COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES



Brussels, 11.07.1997 COM(97) 352 final

ANNUAL REPORT TO THE COUNCIL AND TO THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT

on the results of the multi-annual guidance programmes for the fishing fleets at the end of 1996

(presented by the Commission)



1. Subject of the Communication and legal base

For each Member State in the Union, a multi-annual guidance programme (MGP) fixes objectives for reducing the size of the fishing fleet.

The third generation of MGPs were adopted in December 1992¹ and fix objectives for the period 1992 - 1996. These objectives were subsequently revised on the basis of more up to date information during a mid term review of the programmes² in 1995.

For reasons of transparency, when the programmes were adopted in 1992 the Commission undertook to transmit annually to the Council a report on the progress towards these objectives³. The Council made this annual communication obligatory in its decision of 1993 on the restructuring of the fisheries sector⁴ and this obligation was extended to report to the European Parliament⁵. The present report is the fifth in the series ^{6 7 8 9} and the final report on the results of the third generation of programmes (MGP III).

2. The objectives set by the multi-annual guidance programmes.

The fleets of each Member State are classified into segments, and objectives for the tonnage and power are set for each of these segments. The objectives of the programmes should have been achieved for all the segments by 31.12.96.

For each Member State, annual intermediate objectives were also set for the global fleet capacity, that is, the sum of the capacities of all the segments of the fleet. These were intended to ensure that the fleet reductions required were achieved progressively during the period of the programme.

The reduction rates applied to the fleet segments depend on the species targeted and on the gear used. Generally, any segment targeting demersal species is subject to a 20% reduction rate, whereas segments targeting benthic or pelagic species are subject to reduction rates of 15% and 0% respectively. The global reductions required for the fleets of different Member States will therefore differ according to the structure of the fleet. In all cases, the reductions are calculated from the objectives for 1991 that were set by the previous generation of MGPs.

¹ Commission Decisions 92/588/EEC to 92/598/EEC of 21.12.92 (O J L401 of 31.12.92 p.3)

² Commission Decisions 95/238/EC - 95/248/EC (O J L166 of 15.7.95, pp.1-46).

³ Declaration of the Commission annexed to the minutes of the Standing Committee for the Fishing Industry of 1.12.92.

⁴ Article 4 of Decision 94/15/CE (O J L10 of 14.1.94, p.20).

⁵ Article 6 of Council Regulation (EC) No 3699/93 of 21.12.93 (O J L346 of 31.12.93)

⁶ SEC(93) 881 final and SEC(93) 881 final/2.

⁷ COM (94) 208 final.

⁸ COM (95) 463 final.

⁹ COM (96) 305 final

The objectives that are currently in force are those described in the MGP Decisions adopted at the time of the mid term review of the programmes. In many cases, footnotes to the tables of objectives indicated that certain revisions to these objectives would be required at a later date. The present report incorporates several such revisions, so there may be some discrepancies between the objectives presented here and those published in the Official Journal. In the case of the United Kingdom and Ireland, other possible revisions to the objectives have been described at the request of these Member States. Any difference between the published objectives and those presented in the present report are explained in the text, but it must be emphasised that they are subject to a formal proposal from the Commission for modification and the approval of the Management Committee for Fisheries and Aquaculture when the starting objectives for the fourth generation of programmes (MGP IV) are discussed.

3. Measurement of capacity and fishing effort

3.1 Tonnage

When the programmes were adopted, the objectives for tonnage were expressed in gross registered tonnes (GRT). This disguised the fact that in almost all Member States a mixture of tonnage measurements were used, some vessels being measured in GRT, others in gross tonnes (GT) and others in nationally defined units of tonnage. For some vessels, tonnage measurements were available in more than one of these units. To calculate the total tonnage of the fleet, the units were therefore selected in order of priority, namely GRT, GT or other.

In order to harmonise tonnage measurements, Council Regulation (EC) No 3259/94¹⁰, and Commission Decision No. 95/84/EC¹¹ were adopted. These require that all fishing vessels be measured in GT. They also simplify the definition of GT for vessels less than 15 metres in length and specify formulae to estimate the GT of vessels between 15 and 24 metres length pending full remeasurement.

Although it was intended to express the tonnage objectives of the MGP III in units of GT at the time of the mid term review of the programmes, many Member States were unable to comply with the deadlines to submit the GT values or estimates. The services of the Commission therefore postponed the recalculation of the objectives in terms of GT to a later date. After consultations with the Member States, it was agreed that the conversion of tonnages to units of GT would be done at the time the MGP IV was adopted, and that the results of the MGP III would be assessed purely in terms of GRT or national measures of tonnage, depending on the units used to fix the objectives. In this report, the term GRT is used to refer to all of these units, even if the definition of GRT varies from Member State to Member State.

This approach does not remove all of the difficulties of measuring the tonnage of the fleet. Not all countries have GRT values available for every vessel in their fleets, some vessels being measured only in GT. Estimates of GRT are therefore required for these vessels. A Decision of the Commission¹² was adopted in April of this year specifying the estimation formulae to be used to estimate the GRT for the countries concerned.

3.2 Power

The power of the vessels refers to the main engine power, though the way in which this is measured differs between Member States. The figures presented in the report may not therefore be comparable between Member States, but nevertheless indicate the evolution of power in relation to the objectives for any one Member State.

The objectives for power are not affected by the remeasurement procedures described above.

3.3 Fishing Effort

The fishing effort of a vessel is measured as the product of capacity and the number of days spent at sea during the year. There are therefore two measures of effort, one measured in GRT days and the other in kW days.

¹⁰ O J No L 339, 29.12.94, p.11

¹¹ O J No L67, 25.3.95, p33

4. The fishing vessel register of the Community.

The multi-annual guidance programmes are monitored using the declarations to the fishing vessel register of the Community¹³. These declarations were originally sent on a monthly basis, but are now sent weekly. The register is meant to be a record of the physical characteristics of all the commercial marine fishing vessels in the European fleets. In practise, the data for some countries are incomplete. This is discussed more fully in the annex describing the results in each of the Member States.

Following the adoption of the MGP III, the data contained in the register was extended to include, amongst others, the segment of the fleet to which the vessel belongs and the fishing effort in power x days and in tonnage x days. In addition, the register is used to record the real or estimated gross tonnages of the fishing vessels following the recently adopted Council Regulation (EC) No 3259/94 and Commission Decision No. 95/84/EC.

In their declarations, the Member States must notify the Commission of any changes to the fleet, such as new constructions, withdrawals, modifications or changes in activity. Erroneous data can also be corrected using these declarations. All such changes are recorded, but the existing information is not discarded. This makes it possible to reconstruct the situation of the fleet at any given date.

The register is continually being updated and the reliability of the information improved. An amendment to the regulation was recently adopted which both extends and simplifies the information to be communicated, and also puts in place the procedures for direct access to the database by the Member States. This will greatly speed up the exchange of information and allow the register to be used to monitor the access of vessels to the various fisheries.

5. Results

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5.1 Results for each of the Member States

The detailed results by Member State are described in this section. In each case a table shows the evolution of capacity by segment for each of the years 1991 - 1996, together with the objectives to be met by the end of 1996. In these tables the situation at the end of 1996 is also expressed as a percentage of the objectives, so a percentage greater than 100 indicates that the objectives have not been met. Histograms show the evolution of the capacity of the whole fleet compared with the global annual intermediate objectives and the global objective for 1996

The data for the tables and histograms are taken from the fishing vessel register of the Community, or "fleet register". The fleet register is intended to be the definitive source of information on the capacity of the fishing fleets. Where these data are considered unreliable or incomplete, or where they show any discrepancies with the reports on the results of the MGP III submitted by the Member States themselves, this is clearly stated in the text.

The MGPs were formulated in a way that allowed the objectives to be reached by a combination of capacity and activity reductions. However no Member State submitted a proposal to limit fishing activity. The objectives must therefore have been met purely in terms of capacity.

Even though the objectives of the programme must be met purely in terms of capacity, there must be no compensatory increase in the activity of the vessels remaining in the fleet. For this reason, the Member States are required to submit aggregated fishing effort data by segment to the fleet register. For each of the countries that have submitted effort data, a table shows the evolution of effort by segment. Total fishing effort each year is also shown on the same diagram as the capacity data, scaled such that the points for effort and capacity coincide for 1991. Any decrease or increase in effort relative to the intermediate objectives can therefore be clearly seen.

Articles 4 and 5 of Commission Regulation (EC) No 109/94 (O J L19 of 22.1.94).

Belgium

a) Fleet register

The data in the fleet register are up to date. GT measures or estimates are available for 99% of the fleet, but no effort data have been provided by Belgium.

The evolution of the fleet based on the data in the fleet register is shown in Figure 1 and Table 1.

b) Comparison of the data in the fleet register and in the report submitted by Belgium.

The situation by segment at 31.12.96 based on the report from Belgium on the results of the MGP III is shown in the table below:

Segment	MGP category	Situation 31.12.96		
l		GRT	kW	
Netters & Beam trawlers	C10, C17, E10	18490	59343	
Demersal trawlers	E13, G14	1688	4197	
TOTAL		20178	63540	

The results are almost identical to those based on the data in the fleet register. The minor discrepancies that exist are within the limits expected from a combination of rounding errors in the GRT estimations and the time delays involved in communicating changes to the fleet to the fleet register.

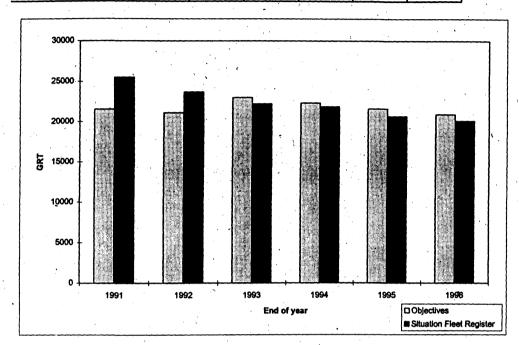
c) Results

When the MGP III was first adopted, the 1996 objectives fixed for the Belgian fleet were calculated by the same formula as for other Member States, namely a reduction from the objectives set by MGP II. However in 1993 Belgium successfully argued that its fleet was already at the minimum viable capacity. The Belgian objectives for 1996 were therefore set independently of the 1991 objectives, and called for global reductions of just 3% in tonnage and power over the period of the programme.

From Figure 1 and Table 1 it can be seen that Belgium has achieved the global objectives for both tonnage and power, but the objectives were not met for the demersal trawler segment, with the tonnage 44% above the 1996 objective and the power 8% above the 1996 objective. However, it should be recognised that the objectives for this segment were particularly severe, requiring decreases of about 70% in tonnage and power over the period of the programme, and that the absolute capacity involved is small.

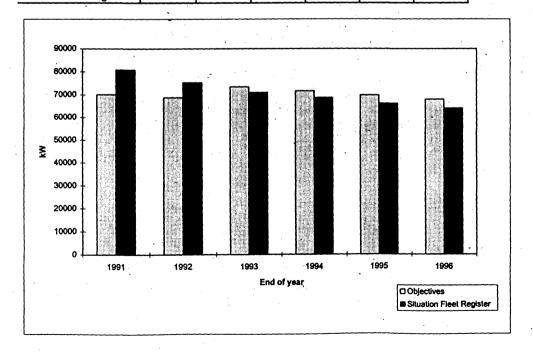
Tonnage (GRT)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives	21551	21120	23007	22309	21612	20914
Situation Fleet Register	25524	23704	22204	21844	20648	20118



Engine power (kW)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives	70069	68668	73365	71529	69693	67857
Situation Fleet Register	80770	75201	70925	68599	65965	63840



Note: Following the revision to the Belgian programme adopted in 1993, the objectives for 1996 were fixed independently of the objectives that were previously fixed for 1991. The annual intermediate objectives for 1993 - 1996 have therefore been calculated starting from the situation at the end of 1992.

Table 1

BELGIUM

Evolution of capacity by segment

The GRT values shown in the table include estimates of GRT based on the formulae given in Commission Decision 97/259/EC. The percentage contributions of these estimates are shown in brackets.

