of originating products for purposes of the application of tariff preferences granted by the European Economic Community in respect of certain products from developing countries	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3819/81 of 23 December 1981 derogating in respect of the countries of the Central American Common Market from Articles 1, 6 and 12 of Regulation (EEC) No 3817/81 on the definition of the concept of originating products for purposes of the application of tariff preferences granted by the European Economic Community in respect of certain products from developing countries	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3820/81 of 23 December 1981 derogating in respect of the countries which have signed the Cartagena Agreement (Andean Group) from Articles 1, 6 and 12 of Regulation (EEC) No 3817/81 on the definition of the concept of originating products for purposes of the application of tariff preferences granted by the European Economic Community in respect of certain products from developing countries	"
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3000/82 of 19 October 1982 amending Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 on the Common Customs Tariff	L 318/1982
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3377/82 of 8 December 1982 applying generalized preferences for 1983 in respect of certain industrial products originating in developing countries	L 363/1982
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3378/82 of 8 December 1982 applying generalized tariff preferences for 1983 to textile products originating in developing countries ..	"
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3379/82 of 8 December 1982 applying generalized tariff preferences for 1983 in respect of certain agricultural products originating in developing countries	"

**List of Community regulations on tariff preferences
for certain products originating in
developing countries**

Subject	N° of the Official Journal of the EC
82/862/ECSC:	
Decision of the representatives of the Governments of the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community, meeting within the Council of 8 December 1982 applying for 1983 the generalized tariff preferences for certain steel products originating in developing countries	L 363/1982
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3606/82 of 23 December 1982 on the definition of the concept of originating products for the purposes of the application of tariff preferences granted by the European Economic Community in respect of certain products from developing countries	L 377/1982
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3607/82 of 23 December 1982 derogating in respect of the countries of the Association of South-East Asian Nations from Articles 1, 6 and 12 of Regulation (EEC) No 3606/82 on the definition of the concept of originating products for purposes of the application of tariff preferences granted by the European Economic Community in respect of certain products from developing countries	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3608/82 of 23 December 1982 derogating in respect of the countries of the Central American Common Market from Articles 1, 6 and 12 of Regulation (EEC) No 3606/82 on the definition of the concept of originating products for purposes of the application of tariff preferences granted by the European Economic Community in respect of certain products from developing countries	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3609/82 of 23 December 1982 derogating in respect of the countries which have signed the Cartagena Agreement (Andean Group) from Articles 1, 6 and 12 of Regulation (EEC) No 3606/82 on the definition of the concept of originating products for the purposes of the application of tariff preferences granted by the European Economic Community in respect of certain products from developing countries	"
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2128/83 of 28 July 1983 amending for the second time Regulation (EEC) No 3606/82 on the definition of the concept of originating products for the purposes of the application of tariff preferences granted by the European Economic Community in respect of certain products from developing countries	L 205/1983
Council Regulation (EEC) No 3333/83 of 4 November 1983 amending Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 on the Common Customs Tariff	L 313/1983

**List of Community regulations on tariff preferences
for certain products originating in
developing countries**

Subject	N° of the Official Journal of the EC
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3205/83 of 11 November 1983 re-establishing the levying of customs duties on raw or unmanufactured tobaccos other than Virginia type, falling within subheadings 24.01 ex A and ex B and originating in developing countries benefiting from the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3379/82.</p>	L 315/1983
<p>Council Regulation (EEC) No 3569/83 of 16 December 1983 applying generalized preferences for 1984 in respect of certain industrial products originating in developing countries</p>	L 362/1983
<p>Council Regulation (EEC) No 3570/83 of 16 December 1983 applying generalized tariff preferences for 1984 to textile products originating in developing countries</p>	"
<p>Council Regulation (EEC) No 3571/83 of 16 December 1983 applying generalized tariff preferences for 1984 in respect of certain agricultural products originating in developing countries</p> <p>83/645/ECSC:</p>	"
<p>Decision of the representatives of the Governments of the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community, meeting within the Council of 16 December 1983 applying for 1984 the generalized tariff preferences for certain steel products originating in developing countries</p>	"
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3749/83 of 23 December 1983 on the definition of the concept of originating products for purposes of the application of tariff preferences granted by the European Economic Community in respect of certain products from developing countries</p>	L 372/1983
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3750/83 of 23 December 1983 derogating in respect of the countries of the Association of South-East Asian Nations from Articles 1, 7 and 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 3749/83 on the definition of the concept of originating products for purposes of the application of tariff preferences granted by the European Economic Community in respect of certain products from developing countries</p>	"
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3751/83 of 23 December 1983 derogating in respect of the countries of the Central American Common Market from Articles 1, 7 and 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 3749/83 on the definition of the concept of originating products for purposes of the application of tariff preferences granted by the European Economic Community in respect of certain products from developing countries</p>	"
<p>Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3752/83 of 23 December 1983 derogating in respect of the countries which have signed the Cartagena Agreement (Andean Group) from Articles 1, 7 and 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 3749/83 on the definition of the concept of originating products for purposes of the application of tariff preferences granted by the European Economic Community in respect of certain products from developing countries</p>	"

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