Segment	MGP category	End of yea	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	Objectives	Sit. / Obj.
Netters & Beam trawlers	C10, C17, E10	GRT kW	20935 (55%) 68881	20085 (58%) 65867	19585 (60%) 63872	19573 (60%) 63111	18959 (63%) 61768	18429 (67%) 59643	19744 63987	93% 93%
Demersal trawlers	E13, G14	GRT kW	4421 (14%) 11074	3389 (19%) 8241	2385 (22%) 5831	2271 (27%) 5488	1689 (36%) 4197	1689 (36%) 4197	1170 3870	144% 108%
Unclassified		GRT kW	168 (81%) 815	230 (51%) 1093	234 (68%) 1222					
TOTAL		GRT kW	25524 (48%) 80770	23704 (53%) 75201	22204 (56%) 70925	21844 (57%) 68599	20648 (61%) 65965	20118 (64%) 63840	20914 67857	96% 94%

Denmark

a) Fleet Register

The data in the fleet register are up to date, but GT measures or estimates have been provided for only 54% of the fleet...

There are 30 vessels that have not yet been allocated to segment, but the power and tonnage has been declared for just one of them. It is possible that some of these vessels belong to segment B08, which are in many cases without an engine. This will be clarified with the Danish authorities.

Figure 2 and Table 2a show the evolution of the fleet based on the data in the fleet register. Denmark has supplied effort data for all years of the programme (Table 2b).

b) Comparison of the data in the fleet register and in the report submitted by Denmark.

According to the report from Denmark on the results of the MGP, the situation at the end of 1996 is as follows:

Segment	MGP category	Situation 31.12.96		
		GRT	kW	
Netters	B13	11922	77006	
Trawlers and seiners	B12	58288	270275	
Trawlers Greenland	B10	498	1308	
Purse seiners	B17+B19	6225	15821	
Vessels <5GRT	B08	4354	47424	
TOTAL		81287	411834	

This in line with but not identical to the data in the fleet register. The power figures in the Danish report are somewhat higher than those indicated in the fleet register. A more substantial difference is the presence of the trawler belonging to segment B10. This is not present in the fleet register, or has been mis-allocated to another segment.

c) Results

Figure 2 and Table 2a show that Denmark is well within its objectives for all segments of the fleet. No vessel has been declared as belonging to the segment B10 (Greenland Trawlers), though one vessel is indicated in the Danish report. Assuming the capacity of the vessel in the report is accurate, the objectives for segment B10 have still been achieved.

The objectives shown in the present report differ from those published in the MGP Decision for Denmark. There are two reasons for this. The first is that Denmark had requested an adjustment to the 1996 tonnage objectives to take into account that the situation of the fleet was measured as a mixture of GRT and GT. Based on a sample of the fleet, Denmark calculated that the situation at 1.1.92 measured purely in GRT was about 93% of the situation measured in the mixture of units, and the 1996 objectives were increased by a corresponding amount. A similar situation existed for many Member States, but Denmark was the only country that specifically requested such a correction to the 1996 objectives. However this means that the published 1996 tonnage objectives for Denmark represent a mixture of GT and GRT units, and now that the results of the MGP III are to be assessed purely in units of GRT the adjustment is no longer appropriate. The tonnage objectives for 1996 used in this report have therefore been recalculated so that they are purely in units of GRT.

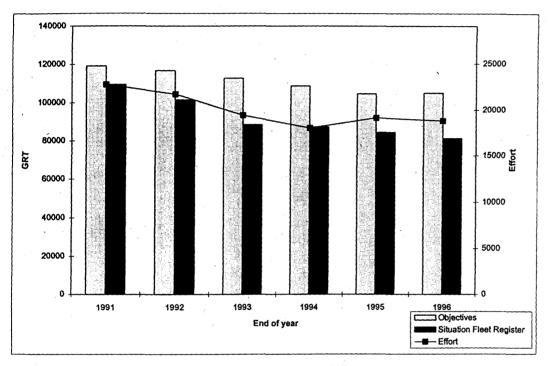
The second change to the published objectives concerns the segment B08 (vessels <5GRT). These vessels were in the process of being registered when the MGP III for Denmark was adopted, and a footnote to the programme envisages the revision of the 1996 objectives for this segment to the actual capacity in December 1994. This revision has been included in the results presented in this report. The capacity of the segment in December 1994 has been taken from the fleet register (4459 GT and 44784 kW) rather than from the Danish report (4577 GT and 48047 kW). This segment is the only one in the Danish fleet where the tonnage objectives are expressed purely in terms of GT. However the declaration of GT values for all of the vessels concerned still needs to be completed, so these objectives could be subject to further adjustment at the time of the adoption of the MGP IV

No vessels have been declared as belonging to the segment B09 (pelagic fishing). This segment was created with the intention of identifying vessels in segment B12 that were engaged in pelagic fishing. The estimated capacity of the vessels concerned was subtracted from the objectives of segment B12 to create the objectives of B09, without any adjustment of the reduction rate applied to reflect the change from a demersal segment to a pelagic segment. The vessels have yet to be identified and removed from segment B12, the objectives of which have nevertheless been comfortably achieved.

Effort data have been provided for all years of the programme. These show that the evolution of fishing effort has closely paralleled that of capacity (Table 2b), indicating that activity has remained fairly constant throughout the period.

Tonnage (GRT)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996 .
Objectives	119188	116804	112766	108727	104689	105109
Situation Fleet Register	109406	101458	88546	87368	84386	81148
Effort	22716	21676	19410	18005	19126	18808



Engine power (kW)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	· 1994	1995	1996
Objectives	514716	504422	487131	469840	452550	480043
Situation Fleet Register	496690	460634	410245	418346	404941	390226
Effort	89512	84747	73593	68116	68781	67192

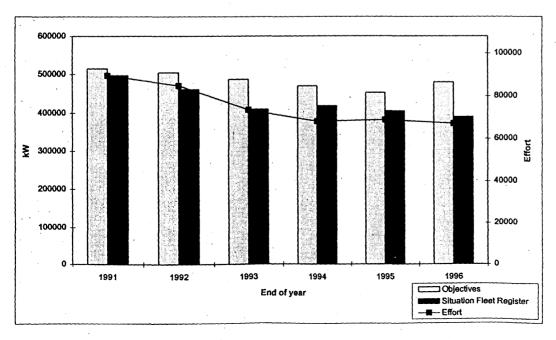


Table 2a

DENMARK

Evolution of capacity by segment

The GRT values shown in the table include estimates of GRT based on the formulae given in Commission Decision 97/259/EC. The percentage contributions of these estimates are shown in brackets. The capacity of vessels in segment B08 is measured in units of GT.

Segment	MGP category	End of yea	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	Objectives	Sit. / Obj.
			44077	44040	40070	40.447	100			
Nets etc	B13	GRT	14977 (4%)	14310 (4%)		13417 (5%)	, 1	` '	t i	77%
		kW	88265	85359	83030	81717	77840	74759	93998	80%
Trawlers + Danish Seine	B12	GRT	83085 (8%)	75838 (9%)	65350 (11%)	· ·	' '	' '		82%
		kW	364476	330671	285356	275625	266946	257606	314439	82%
Pelagic fishing	B09	GRT kW							2300 5700	
Trawlers (Greenland)	B10	GRT kW	2001 3810	2001 3810	256 809		. t	· .	3480 3810	0% 0%
Purse seiners	B17	GRT kW	6258 (30%) 15668	6258 [°] (30%) 15668	6207 (51%) 15668	6207 51%) 15668	6207 (51%) 15668	6225 (51%) 15668	7235 - 17312	86% 91%
Vessels < 5GRT	B08	GT kW	3003 23919	2969 24574	2973 24830	4459 44784	4394 44457	4121 421 6 3	4459 44784	92% 94%
Unclassified		GRT kW	82 (6%) 552	82 (6%) 552	82 (6%) 552	82 (6%) 552	6 30	6 30		
TOTAL		GRT/GT	109406 (8%) 496690	101458 (9%) 460634		87368 (12%) 418346			105109 480043	77% 81%

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Table 2b

DENMARK

Fishing effort by segment (÷1000)

Segment	MGP category	Year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Nets etc	B13	GRT x t	1493	1547	1354	1451	1461	1447
iets etc	D13	kWxt	8918	9495			1	1
Trawlers + Danish Seine	B12	GRT x t	19015	17597	15821	14361	15580	15297
		kW x t	74963	69540	59569	53549	54133	52719
Pelagic fishing	B09	GRT x t					25	
elagic listiling	503	kW x t						1
		NVV X C					131	
Trawlers (Greenland)	B10	GRT x t	593	1066	264	396	294	285
		kW x t	735	1139	446	627		1
	D47	CDT v.4	1404	1222	4074	4605	1004	
Purse seiners	B17	GRT x t	1484	1333		1685	1	3
	 	kW x t	3400	3060	4050	3632	3465	3424
 Vessels < 5GRT	B08	GT x t	131	133	100	112	130	122
vesseis < box i		kW x t	1496	1513			1	1
TOTAL		GRT/GT x t	22716	21676	19410	18005	19126	18808
		kW x t	89512	84747	73593	68116	68781	67192

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Germany

a) Fleet Register

The fleet register data for the German fleet are up to date and complete, though there are currently 18 vessels that have not been allocated to a segment. GT measures or estimates are available for all vessels...

The evolution of the fleet as indicated by the fleet register data is shown in Figure 3 and Table 3a. Fishing effort data have been declared for the years 1991 -1996 (Table 3b).

b) Comparison of the data in the fleet register and in the report submitted by Germany.

The situation of the fleet at 31.12.96, shown below, as indicated by the report from Germany on the results of the MGP III is almost identical to that indicated by the fleet register.

Segment	MGP	Situation 31.12.96		
	category	GRT	kW	
Beam trawlers (crustaceans)	C11	8505	42585	
Beam trawlers (flatfish)	C12	1997	7749	
Fixed nets	C19	6691	30936	
Beam trawlers (flatfish)	G11 + G13	1515	6724	
Bottom trawlers (cutters)	G16 + G17	8684	31156	
Pelagic trawlers	G19	1189	3279	
Pelagic trawlers (cutters)	G20	745	2643	
Longliners (cutters)	G21	12784	11749	
Freezer vessels+ wetfish	G22	17045	25495	
trawlers				
TOTAL		59155	162316	

c) Results

Table 3a shows that Germany is comfortably within its global objectives for 1996, and also within its objectives for all segments except C11, where there has been some increase in capacity over the period of the programme resulting in a 10% excess of tonnage over the objective for 1996.

The fishing effort data show close parallels with the evolution of capacity, indicating that activity has remained relatively constant.

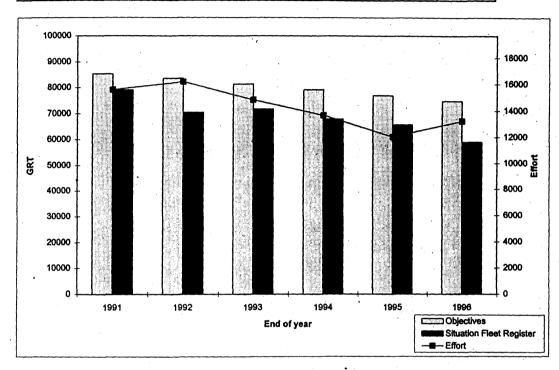
Figure 3

GERMANY

MGP III: Comparison between situations and objectives

Tonnage (GRT)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives	85336	83629	81417	79205	76992	74780
Situation Fleet Register	79141	70581	71823	67942	65831	59115
Effort	15578	16197	14817	13658	12022	13226



Engine power (kW)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives	206465	202336	198237	194138	190039	185940
Situation Fleet Register	189762	170432	170283	166722	163623	161844
Effort	34414	33818	31309	29618	27907	30924

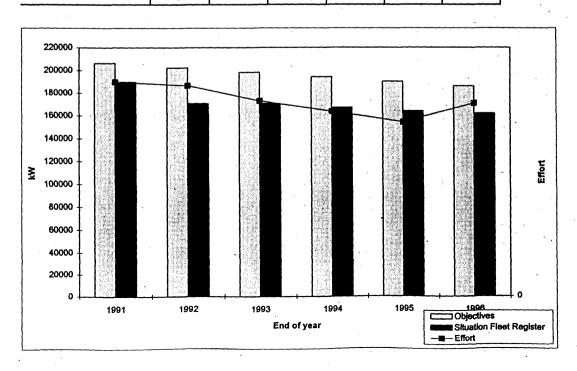


Table 3a

GERMANY

Evolution of capacity by segment

Segment	MGP category	End of yea	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	Objectives	Sit. / Obj.
Beam trawlers (crustaceans)	C11	GRT	7203	7575	7636	7761	8215	8578	7765	110%
		kW	40230	40637	40559	41193	41589	42585	43762	97%
Doors American (Statistics)	C12	GRT	2417	2347	2294	2185	2018	1997	2215	90%
Beam trawlers (flatfish)	C12	kW	9474	9236	8497	8027	7575	7749	8760	90% 88%
Fixed nets	C19	GRT kW	7497 31698	7468 29866	7395 29920	7182 29296	7000 29703	6688 30887	8098 34523	83% 89%
								'		•
Beam trawlers (flatfish)	G11 + G13	GRT kW	1860 7310	1169 4818	1828 7725	1685 6948	1685 6948	1515 6724	1704 6759	89% 99%
	1	1					1 33.0		0.00	
Bottom trawlers (cutters)	G16 + G17	GRT kW	12858 40925	10906 34236	10251 32311	9419 30686	8904 29020	8229 27822	11090 35614	74% 78%
	·									•
Pelagic trawlers	G19	CRT N/	11918 11805	7721 6706	11918 11805	12050 11805	11918 11805	12784 11749	12849 12841	99 % 91 %
			4404	4040	4404	070	0.70			
Pelagic trawlers (cutters)	G20	GRT kW	1461 4636	1210 3651	1101 3479	878 2780	878 2760	745 2643	1575 5043	47% 52%
l ll (the)	C24	GRT	1034	1161	1189	1189	1189	1061	4445	059/
Longliners (cutters)	G21	kW	2857	3279	3279	3279	3279	2856	1115 3108	95% 92%
Freezer vessels	G22	GRT	32893	31024	28211	25593	24024	17045	28369	60%
+ wetfish trawlers	G22	kW	40827	38003	32708	32708	30944	25495	35529	72%
Jnclassified		GRT kW						473 3334		
TOTAL	ur e e	GRT	79141	70581	71823	67942	65831	59115	74780	79%
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		kW	189762	170432	170283	166722	163623	161844	185940	87%

Table 3b

GERMANY

Fishing effort by segment (÷1000)

Segment	MGP category	Year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1990
Beam trawlers (crustaceans)	C11	GRT x t	881	766	922	937	1123	.1119
(0.000000000000000000000000000000000000		kW x t	5185	4703	£ -	t .	i .	Į.
Beam trawlers (flatfish)	C12	GRT x t	592	767	603	675	476	484
Deall Hamers (mansh)		kW x t	2852	3196			1	1
Fixed nets	C19	GRT x t	1009	897	770	931	984	904
		kW x t	4242	3928	!	1	ľ	1
Beam trawlers (flatfish)	G11 + G13	GRT x t	352	444	419	279	354	289
Deam traviers (nation)	011 010	kW x t	1405	1739	1	1 .	1	
Bottom trawlers (cutters)	G16 + G17	GRT x t	2302	2124	1758	1639	1606	1953
		kW x t	7195	6390	5516	1	i	,
Pelagic trawlers	G19	GRT x t	2824	3414	3220	3386	2667	3321
		kW x t	2865	3412	3247	3340	ł	.3152
Pelagic trawlers (cutters)	G20	GRT x t	164	145	177	119	136	201
. oragio transco (outloso,		kW x t	504	365	507	372	422	694
Longliners (cutters)	G21	GRTxt	198	248	251	239	233	207
20113111010 (0411010)		k₩ x t	579	688	698	640	614	541
Freezer vessels	G22	GRTxt	7256	7392	6697	5453	4443	4748
+ wetfish trawlers		kW x t	9587	9397	8003	7234	6130	6793
TOTAL		GRT x t	15578 34414	16197 33 818	14817 31309	13658 29618	12022 27907	13226 30924

Greece

a) Fleet Register

The communication of data to the fleet register has generally been satisfactory and the register regularly brought up to date. However GT values are available for only 19% of the fleet. There are also 154 vessels that have not been allocated to segment and 462 vessels for which no tonnage has been communicated.

The evolution of the fleet based on the data in the fleet register is shown in Figure 4 and Table 4a. Greece has transmitted fishing effort data for the years 1991 - 1994 (Table 4b). Effort data were also supplied for the last quarter only of 1995.

b) Comparison of the data in the fleet register and in the report submitted by Greece.

The situation of the fleet at 31.12.96 given in the Greek report on the results of the MGP III is as follows:

Segment	MGP category	Situation 31	.12.96
		GRT	kW
Fixed Gear and seiners	E20+Z14	71273	506364
Bottom trawlers	E14	24411	112017
Trawlers	G18	15424	36315
TOTAL		110563	654696

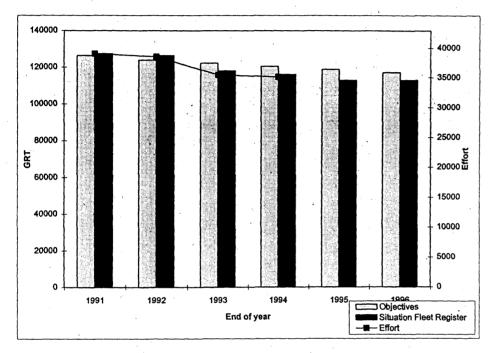
The results are very close to those based on the data in the fleet register. The minor discrepancies that exist are within the limits expected considering the time delays involved in communicating changes or corrections to the fleet register.

c) Results

Figures 4 and Table 4a show that Greece is within its global objectives for 1996, and within the objectives for all segments except for E14 (bottom trawlers). The decrease in global fishing effort corresponds very closely to the decrease in capacity, suggesting similar levels of activity during the period of the programme.

Tonnage (GRT)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives	126528	123997	122262	120527	118791	117056
Situation Fleet Register	127482	126459	118024	116043	112861	112917
Effort	39042	38542	35443	35120		



Engine power (kW)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives	688203	674439	670216	665993	661770	657547
Situation Fleet Register	711730	700872	670860	667261	655290	656845
Effort	225576	221849	212053	211335		

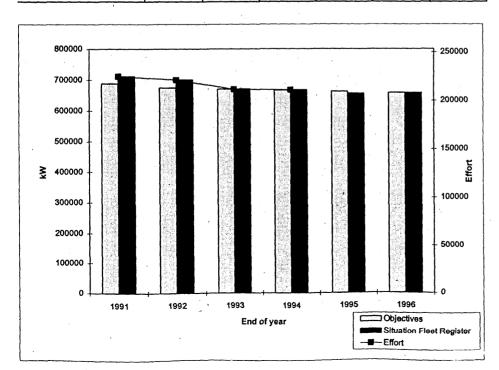


Table 4a

GREECE

Evolution of capacity by segment

Segment	MGP category	End of yea	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	Objectives	Sit. / Obj.
)								·		
Fixed Gear and seiners	E20+Z14	GRT	73228	72759	70673	71294	70846	71339	72667	98%
		kW	535649	524142	506302	508070 -	503480	505773	523820	97%
Bottom trawlers	E14	GRT	27096	27053	26161	25821	24451	24270	22292	109%
		kW	120206	120947	117408	115993	111307	111296	95976	116%
·										
Trawlers	G18	GRT	26754	26130	20653	18394	17064	16828	22097	76%
		kW	52928	52112	43432	39492	36990	36315	37751	96%
1										
Unclassified		GRT	404	517	537	534	500	480	1	
		kW	2947	3671	3718	3706	3513	3461		
TOTAI	-	GRT	127482	126459	118024	116043	112861	112917	117056	96%
£		kW	711730	700872	670860	667261	655290	656845	657547	100%

Table 4b

GREECE

Fishing effort by segment (÷1000)

Segment	MGP category	Year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Fixed Gear and seiners	E20+Z14	GRT x t	24691	24417	23707	23705		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		kW x t	180911	176977	170873	170888		· ·
Bottom trawlers	E14	GRT x t	6393 28468	6446 28925	6166 27889	6099 27666		16
Trawlers	G18	GRT x t	7958 16197	7679 15947	5570 13291	5316		
		KVV X t	10197	10947	13291	12781		
TOTAL		GRT x t	39042 225576	38542 221849	35443 212053	35120 211335		

Spain

a) Fleet Register

The data in the fleet register are regularly updated. GT estimations are available for all but 71 vessels, of which 4 are over 24 metres in length.

Figure 5 and Table 5a show the evolution of the fleet base on the data in the fleet register. Fishing effort data have been communicated for all years of the programme and are shown in Table 5b.

b) Comparison of the data in the fleet register and in the report submitted by Spain.

The situation of the fleet at 31.12.96 given in the Spanish report on the results of the MGP III is as follows:

Segment	MGP category	Situation 31.12.96			
		GRT	kW		
Trawlers & Polyvalent Dredgers		113912	409059		
Pelagic seiners, Netters etc &	D11	123355	565812		
Canaries					
Trawlers & Polyvalent	G12	144948	345091		
Pelagic seiners, Netters etc	G26	28211	85666		
Tuna fleet	G28	53808	113910		
TOTAL		464234	1519538		

The results are very close to those based on the data in the fleet register. The discrepancies that exist are within the limits expected considering the time delays involved in communicating changes or corrections to the fleet to the fleet register.

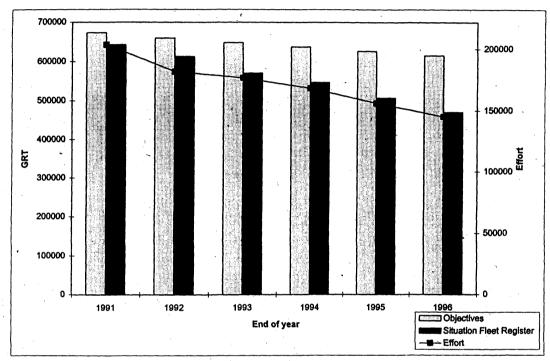
c) Results

The objectives shown in Table 5a differ to those in the published MGP Decision. This is because the vessels covered by Article 158 of the Treaty of Accession were not subject to a capacity reduction for the first 4 years of the MGP III. A footnote to the table of objectives states that these vessels would be fully integrated into the programme on January 1 1996. This means that the capacity concerned was subject to the reduction rates of the programme during the final year. This changes the objectives only for segment D10, since it is the only segment in which vessels covered by Article 158 are found that is subject to a reduction rate. Applying a 4% reduction to the capacity concerned for the final year of the programme (4% over one year being the same rate as 20% over 5 years) changes the objectives for segment D10 from the published 136748 GRT and 442193 kW to those shown in Table 5a.

Spain is well within its objectives for 1996 for all segments of the fleet. The close parallels between the evolution of fishing effort and the evolution of capacity indicates that activity has remained constant.

Tonnage (GRT)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives	673303	659837	648784	637730	626677	615624
Situation Fleet Register	643231	613603	570819	546509	507190	470263
Effort	203500	181803	176693	168324	156237	145077



Engine power (kW)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives	1955372	1916265	1886580	1856896	1827211	1797527
Situation Fleet Register	1915279	1849614	1756502	1711660	1628271	1536436
Effort	598312	552456	538598	524515	496999	467781

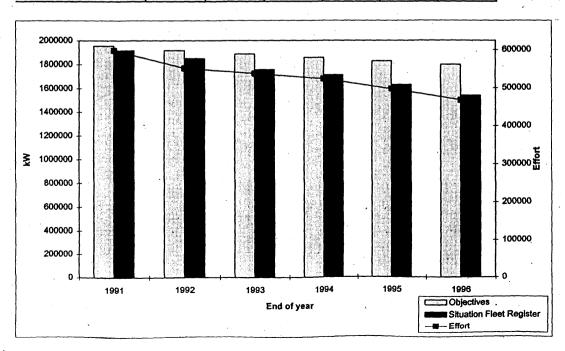


Table 5a

SPAIN

Evolution of capacity by segment

Segment	MGP category	End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	Objectives	Sit. / Obj.
Trawlers & Polyvalent	D10	GRT	148133	144363	133120	127946	121557	114054	134198	85%
Dredgers		kW	496509	485701	459816	449514	430178	410370	435792	94%
-		-						,		
Pelagic seiners, Netters etc & Canaries	D11	GRT kW	139896 619482	133911 601426	130532 588768	128872 583508	128778 585689	124260 569193	146742 628246	85% 91%
Trawlers & Polyvalent	G12	GRT kW	264695 572344	239699 523399	214682 475496	198780 448986	173745 407569	148759 354889	233565 494264	64% 72%
Pelagic seiners, Netters etc	G26	GRT kW	31859 99264	36018 109832	36349 110516	34775 107746	27824 84619	28283 85866	33201 101092	85% 85%
Tuna fleet	G28	GRT kW	58648 127680	59612 129256	56136 121906	56136 121906	55286 120216	54907 116118	67918 138133	81% 84%
TOTAL		GRT kW	643231 1915279	613603 1849614	570819 1756502	546509 1711660	507190 1628271	470263 1536436	615624 1797527	76% 85%

Table 5b

SPAIN

Fishing effort by segment (÷1000)

Segment	MGP category	Year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
					·			
Trawlers & Polyvalent	D10	GRT x t	35725	34894	32865	31964	31300	29782
Dredgers		kW x t	123163	121211	116023	114325	111832	107589
Pelagic seiners, Netters etc	D11	GRT x t	42325	41857	40428	40122	38333	37059
& Canaries		kW x t	193826	191486	186632	187155	180813	174486
	/							
Trawlers & Polyvalent	G12	GRT x t	92495	72742	71506	64729	56931	49017
		kW x t	198831	159801	156565	144152	131752	115301
Pelagic seiners, Netters etc	G26	GRT x t	11513	10534	11404	11019	9494	9579
		kW x t	35802	32814	34887	34392	28724	28828
Tuna fleet	G28	GRT x t	21442	21776	20490	20490	20179	19640
		kW x t	46690	47144	44491	44491	43878	41577
			000500	101000	470000	100001	4 = 00 = -	4:4-0
TOTAL	•	GRT x t	203500	181803	176693	168324	156237	145077
·		kW x t	598312	552456	538598	524515	496999	467781

France

a) Fleet Register

The fleet register has been regularly updated, but no data concerning vessels from the French Overseas Departments have been declared. GT measures or values are available for just 85 vessels, representing less than 2% of the total fleet. Of the vessels > 24 metres in length, about 50% have been declared in GT. France has not submitted fishing effort data.

The evolution of the fleet based on the data in the fleet register is shown in Figure 6 and Table 6.

b) Comparison of the data in the fleet register and in the report submitted by France.

France has not supplied information on the situation of the fleet at 31.12.96. Since for some segments there have been large changes in capacity during the first months of 1997, France has indicated the situation at 12.05.97.

Segment	MGP category	Situation 12.05.97		
		GRT	kW	
Polyval., static gears + canners	A10	28788	226334	
Polyvalent (trawlers)	A11	90583	454818	
Polyvalent static+Dredgers	A12	2865	32438	
Polyvalent (trawlers)	M11	8190	47510	
Pelagic trawl, seiners (tuna) + static gears	M13	8883	120181	
Seiners (tuna)	H10	33286	83235	
TOTAL		172595	964516	

c) Results

From Table 6 it can be seen that in terms of tonnage France is inside its global MGP III (excluding the French Overseas Department segments, for which no data are available). but outside the global objectives in terms of power. France is also outside its objectives in segments A10, A11 and M11.

Concerning the segment M11 (Mediterranean trawlers), France has indicated in its report that it will request a modification of the objectives under the MAGP III. This is based on a reorientation of the vessels from demersal species to pelagic species, which now represent 30% and 70% of the catches respectively. France argues that this means that the 20% reduction applied to the whole segment should now be applied only to 30% of the capacity of the segment. France has also indicated that it would like the effort controls that are in effect for this segment be taken into account under the MGP III.

These modifications have not been included in the present report but could be presented to the Management Committee at the time of the adoption of MGP IV. However, it should be noted that under the MGP III there was no provision to weight the reductions by segment according to the catch composition. France's request would therefore be valid only if different vessels exploited the pelagic and demersal fisheries in the Mediterranean.

Figure 6

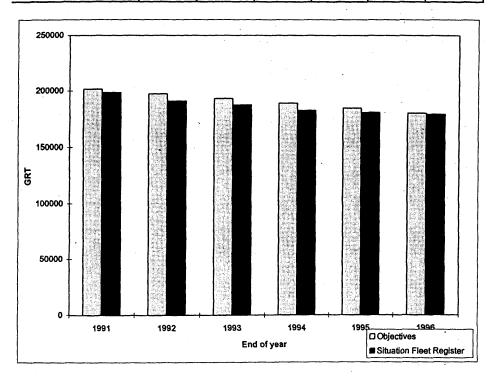
FRANCE

MGP III: Comparison between situations and objectives

Excluding French Overseas Departments

Tonnage (GRT)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives	201604	197572	_ 193318	189064	184811	180557
Situation Fleet Register	198772	191167	187659	182720	181035	179439



Engine power (kW)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives	1055050	1033949	1012609	991270	969930	948591
Situation Fleet Register	1088949	1054358	1034034	1010791	996397	986287

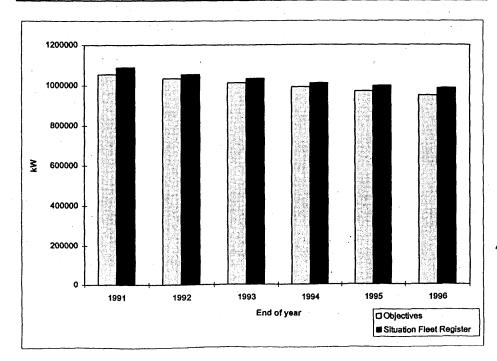


Table 6

FRANCE

Evolution of capacity by segment

Segment	MGP category	End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	Objectives	Sit. / Obj.
Polyval.,static gears + canners	A10	GRT kW	25530 225606	25465 227481	26730 229883	30669 232246	30362 229674	30444 229338	26893 222352	113% 103%
Polyvalent (trawlers)	A11	GRT kW	113730 539359	110363 528647	105918 512808	98345 490224	97344 480046	94626 470600	98899 442421	96% 106%
Polyvalent static+Dredgers	A12	GRT kW	3734 38190	3225 33600	2998 31811	3212 33055	3269 34705	3096 33042	3343 31993	93% 103%
Polyvalent (trawlers)	M11	GRT kW	8079 49012	8155 48881	8543 50359	8517 49391	8470 48957	8412 48644	6808 38644	124% 126%
Pelagic trawl, seiners (tuna) + static gears	M13	GRT kW	9513 127527	9784 126528	9660 124328	9906 125446	9662 123106	9883 121804	10052 125687	98% 97%
Seiners (tuna)	H10	GRT kW	34561 87494	33202 83226	33810 84845	32071 80429	31928 79909	32978 82859	34561 87494	95% 95%
Coastal fleet (DOM)	110	GRT kW							18990 165387	
Tuna fleet (DOM)		GRT kW							1200 6500	
Unclassified		GRT kW	3625 21761	973 5995		-				
TOTAL (Excluding DOM)		GRT kW	198772 1088949	191167 1054358	187659 1034034	182720 1010791	181035 996397	179439 986287	180557 948591	99% 104%

Ireland

a) Fleet Register

The data in the register concerning the situation at the end of 1996 are in line with the data in the national database and are considered to be reliable. However, much work remains to be done to complete the historical data in the fleet register

For years prior to 1996 the segmentation data are not considered reliable. This is because the allocation of capacity to segments was originally done on the basis of vessel activity, the capacity of a single vessel being partitioned between more than one segment in some cases. The Commission requested a change in the allocation of vessels to segments such that one vessel belongs to just one segment at any one time. The work to do the reallocation retrospectively is part of a continuing programme to improve the data in the register.

The change in the way vessels are allocated to segments has also led Ireland to request a reallocation the 1996 objectives between certain segments. This is explained later.

GT measures or estimates have been supplied for about 89% of the total fleet. Ireland has supplied effort data for each year of the programme.

There are currently 26 vessels that have not been allocated to a segment.

The evolution of capacity and effort according to the data in the fleet register is shown in Figure 7 and Table 7.

b) Comparison of the data in the fleet register and the report submitted by Ireland.

The situation of the fleet at 31.12.96 as indicated in the report from Ireland is as follows:

Segment	MGP category	Situation 31.12.96		
		GRT	kW	
Beam trawlers	E11	1114	5129	
Pelagic trawlers	E15	13807	38893	
Polyvalent	E18, E19	29783	132785	
TOTAL		44704	176807	

c) Results

In the MGP Decision for Ireland, a footnote to the table of objectives states that the situation of the fleet at 1.1.92 and/or the objectives of the programme for 1991 may be revised to take into account an additional capacity in the polyvalent segment of vessels that were previously unregistered. These are mainly small vessels, and the total capacity amounts to approximately 3000 tonnes and about 10800 kW. Given that the objectives of the Irish MGP for 31.12.96 were subsequently set independently of the objectives for 1991; the services of the Commission consider that there is a case for adding the capacity of the vessels concerned to both the situation and the objectives of the polyvalent segment for 31.12.96.

The objectives of the programme cannot yet be modified to take into account this additional capacity, because the process of registering these vessels is continuing. A total of 55 vessels, amounting to 631 GRT and 3093 kW have so far been registered and declared to the fleet register. For the purposes of the present report, this capacity has been removed from the situation at 31.12.96 in order to compare the situation of the fleet with the published objectives of the programme. Registration of these vessels will be completed before the adoption of the MGP IV, when the additional capacity will be added to the objectives for 1996.

The results based on the fleet register (Figure 7 and Table 7) indicate that Ireland is within the global objectives of its MGP III but outside its targets for the polyvalent segment.

It should be noted that Ireland has requested a modification of the objectives of the programme which, if accepted, would change the results of the MGP III. The need for this modification is a result of the reallocation of vessels to segments, as mentioned in section (a) above. Prior to the mid term review of the programmes, Ireland allocated capacity to segments in such a way that the capacity of an individual vessel was partitioned between more than one segment. At the mid term review this procedure was changed at the Commission's request, and a certain capacity was consequently moved from the pelagic segment to a newly formed polyvalent segment. This capacity represented the dry-hold vessels fishing both demersal and pelagic species, leaving just refrigerated seawater vessels in the pelagic segment. However, no corresponding adjustment was made to the objectives of the pelagic and polyvalent segments. Ireland has now requested that such an adjustment be made before the adoption of the MGP IV.

The Commission services would in principle support this transfer of objectives provided that it can verify the figures concerned. This requires a list of the vessels involved, together with the history of the allocation of their capacities to segments throughout the programme.

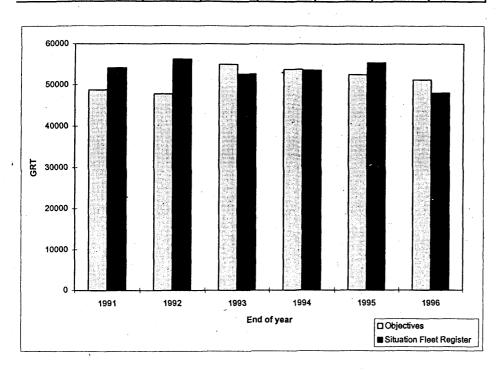
Figure 7

IRELAND

MGP III: Comparison between situatic and objectives

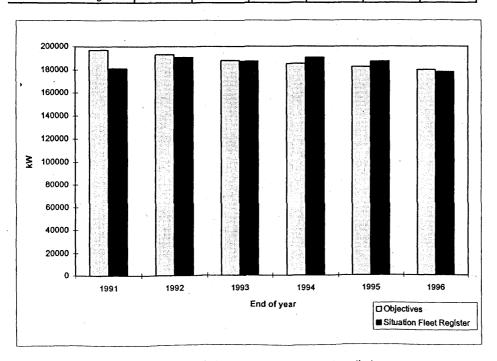
Tonnage (GRT)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives	48750	47775	54990	53725	52460	51195
Situation Fleet Register	54083	56255	52589	53536	55391	47998



Engine power (kW)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives	197011	193071	187910	185184	182458	179732
Situation Fleet Register	181027	190636	187197	190363	187184	177954



Note: The objectives for 1996 are fixed independently of the objectives that were previously fixed for 1991. The annual intermediate objectives for 1993 - 1996 have therefore been calculated

Table 7

IRELAND

Evolution of capacity by segment

The GRT values for 1996 shown in the table include estimates of GRT based on the formulae given in Commission Decision 97/259/EC. The percentage contributions of these estimates are shown in brackets. For all other years, tonnages are given as a mixture of GT and GRT.

Segment	MGP category	End of yea	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	Objectives	Sit. / Obj.
Beam trawlers	E11	GRT kW						1114 5128	1140 6113	98% 84%
Pelagic trawlers	E15	GRT kW						12385 (79%) 35953	19500 44359	64% 81%
Polyvalent	E18, E19	GRT kW						31940 (2%) 130855	30555 129260	105% 101%
Unclassified		GRT kW						2559 6018		
TOTAL		GRT kW	54083 181027	56255 190636	52589 187197	53536 190363	55391 187184	47998 (21%) 177954	51195 179732	94% 99%

a) Fleet Register

The last declaration to the fleet register was made in August 1995. The allocation of vessels to segments in the register is unreliable and bears little relation to the objectives of the programme. For this reason only the evolution of the global situation is presented (Figure 8). Note that in the absence of new declarations the situation on 1996 is identical to that in 1995.

GT measures or estimates have been supplied for 92% of the total fleet, and for 38% of vessels greater than 24 metres in length. Italy has supplied effort data for the years 1991 - 1994 (Table 8)

b) Comparison of the data in the fleet register and in the report submitted by Italy.

Italy has indicated that the capacity of its fleet in at 31.12.96 was as follows:

Segment	MGP category			
		GRT	kW	
Pelagic pair trawlers	C13	1079	6825	
Bottom trawlers'(&Volante)	C14	78657	390180	
Manual dredgers	C15	72	382	
Suction dredgers	C16	2069	22680	
Netters	C18	6	21	
Longliners & liners	C20	596	6406	
Polyvalent (trawlers)	C21	75284	499868	
Polyvalent (non trawlers)	C22	55286	460088	
Seiners (tuna)	C23	4216	22570	
Bottom trawlers	M10	6233	18472	
Polyvalent (non trawlers)	M12	825	3830	
Bottom trawlers	G15	10154	22093	
Tuna fleet	G29	0	0	
Others	-	11209	69343	
TOTAL		245494	1522756	

The data supplied by Italy includes vessels classified by gears but not by segment. These are shown as "others" in the above table.

c) Results

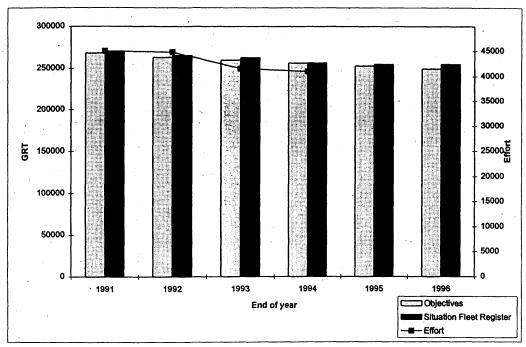
The fleet register data suggest that Italy is outside its global MGP III objectives in both tonnage and power, with an excess of 2% and 3% respectively. However, this is based on information received in 1995. The data supplied by Italy suggest that the objectives for 1996 have been achieved in terms of tonnage but not in terms of power. The Commission services cannot verify these data, nor evaluate the results of the programme by segment.

Italy has indicated that a revision of its power objectives may be requested to take into account the derating of engines when the baseline levels of power were established. The Commission will examine the case presented by Italy when the appropriate data are made available.

The global effort data suggest that activity has remained constant throughout the period of the programme.

Tonnage (GRT)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives	268198	262834	259421	256008	252595	249182
Situation Fleet Register	270440	265232	262385	256246	254607	254607
Effort	45029	44793	41536	40967		



Engine power (kW)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives	1541664	1510831	1499293	1487755	1476218	1464680
Situation Fleet Register	1525678	1532687	1533170	1520751	1515842	1515842
Effort	240254	246166	231381	234610		

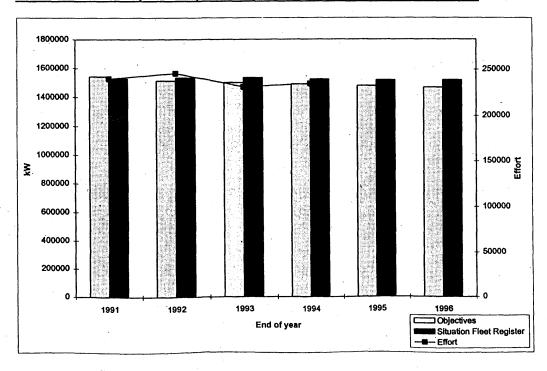


Table 8

ITALY Fishing effort by segment (+1000)

Segment	MGP category	Year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Palagia pair traudara	C13	GRT x t	370	257	450	467		-•
Pelagic pair trawlers	C13	kWxt	2134	1568	452 2802	467 2877		
Bottom trawiers'(&Volante)	C14	GRT x t	9609	10114	9365	9660		
		kWxt	47971	50703	47544	50028		
Manual dredgers	C15	GRTxt	25	6	5	5		
manuar arcagora		kWxt	210	33	. 29	30		
		-						
Suction dredgers	C16	GRT x t	242	275	. 270	271		
		kW x t	2512	2914	2878	2888		
			٠.					
Netters	C18	GRT x t	471	508	561	552		
		kW x t	3625	4014	4392	4407		
					. `			
Longliners & liners	C20	GRT x t	159 1251	138 1158	111 971	118 1077		
		KVV X L	, 1251	-1156	9/1	1077		
Polyvalent (trawlers)	C21	GRTxt	293	286	108	109		
· Olyvaione (Bannolo)		kW x t	2333	2158	1161	1216		
Polyvalent (non trawlers)	C22	GRT x t	20718	21403	19809	20008		
		kW x t	149317	154941	144564	146878		
Seiners (tuna)	C23	GRT x t	454	488	459	521		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		kW x t	2490	2608	2551	2832		
				2074		0505	·	
Bottom trawlers	M10	GRT x t	3916 10628	3971 10716	3757 10345	3595 10159		
		KVV X L	10020	10710	10343	10109		
Polyvalent (non trawlers)	M12	GRT x t	571	596	681	622		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		kW x t	1987	2053	2434	2213		
] .			,			
Bottom trawlers	G15	GRT x t	6925	5866	5221	3965		
		kW x t	13276	11216	9791	7450		
Tuna float	G29	GRT x t	1276	885	737	1074	l	
Tuna fleet	GZS	kW x t	2520	2084	1919	2555		
		† · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
TOTAL		GRT x t	45029	44793	41536	40967		
		kW x t	240254	246166	231381	234610		

The Netherlands

a) Fleet Register

A number of technical problems concerning the declarations of data to the fleet register have now been resolved and the data have now been brought up to date. However, GT measures or estimates are available for only 57% of the vessels in the fleet. For vessels greater than 24 metres in length, 78% of the GT values have been declared.

The Netherlands has not submitted effort data over the period of the programme. This is because the Dutch definition of time at sea differs from that required under the programmes.

The evolution of the fleet based on the data in the fleet register is shown in Figure 9 and Table 9.

b) Comparison of the data in the fleet register and in the report submitted by the Netherlands.

The Netherlands did not submit a report giving the situation of the fleet at 31.12.96. However data were supplied on the total number of days allocated over the period 1992 - 1996, as shown below.

Year	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Sea-days	114486	104783	109100	104309	106982

These data are not directly comparable with the definition of days at sea used in the MGP, but nevertheless indicate that mean activity has decreased over the period of the programme.

c) Results

The tonnage objectives shown in Table 9 for the pelagic segment (E16) differ from those published in the MGP Decision. In the Decision, a footnote to the Dutch table of objectives points out that the tonnage objectives for 1991 for this segment were generated by calculating the ratio (objective in kW for 31.12.91) / (situation in kW at 1.1.92) and applying the same ratio to the situation in tonnes at 1.1.92. This procedure was adopted because of historical inconsistencies in the tonnage figures for this segment, especially when compared to the evolution of the power. When the calculation was done to generate the tonnage objectives for 1991, the situation at 1.1.92 was measured in a mixture of GT and GRT. Now that it has been agreed that the MGP III will be assessed purely in units of GRT, the objectives for 1996 must be recalculated using the situation at 1.1.92 measured purely in units of GRT. The result is a substantial reduction in the objectives, from the published 36,465 tonnes to 21,100 GRT. However, it should be noted that this is due to the very high proportion of vessels in this segment that had been measured in GT and does not represent a more severe objective; the numerical value of the situation of the segment also shows a corresponding decrease.

From Table 9 it can be seen that the Netherlands has failed to reach its MGP targets in all segments. This is particularly marked for the tonnage of segments E16 and E17. However, it has long been recognised that the calculation of the tonnage objectives for the Dutch fleet are less than satisfactory. The calculations described in the preceding paragraph were necessary in order to establish objectives for the pelagic segment because the historical discrepancies in the data were particularly marked, but a similar problem may exist for the cutter fleet.

The Dutch authorities are investigating the source of the inconstancies in the evolution of the tonnage of their fleet and have submitted further information to the Commission. Preliminary analyses indicate that the objective of segment E16 should be 26807 GRT and that of segment E17 should be 67690 GRT.

Apart from a possible modification of the tonnage objectives through a revision of the baseline, the Dutch authorities have requested that the effort reduction resulting from a reduction in beam length be taken into account towards the objectives of its cutter fleet (segment E17). This request is based on the results of scientific studies that suggest that a reduction in the length of the beam from 14 metres to 12 metres reduces the efficiency, and hence fishing effort, by about 10%.

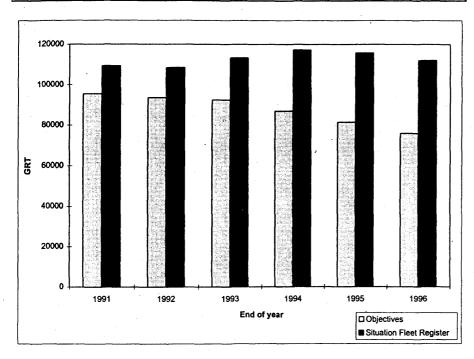
The Netherlands will supply further information in support of both requests for the modification of the MGP III objectives for examination by the Management Committee for Fisheries and Aquaculture at the time of the adoption of the MGP IV.

Figure 9

NETHERLANDS MGP III: Comparison between situations and objectives

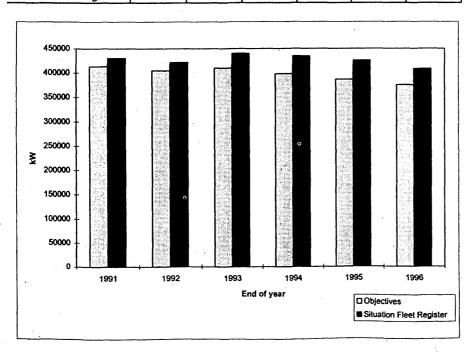
Tonnage (GRT)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives	95496	93586	92425	86870	81315	75760
Situation Fleet Register	109387	108616	113383	117275	115829	112036



Engine power (kW)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives	412988	404728	409767	398080	386394	374707
Situation Fleet Register	430090	421948	440405	434430	425860	408305



Note: The capacity of shrimp trawlers (MGP category E12) are excluded from the objectives and the situations for 1991 and 1992 but are included for the years 1993 - 1996

Table 9

NETHERLANDS Evolution of capacity by segment

The GRT values shown in the table include estimates of GRT based on the formulae given in Commission Decision 97/259/EC. The percentage contributions of these estimates are shown in brackets.

Segment	MGP category	End of yea	. 1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	Objectives	Sit. / Obj.
Cutters (crust. and molluscs	E12	GRT kW	4312 (31%) 16725	4525 (30%) 17614	4658 (30%) 18193	4596 (30%) 18280	4712 (25%) 18737	4551 (27%) 17993	4394 16725	104% 108%
Pelagic trawlers	E16	GRT kW	26807 (82%) 58796	26807 (82%) 58796	24983 (81%) - 53943	29739 (87%) 57625	29739 (87%) 56711	29739 (87%) 56711	21100 46278	141% 123%
Cutter fleet (excl. moll/crust.	E17	GRT kW	82580 (54%) 371294	81809 (57%) 363152	83742 (61%) 368269	82940 (66%) 358525	81378 (68%) 350412	77746 (71%) 333601	50176 311704	155% 107%
TOTAL		GRT kW	113699 (59%) 446815	113141 (62%) 439562	113383 (64%) 440405	117275 (70%) 434430	115829 (71%) 425860	112036 (73%) 408305	75670 374707	148% 109%

Portugal

a) Fleet Register

The data in the fleet register are largely complete. GT values are available for all vessels over 24 metres, and for 99% of the fleet as a whole. Portugal has indicated that the remaining 1% have now been measured in GT and will be communicated to the fleet register in the next declaration.

The evolution of the fleet as indicated by the data in the fleet register is shown in Figure 10 and Table 10. Effort data has been communicated for all years of the programme (Table 10b).

b) Comparison of the data in the fleet register and in the report submitted by Portugal.

The situation of the fleet at 31.12.96 according to the report from Portugal, shown below, is almost identical to that given by the data in the fleet register:

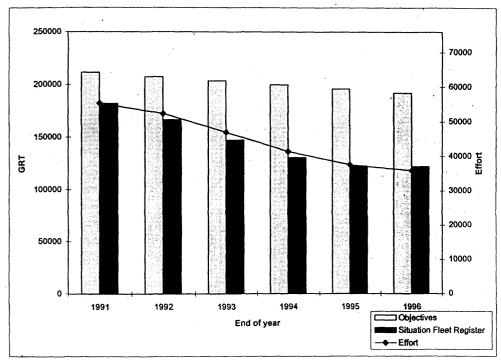
Segment	MGP category	Situation 31.12	2.96
		GRT	kW
Trawlers	B11	15097	53355
Polyvalent (non trawlers)	B15	35443	175427
Purse seine (sardines)	B19	7797	36342
Polyvalent , Trawlers & Purse seine (tuna)	G24 + G27	43856	65692
Polyvalent (non trawlers)	B16	4297	15667
Purse seiners	B18	256	1093
Polyvalent (tuna)	G25	715	1670
Polyvalent	B14	11319	43720
Polyvalent	G23	1583	2354
TOTAL		120363	395320

c) Results

Portugal is within its objectives for all segments of the fleet and well below its global objectives. The decrease in fishing effort closely parallels that of capacity and indicates that activity has remained constant.

Tonnage (GRT)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives	211530	207299	203442	199585	195727	191870
Situation Fleet Register	182080	166585	147069	130377	122473	121933
Effort	55322	52396	46967	41363	37537	35853



Engine power (kW)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives	553678	. 542604	536922	531239	525556	519873
Situation Fleet Register	503650	484551	448953	414544	396475	396040
Effort	140592	137315	129464	121114	114963	111368

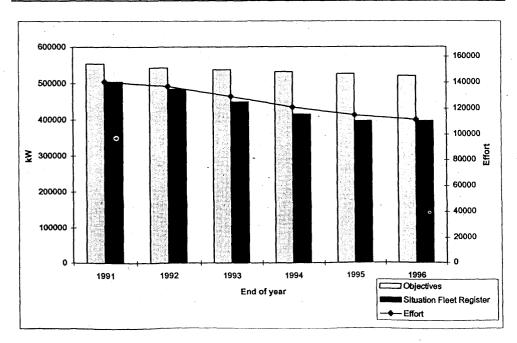


Table 10a

PORTUGAL

Evolution of capacity by segment

Segment	MGP category	End of yea	1991	1392	1993	1994	1995	1996	Objectives	Sit. / Obj.
Trawlers	B11	GRT kW	20520 73560	20058 71741	18189 65530	16554 58512	15200 54288	15084 53270	18054 62749	84% 85%
Polyvalent (non trawlers)	B15	GRT kW	47580 203232	44695 194451	40807 186182	36721 176537	35300 172276	34955 173012	52227 216388	67 % 80 %
Purse seine (sardines)	B19	GRT kW	11726 53056	11445 52598	9748 45151	8488 39392	8248 38584	8259 38533	12871 56527	64% 68%
Polyvalent , Trawlers & Purse seine (tuna)	G24 + G27	GRT kW	80676 108313	68765 97057	58025 83788	49740 73140	45468 66045	45468 66045	83966 103390	54% 64%
Polyvalent (non trawlers)	B16	GRT kW	4009 15222	3838 14602	4389 16060	4156 14877	4326 15534	4334 15691	5024 19438	86% 81%
Purse seiners	B18	GRT kW	208 916	208 916	208 916	208 916	208 916	256 1093	261 1170	98% 93%
Polyvalent (tuna)	G25	GRT kW	715 1670	715 1670	715 1670	715 1670	715 1670	715 1670	1200 2550	60% 65%
Polyvalent	B14	GRT kW	11263 42664	12706 47492	12291 46603	, 12353 47146	11566 44808	11420 44372	13653 53397	84% 83%
Polyvalent	G23	GRT kW	5383 5017	4155 4024	2697 3053	1442 2354	1442 2354	1442 2354	4614 4264	31% 55%
TOTAL		GRT kW	182080 503650	166585 484551	147069 448953	130377 414544	122473 396475	121933 396040	191870 519873	64% 76%

Table 10b

PORTUGAL Fishing effort by segment (÷1000)

Segment	MGP category	Year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Trawlers	B11 .	GRT x t	6531	6382	6027	5465	4972	4741
		kW x t	23157	22762	21531	19454	17656	16841
Polyvalent (non trawlers)	B15	GRT x t	12657	12170	11261	10163	9448	9269
Polyvalent (non trawlers)		kW x t	50404	49247	46847	46181	45993	45535
Purse seine (sardines)	B19	GRTxt	3105	3030	2830	2417	2204	2112
ruise seine (saidines)	B13	kW x t	13911	13751	12969	. 11202	, 10260	9839
			07100					
Polyvalent , Trawlers & Purse seine (tuna)	G24 + G27	GRT x t	27128 36409	24841 34135	21116 30295	18009 264 4 1	-15881 23422	14794 21919
Dalamata (non troublems)	B16	GRT x t	993	990	1070	1149	4425	4407
Polyvalent (non trawlers)	B10	kW x t	3706	3655	3870	4093	1135 4054	1127 4066
	B18	GRT x t	54	5.4	£4	F.4	£4	64
Purse seiners	1510	kW x t	239	54 239	54 239	54 239	54 239	61 262
Dalama land (Alma)	G25	GRT x t	236	236	236	236	- 236	226
Polyvalent (tuna)	G25	kW x t	551	. 551	551	551	551	236 551
			2240	2070	2400	0407	0404	0004
Polyvalent	B14	GRT x t	2810 10559	3072 11483	3196 11994	3187 12061	3131 12011	2991 11578
			4000	4004		000	470	
Polyvalent :	G23	GRT x t	1808 1656	1621 1492	1177 1 168	683 892	476 7 <u>7</u> 7	522 777
							·	
: TOTAL		GRT x t	55322 140592	52396 137315	46967 129464	41363 121114	37537 114963	35853 111368

United Kingdom

a) Fleet Register

Up until 1996 there had been large discrepancies between the data contained in the Community fleet register and those contained in the UK national database. During 1996 and the early part of 1997, a series of technical meetings between the services of the Commission and the UK administration succeeded in solving the technical difficulties that were causing the problems.

The fleet register is now broadly in line with the national data, though not all vessels from the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man are included. Power has been declared for all but 2 vessels, one belonging to segment F18 (average power 220kW), one to F19 (average power 47kW), and one to an unknown segment (vessel length 5.03 metres). There are a total of 474 vessels that have not been allocated to segment.

GT values have been declared for over 90% of the fleet, though for vessels more than 24 metres in length GT values have been declared for only 50%.

The evolution of capacity and effort based on the fleet register data is shown in Figure 11 and Table 11a. The United Kingdom has supplied effort data for all years of the MGP III. (Table 11b).

b) Comparison of the data in the fleet register and in the report submitted by the United Kingdom.

A direct comparison is not possible between the situation at 31.12.96 by MGP III segment based on the fleet register and that based on the report from the UK, since the latter anticipates the disappearance of segment F18 and a reallocation of the capacity to other segments. This is explained in more detail later. The situation at 31.12.96 as indicated in the UK report is as follows:

Segment	MGP	Situation 31.12.	96
	category	GRT	lkW
Beam trawl	F10	22104	117616
Demersal Trawl & Seiners	F11 + F20	64524	332337
Pelagic trawl	F12	27801	71876
Shellfish fixed	F13	5387	44463
Shellfish mobile	F14	8504	55648
Netters, Liners + other static	F15	13613	51977
gears			
Nephrops trawl	F16	11036	67790
Distant water	F17	12423	26853
Others >10 m	F18	0	0
Mixed (non trawlers) <10 m	F19	20851	286367
TOTAL		186252	1054927

The capacity of the fleet at 31.12.96 based on the UK report is approximately 2,000 GRT and 20,000 kW greater than that indicated by the fleet register, which may be partly explained by the incomplete data for the Channel Islands and Isle of Man vessels in the fleet register.

c) Results

Figure 11 and Table 11b show that the United Kingdom failed to reach the global objectives of the programme in both tonnage and power, and failed to reach the objectives in tonnage, power or both, for 6 of the 10 segments of the fleet. Moreover, the evolution of fishing effort diverges somewhat from the evolution of capacity. This may indicate that mean activity has have increased over the period of the programme. The United Kingdom has however indicated that the fishing effort data are not based on samples but on a complete census of the fleet, and that prior to 1993 these data were incomplete. Since 1993 the trend in fishing effort more closely parallels that of capacity. Further analysis will be undertaken to ascertain whether there has been a real increase in activity since 1991, or whether this is an artefact of improved data collection.

It should be noted that the United Kingdom has argued that several amendments to its MGP III objectives are appropriate. These are:

i) Reallocation of the vessels in segment F18

When the programme was adopted, segment F18 contained vessels for which there was very little information on the fishing activities, or vessels that had belonged to other segments but which had ceased fishing activities. As more information became available during the period of the programme, many of the vessels were reallocated to more appropriate segments. This is the reason that the objectives for this segment appear to have been achieved by a large margin. The UK now wants to redistribute both the situation and the objectives for this segment amongst the other segments based on their activity or most likely activity. The services of the Commission support this.

The effect of the reallocation is that the UK is marginally further away from the achievement of its 1996 objectives, as indicated in the table below (based on the data in the fleet register).

Segment	MGP		Situation	Objectives	Situation /
	category		31.12.96	31.12.96	Objectives
Beam trawl	F10	GRT	20966	18393	114%
		kW	109259	86467	126%
Demersal Trawl & Seiners	F11 + F20	GRT	64111	57559	111%
		kW	323184	300176	108%
Pelagic trawl	F12	GRT	27132	23541	115%
-		kW	73896	77955	95%
Shellfish fixed	F13	GRT	5839	5094	115%
,		kW	36539	34054	107%
Shellfish mobile	F14	GRT	8110	8125	100%
	ì	kW	45558	48606	94%
Netters, Liners + other static	F15	GRT	14588	12712	115%
gears		kW	54738	63910	86%
Nephrops trawl	F16	GRT	14350	18123	79%
		kW	83820	101018	83%
Distant water	F17	GRT	7107	9876	72%
	ł	kW	18120	21236	85%
Others >10 m	F18	GRT			
		kW	·		
Mixed (non trawlers) <10 m	F19	GRT	19577	21968	89%
,		kW	264868	271482	98%
Unclassified		GRT	2760		
		kW	24518		
TOTAL		GRT	184539	175391	105%
		kW	1034498	1004903	103%

ii) Revision of the 1991 baseline

At the time of MGP I, the UK recorded the size of its "active" fleet, but in 1989 at the Commission's request changed its database to include all registered vessels. Following a preliminary estimate in 1991 the objectives of MGP II were revised to take into account the apparent increase in the size of the fleet as a result of this change.

A much more complete census has now been completed, and suggests that the difference between the "active" and "registered" fleet was about 6,000 GRT more than previously supposed. The services of the Commission have confirmed that this is likely to be the case. The 6,000 GRT are already recorded in the fleet register and are therefore included in the figures for the situation of the UK fleet. The UK have requested that the objectives for 1991, and consequently the objectives for 1996, be revised to take this into account.

The methodology proposed by the UK involves an estimation of the difference between the "active" and the "registered" fleet in 1986. No information is available prior to this date.

The report submitted by the United Kingdom on the results of the MGP III anticipates these changes to the objectives and the segmentation. The data and calculations presented in the UK report differ a little from those based on the fleet register. The UK calculate the revised global objectives to be 181216 GRT and 1059212 kW, and the situation of the fleet is stated to be 186251 GRT and 1054927 kW, which are respectively 103% and just under 100% of the global objectives. The discrepancies in the situation at 31.12.96 may be due to some remaining differences between the national and fleet registers and will be resolved before any revision of the objectives is proposed to the Management Committee for Fisheries and Aquaculture.

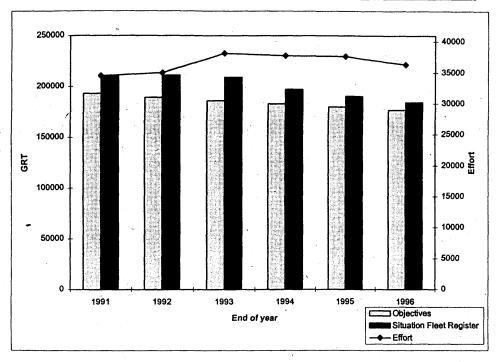
Figure 11

UNITED KINGDOM

MGP III: Comparison between situations and objectives

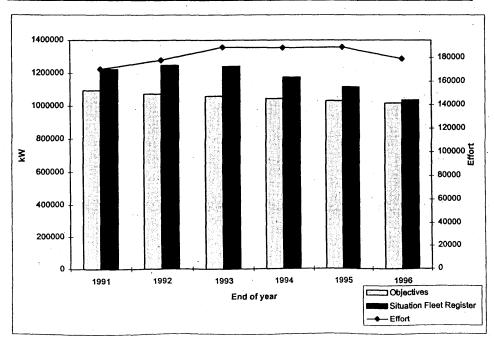
Tonnage (GRT)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives	193027	189166	186120	183074	180027	176981
Situation Fleet Register	210637	211151	209249	197223	190422	184539
Effort	34500	35000	38100	37700	37600	36300



Engine power (kW)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives	1095206	1073302	1058777	1044253	1029728	1015204
Situation Fleet Register	1223828	1248003	1241130	1174644	1115163	1034498
Effort	170400	178000	188800	188300	188800	179000



UNITED KINGDOM

Evolution of capacity by segment

The GRT values shown in the table include estimates of GRT based on the formulae given in Commission Decision 97/259/EC. The percentage contributions of these estimates are shown in brackets.

Segment	MGP category	End of yea	1991	1992		1993		1994	1995	1996	Objectives	Sit. / Obj.
Beam trawl	F10	GRT kW	21733 (189 114867	24729 129321	(20%)	24466 126284	(21%)	23295 (25%) 122935	21296 (26%) 112427	20146 (24%) 105866	17621 81465	114% 130%
Demersal Trawl & Seiners	F11 + F20	GRT kW	65832 (29 337885	65365 336730	(4%)	65983 336947	(3%)	62326 (5%) 320063	57914 (5%) 299013	57549 (5%) 296044	51746 262505	111% 113%
Pelagic trawl	F12	GRT kW	23463 (29 77371	22386 71702		25864 80524	(8%)	23885 (20%) 78907	23287 (31%) 72821	26312 (32%) 70503	22633 72060	116% 98%
Shellfish fixed	F13	GRT kW	3879 (3° 30087	3804 30289		3733 30526		3628 29660	3368 26944	3378 26361	2370 16395	143% 161%
Shellfish mobile	F14	GRT kW	5531 (29 31790	5444 31818	(2%)	5209 32703	(6%)	5774 (11%) 34207	35030	5649 (12%) 35380	5400 30947	105% 114%
Netters, Liners + other static gears	F15	GRT kW	12544 (10 59189	(a) 13509 60967	(10%)	14123 61639	(10%)	14059 (12%) 58774	13544 (13%) 54227	12947 (13%) 47953	10896 52137	119% 92%
Nephrops trawl	F16	GRT kW	17550 99145	17208 96724		16502 95522		15859 (2%) 91851	15330 · (1%) 89297	12709 (2%) 77035	16306 89246	78% 86%
Distant water	F17	GRT kW	8350 (149 21074	8281 20873	(14%)	8281 20873	(14%)	7002 (20%) 18021	5504 (26%) 14770	7106 (26%) 18120	9876 21236	72% 85%
Others >10 m	F18	GRT kW	17160 (7° 96582	16842 98043	(9%)	15746 92643	(9%)	9196 (14%) 62113	17058 (34%) 81788	16406 (45%) 67850	18165 117728	90% 58%
Mixed (non trawlers) <10 m	F19	GRT kW	23689 296516	24674 324140		25311 335906		23760 318823	21392 290663	19577 264868	21968 271484	89% 98%
Unclassified		GRT kW	10906 (3° 59322	8909 47396	(4%)	4031 27563		8439 39290	6238 (19%) 38183	2760 (52%) 24518		
TOTAL		GRT kW	210637 (5% 1223828	211151 1248003	(6%)	209249 1241130	(7%)	197223 (10%) 1174644	190422 (14%) 1115163	184539 19%) 1034498	176981 1015204	104% 102%

Table 11b

UNITED KINGDOM

Fishing effort by segment (÷1000)

Segment	MGP category	Year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	199
Beam trawl	F10	GRT x t	5200	5500	6200	5700	5700	510
		kW x t	23800	26200	29700	28200	28400	2620
Demersal Trawl & Seiners	F11 + F20	GRT x t	13800	14800	15000	14800	14600	1490
		kW x t	68500	72200	73500	72500	71800	73100
Pelagic trawl	F12	GRT x t	4800	3700	5100	5200	5400	4100
		kW x t	13800	12100	15200	15100	15300	11300
Shellfish fixed	F13	GRT x t	300	300	400	400	500	400
	·	kW x t	1200	2400	2700	2600	3800	2800
Shellfish mobile	F14	GRT x t	600	600	600	800	1000	1100
		kW x t	2500	3100	2900	4800	5900	6300
Netters,	F15	GRT x t	2100	2300	3200	3400	3300	3400
Liners + other static gears		kW x t	7300	8400	10800	11200	10900	10800
Nephrops trawl	F16	GRT x t	2800	2700	2900	3100	2700	2000
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		kW x t	16000	15700	16400	18200	16400	11800
Distant water	F17	GRT x t	2400	2600	2000	2000	1800	3200
		kW x t	5600	6000	4800	5000	4400	7100
Others >10 m	F18	GRTxt	400	400	600	200	500	C
		kW x t	1900	2100	3000	900	2100	0
Mixed (non trawlers) <10 m	F19	GRT x t	2100	2100	2100	2100	2100	2100
minos (non astrioro) -10 III		kW x t	29800	29800	29800	29800	29800	29600
TOTAL		GRT x t	34500	35000	38100	37700	37600	36300
	1	kW x t	170400	178000	188800	188300	188800	179000

Finland

a) Fleet Register

The data in the fleet register are up to date and appear to be largely complete. Power figures have been declared for all vessels and tonnage figures have been supplied for all but one vessel belonging to segment F21 (Trawlers Baltic Herring"), which have an average tonnage of approximately 50 GT

GT figures are available for more than 99% of the fleet, though for vessels between 15 and 24 metres this is reduced to 88%.

Finland has not submitted effort data to the fleet register.

The evolution of capacity based on the data in the fleet register is shown in Figure 12 and Table 12.

b) Comparison of the data in the fleet register and in the report submitted by Finland.

The results presented in the Finnish report on the results of the MGP III are shown below. Since the objectives for 31.12.96 are based on the situation at 1.1.95, the situation of the fleet on both dates is shown:

Segment	MGP category	Situation	1.1.95	Situation 3	31.12.96
		GT	kW	GT	kW
Trawlers (Baltic Herring)	F21	9280	47757	8631	44402
Driftnetters / Longliners	F22+F24	3527	29059	3336	27718
Other Vessels	F23	9259	130302	9054	127498
Trawlers (Baltic Herring) Aaland Islands	F25	1196	4899	1082	4648
Driftnetters / Longliners Aaland Islands	F26	546	4710	512	4810
Other Vessels Aaland Islands	F27	739	8374	731	8286
TOTAL		24547	224831	23346	217362

These are almost identical to those based on the data in the fleet register. The minor discrepancies that exist are within the limits expected due to the time delays involved in communicating changes to the fleet to the fleet register.

c) Results

15

The 1996 objectives of the Finnish programme¹⁵ were for a stabilisation of the capacities of all segments to their capacities as at 1.1.95. At the time the programme was adopted, Finland was still in the process of registering its fishing vessels, so a footnote envisaged the revision of the 1996 objectives when the size of the fleet at 1.1.95 became more accurately known. Now that this process of registration has been completed, the present report has incorporated these changes to the objectives of the programme.

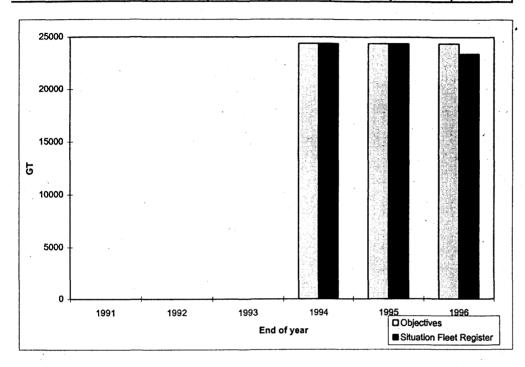
It should be noted that in the case of Finland the tonnage objectives are considered to be in units of GT. However the GT has not been measured for all of the fleet. For the purposes of the present report a mixture of GT and GRT has therefore been used, in which the GT of a vessel is taken if known, otherwise its GRT is used without adjustment. It is important that all the vessels are measured in GT before the adoption of the MGP IV.

Figure 12 and Table 12 indicate that Finland has reached its targets in all segments of the fleet, except for segment F26 where there is an excess of 2% in power. This represents just 100 kW. The Finnish authorities have indicated that this is caused by the mis-allocation of one trawler to this segment, which will be corrected in the next declaration to the fleet register. In any case, the separation of the Aaland islands vessels from the remainder of the fleet was not a requirement of the MGP III, so that Finland can be considered to have achieved its objectives for the two "driftnetters/longliners" segments combined.

The data submitted by Finland in its report, though indicating slightly different situations and objectives, do not significantly change the results of the MGP III.

Tonnage (GT)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives		١ .		24381	24381	24381
Situation Fleet Register				24381	24383	23399



Engine power (kW)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives				224454	224454	224454
Situation Fleet Register				224454	224384	219350

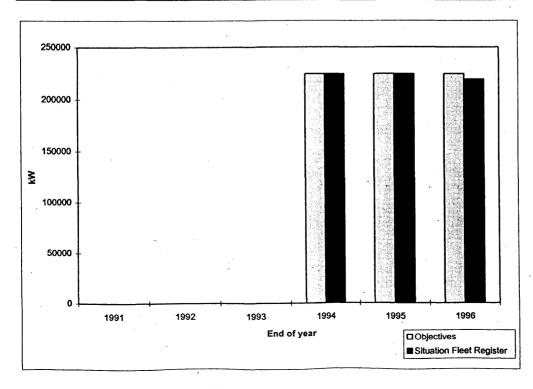


Table 12

FINLAND

Evolution of capacity by segment

Segment	MGP category	End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	Objectives	Sit. / Obj.
Trawlers (Baltic Herring)	F21	GT kW	·			9145 47462	9122 47257	8641 45903		94% 97%
Driftnetters / Longliners	F22+F24	GT kW				3501 28904	3519 28972	3402 28213		97% 98%
Other Vessels	F23	GT kW	+ +			9254 130095	9261 130162	9034 127481	r ı	98% 98%
Trawlers (Baltic Herring) Aaland Islands	F25	GT kW				1196 4898	1196 4898	1082 4647	(:	90% 95%
Driftnetters / Longliners Aaland Islands	F26	GT kW				546 4712	546 4712	509 4812	3	93% 102%
Other Vessels Aaland Islands	F27	GT kW				739 8383	739 8383	731 8294	739 8383	99% 99%
TOTAL		GT kW				24381 224454	24383 224384	23399 219350	1	96% 98%

Sweden

a) Fleet Register

The data in the fleet register appear to be largely complete, though it seems that some available GT measures or estimates have yet to be declared. Tonnage figures have been declared for all vessels and power figures have been supplied for all but five vessels. The latter belong to the segment F32 ("Others") which have an average power of approximately 60 kW.

GT figures are available for about 93% of the total fleet.

Sweden has not submitted effort data to the fleet register.

The evolution of capacity based on the data in the fleet register is shown in Table 13 and Figure 13.

b) Comparison of the data in the fleet register and in the report submitted by Sweden.

The situation at 1.1.95 and at 31.12.96 presented by Sweden in its report are shown below:

Segment	MGP category	Situation	Situation 1.1.95		31.12.96
		GT	kW	GT	kW
Trawlers-shellfish	F28	6593	30570	6395	28227
Trawlers / Seiners > 30 metres	F29	14223	42176	14125	40689
Polyvalent	F30	13916	58816	12715	53455
Netters/Longliners in Baltic	F31	6581	38567	6631	37470
Others	F32	11642	100415	10922	96475
TOTAL		52955	270550	50789	256316

The figures agree very closely with the fleet register. The situation at 1.1.95, which is the baseline from which the 1996 objectives have been calculated, shows just one discrepancy concerning the tonnage of segment F31 at 1.1.95, given as 5298 GT in the fleet register and 6581 GT in the Swedish report. This is likely to be due to the mixture of tonnage units used to measure the capacity, though this needs to be confirmed before the adoption of the MGP IV since the figure will be the 1996 objective for the segment.

The fleet register and the Swedish report are in close agreement concerning the power of the fleet at 31.12.96, but the report gives somewhat higher tonnage figures for all but one segment.

c) Results

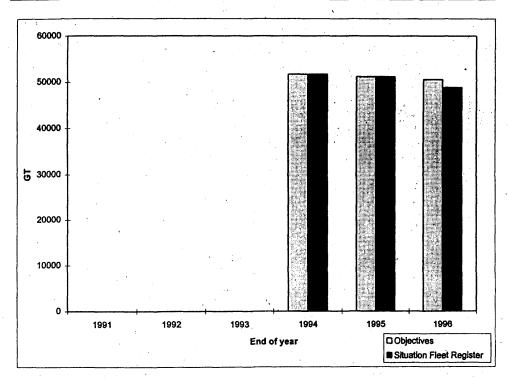
The 1996 objectives of the Swedish programme¹⁶ are based on the situation at 1.1.95. As mentioned in the case of Finland, a revision to the situation at 1.1.95 therefore justifies a revision to the objectives for 31.12.96. Such a revision has been incorporated into the present report.

As was the case with Finland, the tonnage objectives for Sweden are considered to be in units of GT even though this is not available for all vessels in the fleet. The present report therefore uses a mixture of GT and GRT. It is important that all the vessels are measured in GT before the adoption of the MGP IV.

The interpretation of the results is made somewhat complicated by the discrepancies in the tonnage figures between the fleet register and those given in the Swedish report, especially since the situation at 1.1.95 is used to define the objectives for 31.12.96. According to Table 13 Sweden failed to meet its power objective for just one segment (F30, by just 130 kW), and failed to meet its tonnage objective in two segments, namely F30 and F31 (by 81 tonnes and 22 tonnes respectively). However, according to the data supplied by Sweden the objectives have been met in all segments.

Tonnage (GT)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives				51671	51114	50558
Situation Fleet Register				51671	51126	48841



Engine power (kW)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives				271,409	268624	265839
Situation Fleet Register	`			270544	266205	256542

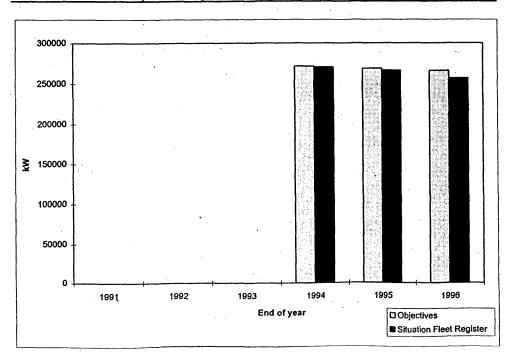


Table 13

SWEDEN

Evolution of capacity by segment

Segment	MGP category	End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	Objectives	Sit. / Obj.
Trawlers-shellfish	F28	GT				6593	6241	5903	6593	90%
Trawlers-sileniisii	F20	kW				30570	-		1	88%
Trawlers / Seiners	F29	GT				14223	14044	13858	14223	97%
> 30 metres		kW				42176		40499	1	96%
Polyvalent	F30	GT				13916	13891	12884	12803	101%
		kW				58816	58131	54240	54111	100%
Netters/Longliners in Baltic	F31	GT				5298		5320	1	100%
		kW			·	38567	38489	37830	38567	98%
Others	F32	GT kW		•		11641 100415	11611 99413	10876 97051	1	93% 97%
TOTAL		GT kW				51671 270544	51126 266205	48841 256542		97% 97%

5.2 Global results and conclusions

Figure 14 compares the global situation of the Community fleet at the end of each year with the sum of the intermediate objectives for all Member States excluding Finland and Sweden since the programmes for these two countries began only in 1995.

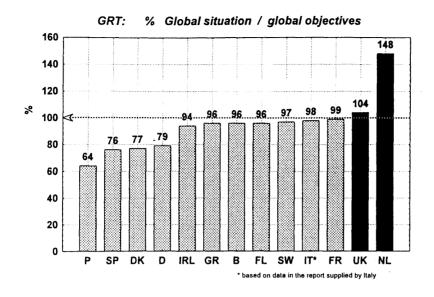
The multi-annual guidance programmes have been effective in reducing the overcapacity of the European fleets. During the period 1991 - 1996 the fleet was reduced by approximately 300 000 GRT and by approximately 790 000 kW, or by about 15% and 9.5% respectively. The capacity of the fleet at 31.12.96 was 11% below the global objectives for tonnage and 5% below the global objectives for power.

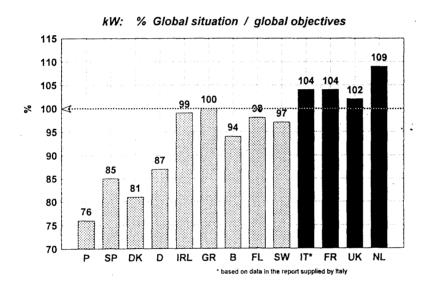
These global results are very satisfactory, but they have been achieved by some Member States reaching or exceeding the reductions required to meet their objectives, while others have failed to reach their objectives.

The following table and graphs summarise the performance of each of the Member States according to the data in the fleet register. These figures should not be interpreted without reference to the explanations given in the text for each Member State:

Member State	% global situation	/ global objectives		ents in which the achieved / total nts
	GRT	kW	GRT	kW
Portugal	64%	76%	9/9	9/9
Spain	76%	85%	5/5	5/5
Denmark	77%	81%	5/5	5/5
Germany	79%	87%	8/9	9/9
Finland	96%	98%	6/6	5/6
Sweden	97%	97%	3/5	5/5
Belgium	96%	94%	1/2	1/2
Ireland	94%	99%	2/3	2/3
Greece	96%	100%	2/3	2/3
France	99%	104%	4/6	2/6
United Kingdom	104%	102%	4/10	6/10
Netherlands	148%	109%	0/3	0/3
Italy *	(98%)	(104%)	Not available	Not available

^{*} based on data supplied by Italy





For those that failed to reach their objectives there are two main consequences:

- Aid for fleet renewal and modernisation must be withheld (in accordance with articles 7 and 10 of Regulation 3699/93). The Commission is in the process of examining for each of the Member States concerned that this requirement is met.
- The backlog from the MGP III must be made up under the conditions that applied to the MGP III. This
 means that at least 55% of the backlog must be made up by a reduction in capacity.

There are also marked marked differences between the Member States in the extent to which the information in the fleet register has been kept up to date and reliable. This is particularly the case with respect to the estimation or remeasurement of vessels in units of GT, which should have been completed in 1995. These data will be of vital importance for the successful transition from the GRT objectives of MGP IV.

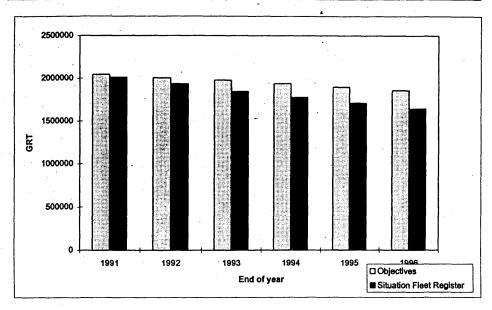
In accordance with its declaration at the meeting of the Council of Ministers on April 1997, the Commission reserves the right to commence with the appropriate procedures concerning the Member States that have not respected the multi-annual guidance programmes within the time period envisaged, or have not established the means to monitor the programmes or the means to inform the Commission of the exact situation of their fleets with respect to the objectives of the programmes.

MGP III: Comparison between situations and objectives

Excluding Finland and Sweden

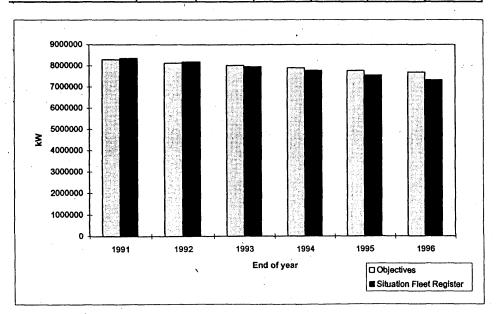
Tonnage (GRT)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives	2044511	2003621	1977951	1936824	1895696	1859028
Situation Fleet Register	2010183	1934811	1843750	1777083	1710673	1644113



Engine power (kW)

End of year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Objectives	8290422	8124614	8020807	7896177	7771547	7691700
Situation Fleet Register	8347453	8188936	7963704	7778111	7555011	7328117





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